

OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH & SAFETY & MANUAL HANDLING

QUALITY AREA 3 & 7 | ELAA VERSION 1.4



PURPOSE

In this policy document, Creative Minds Early Years Pty Ltd is referred to as Creative Minds Early Years.

This policy will provide guidelines and procedures to ensure that:

all people who attend the premises of [Creative Minds Early Years](#), including employees, children, parents/guardians, students, volunteers, contractors and visitors, are provided with a safe and healthy environment

- all reasonable steps are taken by the approved provider, as the employer of staff, to ensure the health, safety and wellbeing of employees at the service



POLICY STATEMENT

VALUES

Creative Minds Early Years has a moral and legal responsibility to provide a safe and healthy environment for employees, children, parents/guardians, students, volunteers, contractors and visitors. This policy reflects the importance [Creative Minds Early Years](#) places on the wellbeing of employees, children, parents/guardians, students, volunteers, contractors and visitors, by endeavouring to protect their health, safety and welfare, and integrating this commitment into all of its activities.

[Creative Minds Early Years](#) is committed to ensuring that:

- the management group, staff and volunteers are aware of their health, safety and wellbeing responsibilities as employers, employees and volunteers
- systematic identification, assessment and control of hazards, including psychological health is undertaken at the service
- effective communication and consultation form a fundamental part of the management process to encourage innovative ways of reducing risk in the service environment
- training is provided to assist staff to identify health, safety and wellbeing hazards which, when addressed, will lead to safer work practices at the service
- it fulfils its obligations under current and future laws (in particular, the [Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004](#)), and that all relevant codes of practice are adopted and accepted as a minimum standard.

SCOPE

This policy applies to the approved provider, persons with management or control, nominated supervisor, persons in day-to-day charge, early childhood teachers, educators, staff, students, volunteers, parents/guardians, children, and others attending the programs and activities of [Creative Minds Early Years](#), including during offsite excursions and activities.

RESPONSIBILITIES	Contractors, volunteers and students	Parents/guardians	Early childhood teacher, educators and all other staff	Nominated supervisor and persons in day-to-day charge	Approved provider and persons with management or control
	R indicates legislation requirement, and should not be deleted				
1. Providing and maintaining a work environment that is safe and without risks to health, safety and wellbeing (<i>OHS Act: Section 21</i>). This includes ensuring that: - there are safe systems of work - all employees are trained in hazard identification and prevention the is to be refreshed/reviewed annually or upon induction when starting employment. (<i>Refer to attachment 1 &3</i>) - All employees know and understand the process of reporting manual handling hazards (<i>Refer to attachment 2</i>) - the design of work enables employees to be engaged in work that is healthy, safe and productive - all plant and equipment provided for use by staff, including machinery, appliances and tools etc., are safe and meet relevant safety standards - substances, and plant and equipment, are used, handled, and stored safely - material safety data sheets are supplied for all chemicals kept and/or used at the service - there are adequate welfare facilities e.g. first aid and dining facilities etc. - there is appropriate information, instruction, training and supervision for employees - there are processes in place to identify and respond to psychosocial hazards (<i>refer to Definitions</i>) Note: This duty of care is owed to all employees, children, parents/guardians, volunteers, students, contractors and any members of the public who are at the workplace at any time	R	√			
2. Ensuring staff are consulted during the development and review of this policy and evidence of this consultation process is documented.	R	√	√		√
3. Ensuring safe work schedules through:	R	R			

