

Extended Producer Responsibility in the US

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Agenda

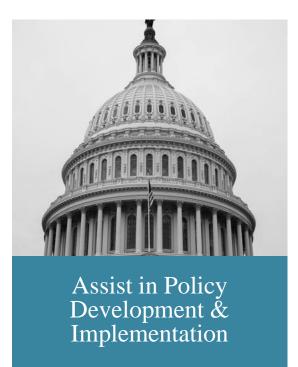
- 1. What is EPR & how has it been applied in the US
- 2. EPR program performance
- 3. EPR for Packaging and Printed Paper
- 4. Challenges of implementing EPR





Who is Signalfire Group?

SUPPORTING BUSINESS & GOVERNMENT MOVING TOWARD A CIRCULAR ECONOMY





Assess Markets & Policies to Understand Impact



Develop Strategies to Align Goals & Compliance



Design/Assess Programs & Pilot Implementation





What is EPR and How Has it Been Applied in the U.S.

What is Extended Producer Responsibility?

Extended producer responsibility is a policy approach and practice in which producers take responsibility for management of the products and/or packaging they produce at the end of their useful life. Responsibility may be fiscal, physical, or a combination of the two.

WHO ARE THE PRODUCERS?

Brand Owners/Manufacturers





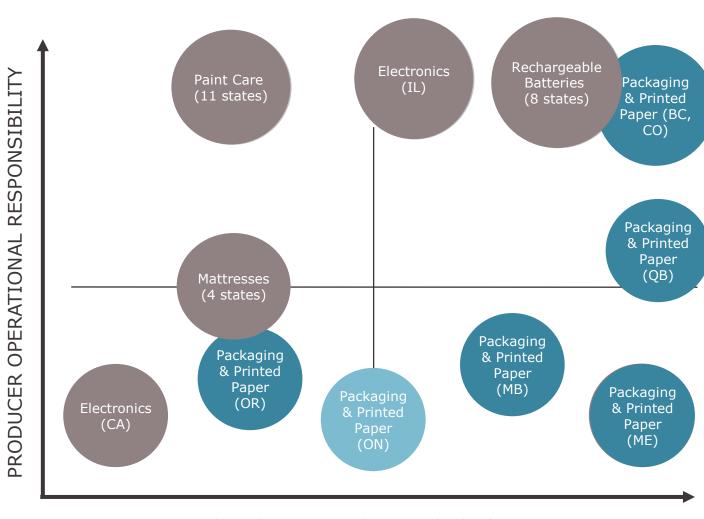
Spectrum of EPR Management Structures

The level of financial and operational responsibility varies depending on the structure of the program

Color Key:

- EPR for Products
- EPR for PPP
- EPR for PPP (in transition)







Key Elements of Successful EPR Programs

- Convenient collection
- Dedicated financing streams
- Clear responsibility & accountability
- Performance standards (convenience or "rates & dates")
- Incentives
- Oversight & enforcement

Other Contributors to Successful Programs

- Transparency/reporting requirements
- Environmental management standards
- Disposal bans
- Education & outreach





Why Choose EPR?



