

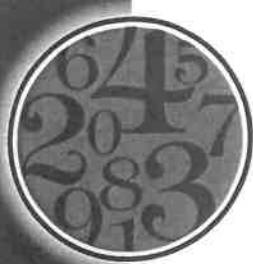
**DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
DOLAND, SOUTH DAKOTA
AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE YEAR THEN ENDED
JUNE 30, 2025**

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CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Independent Auditor's Report

School Board
Doland School District No. 56-2
Spink County, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Doland School District No. 56-2, South Dakota (School District) as of June 30, 2025, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 20, 2026.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, items 2025-001, 2025-002, and 2025-003 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • bauer@cahillbauer.com

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Doland School District No. 56-2's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Cahill Bauer

Mobridge, South Dakota
January 20, 2026

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2025

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Finding Number 2024-001:

Internal control over financial reporting and compliance is not adequate.

Current Status

Condition still exists, see current audit finding number 2025-001.

Finding Number 2024-002:

The District's internal control structure does not provide for identifying material misstatements.

Current Status

Conditions still exist, see current audit finding number 2025-002.

Finding Number 2024-003:

The District's internal control structure does not provide for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Current Status

Conditions still exist, see current audit finding number 2025-003.

Finding Number 2024-004:

The District's internal control structure did not ensure that a full account of the unapproved proceedings of each board meeting was published within 20 days after each meeting in accordance with SDCL 13-8-35.

Current Status

This finding has been corrected.

Finding Number 2024-005:

The District's internal control structure should ensure that payroll items are properly setup to correctly calculate payroll and payroll deductions.

Current Status

This finding has been corrected.

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2025

CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Finding Number 2025-001:

Criteria

The internal control system of a School can help assist in achieving its performance targets and prevent the loss of resources. It helps to ensure reliable financial reporting and the compliance with laws and regulations.

Condition Found

The School District has a limited number of office personnel, and accordingly, does not have adequate internal controls in revenue, expenditures, and payroll functions because of a lack of segregation duties.

Identification of Repeat Finding

This is the 4th consecutive audit report in which this finding has appeared.

Cause and Effect

This condition increases the risk that fraud or errors might occur in the financial reporting process.

Recommendation

We recommend a high level of awareness be maintained by management to assist in preventing, detecting, or correcting matters that may arise due to this internal control weakness. Compensating controls should be implemented as necessary.

Views of Responsible Officials

The business manager, Shelly Wipf, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School District is continuing its work in correcting this deficiency.

Finding Number 2025-002:

Criteria

While conducting our audit, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified as a result of the School District's existing internal controls, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements.

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2025

Condition Found

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the recording of all necessary material adjustments in order to ensure that accounting records are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Identification of Repeat Finding

This is the 4th consecutive audit report in which this finding has appeared.

Cause and Effect

This condition may affect the School District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial statement data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost and other considerations.

Views of Responsible Officials

The business manager, Shelly Wipf, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School District is continuing its work in correcting this deficiency.

Finding Number 2025-003:

Criteria

An organization's internal control structure should provide for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Condition Found

The School does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial statements being audited, including required footnotes and disclosures, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. As auditors, we were requested to draft the financial statements.

Identification of Repeat Finding

This is the 4th consecutive audit report in which this finding has appeared.

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS
JUNE 30, 2025

Cause and Effect

This condition may affect the School's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Recommendation

It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Views of Responsible Officials

The business manager, Shelly Wipf, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. The School District is continuing its work in correcting this deficiency.



CAHILL BAUER & ASSOCIATES, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

School Board
Doland School District No. 56-2
Spink County, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Doland School District No. 56-2, as of June 30, 2025 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Doland School District No. 56-2 as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Jason W. Bauer, CPA, CGMA, PFS • bauer@cahillbauer.com

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* , we:

1. exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
2. identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
3. obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
4. evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
5. conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District Contributions, and the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 20, 2026 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carroll Bower

Mobridge, South Dakota
January 20, 2026

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

	Primary Government			Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 422,333	\$ 35,126	\$ 457,459	
Investments	1,808,948	-	1,808,948	
Taxes receivable	866,886	-	866,886	
Inventories	-	4,983	4,983	
Other assets	147,115	-	147,115	
Pension asset	1,981	104	2,085	
Capital assets				
Land and construction in progress	93,001	-	93,001	
Other capital assets, net depreciation	4,366,860	72,487	4,439,347	
TOTAL ASSETS	7,707,124	112,700	7,819,824	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension related deferred outflows	378,886	19,958	398,844	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 378,886	\$ 19,958	\$ 398,844	

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$ 37,346	\$ -	\$ 37,346
Other current liabilities	162,433	23,426	185,859
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	16,798	-	16,798
Due in more than one year	23,091	-	23,091
TOTAL LIABILITIES	239,668	23,426	263,094
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Taxes levied for future period	1,013,111	-	1,013,111
Pension related deferred inflows	254,123	13,386	267,509
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,267,234	13,386	1,280,620
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,425,785	72,487	4,498,272
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay	1,084,995	-	1,084,995
Special Education	389,792	-	389,792
SDRS Pension Purposes	126,744	6,676	133,420
Unrestricted	551,792	16,683	568,475
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 6,579,108	\$ 95,846	\$ 6,674,954