- providing suitable rest breaks - designing shifts to minimise fatigue - providing for appropriate fatigue recovery - providing sufficient notice of schedule or shift changes - in accordance with their employment agreement					
4. Implementing policies and procedures for responding to workplace bullying, harassment, stress, and occupational violence (<i>refer to Prevention of Harassment and Bullying and Occupational Violence and Aggression policy</i>)					
5. Ensuring there is a systematic risk management approach to the management of workplace hazards. This includes ensuring that: - Hazards, including psychosocial hazards and risks to health, safety and wellbeing are identified, assessed and eliminated or, if it is not possible to remove the hazard/risk completely, effectively controlled - measures employed to eliminate/control hazards and risks to health, safety and wellbeing are monitored and evaluated regularly Organising/facilitating regular safety audits of the following: - indoor and outdoor environments - all equipment, including emergency equipment - playgrounds and fixed equipment in outdoor environments - cleaning services - horticultural maintenance - pest control - chemical management plan	R	√			
6. Ensuring that all cupboards/rooms are labelled accordingly, including those that contain chemicals and first aid kits, and that child-proof locks are installed on doors and cupboards where contents may be harmful	R	√			
7. Ensuring the physical environment at the service is safe, secure and free from hazards for everyone at the service (<i>refer to Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing Policy</i>)	R	√	√		√
8. Providing systems of work that support psychological health, including clear roles, manageable workloads, appropriate staffing levels, and effective supervision	R	√			
9. Ensuring that all equipment and materials used at the service meet relevant safety standards and are fit and safe for purpose.	R	√	√		√
10. Ensuring that all plant, equipment and furniture are maintained in a safe condition (<i>Regulation 103</i>)	R	√	√		√
11. Ensuring a risk assessment is completed for all new and donated plants, equipment and furniture to identify potential occupational health and safety risks associated with the purchase, hire, lease or receipt of donated goods	R	√	√		√

12. Maintaining a clean environment daily, and removing tripping/slipping hazards as soon as these become apparent	R	√	√		√
13. Identifying any work involving hazardous manual handling (<i>refer to Definitions, Sources</i>) and eliminating the risk, as far as reasonably practicable.	R	√	√		√
14. Ensuring the service is up to date with current legislation and best practice on child restraints in vehicles if transporting children (<i>refer to Road Safety and Safe Transport Policy</i>)	R	√			
15. Monitoring the conditions of the workplace and the health, safety and wellbeing of employees (<i>OHS Act: Section 22</i>)	R	√	√		√
16. Monitoring psychological health risks through incident reports, absenteeism, staff feedback, and consultation	R	√	√		√
17. Taking care of their own safety and wellbeing the safety and wellbeing of others who may be affected by their actions	R	√	√		√
18. Involving children in conversations regarding OHS and incorporating OHS into the curriculum.		√	√		√
19. Protecting other individuals from risks arising from the service's activities, including holding a fete or a working bee etc., or any activity that is ancillary to the operation of the service e.g. contractors cleaning the premises after hours (<i>OHS Act: Section 23</i>)	R	√	√		√
20. Providing adequate instruction to staff in safe working procedures, and informing them of known hazards to their health and wellbeing that are associated with the work that they perform at the service	R	√	√		
21. Developing procedures to guide the safe use of harmful substances, such as chemicals, in the workplace	R	√			
22. Ensuring that OHS accountability is included in all position descriptions	R	√			
23. Ensuring this policy is available to employees, parents/guardian, students, volunteers, contractors and displayed in a prominent location.	R	√			
24. Allocating adequate resources to implement this policy	R	√			
25. Implementing/practising emergency and evacuation procedures (<i>refer to Emergency and Evacuation Policy</i>)	R	√	√		√
26. Implementing and reviewing this policy in consultation with the nominated supervisor, educators, staff, contractors and parents/guardians	R	√	√	√	√
27. Identifying and providing appropriate resources, induction and training to assist educators, staff, contractors, visitors, volunteers and students to implement this policy	R	√			
28. Ensuring the nominated supervisor, educators, staff, contractors, volunteers and students are kept informed of any	R				

