Should Your Restaurant Take Reservations?

A Consultant's Analysis of the Operational and Financial Tradeoffs

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Few decisions shape the guest experience and the financial rhythm of a restaurant more than the choice to accept—or refuse—reservations. It affects labor planning, table turns, revenue predictability, brand positioning, and customer satisfaction. As a restaurant consultant, I'm often asked a deceptively simple question: "Are reservations good or bad for business?" The truth is that both models have strong cases. The right decision depends on what you're trying to optimize.

This article breaks down the **real business implications**, **operational considerations**, and **strategic advantages** of each approach.

THE CASE FOR TAKING RESERVATIONS

1. Revenue Predictability & Better Capacity Planning

Reservations allow operators to predict demand by daypart with far greater accuracy. This directly informs:

- Labor scheduling
- Prep and purchasing levels
- Kitchen pacing
- Strategic timing of specials or promotions

Restaurants that operate with tight margins often benefit from this level of predictability.

2. Higher Check Averages

Data from full-service concepts consistently show that guests with reservations spend more. Why?

- They're often celebrating events.
- They're less rushed.
- They plan ahead, which correlates with higher entrées, appetizers, and bottles ordered.

For mid- to upscale dining, reservations can increase revenue per seat.

3. Controlled Flow & Reduced Chaos at the Door

Walk-in-only operations live and die on timing—and unpredictability creates host-stand bottlenecks. Taking reservations:

- Smooths out demand spikes
- Reduces long lines that discourage guests
- Prevents "rushes" that slam the kitchen.

Better pacing yields better food and a calmer line.

4. Enhanced Guest Experience

Every operator knows that "wait time dissatisfaction" is the #1 source of complaints. Reservations eliminate the ambiguity by providing:

- Guaranteed seating
- Shorter waits
- A more premium, cared-for experience

For certain brands, this is essential.

5. Marketing & Data Benefits

When done through a platform (OpenTable, Resy, etc.), restaurants gain:

- Customer data
- Visit frequency insights
- Automated reminders
- Targeted marketing lists

For brands focused on guest engagement, this is valuable infrastructure.

THE CASE AGAINST TAKING RESERVATIONS

1. No-Shows & Late Arrivals Hurt Revenue

Even with credit-card holds and cancellation policies, no-shows happen. This can cost hundreds—or thousands—per night depending on your volume and check averages.

Many busy operators feel they're giving away something they didn't need to give away: guaranteed seats in one of the most scarce resources in hospitality—time.

2. Reduced Table Turn Flexibility

A reservation schedule can lock you into a pacing grid that isn't always optimal. Walk-in restaurants often flow more naturally:

- Guests seat themselves on demand.
- Turns happen organically.
- The dining room stays full with less micromanagement.

For high-turn, high-efficiency concepts, reservations can actually slow the floor down.

3. Increased Complexity & Labor Load

Reservations require:

- A host with stronger skills
- Forecasting software or platforms
- Reminders, confirmations, communication
- A manager who knows how to handle conflicts

Small and lean restaurants may see this as an unnecessary overhead cost.

4. Doesn't Fit Every Brand

For certain concepts, a reservation system actually **hurts the brand message**:

- Fast-casual hybrids
- Neighborhood taverns
- Diners
- Restaurants with high bar traffic
- Anything built around spontaneity

When the "vibe" is casual and flexible, forcing structure can create friction.

THE HYBRID MODEL: OFTEN THE SMARTEST OPTION

Increasingly, operators are discovering that the best approach isn't binary.

Hybrid systems include:

- Limited reservations (20–50% of seats)
- Reservations for large parties only
- Call-ahead seating
- Peak-hour blocking (walk-ins only at select times)
- Bar seating walk-in, dining room reservation-based

This captures the advantages of both worlds:

- Predictability + guest satisfaction
- Full dining rooms + minimized no-show impact
- Controlled flow + flexibility

For many restaurants, hybrid systems are the sweet spot.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS: WHICH MODEL MAKES MORE MONEY?

It depends on the type of restaurant:

High-Check, Low-Seat-Count Concepts

Steakhouses, fine dining, chef-driven restaurants

Reservations WIN

Margins demand predictability and high spend per guest.

Family Dining & High-Turn Concepts

Cafés, diners, breakfast houses, many mid-casual chains

Walk-ins WIN

Speed and volume matter more than planning.

Upscale Casual / Date-Night Concepts

American bistro, modern Italian, small plates

HYBRID WINS

Mix of spontaneity and planned occasions.

Bars & Gastropubs

Booze-forward revenue models

Walk-ins or hybrid

Reservations can bottleneck bar flow.

KEY QUESTIONS EVERY OWNER SHOULD ASK

To determine the best system, a restaurant should evaluate:

- 1. What is our true peak demand pattern?
- 2. Does our brand promise structure, spontaneity, or both?
- 3. How much does a no-show cost us, really?
- 4. Is our dining room layout rigid or flexible?
- 5. Do we want guest data and marketing tools?
- 6. Is our team capable of managing a reservation system?
- 7. What does our competition do—and why?

The answers point clearly toward the right model.

CONCLUSION: THERE IS NO UNIVERSAL ANSWER—ONLY THE RIGHT ANSWER FOR YOUR BRAND

Reservations aren't "good" or "bad" for business. They are simply tools—and like any tool, they must match the concept, market, and operational goals.

The smartest operators step back and evaluate:

- Revenue structure
- Guest expectations
- Table turns
- Staffing
- Brand identity
- Data needs
- Risk tolerance

Strong restaurants choose intentionally, not habitually.

If your team needs help analyzing which system is right for your concept, U.S. Restaurant Consultants can conduct a detailed operational audit, evaluate your dining room economics, and recommend a model that aligns with your brand and bottom line.