

# CYBERSECURITY MINDFULNESS

*Teaching the Human Nervous System to Outmaneuver Social Engineering & Machine Intelligence*

*Cybersecurity Field Evidence Report for Dr. Toby Larson's Mindfulness Methodology  
Field implementation and documentation by January Walker*

*Independent research conducted as part of pre-doctoral studies, voluntarily piloted within a global high value target company of ~80,000 employees.*

## Part I: The Cyberwars

### Civilians on the Front Lines

*War is fought differently now. Instead of being shipped off to physically fight opposing forces, the battlefield has shifted to the digital landscape and is fought remotely through Cyberspace. Social Engineering attacks are directed at corporations and their civilian professionals, closely impacting the communities they live in. Civilians are suddenly on the front lines as Cybersoldiers—yet the corporate sector does not go through the same specialized training as military intelligence and remains fairly unprotected from the brain hijack methodology of threat actors.*

Mental Violence is the reality facing humanity today. The impact ripples into homes—ffecting the kids, spouses, and communities of these untrained "[Cybersoldiers](#)"—much like it does for military families. Except these employees never signed up for war and they were never trained for psychological operations. And yet cyber professionals in the digital assets sector face [billions of attacks per second](#) in DDoS vectors alone.

Cybersecurity professionals experience anxiety rates between [60% and 84%](#)—among the highest of any profession. If something goes wrong, it is their careers on the line, and the consequences are dire. The stress of the "[Cyberwars](#)" manifests physically: elevated heart rates, chronic tension, and the constant hypervigilance that erodes both performance and wellbeing. Employee burnout and low Net Promoter Scores is a common byproduct of constant violations to the nervous system with reports of 50% and over [75%](#) of employees experiencing burnout. The result of an over engaged amygdala is paralysis and low productivity output.

### The Threat: Machines That Know You Better Than You Know Yourself

Modern social engineering has evolved far beyond the crude phishing emails of the past. Today's threat actors—and the AI systems they deploy—collect [over 50,000 data points and at times exceeding 100,000+](#) on potential targets through scraped LinkedIn profiles, social media footprints, leaked database aggregation, third party permissions, and behavioral biometrics running silently in the background of digital interactions.

In our digital world we now have tools like [Geospy.ai](#) that allows threat actors to access any camera system through the base design of NSA infrastructure, all the way to [shadowdragon.io](#), a program which provides access to any type of data they could want on an individual or population through data lake aggregation.

Darkweb AI-driven platforms don't just send emails. They *craft language, orchestrate timing, impersonate voices through deepfakes*, and run A/B tests to optimize which manipulation tactics work best on which personality types. Attack behavior is no longer manual—it involves rapid machine learning and adjustment across massive datasets, operating at a speed and scale no human can match through awareness alone.

Observations from this pilot are the same injection attacks being used to hijack AI systems are the same vectors being used for social engineering on humans. **The human brain and the AI share surprisingly similar vulnerabilities in information physics.** AI is becoming the new insider threat at organizations with entropic acceleration indicating social engineering malware infections present both in the AI and society.

## The Digital Assets Sector: #1 Global Target

This study was conducted within the Digital Assets (cryptocurrency) division of a high value financial target and socialized to other groups managing emerging tech and onboarding training. Cryptocurrency operations represent the **#1 target for cyberattacks globally**. Industry losses from social engineering exploits—including scams and "rug pulls"—have exceeded **\$15 billion**, equivalent to the combined economic output of cities like Rochester, NY or Honolulu, HI.

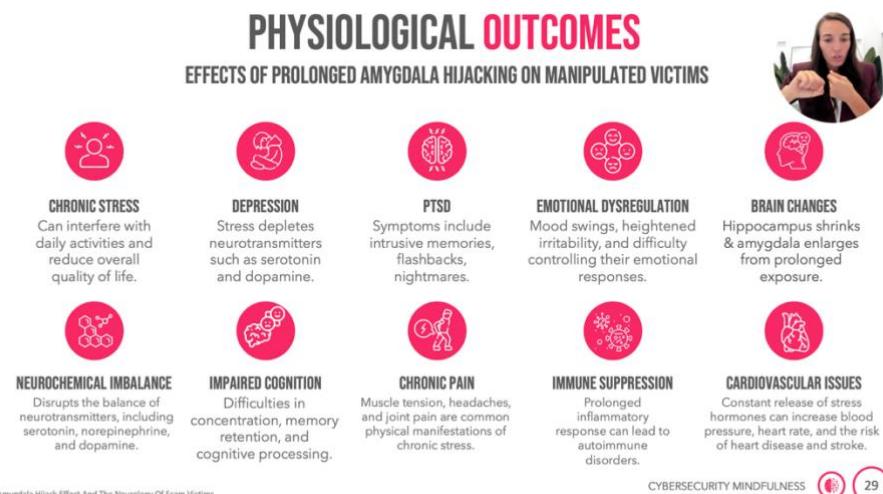
Beyond the financial exposure, I observed something troubling: *behavioral changes in employees who engaged with arbitrage methodologies and crypto-adjacent activities*. There was a quality of cognitive hijacking occurring—not just in phishing clicks, but in how people were processing information, making decisions, and relating to risk. They needed protection from both digital *and* real-life social engineers.

