# COLLEGE PARK WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

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# Green & Associates LLC

Certified Public Accountants & Business Consultants

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Directors College Park Water and Sanitation District

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of College Park Water and Sanitation District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College Park Water and Sanitation District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of College Park Water and Sanitation District as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of College Park Water and Sanitation District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about College Park Water and Sanitation District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

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PHONE (720) 839-6458 www.GreenCPAfirm.com In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures of the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
  of College Park Water and Sanitation District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about College Park Water and Sanitation District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise College Park Water and Sanitation District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule – Non-GAAP basis, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Non-GAAP Basis is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

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Fort Collins, Colorado July 14, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

# College Park Water and Sanitation District Jefferson County, CO

The College Park Water and Sanitation District's management discussion and analysis is intended to provide you, the reader and user of our financial statements, with (a) an understanding of the financial issues of the District: (b) and overview of the District's financial activities: (c) an explanation of the changes in the District's financial position: (d) an explanatory analysis of the variations of the annual, approved budget: and (e) an assessment of any future financial or operating issues of the District.

Because this discussion and analysis is intended to focus on the 2022 activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts and conditions, it should be read in conjunction with, and with reference to, the accompanying audited financial statements and related notes to the financial statements beginning on page 6.

# **Overview of the Financial Statements of the District**

The audited financial statements of the District are: Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to Financial Statements

These statements are on pages 6 through 15. These and the Other Supplementary Information, *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 16 provide information about the District's financial position as of each December 31, its results of operations and the resulting cash flows for each year ended December 31, and information comparing actual revenues and expenditures with budgeted revenues and expenditures for the year. Except for the budgetary comparison schedule, these are presented with current year and prior year comparison.

The **Statement of Net Position** provides information about what is owned (assets) by the District, what is owed (liabilities) by the District, and what is the District's equity in its assets (Net Position). Over time, the comparison of changes in Net Position may provide a useful method of evaluating whether the financial position of the District is improving, deteriorating, or maintaining a status quo.

The **Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position** provides information about the components – Operating Revenues, Operating Expenses, Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses, and Capital Contributions – of the District's annual operating activities and how those activities affected Net Position.

The **Statement of Cash Flows** provides an analysis about the sources and uses of District cash during the year and how the operating, financing, and investment activities affected the District's cash balances.

The **Notes to Financial Statements** provide additional, required disclosures about the District, its accounting policies and practices, its financial position and operating activities, and other required information. The information included in these notes is essential to a full understanding of the information contained in the financial statements.

The **Budgetary Comparison Schedule** provides information comparing the budgeted revenue and expenditure activities with the actual revenue and expenditure activities. When applicable, there will be a comparison of the originally approved budget with the final amended budget.

# **Condensed Comparative Financial Information:**

# Statement of Net Position

	2022	2021	2020
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,534,873	\$ 1,831,333	\$ 1,627,450
Other current assets	6,772,621	6,837,965	6,897,003
	8,307,494	8,669,298	8,524,453
Non Current Assets			
Capital assets – net	1,485,929	1,556,698	1,480,971
Other Noncurrent assets	1,563,396	1,563,396	1,563,396
Total Assets	11,356,819	11,789,392	11,568,820
Current Liabilities	19,374	208,315	90,880
Total Liabilities	19,374	208,315	90,880
Deferred inflow of resources	629,602	637,996	603,522
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,049,325	3,120,094	3,044,367
Restricted	270,786	269,795	269,761
Unrestricted	7,387,732	7,553,192	7,560,290
Total Net Position	\$ 10,707,843	\$ 10,943,081	\$ 10,874,418

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2022	2021	2020
Operating Revenues	\$ 6,337	\$ 23,250	\$ 60,990
Operating Expenses	554,554	530,495	730,315
Operating Income (Loss)	(548,217)	(507,245)	(669,325)
Non Operating Revenues (Expenses)	312,979	575,908	737,908
Change in Net Position	(235,238)	68,663	68,583
Net Position, Beginning of Year	10,943,081	10,874,418	10,805,835
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 10,707,843	\$ 10,943,081	\$ 10,874,418