Increase diversion and recovery



Reduce cost to government



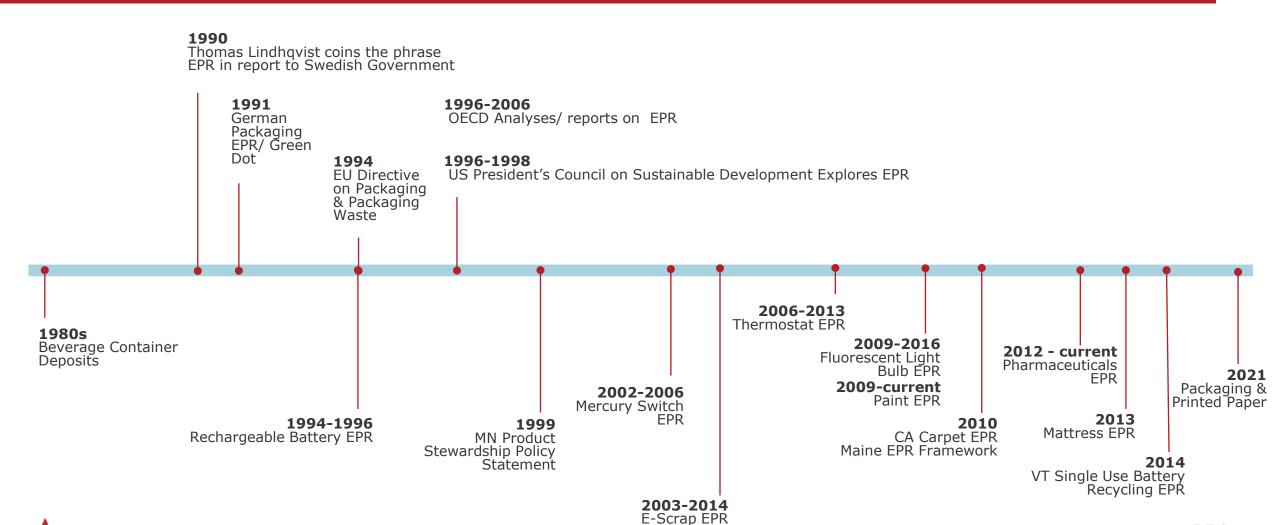
Incorporate the cost of recycling/ end-of-life management in the cost of the product



Improve the design of products to reduce environmental impact



EPR: History & Trends





RRS

EPR is Widely Applied Across the U.S.

BEVERAGE CONTAINERS

CA, CT, HI, IA, ME, MA, MI, NY, OR, VT



MERCURY THERMOSTATS

CA, CT, IA, IL, MA, MĎ, ME, MN, MT, NH, NY, PA, RI, WA,



CARPET CA

AR, IA, IL, IN, MA, MD, ME, NC, NJ,



PHARMA

CA, WA, NY, OR, MA, ME, IL



MERCURY SWITCHES

RI, SC, UT, VA, VT



PAINT

CA, CO, CT, DC, ME, MN, NY, OR, RI, VT, WA



CELL **PHONES**

CA



SOLAR PANELS

WA, Niagara County, NY



FLUORESCENT LIGHTING

ME, VT, WA



MEDICAL SHARPS

CA



RECHARGEABLE BATTERIES

CA, IA, MD, MN, NY, NJ, ME, VT*, WA, DC* (*includes alkaline)



PESTICIDE CONTAINERS

CA



ELECTRONICS

CA, CT, DC, HI, IL, IN, MÉ, MD, MI, MN, MO, NJ, NY, NC, OK, OR, PA, RI, SC, TX, UT, VT, VA, WA, WV, WI



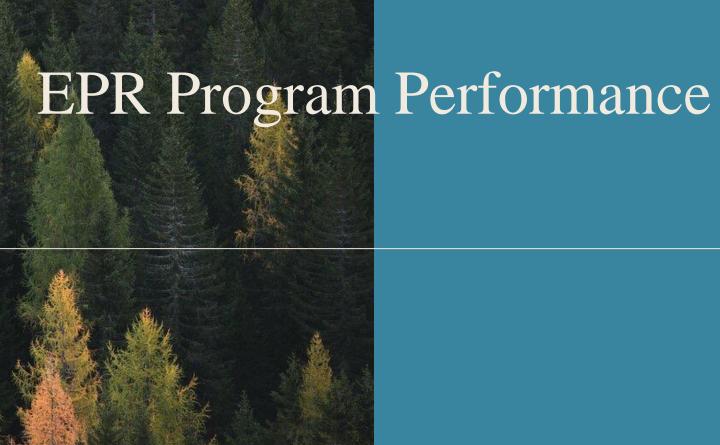
MATTRESSES

CA, CT, RI, OR









Does EPR Achieve its Objectives?



