

PRESERVING OUR URBAN FOREST

# Homeowners' Tree Program



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**Understory Trees** 

### Fringe Tree (Chionanthus virginicus)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous

**Form:** large shrub or small tree with open habit, often multi-stemmed

Mature height: 15 - 20 feet

**Spread:** 12 - 20 feet

Flowers: fine, fleecy, fragrant, white

flowers that bloom in May

Fall color: yellow to yellowish

green brown

**Growth rate:** slow

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to average soil; tolerates

occasional wet soil

**Light:** sun to part shade

#### **NOTES**

Beautiful specimen tree, considered to be one of Thomas Jefferson's favorites; tolerant of air pollution



**Spring Flowers** 



### American Hornbeam (Carpinus caroliniana)

#### TREEE APPEARANCE

Form: rounded to broad spreading,

may be multistemmed

Mature height: 20 - 30 feet

**Spread:** 20 - 30 feet

Flowers: catkins hang on leafed-out tree in April

Fall color: variation in color, from

yellow to orange to red

Fruit: small nuts hang in papery sacs in clusters

**Growth rate:** slow

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to average soil; tolerates

moderate drought and occasional wet soil

Light: sun to full shade

#### **NOTES**

Sometimes called Ironwood or Musclewood for its unusually hard wood; does well in shade; tolerant of air pollution



**Fall Fruit** 



Spring Catkins





**Fall Color** 



### Redbud (Cercis canadensis)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous

Form: globular at maturity with

ascending branches

Mature height: 20 - 30 feet

**Spread:** 25 - 35 feet

**Flowers:** pink to reddish purple blooms in April before leaves appear **Fall color:** yellow to yellow-green **Fruit:** a legume; pods about 3 inches

long

**Growth rate:** medium to fast

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to average well-drained soil; tolerates drought and occasionally wet soil **Light:** sun to part shade; flowers best in sun

#### **NOTES**

One of the first trees to bloom in the spring; use as a specimen or in groupings; heart-shaped leaves; sensitive to road salt









### Serviceberry (*Amelanchier spp.*)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous

Form: small tree or large shrub; globular

at maturity; often multi-stemmed

Mature height: 15 - 20 feet

**Spread:** 8 - 25 feet

Flowers: white flowers in late March/April

**Fall color:** varies from yellow to apricot-orange to dull, rusty red

**Fruit:** delicious purplish black edible berries in June; attractive to birds

**Growth rate:** moderate



**Soil:** average to dry soils **Light:** full sun to part shade

#### **NOTES**

One of the first trees to bloom in spring; delicious fruit; subject to rose diseases; also known as Juneberry or Shadbush





**Delicious Fruit** 



**Fall Color** 



Flower

### Sweetbay Magnolia (Magnolia virginiana)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous to semi-evergreen

Form: upright spreading habit;

may be multi-stemmed

Mature height: 15 - 25 feet

**Spread:** 10 - 20 feet

Flowers: creamy white, waxy, lemon-scented

in May/June

Fall color: yellow to yellow-brown

Fruit: showy cone-like fruit with red-orange

berries that ripen in August **Growth rate:** medium to fast

#### **CULTURE**

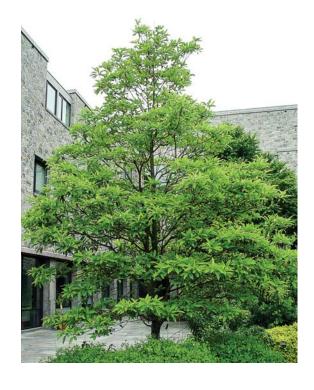
**Soil:** moist to dry soils; tolerant of drought

and extended flooding **Light:** sun to full shade

#### **NOTES**

Graceful specimen tree with fragrant flowers; wildlife feed on fruits; semi-evergreen during warm winters







Fragrant Bloom

Sweetbay Magnolia Fruit



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Canopy Trees

### Bald Cypress (*Taxodium distichum*)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

Type: deciduous conifer

Form: pyramidal

Mature height: 50 - 70 feet

**Spread:** 20 - 30 feet **Flowers:** nonflowering

**Fall color:** copper to brown **Fruit:** round, small cones **Growth rate:** moderate

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** ideal for wet locations but highly drought tolerant; slight alkaline tolerance

Light: full sun

#### **NOTES**

Lifespan of 600 (average) - 1,800 years; native to swamps where it grows "knees;" very adaptable; soft feathery needle-like leaves that drop in the winter; very straight trunk



**Bald Cypress Cones and Leaves** 





Fall Color

### American Elm (*Ulmus americana*)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous **Form:** vase-shaped

Mature height: 50 - 70 feet

**Spread:** 30 - 60 feet

Flowers: Small, rust-red colored flowers in drooping

clusters of 3 to 5

**Fall color:** yellow, with variation in intensity **Fruit:** small seeds hang in papery sacs in clusters

**Growth rate:** moderate to fast

#### **CULTURE**

Soil: average soil; tolerant of extended

flooding, drought, compaction **Light:** full sun to part shade

#### **NOTES**

This majestic tree used to line the streets of many American cities, including Washington D.C. Unfortunately, Dutch Elm Disease has destroyed the majority of Elms in the U.S. We plant disease-resistant hybrid varieties, such as "Valley Forge," to restore this magnificent tree in our landscapes. The Elm lives from 175 to 300 years.





