

Novel Algae Technology to Utilize CO₂ for Value Added Products



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Project Overview

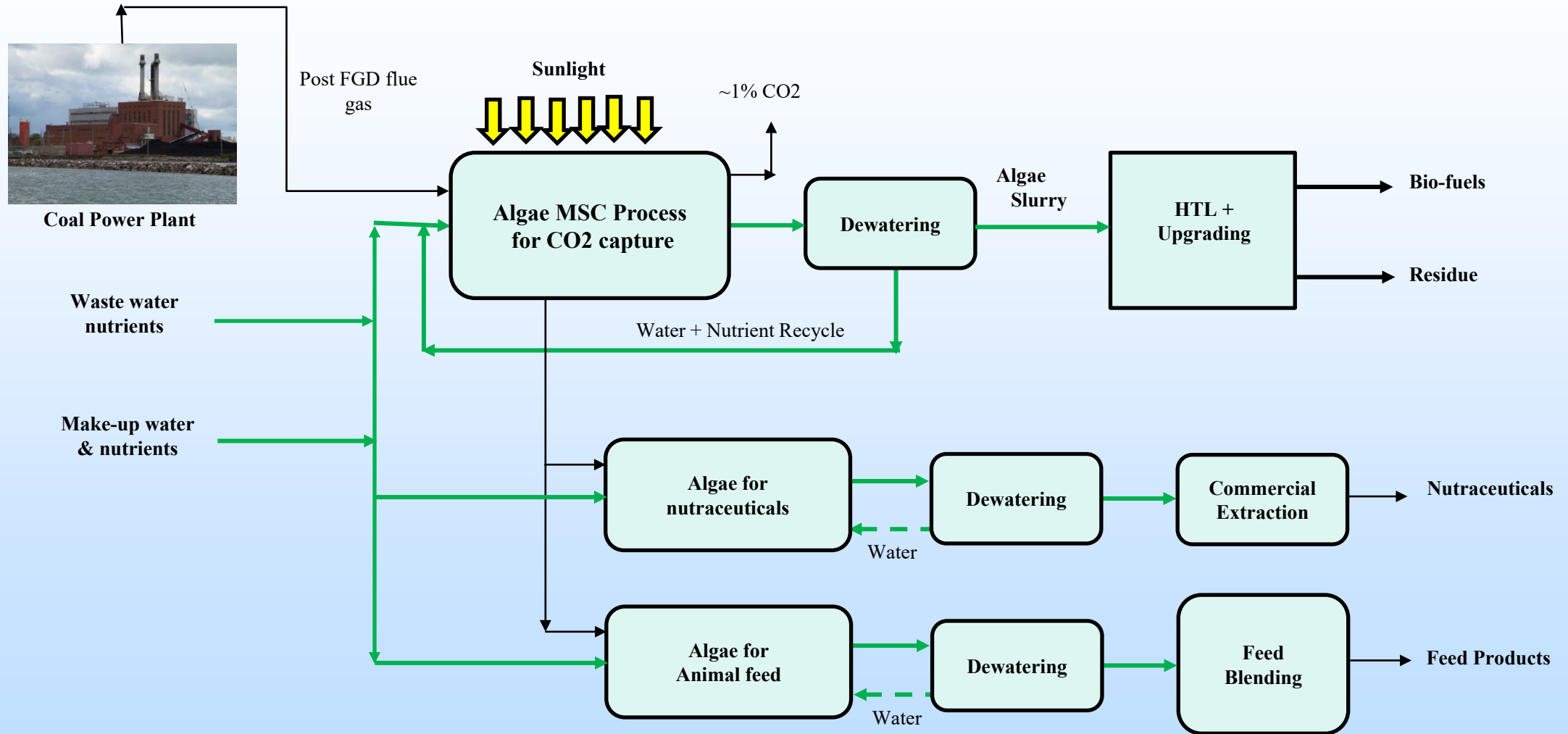
- **Project Partners:**
 - **University at Buffalo**
 - **Linde, Inc**
 - **Northwestern University**
 - **Membrane Technology & Research**
 - **National Carbon Capture Center**
- **DOE Federal Project Manager: Naomi O’Neil**
- **Project Funding:**
 - **Total: \$1,734,486 Government: \$1,387,588 Cost Share: \$346,898**
- **Project Period: 5/1/19 – 7/31/23**



Overall Project Objectives

- Design, build and operate a first-of-a-kind integrated MSC system
- Achieve high performance in outdoors operation
- Conduct NCCC field test on real flue gas
- Develop algae technology for high value products
- Improve dewatering technology
- Perform LCA and TEA
- Achieve projected net CO₂ capture cost at commercial scale of <\$30/ton

