

Rasp Mine Monthly Environmental Monitoring Report September 2020



INTRODUCTION

Broken Hill Operations Pty Ltd (BHOP) [a wholly owned subsidiary of CBH Resources Limited (CBH)] owns and operates the Rasp Mine (the Mine), which is located centrally within the City of Broken Hill on Consolidated Mine Lease 7 (CML7).

Mining has been undertaken within CML7 since 1885. The existing operations at the Rasp Mine include underground mining operations, a processing plant producing zinc and lead concentrates and a rail siding for concentrate dispatch. These operations are undertaken in accordance with Project Approval 07_0018 granted 31 January 2011, under Part3A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (EP&A Act).

As the holder of an Environmental Protection Licence, 12559, BHOP is required, under Section 66(6) of the NSW *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997*, to publish pollution monitoring data. In addition BHOP is required to publish data in accordance with its Project Approval 07_0018 Schedule 4 Condition 9. These documents can be found on the Rasp Mine web site.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	AIR	R QUALITY	3
	1.1	HIGH VOLUME AIR SAMPLERS	3
	1.2	TAPERED ELEMENT OSCILLATING MICROBALANCE SAMPLING (TEOM)	7
	1.3	DUST DEPOSITION SAMPLING	10
	1.4	VENTILATION OUTLETS AND BAG HOUSE MONITORING	12
2	NO	DISE	13
	2.1	Blasting (Vibration and Overpressure)	13
	2.2	Noise	14
3	WA	ATER	15
	3.1	Groundwater	
	3.2	Surface Water Sample Record	16
4	WE	EATHER DATA	18
5	DA	ATA LOG	20
6	CO	DRRECTION LOG	20



1 Air Quality

The following criteria as listed in the Project Approval (DA 07_0018 MOD7 July 2019) apply to air quality monitoring:

Long Term Criteria for Particulate Matter

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Criterion
Total solid particles (TSP)	Annual	90 μg/m³
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM ₁₀)	Annual	25 μg/m³

Short Term Criterion for Particulate Matter

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Criterion
Particulate matter < 10 µm (PM ₁₀)	24 hour	50 μg/m³

Long Term Criteria for Deposited Dust

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Project Contribution	Maximum Total Deposited Dust Level	
Deposited dust	Annual	2 g/m ² /month	4 g/m ² /month	

1.1 High Volume Air Samplers

There are four high volume air samplers used to measure ambient air quality at the Rasp Mine – HVAS (EPL10) and HVAS1 (EPL11) are located at the Silver Tank, central and to the south of the mine lease, and HVAS2 (EPL12) and HVAS3 (EPL57) are located adjacent to and north of Blackwood Pit. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. HVAS and HVAS3 sample for total suspended particulates (TSP) and lead dust, and HVAS1 and HVAS2 sample for particulate matter less than 10 microns (PM₁₀) and lead dust.

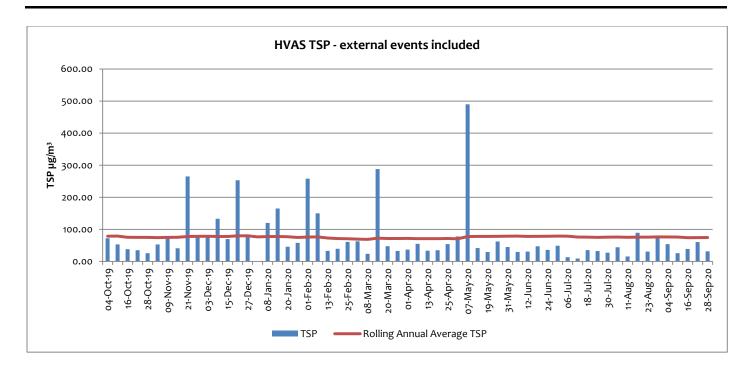
HVAS (EPL10) - Silver Tank (On Site) Results for September

DATE	TSP (μg/m³)	Lead (μg/m³)
4-09-2020	54.10	0.28
10-09-2020	25.80	0.12
16-09-2020	39.10	0.38
22-09-2020	60.40	0.33
28-09-2020	31.60	0.15

HVAS (EPL10) is located on the southern boundary of Rasp Mine and while limit criteria do not apply at this point, they do apply at the closest residential location.

There were elevated TSP levels on 4 and 22 September. Heavy winds came from multiple directions on each of these dates so contribution from site activities is difficult to determine. The annual rolling average for TSP at this location is $74.49 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ at the end of September.

