Avoid the Following:

Perennials

- Chrysanthemum Consuming any part of this autumn bloom can cause discomfort and loss of coordination for your four-legged friend.
- Carnation They're not as harmful as other perennials, but they can cause mild gastrointestinal problems for your beloved pet.
- Dahlia Eating this delicate petal may lead to mild gastrointestinal suffering and dermatitis.
- Daisy Even though most consider this flower as the weed of the garden, certain species carry dangerous toxins.
- Iris As indicative of its name (meaning rainbow), irises come in many different colors, but that generous offering of hues could come at price for your pet. Symptoms include: mild to moderate vomiting, drooling, lethargy, and diarrhea.
- Lily of the Valley We adore this shady flower, but it can produce serious symptoms in pets and people, including vomiting, heart arrythmias, seizures, and, ultimately, death.
- Monkshood This one is a dead giveaway, considering its more common moniker "wolfsbane."
- Peony The garden and bouquet filler is a <u>favorite among Southerners</u>, but it poses a health hazard to our pets, including vomiting, excessive drooling, and diarrhea.
- Other toxic perennials you should be aware of are Forget-Me-Nots, Peace Lilies, Coleus, Lavender, and Lenten Rose.

Annuals

- Begonia These tubers are toxic, and can cause irritation of the mouth and difficulty swallowing.
- Geranium Commonly grown in outdoor gardens, containers, and hanging baskets, the Pelargonium species is toxic for pets, causing skin rashes, low blood pressure, lethargy, and loss of appetite.