Commercial Schematic of Technology

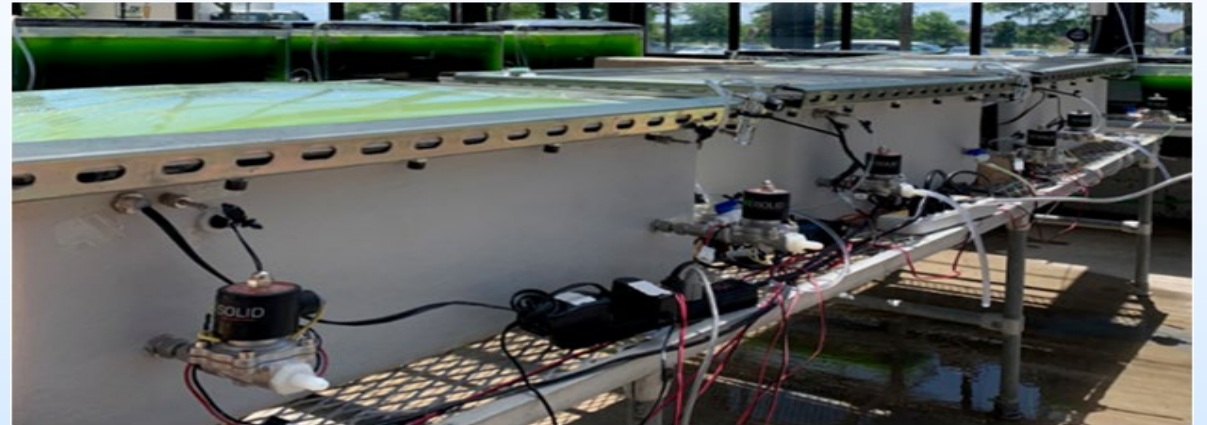


Technical Approach/Project Scope

- **Capture Technology**
 - **Novel algae technology converts CO₂ to biomass**
 - **Capture technology has evolved significantly over the years**
 - **Stable operation on simulated flue gas with contaminants validated**
 - **Final test on coal utility flue gas**
- **DeAqua**
 - **Stage 1 dewatering**
 - **Stage 2 dewatering**
- **High-value Products to Offset Cost of Capture**
- **LCA and TEA**

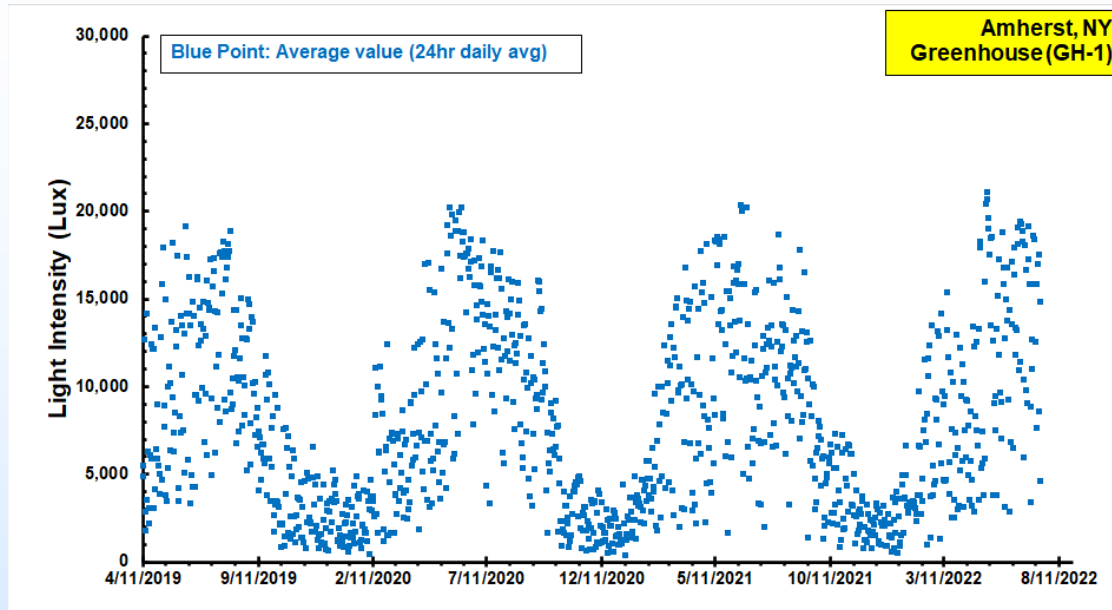
Technology Background - MSC

- Multi-stage process
- Top lit closed system
- Stable operation
- Predictable, controllable operation
- High productivity & capture efficiency
- Efficient upstream/downstream integration
- Can be tailored to application
 - e.g. Natural gas power plants



