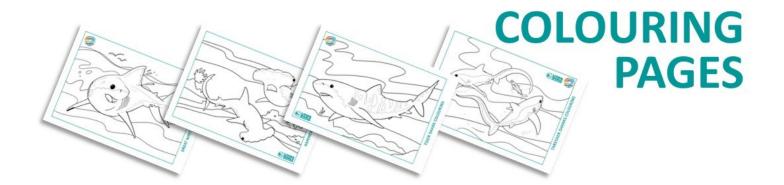
ACTIVITY BOOK



Save paper—only print the pages you need!



PUZZLES



CRAFTS









MEGALODON MODELLING



This easy recipe makes the salt dough you need.

Then use the template to form your own fossil megalodon tooth...

STEP 1. MAKE THE DOUGH...

- PLAIN FLOUR = 1 cup
- SALT = half cup
- WATER = half a cup



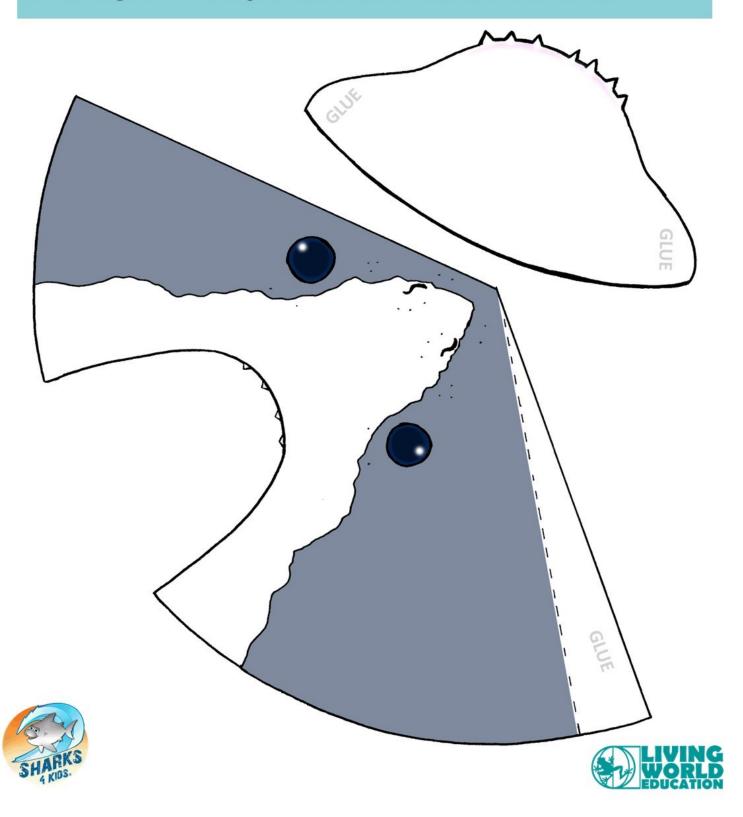


WHITE SHARK HEAD



Create your own jaw-some great white shark head!

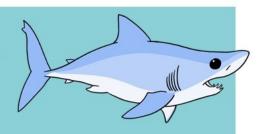
- 1. Cut out the pieces
- 2. Create a cone-like head, gluing as indicated on the tab
- 3. Add glue to the jaw tabs and attach to the head

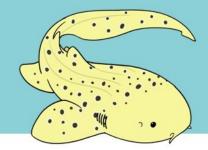


COMPARING SHARK SHAPES 1



Pelagic sharks are found between the surface and lower parts of the water e.g. make shark

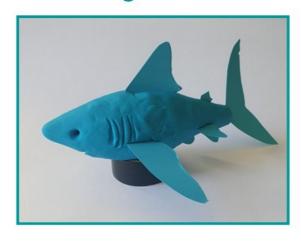




Benthic sharks these spend most of their lives on or near the sea bed e.g. zebra shark

By creating your own models, using the two templates provided, it is easy to see the great differences between benthic and pelagic shark species...

PELAGIC e.g. MAKO SHARK



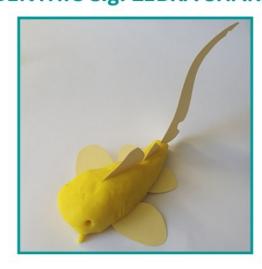
The body shape is **streamlined** to reduce water resistance (drag). This **torpedo** form ensures water passes around the sharks body, allowing it to reach great speeds.

The power behind the speed is due to a thick muscular tail and large, evenly -shaped (homocercal) caudal fins.

The body shape is **flattened** so the shark is better hidden on the seabed. These sharks can also have patterns or colouration that further disguises them.