Increase diversion and recovery



Reduce cost to government



Incorporate the cost of recycling/ end-of-life management in the cost of the product



Improve the design of products to reduce environmental impact

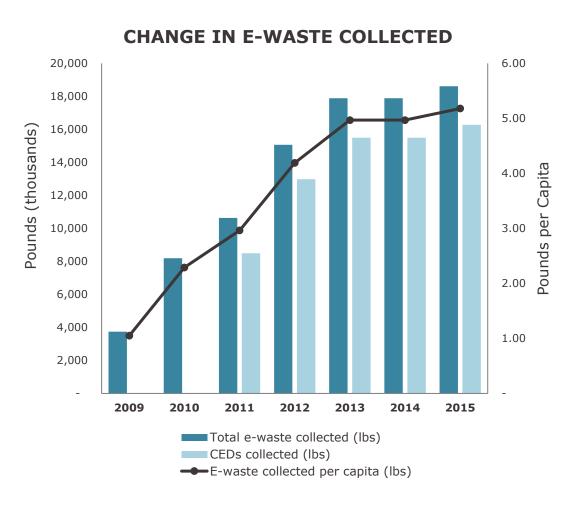


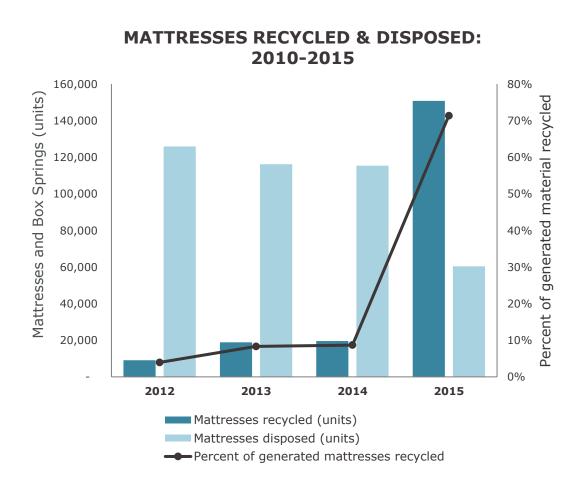


Challenges in Evaluating EPR Program Performance

- Pre-program data not available in most jurisdictions, so before and after comparisons are difficult
- Little data available on recovery of most EPR target products in non-EPR states
- Limited visibility into local government budgets, pre- and post- EPR implementation to evaluate cost savings

Does EPR Increase Recovery? CT Example

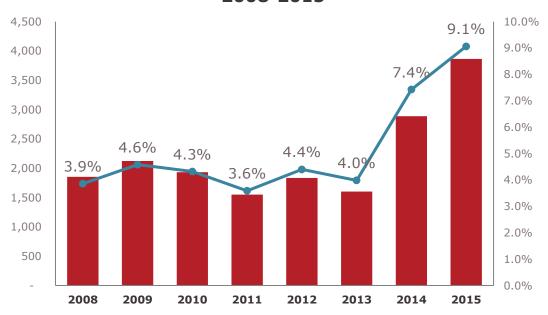






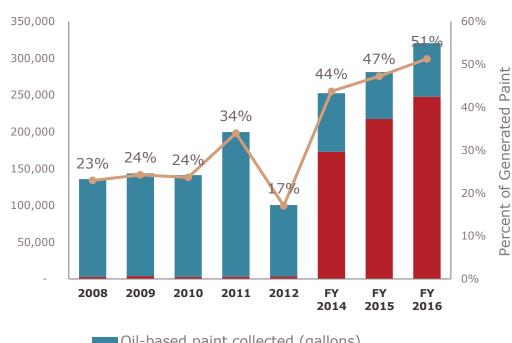
Does EPR Increase Recovery? CT Example

TRC CT THERMOSTAT COLLECTIONS, 2008-2015



- Thermostat equivalents collected1
- Percent of generated thermostats collected3