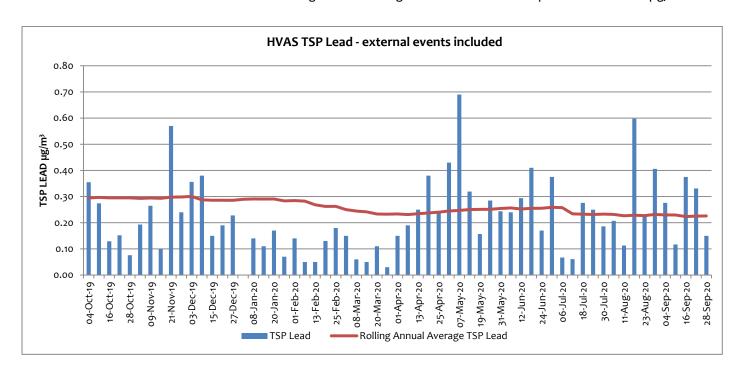




The rolling annual average for TSP to September 2020 is below the long term annual average criteria of 90 μ g/m³. The annual rolling average for TSP is determined using data with extreme dust events included.

Dust is controlled on site using the application of dust suppressant on free (unused) areas and side tracks, and from the frequent watering of haul roads.

There were elevated TSP Lead levels on 16 and 22 September when the predominant wind directions were from the NE and West, respectively. Heavy winds came from multiple directions on each of these dates so contribution from site activities is difficult to determine. The rolling annual average for TSP Lead at 28 September was $0.23 \, \mu g/m^3$.



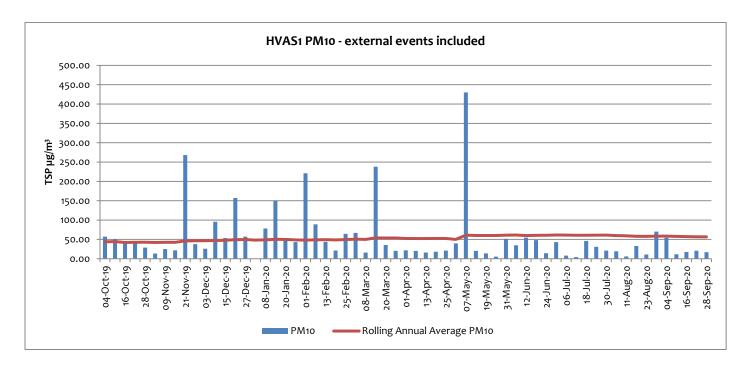


HVAS1 (EPL11) - Silver Tank (On Site) Results for September

DATE	PM ₁₀ (μg/m³)	PM ₁₀ Lead (μg/m³)
4-09-2020	54.20	0.24
10-09-2020	11.70	0.04
16-09-2020	17.50	0.13
22-09-2020	20.70	0.07
28-09-2020	16.90	0.08

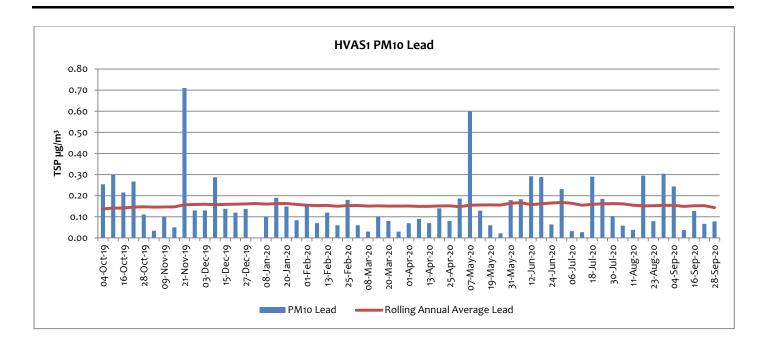
HVAS1 (EPL11) is located on the southern boundary of Rasp Mine and while limit criteria do not apply at this point, they do apply at the closest residential location.

There were elevated PM_{10} levels on 4 September when the predominant wind direction was from the West. Site road traffic is the likely source of dust from this direction although water carts frequently apply water to regularly used surface roads. The annual rolling average for PM_{10} at this location is 56.6 μ g/m³ at September 2020. While the annual rolling average for PM_{10} at this location exceeds the long term criteria of 25 μ g/m³, the reported data may include dust levels influenced by extreme dust events, and external events or sources due to the variability of wind directions on any day.



There is no guideline for assessing PM_{10} lead dust; the rolling annual average for PM_{10} lead dust at this location over 12 months is 0.14 $\mu g/m^3$ and is likely the result of drought conditions and windy weather transporting lead contaminated dust from the Broken Hill environs. There were elevated PM_{10} lead dust levels of 0.13 $\mu g/m^3$ on 16 September when the predominant wind direction was from the West.





HVAS 2 (EPL12) - Blackwood Pit (On Site) Results for September

HVAS2 (EPL12) is located on the northern boundary of Rasp Mine and while limit criteria do not apply at this point, they do apply at the closest residential location. HVAS2 has been decommissioned since June 2019 while Embankment 2 TSF2 construction works are undertaken. A real-time PM_{10} monitor is in place adjacent to the HVAS2 location.

