

Risk Assessment for Rope, Paracord and other similar materials

Subject of risk assessment:	Use of Rope, Paracord & other such materials			
	Rope swings (set up by Farnham Forest School staff, volunteers or participants).			
Brief				
description of	Rope bridges (set up by Farnham Forest School staff, volunteers			
activity,	or participants, including slack lines, postman's walk, blindfold			
location,	rope course and similar).			
feature,				
activity and	Rope play, including holding up dens and structures, making			
equipment	ladders or helping to climb steep slopes.			
used.				
	Typically this is in woodland or at the Scout Hut. It may, on			
	occasion, be at a play park with play equipment.			
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person making	Amanda Lloyd Purvis	person making		
assessment		assessment		
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Assessment	102.10.2027	Review Date	01.03.2023	



Activity or feature:	Temporary rope swings, temporary seats from knots, branches or sections of timber.			
	Rope bridges, slacklines, postman's walk, blindfold rope course etc.			
	Rope play, including holding up dens and structures, making ladders or helping climb steep slopes.			
	Hammocks are typically attached to trees or posts, close to the floor. They may be temporary or permanent, net or fabric.			
How will participants benefit?	Learning to make risk judgements and manage risk for themselves.			
benefit.	Balance, coordination and general physical literacy will be developed by constructing and then using simple rope activities. Group working and social skills will be developed by participants, including turn taking and socially supporting each other.			
	Learn about materials (strength, flexibility, knot tying etc) and tree types (strength, flexibility and rooting).			
	Engagement with the natural environment.			



	Builds resilience and then confidence through success and challenge.		
	Fun, achievement and physical enjoyment of the activity.		
Who will be at	staff		
risk?	Participants		
	Members of the public		
	Volunteers		
Any local factors that	Group competence		
may affect	Conservation areas / protected trees / protected fauna such as		
risks or	Bluebells.		
controls:			
Possible	The rope or seat may snap or knot fail, dropping person(s) to the		
hazards and risks:	ground from too high, leading to significant injury.		
	The branch or tree may snap, bend or uproot, dropping the person(s) on to the ground from too high leading to significant injury. The tree or branch may also fall on the person(s) when this		
	occurs as well, leading to significant injury or death.		
	Hammocks may also fail – either knots coming undone, or damage to the ropes or material ripping.		
	They can also tip up violently, dropping occupants to the floor.		



Both these leading to significant injury if the fall is from height, or onto sharp or hard objects, or is very sudden/violent.

Falls to the floor, onto sharp, hard or protruding items that leads to significant injury.

Other participants or the public could collide with the swinging participant. The swinging participant could collide with tree(s), leading to serious injury if hard enough.

Participants may walk into attached ropes, leading to injury through contact with rope or sudden trip or upending.

Participants could hang from the rope in a way that injures them seriously – damage to limb by wrapping rope around, or strangulation of neck.



Precautions and control measures to reduce the risk severity or likelihood:

Rope swings:

Will be constructed by Farnham Forest School staff and participants, with the Staff member(s) undertaking a Dynamic Risk Assessment of the tree, the rope and attachment (knot) and immediate surroundings such as floor and obstacles.

The Farnham Forest School Staff member will test any new obstacle first

Participants' feet on rope swings will be under the head height of the Participants at maximum swing/elevation.

Good group briefing and management by Farnham Forest School staff, including teaching to step off not fall off and vigilance for others entering swing areas or overly zealous swinging.

Vigilance and zero tolerance of wrapping the rope around any part of the body.

Rope bridges, including slackline:

Will be constructed by Farnham Forest School staff and participants, with the Farnham Forest School staff member undertaking a Dynamic Risk Assessment of the trees, the ropes and attachments (knots) and immediate surroundings such as floor and obstacles.



The rope bridges will be lower than the height of the participants heads, and typically will be much lower around ankle to hip height.

Ropes will be tight enough to prevent wrapping around body parts, even in the event of a fall.

Good group briefing and management by Farnham Forest School staff, including teaching to step off not fall off and vigilance for others getting too close or walking through the area.

Ropes to support climbing

Will be constructed by Farnham Forest School staff and participants, with the Farnham Forest School staff member undertaking a Dynamic Risk Assessment of the trees, the ropes and attachments (knots) and immediate surroundings such as floor and obstacles (particularly at bottom of a slope).

Particular care to be taken if the ropes are loose-ended and vigilance to prevent rope being wrapped around any part of the body.

Ropes & hammocks

Hammocks will be no higher than the group's average height or the height from which the Farnham Forest School staff member is happy for them to fall (whichever is the lower).



Hammocks should be placed off paths and above ground that has been checked for sharp, hard or awkward objects to fall on.

Knots used should be good enough to hold or ease slowly (no-knot knot for example).

In all situations Farnham Forest School staff will match group competence (not confidence) with the level of difficulty and risk that any rope play poses, particularly with regard to fall height and swing speeds.

At no point will children be helped by Farnham Forest School staff or other participants onto such equipment, further limiting heights. Small, natural materials may be used as steps on, but not ladders or above head height of the participants.

Any ropes used for such play will be visually inspected by Farnham Forest School staff for damage before use, using common sense. All ropes used specifically for climbing, rope swings, slack lines or similar should be of known source (not retired ropes from elsewhere).

Any area a participant could conceivably fall should be cleared of hazards that could lead to significant injury.

Farnham Forest School staff should be aware of and use for guidance:



Forestry Commission guidance on "Rope Swings, dens, tree	e
houses and fire"	

Tree Swings – a Guide to Good Practice. London Play, Natural England, Monkey Do.

All Farnham Forest School staff leading sessions will hold a relevant emergency first aid qualification, appropriate to the training being led, and carry a first aid kit.

Precedents or comparisons:

Many examples of children and adults creating their own rope swings, in simple and challenging locations.

Forestry Commission guidance on "Rope Swings, dens, tree houses and fire".

Tree Swings – a Guide to Good Practice. London Play, Natural England, Monkey Do. This document is clear about managing implementation, and can be used by Farnham Forest School staff as guidance.

Scout and Boys Brigade and Girlguiding movements have a long history of using ropes with children and young people as rope swings, bridges and to support structures and dens.

Many playgrounds for children incorporate swings, balance beams or ropes, permanent hammocks and climbing support with ropes.



Judgement:

The use of simple, low rope play as outlined above presents low hazards if undertaken carefully and Dynamically Risk Assessed.

Good management of the area (floor and adjacent) will remove most injury mechanisms. Particular care to prevent ropes wrapping around participants should be exercised.

The use of ropes is a valuable and enjoyable experience that Farnham Forest School should provide to many participants.

Risk Management Statement

Farnham Forest School recognises that not all risks can be reduced to zero, therefore this risk assessment prioritises the *significant* risks. Significant risks are those which pose risk of serious injury, chronic injury, disability or death, or risks that are overly common in interrupting our staff and clients normal work.

For all activities, Farnham Forest School staff will dynamically assess risks and put in place control measures and record as required, but always within agreed and recorded Risk-Benefit Assessment

This RBA should be read in conjunction with Farnham Forest School's Health and Safety Policy, other relevant Risk Benefit Assessments and Policies (as appropriate).