relevant changes in legislation and practices in relation to this policy					
29. Consulting appropriately with employees on OHS matters including: • identification of hazards, including psychosocial hazards • making decisions on how to manage and control health, safety and wellbeing risks • making decisions on health, safety and wellbeing procedures • the need for establishing an OHS committee and determining membership of the committee • proposed changes at the service that may impact on health and safety • establishing health, safety and wellbeing committees	R	√			
30. Notifying WorkSafe Victoria about serious workplace notifiable incidents (<i>refer to Definitions</i>), and preserving the site of an incident (<i>OHS Act: Sections 38–39</i>)	R	√			
31. Ensuring reporting requirements under the <i>Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Act 2004</i> are made to WorkSafe immediately by phone and within writing by 48 hours (<i>refer to Sources</i>)	R				
32. Holding appropriate licenses, registrations and permits, where required by the OHS Act	R	√			
33. Attempting to resolve OHS issues with employees or their representatives within a reasonable time frame	R	√			
34. Not discriminating against employees who are involved in health and safety negotiations	R	√			
35. Allowing access to an authorised representative of a staff member who is acting within their powers under the OHS Act	R	√			
36. Producing OHS documentation as required by inspectors and answering any questions that an inspector asks	R	√			
37. Not obstructing, misleading or intimidating an inspector who is performing their duties.	R	√			
38. Ensuring that all educators/staff are aware of this policy, and are supported to implement it at the service	R	√			
39. Keeping up to date and complying with any relevant changes in legislation and practices in relation to this policy.	R	√	√		√

BACKGROUND AND LEGISLATION



BACKGROUND

Everyone involved in an early childhood education and care service has a role to play in ensuring the service's operations are safe and without risk to the health and safety of all parties. In Victoria, health and safety in the workplace is governed by a system of laws, regulations and compliance codes that set out the responsibilities of employers and employees to ensure safety is maintained at work.

The *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004 (OHS Act)* sets out the key principles, duties and rights in relation to workplace health and safety. The *Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017* specifies the ways duties imposed by the *OHS Act* must be undertaken and prescribes procedural/administrative matters to support the *OHS Act*, such as requiring licenses for specific activities, or the need to keep records or notify authorities on certain matters.

The *WorkSafe Victoria Compliance Code, Psychological Health* provides practical guidance on how employers can meet their duties under the *Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004* in relation to psychological health. Compliance with the code supports the prevention of psychological injury through effective risk management.

The legal duties of an employer under the *OHS Act* are:

- provide and maintain a working environment for employees that is safe and without risks to their health, including psychological health. This duty includes:
 - providing and maintaining safe systems of work
 - providing information, instruction, training and supervision so employees can perform their work safely and without risks to health
- monitor the conditions of workplaces under the employer's management and control monitor employee health
- consult with employees and any health and safety representatives (HSRs) (*refer to Definitions*) when doing certain things, for example, identifying or assessing hazards or risks and making decisions about measures to control those risks
- attempt to resolve health and safety issues in line with any relevant agreed procedure or the relevant procedure prescribed by the Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017 (OHS Regulations)

In order to comply with their duties, employers:

- must consult with employees and HSRs (*refer to Definitions*) to identify or assess hazards or risks to health and safety at a workplace under the employer's management and control, including work-related factors that can cause or contribute to stress
- where a risk has been identified, either eliminate the risk or implement measures to control it so far as is reasonably practicable
- following a report/injury/incident involving stress, need to investigate whether work-related factors contributed
- need to review and revise risk control measures
- Maintain a safe and clean environment which may require vacuuming/sweeping/mopping for up to 10 minutes at a time, rinsing the mop and carry mop bucket with 5cm water, clean sinks, clean children's sinks 1m high, cleaning children's toilets, wiping off bench tops and cleaning children's tables and chairs and general tidying.

The definition of 'health' under the *OHS Act* includes 'psychological health', therefore any reference to OHS obligations in relation to the health of employees extends to their psychological health.

Employees have a duty, while at work, to take reasonable care for their own health and safety, and to take reasonable care for the health and

safety of people who might be affected by their acts or omissions in the workplace. Employees also have a duty to cooperate with their employer's actions to comply with requirements under the *OHS Act* and *OHS Regulations*.