HVAS 3 (EPL57) - Blackwood Pit (On Site) Results for September

HVAS3 (EPL57) is located on the northern boundary of Rasp Mine and while limit criteria do not apply at this point, they do apply at the closest residential location. HVAS3 (EPL57) was included in EPL 12559 on 14 March 2019 to provide for monitoring of TSP Dust on the northern boundary of the site at Blackwoods Pit TSF2. HVAS3 has been decommissioned since June 2019 while Embankment 2 TSF2 construction works are undertaken. A real-time PM10 monitor is in place adjacent to the HVAS2 location.



1.2 Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance Sampling (TEOM)

There are two Tapered Element Oscillating Microbalance (TEOM) sampling units used to measure ambient air quality at the Rasp Mine – TEOM1 (EPL13) is located off-site within the perimeter fence of Essential Water south of the mine lease, and TEOM2 (EPL14) is located on-site adjacent to Blackwood Pit to the north of the mine lease. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. TEOM1 and TEOM2 operate continuously and sample for particulate matter less than 10 microns (PM₁₀) in size.

TEOM2 was decommissioned from 19 June due to Embankment 2 TSF2 construction works. The decommissioning is in accordance with dust management strategies agreed with the EPA which includes the operation of a real-time PM10 monitor north of the construction works. Both Project Approval and Environment Protection Licence criteria exclude dust storms and other extraordinary events.

Project Approval 07_0018 criteria apply at TEOM1 and TEOM2, with two criteria listed for PM10, a 24 hour average criteria of 50 ug/m³ and an annual average criteria of 25 ug/m³.

TEOM data is validated by third party consultants using Australian Standards and internal procedures, and is used to populate the table of TEOM monthly data provided below.



TEOM1 (EPL13) (Off Site) and TEOM2 (EPL14) (On Site) Validated Results for September

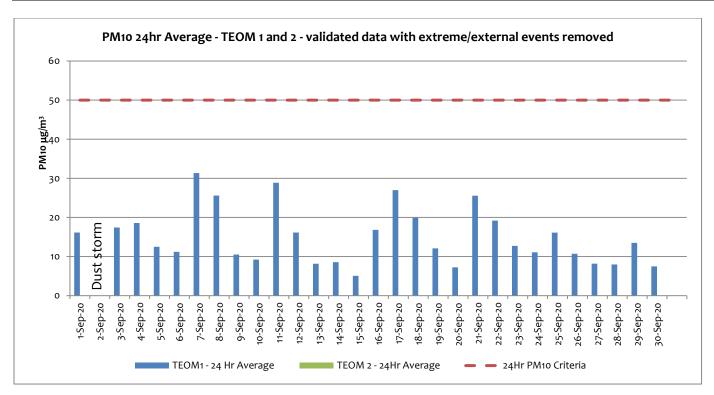
Date	TEOM 1 (μg/m³)	Compliant with 50µg/m³ 24hr average?	TEOM 2 (μg/m³)	Compliant with 50µg/m³ 24hr average?
01-Sep-20	10.8	Υ	NS	Υ
02-Sep-20	9.7	Υ	NS	Υ
03-Sep-20	11.6	Υ	NS	Υ
04-Sep-20	11.6	Υ	NS	Υ
05-Sep-20	7.3	Υ	NS	Υ
06-Sep-20	21.4	Υ	NS	Υ
07-Sep-20	2.1	Υ	NS	Υ
08-Sep-20	3.8	Υ	NS	Υ
09-Sep-20	4.4	Υ	NS	Υ
10-Sep-20	5.3	Υ	NS	Υ
11-Sep-20	7.4	Υ	NS	Υ
12-Sep-20	10.3	Υ	NS	Υ
13-Sep-20	8.3	Υ	NS	Υ
14-Sep-20	5.8	Υ	NS	Υ
15-Sep-20	5.8	Υ	NS	Υ
16-Sep-20	6.0	Υ	NS	Υ
17-Sep-20	11.4	Υ	NS	Υ
18-Sep-20	22.7	Υ	NS	Υ
19-Sep-20	16.4	Υ	NS	Υ
20-Sep-20	9.5	Υ	NS	Υ
21-Sep-20	21.4	Υ	NS	Υ
22-Sep-20	15.5	Υ	NS	Υ
23-Sep-20	8.8	Υ	NS	Υ
24-Sep-20	7.0	Υ	NS	Υ
25-Sep-20	6.2	Υ	NS	Υ
26-Sep-20	7.7	Υ	NS	Υ
27-Sep-20	7.1	Υ	NS	Υ
28-Sep-20	8.5	Υ	NS	Υ
29-Sep-20	13.2	Υ	NS	Υ
30-Sep-20	34.6	Υ	NS	Υ

