

# Safety Measures"Innation is the first priority!Compliant Arc Flash &Shock Equipment LabelsBy Terry Becker, P.Eng., CESCP, IEEE Senior Member

The CSA Z462 Workplace electrical safety Standard published its 2021, 5th Edition on January 5, 2021. CSA Z462 has been adopted across all industry sectors from Victoria to Corner Brook. Even companies that fall under CSA Z462, Clause 1 Scope, Clause 1.2 Application and specifically are indicated that the CSA Z462 Standard doesn't apply to their industry (e.g., marine, telecommunications, railway, and electrical utilities) are using CSA Z462 where it does apply to their facilities.

In the last ten (10) years with the CSA Z462 requirement for a Qualified Person to complete and document an Arc Flash Risk Assessment for energized electrical work tasks, P.Eng. Electrical Engineering consultants have been contracted to complete detailed arc flash hazard incident energy analysis studies based on the IEEE 1584 Guide for Performing Arc-Flash Hazard calculations.

The outcome of the P.Eng. authenticated arc flash study report issued is the provision of detailed arc flash & shock equipment labels that are then installed on the electrical equipment for which the incident energy calculations were completed.

The Qualified Person then references the arc flash incident

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energy calculated at the assumed working distance and the arc flash boundary distance to determine "additional protective measures" to apply to reduce risk related to an energized electrical work task they will perform.

The problem historically that has occurred and is applicable to hundreds of thousands of detailed arc flash and shock equipment labels installed is the equipment label specification and information presented is NOT compliant. The specific information that will be presented that is not compliant is:

- 1. Signal pane colour and signal pane word used do not comply to the intent of ANSI Z535.
- 2. The Signal Pane "Danger" was used for all arc flash & shock equipment labels installed no matter what the incident energy value was.
- 3. Wrong colour used in the Signal Pane.
- 4. Text descriptions used are not consistent with CSA Z462 Clause 3 Definitions e.g., flash hazard boundary, the working distance is not listed as working distance).
- 5. The equipment label includes a detailed list of arc flash PPE.
- 6. The equipment label indicated arc flash PPE with a: HRC #, CAT #, Level "letter,", or Level "number, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5."

- 7. The footer of the equipment label is not complete.
- 8. The footer of the equipment label doesn't include the specific electrical protective device ID that the incident energy calculation was based on.
- 9. The footer of the equipment label doesn't indicate the location on the electrical equipment where the incident energy applies e.g., load or line side of indicated electrical protective device or the bus.
- 10. The size of the equipment label is too small and illegible.
- 11. The information was printed on an equipment label that is paper based or not appropriate for placement on electrical equipment in an indoor or outdoor environment.
- 12. The equipment label wrongly indicates "Dangerous No PPE Exists" when the calculated incident energy is greater than 40.0 cal/cm2. This myth was created by the lack of knowledge of P.Eng. Electrical Engineers that potential arc blast pressure released from expansion of air at the point of the abnormal arcing fault correlated to incident energy when it correlates to abnormal arcing fault current and worker distance from the abnormal arcing fault location in the electrical equipment. Issued reports also include errors & omissions with respect to interpretation of IEEE 1584 parameter selection.





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For the last ten (10) years I have reviewed P.Eng. authenticated reports and on client sites reviewed installed arc flash & shock equipment labels that were and are NOT compliant. This has led to the electrical equipment owner being misinformed and their Qualified Electrical Workers also been conditioned to non-compliant information and restricted energized electrical work tasks that could have been perfumed.

### What Can You Do?

Get educated, get the facts, and hold P.Eng. Electrical Engineer the accountable to substantiate information they have provided you in the report issued for your facility related to interpretation and parameter selection in IEEE 1584 2018 Edition and the arc flash & shock equipment labels they recommended.

Ultimately you should take control directly by issuing a detailed Scope of Work and Technical Specification for the arc flash study and an arc flash & shock equipment label specification for the compliant equipment label you want installed (see Figure 1).

The individual arc flash & shock equipment label examples in Figures 2 to 5 are compliant to CSA Z462, Clause 4.3.5.7, CSA Z462 Annex Q and ANSI Z535. As provided Figure 2 is a typical Warning Signal Pane label when incident energy is less than 140.1 cal/cm<sup>2</sup>. Figures 3 and 4 are Warning Signal Pane equipment labels where Engineering "Safety by Design" has been implemented to reduce incident energy (e.g., maintenance mode switch installed, arc flash relay installed). The Danger Signal Pane equipment label in Figure 5 would



Figure 1. Arc Flash & Shock Equipment Label Infographic



### Figure 2.



Figure 4.

Arc Flash and Shock Hazard ARC FLASH PPE SHOCK PROTECTION 17.8 cal/cm<sup>2</sup> Incident energy 600 VAC Arc Flash Boundary 72 inches 0 42 inches oundary 12 inches Ince [Company] Electr alpment: MCC #1 Building, SWGR #1 tective Device: LOAD SIDE of FB-1, <u>Arc Flash Relay ON</u> port #: TWBESC-XXX-YYY-AHA-2ZZ Rev 1.0 Analysis By: TWB Date: 2021-01-30 ard #: IEEE 1584-2018

Figure 3.



Figure 5.

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# Your new hassle-free printer is waiting.

Welcome to the BradyPrinter i5300 Industrial Label Printer. Set up, switch out and print faster than you ever imagined.

Building ID, Office ID

### Figure 6.

be applied when the calculated incident energy exceeds 140.0 cal/cm<sup>2</sup>. Oberon Company has available their Arc140 Arc Flash Suit that has an Arc Thermal Performance Value (ATPV) or 140.0 cal/cm<sup>2</sup>.

Lastly the Figure 6 equipment label complies with the requirement for a minimum Warning Label as per the CE Code Part I, Rule 2-306, but references that arc flash data can be obtained from the "Results Table" of the P.Eng. authenticated arc flash study report. This provides not only the arc flash data but calculated short circuit data and calculated arcing fault data. The "Results Table" can be provided to your employees and third-party contractors directly and proactively via PDF file. The information is readily available digitally but can also be printed and posted on the electrical equipment it applies to. This also saves thousands of dollars related to printing and installing individual arc flash & shock equipment labels.

If you are interested and need more information with respect to interpretation and the correct application of the IEEE 1584 2018 Edition please reference three previous articles published in Electrical Line Magazine, Electrical Safety Measures: March/April 2019, May/June 2019, and November/December 2019.

Ensuring that arc flash & shock equipment labels are compliant will ensure that Qualified Electrical Workers correctly interpret the information presented, correctly document their work task's arc flash risk assessment and shock risk assessment and donn appropriate arc flash and shock PPE validating their residual risk is acceptable.



**Terry Becker**, P.Eng, CESCP, IEEE Senior Member is the first past Vice-Chair of the CSA Z462 Workplace electrical safety Standard Technical Committee and currently a Voting Member and Working Group Leader for Clause 4.1 and the Annexes. Terry is also a Voting Member on the CSA Z463 Maintenance of electrical systems Standard and a Voting Member of the IEEE 1584 Guide for Performing Arc-Flash Hazard Calculations. Terry has presented at Conferences and Workshops on electrical safety in Canada, the USA,

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