

Rasp Mine
Monthly Environmental Monitoring Report
March 2018



INTRODUCTION

Broken Hill Operations Pty Ltd (BHOP) [a wholly owned subsidiary of CBH Resources Limited (CBH)] owns and operates the Rasp Mine (the Mine), which is located centrally within the City of Broken Hill on Consolidated Mine Lease 7 (CML7).

Mining has been undertaken within CML7 since 1885. The existing operations at the Rasp Mine include underground mining operations, a processing plant producing zinc and lead concentrates and a rail siding for concentrate dispatch. These operations are undertaken in accordance with Project Approval 07_0018 granted 31 January 2011, under Part3A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).

As the holder of an Environmental Protection Licence 12559 (EPL), BHOP is required, under Section 66(6) of the NSW *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, to publish pollution monitoring data. In addition BHOP is required to publish data in accordance with its Project Approval 07_0018 Schedule 4 Condition 9 (PA). These documents can be found on the Rasp Mine web site.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	AIR QUALITY	3
1.1	HIGH VOLUME AIR SAMPLERS	3
1.2	TAPERED ELEMENT OSCILLATING MICROBALANCE SAMPLING (TEOM).....	7
1.3	DUST DEPOSITION SAMPLING	9
1.4	VENTILATION OUTLETS AND BAG HOUSE MONITORING	11
	NOTE: NR = NOT EPL OR PA REQUIREMENT	11
2	NOISE	12
2.1	BLASTING (VIBRATION AND OVERPRESSURE)	12
2.2	NOISE	13
3	WATER	13
3.1	GROUNDWATER.....	13
3.2	SURFACE WATER SAMPLE RECORD	15
4	WEATHER DATA	16
5	DATA LOG	17
6	CORRECTION LOG.....	17



1 Air Quality

The following criteria as listed in the Project Approval (MOD4 6 September 2017) apply to air quality monitoring:

Long Term Criteria for Particulate Matter

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Criterion
Total solid particles (TSP)	Annual	90 µg/m ³
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM ₁₀)	Annual	25 µg/m ³

Short Term Criterion for Particulate Matter

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Criterion
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM ₁₀)	24 hour	50 µg/m ³

Long Term Criteria for Deposited Dust

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Project Contribution	Maximum Total Deposited Dust Level
Deposited dust	Annual	2 g/m ² /month	4 g/m ² /month

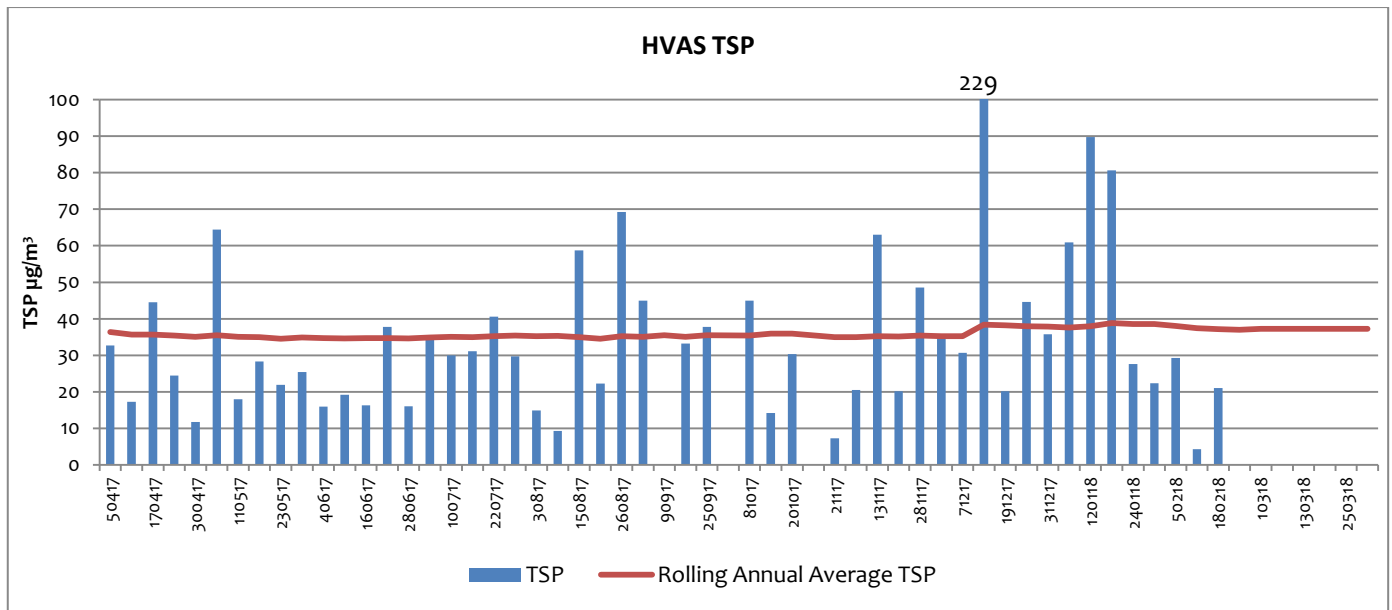
1.1 High Volume Air Samplers

There are three high volume air samplers used to measure ambient air quality at the Rasp Mine – HVAS (EPL10) and HVAS1 (EPL11) are located at the Silver Tank, central and to the south of the mine lease, and HVAS2 (EPL12) is located adjacent to and north of Blackwood Pit. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. HVAS samples for total suspended particulates (TSP) and lead dust, and HVAS1 and HVAS2 sample for particulate matter less than 10 microns (PM₁₀) and lead dust.

