

UNITED STATES - HISTORY

- mid 16th century - French Huguenots in Florida - Suppernong
 - 1607 - English immigrants in New England
 - found native *Vitis Labrusca* + *Vitis rotundifolia* grapes unpleasant
 - sent for European cuttings, which did not do very well
 - 1769-1824 - Franciscan monks set up 21 missions → viticulture on the west coast
 - mission grape
 - mid to late 18th c. - Thomas Jefferson @ Monticello estate in Virginia
 - unsuccessful w/ *Vitis Vinifera*
 - 1849 → goldrush - Zinfandel in the Sierra Foothills
 - Phylloxera - native rootstocks were tolerant of it
 - St. George rootstock (primarily Zin, Petite Sirah + Carignane)
 - b/c of the experimentation to combat phylloxera, Americans grafted *Vitis Vinifera* onto native American rootstock for more success w/ growing these vines in the east.
 - 1919 - 18th Amendment
 - 1920 - Volstead Act (implementation of prohibition)
 - winemaking halls (v. few sacramental / medicinal licenses)
 - 1933 - repeal (PDR)
 - Movement of sweet wine - "Burgundy" + "Chablis" (1930s)
 - Gallo, Almaden, Masson
 - Opposite direction → Inglenook, Beringer, Beaulieu
 - 1976 → Judgement of Paris
 - 1973 → Sutter Home invents White Zin
 - 1970s → Champagne producers come over → Moët & Chandon, P.H. Mumm + Louis Roederer
- continued in
the 1970s w/
Gallo + United
Vintners - Annie
Green Springs, Boone's
Farm, Spriada

GRAPES

Vitis Vinifera - mainly West coast + Michigan, NY, Texas + Virginia

Native Amer. Varieties

- Concord (Vitis Labrusca) - makes manischewitz!
 - Michigan, Penn + NY
- Muscadine (Vitis rotundifolia)
 - varieties Carlos + Swenson (whites) + Noble (reds)
 - high tolerance for humidity + fungal disease
 - FL, KY, NC, MS
- Niagara (Vitis Labrusca) - white grape
 - NY state, sweet or semi-sweet
- Norton (Vitis Aestivalis)
 - aka Cynthiana
 - tolerant of humidity
 - MO, VI, TX
- Catawba

Hybrid Varieties

WHITES:

- Brianna - white grape, midwest
- La Crescent - withstands cold temps → midwest
- Seyval - NY + MO
- Traminette - Gewurztraminer off-shoot → MI
- Vidal Blanc - NY, MO, OH + PN → ice wine!
- Vignoles - similar to Vidal Blanc

Also: Blanc du Bois, Cayuga White, Chardonnay, Edelweiss, La Crosse, Mérody, St. Pepin, Valvin Muscat

GRAPES, CONT.

RED HYBRIDS:

- Chambourcin - IL, IN, OH, PN
- Frontenac - cold-hardy → midwest + New England
- Maréchal Foch → midwest
- Marquette - similar to Frontenac → midwest + New England

Also: Beau Noir, Black Spanish (aka Lenoir, Jacquer, P'te French), Corot Noir, Léon Millot, Noiret, St. Croix

US - VITICULTURE

- o water availability - dry farming vs. irrigation
- o two biggest vine destroyers in the US:
 1. phylloxera - hit of hard in the 80s + 90s
 2. Pierce's Disease - bacterial disease
 - spread by Leafhoppers called glossy-winged Leafhoppers
 - no cure, just preventive measures



AMERICAN WINE LAW

- o TTB (Tobacco Tax Trade Bureau) → AVA system
 - 1980 - Augusta, MO
 - 1981 - Napa, CA

(COLA (Certification of Label Approval))

<u>Governing Body</u>	<u>STATE%</u>	<u>COUNTY%</u>	<u>AVA%</u>	<u>VINTAGE%</u>	<u>VARIETY%</u>	<u>VINTAGE%</u>
TTB	15%	15%	85%	95%	75%*	85%/ 95%**
CA	100%	75%	85%	95%	75%	85/95%**
WA	95%	75%	85%/ 95%	95%	75%	85/95%**
OR	100%	75%	95%	95%	90%***	85/95%**

* If labeled w/ an AVA, 75% of the variety stated must have been grown in the listed AVA (51% for V. Labrusca)

** The TTB requires a min. 85% of the stated vintage if labeled by State/County, 95% if labeled by AVA.

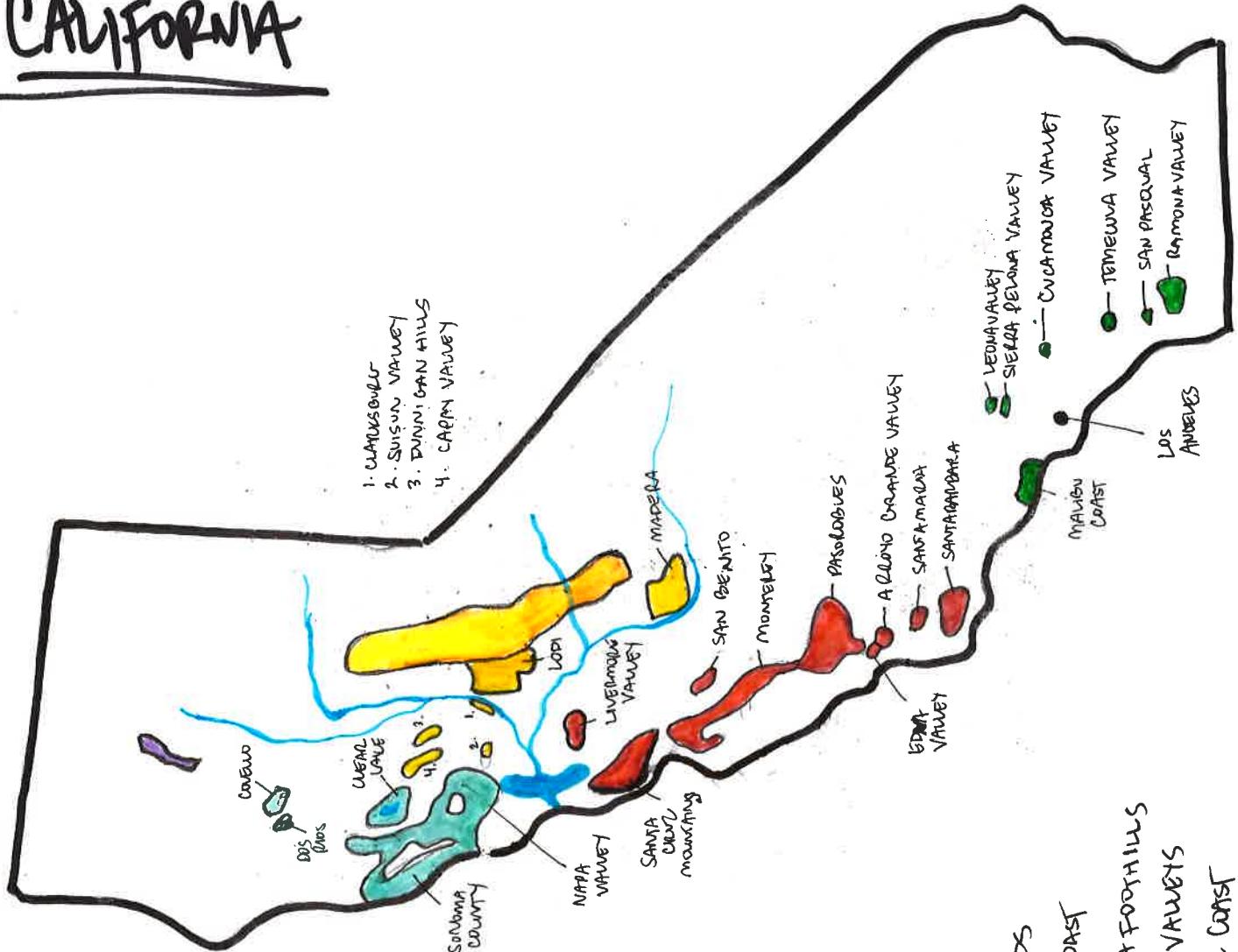
*** If an AVA that is shared w/ WA and another state is used in addition to WA, 95% must be grown in WA or the stated AVA.

**** Bordeaux, Rhône, Spanish varieties (plus Sangio, Zin) are only held to 75%.

OTHER LABELING REQS:

- Alcohol must be stated w/in H.S.
 - ↳ wines in the 7-14% ABV range may be labeled as "table wine" or "light wine" (w/o alcohol)
- Govt. health warning
- "Contains sulfites" if present in ~~10~~ ppm or more

CALIFORNIA



- 1769 - 1824: Franciscan monks setup missions
- 1919 - 1933: Prohibition
- 1940 - easy drinking jug wine
- 1950s - focus on quality
- 1933 - E + J Gallo opens in Modesto
 - "Heavy Burgundy" → multi-grape blend, Zinfandel, Cabernet, etc.
 - today, leads THE WORLD in total wine production
 - now owns Louis Martini, Beringer

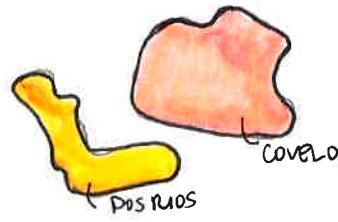
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AVGAS: 114

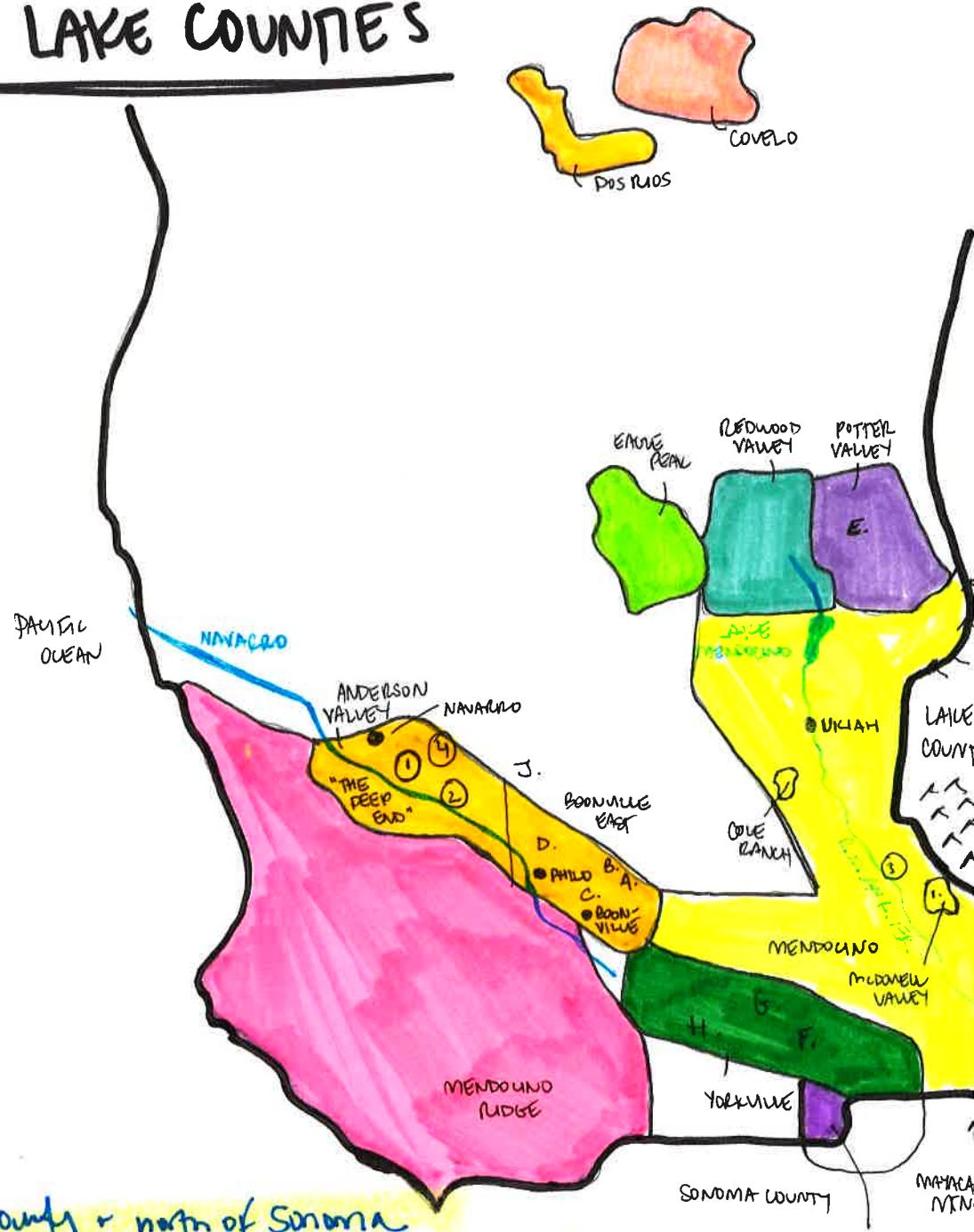
WINERIES: 3365

MENDOCINO + LAKE COUNTIES

- ① ROEDERER
- ② NAVARO VINEYARDS
- ③ FETTER
- ④ ESTERLINA



- A. CEPISE VINEYARD
- B. SAVOT VINEYARD
- C. FORMINGTON VINEYARD
- D. MORNING DAWN RANCH
- E. MCFADDEN FARMS
- F. HALLON VINEYARD
- G. HAWKES BUTTE
- H. WEIR VINEYARD
- I. GIBSON RANCH
- J. AIDER SPRINGS



MENDOCINO

- to the west of Lake County & north of Sonoma
- coastal ranges to the west > mayacamas to the east
- Redwood, Ucluelet & McDowell Valleys
- Dry, sunny & warm
- old vines - many dating back to the 1900s.
- total acreage: 17,000
- best varieties:
 - Anderson Valley: Chenin, PN, Riesling, sparkling wine
 - Interior Valleys: Barbera, Cabernet, Petite Sirah, Syrah, Zinf
- Trailblazers: Fetzer, Navarro, Parrot's, Roederer

ANDERSON VALLEY AVA

- runs NW to SE
- separated from the coast by Mendocino Ridge
- established 1983
- larger diurnal shift than most of Mendocino
- Pinot Noir, Alsatian grapes, sparkling wine
- western portion called "The Deep End" - Region I
→ Boonville east is Region II

- Anderson Valley PNs:

• Anphill Farms
• Kner
• Maggy Hawk

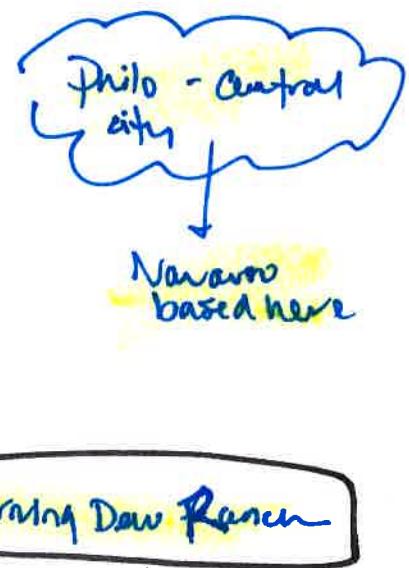
- La Crema
- Littorai - Savoy, Closus Vnyds. [+ ROMAN]
- Copain - TDS Ensemble pinot noir
- Saintsbury
- Siduri
- Tuomey
- Williams Selyem - Ferring Vnyd, Morning Dew Ranch
- Goldeneye - owned by Duckhorn → "Ten Degrees"
• Floodgate or monument Tree Vineyards
- Cakebread Two Weeks Vineyard PN

- Sparkling:

- Roederer Estate - 1982 - L'Ermitage - \$50 retail

- only from estate vineyard - 230 ha.
- four wines:

1. MV Brut (debated in 1988)
2. MV Brut Rosé
3. Vintage L'Ermitage
4. Vintage L'Ermitage rosé



MENDOCINO RIDGE

- * only non-contiguous AVA in the United States!
- 1200 ft. or higher
- Pinot, Chard & Riesling
- est. 1997
- Drew Family, Arista, Ferrari-Carano, Arter
- Manchester Ridge vineyard

YORKVILLE HIGHLANDS AVA

- fills the gap b/w Anderson Valley + Sonoma's Alexander Valley
- fract is a big issue. free-draining gravelly soils
- Maple Creek, Meyer Family, Yorkville Cellars, Wapple Creek
- Chardonnay, Merlot, Cab + Syrah
- Williams Seydel Wels vineyard, Captain Hawkes Butte, Solie Laide Holcien vineyard

INLAND AVAS

- large swaths of flat valley floor
- Until the 1960s, Paducci in Ukiah was the only continuously operating winery in Mendocino.
- Fetzer bought Paducci in 2003
(both owned by Brown-Forman)
- both are organic + bio-D

REDWOOD VALLEY AVA

- headwaters of MR
- nsp of Ukiah, just west of Potter Valley
- est. 1997. Red, rocky soils. Clay & iron.
- Zinf, Syrah, PS, Cab
- FREY

POTTER VALLEY AVA

- due east of Redwood Valley, but 300 ft. higher in elevation
- Sauvignon Blanc + Riesling
- alluvial silt, sand + clay
- botrytis! high water table
- Ch. Montelena's Riesling comes from here.
- Dashiell Cellars Enfants Terribles
- Fatin Cellars
- McFadden Farms Vnyd. Zinfandel

~~ALL~~ ALL
MENDOCINO AVAS:

- Anderson Valley
- Cole Ranch
- Corveo
- Dos Pios
- McDowell Valley
- Mendocino
- Mendocino Ridge
- Potter Valley
- Redwood Valley
- Yorkville Highlands

EAGLE PEAK

EAGLE PEAK

- new AVA in 2014
- Pinot Noir is King.
- 5 producers: Masi's Vineyards, Golden Vineyards, Linholme Vineyards, Sea Biscuit South Vineyards + Pavan Vineyards.
- Fisher (now owned by Constellation) had an objection to the name b/c they had a wine called Eagle Peak. So technically the name of the AVA is "Eagle Peak Mendocino County".
- up to 3200 ft. in elevation

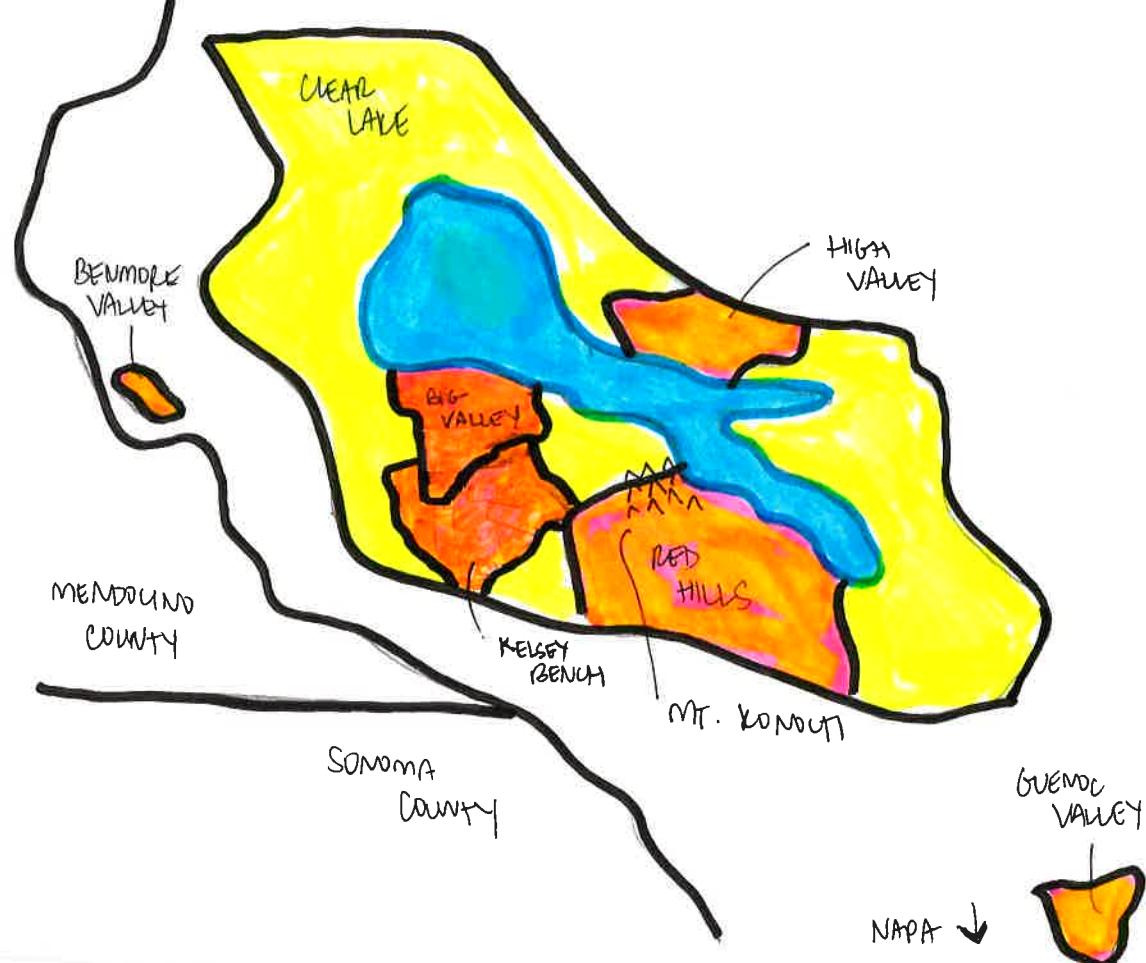
COLE RANCH

- 24 hectares, all owned by Estrella
- Riesling, Cab, Merlot + Pinot Noir

MCDOWELL VALLEY

- Rhone varietals! Syrah + Grenache
- Foothills of Mayacamas.
- Gibson Ranch Vineyard.
- Marietta, Donkey + Goat, Bedrock

LAKE COUNTY



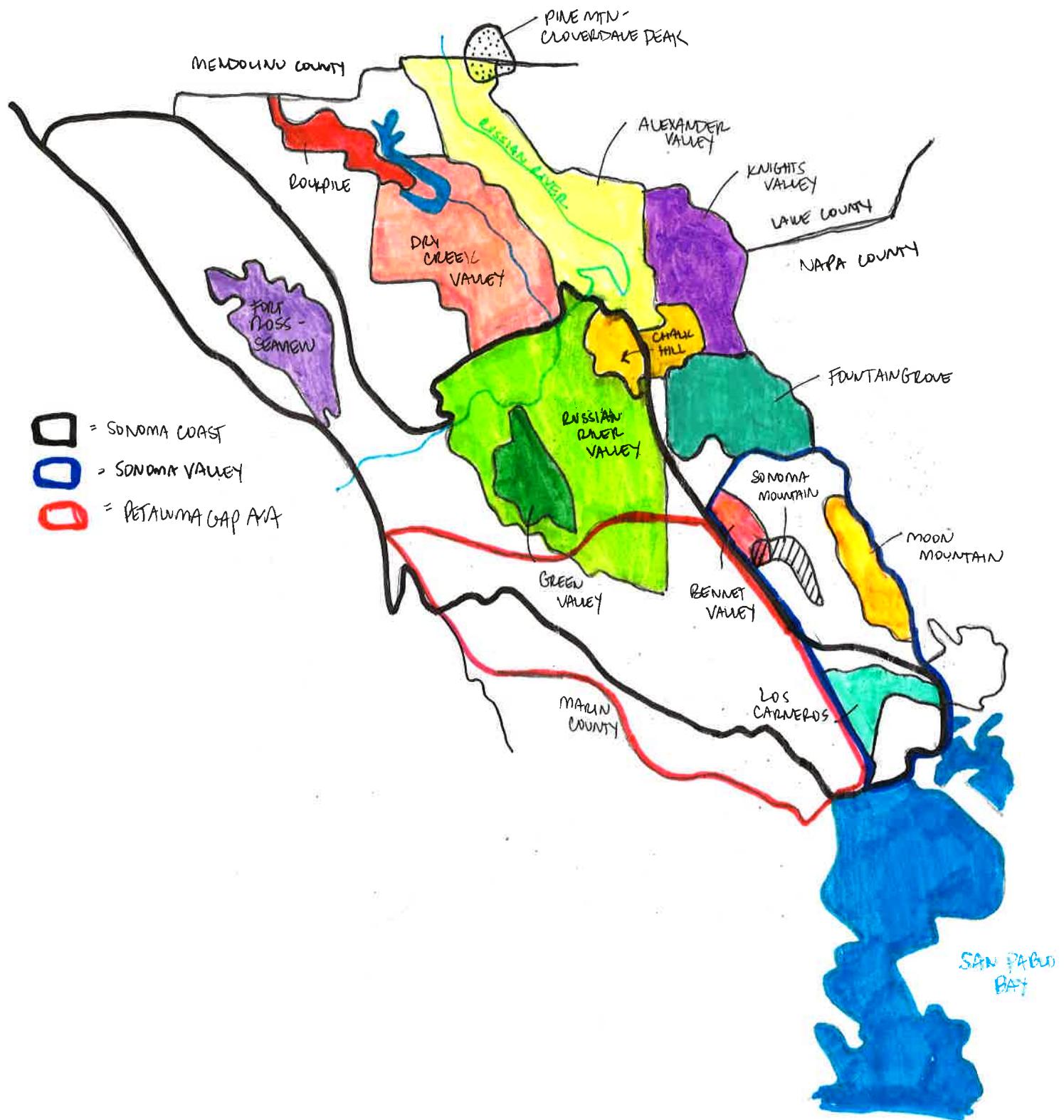
Lake County

- Clear Lake → the largest natural lake in California
- Historically, has been a source for inexpensive grapes sold to wineries in Napa + Sonoma
 - Beringer, Cake Bread, Hess Collection + Stag's Leap all source
- Jess Jackson got his start in Lake County
 - in 1974, Jess Jackson + first wife Jane Kendall bought a plot in Lake County.
 - first released "Chateau du Lac" from Kendall-Jackson → originally a sweeter style of wine bc of a stuck fermentation.
 - JJ grew the KJ brand w/ his second wife, Barbara Banke, which now includes: Arrowood, Byron, Cambria, Cardinale, Freemark Abbey, Hartford, La Crema, Lokoya, Matanzas Creek + Stonestreet.
- VOLCANIC SOILS · Rain shadow of Mayacamas
- RED HILLS AVA
 - Mt. Konocti (dormant volcano)
 - Schrader, Cake bread
 - Beckstoffer, Obsidian Ridge
 - Cabernet Sauvignon - volcanic
- CLEAR LAKE AVA
 - Arnot Roberts Luchsinger Vineyard Trouseau
 - Jim Fetzer's Ceago Vineyard
 - bio-D
- BENMORE VALLEY AVA
 - border of Lake + Mendocino Counties
- BIG VALLEY, est. 2013
- KELSEY BENCH, est. 2013
- GUENOC VALLEY, est. 1981. Single winery · Langtry Estate → "Guenoc" is the only legal wine from the estate.