The tails have a large, upper caudal fin (an uneven heterocercal tail) which means they swim in a sinuous, snake-like fashion.

BENTHIC e.g. ZEBRA SHARK





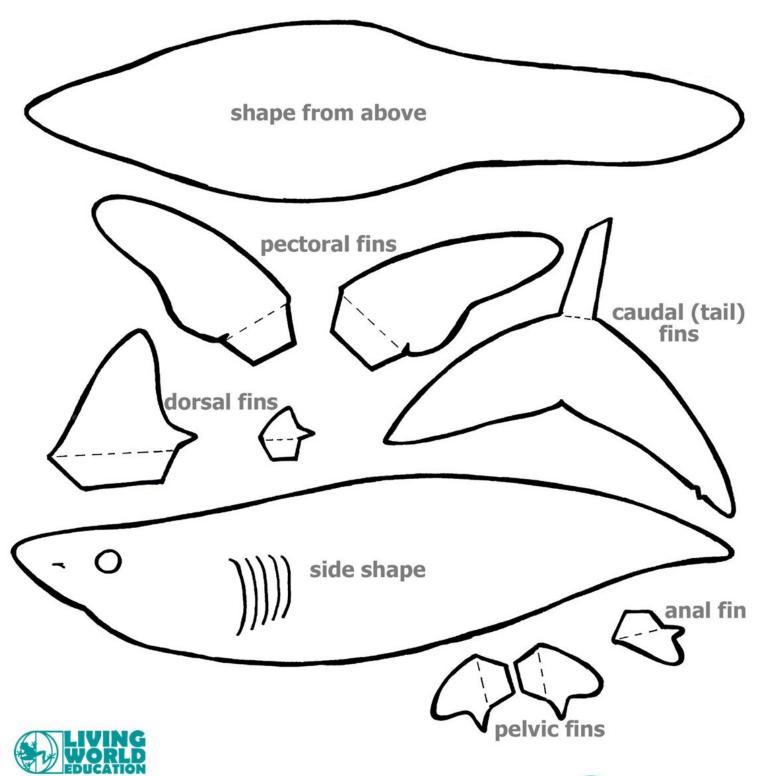
Print the instructions on to card or use your page as a template.

The shapes from above/side will help you create the sharks body with modelling clay.

Add eyes and nostrils with a pencil. A small spoon can form the mouth.

Cut all the fins out and place them so that they match the example in the picture on the "comparing shark shapes" sheet.

MAKO SHARK

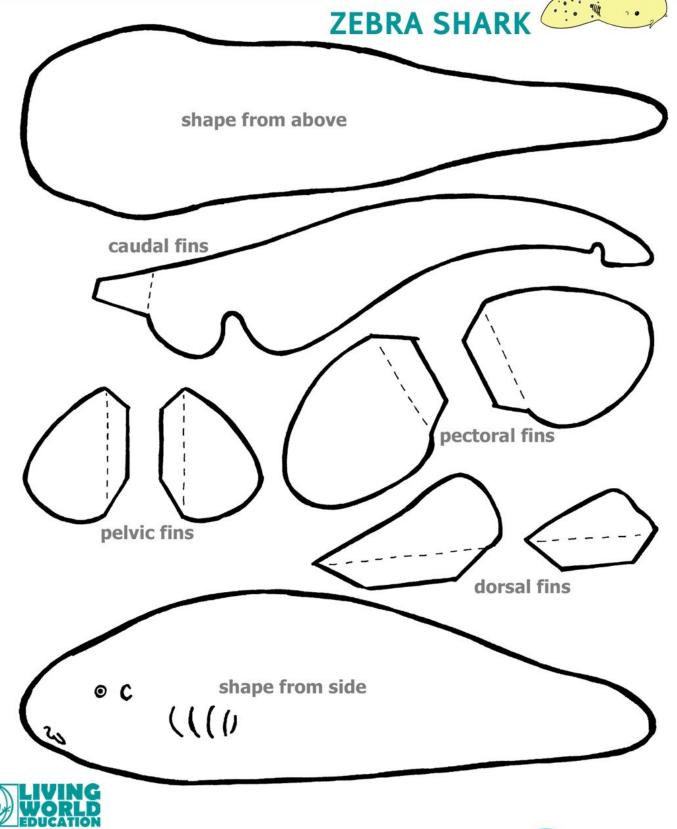


Print the instructions on to card or use your page as a template.

The shapes from above/side will help you create the sharks body with modelling clay.

Add eyes and nostrils with a pencil. A small spoon can form the mouth.

Cut all the fins out and place them so that they match the example in the picture on the "comparing shark shapes" sheet.