## Part II: The Problem

### The Phishing Simulation Program

Within the organization's Cybersecurity group, the Head of Phishing and her team would search the internet and brainstorm new ways to trick employees into clicking their phishing simulations. If individuals clicked beyond a threshold, they were assigned mandatory training with the Information Security Officers over their respective business units.

The simulation campaigns were relentless: **2–4 phishing campaigns deployed per month**, each designed to exploit different psychological vulnerabilities. The result was an organization on edge, with the phishing program kicking up a lot of dust and putting employees in a state of chronic low-grade anxiety about their email.



## The Numbers Before Intervention

Metric	Value
Repeat clickers (Crypto division, monthly)	50–100 individuals
Repeat clickers (organization-wide)	5,000+ individuals
Peak single-campaign click event	<b>~4,000 in one month</b>
Phishing campaigns per month	2–4 campaigns

## The Systemic Failures

- **Ineffective standard training:** The phishing training I was told to teach showed no measurable reduction in susceptibility. An [industry flatline](#).
- **Avoidant behavior:** Employees began avoiding legitimate emails they couldn't confidently distinguish from simulations. Inbox paralysis.
- **Perception of punishment:** Repeat clickers appeared hesitant initially—they thought the training was a punishment
- **Leadership outcry:** Leaders became angry at the *"aggravation, embarrassment, and cruel infliction"* the phishing program was causing on employee morale and performance metrics. With ire often being misdirected to non-offending groups.

The employees being labeled as "repeat offenders" were not failures. They were *individuals who had never been exposed to war tactics*—civilians facing psychological operations with no training in how to protect their minds.

## Part III: The Intervention

### Origins: An Elite Mindset for Cybersecurity

Years before this program, I had been taught how to protect my mind by a political strategist—techniques from elite performance circles that aren't typically available to corporate employees. Prior to the New York State Department of Financial Services issued an [industry letter](#) urging organizations to enhance cybersecurity training for social engineering and AI-enabled threats, the initial trainings I taught were the presentations that I presented on stage when I was a speaker in the cybersecurity expo circuit. It was when I recognized that the neuroscience research I was conducting aligned precisely with these regulatory needs that I brought in professional training.

I approached Dr. Toby Larson an Elite Sports & Performance Psychologist with a masters in Kinesiology and asked if I could share his Mindfulness teachings—particularly his work in performance psychology—for a cybersecurity context. With his permission and organizational approval, I began socializing his techniques into the mandatory phishing training sessions.

*The goal was simple: help people calm their nervous systems, teach them to recognize the connections between their body and mind, and enable them to become attentive and skilled at outmaneuvering manipulative behavior from machines that had more data and predictive models on them than they were aware of.*

### The Cybersecurity Mindfulness Framework

The initial program addressed various interconnected domains, each targeting a different aspect of how social engineering exploits human psychology:

Domain	Application
<b>Physiology</b>	Recognizing stress responses in the body; nervous system regulation
<b>Psychology</b>	Understanding cognitive biases exploited by threat actors
<b>Neuroscience</b>	The amygdala hijack mechanism: how attacks travel through the brain
<b>Behavior Change</b>	Building sustainable response patterns; reactivity to intentionality
<b>Information Physics</b>	Understanding information flow dynamics in cyber-attack vectors

Domain	Application
<b>Mindfulness</b>	Present-moment awareness; the cognitive pause before action

## Core Technique: Be Mindful Always

At the heart of the program were Dr. Toby Larson's mindfulness practices, adapted specifically for recognizing and interrupting the hijack sequence and the brain body impact of real time awareness of events impacting the nervous system. A focus on being present.



**BE MINDFUL ALWAYS**  
RECOGNIZING THE NEED TO BREATHE MINDFULLY



Notice when your heart rate increases, your shoulders tense, or your mind races—these are your cues.



Periodically ask yourself, "How is my breath right now?" If it's shallow or tight, take a slow, deep inhale.



When you feel sudden anxiety or urgency, pause for a breath. This calms your body and resets your focus.



