

2023 MUNA Resolution #1
A framework for promoting the rule of law among nations

The General Assembly,

- *Recalling* the obligations of all States under Article 2 of the Charter, including the obligation to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, and to settle their international disputes by peaceful means,
- *Recalling* also the obligation under Article 33 (1) of the Charter that Members which are parties to any dispute shall, seek a solution by negotiation, mediation, conciliation, arbitration, judicial settlement, or other peaceful means of their own choice,
- *Recalling* its right under Article 14 of the Charter to recommend measures for the peaceful adjustment of any situation which it deems likely to impair the general welfare or friendly relations among nations, including situations resulting from a violation of the Charter,
- *Bearing in mind* the importance of maintaining and strengthening international peace founded upon freedom, equality, justice and respect for human rights, and of developing friendly relations among nations irrespective of their political, economic and social systems.
- *Stressing that* recovery from disruptions caused by COVID-19 disease pandemic will require global partnership, renewed approaches for cooperation and peacekeeping.

Operative Section Outline

During informal consultations, sub-groups of delegates will draft and present an operative paragraph for the sub-topic indicated below. Their recommended course of action will be then discussed in committee.

- Action related to reaffirming a war reparations policy (Group A [G77 plus United Kingdom] including – Brazil, China, India, Iran, Kenya, Morocco, Nigeria, Pakistan, South Africa, Tunisia, United Kingdom, United Arab Emirates).
- Action related to addressing the plight of citizens in war zones(Group B [Alliance of Small Island States and ASEAN plus Republic of Korea and Sri Lanka and Israel] including –Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, Fiji, Indonesia, Israel, Maldives, Papua New Guinea, Philippines, Republic of Korea, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu).
- Action related to combating the proliferation of weapons(Group C [JUSCANZ, EU and the Collective Security Treaty Organization] including –Belarus, Canada, Finland, France, Germany, Japan, Kyrgyzstan, Malta, Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Russian Federation, Sweden, United States).

- Action related to prosecuting war crimes and genocide (Group D [Least Developed Countries plus Switzerland and Ukraine] including – Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Democratic Republic of Congo, Liberia, Madagascar, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Sierra Leone, Sudan, Switzerland, Ukraine, Yemen).

- Action related to monitoring and protecting the territorial integrity of sovereign states (Group E [GRULAC] including –Belize, Bolivia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Grenada, Guyana, Haiti, Mexico, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Uruguay, Venezuela).