SNAPSHOT:

- 8600 acres
- most planted: Cal. Sauv.
- AVAs:
 - BIG VALLEY
 - KELSEY BENCH
- Benmore Valley
- Clear Lake
- Guenoc Valley
- High Valley
- Red Hills Lake County
- producers: Langtry, Kendall-Jackson, Guenoc, Kendall-Jackson, Demarcat

Sonoma County



- unlike most CA wine regions, does not owe its history to missionaries → Russians!
- 60,300 acres
- AVAs:
 - Alexander Valley
 - Bennett Valley
 - Chalk Hill
 - Dry Creek Valley
 - Fox Pox - Seabird
 - Fountaingrove
 - Green Valley of RRV
 - Knight Valley
 - Los Carneros
 - Northern Sonoma
 - Pine Mountain - Cloverdale Peaks
 - Rockpile
 - Russian River Valley
 - Sonoma Coast
 - Sonoma Mtn.
 - Sonoma Valley
- Agoston Harasany - Hungarian - planted some of California's first European grapevines + started ~~the~~ Buena Vista in BBL in Sonoma.
- 1874 - Simi Winery (Dry Creek)
- home to: Geyserville, Gallo, Kendall-Jackson, Körkei
- "Conjunctive labeling" → as of 1/1/14, all wines bearing the name of a Sonoma AVA, must also have "Sonoma County" on the label. Same goes for Napa Valley + Paso Robles.
 - builds equity for AVAs, recognition for the region as a whole, etc.

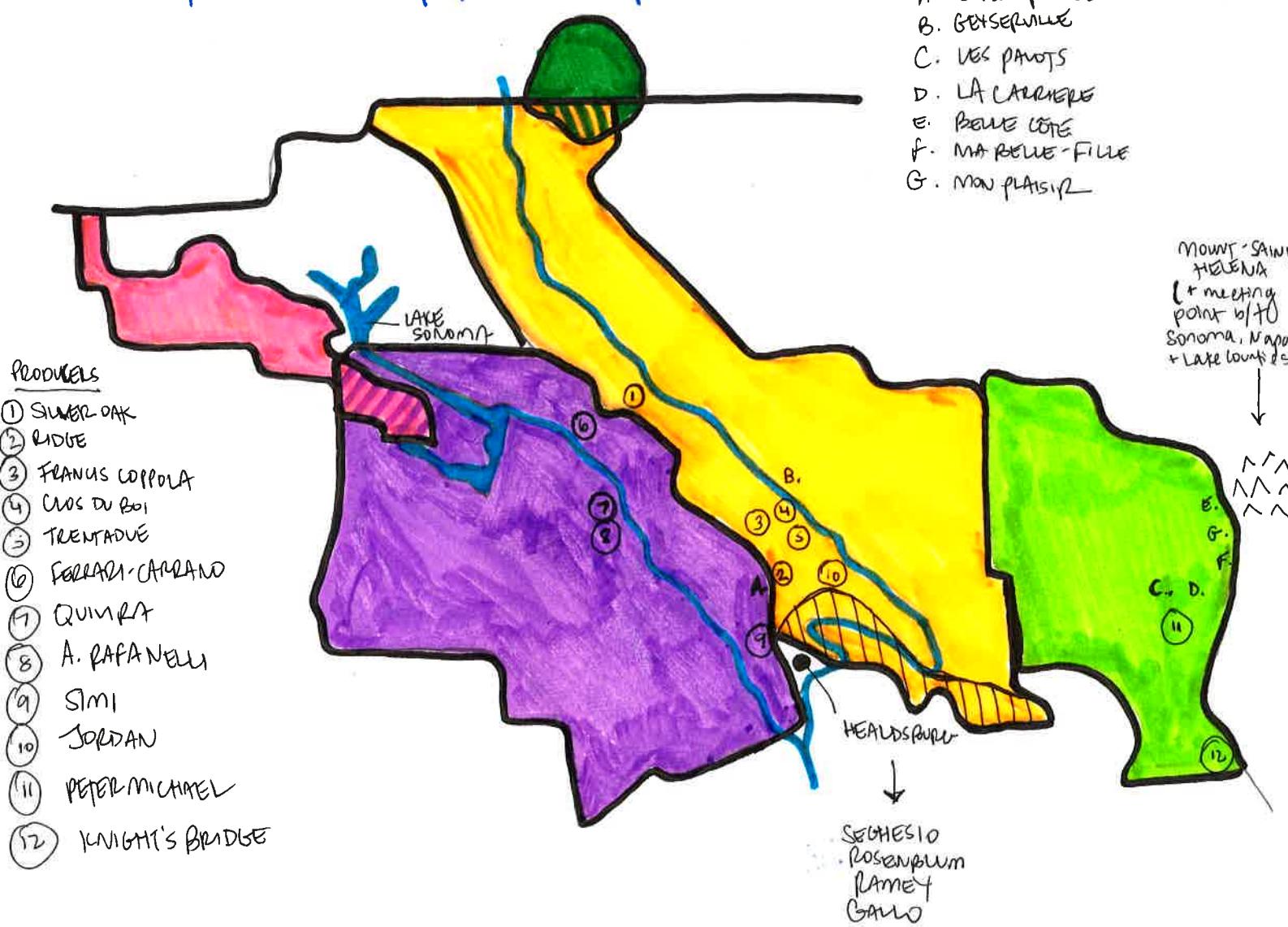
ALEXANDER VALLEY + KNIGHT'S VALLEY

- Alexander Valley - "the buckle of the Wine Belt"
 - 22 miles long, varies in width from 2-7 miles
 - northern tip features Mendocino, southern point is RRV / Healdsburg
 - 15,000 acres
 - Jordan, Sequoia, Jackson Family, Murphy-Goode, Grgich Hills
 - red volcanic soil, alluvial gravel
 - est. 1988
 - Cabernet Sauvignon!
 - 1600-2600 ft.
 - rocky red soils
 - w/in and to the east of Alexander Valley.
 - Cabernet Sauvignon
- Pine Mountain - Cloverdale Peaks
 - cooler days + warmer nights than Alexander Valley

KNIGHT'S VALLEY

→ first vineyards planted by Thomas B. Knight in the 19th century

- est. 1984
- to the east of S. Alexander Valley
- borders Alexander Valley + connects Sonoma + Napa at their northernmost point → Mt. St. Helena → ancient volcano. Russian River previously ran through Knight's Valley before a volcanic eruption diverted its course.
- Mt. St. Helena on eastern edge in the Mayacamas
- Sonoma's warmest AVA - narrow shape traps daytime heat
- Cabernet Sauvignon
- further inland
- Beringer (based in St. Helena) - "Alluvium"
- Peter Michael - British electrorics magnate (of Knight!)
 - Came to Knight's Valley in 1982
 - succession of winemakers: Helen Turley, Marie Arbeau, Vanessa Wong
- Melka "Mekerra"
- Anakota is all Knight's Valley



SILVER OAK

- Est. 1972 by Ray Duncan + Justin Meyer → original winemaker. Had been working at Christian Bros.
- Currently operated by Ray's sons David + Tim.
- Two wineries:
 1. Oakville, Napa
 2. Geyserville, Alexander Valley, Sonoma
- The Duncan family established Journeay Cellars in 1999. Merlot, Pinot Noir, + Sp. Wines in Calistoga + Healdsburg.
- 1971. Cabernet Sauvignon in Alexander Valley. Other Bordeaux grapes, Syrah in Napa vineyards.
- 1972 → first Alexander Valley vintage. ("North Coast") 1979 → first Napa vintage.
- 25 months in new, 1-year old American oak.

PETER MICHAEL

- planted in 1982 by Sir Peter Michael
- western face of Mount St. Helena
- First vintage 1987 - Mon Plaisir Chardonnay
 - Gauer Estate Vnyd (now Alexander Mtn. Estate)
 - made by Helen Turley
- In 1998, Seaview property on the Sonoma Coast purchased (fort Ross Seaview)
- In 2009, property purchased in Oakville.
- Winemakers: Helen Turley, Mark Ardent, Vanessa Wong, Luc Morlet, Nicolas Morlet.
- Son Paul Michael now runs the estate

VINEYARDS (Knight's Valley):

- Les Parots - red + white Bordeaux varietals
- La Carrive - Chardonnay
- Belle Côte - Chardonnay
- Ma Belle-fille - Chardonnay
- Mon plaisir - Chardonnay

Wines:

Cabernet Blends: Les Parots (Knight's Valley), Au Paradis (Oakville) + L'Esprit des Parots (Knight's Valley - young wine cuvée)

Chardonnay: La Carrive, Mon plaisir, Belle Côte, Ma Belle-fille, Cuvée Indigène (barrel selection), Point Rouge (barrel selection, Knight's Valley)

SBS/Sem: L'Après-Midi, Coeur à Coeur (Knight's Valley)

Pinot Noir: Le Caprice, Ma Danseuse, Clos du Ciel (at fort Ross - Seaview), Le Moulin Rouge (Santa Lucia Highlands → purchased from Pisani)

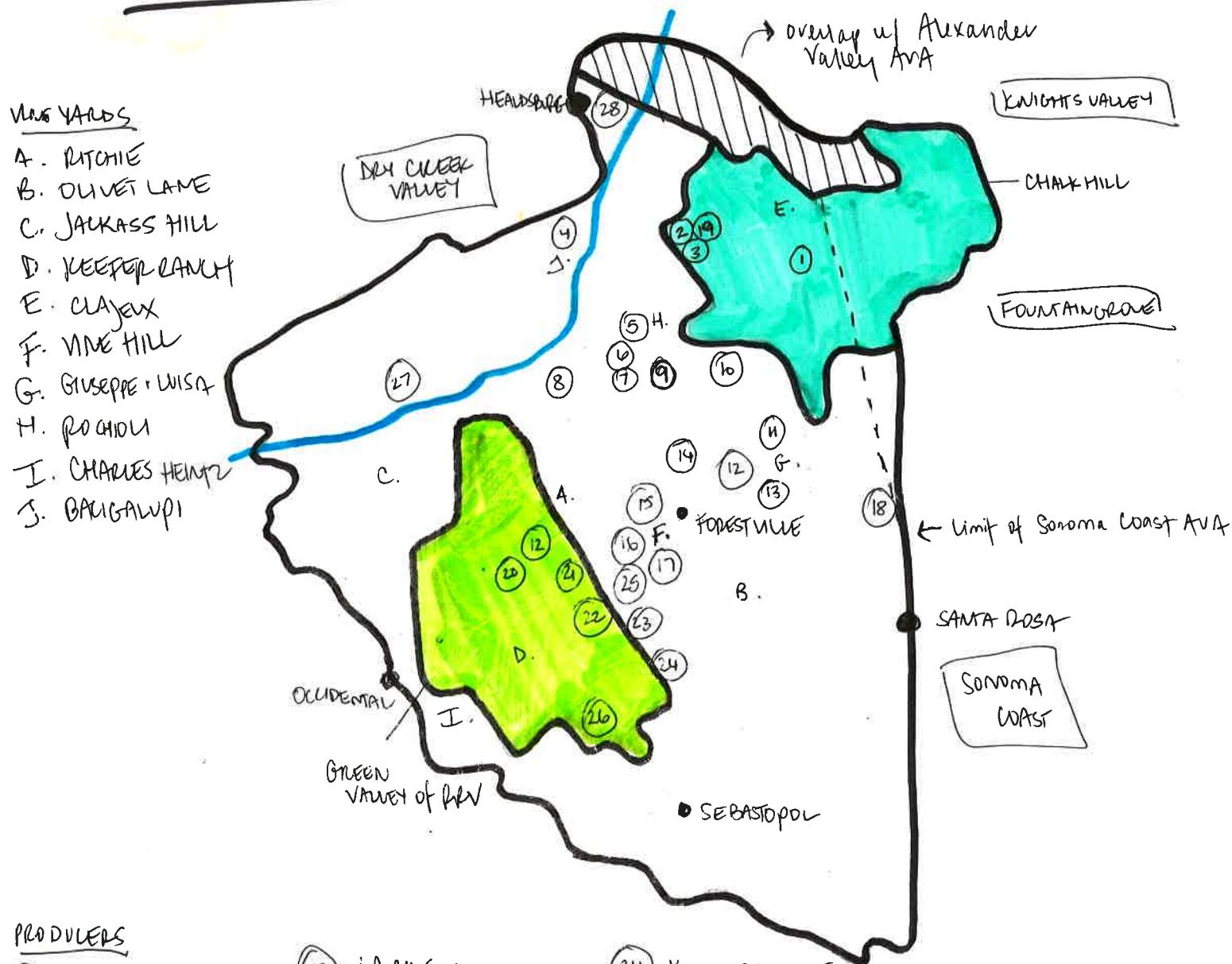
DRY CREEK + ROCKPILE AVA'S

- 1880s - Zinfandel planted to ~ 54 vineyards
- Prohibition - only two wineries remain in business:
 1. J. Pedroncelli
 2. Frei Brothers (now Gallo)
- Pre-phylloxera vines (planted on St. George rootstock) remain today - Zinfandel, Carignan, Petite Sirah
- 1972 - Dry Creek Vineyard - first new vineyard since prohibition
- Cabernet is the most planted grape, w/ Zinfandel just behind.
- Lambert Bridge • Seghesio
 - Old-vine Zinf.
 - Dashe
- A. Rafanelli
- Lytton Springs - Ridge
 - on the eastern edge of Dry Creek
 - just across highway 101 from their Geyserville vineyard in Alexander Valley.
 - Lytton contains Petite Sirah, Carignane, Marsanne & Teran
 - first vintage 1972
- 100 plus year old
Old-vine Zinf.
East Bench vineyard is also in Dry Creek.

ROCKPILE

- no wineries, just vineyards
- west of Lake Sonoma + water reservoir created in the 1960s. temps limit the influence of fog + cool air is drawn to the lake's surface
- higher elevation → 800 - 1200 ft. → lots of sunlight, little fog
- average temp 10-15° cooler than in Dry Creek
- clay loam soils
- Zin, PS, Syrah + Portuguese varieties
- JC Cellars + Carol Shelton buy a lot of grapes from Rockpile
- Rosenblum
- Robert Biale

RUSSIAN RIVER VALLEY



PRODUCERS

- | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| (1) CHALK HILL | (12) LA CREMA | (24) KOSTA BROWNE |
| (2) DANS BYNUM | (13) MARTINELLI | (25) DEHLINGER |
| (3) J VINTERS | (14) SONOMA CUTTER | (26) LITTORAI |
| (4) TUOMEY | (15) JOSEPH SWAN | (27) KORBEL |
| (5) ROCHIOLI | (16) KISTNER | (28) NAMEY |
| (6) WILLIAMS SEYLEM | (17) MARTIN RAY | |
| (7) ALYSIAN | (18) LIODO | |
| (8) PORTER CREEK | (19) RODNEY STRONG | |
| (9) COPAIN | (20) IRON HORSE | |
| (10) DUMOL | (21) PAUL HOBBES | |
| (11) KENDALL JACKSON | (22) DUTTON GOLDFIELD | |
| | (23) MELRY EDWARDS | |

RUSSIAN RIVER VALLEY

- ISSUES!

- compulsion to tweak AVA boundaries
- inclusion of an area better suited for Cab + Merlot

- "mothership for Burgundian varieties in CA"

- FOG!

- est. 1983 - In 2003, the AVA expanded by 767 acres
- In 2011, Gallo was successful in getting the AVA expanded again, including cotojis previously a part of the Sonoma Coast AVA.

- 20,000 acres

- SUB AVAs - Green Valley of RRV
 - Chalk Hill

- Russian River takes its name from the colony of Russians who built Fort Ross in 1812.

→ River begins in northern Mendocino - runs south for 116 miles then turns west at Healdsburg & runs toward the Ocean

- Pioneers: Warren Dutton, Joe Rochioli, Joe Swan → Davis Bynum (Dutton Ranch)

→ made first wine in 1973

→ not one contiguous vineyard, but 80 individual vineyards scattered throughout RRV & Sonoma Coast

→ more than 2 dozen wineries at Dutton Ranch or their labels: Kistler (Chardonnay), Dutton-Goldfield, Dutton Estate, Petz & Hall, The Calling, MacPhail

- Westside Road - where Williams Seyem Estate Vineyard is.

- Gary Farrell → started at Davis Bynum before making his own wines.
Used Rochioli grapes. Now physician.

→ + Burt Williams

- 1981 - first commercial vintage of Ed Selyem's wine - "Hacienda del Rio"

RUSSIAN RIVER VALLEY, CONT.

- 2004 → Gary Farrel moves to Alysian vines
 - Merry Edwards → before started own vineyard in 1998, worked at Mt. Eden, Matanzas Creek, Dom. Laurier
→ Olivet Lane Vineyard
 - Korbel (1882) - 1.5 million cases
 - Foppiano (1896) - Petit Sirah
 - Iron Horse + J Vineyards → known for sparkling wine
(starting family)
 - David Ramey
 - consulted at made wine at Simi, Matanzas Creek + Chalk Hill (Sonoma), Dominus - Rudd (Napa), Ch. Petrus (Pomerol), Rodney Strong + Ramey Wine Cellars.
 - His winery is based in Healdsburg (RRV)
 - Ritchie vineyard in RRV
 - ↳ Also made by Ardent Wines (Chard + PN), Bed Car, Joseph Swan, Arista
 - est. 1983
- SONS -
Goldridge series:
Loose, wavy sandstone
Franciscan Assemblage:
greywacke sandstones,
timestone, shale +
volcanic rock.
- * fog intrusion
is a key parameter
for RRV wines in
RRV

GREEN VALLEY

- SW edge of RRV - wholly contained
- cooler + foggiest from the rest of RRV → proximity to the Petaluma Gap. JANDSTONE.
- Seven key vineyards: Dutton Estate, Dutton Goldfield, Emeritus, Flaxford, Iron Horse, Mainmar + Orogeny.
- PN + Chard
- KEEPER RANCH → Pinot Noir [Kosta Browne, Siduri, Long Vine Co.]

CHALK HILL

- Adjacent to Alexander Valley (NE RRV)
- Polley volcanic soils w/ white ash (not chalk). Warner from RRV. No fog.
- Chardonnay + Cabernet. Chalk Hill, Rodney Strong, Arnot Roberts Clajeux

WILLIAMS SEYLEM

- Ed Seylem & But Williams → started weekend winemaking as a hobby in a garage in Forestville in 1979.
 - ↳ some of their first fruit is from Leno Martinelli → Zinfandel from 84 y.o. vines at Jackass Hill.
- 1981 → the winery is officially created and named Hacienda del Rio.
- 1983 → first commercial release of Hacienda del Rio.
 - ↳ Cease + desist letter from Hacienda winery
- 1984 → first vintage of Williams Seylem.
- 1985 → first vineyard designate is released: Pochioli.
- 1998 → But & Ed sell the winery to John Dyson.
 - purchases what would become the estate vineyard, aka Littorai vineyard.

WINES:

1. Central Coast PN
2. Olivet Lane PN (PRV)
3. PRV PN
4. Sonoma Coast PN
5. Terra de Promissio Vineyard PN (Sonoma Coast)
6. Westside Road Neighbors PN (PRV)
7. Huizing Vineyard Chardonnay (PRV) → most producers (Littorai, ~~Graziano~~, ~~Hirsch~~ Centis, Chise Wine Co.)
8. Olivet Lane Chardonnay (PRV)
9. Fawcett - Wood Road Zinfandel (PRV) label as Sonoma Coast
10. Papera Vineyard Zinfandel (PRV)
11. Baigalupi Vineyard Zinfandel (PRV)

KOSTA BROWNE

SEBASTOPOL, CA

- Co-founders Dan Kosta + Michael Browne
- Saved their tip money in 1997 to buy a half ton of Pinot Noir
- first commercial bottling → 2000

APPELLATION WINES:

- Sonoma Coast
- RRV
- Santa Lucia Highlands
- One Sixteen RRV Chardonnay

} Pinot Noir

SOURCE VINEYARD WINES (all Pinot Noir)

- Gap's Crown - Sonoma Coast
- Kanzler Vineyard - Sonoma Coast
- Cohn Vineyard - RRV
- Oisti Ranch - RRV
- Keefer Ranch - RRV
- Koppen Vineyard - RRV
- Gary's Vineyard - Santa Lucia Highlands
- Pisani Vineyard - Santa Lucia Highlands
- Rosella's Vineyard - Santa Lucia Highlands
- Cenise Vineyard (newly acquired) - Anderson Valley.