HVAS (EPL10) - Silver Tank (On Site) Results for March

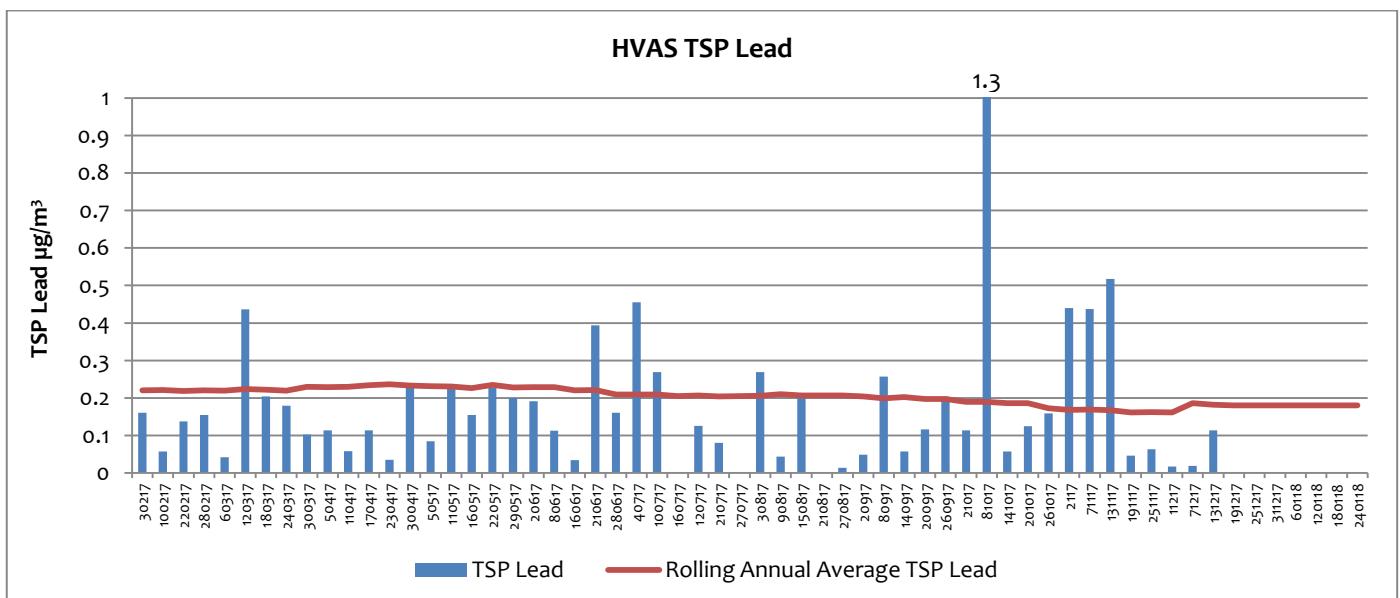
DATE	TSP (µg/m ³)	Lead (µg/m ³)
01-03-18	SD ¹	SD ¹
07-03-18	SD ¹	SD ¹
13-03-18	SD ¹	SD ¹
19-03-18	SD ¹	SD ¹
25-03-18	SD ¹	SD ¹
31-03-18	SD ¹	SD ¹

Note ¹: SD – Sample discarded. Unit fault identified and under investigation – EPA notified



The HVAS monitoring unit is located on the Rasp Mine and limit criteria do not apply at this point, criteria apply at the closest residential location. This unit did not operate correctly during March, and a service technician from the equipment supplier attended site in April to troubleshoot the unit operation. Although it was determined that the flowrate for this unit was well out of range, the cause or fault could not be identified. The technician concluded that this increase in flowrate would cause the HVAS to experience a higher than normal pressure increase across the filter. As a result the instrument sensed a blockage of the air passing through the filter and it struggled to establish and maintain a sufficient flow rate across the filter. Consequently the unit assumed premature sampling termination and recorded error messages. The unit was repaired, calibrated and tested, and the technician declared the unit to be operating in optimal condition.

Although HVAS was not working correctly during March, HVAS1, which is located adjacent to this unit (within 1 m), was operating correctly and did not record any unexpected increases in PM_{10} (a TSP subset of smaller particles) dust levels during this period. The annual average for TSP (calculated on a reduced number of samples for March) was $32 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$.