DR. TOBY LARSON

Cybersecurity Mindfulness Breathing Exercise  
The Influence of Breathing on the Central Nervous System  
National Library of Medicine 2018

## Training Structure

The program utilized a tiered intervention model:

- **Tier 1 (1–2 clicks):** Preventive awareness email with key concepts and warning
- **Tier 2 (3+ clicks):** Individualized 1:1 training session (the core intervention)
- **Tier 3 (Scaled training):** Group presentations on machine learning, data privacy, AI, and the information ecosystem with specialized training for developers around information physics.
- **Onboarding:** New employee trainers were particularly eager for group presentations as there was often no warning for new employees about the phishing simulations resulting in an immediate hit to new employee morale.

## Part IV: The Training Experience

### Replaying the Moment of Compromise

Each 1:1 session began by bridging phishing into social engineering through the mindfulness training reviewing the specific phishing simulation(s) the participant had clicked. Together, we would replay the events surrounding the moment of compromise—reconstructing what they were working on at the time, the context of their day, and the mental state they were in when the email arrived.

The process involved:

- **Identifying the exact moment of the "phish":** Pinpointing when the amygdala hijack occurred in their decision sequence
- **Mapping physiological sensations:** Discussing what they felt in their body—urgency, anxiety, pressure to respond
- **Emotional impact analysis:** Exploring how the email made them feel and what psychological lever was pulled

- **Pattern recognition:** Building awareness of their personal vulnerability triggers for future protection

## The Phishing Simulations That Worked

The phishing team deployed simulations targeting different psychological manipulation tactics:

- **Urgent matters:** Time-pressure scenarios triggering immediate action without reflection
- **Documentation requests:** Appeals to compliance and process-oriented behavior
- **HR communications:** Exploiting trust in internal institutional communications
- **Mimicked quarterly reports:** The most devastating simulation—**tricked nearly every single person with a management title**. There was an uproar against our group despite not being the initiators of the phish. An effective organizational tactic.

## Participant Responses

The initial hesitancy of the trainings was that we were presenting something new. The clickers already appeared hesitant at the start of sessions, anticipating punishment rather than support. The goal of Mindfulness is to keep the brainwaves in an Alpha state and out of hijackable rhythms of Beta & Gamma. The program had two notable instances of negative feedback emerged:

**"You're just scaring people."**

— Participant response to behavioral biometrics training content

**"No one can beat the AI, so don't even try."**

— 4x repeat clicker who missed the 3rd-click training intervention window

The second response illustrates *learned helplessness*—the defeatist posture that traditional punitive training inadvertently reinforces. This individual slipped through the training cycle when multiple simultaneous phishing campaigns created intervention gaps.

**However, the overwhelming majority of feedback was transformative:**

- **Gratitude and ongoing engagement:** Instead of experiencing a dead wall, participants maintained contact with Information Security Officers after sessions, sharing cyber intelligence they encountered in the world based on the training
- **Recognition capability:** Trainees became effectively able to recognize when they were being manipulated—both digitally and in person
- **Nervous system regulation:** Participants learned to engage their stress response in protective ways that protected both themselves and the company
- **Quantum physics interest:** Developers expressed significant interest in the emerging technology implications; research in this area was scarce, and they knew threats were coming but were unsure what form they would take

# CYBERSECURITY AT A GLANCE

THE WORLD HAS FUNDAMENTALLY CHANGED, COLLABORATIVE MINDFULNESS IS ESSENTIAL.



<b>\$10.5 T</b> <b>CYBER INDUSTRY</b>	<b>65%</b> <b>ANXIETY INCREASE</b>	<b>98%</b> <b>SOCIAL ENGINEERING</b>	<b>77%</b> <b>AI PREVALENCE</b>
Cybercrime To Cost The World \$10.5 Trillion Annually in 2025.	Post COVID & Elections have resulted in an epidemic of mental health.	Cyber attacks involve some form of social engineering.	Most devices in use today are estimated to have some form of AI integrated into them.

## WHY TRAIN EVERYONE IN MINDFULNESS

By treating cybercrime as a common foe, we cultivate purposeful awareness, shared responsibility, and collective vigilance. This mindful culture doesn't just prevent mistakes—it empowers employees to proactively spot and address threats. In aligning population around Cybersecurity Mindfulness transforms individual burdens into a positive collaborative mission, strengthening defenses, building trust, and elevating overall workplace & community harmony and effectiveness.

## Part V: Scaling & Outcomes

### Organic Adoption

As word of the program's effectiveness spread, demand grew organically. Leadership teams—*highly competitive over their performance metrics*—began requesting organizational training for their groups. The program had been intended as an internal experiment, simply seeing if we could help calm people's nervous systems. It became something more.