Integrated MSC test unit in greenhouse

MSC Evolution

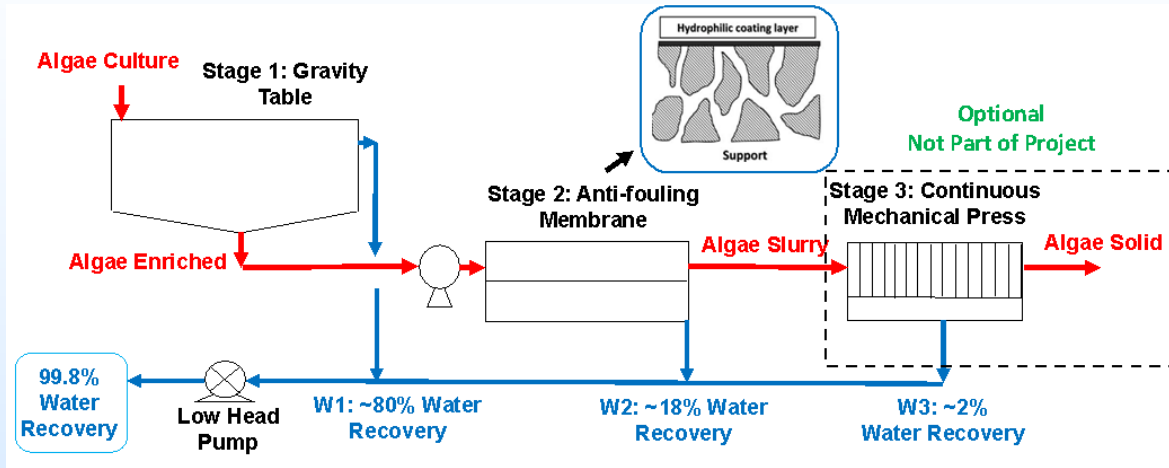


- Needs to operate in natural sunlight
 - Initially validated in non-integrated lab tests - fixed light
 - Integrated system tested in greenhouse - sunlight
 - Integrated operation validated in outdoors tests - sunlight
- Ability of algae to grow in flue gas with high CO₂, acid gases and heavy metals validated
- MSC reactor and system design has evolved significantly leading to better performance

Evolution in MSC Development

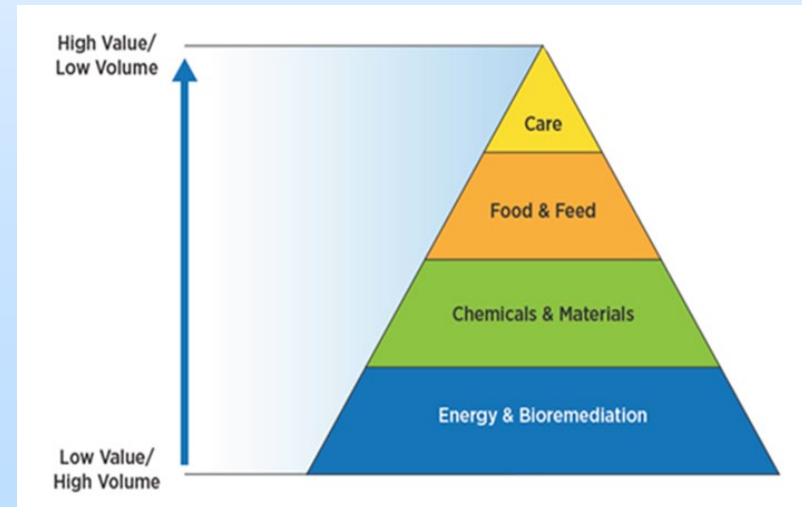
MSC Type	Location	Feed Gas		Overall Performance	
		CO ₂	Contaminants	Normalized Algae Prod	Total CO ₂ Cap Eff (%)
R	Lab	12%	N/A	80%	80%
H	GH	12%	SOX/NOX + 5HM	85%	73%
C	GH	12%	SOX/NOX + 5HM	123%	74%

DeAqua (Dewatering) and Products



- Products represent CO₂ utilization
- Several products possible with a range of market sizes/prices
 - Biofuels
 - Animal feed
 - Nutraceuticals

