# **MODEL C-E & C-PE SERIES** TWO-STAGE REGULATOR REPAIR KIT INSTRUCTIONS

Important: Any maintenance, service or repair should be performed by trained and experienced service technicians. Proper tools and equipment should be used to prevent injury to the servicing technician, property or system components. Service repairs should always be performed in a safe environment and the technician should always wear protective clothing to prevent injury.

These repair kit instructions will provide the technician information to successfully repair the model C-E and C-PE regulators. Always inspect the major casting pieces for damage, corrosion or cracks before attempting a service repair. Be sure the repair kit part number you are using is correct for the regulator being serviced. Note that some OEM repair kits may not contain all parts depicted in the expanded component view. Diaphragms are color coded and have different performance characteristics:





Black diaphragm material is the standard material and is well suited for the most common applications.

Yellow diaphragm material is the optional upgrade material that provides excellent flexibility in cold weather climates and is more resistant to chemical contamination.

Blue diaphragm material provides excellent high and low temperature durability with increased chemical resistance. This material is recommended for turbo applications.

$\wedge$	WARNING
Do not us	e Teflon tape to seal any fuel
fittings. Fa	hilure to follow this warning may
cause the	regulator to leak internally,
that may	cause serious injury and/or
property o	lamage.

#### **REPAIR KIT PART NUMBERS**

C-RK-ERepair Kit Model E, Black DiaphragmC-RK-E-2Repair Kit Model E, W/Yellow DiaphragmC-RK-E-3Repair Kit Model E, Blue DiaphragmC-RK-PERepair Kit Model PE, Black DiaphragmC-RK-TERepair Kit Model E, Turbo w/Silicone Diaphragm	Part #	Description
C-RK-E-2Repair Kit Model E, W/Yellow DiaphragmC-RK-E-3Repair Kit Model E, Blue DiaphragmC-RK-PERepair Kit Model PE, Black DiaphragmC-RK-TERepair Kit Model E, Turbo w/Silicone Diaphragm	C-RK-E	Repair Kit Model E, Black Diaphragm
C-RK-E-3Repair Kit Model E, Blue DiaphragmC-RK-PERepair Kit Model PE, Black DiaphragmC-RK-TERepair Kit Model E, Turbo w/Silicone Diaphragm	C-RK-E-2	Repair Kit Model E, W/Yellow Diaphragm
C-RK-PERepair Kit Model PE, Black DiaphragmC-RK-TERepair Kit Model E, Turbo w/Silicone Diaphragm	C-RK-E-3	Repair Kit Model E, Blue Diaphragm
C-RK-TE Repair Kit Model E, Turbo w/Silicone Diaphragm	C-RK-PE	Repair Kit Model PE, Black Diaphragm
	C-RK-TE	Repair Kit Model E, Turbo w/Silicone Diaphragm

Pa	nrt# De	scription
1)	NSS	Screen, atmospheric vent
2)	C-S1-3*	Screw, 10-24 x 5/8" SEMS
3)	NSS	Cover, Secondary PE Black Anodized
4)	C-AD1-14-1*	Diaphragm, secondary,
,		Hydrin Model C-E
	C-AD1-23*	Diaphragm, secondary,
		Silicone Model C-E
	C-AD1-23-4*	Diaphragm, secondary,
		Fluorosilicone C-E
	C-AD1-14-2*	Diaphragm, secondary,
		Hydrin C-PE Diaphragm, cacondam/
	C-AD1-23-2	Eluorosilicono C-PE
5)	C-AI 1-86*	Lever secondary with or
5)	07.21 00	without hole
6)	C-S4-37*	Seat, secondary
7)	C-S2-22	Spring, secondary regulator
		(Blue), standard
	C-S2-23	Spring, secondary regulator
		(Orange), optional
8)	NSS	Pin, secondary lever
0)	C C1 40*	fulcrum
9)	C-S1-40 <sup>m</sup>	Screw, 12-24 x 3/6 SEMS
10)	C-31-1355-002	SEMS Model E Only
11)	NSS	Cover, primary diaphragm
		(early or later model)
12)	NSS	Spring, primary reg. EB
13)	C-AD1-15*	Diaphragm Assy, primary
14)	C-P1-11*	Pin, primary valve
15)	NSS	Body, Regulator E Series
16)	C-G1-3/*	Gasket, Regulator body
1/)	C-F3-1*	Sponge
10)	C-54-7*	Seat, primary
19)	NSS	Dug Hey Head 1/8 NPT
20)	C-G1-30079-1*	Gasket Heat
21)	0 01 50075 1	Exchanger Cover
22)	NSS	Cover, Heat Exchanger
23)	C-W1-27*	Washer, hand primer
24)	NSS	Screw 8-32 x .25"
25)	NSS	Flat Washer (Later model)
26)	NSS	Pin, Lever Diaphragm Link