PROCEDURE FOR MANAGING AND MONITORING SAFE MANUAL HANDLING

- Follow procedures for manual handling as outlined in *attachment 1*
- Staff are encouraged to use their common sense and not take unnecessary risks when handling large or heavy objects
- When lifting a child or object weighing more than 15 kilos, staff are required to seek assistance
- Manual handling and correct lifting/back care training will be provided every year and as part of induction process on commencement of employment
- It is the responsibility of all staff to follow the below procedures and assist by identifying manual handling hazards and risks
- New staff are to be provided with information regarding the correct lifting techniques during their induction
- The OH&S committee representative and /or Approved Provider will conduct checks regularly to monitor the practice of manual handling across the centre. Any difficulties noted on these checks will be followed up immediately.

MANAGING RISKS FROM MANUAL HANDLING

- Train all employees in manual handling identification and control measures
- Refresh training annually
- Ensure employees know and understand the procedure for report hazard identification (*refer attachment 2*)
- Identify risks – discuss issues with staff and check past records of incidents/accidents
- Assess risks – how much strain, pressure, stress, weight, force, grip, skill and duration is required for each activity
- Control risks – when designing tasks in order to minimise injury, look at changing the way jobs are done, changing the layout of the workplace and changing the equipment.
- Storage of equipment. Every reasonable effort will be made to store all heavy equipment below shoulder height.

CORRECT LIFTING PRACTICES

Reduce the risk of injury by following these guidelines:

- Staff must never twist while lifting, instead pivot with the feet
- When a staff member lifts a child or object, they should not stretch over and lift, but lean close and raise as close as possible to their body.

When lifting staff must:

- Place their feet shoulder width apart for good balance

- Keep their breastbone elevated
 - Bend their knees, not at the waist to maintain the centre of balance
 - Use the strong leg muscles to do the lifting
 - Brace stomach muscles
 - Use smooth, gradual motions
 - Hold child or object close to their body
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- Move their feet not their spine to stand up
 - Prepare to move in a forward direction

Staff should transfer heavy items to smaller containers to reduce weight, wherever possible.

Staff, Volunteers, Students and parents should:

- Kneel where possible
- Avoid sitting on child sized chairs where possible
- Refrain from carrying children on their hip
- Lift children with one arm under their buttocks and the other arm under their backs, with the child facing them
- Take micro breaks, stretch, and use different muscles
- Avoid performing the same lifting task repeatedly over a long period of time
- Before purchasing, consider the weight of new equipment, how it will be used
- Ensure enough staff are rostered on per session to allow adequate job rotation, rest breaks and variety of tasks to reduce repetition
- Ensure staff have comfortable seating at rest and meal breaks
- Consider provision of rubber flooring in areas where workers are required to stand for long periods
- If an item is too heavy, ask for help from others.

LEGISLATION AND STANDARDS

Relevant legislation and standards include but are not limited to:

- Accident Compensation Act 1985 (Vic)
- AS/NZS 4804:2001 and 4801:2001 Occupational health and safety systems
- Education and Care Services National Law Act 2010
- Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 2: Children's Health and Safety
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 3: Physical Environment
- National Quality Standard, Quality Area 7: Governance and Leadership
- Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004

- Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017

The most current amendments to listed legislation can be found at:

Victorian Legislation – Victorian Law Today: www.legislation.vic.gov.au

Commonwealth Legislation – Federal Register of Legislation: www.legislation.gov.au

DEFINITIONS



An Authorised Representatives of Registered Employee Organisations (ARREO): A permanent employee or officer of a registered employee organisation who has satisfactorily completed a WorkSafe-approved course and holds an entry permit issued by the Magistrate's Court.

An ARREO may enter a workplace during working hours to enquire into a suspected breach of the OHS Act. Immediately on entry, the ARREO must take reasonable steps to provide the employer or their representative with:

- a notice which describes the suspected breach
- their entry permit for inspection

Duty of care: A common law concept that refers to the responsibilities of organisations to provide people with an adequate level of protection against harm and all reasonable foreseeable risk of injury. In the context of this policy, duty of care refers to the responsibility of education and care services to provide children, educators, staff, students, volunteers, contractors and anyone visiting the service with an adequate level of care and protection against reasonable foreseeable harm and injury.

