TILAWA (1924)

Base data at 2 May 1924. Last amended April 2009 * indicates entries changed during P&O Group service.

Type Passenger liner P&O Group service 1924-1942

P&O Group status Owned by subsidiary company

Former name(s)

Registered owners British India Steam Navigation Company Ltd

Managers Mackinnon Mackenzie & Company

Operators British India Steam Navigation Company Ltd

Builders R&W Hawthorn, Leslie & Co Ltd

Yard Hebburn-on-Tyne

Country UK Yard number 530

Registry Glasgow, UK
Official number 147894
Signal letters KQML
Call sign GKLP

Classification society Lloyd's Register

Gross tonnage 10,006 grt
Net tonnage 6,153 nrt
Deadweight 9,416 tons

 Length
 137.42m (451.0ft)

 Breadth
 18.07m (59.3ft)

 Depth
 11.21m (34.8ft)

 Draught
 8.252m (27ft 1in)

Engines Quadruple-expansion steam engines Engine builders R&W Hawthorn, Leslie & Co Ltd

Works Hebburn-on-Tyne

Country UK

Power 5,000 ihp
Propulsion Single screw

Speed 12 knots (service); 14.16 knots (trials)

Passenger capacity

Cargo capacity

Crew 220

Employment* Calcutta/Far East service. On Apcar service when

62 first class, 74 second class, 3,957 deck passengers

needed

Career

Launched. 20.02.1924: 02.05.1924: Completed as *Tilawa* for British India Steam Navigation Company. She and her earlier sister *Talma* were the first totally new design of passenger ships built for British India Steam Navigation Company after the First World War, but proved somewhat underpowered. Their normal run was Calcutta/Penang/Singapore/Hong Kong/Amoy/ Shanghai/Moji/Yokohama/Kobe. Named after Thilawa, a town on the east bank of the Rangoon river in Burma. 10.08.1938: Suffered extensive superficial damage in a collision with Dutch liner Nieuw Zeeland off King's Dock, Singapore. Requisitioned as a Personnel Ship on Indian coastal voyages. 09.1939: 05.1940: Administration transferred to the Liner Division. 11.1940: Transferred to Bombay/East Africa service. Ran aground at Zanzibar and not refloated for 8 days, after much of 05.05.1942: her cargo had been transferred to lighters. 23.11.1942: Torpedoed north-west of the Maldive Islands by the Japanese submarine I-29 when en route from Bombay to Mombasa and Durban with 6,400 tons of general cargo and 732 passengers, 222 crew and four gunners. Initially the damage appeared to be comparatively slight, but there was considerable panic among the deck passengers and most of the boats were got away. When the ship was preparing to re-embark them she was hit by a second

- ends -

were lost.

torpedo and sank rapidly in 0745'N-6110'E. The c ruiser HMS Birmingham rescued the survivors but 28 crew and 252 passengers