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
				Primary Government		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary government						
Governmental activities						
Instruction	\$ 1,592,288	\$ 5,926	\$ 24,554	\$ (1,515,401)	\$ -	\$ (1,515,401)
Support services	1,067,202	633	-	(1,036,722)	-	(1,036,722)
Cocurricular activities	103,431	-	-	(102,798)	-	(102,798)
** Interest on long term debt	1,212	-	-	(1,212)	-	(1,212)
Total governmental activities	<u>2,764,133</u>	<u>6,559</u>	<u>101,441</u>	<u>(2,656,133)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,656,133)</u>
Business-type activities						
Food services	141,129	34,132	67,252	-	(39,745)	(39,745)
Other enterprise funds	33,278	13,960	13,950	-	(5,368)	(5,368)
Total business-type activities	<u>174,407</u>	<u>48,092</u>	<u>81,202</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(45,113)</u>	<u>(45,113)</u>
Total primary government	<u>\$ 2,938,540</u>	<u>\$ 54,651</u>	<u>\$ 182,643</u>	<u>\$ (2,656,133)</u>	<u>\$ (45,113)</u>	<u>\$ (2,701,246)</u>
General Revenues						
Taxes						
Property taxes				2,034,560	-	2,034,560
Utility taxes				73,795	-	73,795
Revenue from state sources:						
State Aid				537,567	-	537,567
Unrestricted investments earnings				79,214	-	79,214
Other general revenues				51,795	-	51,795
Transfers				(37,000)	37,000	-
Total general revenues and transfers				<u>2,739,931</u>	<u>37,000</u>	<u>2,776,931</u>
Change in net position				83,798	(8,113)	75,685
Net position - beginning				6,554,234	103,959	6,658,193
Correction of an Error (Note 16)				(58,924)	-	(58,924)
Net position - ending				<u>\$ 6,579,108</u>	<u>\$ 95,846</u>	<u>\$ 6,674,954</u>

** The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 124,022
Investments	511,925
Taxes-receivables	434,981
Taxes-delinquent	11,523
Due from state government	73,796
Due from federal government	73,041
 TOTAL ASSETS	 1,229,288
 LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	9,996
Contracts payable	129,083
Amount held for others	1,984
Payroll deductions and withholdings payable and employer matching payable	16,683
 Total Liabilities	 157,746
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	11,523
Taxes levied for future period	513,937
 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 525,460
Fund Balances:	
Restricted	-
Capital outlay	-
Special education	-
Assigned	54,180
Unemployment	491,902
Unassigned	546,082
 Total Fund Balance	 546,082
 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	 \$ 1,229,288

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Governmental Funds	Total
\$ 208,307	\$ 90,004	\$ 422,333	
942,319	354,704	1,808,948	
219,518	196,085	850,584	
2,630	2,149	16,302	
-	278	74,074	
-	-	73,041	
1,372,774	643,220	3,245,282	
24,120	3,230	37,346	
-	13,071	142,154	
-	-	1,984	
-	1,612	18,295	
24,120	17,913	199,779	
2,630	2,149	16,302	
263,659	235,515	1,013,111	
266,289	237,664	1,029,413	
1,082,365	-	1,082,365	
-	387,643	387,643	
-	-	54,180	
-	-	491,902	
1,082,365	387,643	2,016,090	
\$ 1,372,774	\$ 643,220	\$ 3,245,282	

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,016,090
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	1,981
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. The capitalized cost of the capital assets is \$6,242,402 and the accumulated depreciation/amortization is (\$1,782,541) for a net amount of \$4,459,861.	4,459,861
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	378,886
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities consist of a lease liability of \$34,076 and compensated absences of \$5,813.	(39,889)
Assets such as taxes receivable (delinquent) are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	16,302
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(254,123)
Total net position - governmental funds	<u>\$ 6,579,108</u>

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund
REVENUES:	
Revenue from local sources:	
Taxes:	
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,034,790
Prior years' ad valorem taxes	10,742
Utility taxes	73,795
Penalties and interest on taxes	2,102
Earnings on investments and deposits	79,214
Cocurricular activities:	
Admissions	456
Other	177
Other revenue from local sources:	
Rentals	15,000
Contributions and donations	2,846
Refund of prior years' expenditures	2,077
Judgments	2,839
Charges for services	4,588
Other	2,666
Total revenue from local sources	<hr/> 1,231,292
Revenue from intermediate sources	
County sources:	
County appointment	<hr/> 5,925
Total revenue from intermediate sources	<hr/> 5,925
Revenue from state sources:	
Grants-in-aid:	
Unrestricted grants-in-aid	537,567
Restricted grants-in-aid	-
Other	100
Total revenue from state sources	<hr/> 537,667
Revenue from federal sources:	
Grants-in-aid:	
Restricted grants-in-aid from the federal government thru state	<hr/> 87,129
Total revenue from federal sources	<hr/> 87,129
Total revenues	<hr/> \$ 1,862,013

(Continued on next page)

Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 511,840	\$ 468,412	\$ 2,015,042
1,666	1,210	13,618
-	-	73,795
563	432	3,097
-	-	79,214
-	-	456
-	-	177
-	-	15,000
4,862	-	7,708
-	-	2,077
-	-	2,839
-	1,338	5,926
-	-	2,666
518,931	471,392	2,221,615
-	-	5,925
-	-	5,925
-	-	537,567
-	500	500
-	-	100
-	500	538,167
13,712	-	100,841
13,712	-	100,841
\$ 532,643	\$ 471,892	\$ 2,866,548