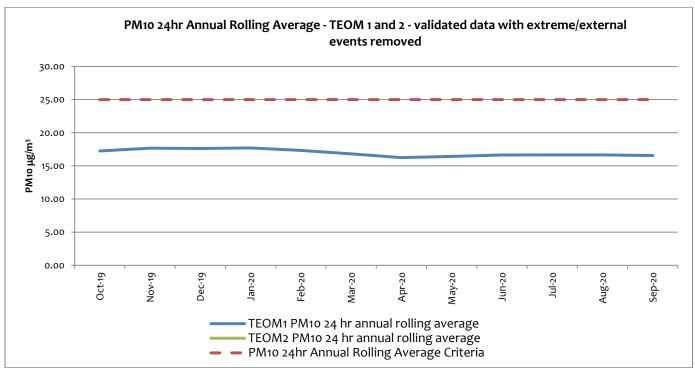
NS¹ – no sample collected due to temporary decommissioning of TEOM unit.

There was a dust storm in Broken Hill for much of the day on 2 September and the 24-hour average level for the day has been calculated without the levels recorded during the dust storm.

The PM_{10} 24-hour rolling annual average for data with external elevated dust events removed at September 2020 is 16.5 $\mu g/m^3$ for TEOM1. The PM_{10} 24-hour rolling annual average for both TEOM sites remain below the annual average criteria of 25 $\mu g/m^3$.









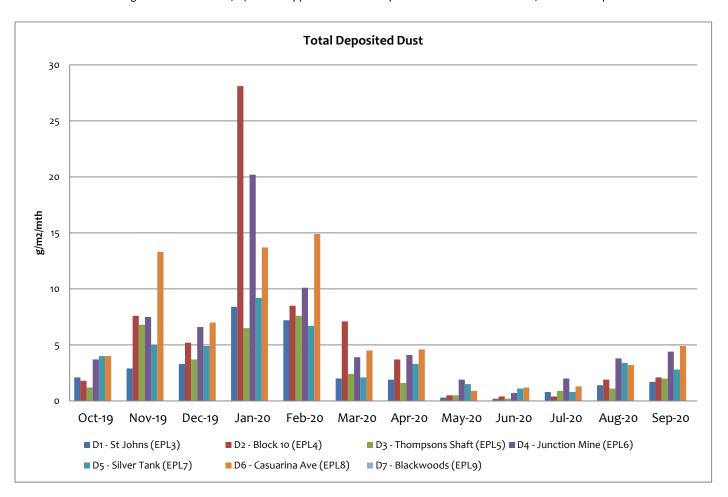
1.3 Dust Deposition Sampling

There are seven dust deposition gauges to measure ambient air quality at the Rasp Mine – D1 to D7. D1 and D6 are located off-site, D1 near the St Johns training facility north of the Rasp Mine and D6 in Casuarina Avenue south of the Rasp Mine. D2 to D5 and D7 are located on the mine lease in various locations. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Dust samples are collected monthly and analysed for total deposited dust and deposited lead dust. DDG7 has been decommissioned since June 2019 due to works on TSF Embankment 2.

Dust Deposition Gauges D1 (EPL3) to D7 (EPL9) – Results for September

Total Deposited Dust (g/m²/Month)							
Sample Period	D1 (off site)	D2 (on site)	D3 (on site)	D4 (on site)	D5 (on site)	D6 (off site)	D7 (on site)
September 2020	1.7	2.1	2.0	4.4	2.8	4.9	NS
Background (2010)	4.0	3.1	4.3	5.7	-1	5.8	-1
Compliant?	Υ	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Υ	N/A

Note: "1"= background not available, N/A = not applicable as dust deposition unit is located on site, NS = No sample

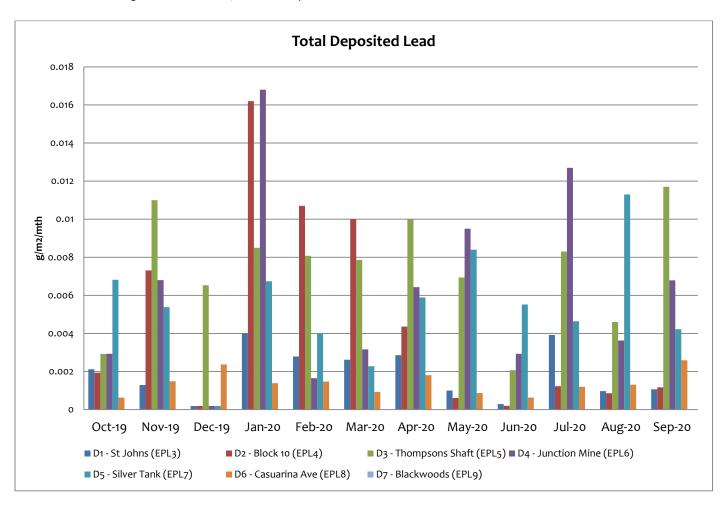


The dust levels recorded in Dust Gauges in September were elevated compared to previous months which is due to high winds and a dust storms which is to be expected at this time of year. The wind directions for September were highly variable as shown in the Wind Rose in Section 4. The highest dust levels were recorded in the D4 Junction Mine and D6 Casuarina Avenue gauges. The D6 Casuarina Avenue gauge is a control site reflecting regional dust

levels and community activity. Dust results at D4 Junction Mine in September were below the 2010 background levels and likely from a number of sources such as local traffic and nearby properties.