LATEX AND OIL-BASED PAINT **COLLECTED: 2008-2016**





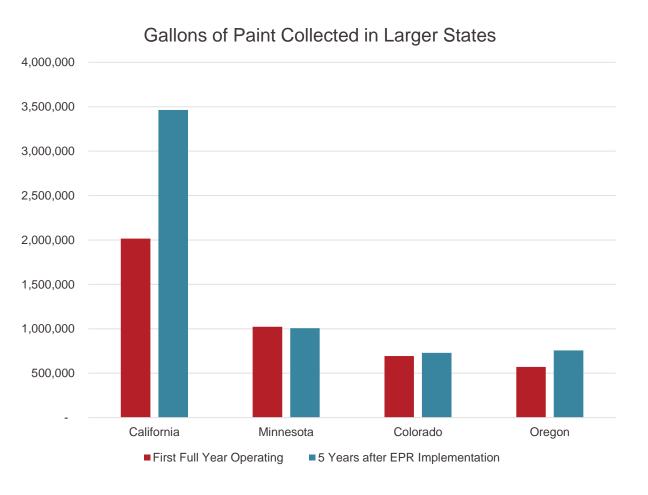
Latex paint collected (gallons)

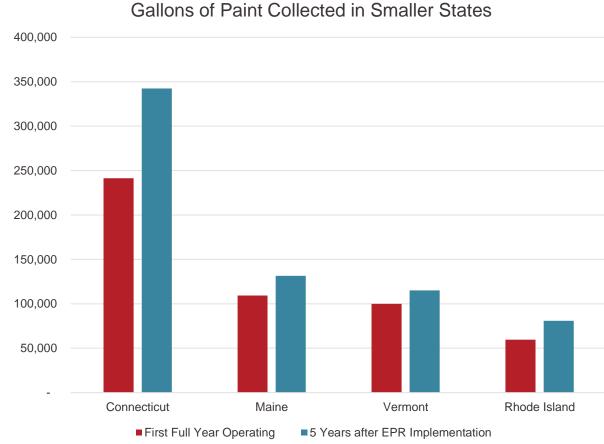
Percent of generated leftover paint collected