NSS= Not Serviced Separately \*Repair kit components (1)=C-RK-E; (2)=C-RK-E-2; (3)=C-RK-E-3; (4)= C-RK-PE; (5) = C-RK-TE

Two vapor outlet pressures are available. The Orange secondary spring gives Ned 0.50" w.c. (Neg 0.12 kPa) pressure. Blue secondary spring gives a Neg. 1.50" w.c. (Neg. 0.37 kPa) pressure.



# COMPONENT MODEL C-PE



REFAIR KIT FART NOMBERS				
Pa	nrt #	Description		
1)	NSS	Screen, atmospheric vent		
2)	C-S1-3*	Screw, 10-24 x 5/8" SEMS (8)		
3)	NSS	Cover Assembly		
4)	C-AD1-14-2*	Diaphragm, Secondary, Hyrdin		
	C-AD1-23-2*	Diaphragm, Secondary, Silicone		
7)	C-S2-37	Spring, Secondary Standard PE		
	C-S2-42	Spring, Secondary, PE		
27)	C-S1-101*	Screw, 6-32 x 1/4" SEMS (4)		
28)	NSS	Housing, Spring		
29)	NSS	Gasket, Spring Housing		

NSS- Not Serviced Separately \* Repair Kit Components



### **REBUILD INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Under normal conditions, installation of a complete repair kit should be necessary only at the time of a major engine overhaul or when the converter has been out of service for an extended period of time. Each kit includes the necessary gaskets, diaphragms, seals and some replacement screws.



2. Model C-PE Only (Skip for C-E): Remove the spring retainer housing cover screws (27) and cover (28). Remove the housing gasket (29) and secondary spring (7).



3. Remove the diaphragm cover (3) by taking out the eight screws (2) around the circumference of the top cover.



 Remove the secondary diaphragm
This requires the assembly be moved about one inch away from the gas outlet to disengage the two prongs of the diaphragm link from the lever
(5).



5. Diaphragm (4) and cover (3) removed showing secondary lever (5).



**Early Models Only** (Skip to Step 9 for later models):

6. Loosen the screw (10) retaining the fulcrum pin (8).



7. Extract the screw (10) in preparation for removal of the fulcrum pin.



8. Slide out the fulcrum pin (8) and remove the pin.



**Later Models Only** (Skip to Step 10 for Early Models):

9. Using a T-20 Torx tool, remove the screw (24) and washer (25) holding the fulcrum (8). Remove fulcrum pin (8).



10. Remove the lever and seat assembly (5 & 6). E Only: Remove Spring (7).



11. Remove the primary diaphragm cover (11). This requires the removal of four fillister head screws (10) and two pan head screws (9).



12. Remove springs (12) and the primary diaphragm assembly (13).



13. Remove the primary diaphragm assembly (13) and primary valve pin (14) as shown by the tip of the pen.



14. Remove the last two fillister screws (10).



15. Loosen and separate the body (15) from the heat exchanger (19).



16. Remove the old primary valve seat (18) and sponge (17). Discard both.



17. Remove the back cover screws (2).



18. Tap the side of the cover (22) firmly with the handle of the screw driver to break the cover loose from the gasket (21).



19. Deposits may accumulate from the use of hard water. This condition can be alleviated through the use of radiator additives or permanent antifreeze solutions. Remove any accumulation with a wire brush before assembly. Steel water inlet and outlet fittings may cause erosion from electrolysis. Use brass or plastic water fittings only.