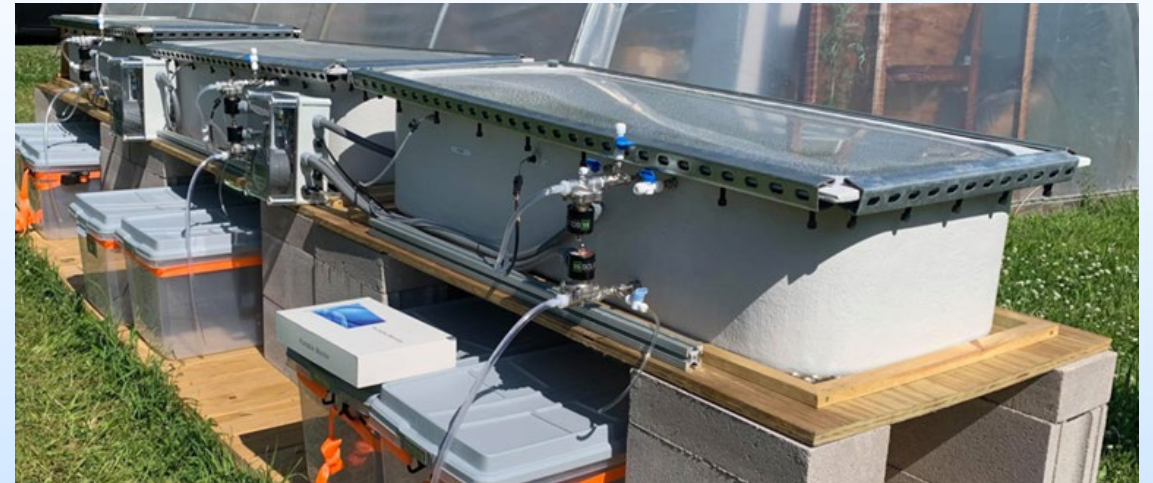
- Dewatering is a key, enabling technology
- Must be low energy
- As water is removed, rheology changes
- Extent of dewatering dictated by needs of downstream product



Project Progress - MSC

- Integrated 3-stage MSC built - 2nd Gen unit
- Advanced controls enable unattended operation
- Stable GH operation 100+ days
- Various process options mapped
- Outdoors test achieved project targets
- Field test underway at NCCC

Integrated MSC in outdoors operation



MSC Type	Location	Sim. Flue Gas Contaminant	Nutr-WW Replacement	Normalized Algae Prod	Avg CO2 Capture
H	GH-1 Indoor	SOX/NOX + 5HM	50%	92%	59%
C	Outdoor	N/A	N/A	139%	81%
C	Outdoor	SOX/NOX + 5HM	80%	141%	76%
G	Outdoor	N/A	N/A	142%	77%
FE-0031710 Target		NCCC SSTU Flue Gas	N/A	100%	80%

Project Progress – NCCC Field Test

- Field test underway at NCCC
- Inoculum system setup at indoor laboratory
- Bench-scale site to demonstrate performance on actual utility flue gas
- Flue gas from mixture of natural gas and coal-fired operations, post FGD
- Acid gas levels much below Helios in-house tests

Integrated MSC System at NCCC



Project Progress – Stage 1 DeAqua

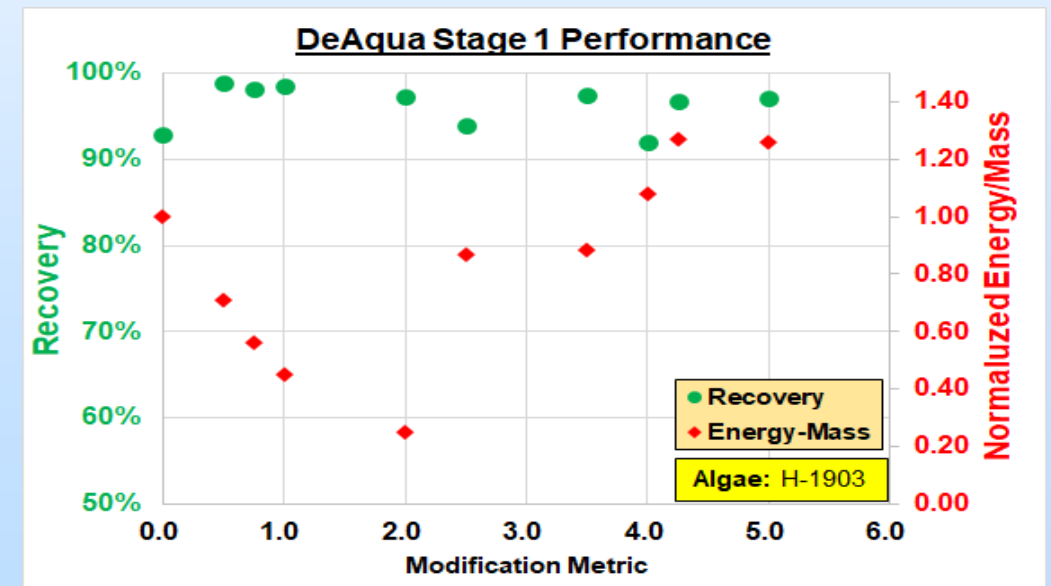
DeAqua Stage 1 Performance Specification			
Project	Conc Ratio	Performance Index	Recovery
Prior work	3-6	0.12-0.37	70%
Initial Project Target	3-6	1.5	80%
Current work	20-25	5.0-12.5	80-95%