Total Deposited Lead (g/m ^{2/} Month)							
Sample Period	D1 (off Site)	D2 (on site)	D3 (on site)	D4 (on site)	D5 (on site)	D6 (off Site)	D7 (on site)
September 2020	0.00107	0.00117	0.0117	0.007	0.00422	0.00259	NS
Background (2010)	0.0034	0.005	0.005	0.006	-1	0.004	-1

Note: "1" = background not available, NS = No sample



There are no guidelines for deposited lead dust. Lead results in September were highest in the D3 Thompsons Shaft and D4 Junction Mine gauges. The wind directions for September were highly variable but mainly from the South and West. Increased vehicle traffic at the Junction Mine and activities around the Rail Loadout area may account for increased dust and Lead levels at these location. Lead levels recorded at D3 Thompsons Shaft and D4 Junction Mine were higher than 2010 background levels.

Dust suppressant is applied to unsealed areas of the site and roads are frequently watered using water carts in an attempt to control dust emissions.



1.4 Ventilation Outlets and Bag House Monitoring

There are two locations to measure pollutants from exhausts or stacks; these include the Primary Ventilation Shaft, measuring pollutants from underground firings, and the Baghouse Stack at the crusher measuring dust. Each are located on site; the Primary Ventilation Shaft is located centrally and to the north of the mine lease and the Primary Crusher Baghouse Stack is located within the area of the processing plant to the east of the lease. Shaft 6 (EPL56) was removed as a monitoring location with the variation of EPL12559 in March 2019 as it became an intake rather than an exhaust in April 2018. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Samples are collected quarterly and analysed for a number parameters listed in below. Reference to the item required in the Rasp Mine Environment Protection Licence (EPL) is provided below. Emissions monitoring is conducted quarterly.

The following criteria apply:

Primary Ventilation Shaft (EPL1)

	Unit	Criteria
Nitrogen Oxides	mg/m ³	350
Volatile Organic Compounds	mg/m ³	40

Primary Ventilation Shaft (EPL1) and Crusher Baghouse (EPL2)

	Unit	Criteria
Total Suspended particles	mg/m ³	20
Type 1 and Type 2 ¹	mg/m ³	1

Note 1: "Type 1 substance" means the elements antimony, arsenic, cadmium, lead or mercury or any compound containing one or more of those elements.

Primary Vent Shaft (EPL1) and Crusher Baghouse (EPL2) Results for September

Monitoring of the Primary Bent Shaft (EPL1) and the Crusher Baghouse (EPL2) emissions is conducted on a quarterly basis and was last conducted on 16 June 2020. The next round of monitoring is expected to be conducted in November due to border closure and limitations on site access for contractors due to COVID-19 control measures. The measured results from this monitoring event were below the licence criteria.

[&]quot;Type 2 substance" means the elements beryllium, chromium, cobalt, manganese, nickel, selenium, tin or vanadium or any compound containing one or more of those elements.



2 Noise

2.1 Blasting (Vibration and Overpressure)

There are 6 vibration monitors at various locations to measure for vibration and overpressure from blast firings. These include V1 to V5 which are located off-site and V6 which is located on-site near Shaft 4. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. In addition, there are a number of roving monitors which may be used to monitor vibration and overpressure at particular locations as required. Monitors operate continuously and are automatically triggered to record when a blast occurs. The following conditions apply as listed in the PA 07_0018 and EPL 12559:-

Blasting Criteria (Western Mineralisation and Main Lodes excluding Block 7)

Location	Airblast Overpressure (dB(Lin Peak))	Ground Vibration (mm/s)	Allowable Exceedance (for production and development blasts)
Residence on privately		5	5% of the total number
owned land	115		of blasts over a 12-month
(7am-7pm)			period ¹
(7am-7pm)	120	10	0%
(7pm-10pm)	105	-	-
(10pm-7am)	95	-	-
Public Infrastructure	-	100	0%

Note 1: Does not apply until completion of Pollution Reduction Program on the EPL at the end of 2018. Applies to EPL criteria in the period for the Annual Return 3 Nov to 2 Nov the following year and to DPE criteria in the reporting period 1 Jul to 30 Jun each year.