Fruit

**Flowers** 





**Fall Color** 



**Elm Tree Lined Street** 

### Black Gum or Tupelo (Nyssa sylvatica)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

Type: deciduous

Form: pyramidal in youth; globular at maturity

Mature height: 30 - 70 feet

**Spread:** 25 - 35 feet **Flowers:** insignificant

Fall color: brilliant red; some trees change from

yellow to orange to scarlet to purple

Fruit: small, dark blue; attractive to birds

**Growth rate:** slow to moderate

#### **CULTURE**

Soil: moist to dry soils; withstands drought

and extended flooding

**Light:** full sun to part shade

#### **NOTES**

Excellent specimen tree with outstanding summer and fall foliage; one of the best native trees for fall color; high wildlife value; lifespan is 250 - 600 years.



Spectacular Fall Color



**Small Fruit for Birds** 



Dark Green Glossy Leaves

### Pin Oak (Quercus palustris)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous **Form:** pyramidal

Mature height: 60 - 70 feet

**Spread:** 25 - 40 feet **Flowers:** small catkins

Fall color: russet, bronze or red

Fruit: acorns
Growth rate: fast

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to dry soils; tolerant of

compaction and wet soils **Light:** full sun to part shade

#### **NOTES**

Fast growing widely used native oak; best planted in the spring; some brown leaves stay on tree during the winter; leaves become yellow when soil pH is greater than 6.5-7.0 due to lack of iron; resistant to air pollution



**Fall Color** (photo credit: Steve Foltz)







### Scarlet Oak (Quercus coccinea)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

Type: deciduous

**Form:** rounded open habit **Mature height:** 50 - 70 feet

**Spread:** 40 - 50 feet **Fall color:** brilliant red

Fruit: acorn (1/2" to 1" long)

**Growth rate:** medium

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** Dry to medium moisture.

Light: full sun

**NOTES:** a durable, low-maintenance tree. A stately shade tree for the lawn, with excellent fall color. Since it is a large tree, it must be planted in a location where it will have sufficient space to grow upward and spread to its mature size.





**Acorns** 



**Summer Leaves** 

**Fall Foliage** 

### Swamp White Oak (Quercus bicolor)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

Type: deciduous

Form: rounded open habit Mature height: 60 - 100 feet

**Spread:** 50 - 60 feet

Fall color: yellow/bronze

Fruit: acorn (1")

**Growth rate:** medium

#### **CULTURE**

Soil: medium to wet moisture; will

tolerate occasional drought **Light:** full sun to partial sun

**NOTES:** Valuable for wildlife. Chlorosis results in soils with high PH. Attractive peeling bark, particularly when young.





**Acorn** 



**Fall Color** 



Foliage: dark green on top, silver on underside

### White Oak (Quercus alba)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** deciduous

Form: pyramidal when young;

globular at maturity

Mature height: 60 - 80 feet

**Spread:** 50 - 80 feet **Flowers:** catkins

Fall color: burgundy to brown

**Fruit:** acorns

**Growth rate:** slow

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to dry soils; does best

in moist, well-drained soils **Light:** full sun to part shade

#### **NOTES**

One of the most valuable trees for sustaining wildlife; slow grower; life span of 200 - 300 years, or more; deep tap root; brown leaves stay on tree during winter



**Unripe White Oak Acorns** 



**Stately White Oak** 



**Fall Color** 

### Willow Oak (Quercus phellos)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

Type: deciduous

**Form:** pyramidal in youth; more rounded at maturity; lower branches

droop toward the ground **Mature height:** 40 - 60 feet

**Spread:** 30 - 40 feet **Flowers:** catkins

Fall color: yellow to russet-red

Fruit: acorns

**Growth rate:** moderate

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to dry soils; tolerates extended flooding, drought, and

compacted soils

Light: full sun to part shade

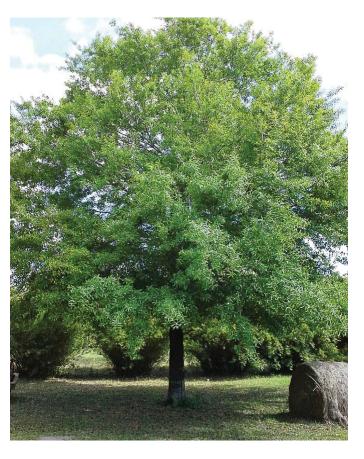
#### **NOTES**

One of the most durable, fine-textured oaks; benefit to wildlife; lives 70 - 100

years



**Willow Oak Leaves** 



**Stately Willow Oak** 



**Willow Oak Acorn** 



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Evergreen Trees

### American Holly (*Ilex opaca*)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** broad-leaf evergreen

Form: pyramidal

Mature height: 35 - 50 feet

**Spread:** 40 - 60 feet

Flowers: small, white flowers; female

flowers are fragrant

**Fruit:** red berries that mature in October and persist through winter on pollinated

female trees

Growth rate: slow to moderate

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** moist to average soil; can tolerate

occasionally wet soils

Light: full sun to full shade

#### **NOTES**

Useful as an evergreen screen or specimen plant; fruit attractive to wildlife; lifespan of 100 - 150 years; Need male tree near female tree to pollinate it for berries



Fragrant Female Flower





Berries on Female

### Eastern Red Cedar (Juniperus virginiana)

#### TREE APPEARANCE

**Type:** evergreen

**Form:** dense, pyramidal shape **Mature height:** 40 - 50 feet

**Spread:** 8 - 20 feet **Flowers:** nonflowering

Fruit: small blue-grey fruit on female trees

**Growth rate:** slow to moderate

#### **CULTURE**

**Soil:** average to dry soils; not tolerant of sites that are continually moist; tolerant

of adverse conditions

**Light:** full sun

#### **NOTES**

Useful as windbreaks and screens; lifespan of 100 - 300 years; fruits attractive to wildlife; the aromatic wood is used in closets and chests to repel moths; do not plant near pear or apple trees due to cedar-apple rust





**Small Cones** 





Host Plant of Juniper Hairstreak Butterfly



Fruit Enjoyed by Birds