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund
Expenditures:	
Instruction:	
Regular programs:	
Elementary	\$ 650,213
Middle/junior high	109,778
High school	295,657
Special programs:	
Programs for special education	-
Educationally deprived	75,872
Total instruction	<u>1,131,520</u>
Support services:	
Pupils:	
Guidance	13,989
Health	636
Psychological	-
Speech pathology	-
Student therapy services	-
Instructional staff:	
Educational media	57,816
General administration:	
Board of education	36,272
Executive administration	126,206
School administration:	
Office of the principal	95,846
Other support services	203
Business:	
Fiscal services	98,859
Operation and maintenance of plant	203,469
Pupil transportation	127,756
Food services	5,797
Special education:	
Administrative costs	-
Other	-
Total support services	<u>\$ 766,849</u>

(Continued on next page)

Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 60,962	\$ -	\$ 711,175
28,970	-	138,748
35,807	-	331,464
	226,053	226,053
-	-	89,584
13,712		
139,451	226,053	1,497,024
-	-	13,989
-	-	636
-	3,903	3,903
-	10,113	10,113
-	27,709	27,709
5,081	-	62,897
-	-	36,272
859	-	127,065
-	-	95,846
-	-	203
8,454	-	107,313
26,105	-	229,574
846	-	128,602
-	-	5,797
-	14,803	14,803
-	1,033	1,033
\$ 41,345	\$ 57,561	\$ 865,755

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	General Fund
Debt Services	\$ -
Cocurricular activities:	
Male activities	14,125
Female activities	12,498
Transportation	18,061
Combined activities	<u>41,073</u>
Total cocurricular activities	<u>85,757</u>
Capital outlay	-
Total expenditures/expenses	<u>1,984,126</u>
Other financing sources (uses)	
Transfers in	214,800
Transfers out	(37,000)
Sale of surplus property	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>177,800</u>
Net change in fund balances	55,687
Fund balance - beginning	549,319
Correction of an Error (Note 16)	<u>(58,924)</u>
Fund balance - ending	<u>\$ 546,082</u>

The accompanying notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 17,543	\$ -	\$ 17,543
-	-	14,125
-	-	12,498
-	-	18,061
1,342	-	42,415
<u>1,342</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>87,099</u>
535,293	-	535,293
<u>734,974</u>	<u>283,614</u>	<u>3,002,714</u>
-	-	214,800
(214,800)	-	(251,800)
15,580	-	15,580
<u>(199,220)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(21,420)</u>
(401,551)	188,278	(157,586)
1,483,916	199,365	2,232,600
-	-	(58,924)
<u>\$ 1,082,365</u>	<u>\$ 387,643</u>	<u>\$ 2,016,090</u>

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES,
EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT
OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$ (157,586)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation/amortization expense.

279,849

In both the government-wide and fund financial statements, revenues from property tax levies are applied to finance the budget of a particular period. Accounting for revenues from property tax accruals in the funds' statements differs from the accounting in the government wide statements in that the fund financial statements require the amounts to be "available". This amount reflects the application of both the application period and "availability criteria".

2,803

Governmental funds recognize expenditures for amounts of compensated absences actually paid to employees with current financial resources during the fiscal year. Amounts of compensated absences earned by employees are not recognized in the funds. In the statement of activities, expenses for these benefits are recognized when the employees earn leave credits.

(5,813)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These expenses consist of pension expense of \$51,786.

(51,786)

Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

16,331

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 83,798

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	Food Service Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,956	\$ 7,170	\$ 35,126
Inventory of supplies	731	-	731
Inventory of store purchased for resale	670	-	670
Inventory of donated foods	3,582	-	3,582
Total Current Assets	<u>32,939</u>	<u>7,170</u>	<u>40,109</u>
Noncurrent assets			
Pension asset	70	34	104
Machinery and equipment	220,614	2,617	223,231
Accumulated depreciation	(150,379)	(365)	(150,744)
Total Noncurrent Assets	<u>70,305</u>	<u>2,286</u>	<u>72,591</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	103,244	9,456	112,700
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred outflows	<u>13,375</u>	<u>6,583</u>	<u>19,958</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,375	6,583	19,958
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Contracts payable	5,512	-	5,512
Benefits payable	753	-	753
Unearned revenue	17,161	-	17,161
Total current liabilities	<u>23,426</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,426</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferred inflows	<u>8,971</u>	<u>4,415</u>	<u>13,386</u>
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	8,971	4,415	13,386
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	70,235	2,252	72,487
SDRS pension purposes	4,474	2,202	6,676
Unrestricted	9,513	7,170	16,683
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 84,222	\$ 11,624	\$ 95,846

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	Food Service Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
OPERATING REVENUES			
Sales			
To pupils	\$ 26,914	\$ -	\$ 26,914
To adults	6,798	-	6,798
A la carte	420	-	420
Other charges for goods and services	-	13,960	13,960
Total operating revenues	34,132	13,960	48,092
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries	56,542	23,084	79,626
Employee benefits	19,405	9,372	28,777
Purchased services	6,373	-	6,373
Supplies	1,668	574	2,242
Cost of sales - purchased food	24,784	-	24,784
Cost of sales - donated food	8,925	-	8,925
Other	1,892	-	1,892
Depreciation	21,540	248	21,788
Total operating expenses	141,129	33,278	174,407
Operating income(loss)	(106,997)	(19,318)	(126,315)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
State sources			
State grants	168	-	168
Federal sources			
Federal grants	59,208	13,950	73,158
Donated food	7,876	-	7,876
Total nonoperating revenues	67,252	13,950	81,202
Income before contributions, special items, extraordinary items and transfers	(39,745)	(5,368)	(45,113)
Transfers in	37,000	-	37,000
Change in net position	(2,745)	(5,368)	(8,113)
Total net position - July 1, 2024	86,967	16,992	103,959
Total net position - June 30, 2025	\$ 84,222	\$ 11,624	\$ 95,846