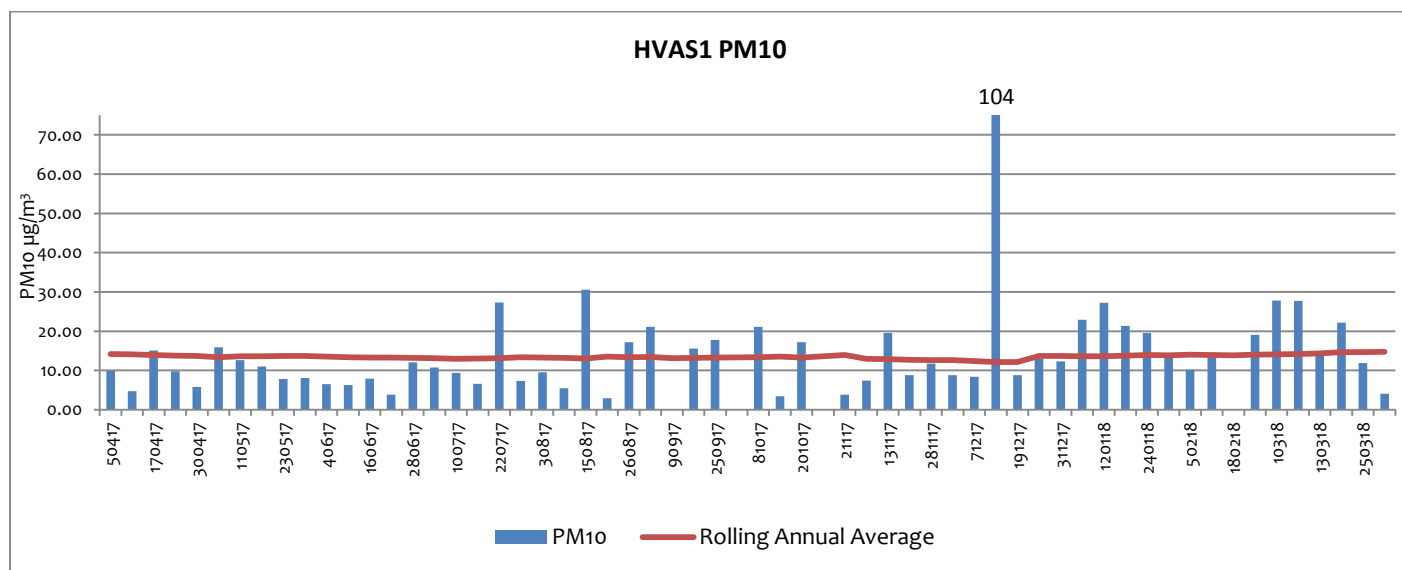




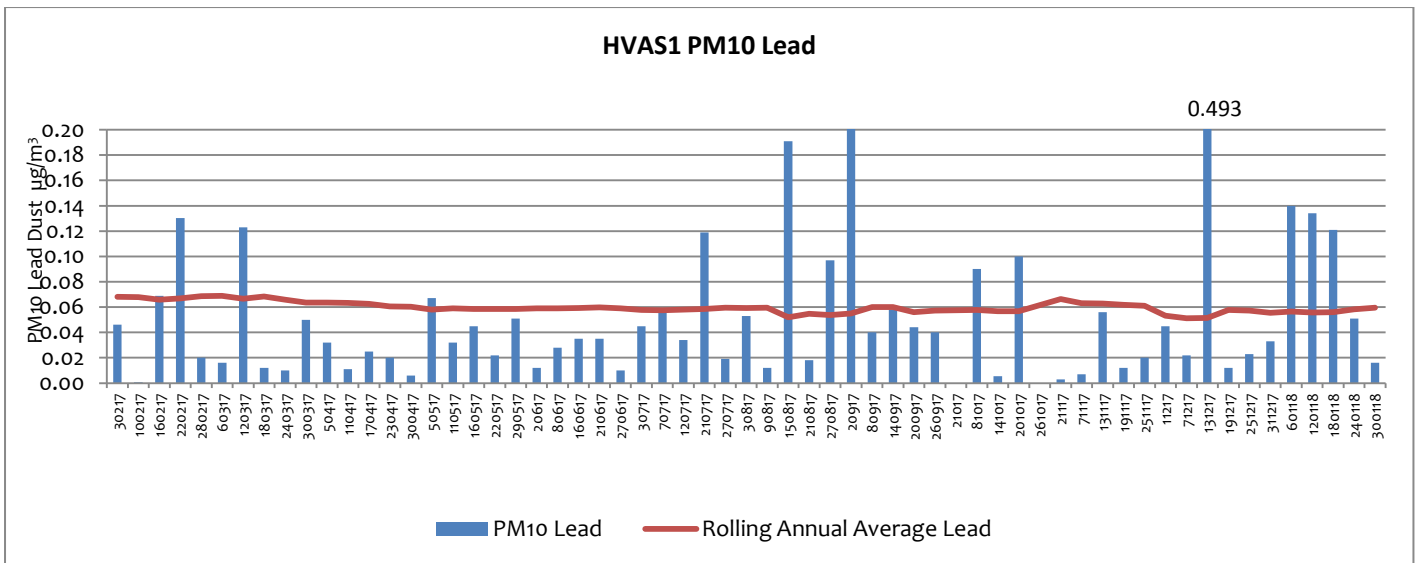
Guidelines for air quality are provided by the EPA, *Approved Methods for the Modelling and Assessment of Air Pollutants in New South Wales, 2016*. Although the HVAS was not working correctly during March, HVAS1 which is located adjacent to this unit (within 1 m), was operating correctly and did not record any unexpected increase in PM₁₀ lead dust levels during this period. Due to the malfunction of HVAS as described above, the annual average for lead dust (calculated on a reduced number of samples for March) was 0.16 µg/m³.

HVAS1 (EPL11) - Silver Tank (On Site) Results for March

DATE	PM10 (µg/m ³)	PM10 Lead (µg/m ³)
01-03-18	27.80	0.16
07-03-18	27.70	0.09
13-03-18	14.70	0.01
19-03-18	22.20	0.02
25-03-18	11.90	0.08
31-03-18	4.10	0.018



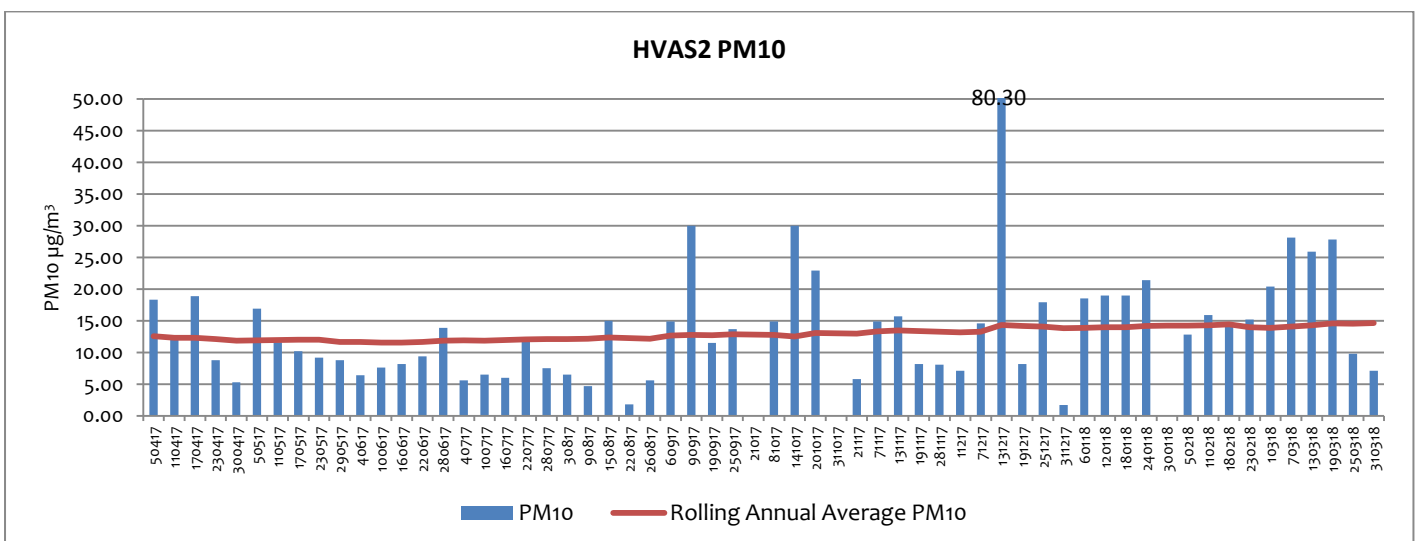
The HVAS1 monitoring unit is located on the Rasp Mine and the limit criteria do not apply at this point, criteria apply at the closest residential location. The recorded annual average for PM₁₀ to March is 14.5 µg/m³ which is below the PM₁₀ annual average criterion of 25 µg/m³ required at the nearest residential location. Overall the trend for PM₁₀ at this location remains consistent with the previous 12 months.



There is no guideline or criteria for assessing PM₁₀ lead dust; the trend for lead dust at this location remains consistent with the previous 12 months.