Hazard: An element with the potential to cause death, injury, illness or disease.

Hazard identification: A process that involves identifying all foreseeable hazards in the workplace and understanding the possible harm that each hazard may cause.

Hazard management: A structured process of hazard identification, risk assessment and control, aimed at providing safe and healthy conditions for employees, contractors and visitors while on the premises of [Creative Minds Early Years](#) or while engaged in activities endorsed by [Creative Minds Early Years](#)

Hazardous manual handling: Work which requires a person to use force to lift, lower, push, pull, carry, move, hold or restrain something. It's hazardous manual handling if it involves:

- repeated or sustained application of force
- sustained awkward posture
- repeated movements

single or repeated use of high force, where it would be reasonable that the person may have difficulty undertaking it. For example, lifting a heavy object.

- exposure to sustained vibration
- handling live people (including children) or animals
- handling loads that are unstable, unbalanced or hard to hold or grasp

Health and safety representatives (HSR): Workers who are elected to represent the health and safety interests of their work group.

Harm: Includes death, or injury, illness (physical or psychological) or disease that may be suffered by a person as a consequence of exposure to a hazard.

Material safety data sheet: Provides employees and emergency personnel with safety procedures for working with toxic or dangerous materials. The data sheet includes all relevant information about the material such as physical properties (e.g. melting/boiling point, toxicity and reactivity), health effects, first aid requirements and safe handling procedures (e.g. personal protective equipment, safe storage/disposal and management of spills).

Notifiable Incidents: Employers must notify WorkSafe immediately after becoming aware a [notifiable incident](#) has occurred. Failure to report an incident to WorkSafe is an offence and may result in prosecution.

OHS committee: A committee that facilitates co-operation between an employer and employees in instigating, developing and carrying out measures designed to ensure the health and safety of employees in the workplace.

Psychological Hazards: means any factor or factors in:

- (a) the work design; or
- (b) the systems of work; or
- (c) the management of work; or
- (d) the carrying out of the work; or
- (e) personal or work-related interactions;

that may arise in the working environment and may cause an employee to experience one or more negative psychological responses that create a risk to their health and safety.

Risk: The chance (likelihood) that a hazard will cause harm to individuals.

Risk assessment: A process for developing knowledge/understanding about hazards and risks so that sound decisions can be made about the control of hazards. Risk assessments assist in determining:

- what levels of harm can occur
- how harm can occur
- the likelihood that harm will occur.

Risk control: A measure, work process or system that eliminates an OHS hazard or risk, or if this is not possible, reduces the risk so far as is reasonably practicable

Wellbeing: In the context of occupational health and safety refers to the overall state of physical, mental, and emotional health of individuals within the workplace environment. It encompasses various factors such as job satisfaction, work-life balance, physical health, mental health, and social interactions within the workplace.

SOURCES AND RELATED POLICIES

SOURCES

- Compliance code: Hazardous manual handling: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au
- Early Childhood Management Manual, ELAA
- WorkSafe Victoria, Early Childhood Education and Care: Safety basics: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au
- Risk Assessment and Management Tool, ACECQA: www.acecqa.gov.au
- WorkSafe Victoria: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au
- WorkSafe Victoria. Compliance Code, Psychological Health: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au

- WorkSafe Victoria: Guide to Incident Notification: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au
- WorkSafe, Report an incident: www.worksafe.vic.gov.au/report-incident

RELATED POLICIES

- Child Safe Environment and Wellbeing
- Code of Conduct
- Emergency and Evacuation
- eSafety for Children
- Incident, Injury, Trauma and Illness
- Information and Communication Technology
- Mental Health and Wellbeing
- Occupational Violence and Aggression
- Participation of Volunteers and Students
- Prevention of Harassment and Bullying
- Privacy and Confidentiality
- Road Safety Education and Safe Transport
- Safe Use of Digital Technologies and Online Environments
- Staffing
- Tobacco, E-Cigarettes, Alcohol and other Drugs

EVALUATION



In order to assess whether the values and purposes of the policy have been achieved, the approved provider will:

- regularly seek feedback from everyone affected by the policy regarding its effectiveness, particularly in relation to identifying and responding to occupational health and safety issues
- monitor the implementation, compliance, complaints and incidents in relation to this policy
- keep the policy up to date with current legislation, research, policy and best practice
- revise the policy and procedures as part of the service's policy review cycle, or as required
- notifying all stakeholders affected by this policy at least 14 days before making any significant changes to this policy or its procedures, unless a lesser period is necessary due to risk (*Regulation 172 (2)*).