PAUL HOBBS

SEBASTOPOL

- Paul Hobbs graduated from UC Davis Enology program in 1978.
- Became a member of the wine team at Robert Mondavi, then on the inaugural wine team at Opus One.
- Sebastopol-based ventures:
Paul Hobbs + CrossBarn → entry level wines
 - Chard, Pin,
 - Syrah + Cabernet Sauvignon
- Other projects:
 - Viña Cobos (Argentina)
 - Closus (Cahors)
 - Yacobian - Hobbs (Armenia)
 - Hillick + Hobbs (Finger Lakes)
 - unnamed venture in Galicia

PAUL HOBBES

, Conf.

~~EST~~ PAUL HOBBES wines:

Chardonnay

- RRV
- Richard Miner vineyard, Sonoma Mtn.
- Ellen Lane Estate, RRV
- Uli's Valder vineyard, RRV
- Edward James Estate, RRV
- Ross Station Estate, RRV

* CUVEE AOUSSINA *
barrel selections of
pn + chard.

Pinot Noir

- RRV
- Hyde vineyard, Carneros
- Uli's Valder vineyard, RRV
- Katherine Lindsay Estate, RRV

Syrah

- Kick Ranch Vnyd, Sonoma County

Cabernet Sauvignon

- Napa Valley
- Hyde vineyard, Carneros
- Beckstoffer Dr. Crane vineyard, St. Helena
- Stagecoach vineyard, Napa Valley (near Atlas peak)
- Beckstoffer Las Piedras vineyard, St. Helena
- Napan Coombs Estate, Napa Valley
- Beckstoffer To Kalon Vnyd, Oakville

KISTLER

- SEBASTAPOL

- founded in 1978 by Steve Kistler - still owned by him.
- first vintage 1979.

Wines: Chardonnay

Sonoma Coast

1. Dutton Vineyard (RVR) - has been labeled both RRV + Sonoma Coast.
2. Vine Hill Vineyard (RVR) - labeled RVR
3. Trenton Roadhouse

Sonoma Mountains (not necessarily the AVA, see below)

1. McCreary Vineyard (Sonoma Mountain)
2. Kistler Vineyard - also produces Pinot Noir (Sonoma Valley)
3. Kistler Vineyard Crémant Cathreen

Carmens

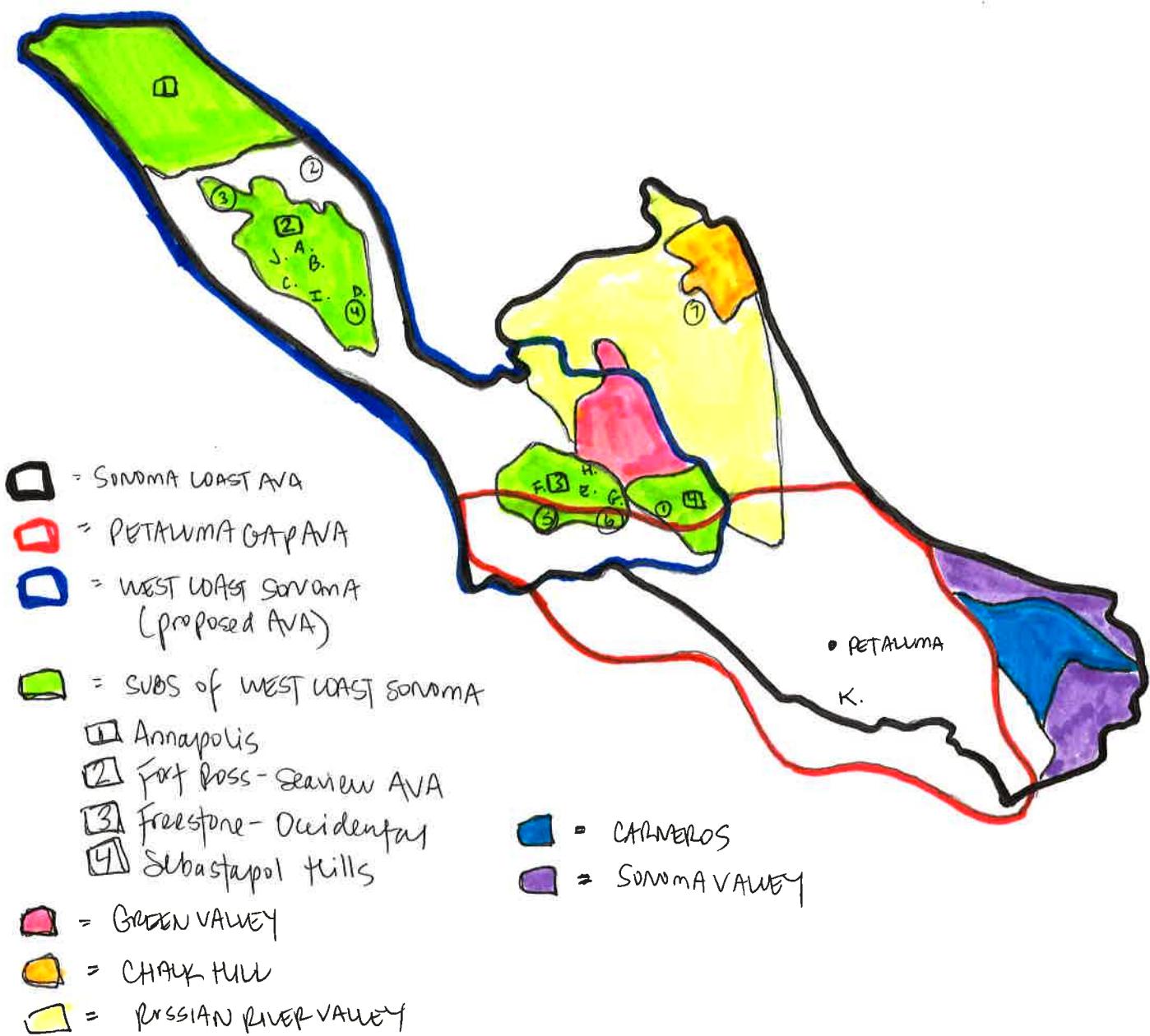
1. Hyde Vineyard
2. Hudson Vineyard
3. Durrell Vineyards
4. Stone Flat

MARTINELLI

- Giuseppe Martinelli + Luisa Vellutini eloped from Italy to CA in the 1880s.
- planted what would become known as Jack Ass Hill in the same decade + Zinfandel + Muscat of Alexandria. 60° slope. Steepest non-terraced vineyard in Sonoma. Southeastern aspect.
 - received its name in the next generation. Leno Martinelli was the only one of the 4 kids to have an interest in farming the slope + they said that only a jack ass would farm such a steep slope.
- Leno's son Lee took over farming, and he was the first to estate bottle wine. Martinelli still sells 90% of its grapes! Lee's 4 children are all involved in the business.
- Wines:
 - Chardonnay - Bella Signa, Charles Ranch, Lolita Ranch, Martinelli Rd, Three Sisters, Zinfony Ranch
 - Zinfandel - Jackass Hill, Giuseppe + Luisa, Lolita Ranch, Vellutini Ranch
 - Muscat of Alexandria - Jackass Hill

Jackass Vineyard - also planted in the late 1800s, just south of Jackass Hill

SONOMA COAST



PRODUCERS

- ① Littorai
- ② Peay
- ③ Hirsch
- ④ Flowers
- ⑤ Cobb
- ⑥ Freestone
- ⑦ Marcassin

VINEYARDS

- A. Martinelli
- B. Marcassin
- C. Seaview Vineyard
- D. Failla
- E. Occidental Vineyard
- F. Coastlands Vineyard
- G. Freestone
- H. Charles Heintz
- I. Three Sisters
- J. Blue Slide Ridge
- K. Griffin's Lair

SONOMA COAST

{ 3,600 = total vineyard acreage
Sub-AVA = Fort Ross - Sea View
Chard, PN, Syrah = most planted

- stretches from main north to mendocino - 80 miles → includes parts of Sonoma Valley, Russian River Valley, Sonoma Mountain + Carneros 20 total wineries
- "The Coast" vs. inland → AVA too large + disparate
 - "West Sonoma Coast Vitners" was founded in 2011. members include: Flowers, Failla, Freestone, Cobb, Littorai, Marganelli, Parducci, Paul Hobbs, Dear, Rodney, Hirsch, Pennington, Freeman, Red Car + Evening Land, Centas, Dumol, Crossbarn by Paul Hobbs
- January 2012: Fort Ross - Sea View approved by the TTB
 - 900-1800 ft. elevation (above fog line)
 - more sun
 - Vineyards here include: Fort Ross, Flowers, Hirsch, Marganelli, Marganelli of Wild Hog
- David Hirsch was one of the first to plant PN in 1980.
- Freestone - owned by Joseph Phelps
 - launched in 1999
 - partly in PN
- Occidental Vineyard
 - planted by the Dutcher family for Steve Kistler
 - Evening Land PN is made from Occidental
 - wines made in Sonoma Coast, Sta. Rita Hills & Willamette Valley.
- Sashi Moorman - winemaker for Stolpman, Pedrasassi, Evening Land + Sandhi
- Beringer's bib-D estate de Coelto is here.
- Coastlands Vineyard - Cobb
- Petaluma Gap - potential AVA candidate?
 - break in Coastal mountain range
 - new AVA as of 2017
 - members include Jackson family, Pax Marine, Rodney Strong, Rosta Browne

↑ high elevations are important - grapes below the fog line do not ripen adequately

MARCISSIN

- Marcassin = "young wild boar" in French
- First wine: 1991 Upper Barn Chardonnay
- Until 2010, the wines were made out of Martinelli.
- Since 2010, fairies in Windsor, CA
- Owned by Helen Turley + husband John Wetlaufer
- Turley made her name as a consultant for BR Cohn, Clos du Val Cellars, Bryant family, La Jota, Dahlmeyer, ~~Lee~~ Martinelli
- Marcassin Vineyard → in Fort Ross - Seaview (wines released as Sonoma Coast). They also make wines from Martinelli owned Blue Slide Ridge & Three Sisters (all released as Sonoma Coast).
- Chardonnay is whole-vine pressord, Pinot Noir is destemmed. 100% new Francois Freres.
- Three Sisters → clay loam. 5 acres of each PN / Chard.
 - Carolyn, Charlotte + Donna Martinelli (Lee's children)
- Blue Slide Ridge → just Pinot Noir

LITTORAI

- Founded in 1993 by Heidi + Ted Lemon
- Sits in "the true North coast of California" → coastal mountains of Sonoma + Mendocino
- Ted graduated from the Université de Dijon in 1981. Was a student of Jacques Seysses.
- In 1982, Guy Roulot found out he had cancer. Jean Marc, at the time, wanted to pursue an acting career. Jacques Seysses recommended to the family that they hire Ted Lemon.
- He arrived in Mersault in January 1983, two months after Guy died, at the age of 25. Made the 82, 83 + 84 vintages for the domaine.
 - first American chief winemaker/vineyard manager in Burgundy.
- Partner in Third Wine Company - distributes Domaine Dijon wines internationally & makes wine under its own label in Pernand-Vergelesses & Mersault.
- Returned to the US to become the founding winemaker at Château L'Arte, in Howell Mtn.
- Has been consultant to many wineries: Franciscan Estates, Clos Pegase, Green + Red Vineyard, Howell Mtn. Vineyards, Archery Summit (DR), Burn Cottage (NZ).

BID-D

Wines:

Chardonnays → all Sonoma Coast

- Mays Canyon
- Charles Heitz
- B.A. Thienot
- The Pinotary

Sonoma Coast Pinot Noirs

- Hirsch
- B.A. Thienot
- The Haven
- The Pinot
- Mays Canyon

Anderson Valley Pinot Noirs

- Cuisse
- Savoy
- One Acre
- Roman

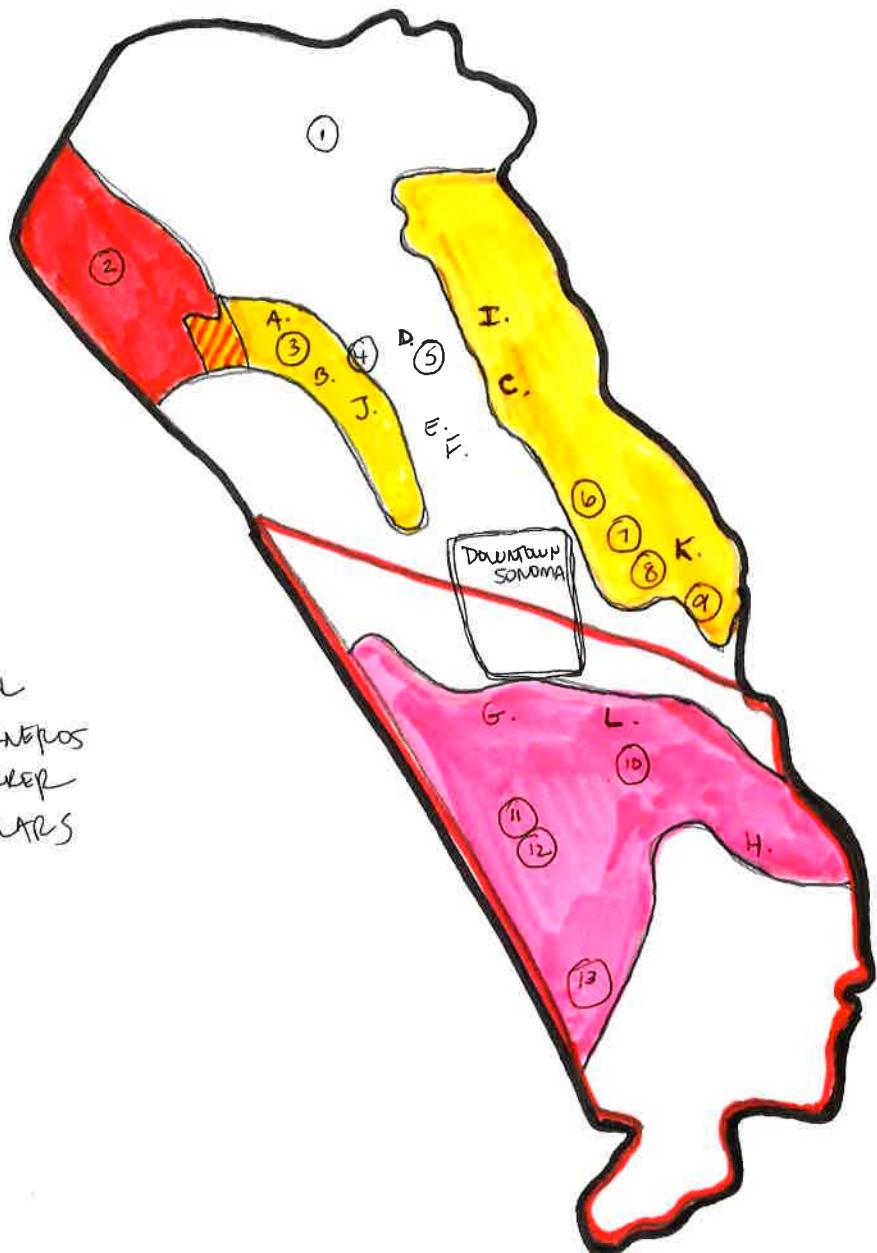
SONOMA VALLEY

- = SONOMA COAST AVA
- = SONOMA VALLEY AVA
- = BENNET VALLEY
- = SONOMA MOUNTAIN
- = MOON MOUNTAIN
- = CARMELOS

PRODUCERS

- (1) KENWOOD
- (2) MATANZAS CREEK
- (3) Coturri
- (4) BENINGER
- (5) ARROWOOD
- (6) HANZELL
- (7) RAVENSWOOD
- (8) BUENA VISTA
- (9) GUNDLACH BUND SCHW

- (10) PATZ + HALL
- (11) SCHUG CARMELOS
- (12) CLOMA FINKLER
- (13) CLINE CELLARS



VINEYARDS

- A. RICHARD DINNER
- B. VAN DER CAMP
- C. MONTE ROSSO
- D. PAGANI RANCH
- E. VALLEY OF THE MOON
- F. BEDROCK VNYD.
- G. SANGALOMO VNYD.
- H. LAS BRISAS
- I. KISTER VINEYARD (labeled Sonoma Valley)
- J. McCREA VINEYARD
- K. MONTECILLO VINEYARD
- L. DURELL VINEYARD

Sonoma Valley VALLEY AVAs

Sonoma Mountain - BENNETT (+ MOON MOUNTAIN!)

- Sonoma Mountain, Bennett Valley + Moon Mountain are all within the larger Sonoma Valley AVA.
 - parts of Cavneros + Sonoma Coast AVA also overlap in Sonoma Valley. → vintners can choose what to label.
- STORY IN HISTORY!
 - Sonoma Mission is here
 - Agoston Haraszthy founded Buena Vista Winery here w/ Euro cuttings in 1857
 - old vine Zinfandel + field blend plots from that era survive to today: Shaw Vineyard, Old Trill Vineyard, Pagan Ranch, Casa Santissima Maria + Barrica Vineyard
 - Ravenswood → Sonoma, Napa + Lodi
 - Joel Peterson
 - Son Morgan Twain-Peterson (Bedrock)
 - Madrone Ranch Vineyard in Sonoma Valley
- Climate of Sonoma Valley
 - two cooling forces: Petaluma Gap (North) + San Pablo Bay (South)
 - NOT foggy like Sonoma Coast + HKV
 - volcanic soil
 - Mayacamas to the east, Sonoma Mts. to the west + protects from rainstorms + Pacific Ocean winds + fog.
- Monte Rosso Vineyard (nautically Moon Mtn.)
 - Louis Martini
 - Zin + Cab
 - In Mayacamas
- Hanzell - Sonoma Mtn.
 - Moon Mountain
- Gundlach Bundschu - Sonoma Valley (est. 1858 + one year after Buena Vista)
- Durell Vineyard → Chardonnay (Kistler)

Sonoma Valley, MN., BENNETT + MOON, cont.

- Sebastiani Vineyards - Sonoma Valley
- St. Francis Winery, Landmark, Chateau St. Jean, Kenwood, Rutherford, Arrowood.

- Sonoma Mountain - above the fog line - east-facing sites → lots of sun, sheltered from the pacific -
- Benzinger, Clos du Lac + Laurel Glen
 - original brand was Glen Ellen
 - biodynamic!
 - van der Kamp + Richard Disser vineyards
 - Sidney Pinot Noir
 - Paul Hobbs, Chardonnay
- volcanic soils .
- McNear → Riesling
- elevation is key for mitigating heat .

BENNETT VALLEY

- established 2003 - in the NW corner of Sonoma Valley
- cooler than the rest of Sonoma → Pacific winds coming through Petaluma Gap

- 700 acres of vines
- rocky, volcanic soils
- MEOJOT!
- Matañas Creek, Kendall Jackson - Jemrose, Flanagan
 - pushed for approval of the AVA .

MOON MOUNTAIN

- eastern side of Sonoma Valley - Mayacamas Range
- steep hillsides above fog line, volcanic soil
- Zinfandel varieties
- Monte Bello vineyard is here
- "Valley of the Moon" - Jack London book

BUENA VISTA

- located in what now is Moon Mtn / Sonoma Valley
- founded by Agoston Haraszthy in 1857.
- struggled financially in the beginning → was supported by the Buena Vista Winicultural Society, a group of financiers.
 - w/in 2 years, Buena Vista was producing 2 million gallons of wine per year.
- Agoston Haraszthy resigned in 1864.
- The vineyard has passed through many hands and today is owned by the Boisset Collection (since 2011)
 - own Dom. de la Vougeraie, Bouchard Aîné, Momessin, J. Moreau
 - Winemaker is Brian Maloney w/ David Farney as consulting winemaker.
 - Makes Chard, fN. Zin, etc. but also makes some historic Sonoma wines: Trouseau Gris, "French Colombard", Cinsuit, Charbono, Carignan.

BEDROCK

- started in 2007 by Morgan Twain-Peterson.
- dedicated to preserving & rehabilitating old vineyards around California.
- Morgan Twain-Peterson → son of Joel Peterson, who started Ravenswood.
- Bedrock Vineyard (Sonoma Valley)
 - first planted in the 1850s.
 - owned by the Fleischman family before prohibition
 - split into two in the 1950s: Madrone Ranch & Bedrock
 - Zinf, Carignan, Trouseau, Colombard, Mourvèdre, Alicante Bouschet, etc.
- Monte Rosso Vineyard (Sonoma Valley)
 - on the west side of Mt. Veeder
 - bright red, iron rich soils
 - Zinfandel, mainly, but also Cabernet
 - Seghesio & Lou's Martini & Amapola Creek
- Paganizanche (Sonoma Valley) - Zin, Mourvèdre, Alicante Bouschet, Muscadelle.
- Montecillo (Moon Mtn.) - Cabernet Sauvignon
- Griffith's Lair (Sonoma Coast / Petaluma Gap) - Syrah
- Alder Springs (Mendocino County) - Syrah
- Teldeschi Ranch (Dry Creek Valley) - Zinfandel
- Compagni Portis (Sonoma Valley) - Owned by Closuri Genz, Trouseau Gris, Riesling

LOS CARNEROS

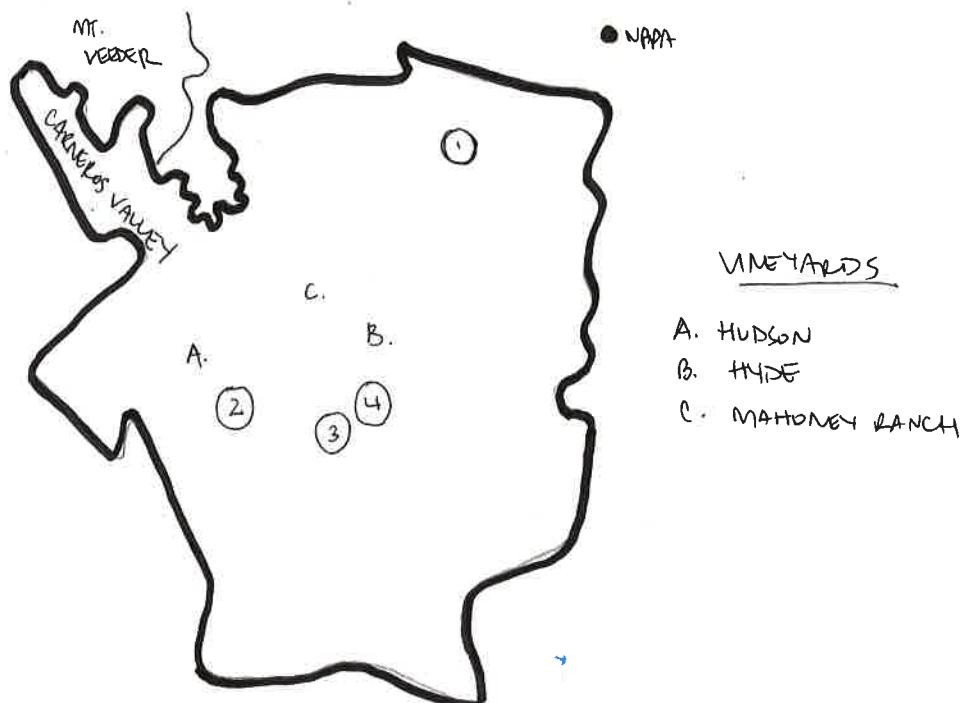
- was once considered the coolest in terms of climate, but w. Sonoma coast, Green Valley, inland + some ~~other~~ regions of Santa Barbara have emerged as cooler
 - Carneros can ripen merlot, but is not too warm for p/w Chard
 - sparkling wine
- est. 1983
- just north of San Pablo Bay
- goat ranches! name = "the rams" → not much diff. in terms of altitude, climate, etc.
- label language: "Sonoma Carneros" vs. "Napa Valley Carneros"
- Domaine Carneros
 - spitting image of Taittinger's Ch. de la Monavette in
 - owned by Taittinger
 - started in 1987
 - raison d'être was to produce sparkling wines but have since diversified to include still p/w + Chard
- Gloria Ferrer
 - Sonoma side of Carneros
 - owned by Freixenet
- Region I on heat summation scale - San Pablo Fogs
- In the 1980s, land was cheap & many big companies snatched it up:
 - Constellation Brands (owns Mondavi)
 - Diageo (owns Sterling)
 - Treasury Wine Estates (Beringer, Etude)
- Saintsbury - pioneer in Carneros Chard - DR
 - mainly Chard w/ some Pinot
- Vineyards
 - Hyde - Napa side
 - Hudson - Napa side
 - Sangiacomo - Sonoma side

} Ramsey & Patz + others produce Chards from those vineyards.
- mainly Chard w/ some merlot + Syrah.
Kistler, Arista, Arbut, Failla, HDV, Arbut, Kistler, Paul Hobbs, Abreu

LOS CARNEROS, CONT.