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	Food Service Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Total Proprietary Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$ 29,151	\$ 13,960	\$ 43,111
Payments to employees for services	(73,141)	(31,707)	(104,848)
Payments to suppliers of goods and services	(37,277)	(574)	(37,851)
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	<u>(81,267)</u>	<u>(18,321)</u>	<u>(99,588)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM (FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of capital improvements	(25,088)	(275)	(25,363)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	<u>(25,088)</u>	<u>(275)</u>	<u>(25,363)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers from the general fund	37,000	-	37,000
Operating grants	64,161	13,950	78,111
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	<u>101,161</u>	<u>13,950</u>	<u>115,111</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,194)	(4,646)	(9,840)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR			
	<u>33,150</u>	<u>11,816</u>	<u>44,966</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR			
	<u>\$ 27,956</u>	<u>\$ 7,170</u>	<u>\$ 35,126</u>
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income/(loss)	\$ (106,997)	\$ (19,318)	\$ (126,315)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED/(USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Depreciation expense	21,540	248	21,788
Value of donated commodities used	8,925	-	8,925
Change in assets and liabilities			
Inventories	388	-	388
Accounts and other payables	(2,948)	-	(2,948)
Contracts payable and other benefits payable	298	-	298
Customer deposits	(4,981)	-	(4,981)
Change in pension asset/(liability)	<u>2,508</u>	<u>749</u>	<u>3,257</u>
Net cash provided/(used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (81,267)</u>	<u>\$ (18,321)</u>	<u>\$ (99,588)</u>
Noncash investing, capital and financing activities:			
Value of commodities received	<u>\$ 7,876</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,876</u>

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 61,041</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>61,041</u>
NET POSITION	
Restricted for student activities	<u>61,041</u>
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 61,041</u>

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>Custodial Funds</u>
ADDITIONS	
Collections for student activities	<u>\$ 62,427</u>
Total Additions	<u>62,427</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Payments for student activities	<u>60,310</u>
Total deductions	<u>60,310</u>
Change in net position	<u>2,117</u>
Total net position - July 1, 2024	-
Prior period adjustment (Note 16)	<u>58,924</u>
Total net position - June 30, 2025	<u>\$ 61,041</u>

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity

The reporting entity of the Doland School District No. 56-2 (School District), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; those organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in a cooperative service unit with several other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit, but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities, equal net position). Net Position is displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 2
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses and those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and;
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or;
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds

General Fund - A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the School District, excluding Capital Outlay Fund and Special Education Fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Funds - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Special Education Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the School District. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 3
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Capital Outlay Fund - A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by property taxes. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

1. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit - even if that government is not expected to make any payments - is not solely from fees and charges of the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
2. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt services), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
3. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

Other Enterprise Fund - A fund used to record financial transactions related to the pre-school operations. This fund is financed by tuition charges. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be a major funds:

Custodial Funds - Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The School District maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes, clubs, and so on.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 4
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental type funds, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary and similar fiduciary funds.

Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

In the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Doland School District No. 56-2, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues which are accrued at June 30, 2025 are expected county taxes, federal reimbursements, and utility taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as deferred inflows of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 5
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

d. Interfund Eliminations and Reclassifications

Government Wide Financial Statements:

In the process of aggregating data for the government-wide financial statements, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified as follows:

1. In order to minimize the grossing-up effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental and business-type activities columns of the primary government, amounts reported as interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns.

e. Deposits and Investments

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

f. Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 6
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. Reported cost values include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into its intended location and condition for use. Subsequent to initial capitalization, improvements, or betterments that are significant and which extend the useful life of a capital asset are also capitalized.

The total June 30, 2025 balance of capital assets for governmental activities includes approximately 5 percent for which the costs were determined by estimates of the original costs. The total June 30, 2025 balance of capital assets for business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation/Amortization of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, except for that portion related to common use assets for which allocation would be unduly complex, and which is reported as Unallocated Depreciation/Amortization, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position and on the proprietary fund's Statement of Net Position.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation/amortization methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation /Amortization Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	Any Amount	N/A	N/A
Improvements, other than buildings	\$ 4,000	Straight-line	20-30 years
Buildings	10,000	Straight-line	20-50 years
Machinery and equipment	2,500	Straight-line	5-20 years
Intangible lease assets	5,000	Straight-line	Various
Intangible subscription assets	5,000	Straight-line	Various

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the appropriate governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 7
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

g. Long-Term Liabilities

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the governmental-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities primarily consists of compensated absences and lease liabilities.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

h. Leases

Lessee:

The School District is a lessee for a noncancelable lease of a copy machine. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses the treasury yield that corresponds to the length of the lease contract.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 8
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

i. Program Revenues

In the government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

- 1: Charges for services - These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
- 2: Program-specific operating grants and contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
- 3: Program-specific capital grants and contributions - These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

j. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

k. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 9
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

l. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise funds have access to their cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

m. Equity Classifications

Government-wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in three components:

- 1: Net Investment in Capital Assets - Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2: Restricted Net Position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3: Unrestricted Net Position - All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

n. Application of Net Position

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 10
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

o. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.