ATTACHMENTS

- Attachment 1: Hazard Identification and Hazardous Manual Handling Procedure
- Attachment 2: Hazardous manual handling reporting procedure
- Attachment 3: Hazardous manual handling employee training

AUTHORISATION

This policy was adopted by the approved provider of **Creative Minds Early Years** on 5th June 2026.

REVIEW DATE: 5/6/2029



ATTACHMENT 1. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND HAZARDOUS MANUAL HANDLING PROCEDURE

DEFINITIONS

Hazard

An element with the potential to cause death, injury, illness or disease.

Hazard Identification

A process that involves identifying all foreseeable hazards in the workplace and understanding the possible harm that each hazard may cause.

Hazard Management

A structured process of hazard identification, risk assessment and control aimed at providing safe and healthy conditions for employees, contractors and visitors while on the premises of Creative Minds Early Years or while engaged in activities endorsed by the service.

Hazardous Manual Handling

Work that requires a person to use force to lift, lower, push, pull, carry, move, hold or restrain something. It is considered hazardous manual handling if it involves:

- Repeated or sustained application of force
- Sustained awkward posture
- Repeated movements
- Single or repeated use of high force where it would be reasonable that the person may have difficulty undertaking the task
- Exposure to sustained vibration
- Handling live people (including children) or animals
- Handling loads that are unstable, unbalanced or difficult to hold or grasp

Health and Safety Representative (HSR)

Workers elected to represent the health and safety interests of their work group.

Health and Safety Representative for Creative Minds Early Years:

Kate Leahy

Harm

Includes death, injury, illness (physical or psychological) or disease that may be suffered by a person as a consequence of exposure to a hazard.

HAZARD IDENTIFICATION AND RISK CONTROL MEASURES

1. Lifting and Settling Children for Sleep

Hazards

- Lifting children
- Rocking children to sleep
- Placing children into cots
- Lowering children onto floor mats

Risk Control Measures

- If a child requires rocking to sleep, educators should sit in an adult-sized chair to provide back support.
 - Position the chair as close as practicable to the sleeping mat or cot.
 - Squat and lean forward when placing a child onto a floor mat.
 - Stand close to the cot when placing a child into a cot.
 - Children may be safely rocked and held at any weight when the educator is seated in a sturdy chair rather than standing
 - Sooth children in the cot
-

2. Children Accessing the Change Table

Hazards

- Lifting children onto change tables
- Supporting children on steps
- Repetitive lifting and bending

Risk Control Measures

For infants:

- Educator lifts and places the child onto the change table.

For walking children:

- Gather all required resources before beginning the change.
- Pull out and lock the steps into place.
- Assist the child to walk up the steps while holding their hand and supporting their back.
- Encourage the child to lie flat on the change table.
- Educator should stand with feet slightly apart for stability.
- At the completion of the change, encourage the child to turn and sit with feet on the steps before stepping down.
- Support the child while they hold the side rails and descend the steps safely

- Encourage child to come down backwards
-

3. Assisting a Child Following a Fall

Hazards

- Lifting children from the ground
- Awkward postures when assisting children

Risk Control Measures

- Encourage the child to take the educator's hand and stand independently where possible.
 - Bend from the knees when moving to the child's level.
 - Avoid lifting the child unless necessary.
-

4. Placing Children Into and Removing Children From High Chairs

Hazards

- Repetitive lifting of children
- Twisting and awkward lifting positions

Risk Control Measures

Placing a Child in a High Chair

- Remove the tray before seating the child.
- Stand with feet firmly positioned and shoulder-width apart.
- Place the child in an upright position.
- Secure the safety harness before replacing the tray.