$$\text{Conc Ratio} = \frac{\text{Product Algae Conc}}{\text{Feed Algae Conc}}$$

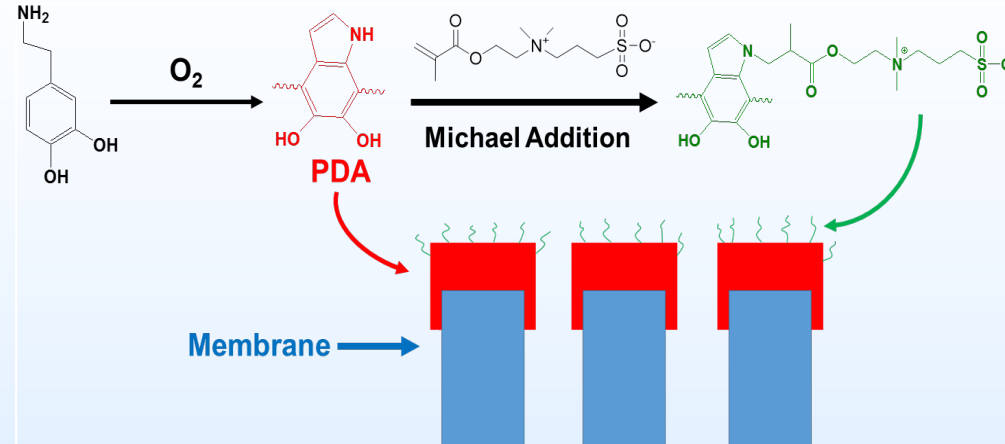
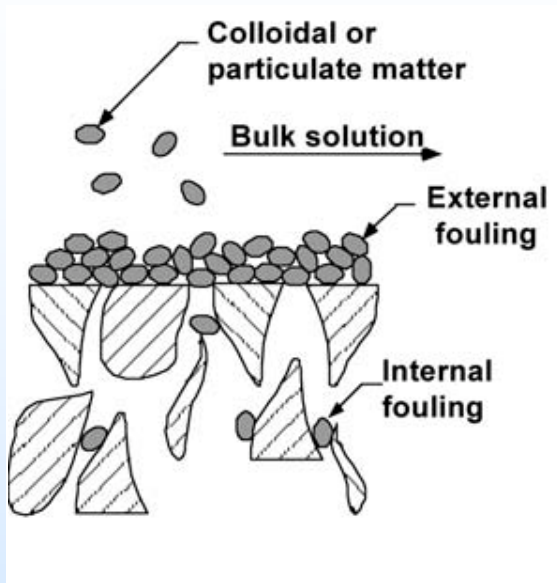
$$\text{Perf Index} = \frac{\text{Conc Ratio}}{\text{Time}}$$

Significant progress in Stage 1 through culture modification:

- Now removes >90% water vs ~70% in prior projects
- Goal of 4X improvement in Perf Index greatly exceeded
- Validated water re-use from dewatering step



Stage 2 DeAqua – Membrane Progress

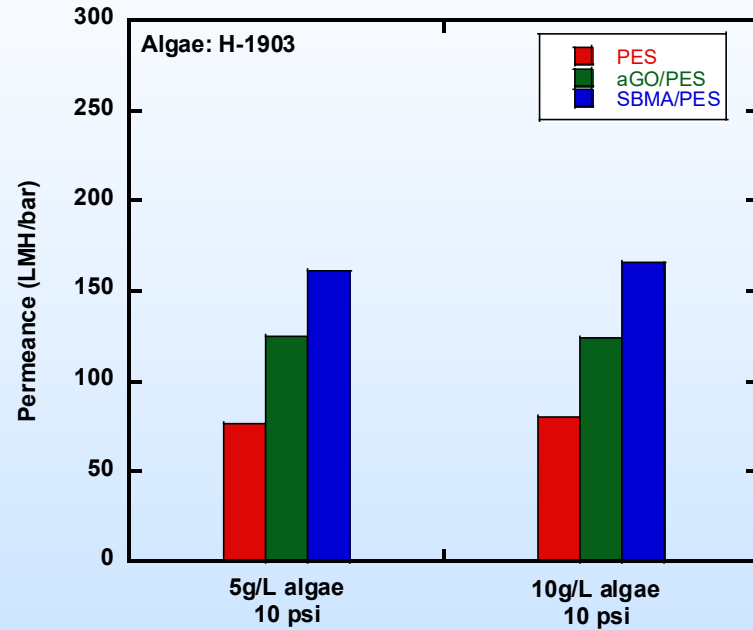


- Membrane is energy-efficient
- But fouling is a critical challenge

Advantages:

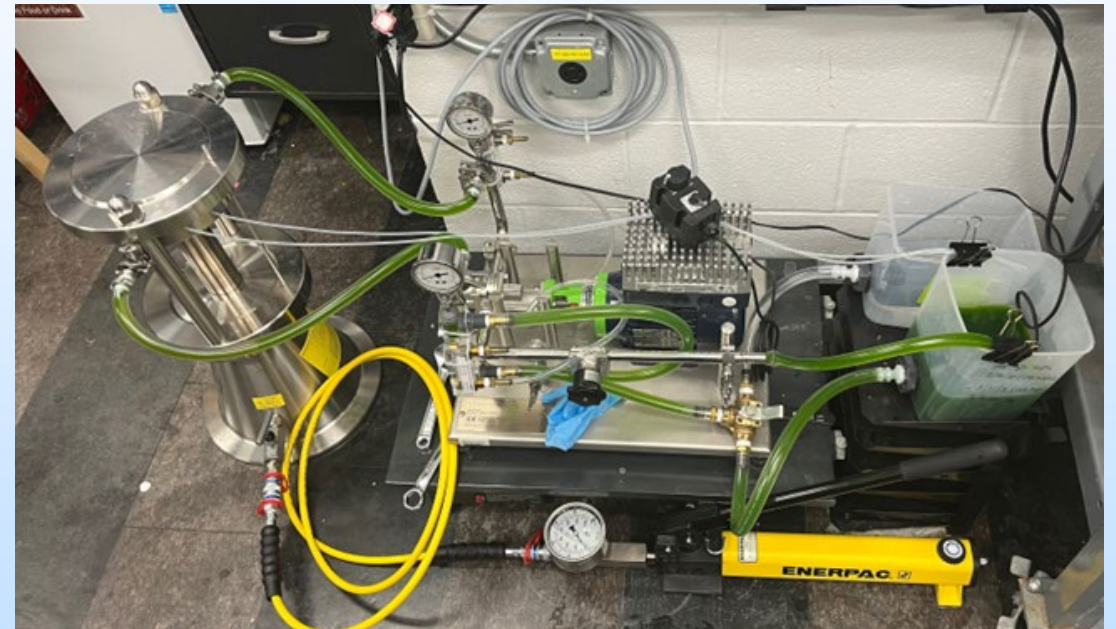
- Surface modification reduces fouling
- Simple process at 23°C, aqueous solutions
- Covalent bonds to achieve long-term stability
- Post-modification of commercial modules possible

Project Progress - DeAqua Membrane



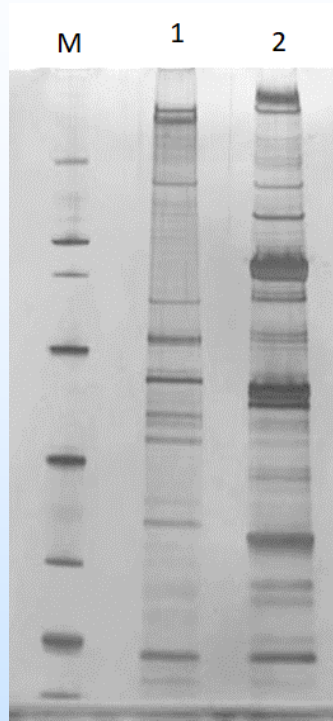
- Surface modification decreases pure water permeance
- But improves the performance in algae dewatering

Setup of M20 Plate and Frame Module

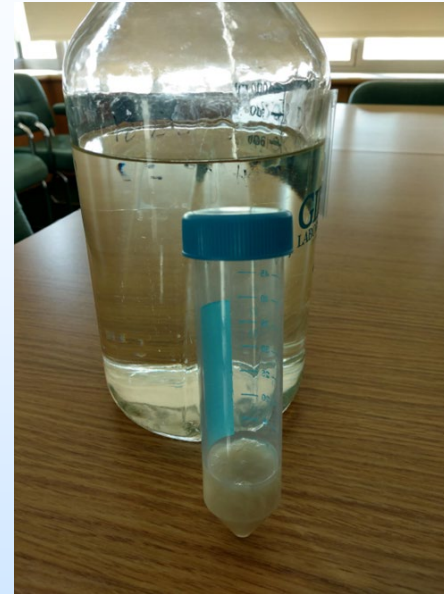


- Membranes being tested in prototype module

Nutraceutical Products From Algae (H-1601)



Increased product from pre-treatment
M = Molecular Weight Markers
1 = extract w/o pretreatment
2 = extract w/ pretreatment



Left Panel – cells separated from media
Middle Panel – product recovered from media
Right Panel – high value product from cell extract

Nutraceutical Progress Summary

Improvements

- Developed two phase extraction for recovery of increased number of products
- Developed pretreatment for enhanced yield
- Species grown on MSC slipstream to decrease flue gas contaminants

H-0326

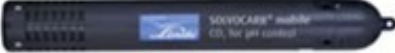




- Analyzed time course of required induction
- Three high value products verified