Assigned - includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the School Board.

Unassigned - includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the Government would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The Government does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>Revenue Source</u>
Capital Outlay	Property taxes and grants
Special Education	Property taxes

p. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension revenue, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension asset are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

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(See Independent Auditors' Report)

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

Deposits - The District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

Investments - In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school funds to be invested in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires that investments shall be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2025, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	Credit	Maturities	Fair Value
Primary Government:			
CD's	N/A	\$ 680,343	\$ 680,343
SD Fit	N/A	1,128,605	1,128,605
Total Investments		\$1,808,948	\$1,808,948

The South Dakota Public Fund Investment Trust (SDFIT) is an external investment pool created for South Dakota local government investing purposes. It is regulated by a nine-member board with representation from municipalities, school districts and counties. The net asset value of the SDFIT money market account (GCR) is kept at one dollar per share by adjusting the rate of return on a daily basis. Earnings are credited to each account on a monthly basis.

Credit Risk - State law limits eligible investments for the School District as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Interest Rate Risk - The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

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(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Assignment of Investment Income - State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income to the fund making the investment.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

NOTE 4 - INVENTORY

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the government-wide financial statements, and in the enterprise fund financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are equally offset by Nonspendable Fund Balance which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the following year. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District. School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore and not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred revenue in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 13
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for year ended June 30, 2025 is as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	07/01/2024	Increases	Decreases	06/30/2025
Primary Government				
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized				
Land	\$ 85,860	\$ 7,141	\$ -	\$ 93,001
Construction in progress	66,206	-	(66,206)	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	152,066	7,141	(66,206)	93,001
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized				
Buildings	4,175,714	326,015	-	4,501,729
Improvements other than buildings	357,725	-	-	357,725
Machinery and equipment	973,141	268,343	(33,400)	1,208,084
Intangible lease	81,863	-	-	81,863
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	5,588,443	594,358	(33,400)	6,149,401
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for				
Buildings	827,141	103,958	-	931,099
Improvements other than buildings	99,437	17,728	-	117,165
Machinery and equipment	601,173	117,386	(33,400)	685,159
Intangible lease	32,746	16,372	-	49,118
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	1,560,497	255,444	(33,400)	1,782,541
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	4,027,946	338,914	-	4,366,860
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 4,180,012	\$ 346,055	\$ (66,206)	\$ 4,459,861

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

	06/30/2025
Governmental activities	
Instructional	\$ 52,257
Support Services	188,840
Cocurricular	14,347
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 255,444

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Page 14
(See Independent Auditors' Report)

	Balance 07/01/2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2025
Business-type activities				
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized				
Machinery and equipment	\$ 197,868	\$ 25,363	\$ -	\$ 223,231
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	197,868	25,363	-	223,231
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for Machinery and equipment	128,956	21,788	-	150,744
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	128,956	21,788	-	150,744
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 68,912	\$ 3,575	\$ -	\$ 72,487

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

	06/30/2025
Business-type activities	
Food Service	\$ 21,540
Other Enterprise	248
Total depreciation/amortization expense - business-type activities	\$ 21,788

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2025 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance 07/01/2024	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance 06/30/2025	Due Within One Year
Primary government					
Governmental activities					
Lease liability	\$ 50,407	\$ -	\$ (16,331)	\$ 34,076	\$ 16,798
Compensated absences	-	7,105	(1,292)	5,813	-
Total governmental activities	\$ 50,407	\$ 7,105	\$ (17,623)	\$ 39,889	\$ 16,798

Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2025, is comprised of the following:

Lease liability, payments to be made by the Capital Outlay Fund.	\$ 34,076
Compensated Absences, payments to be made by the fund that the payroll expenditures are charged within.	5,813
Total long-term debt	\$ 39,889

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The annual debt service requirements to maturity, except for compensated absences, for all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Lease Liability	
	Principal	Interest
2026	16,798	735
2027	17,278	265
	<u>\$ 34,076</u>	<u>\$ 1,000</u>

NOTE 8 - INDIVIDUAL FUND INTERFUND BALANCES AND INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2025 were as follows:

	Transfers	Transfers	Total
	In	Out	
General Fund	\$ 214,800	\$ (37,000)	\$ 177,800
Capital Outlay Fund	-	(214,800)	(214,800)
Food Service Fund	<u>37,000</u>	-	<u>37,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 251,800</u>	<u>\$ (251,800)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Transfer from the General Fund to the Food Service Fund was made due to the revenues being insufficient to support the expenditures of the fund. Transfer from the Capital Outlay Fund to the General Fund was made in accordance with SDCL 13-16-6. These interfund transfers are not a violation of the statutory restrictions on interfund transfers.

NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Fund	Restricted By	06/30/2025
Special Education	Law	\$ 389,792
Capital Outlay	Law	1,084,995
SDRS Pension Purposes	Law	133,420
Total Restricted Net Position		<u>\$1,608,207</u>

These balances are restricted due to statutory requirements.

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(See Independent Auditors' Report)

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the school year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS). SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit pension plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions and is administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

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Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.