Phase	Participants	Timeline
Initial Test Cohort	~120/mo	Months 1–12
Focused Testing (Mindfulness)	Core cohort	Oct 2024 – Feb 2025
First Group Request	~200	Month 13
Rapid Scale	<b>2,000+</b>	<b>6 weeks</b>
Organization-Wide Opening	<b>~3,100 exposure</b>	Final 4 months

### Institutional Friction

The program's success created an unintended consequence. As the Cybersecurity Mindfulness training reduced click rates, the Head of Phishing observed her team's effectiveness metrics declining. A surprising turn was when the phishing team initially moved against the mindfulness program despite giving it prior ongoing authorization, viewing it as a competitive threat rather than a complementary defense layer. I suspect the eager ado

This dynamic reveals a systemic issue: when phishing simulation teams are incentivized to demonstrate high click rates (proving the threat is real), programs that actually reduce vulnerability can be perceived as adversarial to internal stakeholders rather than celebrated as organizational wins. Going forward close collaboration with phishing teams is ideal so they share the reward of improved metrics from mindfulness training.

### Final Outcome

#### PROGRAM OUTCOME

At program conclusion:

**Zero\* 3x clickers** on active report of ~700 employees under Digital Assets  
**Eager adoption** Open invite, excerpts from trainings included in ISO memos, and trainings reached 3% of organization.

\*Only exception: 1 individual (4x clicker) who missed the training intervention window

## Quantified Impact Summary

Metric	Value
Total Implementation Duration	18 months
Focused Mindfulness Testing Period	October 2024 – February 2025
Initial Cohort	~120 individuals
Final Participant Count	<b>~2,300 employees</b>
Program Scaling Factor	19x growth
Rapid Scale Rate	<b>200 → 2,000+ in 6 weeks</b>
Target Sector	Digital Assets, Emerging Tech, Onboarding (#1 global attack target)
Assets Under Protection	~\$8 trillion
Final 3x Clicker Count	<b>0 (zero)</b>
Exceptions	1 (missed intervention window)

## Part VI: Key Findings

- The human nervous system can be trained to outmaneuver machine intelligence.** When employees understand their physiological cues and learn to pause before acting, they interrupt the hijack sequence that AI-driven social engineering depends on.
- Traditional phishing training fails because it addresses awareness, not neurology.** Employees can know they shouldn't click and still click—because the amygdala responds faster than the prefrontal cortex can analyze. Extending the length of the brain waves through mindfulness is a successful preventative measure.
- Corporate employees are untrained civilians in a war zone.** Reframing "repeat offenders" as people who were never taught psychological defense transforms the dynamic from punitive to protective.
- Mindfulness creates compound protection—both digital and interpersonal.** Participants became able to recognize manipulation attempts not just in phishing emails, but in face-to-face social engineering and the subtle behavioral changes associated with crypto arbitrage engagement.
- Organizational incentive structures can oppose effective training.** When phishing teams are measured by click rates, programs that reduce clicks become internal threats rather than celebrated successes.

## Conclusion

What began as an internal experiment—simply seeing if I could help calm people's nervous systems—became a demonstration that human awareness, contentiousness, and presence can be trained to defend itself against machine-enhanced manipulation. The Cybersecurity Mindfulness program, built on Dr. Toby Larson's mindfulness teachings and emerging research in information physics, neuroscience, and AI, produced measurable reductions in phishing susceptibility within the highest-risk sector of the financial industry.

The approach succeeded not by adding more information or stricter compliance, but by teaching employee's kindness, and behavioral skills, & to recognize their own physiological responses and use them as early warning systems. When your heart rate increases, when your shoulders tense, when your mind races—*these are your cues*. The pause for breath

that follows is not weakness; it is the moment where human intelligence reasserts control over automated response.

For organizations developing mindfulness-based security curricula, this framework offers an evidence-based expansion pathway. The scalability demonstrated—from 120 to 2,300 participants, with 200 to 2,000+ in just six weeks—suggests readiness for broader deployment across industries facing elevated social engineering risk. The Head of Phishing crowned me “Head of Social Engineering,” but really though I became Head of Neurocybersecurity.

*The convergence of AI-enhanced threats and human cognitive vulnerability demands training methodologies that address the full spectrum of the attack surface—including the human brain, physics, and emerging attack vectors. Machines may have more data points on us than we realize, but we have something machines do not: the capacity to control our nervous system through pause, breath, & the choice of our next course of action.*

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Prepared by: January Walker

Neurocybersecurity | Neuroscientist of Information Physics

*Cybersecurity Mindfulness is the Mindfulness Teachings of Dr. Toby Larson Tailored to Cybersecurity Professionals*

*Pilot Performed at a high value institution target with nearly 80,000 employees, 2023–2025*