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

	2022		2021	2020
Cash from (for) Operating Activities	\$	(667,732)	\$ (298,221)	\$ (425,662)
Cash from Non Capital Financing Activities		670,851	639,397	637,164
Cash from (for) Capital and Related Financing		-	(147,276)	(179,130)
Cash from (for) Investing Activities		(299,579)	9,983	15,001
Increase (Decrease)		(296,460)	 203,883	47,373
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		1,831,333	1,627,450	1,580,077
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	1,534,873	\$ 1,831,333	\$ 1,627,450

This foregoing information is a summary of the financial information contained in the District's financial statements. For more about the information contained in this condensed, comparative financial information, we recommend a close review of the accompanying audited financial statements beginning on page 6.

# Analysis of Financial Position and Operating Results:

The total Net Position decreased from \$10,943,081 in 2021 to \$10,707,843 in 2022, a difference of \$235,238. Operating revenues decreased by \$16,913, due to lower charges for services in the current year. The District's operating expenses increased by \$24,059, in 2022, to \$554,554 due to higher administration costs. As a result, the operating loss for the year was \$548,217. Net non-operating revenues, including capital contributions, were \$312,979 which resulted in a net loss of \$235,238 for the year.

Cash and cash equivalents for 2022 decreased by \$296,460 relating primarily to the change in operating activities. Net capital assets decreased by \$70,769. There were no capital asset additions during the year. See Note 4 of the Notes to Financial Statements. The District Liabilities decreased primarily attributable to normal operating activities and timing of payments.

For more information about these changes in Net Position, the operating activities, and cash flows please review the accompanying audited financial statements beginning on page 6.

#### **Budgetary Discussion:**

Actual revenues were \$17,138 lower than the 2022 budget, primarily due to lower than anticipated service charges. Actual expenditures were \$542,298 less than budgeted expenditures due to lower than anticipated capital outlay. The budget was not amended in 2022.

#### **Capital Asset Discussion:**

During 2022 the District incurred no capital additions. The District depreciates its infrastructure assets. See Note 1 of Notes to Financial Statements-*Summary of Significant Accounting Policies-Capital Assets* on page 10 and Note 4 of Notes to Financial Statements-Capital Assets on page 14. The District has capital asset activities in process relating to contracts for water rights.

#### Long Term Debt:

The District has no long-term debt.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

Expenditures are expected to remain relatively the same, as administrative and legal efforts and management service costs are not expected to increase in 2023.

**Requests for Information.** This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of College Park Water and Sanitation District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the District at 2801 Youngfield Street Suite 370, Golden, CO 80401.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

# College Park Water and Sanitation District Statement of Net Position December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,534,873	\$ 1,831,333
Investments	6,120,305	6,186,109
Due from county treasurer	2,821	2,879
Accounts receivable	700	-
Property taxes receivable	629,602	637,996
Prepaid expenses	5,755	5,112
Accrued interest receivable	13,438	5,869
Total Current Assets	8,307,494	8,669,298
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital Assets		
Depreciable	0.755.045	2 755 045
Sewer Lines and equipment	3,755,045	3,755,045
Total Capital Assets	3,755,045 (2,269,116)	3,755,045 (2,198,347)
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>_</u>	<u>`</u>
Net Capital Assets	1,485,929	1,556,698
Other Assets	4 500 000	4 500 000
Value assigned to water service contract	1,563,396	1,563,396
Total Noncurrent Assets	3,049,325	3,120,094
Total Assets	11,356,819	11,789,392
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	19,374	208,315
Total Current Liabilities	19,374	208,315
Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Deferred property taxes	629,602	637,996
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	629,602	637,996
Net Position		
Net Investment in capital assets	3,049,325	3,120,094
Restricted	270,786	269,795
Unrestricted	7,387,732	7,553,192
Total Net Position	10,707,843	10,943,081
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Net Position	\$ 11,356,819	\$ 11,789,392