HVAS 2 (EPL12) - Blackwood Pit (On Site) Results for March

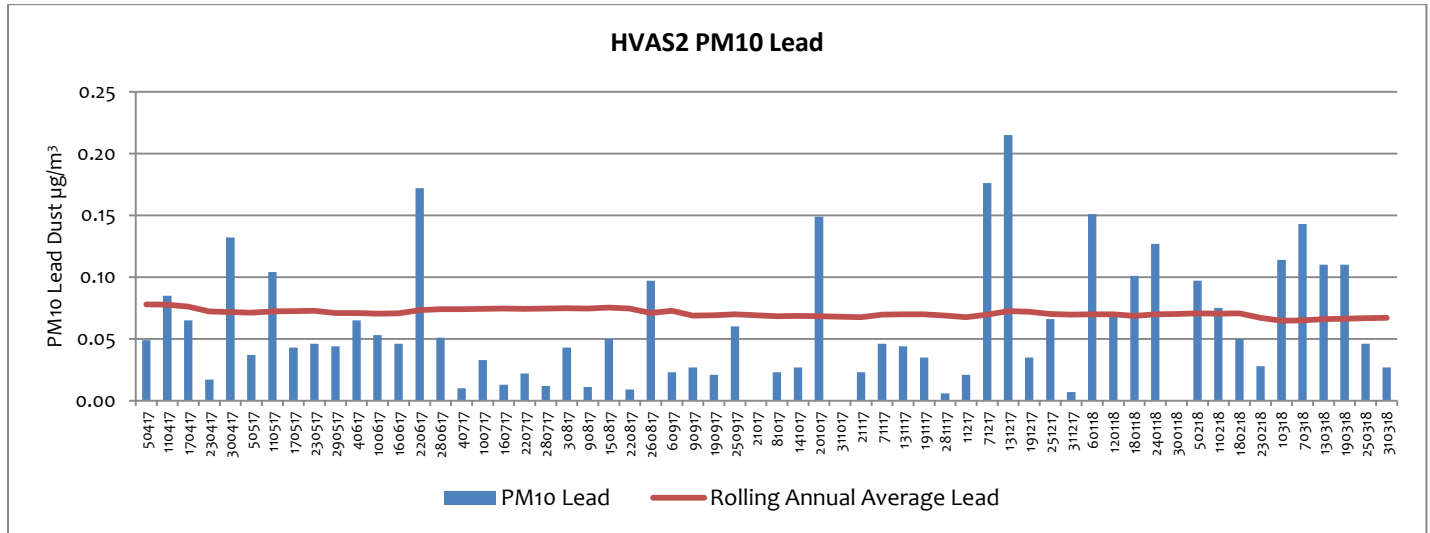
DATE	PM10 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Lead ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
01-03-18	20.40	0.11
07-03-18	28.10	0.14
13-03-18	25.90	0.11
19-03-18	27.80	0.11
25-03-18	9.80	0.05
31-03-18	7.10	0.027





The HVAS2 monitoring unit is located on the Rasp Mine and limit criteria do not apply at this point, criteria apply at the closest residential location. The recorded annual average PM₁₀ to March is 14.33 µg/m³ which is below the PM₁₀ annual average criterion 25 µg/m³ required at the nearest residential location.

Overall the trend for PM₁₀ at this location remains consistent with the previous 12 months.



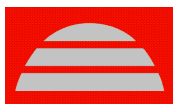
There is no guideline for assessing PM10 lead dust; the trend for lead dust at this location remains consistent with the previous 12 months.

1.2 Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance Sampling (TEOM)

There are two Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) sampling units used to measure ambient air quality at the Rasp Mine – TEOM1 (EPL13) is located off-site within the perimeter fence of Essential Water south of the mine lease, and TEOM2 (EPL14) is located on-site adjacent to Blackwood Pit to the north of the mine lease. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. TEOM1 and TEOM2 operate continuously and sample for particulate matter less than 10 microns (PM₁₀) in size.

TEOM1 (EPL13) (Off Site) and TEOM2 (EPL14) (On Site) Results for March

Particulate Matter <10 Microns 24Hr Average				
Date	TEOM 1 (µg/m ³)	Compliant with 50µg/m ³ 24hr average?	TEOM 2 (µg/m ³)	Compliant with 50µg/m ³ 24hr average?
01-03-18	16.61	Y	19.44	Y
02-03-18	13.04	Y	20.75	Y
03-03-18	16.44	Y	12.02	Y
04-03-18	17.93	Y	54.12	Y ¹
05-03-18	16.05	Y	18.26	Y
06-03-18	23.00	Y	26.12	Y
07-03-18	30.93	Y	26.82	Y
08-03-18	22.44	Y	21.29	Y
09-03-18	20.79	Y	14.88	Y
10-03-18	19.98	Y	12.10	Y



11-03-18	17.22	Y	14.59	Y
12-03-18	14.10	Y	43.74	Y
13-03-18	24.59	Y	15.72	Y
14-03-18	19.55	Y	21.41	Y
15-03-18	16.84	Y	15.02	Y
16-03-18	20.18	Y	67.01	Y ¹
17-03-18	64.13	Y ²	26.85	Y
18-03-18	45.22	Y	28.60	Y
19-03-18	23.71	Y	25.67	Y
20-03-18	19.67	Y	33.54	Y
21-03-18	26.55	Y	55.65	Y ¹
22-03-18	33.30	Y	9.87	Y
23-03-18	15.93	Y	12.91	Y
24-03-18	16.10	Y	9.24	Y
25-03-18	16.50	Y	18.32	Y
26-03-18	20.00	Y	21.53	Y
27-03-18	19.99	Y	14.47	Y
28-03-18	22.08	Y	45.39	Y
29-03-18	15.39	Y	9.87	Y
30-03-18	12.30	Y	14.78	Y
31-03-18	12.00	Y	12.30	Y