- Lamy Hyde's cousin ~~Dame~~ is married to Aubert de Villaine
 - ↳ HdV - Chard, Syrah + Rdx blend from Hyde fruit
 - no Pinot!
 - "Belle Cousine" + Rdx blend
- Trichard → Carneros Merlot
- Robert Sinskey (based in Stag's Leap) sources from Carneros
- ~~Brona Vista~~ is now based in Carneros

NAPA SIDE OF CARNEROS



PRODUCERS

- (1) TRICHARD
- (2) DOMAINE CARNEROS
- (3) EPiDE
- (4) SAINTSBURY

VINEYARDS

- A. HUDSON
- B. HYDE
- C. MATTHEW RANCH

NAPA

Sonoma
County

KNIGHT'S
VALLEY

FOUNTAINGROVE

SONOMA VALLEY

* POPE
VALLEY

* COON
VALLEY

LAKE
HENNESSY

* PECHARD
HILL

MOUNT
MOUNTAIN

YER
DOMA
VALLEY

YOLO COUNTY

SOLANO COUNTY

SAN
PABLO BAY

- = LAUSTOGA
- = DIAMOND MOUNTAIN
- = SPRING MOUNTAIN
- = HOWELL MOUNTAIN
- = ST. HELENA
- = Rutherford
- = OAKVILLE
- = YOUNTVILLE
- = STAG'S LEAP
- = MT. VEEDER
- = CHILES VALLEY
- = ATLAS PEAK
- = WILD HORSE VALLEY
- = OAK KNOLL
- = COOMBSVILLE
- = CARNEROS

NAPA

HISTORY

• "Conjunctive labeling" - must have "Napa Valley" on the label as well as the sub-AVA.

• just 4% of the state's wine. 25% of sales though!

• best quality Napa grapes can command \$10,000 per ton.

→ likely be priced at \$100+ per bottle.

• 30 miles long, from 1-5 miles

→ 1 ton of grapes makes about 60 cases of wine.

→ yearly yield swings have huge economic impact.

- DECLINE:

- phylloxera (late 1860s - 1890s)
- recession
- WWI
- temperance, prohibition ratified in 1919.

- Loopholes of prohibition:

- allowances for sacramental wine + medicinal wine
- each household could produce up to 200 gallons of fruit juice each year → often times was illegally fermented.
 - as grapes were now being shipped all over the US, they needed to be sturdy; vines were replanted to Alicante Bouschet, Petit Sirah, Zinfandel + Cabernet Sauvignon.
- 1933 repeal. In the 1929 depression as well as poor hygiene + practices returning to the winery, Napa wines struggled still.

16 sub AVAs:

- Coombsville • Calistoga •
- Diamond mtn. District • Spring mtn. District • St. Helena •
- Rutherford • Oakville •
- Stags Leap District •
- Mt. Veeder • Yountville
- Carneros • Wild Horse Valley •
- Oak Knoll.

Atlas Peak
Carneros
Valley
Howell Mountain

NAPIT

HISTORY, cont.

- Beaulieu was one of the first wineries that experienced backlash for the poor quality of its post-prohibition wines. Georges de Latour went in search of a winemaker w/ proper scientific training & came back w/ André Tchelistcheff.
 - ↳ elevated Napa as a whole: hygiene, control, terroir
- V.C Davis also emerged around this time ↳ Winkler scale.
- 1930s - 1950s:
 - relaunches of Beringer, Beaulieu, Mayacamas + Inglenook
 - newcomers Stony Hill + Louis M. Martini
 - the Mondavi family purchased Charles Krug
 - fortified wines + blends labeled "Burgundy" + "Claret". Not many dry wines of note.
- 1960s:
 - dry wine overtakes sweet in popularity
 - Robert Mondavi winery opens
 - stainless steel tanks + French barriques
 - late in the decade: Chappellet, Sterling, Diamond Creek + Spring Mountain.
 - 1968: Agricultural preserve Act → prevent development + preserve agricultural land.
- 1970s: Young winemakers are drawn to the agrarian lifestyle (Fournier, Cossen, Dunn).
- Judgement of Paris: 1976

arranged by British merchant Steven Spurrier to commemorate the VJ's 200th birthday

WHITES (Chardonnay)

1. Chateau Montelena 1973
2. Rivot Meursault Charmes 1973
3. Chalone 1974
4. Spring mountain 1973
5. Joseph Drouhin Beaune Clos de Mouches 1973
6. Freemark Abbey 1972
7. Ramonet Bâtard Montrachet 1973

RED'S

1. Stag's Leap SV 1973
2. Mouton Rothschild 1970
3. Haut Brion 1970
4. Montrose 1970
5. Ridge Monte Bello 1971
6. Leoville-Las-Cases 1971
7. Mayacamas 1971

NAPA

HISTORY, cont.

- late 1970s: The Wine Advocate + Wine Spectator launched
- 1981 - AVA of Napa delineated.
- 1972 - Clos du Val
 - 1979: Opus One
- 1973 - Domaine Chandon
 - 1987: Domaine Carneros
- 1984 → massive flooding spread phylloxera valley-wide
- Many of the vineyards planted in the 1980s used AxRIS for rootstock, which proved to not protect against phylloxera.
 - ↳ much of Napa was replanted in the early 1990s. Cabernet Sauvignon overtook plantings of Chardonnay in 1992.
- 1990s:
 - VSP, high density planting + low-fruited zones were designed to maximize sun exposure.
 - Wf wineries: Dalla Vale, Screaming Eagle, Harlan + Clos du Val
 - ↳ small production couldn't justify full-time employees, instead consulting winemakers became en vogue.
 - 1997 → warm + abundant year. Many wineries had to leave half the grapes on the vines, not leaving that space to ferment. This second crop was ripe, low-acid & had soft tannins → became a popular style.
 - 2008 → American housing market crash.
 - ↳ new wave of cheaper, less oaky, less ripe wines.

Climate + GEOGRAPHY

- Mediterranean climate: w/ long, dry, hot summers + cooler, wet winters.
- 2 main entry points for fog:
 - San Pablo Bay → large amount to Oak Knoll + Yountville
 - Carneros Gap → small amount to Calistoga
- Diurnal swings: up to 40° in the north, about 20° in the south.
 - ↳ lower at higher elevation: daytime temps lower + nighttime temps higher.
- rainfall highest in the north.
- fogline - approx. 1400 ft.

NAPA

Climatic + Geograph, cont.

- ✓ Vaca mountains → western facing. Scrub in the afternoon heat. More exposed bedrock + less uniform soils.
- ✓ Mayacamas → eastern facing - gentle morning sun.
- ✓ 3 basic bedrocks:
 - Great Valley sequence - compression of the ancient seabed to create sandstone + shale
 - Franciscan Assemblage - plate subductions
 - Napa Volcanics - volcanoes. Concentrated north of St. Helena.
- alluvial fans / benches: created over a long period of time, as rivers, streams + rainwater carry mountain material down the slope.
 - ↳ the transition point b/w the rocky hillsides + the fertile valley floor.
 - ↳ uniquely suited to wine cultivation: gently sloping, gravel rich, well-draining.
 - ↳ accumulated in the western, Mayacamas foothills
- Napa Valley forbids planting a greater than 30° slope. Some sites grandfathered in.
- Chardonnay → boom was in the 1980s, when much of the varietal was planted on AXR1. This rootstock failed and gave the opportunity to replant to Cab.
 - most Napa plantings in Yountville, ~~Broadbush~~^{Dak Knoll} + Carneros.
- Sauvignon Blanc
 - often planted by the Napa River: does well in fertile soils + resistance to Pierce's disease (sharpshooters hang out by the river)
 - "Fume Blanc" → term used by Mondavi first in the 1960s.
- Zinfandel → Coombsville + Calistoga.

NAPA

VITICULTURE

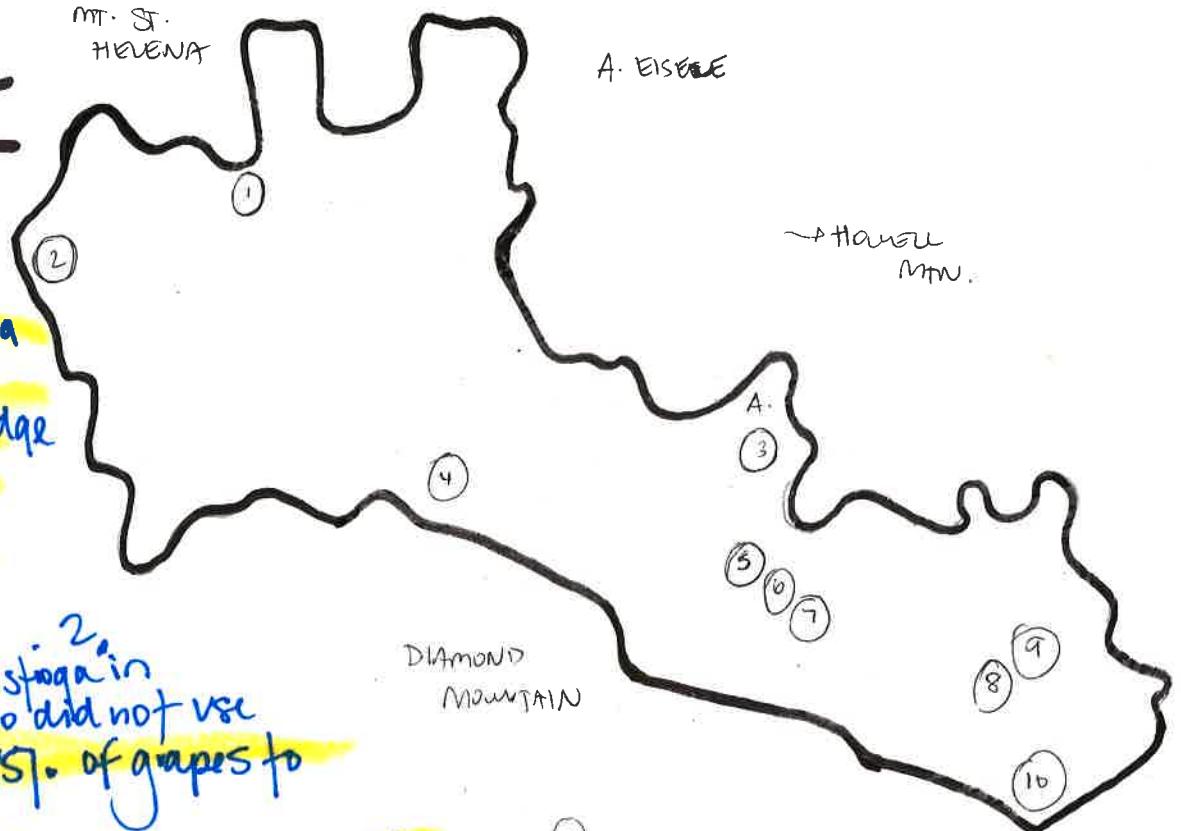
- historically: California sprawl (bush training w/ a mild canopy)
 - widely spaced, dry farmed
 - higher crop loads + more viruses → can lead to less nice styles.
- 1970s: irrigation introduced
- 80s: VSP → uniform, more exposed fruiting zone
 - mechanization
 - now, canopy is spread to allow for more coverage, while still keeping a uniform fruiting zone.
- 2012-2014 → extreme drought → water technologies
- optical sorting
- most still hand harvested.
- 1980s: "food wines" → lower alcohol, higher acid, overuse of drip irrigation, aggressive filtration.

AVA SYSTEM

- Napa Valley AVA → well beyond the valley itself
 - eastern valleys like Pope Valley + Wooden Valley included.
- Controversy over division of valley floors from AVAs. Not much difference b/w them and significant difference w/ AVAs from east to west.
 - many argue that the Mayacamas benches deserve further recognition.

CALISTOGA

- est. 2010
- major producers:
 - Ch. Montelena
 - Araijo
 - Storybook Ridge
 - Clos Pegase
 - Larkmead
 - Sterling
- AVA controversy - 2. names w/ Calistoga in their names who did not use the mandatory 85% of grapes to label by AVA.



- Eisele Vineyard - just east of Calistoga
 - alluvial fan
- warm to hot climate, lower humidity
- elevation: 300 - 700ft.
- volcanic soils
- principal varieties: Cab, Mer, Syrah, PS
- northernmost of the Valley floor AVAs.

- largest diurnal swing in all of Napa -

- (1) Chateau Montelena
- (2) Storybook Mountain
- (3) Araijo Estate
- (4) Schrader
- (5) Clos Pegase
- (6) Tuomey
- (7) Sterling
- (8) Frank Family
- (9) Storybook Ridge
- (10) Larkmead

DIAMOND MOUNTAIN DISTRICT

- est. 2001 - Mayacamas Range
 - there is no "Diamond Mountain"
 - gaps let some fog through
- 400 - 2200 ft. elevation
- reddish & fine grained, sedimentary & volcanic in origin
- Schramsberg
 - Jack & Jamie Davies purchased in 1965
 - blanc de blancs, blanc de noirs, but rosé & Prestige cuvee
 - most grapes for bubbly come from cooler regions
 - 2001, first vintage of J. Davies Cabernet Sauvignon
- Diamond Creek
 - Al Brownstein (~ Boots!) → S. facing, white volcanic as Red Rock terrace, Volcanic Hill, Gravelly meadow + Lake
 - coolest (only made in certain years) sand otherwise added to gravelly meadow)
 - n. facing, iron-rich
- M. Strasser - Grüner!

HOWELL MOUNTAIN

- est. 1983

- Vaca Range
 - 600 - 2200 ft. in altitude (a vineyard must be at least 1400 ft. to claim this appellation) → fogline.
 - est. 1983
 - above the marine layer, warmer & drier span across the valley
 - tends to produce Cabernet that are less immediate
 - small thick skinned berries.
 - Dunn - released first Cab in 1982, but was still the winemaker at Mayacamas until 1985.
 - stems, leaves, seeds
 - Soils: ~~flat~~ volcanic, shallow + infertile. drainage is high, fertility low
 - other producers: Ladera, CADE, La Jota, O'Shaughnessy, Robert Foley.
 - principal grapes: Cab, merlot, zin, viognier
- ↑ elevation
plateau
- { Unfinished! Beatty farm +
Turkey's Rattlesnake Ridge
+ Dragon Vineyards

SPRING MOUNTAIN DISTRICT AVA

- est. 1993
- city of St. Helena is at the base of Spring Mountain
- Mayacamas range - transition b/w sedimentary peaks of the south & volcanic peaks of the north.
- 400 - 2600 ft.
- steeper, smaller hillside vineyards surrounded by forest
- soils: weathered sandstone / shale, loam → sedimentary instead of volcanic (vs. Diamond Mountain!!)
- wineries of note: Smith-Madrone (riesling!), Cain, Spring Mountain Vineyard, Pride Mountain, Newton
- Cab, merlot, zin, chard, viognier
- no Spring Mountain per se. like Diamond Mountain, a series of peaks.

CHATEAU MONTELENA - CALISTOGA

- Founded in 1882 by Alfred Judd.
- Shut down for prohibition, then again at WWII. Barrett family
- In 1972, Montelena came under new ownership, fired Mike Angeli from Robert Mondavi (offered him a stake in the business)
- 1973 Chardonnay took first in Judgment of Paris in 1976.
- 1982 - 2008, Bo Barrett was the winemaker.
- Focus on Chard, Cab, Zin, Riesling + small amounts of Cab Franc.
- Bo Barrett always insisted on using super old barrels, which came under criticism by James Laube as imparting TCA. In the mid 2000s, Barrett cleaned house of old barrels -
 - Chard - no malo, neutral (mostly) oak.

ARAUJO - CALISTOGA

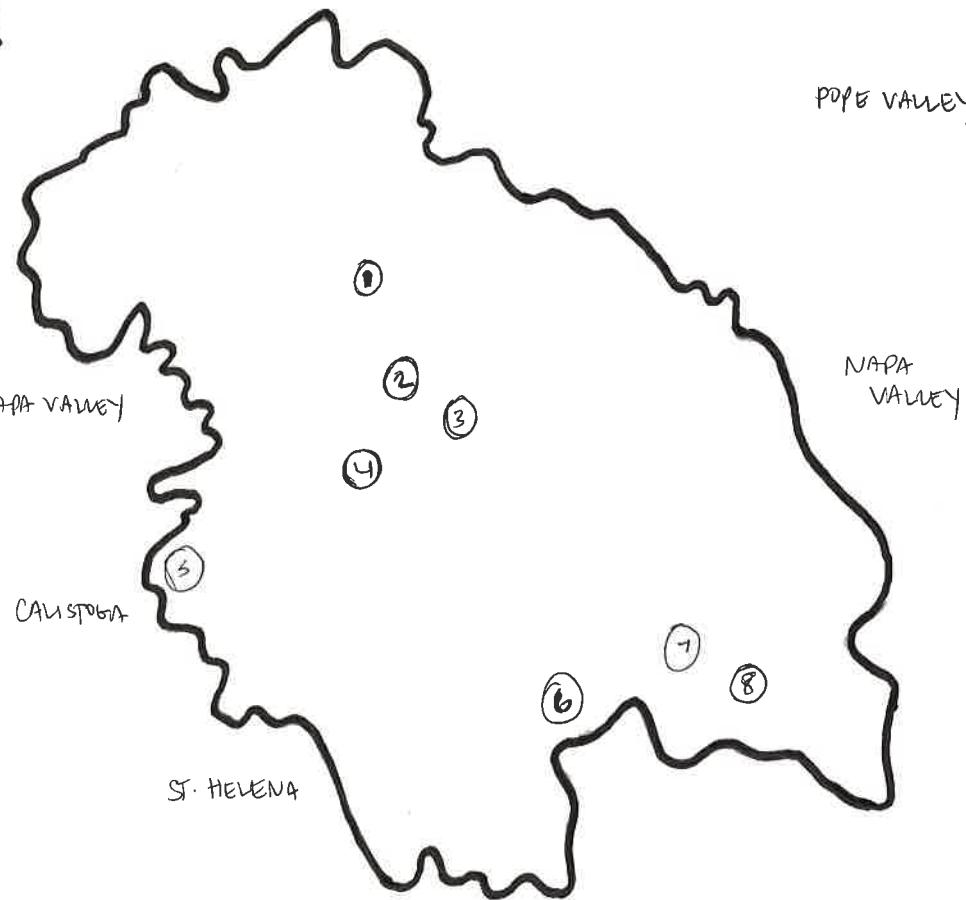
- Bart + Daphne Araujo purchased the Eisele vineyard in 1990.
- previously, the vineyard had been purchased by Milt + Barbara Eisele in 1969. Has been in continuous production since 1886.
- Originally planted to Zin + Riesling, but replanted to Cabernet Sauvignon in 1964 (on St. George rootstock).
- The Eisele's wanted to sell the grapes to someone who would bottle them independently → reach out to Paul Draper (Ridge)
 - 1971 Ridge Eisele (only vintage made → too small to be worthwhile for Ridge)
 - At the time, CA only had 2 vineyard designate wines: Ridge's Monte Bello + Heitz's Martha's Vineyard.
- 1972 - 1973 → fruit sold to Mondavi.
- 1974 → Conn Creek purchased the Eisele juice + made a vineyard designate.
- 1975: Joseph Phelps begins buying the Eisele fruit, releasing a single vineyard designate.
- 1989: Milt + Barbara decided to sell Eisele. Phelps turned it down. Bart & Daphne Araujo, who had just planted their own vineyard in Calistoga, jumped at the chance. It was split by Araujo + Phelps. Post (92+) was all Araujo.

Arango, cont.

- In July 2013, Baut + Daphne sold Arango to Francois Pinault.
- planned to retain name, but has discontinued the Altierra wines, the Altagravia Syrah + the Altagravia White.
- Small amount of Syrah in Eisele.
- Eisele → cooled by the Chalk Hill Gap.
- Tony Soter made the wines from 1991 - 1997
- David Abreu + Steve Matthiason have been viticulturists.
- In 2016, Pinault changed the name to Eisele Vineyard estate.