Does EPR Increase Recovery? Paint Example





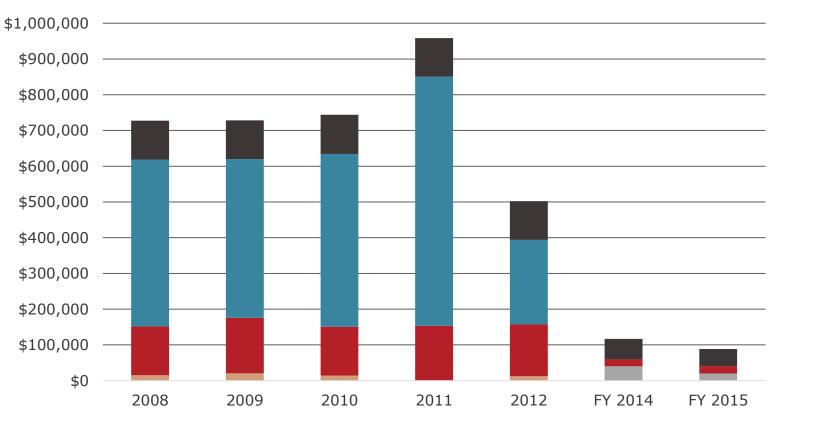


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Source: PaintCare

Does EPR Save Government Money? CT Example

TOTAL STATE & LOCAL GOV'T PAINT MANAGEMENT COSTS



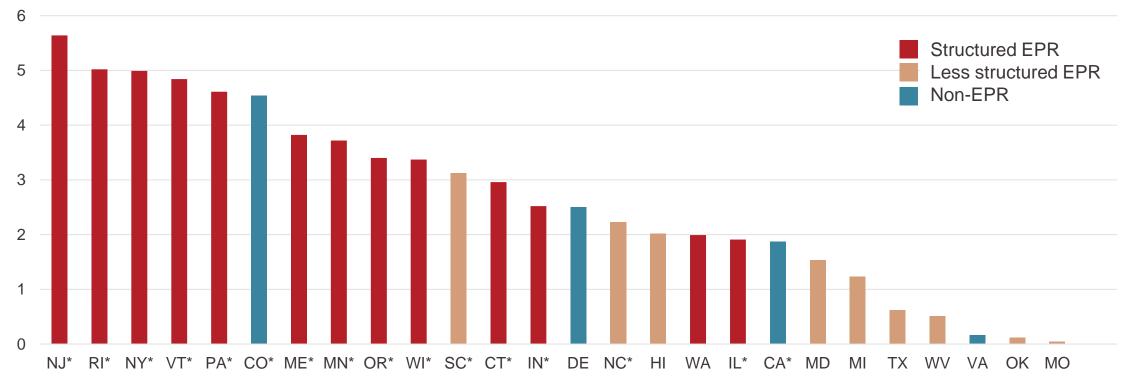
- DEEP administrative costs
- Cost to Municipal Transfer Stations (latex+oil)
- Cost to Permanent HHW Sites (oil only)
- Cost of Events (oil only)
- Disposal Cost for Non-Accounted for Latex





Does EPR Increase Recovery? E-Scrap Example

2020** E-WASTE COLLECTION (LBS PER CAPITA)





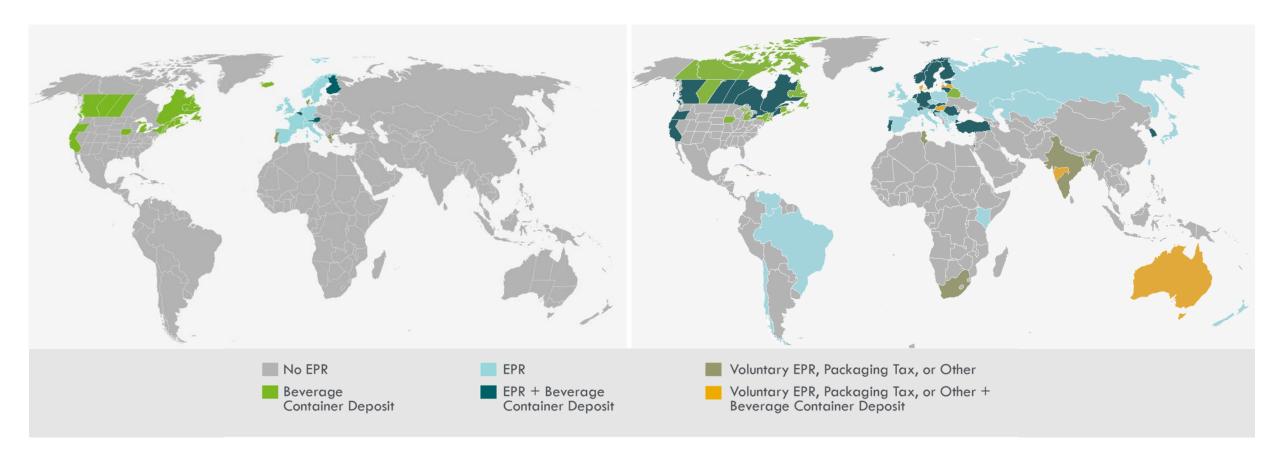
Note: This chart presents available data on program performance but does not provide an "apples to apples" comparison as the covered products and entities (e.g., residents, businesses, schools, etc.) vary from state to state.



EPR for Packaging and Printed Paper

DRS & EPR for Packaging and Printed Paper

2000 — 2022





Drivers for Printed Paper and Packaging (PPP) EPR

- Need for stable funding
- Market challenges
- Focus on circular economy
- Stagnant recycling rates

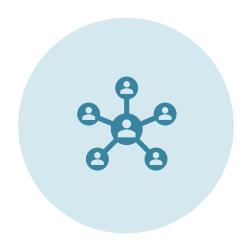




Common Features of EPR for PPP Programs



Created by legislation establishing rules and targets



Managed by one or more Producer Responsibility Organizations (PRO)