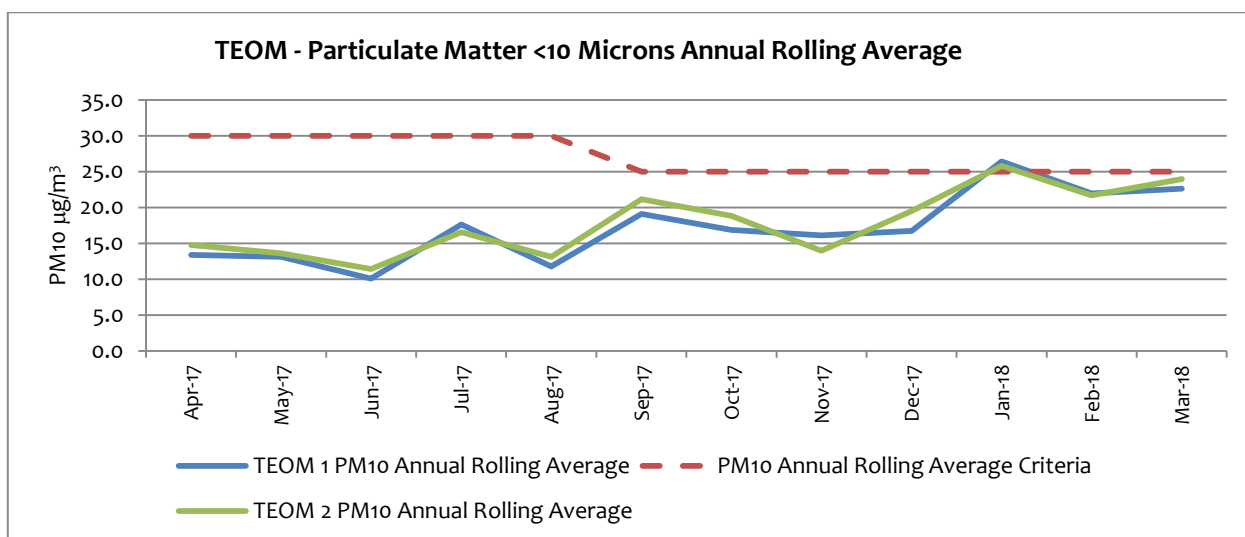
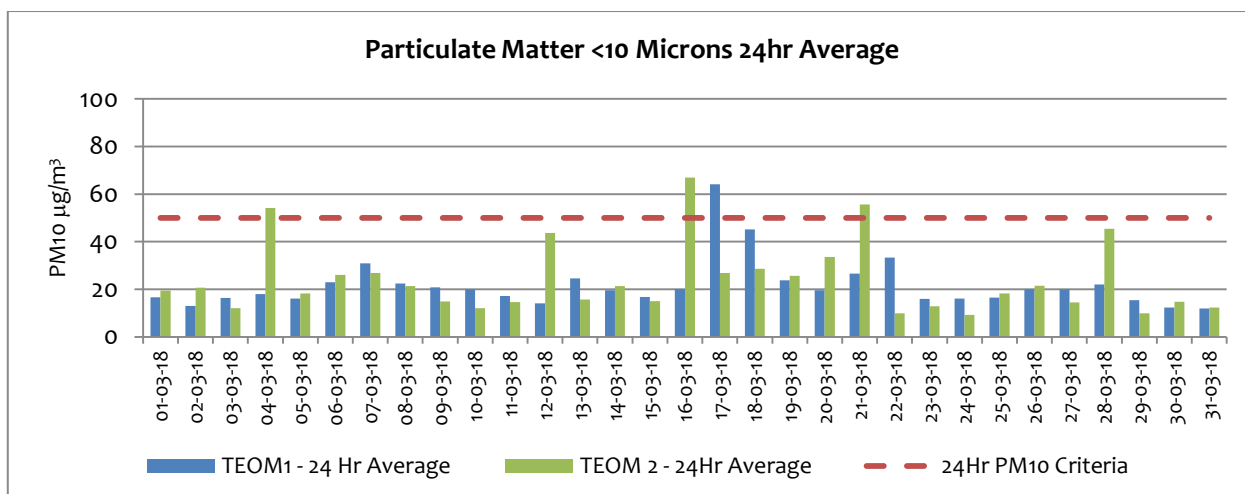
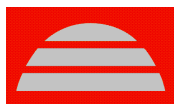
Note 1 = The unit was not affected by site operations as winds from the south.

Note 2 = The unit was not affected by site operations as winds from the north.

The TEOM1 monitoring unit is located off-site from the Rasp Mine and the criteria as listed in the Project Approval 07_0018 apply at this point. There are two criteria listed for PM₁₀, a 24-hour average and an annual average. The highest PM₁₀ 24-hour average recorded at TEOM1 in March was 64.13 µg/m³ on 17 March. The weather station recorded winds of 50 km/h from the north of Broken Hill and therefore the results were not affected by site operations. The annual average PM₁₀ to March was 22.6 µg/m³.

The TEOM2 monitoring unit is located on the Rasp Mine and limit criteria do not apply at this point, criteria apply to the closest residential location. The highest PM₁₀ 24-hour average recorded in March was 67.01 µg/m³ on 16 March. The weather station recorded winds in excess of 30 km/h from the south of Broken Hill and therefore, the results were not affected by site operations. The annual average PM₁₀ to March was 23.9 µg/m³. Results have been affected by recent dry conditions generally within Broken Hill and at the Mine site as there was no rainfall in March and only 2.39 mm in the previous five months recorded at the Rasp Mine weather station.

Rasp Mine is in compliance with all listed criteria.



Note 1: Criteria change to $25\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ in September as per PA MOD4.

1.3 Dust Deposition Sampling

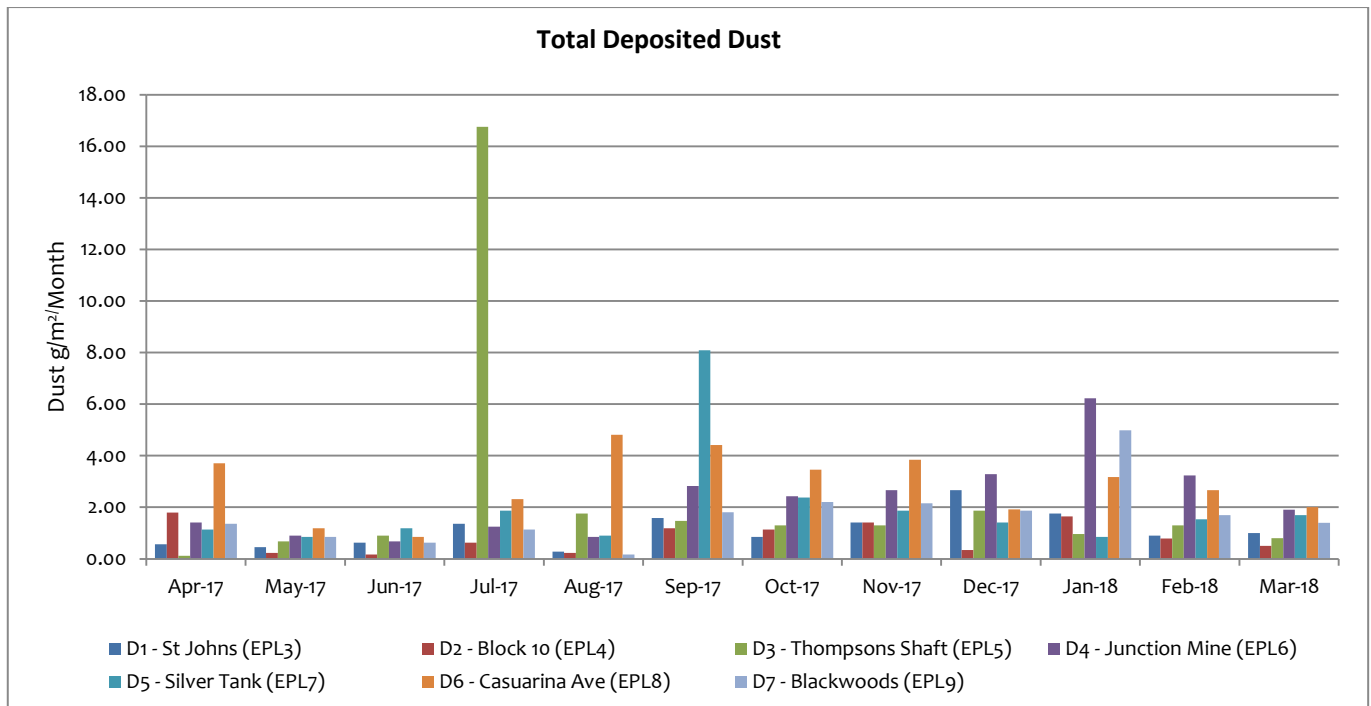
There are seven dust deposition gauges to measure ambient air quality at the Rasp Mine – D1 to D7. D1 and D6 are located off-site, D1 near the St Johns training facility north of the Rasp Mine and D6 in Casuarina Avenue south of the Rasp Mine. D2 to D5 and D7 are located on the mine lease in various locations. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Dust samples are collected monthly and analysed for total deposited dust and deposited lead dust.