# College Park Water and Sanitation District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	2021
Operating Revenues		
Sewer charges	\$ 6,337	\$ 23,250
Total Operating Revenues	6,337	23,250
Operating Expenses		
Sewage treatment charges	218,245	270,383
Sewer operations	92,119	94,579
Administration expense	173,421	93,984
Depreciation	70,769	71,549
Total Operating Expenses	554,554	530,495
Operating Loss	(548,217)	(507,245)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Property taxes	636,552	601,122
Specific ownership taxes	43,797	46,176
Investment income	64,672	30,320
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(422,486)	(92,689)
Treasurer fees	(9,556)	(9,021)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	312,979	575,908
Change in Net Position	(235,238)	68,663
Net Position, beginning of year	10,943,081	10,874,418
Net Position, end of year	\$ 10,707,843	\$ 10,943,081

# College Park Water and Sanitation District Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	2022	 2021
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 5,637	\$ 39,855
Cash paid to suppliers	 (673,369)	 (338,076)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (667,732)	 (298,221)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities		
Property and ownership taxes	680,407	648,418
Treasurer fees paid	 (9,556)	 (9,021)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	 670,851	 639,397
Cash Flows From Capital Financing Activities		
Purchases of capital assets	 	 (147,276)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	 -	 (147,276)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sale of investments	273,318	2,070,000
Investments purchased	(630,000)	(2,095,000)
Investment income received	 57,103	 34,983
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	 (299,579)	 9,983
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(296,460)	203,883
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,831,333	1,627,450
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,534,873	\$ 1,831,333
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	\$ (548,217)	\$ (507,245)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to cash provided / (used) by operating activities Depreciation	70,769	71,549
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Accounts receivable	(700)	16,605
Prepaid expenses	(643)	3,435
Accounts payable	(188,941)	117,435
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (667,732)	\$ (298,221)
Non-cash transactions		 
Market value adjustments Income / (Loss)	\$ (422,486)	\$ (92,689)

# Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental units accounted for as a proprietary enterprise fund. The enterprise fund is used since the District's powers are related to those operated in a manner similar to a private utility system where net income and capital maintenance are appropriate determinations of accountability. The District has no employees and all operations are contracted. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

# Financial Reporting Entity

College Park Water and Sanitation District (The District), a quasi-municipal corporation, is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in Jefferson County, Colorado. The District was established to provide water and sanitation services to residents in the area of the District.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency. The District is not financially accountable for any other entity, nor is the District a component unit of any other governmental entity.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The District's records are maintained on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred. Depreciation is computed and recorded as an operating expense. Expenditures for capital assets are shown as increases in assets and payment of debt is recorded as a reduction in liabilities. System development charges are recorded as non-operating revenue.

The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing sanitation services to its customers. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses include the cost of service, administrative expenses, and depreciation of assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expense or capital contributions.

# **Property Taxes**

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property as of January 1<sup>st</sup>. Taxes are levied on January 1<sup>st</sup> and are payable either in one installment on or before April 30<sup>th</sup>, or in two installments due on or before February 28<sup>th</sup> and June 15<sup>th</sup> of each year. The collections and assessments are done by Jefferson County and are remitted to the District monthly. District property taxes which are due to be paid in the next period, and representing an enforceable lien at January 1<sup>st</sup> of the next year, have been recorded as a receivable and a deferred revenue.

# Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

# Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets are adopted on a cash basis except for accrual of current vendor invoices and utility billings. The District adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Budgets are required by state law for all funds. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Prior to December 31, the budget is adopted by formal resolution.
- Budgets are required to be filed with the State of Colorado within thirty days after the beginning of the fiscal year.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level.
- The District Board must approve revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund.
- Budgeted amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements are as originally adopted by the District Board or revised by the District Board.

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget and appropriations resolutions upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The total appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year end.

# Allowance of Doubtful Accounts

No allowance is made for bad debts in the accompanying financial statements as substantially all revenues of the district originate from charges to the owners within the District, and the District has the ability to place liens on the property.

#### Assets and Liabilities

Investments – investments are recorded at fair value, which approximates cost.

Receivables – all receivables are reported at their book value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Capital assets – which include contributed and purchased sewer lines are reported by the District. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed on the sewer lines using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful life of 40 years.

#### Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources

The District implemented the provisions of GASB No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities (GASB 65). As a result, in addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of

# Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period (deferred outflow) or the acquisition of net position that applies to future periods (deferred inflows).