Blasting Criteria (Block 7)

Location	Airblast Overpressure (dB(Lin Peak)	Ground Vibration (mm/s)	Allowable Exceedance (for production and development blasts)
Residence on privately		3 (interim)	5% of the total number of
owned land	115		blasts over a 12-month period ¹
(7am-7pm)			
(7am-7pm)	120	10	0%
(7pm-10pm)	105	=	-
(10pm-7am)	95	=	-
Broken Hill Bowling Club, Italio (Bocce) Club, Heritage Items within CML7	-	50	0%
Perilya Southern	-	100	00/
Operations Public Infrastructure		100	0%
Public infrastructure	-	100	0%

Note 1: Applies to EPL criteria in the period for the Annual Return 3 Nov to 2 Nov the following year and to DPE criteria in the reporting period 1 Jul to 30 Jun each year.

In addition the following conditions also apply:-

- Production blasts may occur between 6.45 am and 7.15 pm on any day
- 1 production blast per day, with 6 per week averaged over a calendar year
- 6 development blasts per day, with 42 per week averaged over a calendar year



Blasting Data Summary Results for September

Total Blasts:

- 0 production blasts occurred before 6.45 am or after 7.15 pm
- The number of Production blasts averaged 3.62 per week over the previous calendar year
- The number of Development blasts averaged 33.46 per week over the previous calendar year

Western Mineralisation and Main Lodes (excluding Block 7):

- 0 Blasts recorded >5 mm/s
- 0 Blasts recorded >10 mm/s
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 95 dBL (10pm to 7am)
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 105 dBL (7pm to 10pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over 115dBL (7am to 7pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over or 120 dBL at any time
- Percentage of development blasts over 5 mm/sec for the annual period = 0%
- Percentage of production blasts over 5 mm/sec for the annual period = 4.8%

Block 7:

- 0 Blasts recorded >3 mm/s
- 0 Blasts recorded >10 mm/s
- 0 Blasts recorded >50 mm/s at V6
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 95 dBL (10pm to 7am)
- 0 development blasts recorded an over pressure level over 105 dBL (7pm to 10pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over 115 dBL (7am to 7pm)
- 0 Blasts recorded an over pressure level over or 120 dBL at any time
- Percentage of development blasts over 3mm/sec for the annual period = 0%
- Percentage of production blasts over 3mm/sec for the annual period = 0%

The percentage of production blasts over 5 mm/sec in the Western Mineralisation and Main Lodes for the 12-month period is below the licence limit of 5%.

The percentage of production blasts over 3 mm/sec in Block 7 for the 12-month period is below the licence limit of 5%. There have been two production blasts in Block 7 in the previous 12 months and vibration from both blasts was below 3mm/s at compliance monitors.

2.2 Noise

Noise monitoring is undertaken as per the NSW Noise Policy for Industry at a frequency of once per annum. Annual noise monitoring was last conducted in October 2019.

The monitoring assessment found that site LAeq, 15min noise contributions satisfied the relevant limits during the measurements at all assessment locations.



3 Water

3.1 Groundwater

There are eighteen sampling locations for groundwater. GW01 (EPL37) to GW16 (EPL52) are piezometers installed at various locations around the mine site and are sampled quarterly. There are also two sampling locations for water pumped from underground mining, Shaft 7 (EPL53) and Kintore Pit (EPL54), which are sampled monthly. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Groundwater monitoring is scheduled for completion in March, June, September and January. No limits are applied in the EPL to the results from groundwater monitoring.

EC results were lower than normal for Shaft 7 and Kintore in September and the trend will be monitored for ongoing variance. Rainfall in September is not the likely reason as EC levels were also lower than normal in August.

A drop in EC levels in GW11 is consistent with long-term levels and likely the result of increasing tailings levels in TSF2 sealing any shafts and cracks in the pit wall that would normally allow tailings waters to leach to the water table monitored by GW11.

Groundwater Monitoring Requirements

EPA Identification Number	Frequency	Parameters to be analysed
Shaft 7 EPL53	Monthly	alkalinity (calcium carbonate (CaCO ₃)), cadmium (Cd), calcium (Ca),
Kintore Pit (U/G dewatering) EPL54	Monthly	chloride (CI), electrical conductivity (EC), iron (Fe), lead Pb), magnesium (Mg), manganese (Mn), pH, sodium (Na), sulphate
Piezometers EPL37 (GW01) to EPL52 (GW16)	Quarterly	(SO4), total dissolved solids (TDS) and zinc (Zn)

Shaft 7 (EPL53) and Kintore Pit (EPL54) Results for September

Sample Point	рН	EC (μS/cm²)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinity (CaCO ₃) (mg/l)	SO4 (mg/l)	CI (mg/I)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	Cd (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
Shaft 7 (EPL53)	6.63	9700	13400	3	4540	1690	493	268	1670	4.63	1.37	349	1260	<0.05
Kintore Pit (EPL54)	6.46	9560	13700	4	4480	1680	493	275	1690	4.65	2.31	346	1250	<0.05