#### **REASSEMBLY OF REGULATOR**

- Carefully clean and inspect all metal parts; springs, levers, pivot pins and screws. Replace all parts that are included in the repair and rebuilding kits.
- Carefully clean the body casting and inspect all sealing surfaces. Wipe with a clean rag. Inspect the primary section for foreign materials that might loosen and damage the soft face valves.
- Clear out the inlet and outlet passages with compressed air. Be sure no foreign material remains in these passages.
- Inspect the primary orifice and the secondary orifice for nicks, scratches or uneven wear.

#### **IMPORTANT!**

If the primary or secondary seats show any of the above mentioned conditions, the regulator is not rebuildable and must be replaced.



20. Reassemble the back cover (22) and gasket (21) to the heat exchanger body (19). Replace six screws (2). Match the mounting bosses in the cover with those on the heat exchanger. Tighten the two screws shown in the photo first, then upper and lower screws diagonally opposite to draw the cover down evenly. Torque to 30 +/-5-in-lbs (3.4 +/- 0.6 Nm).



21. The pen indicates the recess cast in the body (19) to retain the sponge (17). Be sure to accurately install the sponge in the recess.



22. After the sponge (17) is in place, the primary seat (18) can be installed. Place the seat so the rubber side is down towards the jet.



23. Reinstall the body (15) and body gasket (16). Mount the body gasket on the primary pin boss and two locating pins on the underside of the body. Use two screws (10) to locate the body on the heat exchanger body (19). Finger tighten the screws to hold the two parts in place.



24. Replace the primary valve pin (14).



25. The new primary diaphragm assembly (13) is ready to be put into place.



26. Install the primary diaphragm (13) over the locating pins and screw bosses, providing alignment for the assembly of the springs (12) and cover (11).



27. Place the two primary valve springs (12) on their locating perches extruded from the backup plate on the primary valve diaphragm (13).



28. Press the primary cover (11) in place over the primary valve springs (12) and diaphragm assembly (13). Insert two screws (9) and finger tighten.

Note that two screws (9) securing the top of primary valve cover (11) and in the center are different from the other four screws (10).



29. Early Models: Replace four of the five screws (10). DO NOT replace the one shown by the arrow. Torque to 40 +/-5 in-lbs. (4.5 +/- 0.6 Nm). Torque the two inner screws (9) to 25 +/- 3 in-lbs. (2.8 +/- .3 Nm).

Later Models: Replace all five screws (10) and torque to 40 + -5 in-lbs. (4.5 + -0.6 Nm). Torque the two inner screws (9) to 25 + -3 in-lbs. (2.8 + -.3 Nm). Skip to Step 35.



30. Slide the pin through the larger of the two hole openings of the lever (5) and place over a socket that will support the area of the lever around the hole. Using a hammer, knock in the pin (26) through the smaller hole until it is even on both sides.



31. Inspect the tabs on the lever (5) to verify they are not bent and the pin (26) is centered.



32. Insert the seat (6) by pressing the nub through the hole in the lever (5).



**Early Models Only** (Skip to Step 35 for Later Models):

33. Replace the secondary lever (5) and insert the fulcrum pin (8).



34. Replace the final screw (10) and finger tighten. Skip to Step 36.



Later Models Only (Skip to Step 36 for Early Models):

35. Insert fulcrum pin (8) through lever (5) and place in slot on top of primary diaphragm cover (11). Place washer (25) on screw (24), insert and tighten until snug.



36. Lightly pull the lever (5) up against the secondary seat for measuring. Use a straight edge or the C-G2-2 gauge to check the lever height. The secondary lever link pin should be approximately 1/32" (0.8mm) below the level of the body casting on the Model C-E. On the C-PE converter (pressure model) the setting should be 3/32" (2.4mm) below the straight edge. If the lever height is incorrect, continue to Step 37. Once the lever height is correct, skip to Step 38.



37. If necessary, remove the fulcrum pin (8) and lever (5) and bend slightly if required. Do not attempt to bend the lever when installed - unnecessary force on the lever may damage the secondary seat (6).