If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%

If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:

The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living-Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6% of salary; Class B Judiciary Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2% for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the years ended June 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023 was \$89,514, \$86,715, and \$80,839, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2024, SDRS is 100.03% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2024 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$7,685,142
Proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	<u>7,687,227</u>
Proportionate share of net pension asset	<u>\$ (2,085)</u>

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At June 30 2025, the School District reported an asset of \$2,085 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2024 and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the School's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2024, the School District's proportion was .051515%, which is a decrease of .0007150% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2023.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District recognized pension expense of \$55,043. At June 30, 2025 the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 193,102	\$ -
Changes in assumption	34,381	262,069
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	78,548	-
Changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,299	5,440
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>89,514</u>	-
Total	<u><u>\$ 398,844</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 267,509</u></u>

\$89,514 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension revenue as follows:

Year Ended June 30:		
2026	\$ (72,777)	
2027	99,818	
2028	10,044	
2029	<u>4,736</u>	
TOTAL	<u><u>\$ 41,821</u></u>	

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Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%.
Future COLAs	1.71%

Mortality Rates:

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

Active and Terminated Vested Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010

Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

Retired Members:

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65

Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

Beneficiaries:

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

Disabled Members:

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table

Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

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Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2024 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Public Equity	56.3%	3.6%
Investment Grade Debt	22.8%	2.3%
Fixed Income	7.0%	2.8%
Real Estate	12.0%	4.0%
Cash	1.9%	0.8%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions from will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

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Sensitivity of asset to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.5%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
School District's Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 1,059,644	\$ (2,085)	\$ (870,911)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

NOTE 11 - JOINT VENTURES

The School District participates in the North Central Special Education Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (co-op) formed for the purpose of providing Special Education Services to the member School Districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Doland School District	6.0%
Edmunds Central School District	5.6%
Frederick School District	7.6%
Groton School District	25.4%
Hitchcock Tulare School District	9.6%
Langford School District	9.6%
Leola School District	8.1%
Northwestern School District	14.7%
Warner School District	13.4%

The North Central Special Education Cooperatives governing board is composed of one representative from each member School District, who is elected by the local School Board. The Board is responsible for adopting the joint ventures budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the joint venture, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the joint venture in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the North Central Special Education Cooperative.

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At June 30, 2025, this joint venture had fund equity of \$503,279, and no long-term debt outstanding.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance

The School District is a member of the Northern Plains Insurance Pool. This is a risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local government entities. The School District pays a monthly premium to the pool to provide health insurance coverage for its employees. The pool purchases coverage from Blue Cross Blue Shield with the premiums it receives from its members.

The School District does not carry additional health insurance coverage to pay claims in excess of this upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have never exceeded the liability coverage.

Liability Insurance

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have never exceeded the liability coverage.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, no claims for these matters were paid. At June 30, 2025 no claims had been filed for these matters and none are anticipated.

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Workman's Compensation

The School District participates with several other educational units and related organizations in South Dakota, in the Associated School Boards of South Dakota Worker's Compensation Fund Pool, which provides workers' compensation insurance coverage for participating members of the pool. The objective of the fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The School District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The School District pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a retrospectively rated policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the fund members. The School District may also be responsible for additional assessments in the event the pool is determined by its board of trustees to have inadequate reserves to satisfy current obligations or judgments. Additional assessments, if any, are to be determined on a prorated basis based upon each participant's percentage contribution in relation to the total contributions to the pool of all participants for the year in which the shortfall occurs. The pool provides loss coverage to all participants through pool retained risk retention and through insurance coverage purchased by the pool in excess of the retained risk. The pool pays the first \$500,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance, which covers up to \$1,000,000 per individual per incident. The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

The School District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

The School District has Assigned Fund Balance in the general fund of \$54,180 for the payment of future unemployment benefits.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, no unemployment claims were paid. At June 30, 2025, the School District does not anticipate that any substantive additional claims will be paid in the subsequent fiscal year.

NOTE 13 - LITIGATION

At June 30, 2025, the School District was not involved in any litigation.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the independent auditor's report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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(See Independent Auditors' Report)

NOTE 15 - COST SHARING CONSORTIUM

The School District participates in a cost-sharing arrangement for vocational education funds. The School Districts included in this arrangement are Baltic, Bowdle, Bridgewater-Emery, Canistota, Centerville, Chester, Colman-Egan, Dakota Valley, Dell Rapids, Ethan, Flandreau, Freeman, Garretson, Hanson, Hoven, Howard, Marion, McCook Central, Montrose, Parker, Parkston, Tri-Valley, Lennox, West Central, Gayville-Volin, Britton-Hecla, Clark, Doland, Faulkton, Hitchcock-Tulare, Redfield, Waubay, Webster, Wolsey-Wessington, and Oldham-Ramona-Rutland. The grant application includes the amounts each school is requesting for the Carl Perkins Vocational Funds. The funds are sent directly to each school: therefore, the Doland Area School District records only their share of the revenue and expenditures in the General Fund. The East Dakota Educational Coop is listed as the fiscal agent on the application but provides no accounting to the schools. Any pooled expenditures are billed to and reimbursed by the schools involved.

NOTE 16 - CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

A correction of an error has been recorded for recording Custodial Fund activities that were previously reported as General Fund activities.