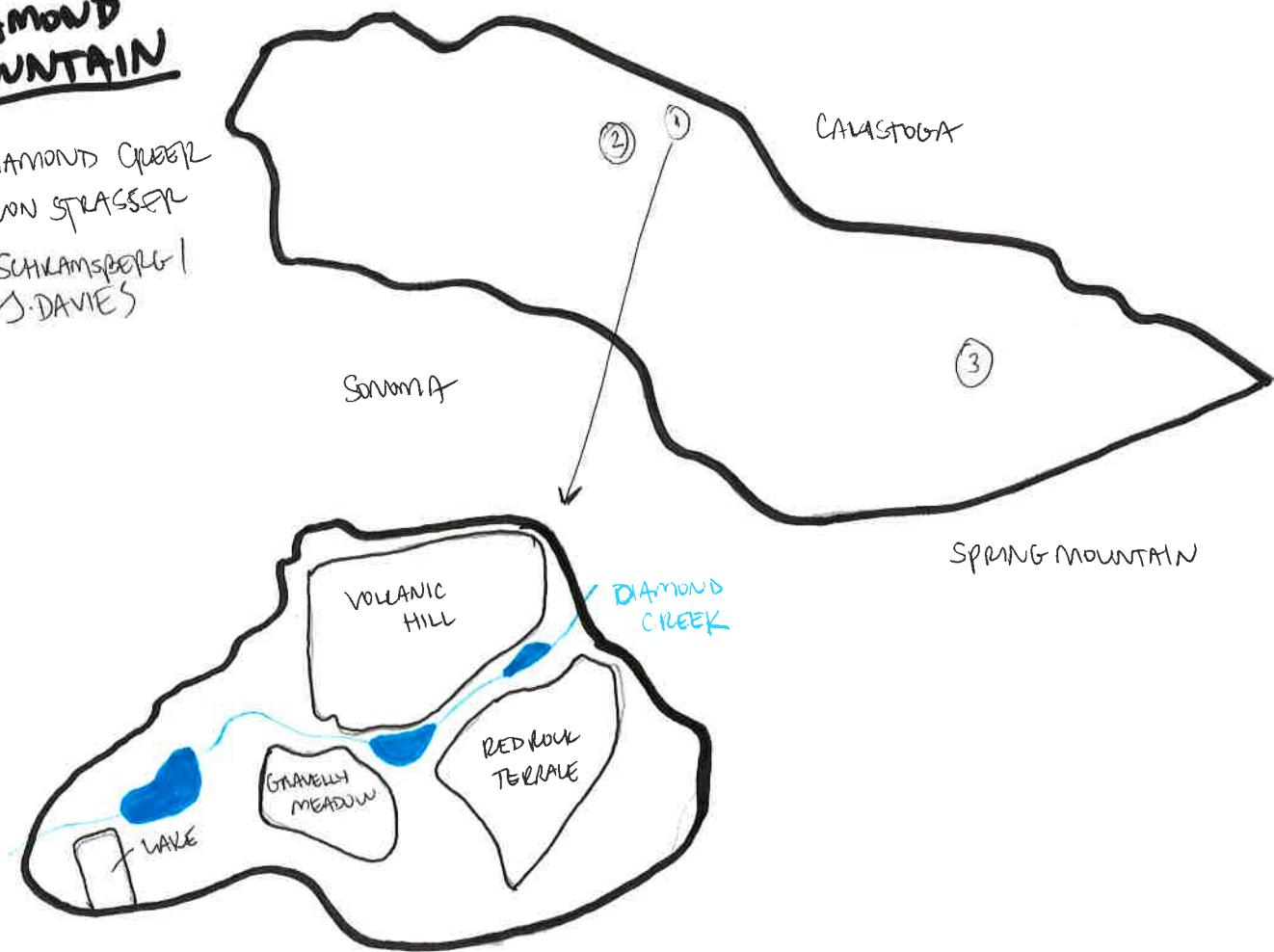
HOWELL MOUNTAIN

- ① ROBERT FOVEY
- ② DUNN
- ③ DUCKHORN
- ④ O'SHAUGHNESSY
- ⑤ CAKE BREAD
- ⑥ CADE
- ⑦ CHARLES KRUG (vinyard)
- ⑧ LA JOTA



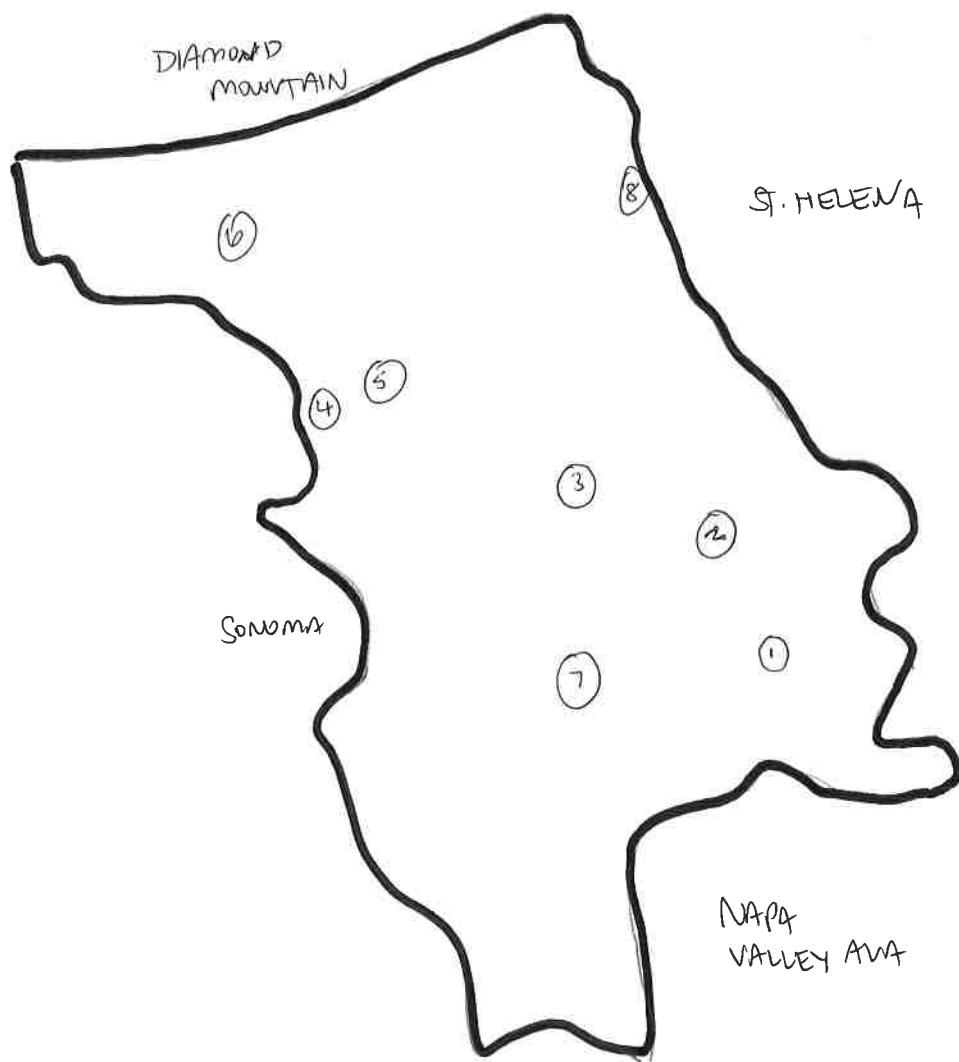
DIAMOND MOUNTAIN

- ① DIAMOND CREEK
- ② VON STRASSER
- ③ SCHLAMBERGER / J. DAVIES



SPRING MOUNTAIN

- ① NEWTON
- ② SPRING MOUNTAIN
- ③ PRIDE MOUNTAIN
- ④ KONGSGAARD
- ⑤ PHILIP TIGNI
- ⑥ SMITH MADRONE
- ⑦ CAIN
- ⑧ STONY HILL



DIAMOND CREEK

- DIAMOND MOUNTAIN

- was the first vineyard to focus exclusively on small production Cabernet Sauvignon.
- treatment of terroir was also more precise than had been before.
- Boots - Al Brunstein moved from LA to Napa in 1967 to establish their own wine estate.
- smuggled in cuttings via Mexico from Bordeaux.
- 600ft. in elevation.

SITES:

1. Volcanic Hill (12 acres)
 - southern exposure
 - warmest vineyard
 - friable gray volcanic ash
2. Red Rock Terrace (7 acres)
 - north facing
 - volcanic w/ high iron content
3. Gravelly meadow
 - flattest vineyard
 - sand + dispersed river rock
4. Lake
 - cool Pacific air
 - "Lake" created by Al by partially damming the creek.

- 1. + 2. + 3. all have 88% Cabernet Sauvignon, w/ 8% Merlot + 4%.

CAB FRANCE

- Lake, planted in 1972 → 100% Cabernet Sauvignon.
- FV 1972 - Volcanic Hill + RRT
- FV 1973 - Gravelly meadow
- FV 1978 - Lake
 - has only been made 14 times in 40 years (can't open in every vintage): 78, 84, 87, 89, 90, 91, 92, 94, 96, 97, 99, 02, 05 + 10.
 - all open years, blended into Gravelly Meadow.

- Al Brunstein died in 2004, leaving the estate to Boots.
- for the first several decades, 50-100% new oak was used. In the late 90s, this increased to 100%.

DUNN

- HOWELL MOUNTAIN

- Randy Dunn was the winemaker at Caymus from 1973 to 1985.
- Has helped up the inception of Graef family, Lamborn, La Jota, etc.
- Made the first 7 vintages of Pahlmeyer.
- In 1978, Dunn purchased 14 acres of Howell Mountain.
- first commercial vintage 1981 (though as early as 1979 can be found).
- Output is 4000-5000 cases/year.
 - 3/4 is Howell mtn. bottling
 - 1/4 is Napa Valley bottling → used to be more fruit from all over the valley. Now, mainly Howell too.
- BRETT
- always under 14% ABV.
- "Fleather" Cab w/ Long Shadow Vintners in veg.
- Park-Muscatine vineyard → purchased from Ridge. Cariena, Zinf, Petit Sirah largely planted over to Cab.

CHARLES KRUG

- ST. HELENA

- Following Krug's death, the estate was purchased & turned dormant in 1894.
- Robert Mondavi convinced his parents to buy it in 1943, where he worked until he started his own winery in 1966.
- Winery is owned today by Peter Mondavi's family (Robert's younger brother).
- Winery is in St. Helena, many vineyard sites across Howell, Yountville & Carneros.

ST. HELENA

- est. 1995
- warm, lower elevation + protected by mountains - narrowing of hills provides more sun reflection
- range in soils:
 - SW - sedimentary, gravel-clay, lower fertility
 - NE - volcanic, deeper, more fertile
- huge part of Napa winemaking history - Charles Krug, Freemark Abbey, Beringer, Spootsnoodle
- also here: Louis M. Martini, Heitz, Duckhorn, Ernests, Trinchero, Corison, Joseph Phelps, Stony Hill



1. Corison
2. Heitz
3. Louis Martini
4. Sutter Home
5. Spottswoode
6. Andrew
7. Farman
8. Joseph Phelps
9. Beringer
10. Charles Krug
11. Ovane family
12. Mankham
13. Anderson's Conn Valley
14. Freemark Abbey
15. Duckhorn
16. Trinchero
17. Ernsters
18. Turley
19. Lombauer

↴
 1952, Fred + Eleanor McCrea
 ↴
 Kronos vineyard is here
 - first vintage: 1987
 - Cathy Corison worked at Chappellet, Freemark Abbey + Staglin before starting her own winery.

COPISON

- ST. HELENA

- Cathy Copison graduated from UC Davis in 1978.

Went on to make wine at Freeman Assay, Chappellet, Staglin, York Creek, Long Meadow Ranch.

- Bale Gravely loam - her preferred soil type.
- Started own label in 1981 w/ purchased fruit.
- Bought Kronos in ~~1990~~ 1995. Fr. 1996.

↳ planted in 1971 on St. George rootstock.

↳ on the Rutherford Bench (in St. Helena)

- 3 wines: Clos. Kronos Cab + Anderson Valley Gewürztraminer ("Corazon")

↳ Usually
100% Cabernet Sauvignon.
SOJ. new oak for 22 months
Alcohol:

- Helios - separate brand focusing in Cab Franc.

JOSEPH PHELPS

- ST. HELENA

- Phelps owned a Colorado-based construction company & was hired to build the new Souverain winery (now Rutherford Hill) in the late 1960s.

- Phelps fell in love w/ Napa & bought his own property in Spring Valley (now part of St. Helena)

- Through the 70s + 80s, Phelps's production was 100% white wine (Pinot, Chardonnay + Gewürztraminer)

- In 1975, Phelps began purchasing fruit from Mitt + Barbara Eisele → created vineyard designate Cabernet for 10 years.

• "Insignia" was first conceived to be an honorary title given to the best wine they made each year → was always Cab. In 1977, became the wine we know today + specifically blended Bordeaux grapes designed to be smooth, ripe + plush.

- 1998 - purchased Freesone Vineyard on the Sonoma Coast.

- Backus Vineyard - East Oakville. Now one of the staples of the portfolio.

- 1976 Insignia was 100% Eisele

HEITZ

- ST. HELENA

- Joe Heitz was raised on a farm in Illinois. Ended up in Fresno after the air force + took a job at a winery.
- He enrolled at UC Davis, graduating in 1948 w/ a degree in Enology.
- He worked as plant manager at Beaulieu Vineyards under Andre Tchelistcheff. Was there from 1951-1958.
- In 1961, he purchased the tiny Leon Benda winey & its Grignolino Vineyard.
- When Harold Reichenbach of Hamell died, Heitz was able to purchase quite a bit of finished wine & barrels to get started.
- 1964 - purchased their estate in Spring Valley.
- Heitz was never a grape grower. Almost always purchased fruit or hired someone else to manage vines.
 - Tom + Martha May's Martha's Vineyard → fr 1966
 - Belle + Barney Rhodes → Bella Oaks (last vintage 2007 + sold to a new family, who is working w/ Staglin)
- Joe Heitz passed away in 2000, estate is managed by his son David.
- Martha's Vineyard has to be replanted in 1992 (after harvest) → AXR1.
 - no 1993, 1994 + 1995. Small amount of 1996.
 - could not be dry-farmed anymore
 - CA sprout changed to VSP.
 - "minty" note attributed to eucalyptus trees on the property, which Nordan (neighbor) ripped out in the early 2000s.
- Bella Oaks, combination of new + used oak. Martha's + Pailsides - 100% new.
 - American oak employed for?
 - purchased in 1984 by Joe Rutherford.

RUTHERFORD

- Inglenook
 - John Daniel, Gustav Niebaum's great-nephew
 - Francis Ford Coppola purchased part of the Inglenook estate in 1975, naming it Niebaum Coppola
 - In 2011, FFC was able to purchase rights + restore Inglenook name.
 - Bearfoot
 - Andre Tchelistcheff
 - "Rutherford Dust" (coined by Tchelistcheff)
 - now owned by Diageo
 - Georges de Latour flagship wine
 - Caymus
 - 1972, Randy Dunn winemaker
 - "Special Selection"
 - Grgich Hills, Mumm Napa, Staglin
 - AVA est. 1983
 - moderately warm, western bench cooler, somewhat influenced by fog.
 - 100 - 500 ft.
 - Soils:
 - o West side is sedimentary, gravel, sand → always w/ good water retention & moderately fertile
 - o East side has more volcanic soils, more fertile
 - Cab, Merlot, Cab Franc, Zinfandel
- ST. HELENA
-
- CONN CREEK
- FROG'S LEAP
- MUMM NAPA
- MA雅CAMAS MOUNTAINS
- OAKVILLE
- Napa River
- CONN CREEK
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.
- (A) BECKSTOFFER VNYD GEOPES III
(B) BELLA OAKS VNYD. (BOOTH BELLA OAKS now)
(C) TRAILSIDE VNYD.
1. QUINTESSENCE
 2. CONN CREEK
 3. FROG'S LEAP
 4. MUMM NAPA
 5. CAYMUS
 6. CAKE BREAD
 7. BEARFOOT
 8. GRGICH HILLS
 9. INGLENOOK
 10. STAGLINE

BEAUVIEU

- RUTHERFORD

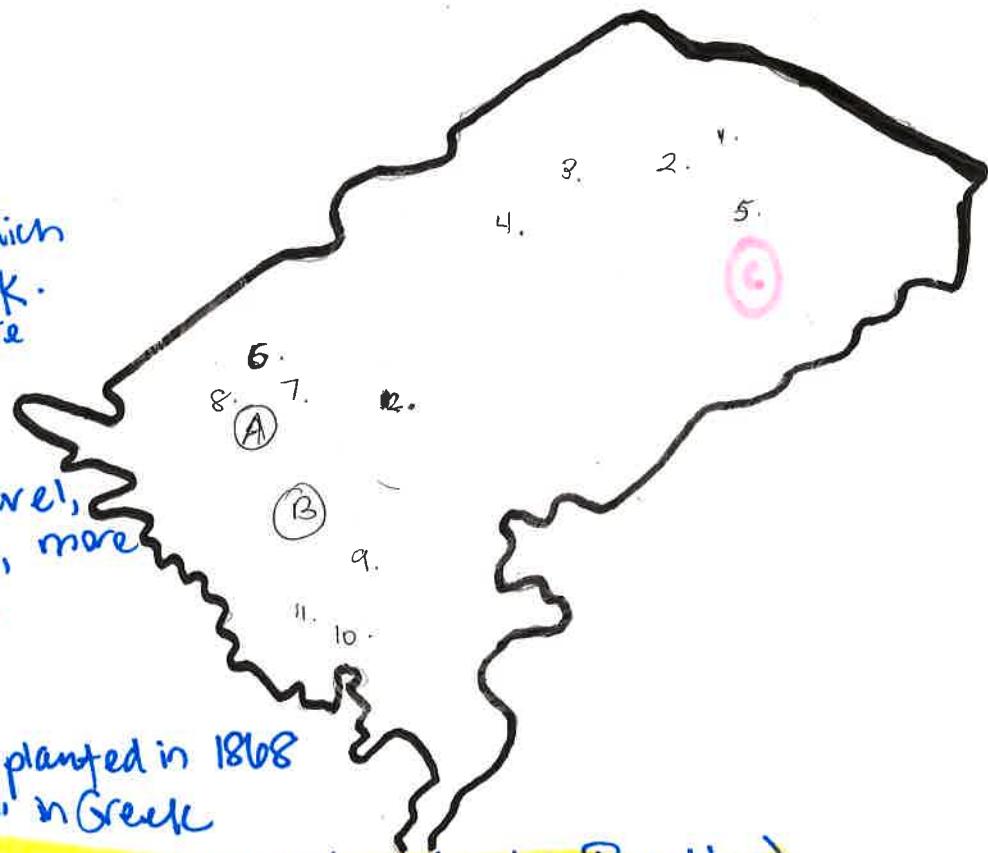
- Georges de Latour came to Napa from the Périgord region of France (near Bordeaux) in the 1880s. Chemist by trade.
- In 1900, purchased a plot just north of Malenock - dubbed "Beau View"
- de Latour imported vine cuttings + St. George rootstock during phylloxera & made quite a bit of money.
- Made sacramental wine for the Catholic Church during prohibition.
↳ mainly fortified muscat.
- post-prohibition, Beauview had not kept up hygiene standards & wines were quite flawed.
- de Latour travelled to France to find a winemaker w/ a scientific background. found André Tchelistcheff, a Russian refugee, at the Pasteur Institute.
- de Latour died in 1940, two years after Tchelistcheff's arrival.
→ Georges de Latour Private Reserve
- de Latour's widow sold to Heublein in 1969.
- now owned by Diageo → ripe, easy style, w/ more effort & artisan efforts going into the Georges de Latour private Reserve.

INGLENOK - Rutherford

- Est. by William Watson in 1871, planted to plant Malvoisie & Zinfandel, in what would become western Rutherford.
- Sold to Gustave Niebaum 8 years later.
- FV 1882.
- Inglenook was the first estate in Napa to blend + bottle their wines themselves. Among the first to vintage date & advertise Napa Valley on its labels.
- Niebaum died in 1908. Without any children, he left the estate to his great-nephew John Daniel, who was 3 years old at the time he died.
- When prohibition was repealed, John Daniel assumed the role of general manager of Inglenook.
- The wines of the 40s + 50s were much heralded. Combs of John Daniel + winemaker George Denev.
- 1964 → John Daniel sold to United Vintners. UV ramped up production. In 1968, UV was acquired by spirits conglomerate Heublein.
- 1970 → John Daniel died. His widow sold off all land except the Napa Nook vineyard.
- 1975 → mansion + grounds were sold to Francis Ford Coppola. Founded the Niebaum Coppola estate, FV 1978. Andre Tchelistcheff oversaw the first few vintages.
 - flagship: Rubicon
- In 1994, Heublein divested itself & the original estate was reunited (var Napanook).
- In 2006, FFC hired Stephane Denoncourt to consult.
- In 2011, ~~Chateau Margaux's~~ Margaux's winemaker was hired.
- Also in 2011, FFC was able to acquire the rights to the Inglenook name, applying it retroactively to 2009 + 2010.

OAKVILLE

- est. 1993
- strongly affected by fog, which keeps acidity levels in check. east side of the AVA gets more sun.
- 75-500 ft.
- primarily sedimentary gravel, alluvial loams on the west, more volcanic soils on the east.
- To Kalon vineyard



- Far Niente, Dalla Valle, Screaming Eagle, Harran, BOND
- ↓
"maya"
- Margia's Vineyard
1966 - first vintage of Jeaffre Margia's.
- Robert Mondavi

Jean Phillips
Heidi Peterson Barrett
1992, first vintage

1. DALLA VALLE
2. RUDO
3. PLUMPKIN
4. GROTH
5. SCREAMING EAGLE
6. MYCEL + MICKEL
7. OPG ONE
8. ROBERT MONDAVI
9. FAR MENIE
10. HARRAN / BOND

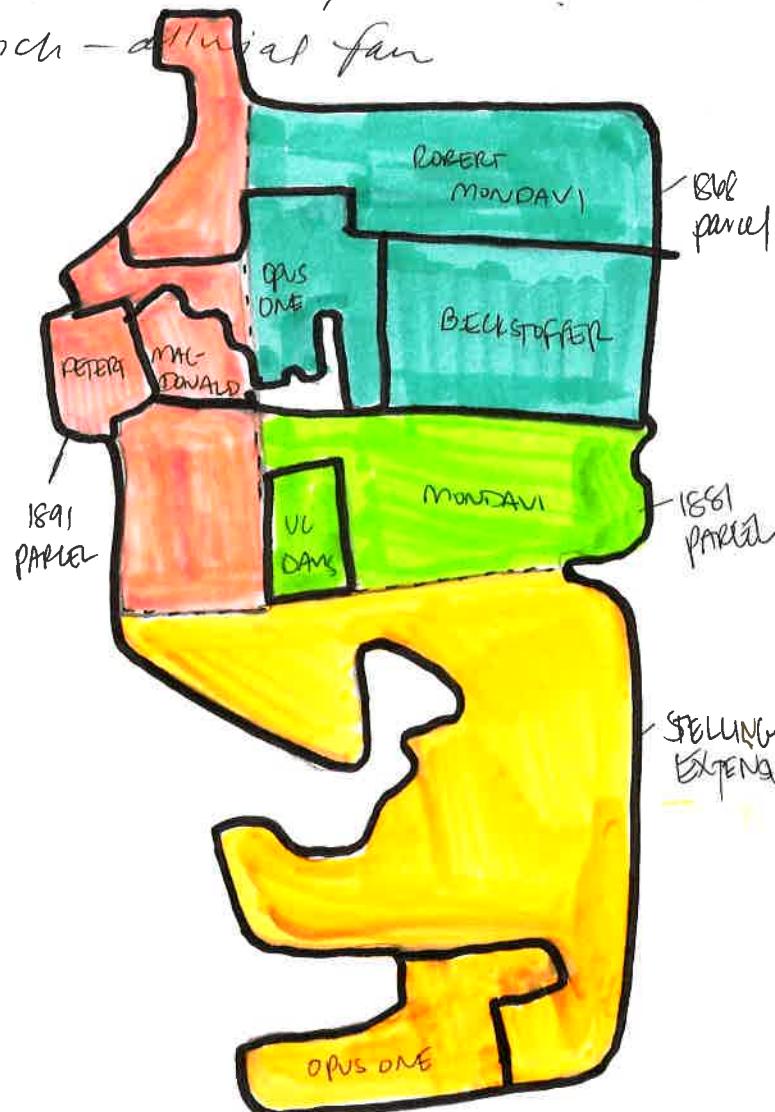
11. FOTO
12. Silver Oak

- (A) TO KALON
(B) MARTHA'S VINEYARD
(C) BACKUS

OAKVILLE

To - KALON

- planted in 1865
- acquired by an entrepreneur named Martin Stelling in 1943.
- he carved off an 89 hectare parcel & sold it to Beaulieu
 - today, this plot is known as Beckstoffer To-Kalon.
- Stelling's heirs sold the rest to Charles Krug in 1942.
- 3 years later, when Mondavi was kicked out of Krug, he purchased the Krugs remaining 12 acres of To-Kalon & built his winery on the property.
- Mondavi was awarded all of Krug's To-Kalon holdings in 1974 in a legal battle w/ his estranged family.
- Mondavi would later rename the name To-Kalon.
- extension of Rutherford bench - a ~~final~~ fan



ROBERT MONDAVI

- Robert Mondavi was born in Minnesota in 1913. His parents had recently immigrated to the US from Italy.
- During prohibition, his family selected Cesare Mondavi, Robert's father, to head west to San Jose grapes for home winemaking.
- He moved his family to Lodi in 1923.
- The Mondavis purchased Charles Krug in 1943, w/ Peter in charge of production & Robert heading up sales & marketing.
 - In 1965, tension b/t the brothers erupted. The family sided w/ Peter & Robert was kicked out.
 - Robert bought 12 acres of Tokajer from Stelling & built his winery. → first winery erected since prohibition.
 - first stainless steel fermentation vats. All French oak.
 - fr 1966.
 - Baron Philippe de Rothschild approached Mondavi → Opus One (1979)
 - 2004 - sold to Constellation after hemorrhaging money for years.
 - Robert died in 2008.