**Early Models Only** (Skip to Step 39 for Later models):

38. Tighten the screw to the left of the lever pin and torque to 40 + -5 in-lbs (4.5 + - 0.6 Nm). Skip to Step 41.



**Later Models Only** (Continue to Step 40 for Early Models):

39. Apply Loctite 242 to screw threads. Thread screw (24) into the diaphragm cover and torque to 20 + - 3 inch pounds (2.3 +/- 0.3 Nm).



40. Model C-E Only (Skip for C-PE): Slip the spring (7) under the secondary lever (5) making sure it is retained by the two tabs at the sides and the single tab punched through the top lever.



41. Replace the secondary diaphragm(4) engaging the slotted link to lever pin shown.



42. Photo shows the link and pink pin properly connected.



43. Replace the hand primer seal washer (6) indicated by pencil.



44. Replace the cover (3). Turn the eight screws (2) until all contact the cover. Then tighten in a crisscross pattern until firmly seated. Torque to 30 +/-5in-lbs (3.4 +/- 0.6 Nm).



45. C-PE Only (Skip for C-E): Place the secondary spring (7) on the secondary diaphragm (4) perch.



46. C-PE Only (Skip for C-E): Install the gasket (28) and spring housing (27). Align the spring retainer housing screw holes to the cover (26) and insert cover screws (23). Torque to 9 +/- 2 inch pounds (1.0 +/- 0.2 Nm).



47. **C-E Only**: Apply 100 psi (6.9 Bar) of air pressure to the inlet side of the regulator and test for leaks. Draw a soap bubble across the regulator outlet to verify that no air is flowing through the outlet. If air escapes, the rebuild has failed and the regulator must be replaced. Actuate the primer button and the soap bubble should burst and air flow should be noted at the converter outlet. Use soap and/or a commercial leak detector solution to inspect the gasket seals around the perimeter of the converter for leaks. If no leaks are found, the repair is now complete.

**C-PE Only**: Pressurize the C-PE with 100 psi (6.9 Bar) compressed air (the regulator should free flow). Slowly reduce the flow at the outlet port (a one inch NPT PVC pipe plug with a 1/8" or a 3mm hole drilled in the center is ideal for this test). Check for leaks around the C-PE body gasket and test port plugs using a liquid leak detector solution. Verify or reset final outlet pressure for adjustable C-PE units. If no leaks are found, the repair is now complete.

## WARNING:

IMPROPER INSTALLATION OR USE OF THIS PRODUCT MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY AND/OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

#### SERVICE TECHNICIANS AND USERS

SHOULD CAREFULLY READ AND ABIDE BY THE PROVISIONS SET FORTH IN NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION PAMPHLET #37 FOR STATIONARY ENGINES, #52 FOR CNG VEHICULAR FUEL SYSTEMS OR #58 FOR LPG SYSTEMS

#### INSTALLERS

LPG INSTALLATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES MUST BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE AND NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION PAMPHLET #58, STANDARD FOR STORAGE AND HANDLING OF LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GASES TO THE EXTENT THESE STANDARDS ARE NOT IN VIOLATION WITH FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW.

#### **IN CANADA**

REFER TO CAN/CGA PROPANE INSTALLATION CODES

#### **CNG INSTALLATIONS**

MUST BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW AND NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION PAMPHLET #52, COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS (CNG) VEHICULAR FUEL SYSTEMS TO THE EXTENT THESE STANDARDS ARE NOT IN VIOLATION WITH FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW.

#### **IN CANADA**

REFER TO CAN/CGA CNG INSTALLATION CODES.

# LPG AND/OR NATURAL GAS INSTALLATIONS ON STATIONARY ENGINES

MUST BE DONE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW AND NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION PAMPHLET #37, STATIONARY COMBUSTION ENGINES AND GAS TURBINE ENGINES, TO THE EXTENT THESE STANDARDS ARE NOT IN VIOLATION WITH FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL LAW. FAILURE TO ABIDE BY THE ABOVE WILL VOID ANY WARRANTY ON THE PRODUCTS AND MAY CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY OR PROPERTY DAMAGE.

DUE TO THE INHERENT DANGER OF GASEOUS FUELS THE PRODUCTS SHOULD NOT BE INSTALLED OR USED BY PERSONS NOT KNOWLEDGEABLE OF THE HAZARDS ASSOCIATED WITH THE USE OF GASEOUS FUELS.