Net Position Balance July 1, 2024, as previously reported	\$ 6,554,234
Custodial Fund activity balances	<u>(58,924)</u>
Net Position Balance July 1, 2024, as restated	<u>\$ 6,495,310</u>
General Fund Balance July 1, 2024, as previously reported	\$ 549,319
Custodial Fund activity balances	<u>(58,924)</u>
Net Position Balance July 1, 2024, as restated	<u>\$ 490,395</u>
Net Position Balance July 1, 2024, as previously reported	\$ -
Custodial Fund activity balances	<u>58,924</u>
Net Position Balance July 1, 2024, as restated	<u>\$ 58,924</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:				
1100 Taxes:				
1110 Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 1,260,193	\$ 1,260,193	\$ 1,034,790	\$ (225,403)
1120 Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	4,500	4,500	10,742	6,242
1140 Utility Taxes	76,979	76,979	73,795	(3,184)
1190 Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,500	1,500	2,102	602
1510 Interest	37,500	37,500	79,214	41,714
1700 Cocurricular Activities:				
1710 Admissions	200	200	456	256
1790 Other	-	-	177	177
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
1910 Rentals	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
1920 Contributions and Donations	-	-	2,846	2,846
1950 Refund of Prior Years' Expenditures	-	-	2,077	2,077
1960 Judgments	-	-	2,839	2,839
1970 Charges for Services	1,500	1,500	4,588	3,088
1990 Other	500	500	2,666	2,166
2000 Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
2100 County Sources:				
2110 County Apportionment	7,440	7,440	5,925	(1,515)
3000 Revenue from State Sources:				
3110 Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	459,881	459,881	537,567	77,686
3900 Other State Revenues	-	-	100	100
4000 Revenue from Federal Sources:				
4159- Restricted Received from Federal Government Through the State	88,796	94,796	87,129	(7,667)
Total Revenue	\$ 1,953,989	\$ 1,959,989	\$ 1,862,013	\$ (97,976)

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final			
EXPENDITURES:					
1000 Instruction:					
1100 Regular Programs:					
1111 Elementary	\$ 675,537	\$ 699,237	\$ 650,213	\$ 49,024	
1120 Middle/Junior High	181,450	181,450	109,778	71,672	
1130 High School	295,725	304,590	295,657	8,933	
1200 Special Programs:					
1270 Educationally Deprived	61,855	80,055	75,872	4,183	
2000 Support Services:					
2100 Pupils:					
2120 Guidance	15,975	18,175	13,989	4,186	
2130 Health Services	625	625	636	(11)	
2200 Support Services-Instructional Staff:					
2220 Educational Media	74,022	76,022	57,816	18,206	
2300 Support Services-General Administration:					
2310 Board of Education	38,420	39,120	36,272	2,848	
2321 Executive Administration	162,875	162,875	126,206	36,669	
2400 Support Services - School Administration:					
2410 Office of the Principal	94,975	96,975	95,846	1,129	
2490 Other	23,005	23,005	203	22,802	
2500 Support Services-Business					
2520 Fiscal Services	99,802	99,802	98,859	943	
2540 Operation & Maintenance of Plant	210,235	210,235	203,469	6,766	
2550 Pupil Transportation	158,946	158,946	127,756	31,190	
2560 Food Service	-	6,000	5,797	203	
6000 Cocurricular Activities					
6100 Male Activities	18,450	18,585	14,125	4,460	
6200 Female Activities	9,823	12,498	12,498	-	
6500 Transportation	20,455	20,455	18,061	2,394	
6900 Combined Activities	44,280	46,805	41,073	5,732	
7000 Contingencies	70,000	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	2,256,455	2,255,455	1,984,126	271,329	

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Excess Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	\$ (302,466)	\$ (295,466)	\$ (122,113)	\$ 173,353
Other Financing Sources				
5110 Transfer In			214,800	214,800
8110 Transfer Out	(30,000)	(37,000)	(37,000)	-
Total Other Financing Sources	(30,000)	(37,000)	177,800	214,800
Net Change in Fund Balances	(332,466)	(332,466)	55,687	388,153
Fund Balance - Beginning	549,319	549,319	549,319	-
Correction of an Error (Note 16)	(58,924)	(58,924)	(58,924)	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 157,929	\$ 157,929	\$ 546,082	\$ 388,153

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Contr		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget		
REVENUES:							
1000	Revenue from Local Sources:						
1100	Taxes:						
1110	Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 520,000	\$ 520,000	\$ 511,840	\$ (8,160)		
1120	Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	2,000	2,000	1,666	(334)		
1190	Penalties and Interest on Taxes	-	-	563	563		
1900	Other Revenue from Local Sources:						
1920	Contributions and Donations	-	-	4,862	4,862		
4000	Revenue from Federal Sources:						
4159-	Restricted Received						
4199	from Federal Government						
	Through the State	-	15,000	13,712	(1,288)		
	Total Revenue	\$ 522,000	\$ 537,000	\$ 532,643	\$ (4,357)		

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Contr		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget
		Original	Final		
EXPENDITURES:					
1000	Instruction:				
1100	Regular Programs:				
1111	Elementary	\$ 130,800	\$ 130,800	\$ 60,962	\$ 69,838
1120	Middle/Junior High	32,925	32,925	28,970	3,955
1130	High School	68,393	68,393	67,357	1,036
1200	Special Programs:				
1270	Educationally deprived	-	15,000	13,712	1,288
2200	Support Services-Instructional Staff:				
2220	Educational Media	12,665	12,665	5,081	7,584
2300	Support Services-General Administration:				
2321	Executive Administration	3,600	3,600	859	2,741
2500	Support Services-Business				
2520	Fiscal Services	9,000	9,000	8,454	546
2530	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	313,300	343,300	259,810	83,490
2540	Operation & Maintenance of Plant	700	32,150	33,245	(1,095)
2550	Pupil Transportation	145,000	236,795	237,639	(844)
5000	Debt Services	17,625	20,500	17,543	2,957
6000	Cocurricular Activities				
6900	Combined Activities	-	3,255	1,342	1,913
	Total Expenditures	734,008	908,383	734,974	173,409
	Excess Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	(212,008)	(371,383)	(202,331)	169,052
Other Financing Sources					
8110	Transfer Out	(210,000)	(214,800)	(214,800)	-
5130	Sale of Surplus Property	-	-	15,580	15,580
	Total Other Financing Sources	(210,000)	(214,800)	(199,220)	15,580
	Net Change in Fund Balances	(422,008)	(586,183)	(401,551)	184,632
	Fund Balance - Beginning	1,483,916	1,483,916	1,483,916	-
	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,061,908	\$ 897,733	\$ 1,082,365	\$ 184,632