OPUS ONE

- originally coined "Napa Medoc", refitted in 1982
- mainly Tokajer fruit.
- Mondavi selling to Constellation meant many of the fruit sources were no longer available.

SUPERAMING ESTATE

- Jean Phillips, a real estate broker, purchased land in 1986.
- replanted some, w/ more cab, Merlot + Cab Franc.
- made the first vintage in her barn, then approached Heidi Barrett, who had just started at Dahl Vine.
- They produced the first commercial vintage in 1992, released 1993.
- In 2006, was sold to Stan Kroenke + Charles Banks, w/ Andy Erickson coming on as the consulting winemaker.
 - ↳ Kroenke was a partner in Meadowood + owned several sports teams.
- Erickson introduced "Second Flight" → base of Merlot
- 45-50% new oak under Barrett, 80% under Erickson.
- Nick Cristason is the current wine maker.

HARLAN | BOND

- Bill Harlan's goal was to uncover + foster an American first growth. meticulous planning, site selection, etc. for 20+ years before a wine would be released
- Harlan was an owner of Meadowood
- sought a site further up in the mountains than the benchlands. planted & waited, in the meantime establishing Meritage Vineyards w/ the Lails.
- first vintage 1990, released 1994
- winemaker Bob Long
- second wine: The Maiden
- Harlan: single producer, single site, single vine, Blx blend.
- Bond: sites from all over Napa. Almost all Cabernet Sauvignon.

1. VECINA - above Oakville benchland
2. MALBUCK - Howell Mountain
3. ST. EDEN - eastern Oakville
4. PLUMBERS - Spring Mountain
 ... min. vines (~~in St. Helena~~)

- Matriarch → Second wine of first from all sites.

- 100% new oak

Yountville

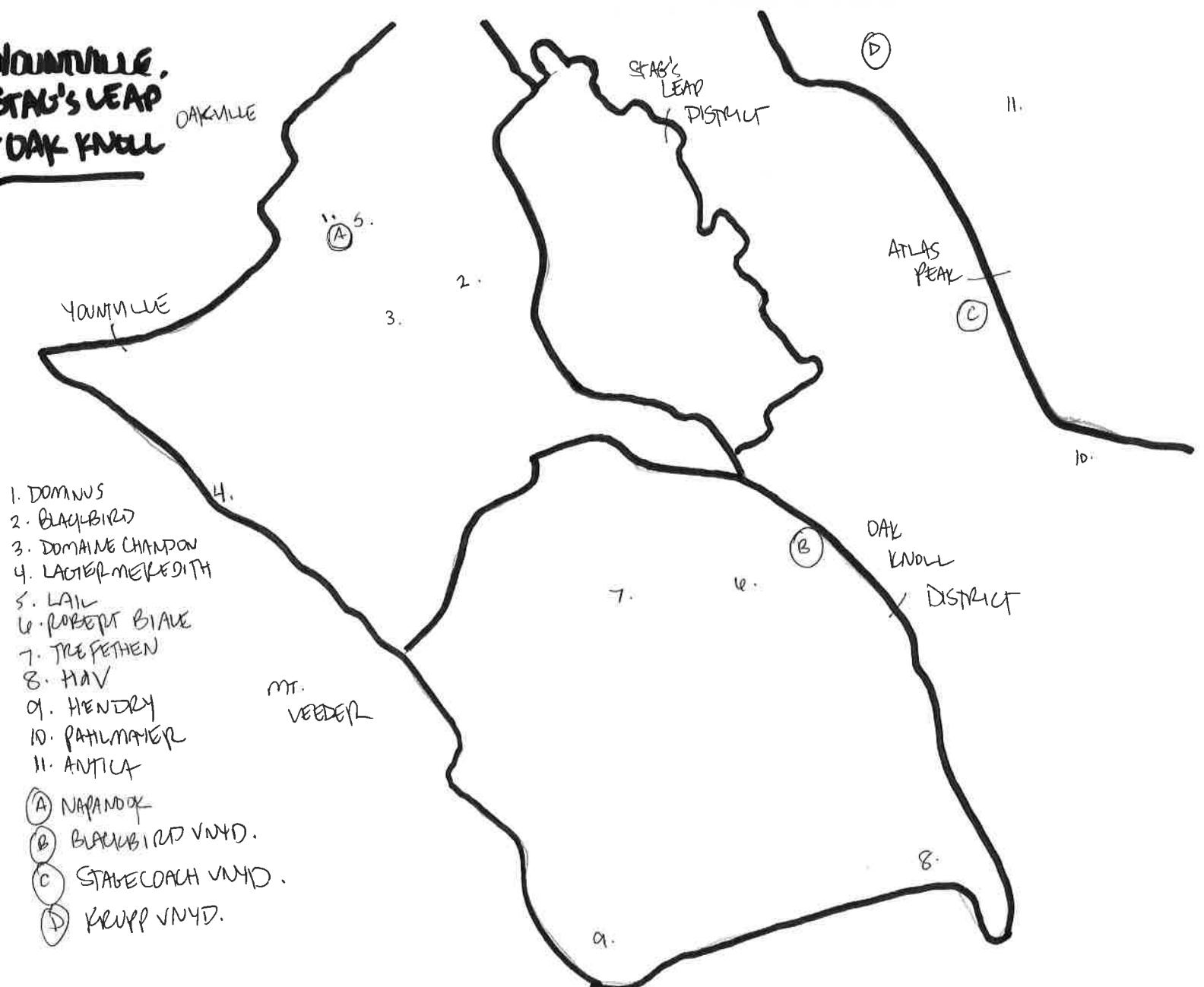
- George Yount - first commercial vintner at vineyard in 1836
- Pancake flat - 20-200 ft.
- est. 1999
- moderate climate w/ marine influence + fog
- Soils: gravelly silt loams (sedimentary) + gravelly alluvial soils
- (Car + Merot)
- Domaine Chandon - 1974
- Dominus - Christian Moueix, 1981
 - Napanook vineyard → Inglenook formerly owned by John Daniel's daughters.
- Also, here: Blackbird, Lair, Kapcsandy

OAK KNOLL DISTRICT

- sandwiched b/w the city of Napa + Yountville
- est. 2004
- cooler than the upper valley → higher acid wines. Lots of fog, very dry.
- Trefethen, Robert Biddle, Mortierlo Vineyards
- known for merlot

ATLAS PEAK

- est. 1995 1992
- cool, mountain influenced, above fog line. Low diurnal change
- 400-2600 ft.
- volcanic in origin, w/ balsamic wine color, limited water retention → irrigation is essential
- Vaca range → manganese Antica property
- Antica, Stagecoach Vineyards, Atlas Peak Winery
(Foothills Valley) (purchased by Gatto in 2011)

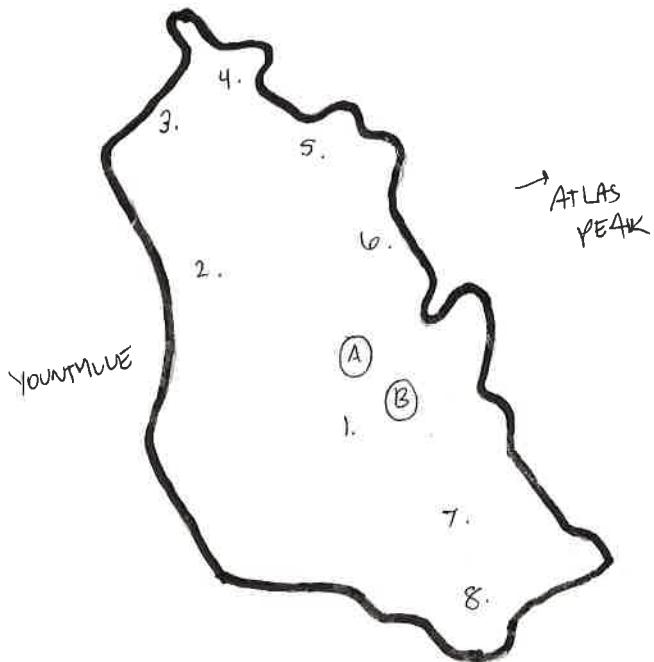


DOMAINS

- Napanook - planted in 1838 by George Yount
 - In 1946, John Daniel purchased the vineyard
 - Daniel held on to the vineyard through the sale of Inglenook. His daughters would sell off the fruit after his death in 1970.
- Christian Moeix had worked a vintage under Tavelinreft at BV & studied at UC Davis.
- In 1981, Moeix returned to California to find a vineyard to buy. He saw Napanook & leased it. Apprised the sisters & the three of them formed the John Daniel Society & was on all labels from 1983 - 1991.
- Fv 1983
- Moeix bought out the sisters in 1995 & remains the sole owner.
- Napanook is a benchland vineyard - alluvial fan.
- Second label - "Napanook"
- 85% Cabernet, 10% Cabernet Franc, 5% PV. → 40% new oak.

STAGS LEAP DISTRICT

- est. 1989
- moderately warm - warmer than neighboring Yountville
- 160-400ft.
- volcanic gravel loams, low to moderate fertility.
- naming issue:
 - Warren Winiarsti's Stag's Leap Wine Cellars
 - Carl Damiani's Stags' Leap Winery.
- Napa's smallest appellation at 100 acres
- Stag's Leap Wine Cellars
 - FAY - first Cab vineyard planted post-prohibition
 - CASK 23 - blend of Fay + SLV
- Shafer
 - 1978
 - Hillside Select - 32 mos. in 100% NFO
- Other producers: Chimney Rock, Cliff Lede, Clos du Val, Robert Sinskey
- Ancient landslides off the Vacas deposited what are now smooth knobs on the flatland below.
- East facing slopes
- Wind funnel created by knobs → cool + dry
- the only valley floor AVA to not cross the river



1. STAG'S LEAP WINE CELLARS
2. SILVERADO
3. CLIFF LEDE
4. ROBERT SINSKEY
5. SHAFER
6. STAG'S LEAP WINERY
7. CHIMNEY ROCK
8. CLOS DU VAL

- (A) FAY VINEYARD
(B) S.L.V.

STAG'S LEAP WINE CELLARS

- Warren Winiarski was raised in Chicago
 - Wanted to pursue wine farming after studying abroad in the Hahn
 - wrote letters to Napa estates and Sonoma's offered him a job.
(Houell mountain)
 - Winiarski became the inaugural winemaker of Robert Mondavi in 1966.
 - Winiarski had a taste of Nathan Fay's home-wine + loved it. Bought the ranch next to Fay vineyard in 1970 + established Stag's Leap Wine Cellars.
 - 1972: First vintage, S.L.V. Cabernet Sauvignon.
→ the second vintage of this wine would go on to win the Judgment of Paris.
 - 1974: first vintage of Cast 23
 - 2007 + sold to ^{château} Michel & Antinori for \$185 million!!
 - Fay: purchased in parts b/t 1986 + 2002
 - Fay - S.V → occupy a rare eastern altitudinal fan.
 - Acadia vineyard in Coombsville → Chardonnay (purchased by Stag's Leap in 1996. The only vineyard Winiarski retained after the ~~the~~ sale)
 - Fay. S.V + Cast 23: 100% Cabernet Sauvignon
- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| 100% new oak | 21 months |
| 20 months | 90% new oak |

MOUNT VEEDER

- coolest mountain AVA of Napa
- Mayacamas - Bodopavas (previously Fisher + Sons) - much of the land here is over 30° slope + cannot be planted. Quite undeveloped region.
- Mayacamas range
- largest AVA in Napa
- Mount Veeder Winery, Hess Collection, Lokoya, Lagier Meredith
- always the last AVA to start & end harvest
- no volcanic material → 10cm. shale. Sandstone, clay

COOMBSVILLE

- one of the coolest areas in Napa
 - est. 2011
 - NW: Oak Knoll
 - SW: Carneros
 - E: Wild Horse Valley
 - SE: Solano County Green Valley
- nestled in the Vacas, but w/ marine air coming through → proximity to the San Pablo Bay.
- Winkler Region I + lots of Chardonnay (Haynes, Longgaard's Judge, Far Niente's Chardonnay comes). Acadia Vineyard.
 - Also, Cabernet Sauvignon.

CHILES VALLEY

- Pinot + BdX varieties
 - elevation, fog + big diurnal shift
 - Green + Red, Vintner's Reserve, Brown + NICELINI
- cheaper source for big companies to stock up their "Napa Valley" wines.

WILD HORSE VALLEY

- est. 1988

- SE of Oak Knoll
- Kenzo estate
- proximity to San Pablo Bay + elevation = cooler
- Shared w/ Solano County.

MOUNT VEEDER

1. LOKOYA
2. LAGUNA MEREDITH
3. MATALEMAS
4. MT. VEEDER
5. HESS COLLECTION

(A) SLAGG'S VNYD.



OTHER NAPA AREAS

POPE VALLEY

- East of Chiles Valley & South of Howell mtn.
North East

PITCHARD HILL

- East of St. Helena Oakville / Rutherford
 - Bryant Family, Chappellet, Clochard, Continuum
(Tim Mondavi)
- poor volcanic soils
- moderated by Lake Hemmings.
- named for Charles Pitchard, the first ~~man~~ man to establish a vineyard on the land mass in the 1880s.
- this property was acquired in 1967 by the Chappellet family. They hold a trademark on the Pitchard Hill name and will not relinquish it for AVA use.

CONN VALLEY

- Seavey, Neyers, BOND's Melbury vineyard, Fritchell + Brebner

DEER PARK

- large area that falls below Howell mtn.'s 1400ft. limit & above St. Helena's 400ft. upper limit is known as Deer Park.
- Similar to Howell, w/ more fog.

COLGIN

- Pritchard Hill

- Ann Colgin, a Texas native, worked as a fine art auctioneer for Sotheby's.
- moved to Napa to start a wine label - hired Helen Turley to make the wine.
- Herb Lamm vineyard - ~~7 acres~~ 7 acres, northeast - first several vintages of Colgin were all from Herb Lamm. (1992-1998) 100% Cabernet.
- 1998 - purchase of IX Estate on Pritchard Hill.
- Last vintage of Herb Lamm was 2007 - phylloxera!
- 1999 - first vintage of Cariad - from two of David Abreu's vineyards.
- 2000 - Tuckson vineyard deleted
- Mark Aubert succeeded Turley in 1999. He left in 2007, succeeded by Alison Tarzwell.
- In 2001, Ann Colgin purchased Domaine Camille Caudron in Burgundy.

ABREU

- has worked out of Forman + Sloan (both St. Helena)
- now in ~~Yountville~~.

- David Abreu is a Napa native & third generation farmer, who formed his own vineyard management company in 1980.
- Current clients include Colgin, Fatto, Rudd, Bryant family, Screaming Eagle, Sloan, Jones + Kenzo. Past clients include Blankief, Aravjo, Harlan + Spottswoode.
- In charge of the makeover of the Bella Oaks vineyard.
- Started making wine in 1986 w/ the help of Forman + they funded the Anderson's vineyard together.

OBSES:

1. MADRONA RANCH (west St. Helena)
2. CAPPELLA PRO-MATTEO (west St. Helena)
3. THOPENVILLOS (Hawell Mountain) → not @ 1400ft. so can't claim the appellation.
4. WWA ABREU (Hawell Mountain)
5. POTTERY HIDE

NAPA VINTAGES

■ = EXCELLENT, BIG ■ = DIFFICULT
■ = EXCELLENT, COOL

2012-2014: Large crop + high quality vintages

2011: Rainy + dark vintage. Difficult, lower quality in general.

2010: Cooler year, but much higher quality than 2011.

2009: Late harvest, cool w/ Indian summer. Bounty of pure, opulent wines.

2007-2008: Low yielding but high quality years. Frost lowered crop (esp. in 2008), but quality was topnotch.

2006: Late, cool harvest. Dense, concentrated + ageworthy wines.

2005: Big crop. Some wines are elegant + balanced, many are tannic & drying out.

2004: Small crop of exceptional quality.

2003: Uneven ripeness, austere + tannic in style. Very warm year, but uneven.

2001-2002: Excellent.

2000: mixed + a bit green overall.

1999: Tremendous - cool, moderate, structured + ageworthy.

1998: Cool, damp year. Green, herbal, gritty tannins

1997: Huge crop (double crop for most) of ripe, opulent, flashy wines.

1996: Warm year, bit of a sleeper. Lots of compelling wines.

1995: Wines marked by balance + structure.

1994: Showy year. ripe, complex + fleshy

1993: Well balanced, supple, but not extraordinary wines.

1992: Easy, consistent growing season

1991: Big crop. ripe + complex

1990: Small crop, but many deeply concentrated wines that have aged well.

NAPA VINTAGES

1989: Big crop, cool year, w/ rain @ harvest

1988: Small crop, simple wines

1987: Small crop, early harvest. ripe.

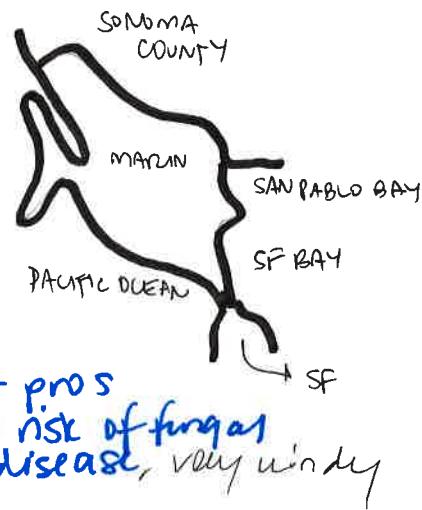
1986: A big crop w/ intense, richly flavored wines

1985: Ripe + freshy, w/ superb balance

1984: Hot year, decadent, long-lasting reds

MARIN [COUNTY]

- Southernmost wine region in the North Coast AVA
- establishing itself as a Pinot producer (Riesling, Chardonnay)
- Skywalker Ranch - George Lucas
- Mark Pasternak / Devil's Gulch Ranch
- Sean Mackey ↗
- wet winters, dry summers, abundant sunshine - pros
- long hang time (big break, Feb - harvest Oct) - risk of fungal disease, very windy
- Pacific Ocean, SF Bay + San Pablo Bay
Sandstone, loam + shale



SAN FRANCISCO BAY AVA

- northernmost AVA in the Central Coast AVA
- 1.5 million acres!
- covers the counties: Alameda, Contra Costa, Santa Clara, San Francisco, San Mateo & Santa Cruz. Solano + San Benito
- most important regions:
 - Livermore Valley in Alameda County
 - Contra Costa County
 - SF Santa Cruz Mtns. in San Mateo, Santa Clara & Santa Cruz Counties

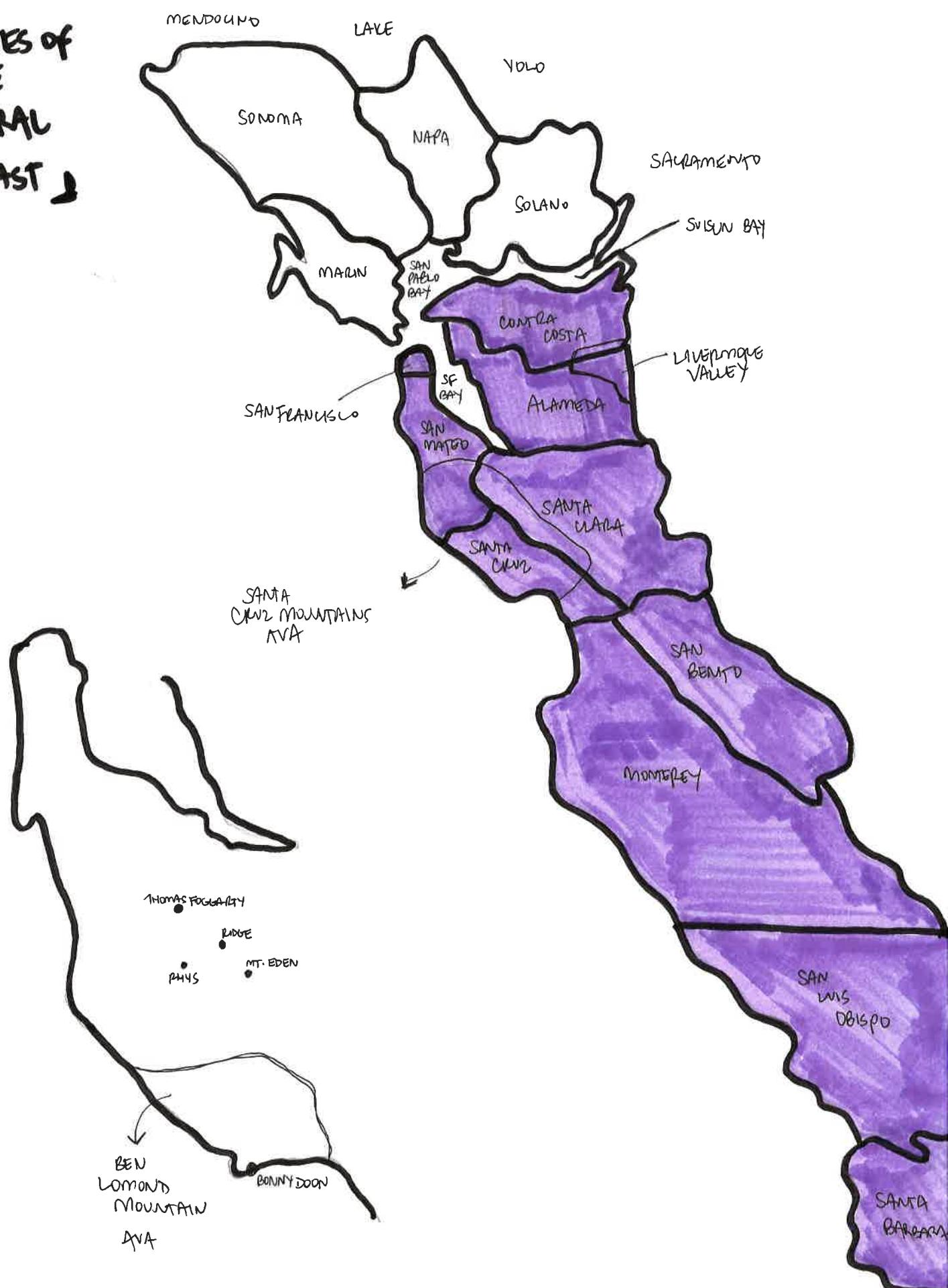
Rosebud

- 1999, est + petitioned by Wente

LIVERMORE VALLEY AVA

- Carl H. Wente planted Chardonnay here in the 1880s
 - most Chardonnay vines in the state can be traced back to the Wente clone, (300,000 cases)
 - James Concannon is also an early pioneer - 425,000 cases per year now!
- Region III - similar temps to northern Napa

COUNTIES OF THE CENTRAL COAST



CONTRAST COSTA COUNTY

- Darley - central town
- Cline, Rosenblum, Turley
- Region III
 - 4 AVAs: Central Coast, SF Bay, Limestone Valley, Laramides
 - deep sandy soils

- vine Ancient vines Zinfandel, Carignan, Mourvedre

- Turley Salvador Vineyard

- Bedrock Evangelho vineyard

→ Zin, Mourvedre, Carignan, JS

SANTA CRUZ MOUNTAINS AVA

- Monte Bello - Ridge, Cabernet Sauvignon
- encompasses parts of southern San Mateo, northern Santa Clara & Santa Cruz Counties.
- est. 1982 → 7th AVA
- altitudes as high as 2,600 ft - well above fog line
 - eastern vineyards are cooler than western ones.
- San Andreas Fault - dissects the region
 - ↳ two plates meet: Sandstone, clay, loam + granite
- Mt. Eden Vineyards - started by Martin Ray in 1936 (diff. name)
 - Chard + Pinot
- Monte Bello - 2,600 ft. above sea level
 - eastern side of Black Mountain
 - clay-loam soil w/ fractured granite limestone underneath
 - ↳ RIDGE: originally called Monte Bello Winery (pre-1941 - Draper)
- warmer days & cooler nights than Bordeaux → good acid & no trouble ripening grapes.
- RHYS - Kevin Harney, 1995
 - Pinot Noir
- SUB-AVA: Ben Lomond Mtn → western edge of Santa Cruz Mountains
 - Bonny Doon → Cardinal Zin, Pacific Rim Riesling, Big House Red, Le Cigare Volant
- Bonny Doon!! - Randall Graham started in 1981 w/ the intent of making Santa Cruz Mountain Pinot Noir → fused to Rhone varietals
 - Bonny Doon is the only winery using the AVA name

RIDGE

decomposing limestone + Franciscan rock.
West facing

- vines were first planted on Monte Bello ridge by Osea Perrone in 1885.
- the first "Monte Bello" was produced in 1892.
- after prohibition, the vineyard passed through several hands before it was purchased in 1959 by David Benson, Charles Rosen, Elliott Crane and Howard Zeldler, all engineers at nearby Stanford Research Institute.
- Ridge vineyards was bonded and produced its first commercial wine, a Monte Bello Cabernet Sauvignon in 1962.
- Achieved 5th place in the Judgement of Paris (1971 Monte Bello) + first in the 30 year anniversary tasting w/ the same bottle.
- 1964 - produced its first Zinfandel
- 1966 - Ridge begins to source grapes from Geyserville + elsewhere in Sonoma.
- 1991 - Ridge purchases Lytton Springs vineyard in Dry Creek.
-  Paul Draper joined Ridge. Draper retired as Head Winemaker + CEO in 2016 + remains Chairman of the Board. Known for drying our faces + ecological farming practices.