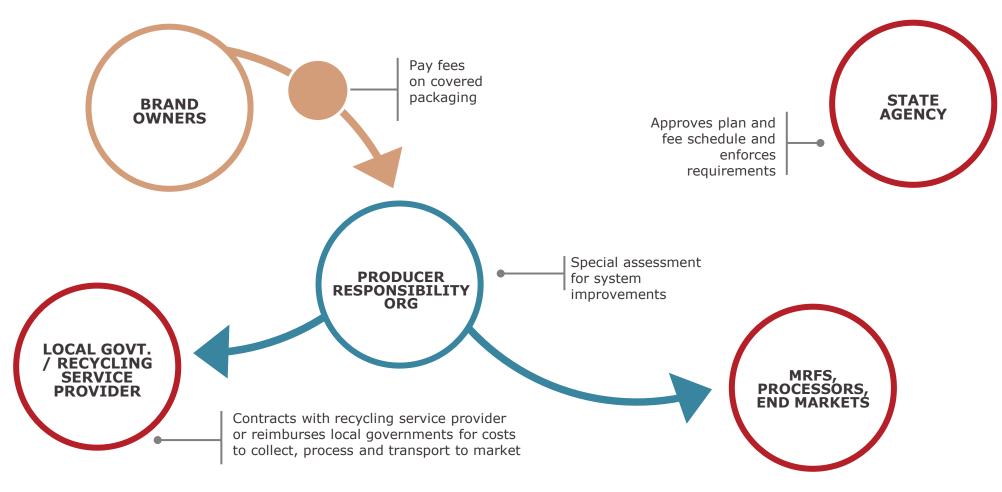


Guided by a Program Plan





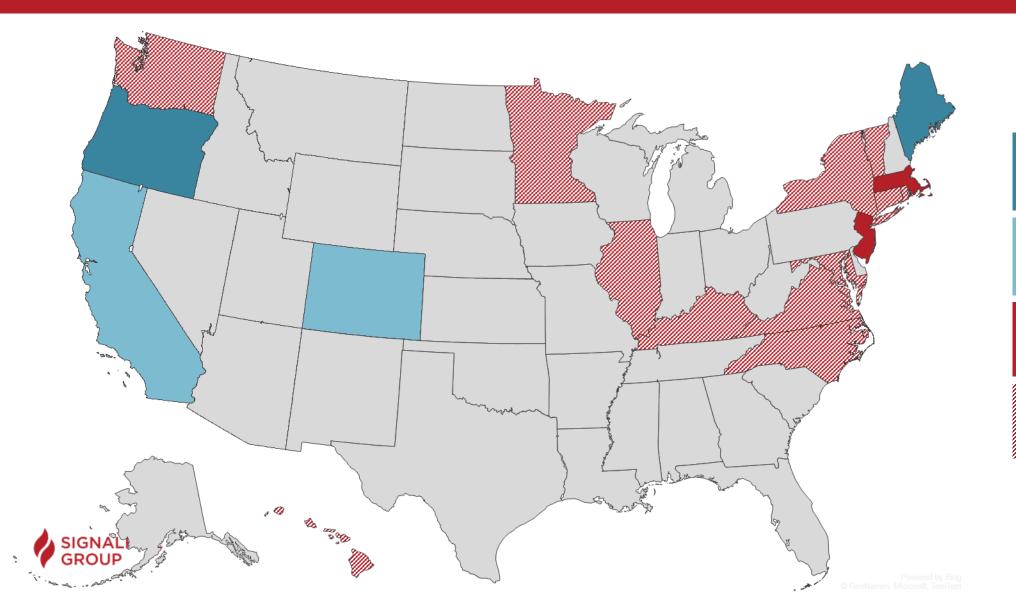
Roles and Responsibilities in EPR for PPP Programs





EPR for PPP Landscape

Current as of 09.30.22



Enacted 2021

Enacted 2022

Introduced 2022 (in session)

Introduced 2022 (adjourned)