Dust Deposition Gauges (D1 (EPL3) to D7 (EPL9)) – Results for March

Total Deposited Dust ($\text{g}/\text{m}^2/\text{Month}$)							
Date	D1 (off site)	D2 (on site)	D3 (on site)	D4 (on site)	D5 (on site)	D6 (off site)	D7 (on site)
March 2018	1.00	0.50	0.80	1.9	1.7	2.00	1.40
Background (2010)	4.0	3.1	4.3	5.7	- ¹	5.8	- ¹
Compliant?	Y	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Y	N/A

Note: “1”= background not available

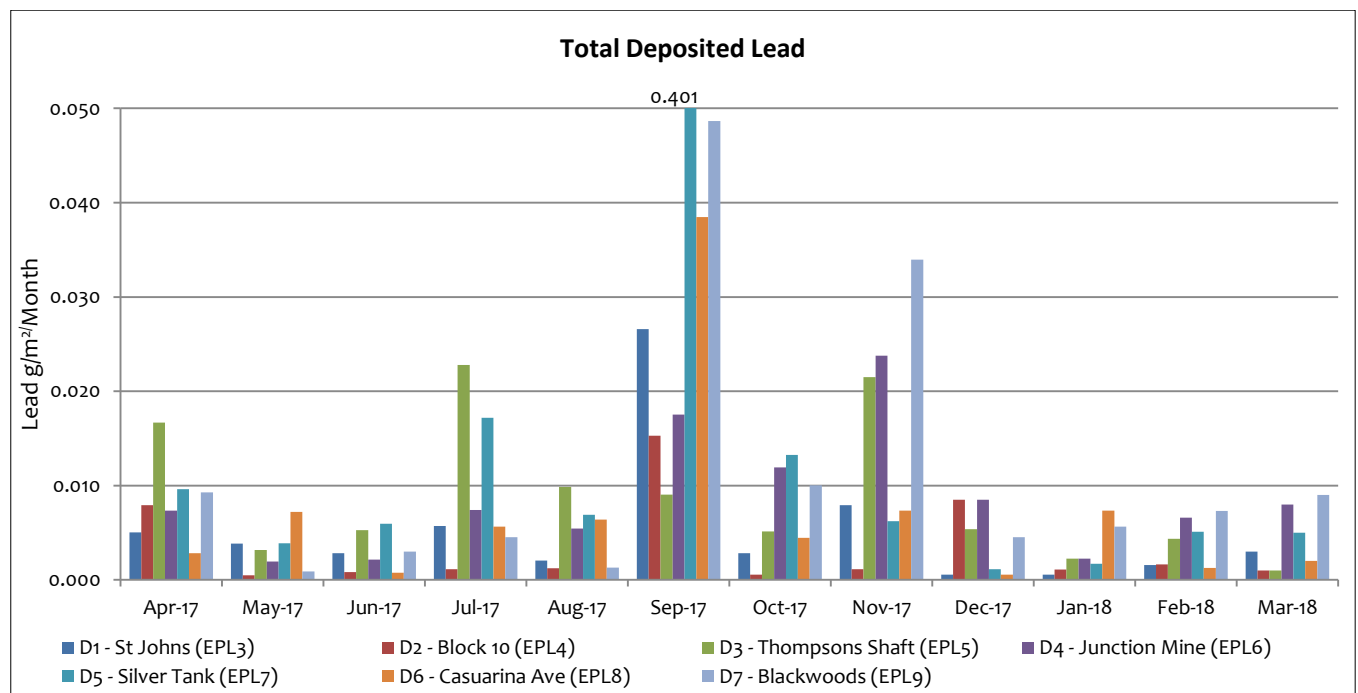
N/A = not applicable as dust deposition unit is located on site



The Rasp Mine is in compliance with criteria.

Total Deposited Lead (g/m ² /Month)							
Date	D1 (off Site)	D2 (on site)	D3 (on site)	D4 (on site)	D5 (on site)	D6 (off Site)	D7 (on site)
March 2018	0.003	0.001	0.001	0.008	0.005	0.002	0.009
Background (2010)	0.0034	0.005	0.005	0.006	- ¹	0.004	- ¹

Note: "¹"= background not available



There are no guidelines or criteria for deposited lead dust. The results are consistent with previous months.



1.4 Ventilation Outlets and Bag House Monitoring

There are three locations to measure pollutants from exhausts or stacks, these include the Primary Ventilation Shaft and Shaft 6, both measuring pollutants from underground firings, and the Baghouse Stack at the crusher measuring dust. All are located on site; the Primary Ventilation Shaft is located centrally and to the north of the mine lease, Shaft 6 is located centrally within the lease and the Primary Crusher Baghouse Stack is located within the area of the processing plant to the east of the lease. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Samples are collected quarterly and analysed for a number parameters listed in below. Reference to the item required in the Rasp Mine Environment Protection Licence (EPL) is provided below.

Quarterly sampling is undertaken in January, April, July and October.

The following criteria apply:

Primary Ventilation Shaft (EPL1) and Shaft 6 (EPL56)

	Unit	Criteria
Nitrogen Oxides	mg/m ³	350
Volatile Organic Compounds	mg/m ³	40

Primary Ventilation Shaft (EPL1), Shaft 6 (EPL56) and Crusher Baghouse (EPL2)

	Unit	Criteria
Total Suspended particles	mg/m ³	20
Type 1 and Type 2 substances ¹	mg/m ³	1

Note 1: "Type 1 substance" means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or more of those elements.

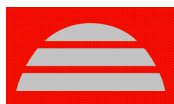
"Type 2 substance" means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any compound containing one or more of those elements.