Removing a Child from a High Chair

- Stand in a stable position with feet firmly on the floor.
 - Remove the tray.
 - Undo the safety harness.
 - Lift the child carefully onto the floor.
-

5. Lifting and Carrying Mop Buckets

Hazards

- Carrying heavy buckets
- Risk of slips on wet floors

Risk Control Measures

- Fill buckets with no more than 15 cm of water.
 - Carry buckets carefully to the required room.
 - Mop towards exits to avoid walking on wet surfaces.
 - Use the dispensing tap to access pre-mixed detergent and water at waist height, reducing bending and lifting
 - Sign for wet floor
-

6. Laundry Tasks

Hazards

- Repeated bending
- Lifting wet washing

Risk Control Measures

- Use correct lifting techniques when loading and unloading front-loading washing machines and dryers.
 - Bend from the knees rather than the waist.
 - Place washing baskets on the table adjacent to the clothesline.
 - Use the table to minimise bending while hanging and removing washing
 - Washing trolley
-

7. Moving Indoor and Outdoor Equipment

Hazards

- Heavy lifting
- Carrying awkward or bulky equipment

Examples include:

- Heavy planks

- Climbing equipment
- Tables
- Shelving

Risk Control Measures

- Always work with a partner when moving heavy equipment.
 - Bend from the knees when lifting.
 - Seek assistance from additional educators if required.
 - Use a trolley for transporting heavy items across the yard.
 - Use designated footpaths where possible to avoid dragging equipment.
-

8. Cleaning Supply Deliveries

Hazards

- Heavy boxes
- Repetitive lifting and carrying

Risk Control Measures

- Bend from the knees when lifting.
 - Use a trolley to transport heavy boxes.
 - Work with a partner where required.
 - Avoid overloading trolleys.
 - Use footpaths when moving supplies to storage areas.
 - Break down loads where possible by removing individual items such as 5-litre bottles and carrying them separately
 - Delivery to go straight to the storeroom
-

9. Pushing Children on Swings

Hazards

- Repetitive movements
- Sustained force
- Shoulder, arm and back strain

Risk Control Measures

- Support the child from behind when placing them onto the swing.
- Push the swing from behind using the child's back for support.

- Alternatively, push from the front using the child's knees.
 - Maintain a stable stance with feet firmly grounded and positioned apart.
 - Limit swing pushing to a maximum of 5 minutes per educator due to the repetitive nature of the task.
 - Encourage children to use a small chair, with educator support, to access the swing independently.
 - Encourage children to develop self-swinging skills by kicking their legs forward and backward.
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Review and Monitoring

This Hazard Identification and Hazardous Manual Handling Procedure will be reviewed annually, following any workplace incident, or when changes to equipment, practices or environments occur.

All educators are responsible for:

- Following safe manual handling practices.
- Reporting hazards and incidents.
- Participating in risk assessments and reviews.
- Seeking assistance when tasks require more than one person.

Health and Safety Representative:

Kate Leahy

Adopted on

Date: 29/5/2026

Review Date: 29/5/2027

ATTACHMENT 2. HAZARDOUS MANUAL HANDLING REPORTING PROCEDURE

How to report Hazards and Hazardous manual handling at Creative Minds Early Years.

- Immediately inform your direct supervisor and Centre Leader.
- Inform the OHS representative.
- Document the hazard on template below and it will be recorded on our internal reporting system in Kidsoft. Add detailed information.
- Notify Approved Provider of the hazard.
- Approved Provider to address the hazard.

If the employer fails to address the hazard or you need confidential advice, you can escalate the issue to Work Safe Victoria. Ph. 1800136089 or via the Work Safe Victoria portal. <https://www.worksafe.vic.gov.au>

HAZARD IDENTIFIED	REPORTED TO -	DATE REPORTED.