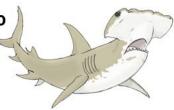


HAMMERHEAD MATCH-UP



Shark scientists use shape of the "hammer" or *cephalofoil* to distinguish between the various hammerhead species.

Can you match the descriptions to the right hammerhead?



BONNETHEAD

The cephalofoil is the most rounded of the hammerheads.

SCALLOPED HAMMERHEAD

Cephalofoil has a scalloped pattern (repeated curves) across

WINGHEAD

Very elongated.
Relative to its size, it has
he widest hammer of the
group.

GREAT HAMMERHEAD

A powerful, broad cephalofoil with a rectangular shape.

SCOOPHEAD

A cephalofoil with a slightly wavy, curved front end.

SMOOTH HAMMERHEAD

A wide cephalofoil with a smooth front end.

















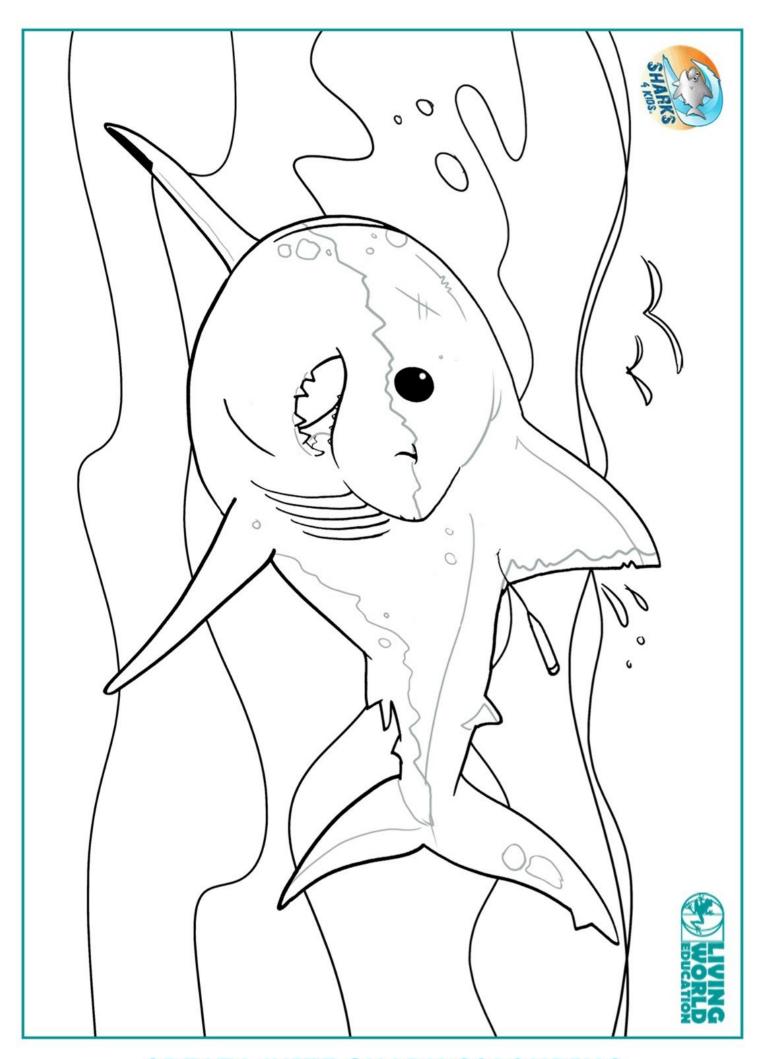


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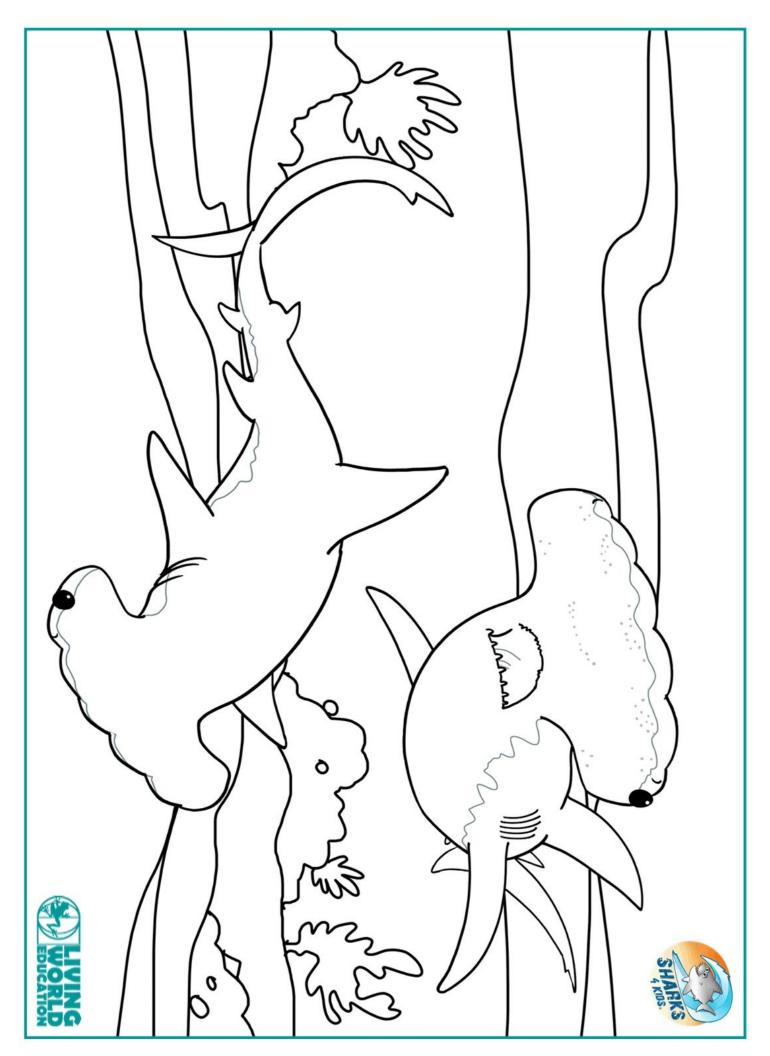
ANGEL BASKING BLUE BULL CATSHARK **GOBLIN GREAT WHITE GREENLAND HAMMERHEAD KITEFIN**

LEMON MAKO **MEGAMOUTH OCEANIC PORBEAGLE**

SANDBAR TIGER WHALE **ZEBRA**



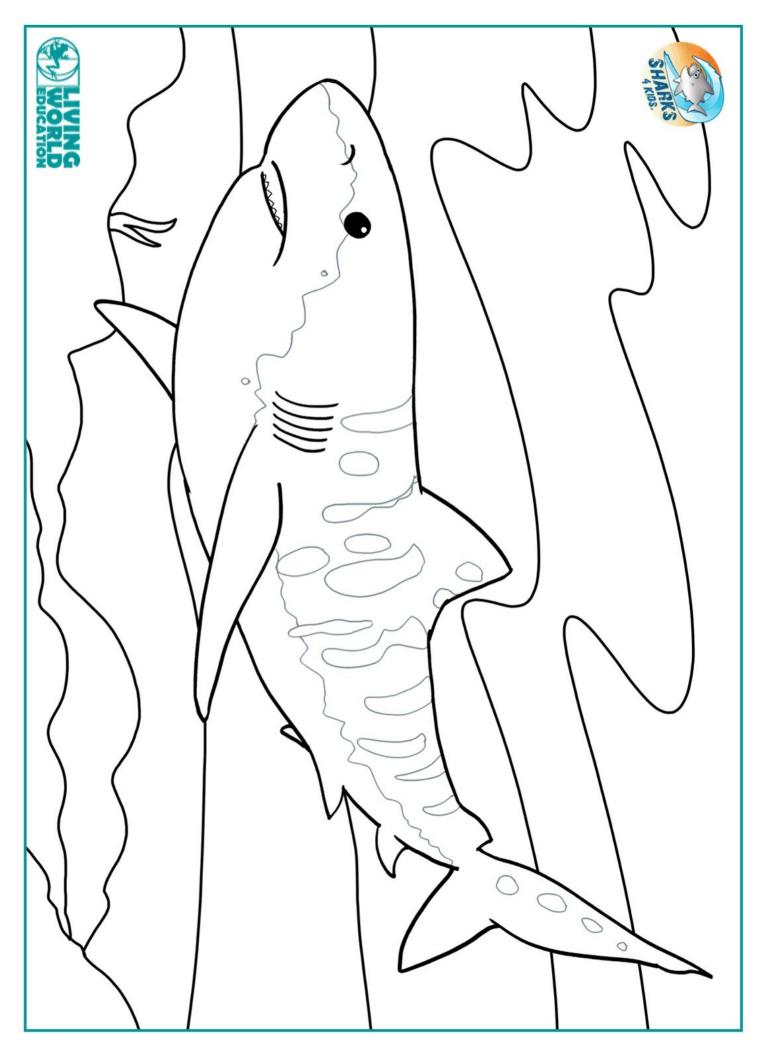
GREAT WHITE SHARK COLOURING



HAMMERHEAD COLOURING



THRESHER SHARKS COLOURING



TIGER SHARK COLOURING