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## Objectives of DOE STTR Project

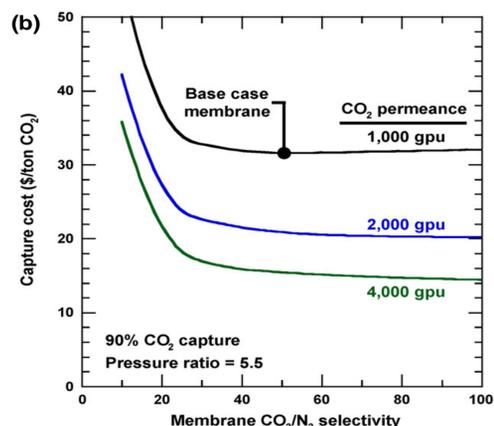
**Objective 1:** Develop pMOFs exhibiting CO<sub>2</sub> permeability of 2,000 Barrer or above and CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> selectivity of 40 or greater at 60 °C;

**Objective 2:** Develop thin film composite (TFC) membranes based on pMOFs exhibiting CO<sub>2</sub> permeance of 4,500 GPU or above and CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> selectivity of 40 or greater at 60 °C;

**Objective 3:** Demonstrate stability of the developed TFC membranes in the presence of water vapor and SO<sub>x</sub> and NO<sub>x</sub>;

**Objective 4:** Develop suitable process incorporating developed membranes with potential to achieve <\$30/ton CO<sub>2</sub> captured.

## Defining Membrane Properties for CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> Separation



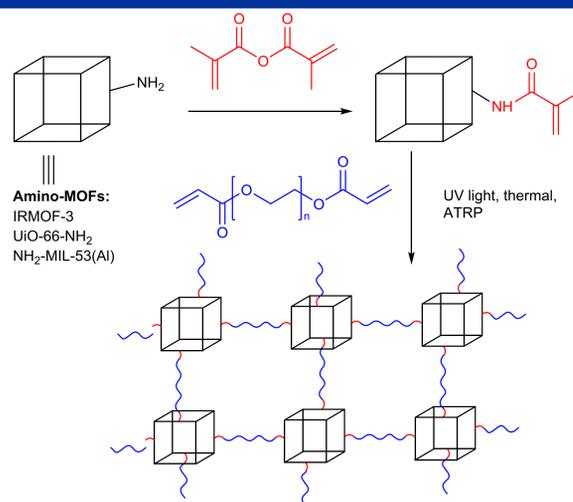
**Target:** CO<sub>2</sub> permeance of 4500 GPU and CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> selectivity of 40 or greater at 60 °C

Merkel, et al., Pilot testing of a membrane system for post-combustion CO<sub>2</sub> capture (DE-FE0005795), Membrane Technology and Research, Inc., final report to DOE NETL, 2015.

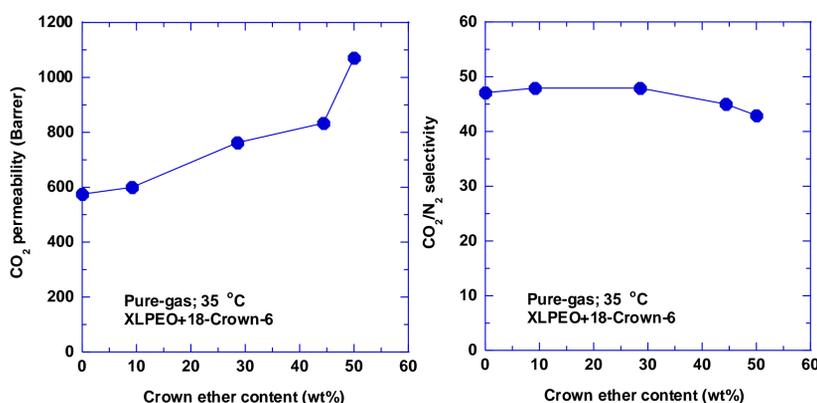
## Our Approach: polymerizable MOFs (pMOFs)

### Three steps:

1. Synthesize UiO-66-NH<sub>2</sub> nanoparticles with size less than 50 nm;
2. Functionalize UiO-66-NH<sub>2</sub> with methacrylate groups;
3. Copolymerize with polyethylene oxide (PEO)-based macromonomers