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Contr	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with	
	Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)		Final Budget	
REVENUES:						
1000 Revenue from Local Sources:						
1100 Taxes:						
1110 Ad Valorem Taxes	\$ 468,473	\$ 468,473	\$ 468,412	\$ (61)		
1120 Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	200	200	1,210	1,010		
1190 Penalties and Interest on Taxes	100	100	432	332		
1900 Other Revenue from Local Sources:						
1970 Charges for Services	1,000	1,000	1,338	338		
3000 Revenue from State Sources:						
3120 Restricted Grains-in-Aid	-	-	500	500		
Total Revenue	\$ 469,773	\$ 469,773	\$ 471,892	\$ 2,119		
EXPENDITURES:						
1200 Special Programs:						
1220 Programs for Special Education	\$ 290,391	\$ 290,391	\$ 226,053	\$ 64,338		
2000 Support Services:						
2100 Pupils:						
2140 Psychological Services	3,903	3,903	3,903	-		
2150 Speech	10,114	10,114	10,113	1		
2170 Student Therapy Services	30,000	33,000	27,709	5,291		
2700 Special Education:						
2710 Administrative Costs	15,080	15,080	14,803	277		
2730 Transportation Costs	5,000	5,000	-	5,000		
2750 Other Special Education Costs	20,000	20,000	1,033	18,967		
Total Expenditures	374,488	377,488	283,614	93,874		
Excess Revenue Over/Under Expenditures	95,285	92,285	188,278	95,993		
Net Change in Fund Balances	95,285	92,285	188,278	95,993		
Fund Balance - Beginning	199,365	199,365	199,365	-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 294,650	\$ 291,650	\$ 387,643	\$ 95,993		

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. At the first regular board meeting in May of each year the School Board prepares a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
2. The proposed budget is considered by the School Board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
5. Before October 1 of each year, the School Board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
6. After adoption by the School Board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 8.
7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed five percent of the total School District budget and may be transferred by resolution of the School Board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year. No amount of expenditures may be charged directly to the contingency line item in the budget.
8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the School Board.
10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. Formal budgetary integration is not employed for debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternately achieved through general obligation bond indenture provision.
11. Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - Page 2

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

NOTE 2 - GAAP/BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING BASIS DIFFERENCES

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services - Business/Pupils Transportation function of the government, along with all other current Pupil Transportation related expenditures.

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF
THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Employer's Percentage of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	Employer's Covered Payroll (b)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a/b)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
SDRS	6/30/2025	0.0515%	\$ (2,085)	\$ 1,445,252	-0.14%	100.03%
SDRS	6/30/2024	0.0522%	(5,098)	1,347,318	-0.38%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2023	0.0493%	(4,658)	1,174,172	-0.40%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2022	0.0529%	(405,062)	1,200,287	-33.70%	105.52%
SDRS	6/30/2021	0.0563%	(2,444)	1,234,985	-0.20%	100.04%
SDRS	6/30/2020	0.0584%	(6,191)	1,242,638	-0.50%	100.09%
SDRS	6/30/2019	0.0627%	(1,461)	1,289,231	-0.10%	100.02%
SDRS	6/30/2018	0.0623%	(5,658)	1,264,159	-0.40%	100.10%
SDRS	6/30/2017	0.0608%	205,513	1,156,881	17.80%	96.89%
SDRS	6/30/2016	0.0548%	(232,517)	1,000,901	-23.20%	104.10%

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Contributions in Relation to the				Contributions	
		Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (d)	as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/d)	
SDRS	6/30/2025	\$ 89,514	\$ 89,514	\$ -	\$ 1,491,898	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2024	86,715	86,715	-	1,445,252	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2023	80,839	80,839	-	1,347,318	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2022	70,450	70,450	-	1,174,172	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2021	72,017	72,017	-	1,200,287	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2020	74,081	74,081	-	1,234,985	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2019	74,533	74,533	-	1,242,638	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2018	77,563	77,563	-	1,289,231	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2017	75,850	75,850	-	1,264,159	6.00%	
SDRS	6/30/2016	69,413	69,413	-	1,156,881	6.00%	

DOLAND SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 56-2
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION
LIABILITY (ASSET) AND SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

Changes from prior valuation

The June 30, 2024, Actuarial Valuation reflects no changes to the plan provisions or actuarial methods and one change to the actuarial assumptions from the June 30, 2023, Actuarial Valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2024 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made.

Actuarial Method Changes

No changes in actuarial methods were made since the prior valuation.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2023, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was less than 100% and the July 2024 SDRS COLA was limited to a restricted maximum of 1.91%. For the June 30, 2023, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA assumption of 1.91%.

As of June 30, 2024, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is again less than 100% and the July 2025 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 1.71%. The July 2025 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 1.71%. For this June 30, 2024, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 1.71%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation and any recommended changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.