Primary Vent Shaft (EPL1), Crusher Baghouse (EPL2) and Vent Shaft 6 (EPL56) Results for March

	Unit	Primary Vent Shaft (EPL1)	Crusher Baghouse (EPL2)	Vent Shaft 6 (EPL 56)
Nitrogen Oxides	mg/m ³	5.15	NR	<2.05
Volatile Organic Compounds	mg/m ³	<0.486	NR	<0.425
Total Suspended particles	mg/m ³	2.11	10	0.604
Type 1 and Type 2	mg/m ³	0.009	0.385	0.069

Note: NR = Not EPL or PA requirement

The Rasp Mine is in compliance with all listed criteria.



2 Noise

2.1 Blasting (Vibration and Overpressure)

There are 6 vibration monitors at various locations to measure for vibration and overpressure from blast firings. These include V1 to V5 which are located off-site and V6 which is located on-site near Shaft 4. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. In addition there are 2 roving monitors, which may be used to monitor vibration and overpressure at particular locations as required. Monitors operate continuously and are automatically triggered when a blast occurs. The following conditions apply as listed in the PA and EPL:-

Blasting Criteria (Western Mineralisation and Main Lodes excluding Block 7)

Location	Airblast Overpressure (dB(Lin Peak))	Ground Vibration (mm/s)	Allowable Exceedance (for production and development blasts)
Residence on privately owned land (7am-7pm)	115	5	5% of the total number of blasts over a 12-month period ¹
(7am-7pm)	120	10	0%
(7pm-10pm)	105	-	-
(10pm-7am)	95	-	-
Public Infrastructure	-	100	0%

Note 1: Does not apply until completion of Pollution Reduction Program on the EPL at the end of 2018. Applies to EPL criteria in the period for the Annual Return 3 Nov to 2 Nov the following year and to DPE criteria in the reporting period 1 Jul to 30 Jun each year.

Blasting Criteria (Block 7)

Location	Airblast Overpressure (dB(Lin Peak))	Ground Vibration (mm/s)	Allowable Exceedance (for production and development blasts)
Residence on privately owned land (7am-7pm)	115	3 (interim)	5% of the total number of blasts over a 12-month period ¹
(7am-7pm)	120	10	0%
(7pm-10pm)	105	-	-
(10pm-7am)	95	-	-
Broken Hill Bowling Club, Italio (Bocce) Club, Heritage Items within CML7	-	50	0%
Perilya Southern Operations	-	100	0%
Public Infrastructure	-	100	0%

Note 1: Applies to EPL criteria in the period for the Annual Return 3 Nov to 2 Nov the following year and to PA criteria in the reporting period 1 Jul to 30 Jun each year.

In addition the following conditions also apply:-

- Production blasts may occur between 6.45 am and 7.15 pm on any day
- 1 production blast per day, with 6 per week averaged over a calendar year
- 6 development blasts per day, with 42 per week averaged over a calendar year



Blasting Data Summary Results for March

Total Blasts:

- 0 production blasts occurred before 6.45 am or after 7.15 pm
- Production blasts averaged 4.8 per week over the previous calendar year
- Development blasts averaged 34.5 per week over the previous calendar year

Western Mineralisation and Main Lodes (excluding Block 7):

- 0 Blast recorded >5 mm/s
- 0 Blasts recorded >10 mm/s
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 95 dBL (10pm to 7am)
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 105 dBL (7pm to 10pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over 115dBL (7am to 7pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over or 120 dBL at any time
- Percentage of development blasts over 5 mm/sec = 0% (1 April 2017 until 31 March 2018)
- Percentage of production blasts over 5 mm/sec = 4.5% (1 April 2017 until 31 March 2018)

Rasp Mine is in compliance with all listed criteria.

Block 7:

- 0 Blasts recorded >3 mm/s
- 0 Blasts recorded >10 mm/s
- 0 Blasts recorded >50 mm/s at V6
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 95 dBL (10pm to 7am)
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 105 dBL (7pm to 10pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over 115 dBL (7am to 7pm)
- Percentage of development blasts over 3mm/sec = 0% (1 April 2017 to 31 March 2018)
- Percentage of production blasts over 3mm/sec = 6.9% (1 April 2017 to 31 March 2018) (criteria does not apply in this period as not a regulator reporting period)

There was no blasting in Block 7 during March. However, during the last 12 months 5 blasts in Block 7 have exceeded 3 mm/s - 3.54 (Sept), 3.07 (Dec), 3.1 (Dec), 3.1 (Jan) and 3.45 (Jan). Mining of Block 7 has now reduced and due to the decreasing number of blasts, the rolling 12 month average will continue to increase until the end of the year. All measures are taken to reduce the size of the production blasts.

2.2 Noise

Noise monitoring is undertaken as per the NSW Noise Policy for Industry at a frequency of once per annum. A noise assessment was conducted in November 2017, and is next due in Q4 2018.

3 Water

3.1 Groundwater

There are eighteen sampling locations for groundwater. GW01 (EPL37) to GW16 (EPL52) are piezometers installed at various locations around the mine site and are sampled quarterly. There are also two sampling locations for water pumped from underground mining, Shaft 7 (EPL53) and Kintore Pit (EPL54), which are sampled monthly. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Groundwater monitoring is scheduled for completion in March, June, September and January. No limits are applied in the EPL or PA to the results from groundwater monitoring.



Groundwater Monitoring Requirements

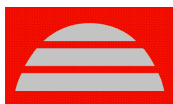
EPA Identification Number	Frequency	Parameters to be analysed
Shaft 7 EPL53	Monthly	alkalinity (calcium carbonate (CaCO ₃)), cadmium (Cd), calcium (Ca), chloride (Cl), electrical conductivity (EC), iron (Fe), lead Pb), magnesium (Mg), manganese (Mn), pH, sodium (Na), sulphate (SO ₄), total dissolved solids (TDS) and zinc (Zn)
Kintore Pit (U/G dewatering) EPL54	Monthly	
Piezometers EPL37 (GW01) to EPL52 (GW16)	Quarterly	

Shaft 7 (EPL53) and Kintore Pit (EPL54) Results for March

Sample Point	pH	EC (µS/cm ²)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinity (CaCO ₃) (mg/l)	SO ₄ (mg/l)	Cl (mg/l)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	K (mg/l)	Cd (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
Shaft 7 (EPL53)	6.56	12600	12600	1	4700	1680	565	317	1600	103	3.17	371	3.22	1060	0.05
Kintore Pit (EPL54)	6.39	12700	7710	1	5340	1710	550	300	1650	118	3.34	357	3.77	1070	0.05