H-1601

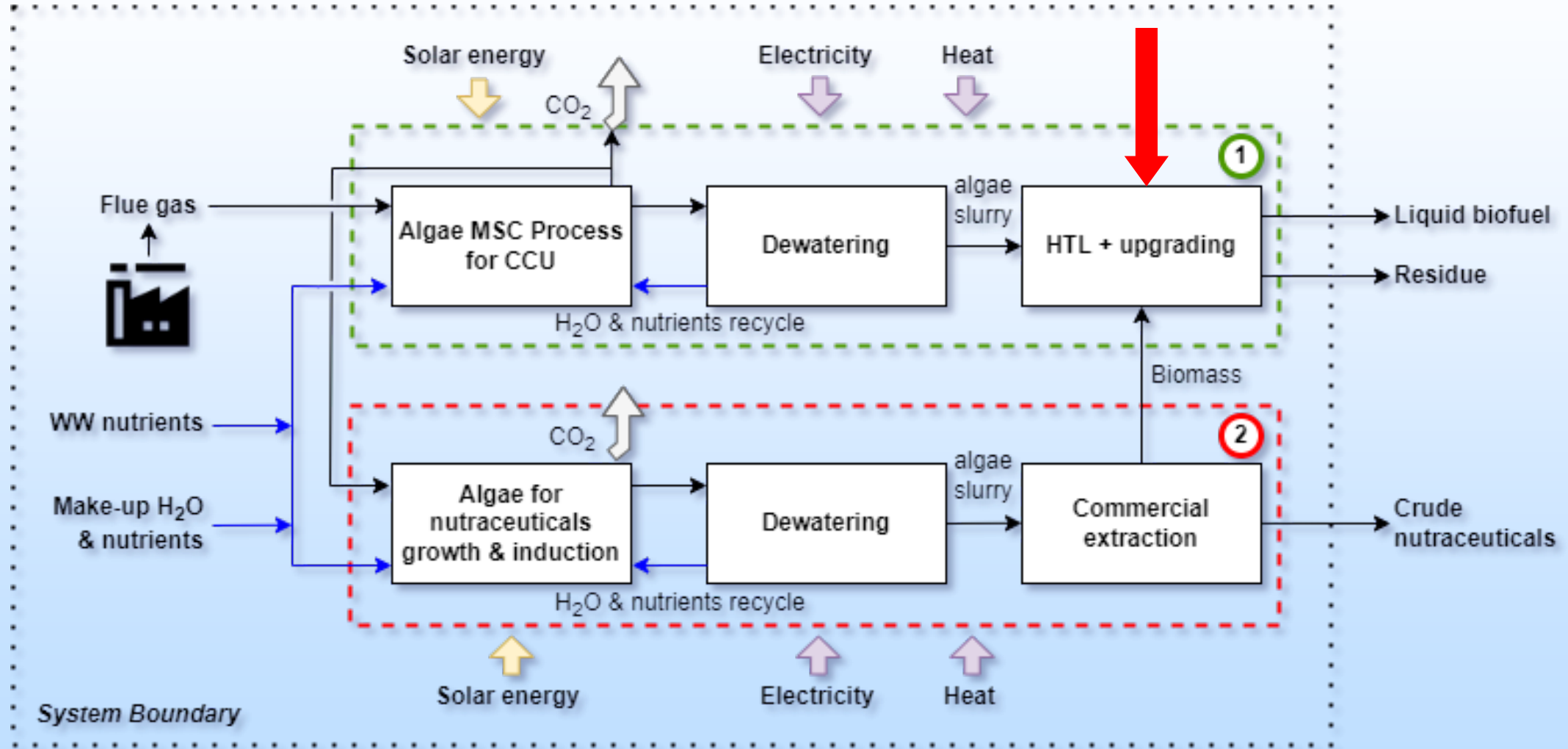
- Requires no induction
- Product A - Food & pharma applications (No cell extraction required, recovered from media)
- Product B - High value lipids (extract phase 2)
- Product C - Potential for food coloring, pharma applications (extract phase 1)