# Net Position

Equity is classified as Net Position and displayed in three components:

a. Net investment in capital assets – consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

b. Restricted Net Position – consists of Net Position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

c. Unrestricted Net Position – all other Net Position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets" The District utilizes restricted Net Position before using unrestricted Net Position when an expenditure is available for both purposes.

# **Restricted Net Position**

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, the District considers \$270,786 and \$269,795 of its net position to be restricted for capital outlay, and as a reserve required by TABOR (see note 7) in the amount of \$20,410 and \$19,419. Of this amount \$250,376 and \$250,376 is specifically restricted for the Northwest Interceptor project which is a shared transmission line repair in coordination with Northwest Lakewood Sanitation District as approved on January 1, 2011.

# Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, and the statement of net position, the District defines cash equivalents as cash demand deposits, investment pools and other highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 Cash and Investments

#### Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is specified under the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

# Note 2 Cash and Investments (Continued)

The Colorado Divisions of Banking and Financial Services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021 the District's cash deposits had a book balance of \$81,961 and \$479,303 and a bank balance of \$84,948 and \$483,686, respectively. Of this amount \$81,961 and \$250,000 was insured by the FDIC, respectively. The District had \$0 and \$233,686 collateralized under PDPA at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### Investments

Colorado statutes specify in which investment instruments the units of local government may invest:

- Obligations of the United States and certain United States government agency securities.
- Certain international agency securities.
- General obligation and revenue bonds of United States local government entities.
- Bankers' acceptances of certain banks.
- Commercial paper.
- Local government investment pools.
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities.
- Certain money market funds.
- Guaranteed investment contracts.

The District does not have a formal investment policy however, it follows state statutes regarding investments. At December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
Investment Type	Maturity (Years)	Fair	Value
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	2.24	\$	3,801,322
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	1.70		2,318,983
Total Fair Value		\$	6,120,305

At December 31, 2021 the District had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
Investment Type	Maturity (Years)	Fair	Value
Certificates of Deposit	Less than one year	\$	273,639
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	3.87		3,449,325
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	2.74		2,463,145
Total Fair Value		\$	6,186,109

As of December 31, 2022, and 2021 the federal home loan bank bonds, federal home loan mortgage corporation notes and the U.S. governments agency securities were rated AA+ by Standard and Poors. The money market accounts were not rated.

At December 31, 2022 and 2021, the District had \$1,438,878 and \$1,337,897, respectively, invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust offers shares in three portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

# Note 2 Cash and Investments (Continued)

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ - The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under section 24-75-601, C.R.S., as amended.

COLOTRUST EDGE - The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$10.00. The portfolio may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and is measured at net asset value (NAV). There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

# **Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, none of the District's bank deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Colorado revised statutes generally limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Revenue bonds of U.S. local governments, corporate and bank securities and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds are limited to maturities of three years or less.

#### **Concentrations of Credit Risk**

The District does not have a policy that addresses limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. As of December 31, 2022, and 2021, respectively, more than 5% of the District's cash and investments were invested in the Federal Home Loan Bank (50%) and (43%) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (30%) and (31%).

	2022	%	2021	%
Cash in checking (cash and cash equivalent)	\$ 81,961	1%	\$ 479,303	6%
Colotrust	1,438,878	19%	1,337,897	17%
Certificates of deposit	-	0%	273,639	3%
Money markets (cash and cash equivalent)	14,034	0%	14,133	0%
Federal Home Loan Bank Bonds	3,801,322	50%	3,449,325	43%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation Notes	2,318,983	30%	2,463,145	31%
Total cash and investments	\$ 7,655,178	=	\$ 8,017,442	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,534,873		\$ 1,831,333	
Investments	6,120,305	_	6,186,109	
Total	\$ 7,655,178	=	\$ 8,017,442	

# Note 3 Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable balance at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, were comprised of the following:

	2022		2021
Fees for services	\$	700	\$ -
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		-	-
Net Accounts Receivable	\$	700	\$ -

# Note 4 Value Assigned to Water Service Contract

The District has a water service contract ("Water Service Contract") with Consolidated Mutual Water Company (Company) whereby the Company provides water service to the area located within the District's boundaries, subject to certain conditions and special provisions, as more particularly set forth in the Water Service Contract. Pursuant to the Water Service Contract, all water distribution facilities and related equipment used to provide water service to residents of the District and property located within the District's boundaries are owned, operated, maintained, and replaced by the Company. *The Company has agreed to provide water service within the District to the same extent, and subject to the same terms and conditions applicable to all stockholders of the Company.* At any time uniformity of service is not possible, the Company will endeavor to operate its system in the most equitable manner possible under the circumstances, including times of water shortage.

