STATE OF FL DOH PST 6th EDITION WORKBOOK SECTION 9 QUIZ

The below is intended to compliment or be used in conjunction with the FL DOH PST 6th Edition Workbook dated 2024. FL APCO Training Committee recommends the workbook be thoroughly read in preparation for the state examination. The below is meant to aid, not to substitute or supersede the information found in the workbook.

Paralysis and falls greater than 10 feet are potential requirements for trauma alert.
True or False
2. Terrorist attacks, natural disasters and aircraft emergencies are likely to be classified as multi/mass-casualty incidents.
True or False
No. of the last of
3. Poison control, suicide crisis hotline and animal control are among the referrals that are usually made by a PST.
True or False
4. Non-emergency response requires the use of lights and sirens.
True or False
5. Relaying pertinent information such as weapons, is one way the PST can ensure the safety of the EMS responders.
True or False
6. Define the basic level of care provided by an EMT and a Paramedic.
7. List 4 reasons law enforcement would respond to an EMS incident.

STATE OF FL DOH PST 6th EDITION WORKBOOK SECTION 9 QUIZ

8. Define Tra	auma Alert.	
9. Outline th	ne steps of rapid triage.	
10 Define A	LS and BLS.	
ALS	and BEG.	
BLS	250	FIORIDA
11. This crud	st.	increase the chances of survival for individuals in
	A. ETOH	B. DNR
	C. CVA	D. T-CPR
12. The follo	owing are skills the PST should us	se to successfully handle a MCI except
	A. Critical thinking	B. Emotional Resilience
	C. Multi-functional dexterity	D. Scene assessment
	nsportation for critically ill or injur eferred to as	ed patients by helicopters or specialized vehicles is
	A. Resource mobilization	B. Medevac/Medical evacuation
	C. Interoperability	D. Rescue

STATE OF FL DOH PST 6th EDITION WORKBOOK SECTION 9 QUIZ

14. Hospital units specializing in acute and life-threatening injuries are known as

A. Trauma centers B. Emergency room

C. ALS Clinic D. Infirmary

15-20. Match each commonly used terms with the correct definition.

a. Edema	A portable device which can analyze heart rhythm and deliver electric shock to restore normal rhythm.
b. Syncope	High blood pressure
c. AED (Automated External Defibrillator)	Cut or tear in the skin
d. ETOH	Swelling
e. Laceration	Fainting
f. Hypertension	Intoxication from ethyl alcohol