Groundwater Bores (EPL37 - EPL52) Results for September

Sample Point	рН	EC (μS/cm²)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinity (CaCO ₃) (mg/l)	SO4 (mg/l)	CI (mg/I)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	Cd (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
GW01 (EPL37)							-Bore	Dry-						
GW02 (EPL38)							-Bore	Dry-						
GW03 (EPL39)	5.39	14700	12600	<1	4300	2910	489	337	2120	0.972	2.47	247	203	<0.05



Sample Point	рН	EC (μS/cm²)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinity (CaCO ₃) (mg/l)	SO4 (mg/l)	CI (mg/I)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Na (mg/l)	Cd (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
GW04 (EPL40)	6.49	13900	11700	200	4270	2650	491	457	2100	0.125	0.001	62.1	28.1	<0.05
GW05 (EPL41	5.69	16000	15300	93	5920	2690	450	594	2430	0.72	0.222	319	257	<0.05
GW06 (EPL42)	5.82	13800	12600	61	4600	2640	464	433	2010	0.832	0.11	256	165	<0.05
GW07 (EPL43)	6.92	12100	11100	39	4090	1850	469	296	1700	2.04	0.111	232	258	<0.05
GW08 (EPL44)	5.59	14000	13900	34	4780	2730	472	331	1940	1.2	1.21	531	558	<0.05
GW09 (EPL45)	6.12	11600	10500	72	4110	1780	545	505	1400	1.45	0.007	105	154	<0.05
GW10 (EPL46)	6.46	13900	11700	315	4040	2780	508	502	2060	0.135	<0.001	3.99	18.4	<0.05
GW11 (EPL47)	6.56	5860	4930	92	2400	643	328	187	736	0.0829	0.037	31.4	43.1	<0.05
GW12 (EPL48)	5.68	13100	12200	80	4790	1760	416	543	1970	1.43	0.003	80.5	155	<0.05
GW13 (EPL49)							-Bore	Dry-						
GW14 (EPL50)							-Bore	Dry-						
GW15 (EPL51)	_		_		_	_	-Bore Dry-							
GW16 (EPL52)							-Bore	Dry-						

3.2 Surface Water Sample Record

There are seven sampling locations for surface water, these include surface water basins located on the mine lease to capture and retain rainfall and two locations up and down stream of an ephemeral creek located south of the mine lease boundary. A map indicating these locations can be found on the Rasp Mine web site. Sampling is expected to be undertaken in October (highest rainfall month as recorded by Bureau of Meteorology) and April.

Surface Water Monitoring Requirements

Description	Frequency	Parameters to be Analysed
Federation Way Culvert EPL29/S31-1	2 x per year, six months apart	
Ryan Street Dam EPL31/S49	2 x per year, six months apart	cadmium (Cd), chloride (Cl), electrical
Adjacent Olive Grove EPL32/S1A	2 x per year, six months apart	conductivity (EC), lead Pb), manganese
Adjacent Bowls Club EPL33 /S9-B2	2 x per year, six months apart	(Mn), pH, sodium (Na), sulphate (SO4), total dissolved solids (TDS) and zinc (Zn)
Horwood Dam EPL34/S34	2 x per year, six months apart	
Upstream Bonanza St EPL35	2 x per year, six months apart	
Downstream Sydney Rd EPL36	2 x per year, six months apart	



Surface Water Monitoring Results for September

Sample Point	рН	EC (μS/c m²)	TDS (mg/l)	Alkalinit y (CaCO ₃) (mg/l)	SO4 (mg/l)	Cl (mg/l)	Ca (mg/l)	Mg (mg/l)	Na (mg /I)	Cd (mg/l)	Pb (mg/l)	Mn (mg/l)	Zn (mg/l)	Fe (mg/l)
S9B-2 (EPL 33)	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry	Dry
S31-1 (EPL 29)	5.93	2460	3110	<1	1600	44	172	25	58	4.83	1.64	146	533	<0.05
S1A (EPL 32)	6.83	386	374	17	150	20	43	6	18	0.0796	0.581	3.5	11.3	<0.05
Upstream (EPL 35)	6.68	646	500	45	211	42	72	11	45	0.0103	0.014	0.322	1.6	<0.05
Downstream (EPL 36)	7.43	303	262	64	30	38	17	4	43	0.0001	<0.001	<0.001	0.008	<0.05
S49 (EPL 31)	6.31	537	444	6	244	6	59	6	9	537	444	6	244	6
Horwood Dam (EPL 34)	6.38	6260	6510	6	3010	1190	375	212	1020	3.49	2.07	130	166	<0.05

On 18 and 19 September, 31.3 mm of rain fell and samples were collected from surface water structures on 20 and 21 September. No standing water was available for sampling from the S9B-2 (EPL 33) sediment pond.

The results were consistent with those of past samples.