At the time the Water Service Contract was entered into in 1998, the District paid the Company to extend its water distribution system within the District's boundaries. *The District records the value of this investment on its books and records as a value assigned to the Water Service Contract.* 

# Note 5 Capital Assets

A summary of changes to capital assets for 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Balance at 12/31/2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2022
Depreciable Sewer lines	\$ 1.885.210	\$-	\$-	\$ 1.885.210
Contributed sewer lines	\$ 1,885,210 1.869,835	φ -	φ - -	\$ 1,885,210 1,869,835
Total Nondepreciable	3,755,045			3,755,045
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,198,347)	(70,769)		(2,269,116)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,556,698	\$ (70,769)	\$ -	\$ 1,485,929
Depreciable	Balance at 12/31/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2021
Sewer lines	\$ 1,737,934	\$ 147,276	\$-	\$ 1,885,210
Contributed sewer lines	1,869,835	-	-	1,869,835
Total Nondepreciable	3,607,769	147,276	-	3,755,045
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(2,126,798)	(71,549)		(2,198,347)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,480,971	\$ 75,727	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,556,698

# Note 6 Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The District is a participant in the Colorado Special District Association Property and Liability Pool. The Pool was formed by an agreement by member special districts of the Special District Association as a separate and independent governmental and legal entity pursuant to the provisions of Article XIV, Section 18(2) of the Colorado Constitution and Sections 29-1-201 et. seq., 8-44-101(1)(c) and (3), 8-44-204, 24-10-115.5, and 29-13-102, C.R.S, as amended. Membership is restricted to Colorado special districts which are members of the Special District Association.

The purpose of the Pool is to provide defined property, liability, workers' compensation and associated coverages, and claims and risk management services related thereto, for member special districts through a self-insurance pool. The Pool has contracted with other third parties to operate, administer and manage the Pool. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from the reinsurance contracts and capital and surplus accumulated by the Pool, additional contributions may be required from the Pool members. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the last three years.

# Note 7 Tax, Spending, and Debt Limitation

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, The Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. TABOR is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The District believes it is in compliance with the requirements of TABOR.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue. On November 4, 2004 the District obtained voter approval to retain and spend all revenues collected from a 6.786 operation and maintenance mill levy without regard to any limitation imposed by TABOR or any other law.

## Note 8 Reclassifications

Certain items have been reclassified from the previous year to conform with the presentation of the current years financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information

# College Park Water and Sanitation District Budgetary vs. Actual Comparison - Non GAAP Basis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	•	nal and Final Budget	Actual		Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues	•		•		•	
Property taxes	\$	637,996	\$	636,552	\$	(1,444)
Specific ownership taxes		50,000		43,797		(6,203)
Sewer service to school districts		40,000		6,337		(33,663)
Investment income		40,000		64,672		24,672
Miscellaneous income		500				(500)
Total Revenues		768,496		751,358		(17,138)
Expenses						
Sewer treatment charges		225,000		218,245		6,755
Legal		45,000		39,302		5,698
Audit, accounting and management		47,000		51,819		(4,819)
Director's fees		6,000		5,900		100
Operator in responsible charge		5,000		5,000		-
Office expense		6,250		4,226		2,024
Insurance		8,500		4,510		3,990
Repairs and maintenance		100,000		87,119		12,881
Utilities		2,000		1,625		375
Engineering		25,000		66,039		(41,039)
Miscellaneous		1,000		-		1,000
Treasurer fees		9,889		9,556		333
Capital outlay		555,000		-		555,000
Total Expenses		1,035,639	I	493,341		542,298
Revenues over Expenditures	\$	(267,143)	\$	258,017	\$	525,160
Reconciliation to Net Income				(70,700)		
Depreciation				(70,769)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments			<u></u>	(422,486)		
Net Income			þ	(235,238)		