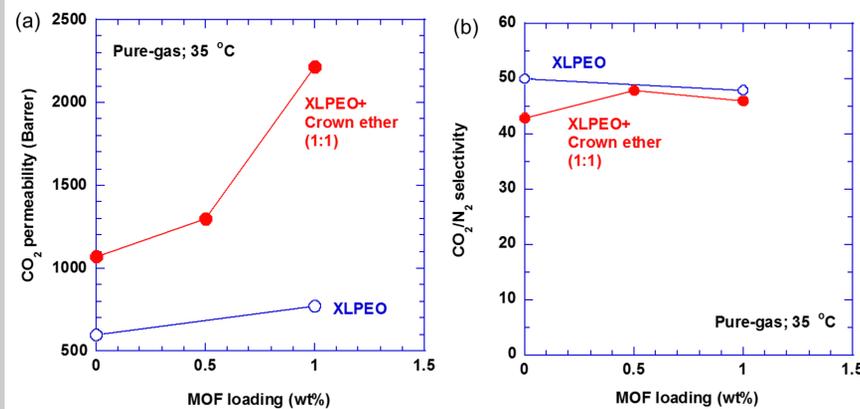


## Gas Separation Performance of PEO-based Materials



Adding 18-Crown-6 in crosslinked PEO (XLPEO) increases CO<sub>2</sub> permeability

## Gas Separation Performance of PMOFs



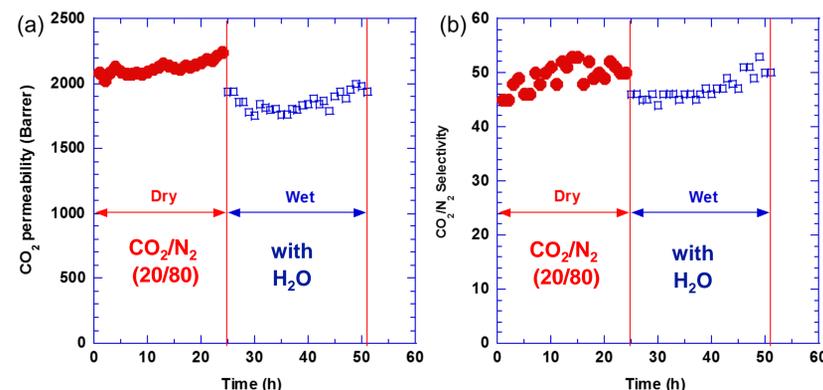
Adding MOFs improves the performance of XLPEO

### Mixed gas tests:

Composition: 49.5% XLPEO + 49.5% 18-Crown-6 + 1 wt% MOF;  
 Film thickness: ~100 μm  
 100 – 150 psig; 20% CO<sub>2</sub>/80% N<sub>2</sub>

T (°C)	Pure- or Mixed-gas	P (CO <sub>2</sub> ) (Barrer)	P (N <sub>2</sub> ) (Barrer)	CO <sub>2</sub> /N <sub>2</sub> Selectivity
35	Pure	2200	48	46
35	Mixed	2200	44	49
50	Mixed	2900	100	29
60	Mixed	3000	100	30

## Excellent stability against water, SO<sub>x</sub>, and NO<sub>x</sub>



75 ppm SO<sub>x</sub> and 75 ppm NO<sub>x</sub> in N<sub>2</sub>

SO <sub>x</sub> /No <sub>x</sub> exposure	P (CO <sub>2</sub> ) (Barrer)	CO <sub>2</sub> /N <sub>2</sub> selectivity
No exposure	2200	46
After 100-h exposure	2400	46

## Process Development and Economic Analysis

- 550MW SCPC plant
- **Process:**
  - 2-Stg Cascade + Cryo
  - MTR air refluxed 3-Stg + Cryo
  - Capture efficiency: 91.5%
- **Membrane properties:**
  - CO<sub>2</sub> perm: 3500-4500 GPU
  - CO<sub>2</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> selectivity: 35-40
- 50 mil Power; \$50/m<sup>2</sup>

	Mem 1 - Low End		Mem 2 - High End	
	W/o Cryo	W/- Cryo	W/o Cryo	W/- Cryo
Overall Capture eff	91.5%	91.5%	91.5%	91.5%
Prod CO <sub>2</sub> Conc.	85.5%	100.0%	87.0%	100.0%
Power Used (MW)	59.5	109.0	58.5	108.0
CO <sub>2</sub> Capture Cost (\$/ton)	21.2	29.5	20.1	28.5