TEA - Linde Commercial CO₂ Technology

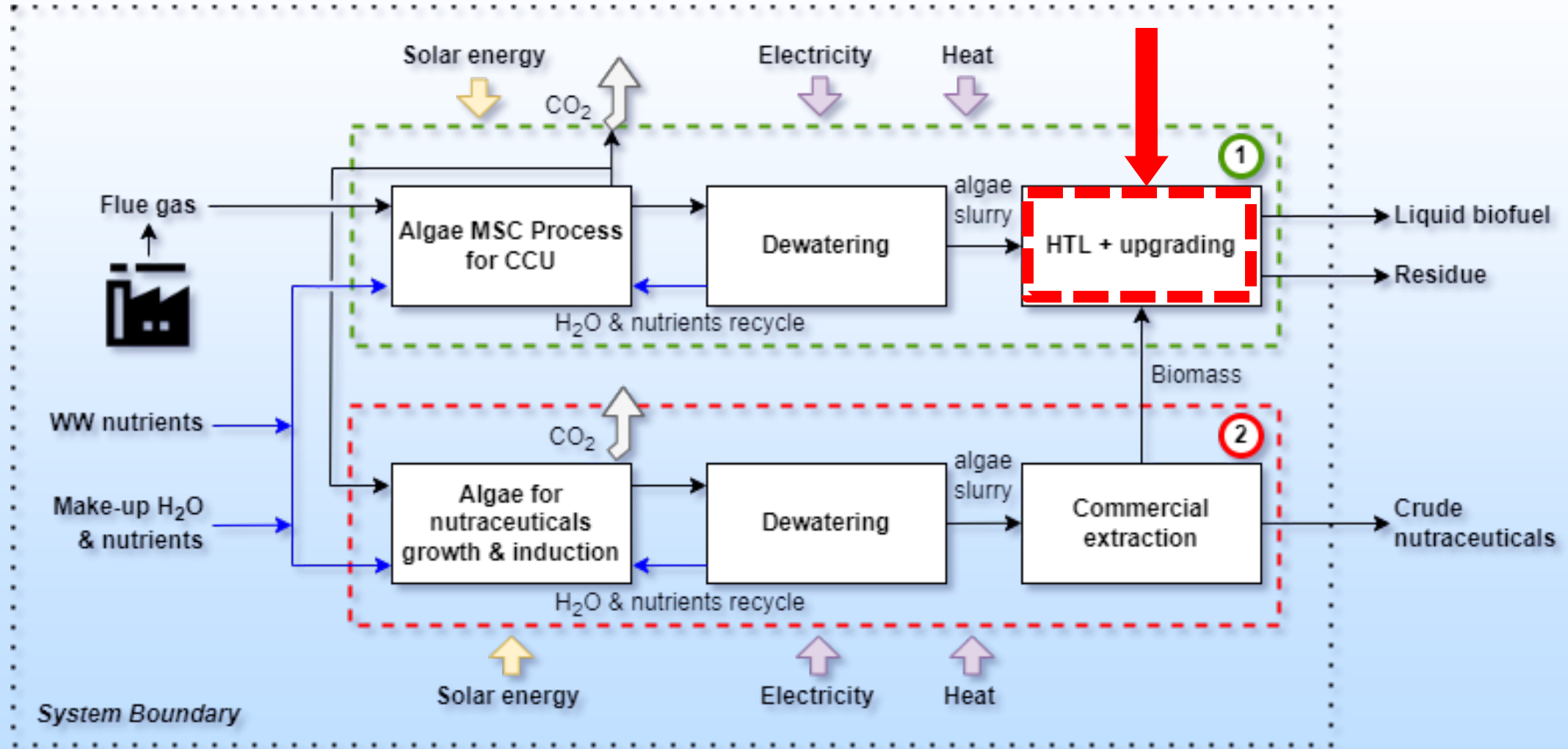
- Evaluate technologies for flue gas injection into algae based on effectiveness and cost
- Linde reviewed portfolio/other SOA systems and proposed an optimal solution
- Based on the optimal recommendation, Linde will evaluate costs of the gas injection system and assist in TEA

Linde technology	Highlights	CO ₂ Flowrate Range (kg/hr)	Product Image
SOLVOCARB® mobile	-Minimum power consumption -Ease of maintenance -Low CAPEX and OPEX	15-45	
SOLVOCARB® venturi	-Easily retrofitted to existing hydraulic systems -Ensures consistence performance while requiring low maintenance	10-400	
SOLVOCARB® diffusion hoses (most cost-effective, practical option for pilot testing)	-Very low maintenance -Fast and easy installation -Ideal for temporary and long-term use	20-60 (per 40 m of hose)	
SOLVOCARB® reactor	-Most versatile product, working in a full range of temperatures, flowrates, and pressures -Suited for inline or sidestream use	30-2,000	
SOLVOCARB® in-line reactor	-Eliminates need for static mixer in most cases due to high solubility and reaction rates of pressurized CO ₂	10-50	

LCA



LCA



Summary

- **Outdoors MSC tests achieved project targets
25 g/m²/d and 80% capture**
- **Dewatering technology has potential to dewater to varying degrees
depending on product requirements**
- **Utilization of algae for products generates revenue and significantly
offset the cost of capture**

Plans for future development

Advance MSC CO₂ Capture:

- Implement dynamic process control
- Develop in-ground system - the building block for commercial application
- Integrate MSC with dewatering and operate with high recycle rate
- Utilize municipal WW for purchased nutrient reduction & remediation credits

Advance Utilization:

- Biofuels: Optimize process & test product
- Animal Feed: Develop/test feed applications
- Nutraceuticals: Advance extraction & purification; define products

Acknowledgement

Acknowledgement

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