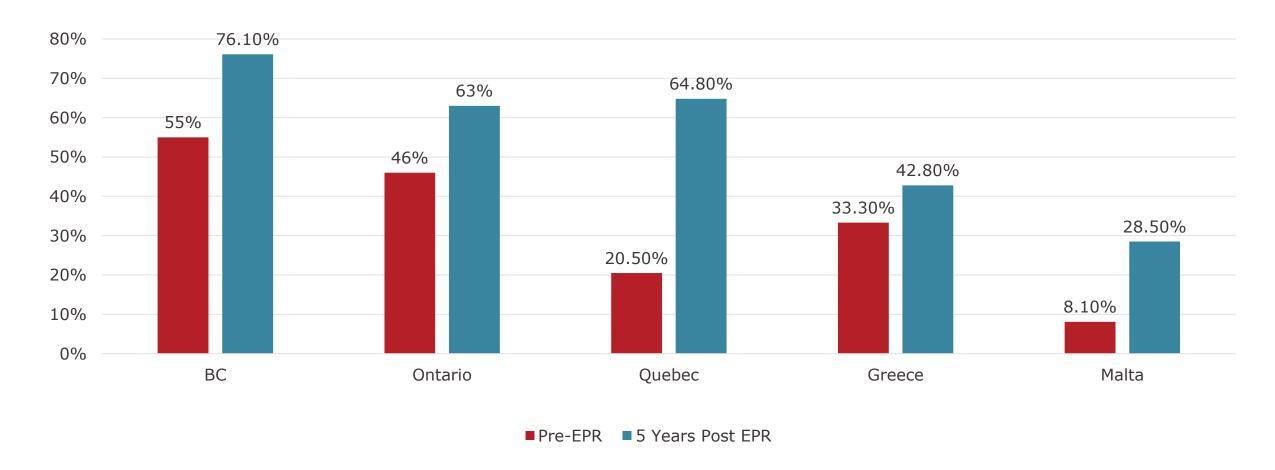




Key Questions about EPR for PPP

- Will EPR improve recycling rates?
- Will EPR stabilize recycling markets?
- Will EPR increase the costs of groceries/packaged goods?
- Will EPR improve the recyclability/design of packaging?

Impact of EPR for PPP on Recycling Rate





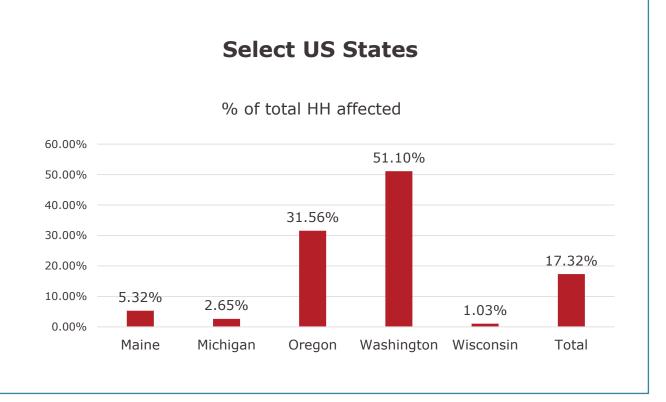


Impact of EPR for PPP on Recycling Market Stability

INDICATOR: CHANGES TO RECYCLING PROGRAMS

Canada

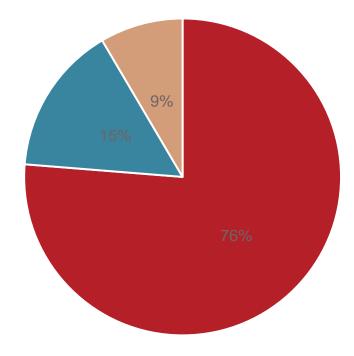
- EPR Provinces did not show meaningful changes in programs
- Alberta saw reduced access in 35% of Recycling Program Areas