4 Weather Data

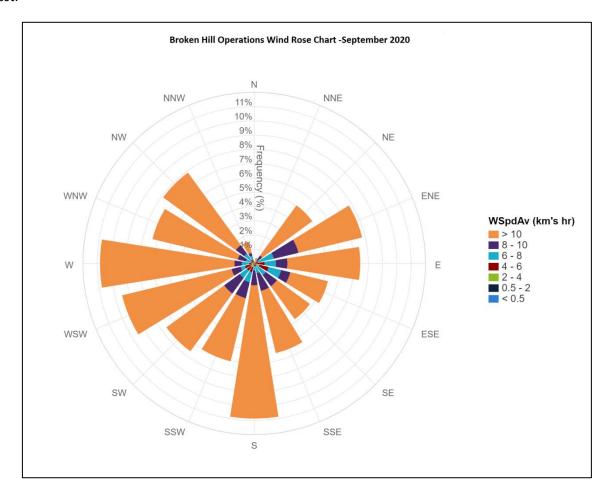
The weather station continuously monitors the following parameters as per Point 55 of the Environmental Protection Licence.

The following parameters are required to be recorded each month as listed in the EPL 12559:-

Rasp Mine Weather Station (EPL55) Monitoring Requirements

Parameter	Sampling method	Units of measure	Averaging period	Frequency	
Temperature at 10 metres	AM-4	degrees Celsius	15 minutes	Continuous	
Wind Direction at 10 metres	AM-4	degrees in a clockwise direction from True North	15 minutes	Continuous	
Wind Speed at 10 metres	AM-4	metres per second	15 minutes	Continuous	
Rainfall	AM-4	millimetres	1 hour	Continuous	
Sigma theta	AM-2 & AM-4	degrees	15 minutes	Continuous	

The windrose provided below indicates the main wind directions for the month of September were from the South and West.





Weather Data Summary for September

Date	Temperature @ 10m (°C)			Speed (km/hr)	Predomina Direction		Rainfall (mm)
_	Min	Max	Min	Max	Cardinal	Degree	Total
01-Sep-20	7.2	18.8	4.0	31.7	SE	135	0.00
02-Sep-20	15.7	27.0	3.3	48.4	SSW	203	0.00
03-Sep-20	12.7	21.8	4.7	20.4	South	180	0.00
04-Sep-20	10.6	19.2	1.9	26.5	West	268	0.00
05-Sep-20	13.1	20.4	0.8	17.5	SSW	200	0.00
06-Sep-20	13.3	23.1	5.4	21.1	NNE	26	0.00
07-Sep-20	13.8	25.6	7.8	32.7	NNE	22	0.00
08-Sep-20	15.4	30.3	5.5	34.2	South	181	0.00
09-Sep-20	11.7	16.9	4.6	28.0	SSE	158	0.00
10-Sep-20	10.4	22.8	4.8	23.7	ESE	113	0.00
11-Sep-20	13.8	23.0	5.1	39.6	NE	44	0.00
12-Sep-20	14.6	25.3	7.7	38.9	South	181	0.00
13-Sep-20	12.1	21.0	7.1	30.7	SSE	162	0.00
14-Sep-20	8.6	19.3	9.7	30.6	SSE	158	0.00
15-Sep-20	8.5	21.1	2.5	22.8	ESE	113	0.00
16-Sep-20	15.8	27.4	3.9	29.4	NE	45	0.00
17-Sep-20	19.9	30.0	3.0	34.2	SSW	201	0.00
18-Sep-20	17.6	28.5	3.0	32.1	ENE	70	1.90
19-Sep-20	12.3	17.9	3.4	60.2	NE	44	29.40
20-Sep-20	14.1	23.0	5.6	32.8	SE	136	0.00
21-Sep-20	13.1	20.7	5.9	27.2	WNW	294	0.00
22-Sep-20	11.2	17.9	5.2	38.9	West	271	0.00
23-Sep-20	9.3	16.8	6.2	33.1	WSW	246	0.00
24-Sep-20	8.0	15.2	1.5	33.4	NW	312	0.00
25-Sep-20	6.0	12.0	8.0	39.5	WSW	245	0.40
26-Sep-20	5.2	14.1	4.1	22.6	SSW	204	0.00
27-Sep-20	6.3	15.4	4.1	14.7	SE	137	0.00
28-Sep-20	9.1	18.4	5.2	23.3	ENE	66	0.00
29-Sep-20	11.9	21.4	5.4	28.4	NE	45	2.40
30-Sep-20	12.5	20.2	1.7	26.3	West	265	0.00



5 Data Log

Sample	Result Received
Hi Volume Samples	26-10-2020
ТЕОМ	28-10-2020
Dust Deposition	2-11-2020
Vents & Bag House	24-07-2020
Water	15-10-2020
Blast vibration and overpressure	1-10-2020
Weather	1-10-2020
Date posted to web site	20-11-2020

6 Correction Log

No corrections.