American oak

WINES:

- Estate Chardonnay. Cabernet - Santa Cruz Mountains
- Geyserville (Zinfandel w/ Carignan, Petit Sirah & Alicante Bouschet) Alexander Valley
- Lytton (Zinfandel, Petit Sirah, Carignan, Malvasia) - Dry Creek Valley
- Lytton Estate Petit Sirah - Dry Creek Valley
- Pagan Ranch Zinfandel - Sonoma Valley (w/ Alicante + PS)
- Hooker Creek Zinfandel - Sonoma Valley
- Heritage Zinfandel - Oakville
- East Bench Zinfandel - Dry Creek Valley
- Dusi Ranch Zinfandel - Paso Robles
- Carmichael Zinfandel - Alexander Valley
- Bichignani Carignan - Sonoma County (western edge of Alexander Valley)
- Monte Bello - 71% Cabernet Sauvignon, 11% Merlot, 7% Petit Verdot + 5% Malbec - Santa Cruz Mountains

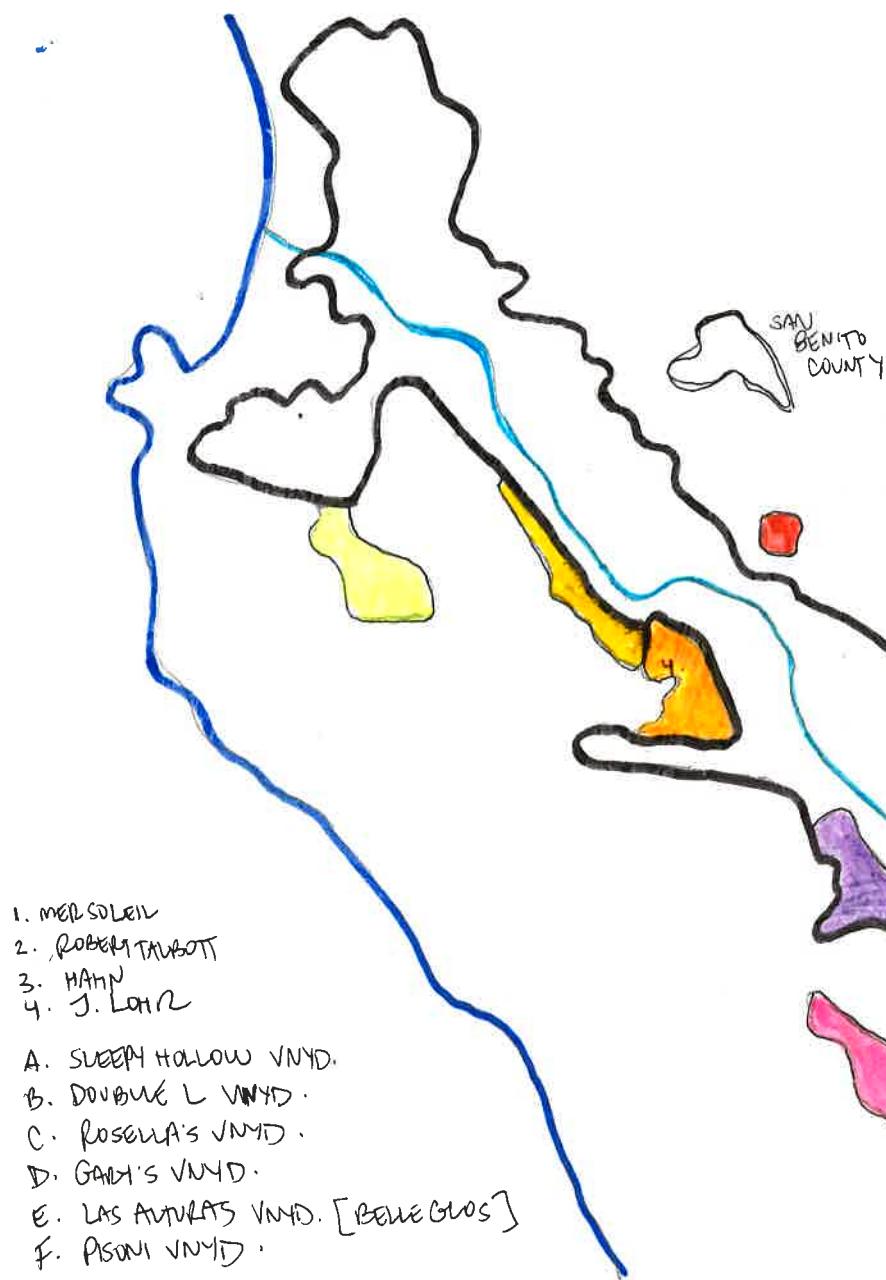
MOUNT EDEN

- Planted by Martin Fay in 1945.
- Chardonnay, Pinot Noir, Cabernet Sauvignon, Merlot + Cabernet Franc
- infertile Franciscan Shale
- Domaine Eden - purchased in 2007, an estate on a nearby mountain.

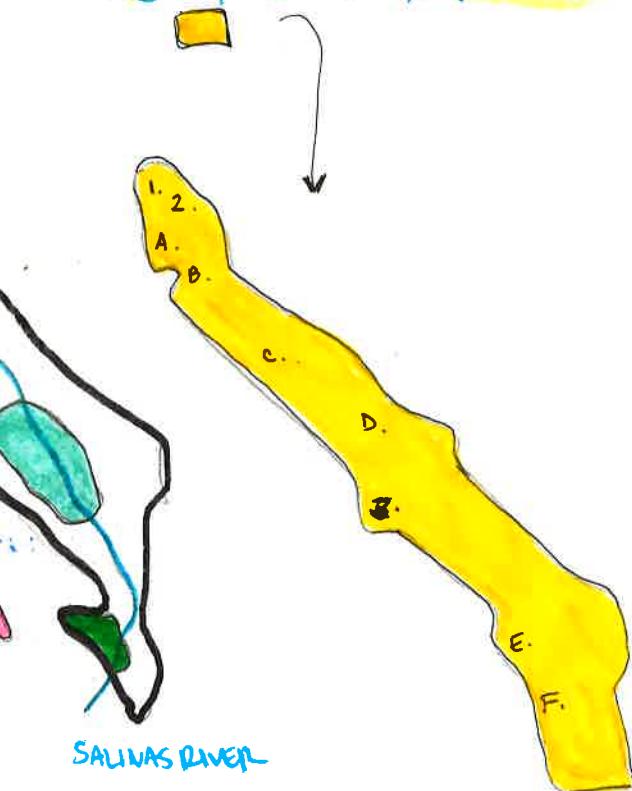
BONNY DOON

- created in 1983 by Randall Graham → originally wanted to replicate Burgundy, but soon turned to Rhône Varietals.
- 1984 - first release of Le Cigare Volant, an hommage to CDP.
- quite experimental:
 - vin de glair made through cryoextraction
 - first to use microbottling in California
 - first to popularize screwcaps for premium wines
 - transparency in labeling
- popular brands: Big House, Cardinal Zin + Pacific Rim → became a large winery. Sold off large brands in 2006 + 2010.
- recent focus on minimal intervention, wines of place

MONTEREY COUNTY



- 9 AVAs of Monterey County:
- Arroyo Seco
 - Carmel Valley
 - Chalone
 - Carmes Valley
 - Monterey
 - San Antonio Valley
 - San Bernabe
 - San Lucas
 - Santa Lucia Highlands



- Salinas Valley - farm country
- 20 yrs ago, Robert Mondavi + Kendall Jackson sourced inexpensive grapes from Monterey County
- can be rainy or cold during the growing season (March - October)
 - warmer the further south
- MONTEREY AVA
 - 40,000 acre AVA on the eastern side of Monterey County
 - Chard + PN in the north, Cab + Syrah in the south
 - Estancia, Jackson Family Wines, Robert Mondavi Private Selection + Scheid Vineyards

SANTA LUCIA HIGHLANDS

- east-facing slopes → Santa Lucia mtn. range
- est. 1991
- well-drained granitic soils
- Monterey Bay fogs + winds
 - huge diurnal swings
 - harvest ~ 3 weeks later than in the North Coast
 - winds tend to promote thicker skinned grapes → higher pigment & tannin.
- Paraiso Wines, Hahn Estate (Smith + Hook Ranch), Talbott, Sleepy Hollow Vineyard (Chardonnay)
- Gangs' Vineyard
 - ↓ joint venture b/t Gary Franscioni + Gary Pisoni
 - KOSTA Browne
 - ROAR
 - PN, Chard + Syrah
 - Rosella's Vineyard - named for Franscioni's wife
 - Pisoni Vineyard
- Mer Soleil - Chard. producer
 - owned by Caymus son

CHALONE

- tucked into the Gavilan (aka Gabilan) mountains on the east side of Salinas Valley → right by San Benito County.
- 1800 ft. elevation
- Richard Graff made Chalone Vineyard ~~was~~ a winery in 1965 (after the vineyard has produced fruit for Beaulieu + Wolfe in the 1940s)
 - bought by Diageo in 2004
- only two wineries in the AVA! → Chalone & Michaud

ARROYO SECO AVA

- "Dry Creek"
 - east of the sauvignon portion of Santa Lucia Highlands
 - most grapes go towards multi-region blends → J. Lohr, Jackson Family, Wentle. • Bonny Doon Le Cigare Blanc
 - "Greenfield potatoes" - fist sized rocks in the gravelly soils
 - Chard, PN, Riesling, Albarino & Grüner Veltliner
- bottles, separate
Arroyo Seco brands
→ started in Arroyo Seco

CARMEL VALLEY AVA

- Diamond T - Robb Talbott's PN vineyard here
- Merlot - Cab account for 70% of all grapes

SAN BENITO AVA

- San Benito Vineyard → owned by Delicato Family Vineyards
 - 11,000 acres, 20 square miles
 - largest contiguous vineyard on earth

OTHER AVAs

- San Lucas AVA - Swedge of Salinas Valley
- San Antonio Valley + Hames Valley - southernmost
 - warmest in Monterey County

SAN BENITO & MOUNT HARLAN AVAS

- Almaden vineyards - pioneer of San Benito County (no longer here)
 - mass producer of jug wine
- ~~Calera~~ (Gabilan) mtn. range separates Monterey County from San Benito County.
- San Benito AVA + Mt. Harlan AVA

↳ 3 subs:

1. Cienega Valley AVA → moved to Central Valley
 - home of Almaden (formerly)
 - 13 million cases/year!
 - DeLoce family makes Negrette here, formerly known as Pinot St. George

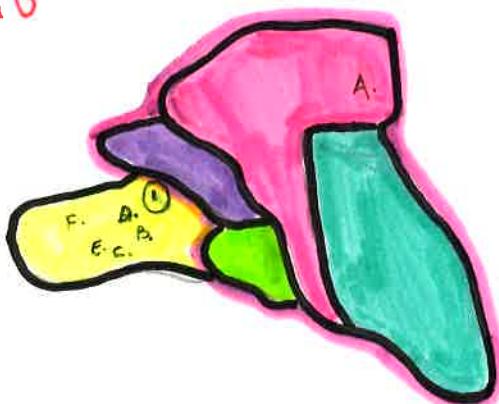
"Calera" means
vine kiln in Spanish

2. Lime Kiln Valley - sub AVA of Cienega Valley
3. Paisines AVA - Williams Seydel's Vista Verde Vineyard;
Chard, PN + Gewürz for their Central Coast bottlings.

labeled San Benito County

- Mt. Harlan
 - peak is 3289 ft. above sea level
 - Josh Jensen planted PN here in 1975 after finding rare limestone deposits
 - JJ worked at DCC + Dogo
 - vineyards: Jensen, Reed, Selkirk, Vilers, Mills & Ryan → 2200-2400 ft. above sea level
 - elevation makes it remarkably cool for an inland area
 - Calera is only winery in the AVA
 - est. 1990

① CALERA



- A. VISTA VERDE VND.
- B. REED VNYD.
- C. JENSEN VNYD.
- D. SELKIRK VNYD.
- E. MILLS VNYD.
- F. RYAN VNYD.

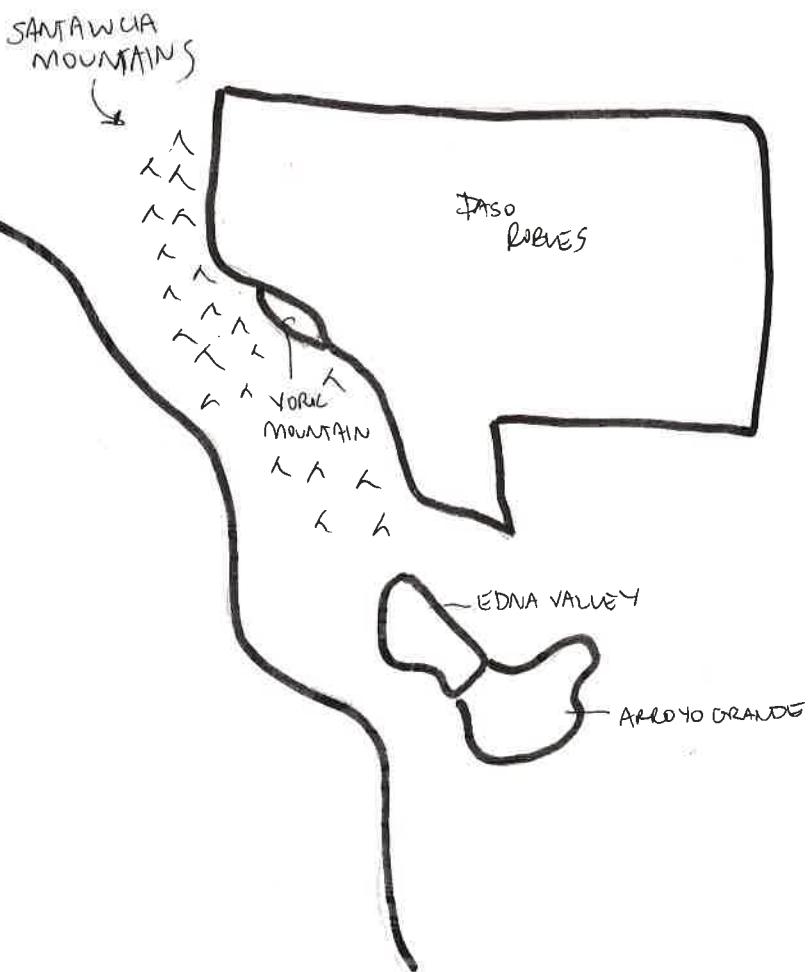
CALEPA

- Planted by Josh Jensen in 1975. He was inspired by Richard Graff at Chalone, who had been making Pinot Noir for 10 years when Jensen got started.
- Gavilan / Gabilan Mountains
- Limestone soils
- Single vineyard sites see 307. new oak for 14 months. Central Coast wines see 12-157. new oak for 10-11 months.
- first vintage 1976 - Selkirk, Reed + Jensen all produced in this vintage.
- planted Viognier in 1983.
- planted Chardonnay in 1984, plus Mills Pinot Noir vineyard.
- 1/2 acre of Aligote planted.

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY

11 sub-AVAs were approved in 2014:

- Adelaida District
- Creston District
- El Pomar District
- P.R. Estrella District
- P.R. Genesee District
- P.R. Highlands District
- P.R. Willow Creek District
- San Juan Creek
- San Miguel District
- Santa Margarita Ranch
- Templeton Gap District



- Talvas Creek - Perrin + Robert Haas - clay + limestone (night)

AVAs of SLO:

- Arroyo Grande (1990)
- Edna Valley (1987)
- Paso Robles (1983)
- York Mountain (1987)

PASO ROBLES

- north of the city of SLO
- Rhône Rangers → Hospice du Rhône
- Saint Lucia Mountains run down the western border
- incredible variation - sub AVAs likely approved in 2014!

→ Paso Robles West Side AVA proposed in 2007 (west of the Salinas River & highway 101) - cooler than east side

→ Complaints that this was too simplistic → 11 AVAs were proposed instead → all have been approved!

Templeton Gap

→ break in coastal ranges, bigger diurnal shift.

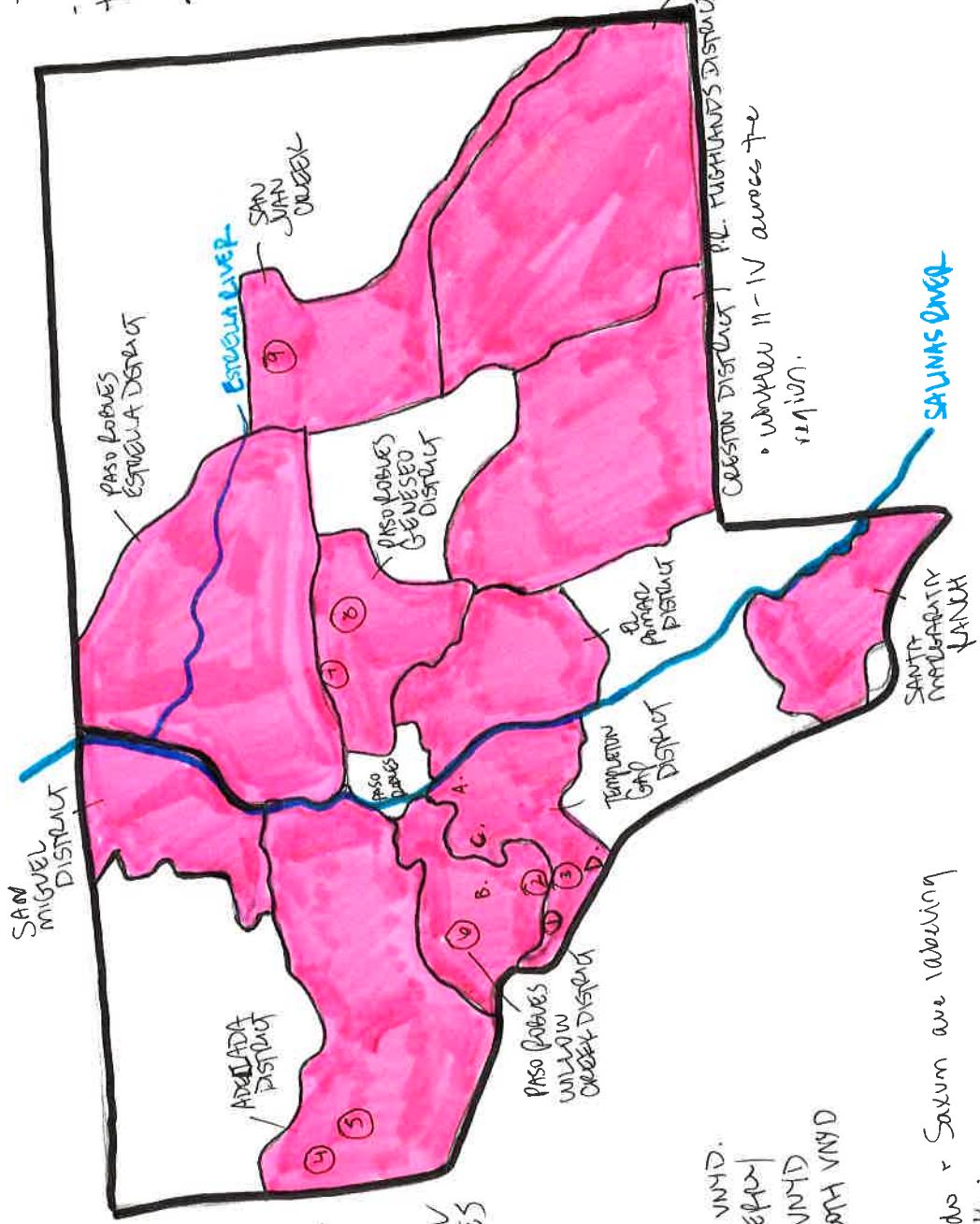
- Cabernet Sauvignon is the most planted grape in Paco.

- Zin - Ridge's Benito Duck Vineyard

- 1970s → Fay Eberle was the first to plant Syrah. Chaptotier cuttings

- 1970s → Perrin + Robert Haas - clay + limestone (night)

MZD Properties



- A. BENITO JUÁREZ VND.
- B. JAMES PRECARIO
- C. PESSENTI VND
- D. VERRILL-CART VND

- wine making + grape growing introduced in the 1800s century.
- "El Pasco de Robles" - the pass of the Oaks.
- 1924: Disi family purchased their vineyard. Now known as Benito Disi (their son). Vin.
- Late 1930s early 1950s: Dr. Stanley Hoffmann, under the guidance of UC Davis + Andre Tchelistcheff, planted Cabernet, Pinot Noir + Chard.
- 1960s - Syrah
- 1983: P.R. awarded AVA status.
- 1990s: Not expanded to include many plantings in the west.
- 1997: Justin's Vineyards named one of the top 10 wineries in the world by Wine Spectator. [mentor]
- 2008: First expanded by 263 acres to the south.
- 2010: Jacuzzi Family became owner of vineyard #1 wine in the world by Wine Spectator. [Grenache City M-5]
- 2014 - 11 sub-AVAs granted stages.