Impact of EPR for PPP on Product Pricing: Outcomes

	Number of products	%
Prices equal in communities studied	90	76%
Higher price in communities in provinces without EPR for PPP	18	15%
Higher price in communities in provinces with EPR for PPP	10	9%
Total	118	100%



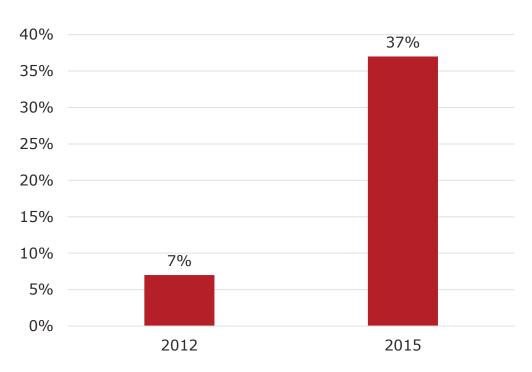
- Prices equal in communities studied
- Higher price in communities in provinces without EPR for PPP
- Higher price in communities in provinces with EPR for PPP



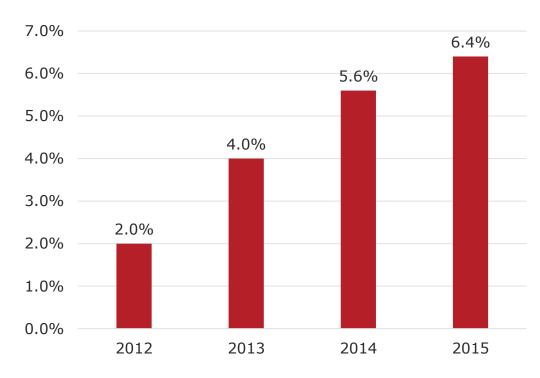


Impact of EPR for PPP on Product Design: Bonuses





Percent of Packaging (by weight) Receiving Source Reduction Incentive



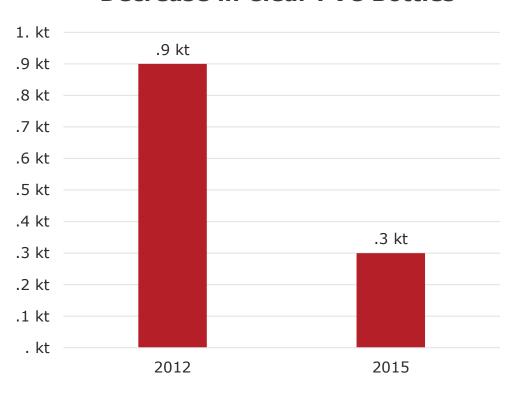




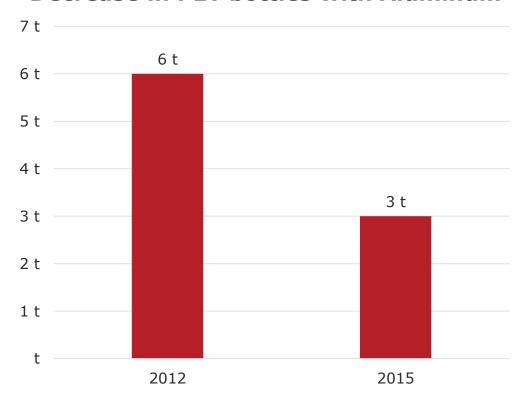


Impact of EPR for PPP on Product Design: Disruptors

Decrease in Clear PVC Bottles



Decrease in PET bottles with Aluminum











Challenges in Implementing EPR



EPR Challenges: Changing Roles

APPROPRIATE ROLES FOR STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

PROPER BALANCE OF RESPONSIBILITY, AUTHORITY AND ACCOUNTABILITY

What decision making authority is appropriate for producers/funders?

What accountability is required by local governments/funding recipients?

INDUSTRY ENGAGEMENT

Drivers for EPR Moving Forward

- Government budget challenges continue
- Market challenges/export restrictions hamper growth in recovery
- Circular economy capturing attention of business leaders
- Even the most active/aggressive states and local governments are not making significant progress











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