Groundwater Bores (EPL37 - 52) Results for March

Sample Point	pH	EC (µS/cm ²)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinity (CaCO ₃) (mg/l)	SO ₄ (mg/l)	Cl (mg/l)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Cd (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	K (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
GW01 (EPL37)	5	10000	8790	1	5120	928	246	428	1430	44	0.164	0.079	302	230	0.05
GW02 (EPL38)	- Bore dry -														
GW03 (EPL39)	5.91	14600	12600	1	5230	2710	588	363	2170	95	1.49	3.11	273	252	0.05
GW04 (EPL40)	6.77	13900	11900	1	4890	2450	572	457	2300	48	0.405	0.453	99.9	38.1	0.05
GW05 (EPL41)	6.4	16600	16100	1	6690	2820	544	647	2470	33	1.16	2.83	342	294	0.05
GW06 (EPL42)	6.28	13400	12300	1	5570	2330	542	418	2000	33	0.867	0.062	286	189	0.05
GW07 (EPL43)	- Bore dry -														
GW08 (EPL44)	6.02	11600	8490	1	5100	1940	569	269	1310	21	1.89	0.664	564	665	0.05
GW09 (EPL45)	7.11	11200	9370	1	4300	1860	656	553	1280	70	0.23	0.005	12	22.2	0.05
GW10 (EPL46)	- Bore dry -														
GW11 (EPL47)	6.69	4420	3690	1	1990	391	298	127	564	42	0.0877	0.172	16.6	29.4	0.05
GW12 (EPL48)	- Bore dry -														
GW13 (EPL49)	- Bore dry -														
GW14 (EPL50)	- Bore dry -														



Sample Point	pH	EC ($\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}^2$)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinity (CaCO_3) (mg/l)	SO ₄ (mg/l)	Cl (mg/l)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Cd (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	K (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
GW15 (EPL51)									- Bore dry -						
GW16 (EPL52)									- Bore dry -						

3.2 Surface Water Sample Record

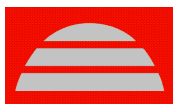
There are seven sampling locations for surface water, these include surface water basins located on the mine lease to capture and retain rainfall and two locations up and down stream of an ephemeral creek located south of the mine lease boundary. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Sampling is undertaken in October (highest rainfall month as recorded by Bureau of Meteorology) and April.

Surface Water Monitoring Requirements

Description	Frequency	Parameters to be Analysed
Federation Way Culvert EPL29/S31-1	2 x per year , six months apart	cadmium (Cd), chloride (Cl), electrical conductivity (EC), lead Pb), manganese (Mn), pH, sodium (Na), sulphate (SO ₄), total dissolved solids (TDS) and zinc (Zn)
Ryan Street Dam EPL31/S49	2 x per year , six months apart	
Adjacent Olive Grove EPL32/S1A	2 x per year , six months apart	
Adjacent Bowls Club EPL33 /S9-B2	2 x per year , six months apart	
Horwood Dam EPL34/Horwood Dam	2 x per year , six months apart	
Upstream Bonanza St EPL35	2 x per year , six months apart	
Downstream Sydney Rd EPL36	2 x per year , six months apart	

Surface Water Monitoring Results

Surface water sampling was not scheduled for March.



4 Weather Data

The weather station continuously monitors the following parameters as per point 55 of the Environmental Protection Licence.

The following parameters are required to be recorded each month as listed in the EPL 12559:-

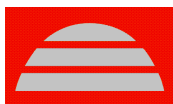
Rasp Mine Weather Station (EPL55) Monitoring Requirements

Parameter	Sampling method	Units of measure	Averaging period	Frequency
Temperature at 10 metres	AM-4	degrees Celsius	15 minutes	Continuous
Wind Direction at 10 metres	AM-4	degrees in a clockwise direction from True North	15 minutes	Continuous
Wind Speed at 10 metres	AM-4	metres per second	15 minutes	Continuous
Rainfall	AM-4	millimetres	1 hour	Continuous
Sigma theta	AM-2 & AM-4	degrees	15 minutes	Continuous

Note: The onsite weather station currently does not report Sigma theta.

Weather Data Summary for March

Date	Temperature @ 10m (°C)		Wind Speed @ 10m (m/s)		Predominant wind dir @ 10m (deg)		Rainfall
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Cardinal	Degree	
01-03-18	13.7	27.4	0.5	10.3	S	180	0
02-03-18	19.1	31.4	0.2	6.5	SSE	157	0
03-03-18	23.1	34.4	0.3	9.1	S	180	0
04-03-18	17.6	28.5	2.4	11.1	S	180	0
05-03-18	14.1	23.8	2.6	12.4	S	180	0
06-03-18	14.4	27.2	1.4	11.2	SSE	157	0
07-03-18	21.1	29.8	0.9	12.1	ESE	112	0
08-03-18	20.8	29.9	0.6	10.1	ESE	112	0
09-03-18	21.2	30.4	0.5	9	ESE	112	0
10-03-18	23.2	32.3	0.2	7.6	ENE	67	0
11-03-18	23.8	33.1	0.2	11.6	ENE	67	0
12-03-18	16.5	26.5	2.4	13	S	180	0
13-03-18	13.7	24.2	2.1	11	S	180	0
14-03-18	13.1	25.8	0.2	7.4	SSW	202	0
15-03-18	14.8	27.5	0.2	7.9	S	180	0
16-03-18	17.2	31.5	0.3	9.4	SSE	157	0
17-03-18	22.2	36.6	1	13.5	N	1	0
18-03-18	19.2	32.6	1.3	10.9	SW	224	0
19-03-18	12.9	25.8	0.3	8.8	S	180	0
20-03-18	15.4	24.3	1.7	12.7	S	180	0
21-03-18	13.2	25.7	0.8	10.3	S	180	0
22-03-18	20	28.2	0.7	10.5	E	90	0
23-03-18	18.4	30.7	0.2	8.7	ENE	67	0
24-03-18	22.3	32.5	0.5	9.9	N	1	0
25-03-18	17.7	28.5	0.7	10.2	SW	224	0
26-03-18	11.9	19	1	12.3	SSE	157	0
27-03-18	13.6	26.5	0.1	6.9	E	90	0
28-03-18	19.5	32.8	0.2	6.9	NNW	337	0



29-03-18	16.1	28.1	0.9	9.6	S	180	0
30-03-18	12.8	25.2	0.9	9.2	SSE	157	0
31-03-18	14	28	0.4	5.9	SSE	157	0

5 Data Log

Sample	Result Received
Hi Volume Samples	27-04-2018
TEOM	02-03-2018
Dust Deposition	22-05-2018
Vents & Bag House	26-04-2018
Water	14-03-2018
Blast vibration and overpressure	02-03-2018
Weather	02-03-2018
Date posted to web site	08-06-2018

6 Correction Log

There are no corrections to the previous reports.