

Places Off-Limits In Minnesota (even with a Carry Permit)

SCHOOLS. Public or private elementary, middle, or secondary school buildings and improved grounds, whether leased or owned by the school;

CHILD CARE CENTERS. Child care centers licensed under chapter 245A during the period children are present and participating in a child care program;

SCHOOL BUSESSES. School buses when being used to transport one or more elementary, middle, or secondary school students to or from school-related activities, including curricular, co-curricular, non curricular, extracurricular, and supplementary activities;

PROPERTY UNDER CONTROL OF A SCHOOL. That portion of a building or facility under the temporary, exclusive control of a public or private school, a school district, or an association of such entities where conspicuous signs are prominently posted at each entrance that give actual notice to persons of the school-related use.

You can possess a gun on school property under the following:

- (1) active licensed peace officers;
- (2) military personnel or students participating in military training, who are on-duty, performing official duties;
- (3) persons authorized to carry a pistol under section 624.714 while in a motor vehicle or outside of a motor vehicle to directly place a firearm in, or retrieve it from, the trunk or rear area of the vehicle;
- (4) persons who keep or store in a motor vehicle pistols in accordance with section 624.714 or 624.715 or other firearms in accordance with section 97B.045;
- (5) firearm safety or marksmanship courses or activities conducted on school property;
- (6) possession of dangerous weapons, BB guns, or replica firearms by a ceremonial color guard;
- (7) a gun or knife show held on school property;
- (8) possession of dangerous weapons, BB guns, or replica firearms with written permission of the principal or other person having general control and supervision of the school or the director of a child care center; or
- (9) persons who are on unimproved property owned or leased by a child care center, school, or school district unless the person knows that a student is currently present on the land for a school-related activity.

CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES. State correctional facilities or state hospitals and grounds (MN Statute 243.55)

Any jail, lockup or correctional facility (MN Statute 641.165)

In federal court facilities or other federal facilities (Title 18 U.S.C. § 930)

COUNTY COURTHOUSES AND CAPITAL COMPLEX

Possession in Courthouse or Certain State Buildings.

(a) A person who commits either of the following acts is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both: (1) possesses a dangerous weapon, ammunition, or explosives within any courthouse complex; or (2) possesses a dangerous weapon, ammunition, or explosives in any state building within the Capitol Area described in chapter 15B, other than the National Guard Armory.

(b) Unless a person is otherwise prohibited or restricted by other law to possess a dangerous weapon, this subdivision does not apply to:

(1) licensed peace officers or military personnel who are performing official duties;

(2) persons who carry pistols according to the terms of a permit issued under section 624.714 and who so notify the sheriff or the commissioner of public safety, as appropriate;

(3) persons who possess dangerous weapons for the purpose of display as demonstrative evidence during testimony at a trial or hearing or exhibition in compliance with advance notice and safety guidelines set by the sheriff or the commissioner of public safety; or

(4) persons who possess dangerous weapons in a courthouse complex with the express consent of the county sheriff or who possess dangerous weapons in a state building with the express consent of the commissioner of public safety.

(c) For purposes of this subdivision, the issuance of a permit to carry under section 624.714 constitutes notification of the commissioner of public safety as required under paragraph (b), clause (2).

Note:

Courthouse complexes. ... Be advised that in the majority of Minnesota judicial districts, judges have issued Court Orders banning carry in their courts, the provisions of 609.66 notwithstanding. This has been held to cover any contiguous areas under the same roof as the courthouse such as adjoining county departments, libraries, etc. It does mean that someone who gave notification can only be charged with contempt of court, not a felony; but be prepared to be stopped, frisked and expelled from the building if you are found carrying

PLACES OF EMPLOYMENT, COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Public or private employers , may restrict the carry or possession of firearms by employees.

A public post secondary institution ... may establish policies that restrict the carry or possession of firearms by its students while on the institution's property.

An employer or a private post secondary institution may not prohibit the lawful carry or possession of firearms in a parking facility or parking area.

624.714 Subd. 18. Employers; Public Colleges and Universities. (a) An employer, whether public or private, may establish policies that restrict the carry or possession of firearms by its employees while acting in the course and scope of employment. Employment related civil sanctions may be invoked for a violation. (b) A public postsecondary institution regulated under chapter 136F or 137 may establish policies that restrict the carry or possession of firearms by its students while on the institution's property. Academic sanctions may be invoked for a violation. (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), an employer or a postsecondary institution may not prohibit the lawful carry or possession of firearms in a parking facility or parking area.

Note: MN Court of Appeals ruled that Churches can ban firearms in the Buildings and Parking Areas.

PREEMPTION LAW

471.633 The legislature preempts all authority of a home rule charter or statutory city including a city of the first class, county, town, municipal corporation, or other governmental subdivision, or any of their instrumentality's, to regulate firearms, ammunition, or their respective components to the complete exclusion of any order, ordinance or regulation by them except that: (a) a governmental subdivision may regulate the discharge of firearms; and (b) a governmental subdivision may adopt regulations identical to state law. Local regulation inconsistent with this section is void. History: 1985 c 144 s 1 624.717 Local regulation.. Sections 624.711 to 624.716 shall be construed to supersede municipal or