- o west side - steeper hillsides cut by small canyons. cooler.
- o east side - rolling hills.
- o very diverse soils - westward granite, younger sedimentary rock; volcanic, shale, sandstone, loam, etc.
- o more calichous on the west side → high pH soils
- o neutral on the west side.

- lime caliche + sand are allowing willow creek.
- Arroyo Hope is lowering temperature gap.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, CONT.

PASO ROBLES, CONT.

- Saxum - Justin Smit
- James Berry Vineyard → Templeton Gap
- L'Aventure, Justin, Linne Calodo

YORK MOUNTAIN

- adjoined to the western edge of Paso - technically a sub-AVA
- only one winery: York mountain vineyards

ARROYO GRANDE + EDNA VALLEY

- Valleys running east-west vs. north-south → unprotected from Pacific fog & breezes. much cooler than Paso during the summer, harvests up to two weeks later.

• Los Osos Valley → Edna Valley → Morro Bay.

• John Milner

- 1989, first vintage
1991
- "Rava Syrah"

• Talley

A. MUNSON VNYD.
B. ROSEMARY'S VNYD



① TALEY
② ALSTAN

TABLAS CREEK

- Based in the Adelaide sub-AVA of Paso Robles → in the hills of the Santa Lucia mountains.
- Founded in 1990 by Jean-pierre and Francois Perrin (of Château Beaucastel) and Robert Haas, an importer & founder of vineyard brands.
- Site chosen for its high pH & limestone base similar to Beaucastel.
- Brought in many French clones to the US, some grapes (like Counoise & Grenache Blanc) not yet seen in the US. After a lengthy quarantine, grapes were first planted in 1994.
- First wine released in 1997.
- Nursery - has produced over a million vine grafts on site.

MINES:

- Esprit de Tablas Beaucastel
 - rouge: Mourvedre w/ Grenache, Syrah + Counoise
 - blanc: Roussanne w/ Grenache Blanc + Picpoul Blanc
- Côtes de Tablas
- papelin de Tablas → includes some purchased fruit
- Panoplie → only made in certain years. Its version of Hommage à Jacques Perrin.

Turley

- Larry Turley (brother of Helen Turley) was an Emergency Room doctor until he met John Williams and they went into business together, opening Frog's Leap Winery in 1981.
- In 1993, he sold his half of Frog's Leap + started Turley Wine Cellars.
- First winery was in St. Helena, soon expanding to Temecula where Infandet had been planted since 1923.
- Tegan Passalacqua is the current winemaker (Ehren Jordan before her). ↗ SANDLANDS
- 47 wines from over 50 vineyards. Mostly single vineyard Zin:
 - Amadeo's Vnyd - PASO ROBLES
 - Bedrock Vnyd - SONOMA VALLEY
 - Cedarman Vnyd - HOWELL MTN.
 - Cobos Vnyd - AMADOR
 - Dogtown Vnyd - LODI
 - Dragon Vnyd - HOWELL MTN. → Cabernet also
 - Duante Vnyd - CONTRA COSTA CTY.
 - Dusi Vnyd - PASO ROBLES
 - Pesenti Vnyd - PASO ROBLES → also petit sirah
 - Mead Family - ATLAS PEAK
 - Kirschbaumann Vnyd - LODI
 - Judge Bell Vnyd - AMADOR
 - Flemingway Vnyd - NE NAPA
 - Hargrave Vnyd - ST. HELENA → also petit sirah
 - Fredericks Vnyd - SONOMA VALLEY
 - Rattlesnake Ridge - HOWELL MTN. → also petit sirah
 - Rinaldi Vnyd - AMADOR
 - Sadie Upton Vnyd - AMADOR
 - Salvador Vnyd - CONTRA COSTA CTY
 - ↙ Verbenophy
- Montecillo Cabernet Sauvignon as well → SONOMA VALLEY / MOON MOUNTAIN

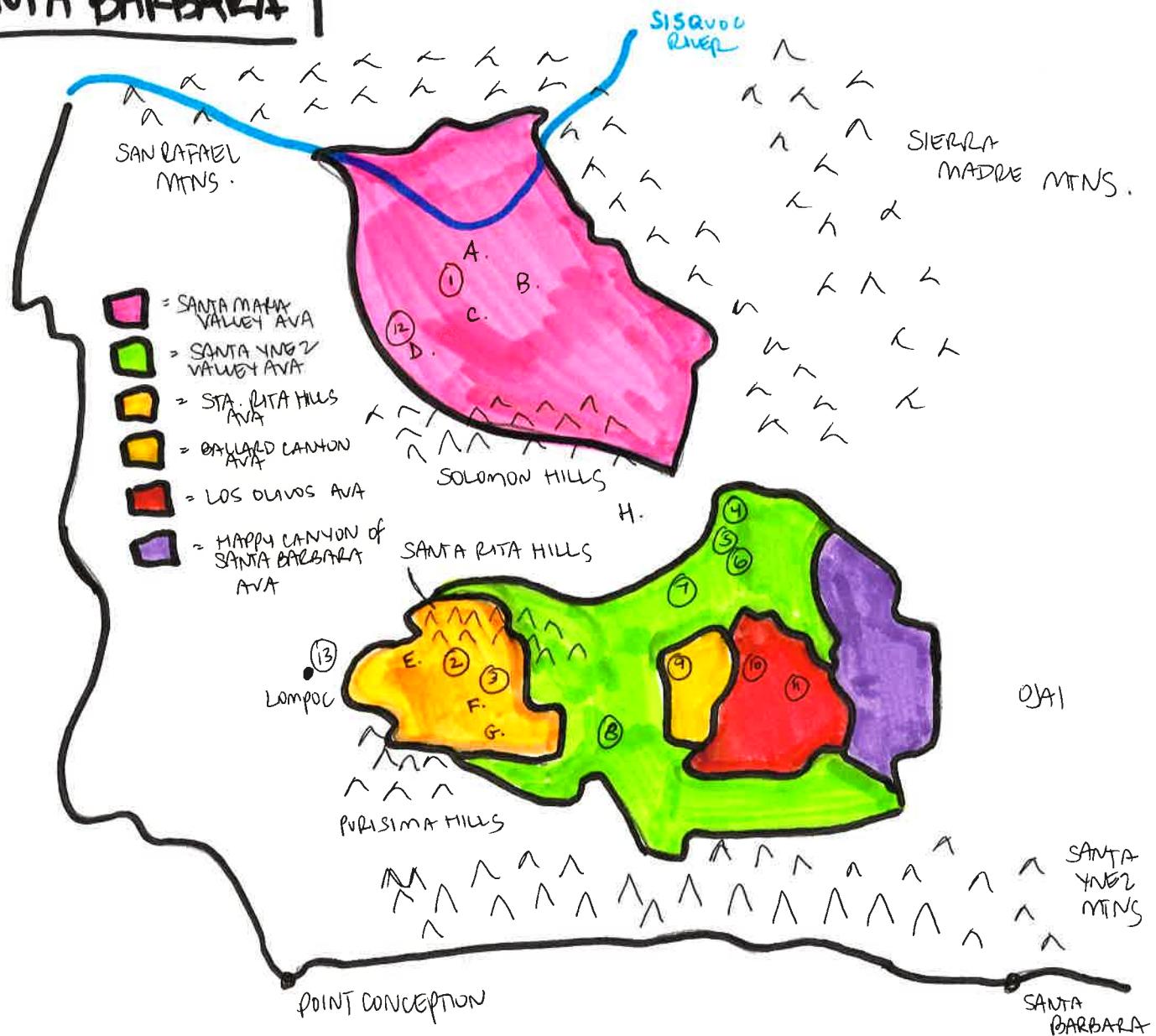
ALBAN

- John Alban - masters in Oenology at Davis. Became obsessed w/ Viognier + Rhone varietals & spent a lot of time in France studying, learning + working.
- Bought an estate in 1989 & planted 35 acres of Viognier (when there were only 50 in the world)
- First vintage 1991 - Roussanne + Viognier

Wines:

- Varietal: Viognier, Roussanne, Grenache
- Riva Alban Estate Syrah
- Patria Alban Estate
- ~~•~~ Lorraine Alban Estate Syrah
- Seymour's Syrah
- Pandora - Syrah + Grenache
- = The Mason: Marvedue w/ Syrah

SANTA BARBARA



- inland influence/mountains: rain shadow effect + diurnal swing
- coastal influence: morning fogs + afternoon winds
- warming Davidson current coming from the South
- cooling California current coming from the North

PRODUCERS

- ① AV Bon Climat | Qupe
- ② MELVILLE
- ③ DIERBERG
- ④ ZALA MESA
- ⑤ ANDREW MURRAY
- ⑥ FESS PARKER
- ⑦ FIRESTONE
- ⑧ HITOMING POST
- ⑨ REICHLAN
- ⑩ STOUPMAN
- ⑪ BRIDLEWOOD
- ⑫ PRESQUEILE
- ⑬ BREWER CLIFTON

VINEYARDS

- A. BIEN NAUDO
- B. SIERRA MADRE
- C. LE BON CLIMAT
- D. SOLOMON HILLS
- E. CLOS PEPE
- F. SEA SMOKE
- G. SANFORD + BENEDICT
- H. LOS ALAMOS

SANTA BARBARA

- Chardonnay, Pinot Noir + Syrah are the predominant grapes

- Santa Maria AVA vs. Santa Ynez AVA

est. 1981

Chard, PN + Syrah

est. 1983

Rhine varieties

- winegrowing valleys run northwest to southeast

↳ ocean winds

↳ fog

↳ "transverse valleys"

- Gallo owns Bondlwood in Santa Ynez

- Terlato owns Sanford Vineyard + Sanford + Benedict vineyard in Sta. Rita Hills!

Happy Canyon

- Hot

- Big grapes

Sta.

Sta. Rita Hills (2001)

- westernmost part of Santa Ynez

- cooler, fog driven - PN + Chard

Sta. Rita Hills can be 10-20° cooler than Santa Ynez
Can be 10-20° cooler than Happy Canyon..

SANTA MARIA VALLEY

est. 1981

- on the ~~western~~ edge of Santa Barbara County.

- one of the longest growing seasons in CA.

- Bien Nacido - "well born"

- planted in 1972

- Chard, PN + Syrah → as well as PB, PB, Friulano, Nebbiolo, PV + Refosco

- Jim Clendenen's Ar Bon Climat

- Bob Lindquist's Qupe

- Adam Tolmach's Ojai Vineyard.

- Tolmach began Ar Bon by Clendenen

- Le Bon Climat vineyard - planted in 98 by Clendenen

- Chard, PN + Viognier

- was outside the parameters of Santa Maria AVA before it was expanded in 2011.

• Ar Bon Climat, Presquile,
The Ojai Vineyard, Qupe,
Tolmer, Paul Lato,

{ Sisquoc River

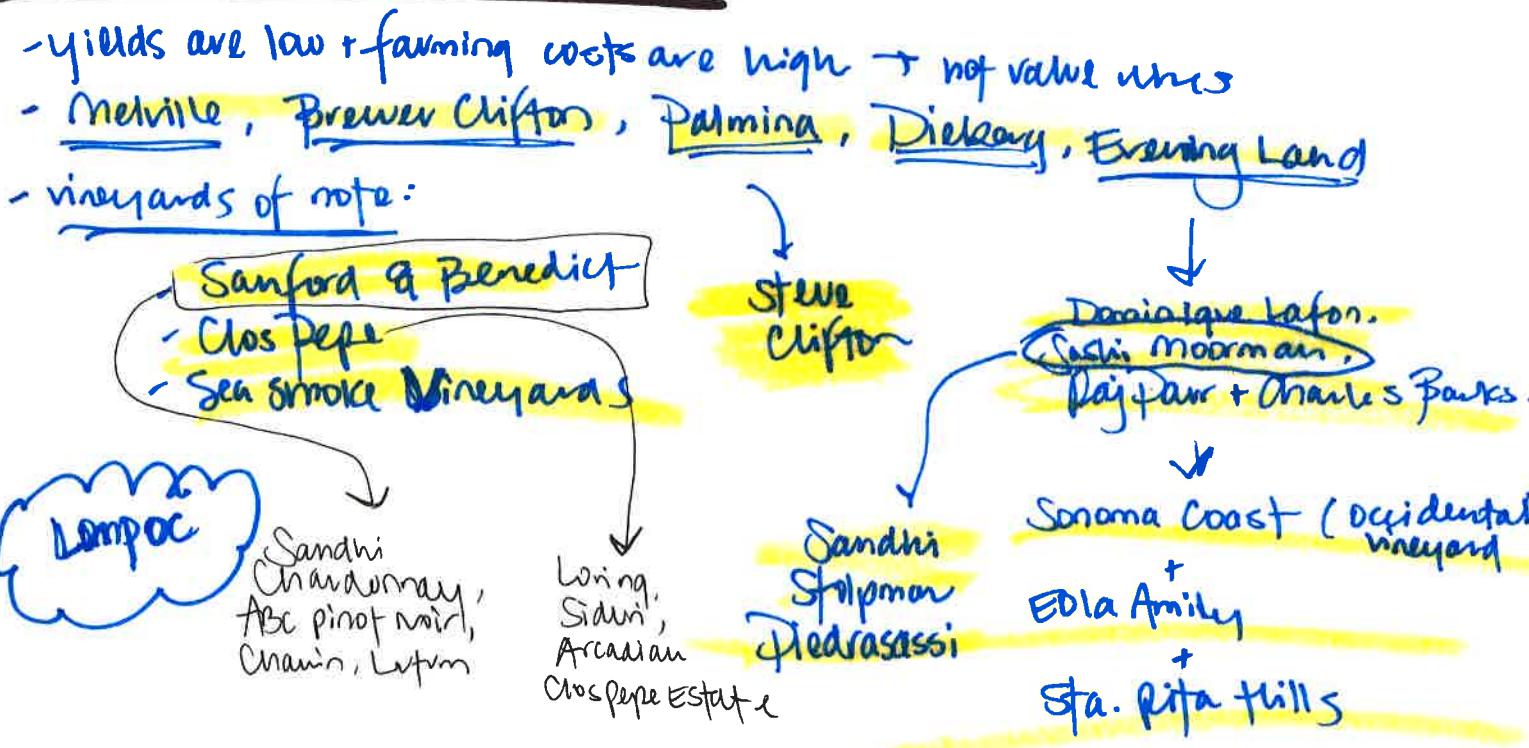
SANTA YNEZ VALLEY

- est. 1983
- framed by the Santa Ynez (to the S) and San Rafael mountain ranges
- east-west running valley w/ cooler temps + fog at its western end (Pinot Chard blend) and sunnier, higher temps at eastern end (Bordeaux + more varietals)
- Ballard Canyon - perhaps the most Santa Barbara AVA → Rhone + Italian varietals.
 - in b/t Sta. Rita Hills + Happy Canyon
- Firststone Vineyard - Santa Barbara's first estate vineyard, est. 1970s
- Beckman, Zaca Mesa, Jonata, Stolpman, Bridlewood, Fess Parker, Hitching Post, Rusack Vineyards, Palmina

STA. RITA HILLS AVA

- est. 2001, Region I but same latitude as Tunisia & same lack of rainfall.
- 7-8 month growing season
- Richard Sanford of Michael Benedict planted Sanford & Benedict Vineyard in 1970 (first planted to Cabernet Sauvignon)
 - today it grows Pinot, Chard, Viognier + PB
 - Supplies grapes to ABC, Bonacorsi, Longoria, Josten, Balocock + Sanford wineries
 - x \$250 / bottle
- Bob David - Soasmoke
 - three Pinots: Botella, Southern + Ten
 - only available to list members & not made every vintage.
 - "open" clones of Pinot from which the wine takes its name.
 - 16 mos. 65% NFO.
 - x \$300 / bottle.

STA. RITA HILLS, CONT.



HAPPY CANYON OF SANTA BARBARA

- est. 2009
- loam + clay soils
- Bdx grapes + Rhône varieties
- only 4 producers
- Crown Point, Star Lane, Fiddlehead Cellars, Broc Cellars, Fixen, Gasai Family.

LOS OLIVOS

- est. 2014

- Name to 47 commercial vineyards + 13 wineries.
- Yet to establish an identity for varieties - some Rhône, some Bordeaux, some Spanish, some Italian.

Au Bon Climat

- Jim Clendenen - started as an assisting winemaker in Zaca Mesa in 1978.
- 1982 - started Au Bon Climat w/ Adam Tolmach + dedicated to Burgundy grapes.
- Adam Tolmach left in 1990 to start The Djai Vineyard.
- works w/ vineyards:
 - Le Bon Climat - estate plantings → Santa Maria Valley
 - Bien Nacido - estate plantings → Santa Barbara County
 - Sanford & Benedict - Sta. Rita hills
 - Los Alamos - Santa Barbara County
 - Tarley Vineyard - San Luis Obispo (Pinon + Roseman's in Arroyo Grande)

WINES:

1. Blue Series
 - Chardonnay Nuits-Blanches au Bourgogne
 - Hildegard (Pinot Gris, Pinot Blanc + Arigoté)
 - Pinot Noir "Knox Alexander"
 - Pinot Noir "Isabelle"
2. Historic Vineyards Collection - vineyards above
3. Santa Barbara County Classics
 - Other labels: Clendenen Family → experiments w/ "non-Burgundy" grapes
→ Nebbiolo, Mondeuse, Friulano, etc.
 - Ici/La Bas → grapes from Mendoza + Oregon

QUPE

- name honors the indigenous chumash people of California → their name for a poppy.
- Bob Lindquist worked for various wineries in the 1970s, eventually landing at a wine shop in Los Olivos in 1979. The wine shop's owner was the son of Marshall Team, who co-owned Zaca Mesa. He met Jim Clendenen, who was the asst. winemaker @ Zaca mesa at the time, who soon hired him to be a tour guide @ the winery.
- Bob began buying up fruit + barrels & in 1982, Qupe was born. focus on Rhone varieties + Chardonnay.
- In 1989, Bob + Jim joined together to build a vineyard of their own ~~at~~ under a lease agreement w/ Bien Nacido Vineyards.
- Other sites include the Sawyer-Lindquist vineyard in Edna Valley & the Ibarra-Young vineyard in Los Olivos.
- Verdad vines - separate vineyard devoted to Spanish grapes.

SEA SMOKE

- ~~winery~~ was established in 1999 → Bob Dards.
- Shallow clay soils, south-facing hillsides, marine fog.
- planted to 10 PN clones
- no buying or selling of grapes.
- 100% destemmed

WINES:

- ✓ 3 Pinots:
 1. Batella
 2. Sonoma
 3. Ter

- Chardonnay
- "Sea Spray" - 100% Pinot Noir method
Champenoise sparkling wine.

BREWER CLIFTON

GREG BREWER

+

- Melville
- Diafam
- Brewer Clifton

now owned by the Jackson Family!

- currently, 100% estate holdings → Mauhado, Mapgood, Acin + BD
- formerly Clos Pepe Pinot Noir.

STEVE CLIFTON

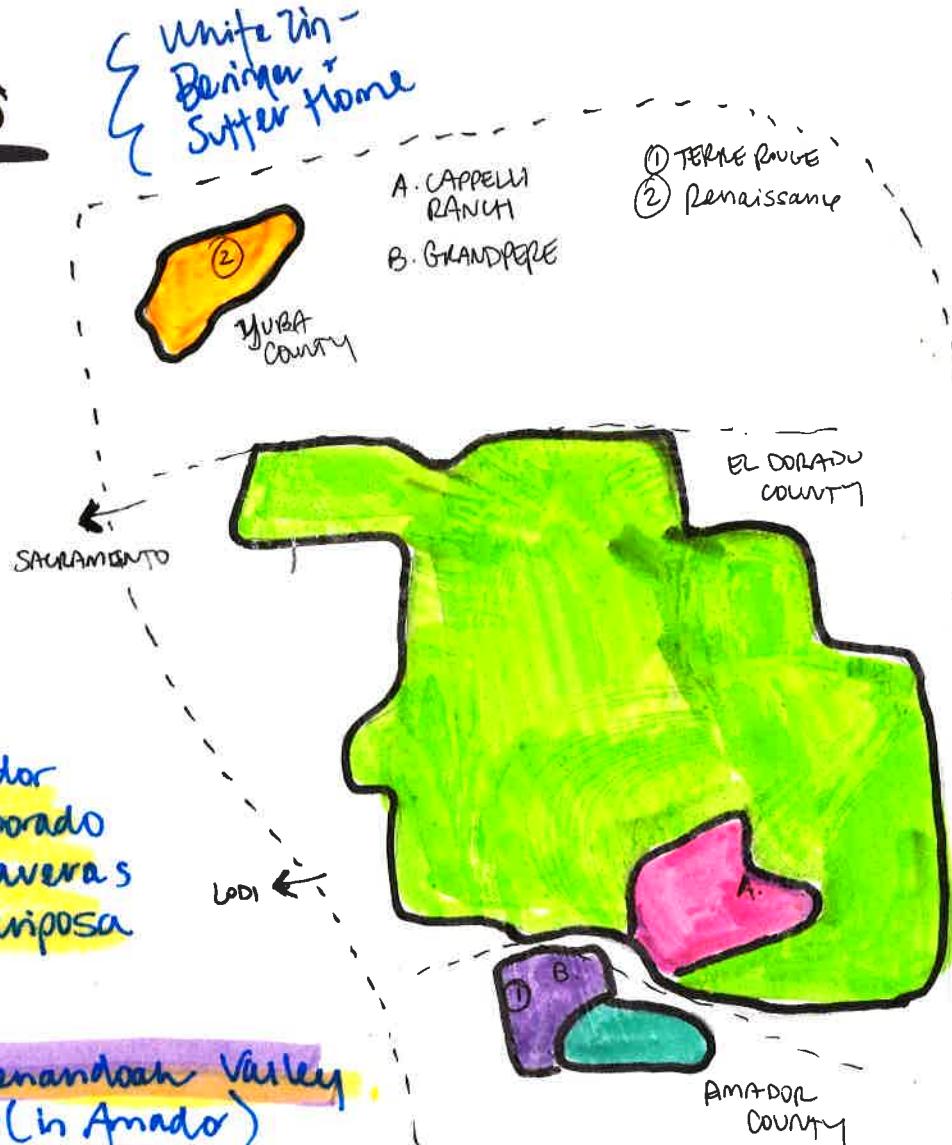
+

- no longer a partner in Brewer Clifton
- Palmina
- La Voix

SIERRA FOOTHILLS

- Gold Rush! → influx of plantings
- phylloxera & lack of gold pushed people out, then prohibition encouraged all plantings to be ripped out!
- Sierra Foothills AVA, est. 1987
 - encompasses 8 counties:

- Yuba
- Amador
- Nevada
- El Dorado
- Placer
- Calaveras
- Tuolumne
- Mariposa



↳ 5 Sub AVAs:

- California Shenandoah Valley + Fiddletown (in Amador)
- El Dorado + Fair Play (in El Dorado)
- North Yuba (in Yuba County)
- Amador, along w/ Sonoma & Mendocino, has the most pre-prohibition vines in the state.

Amador County

- California Shenandoah Valley
 - dormant from prohibition through the 1960s
 - 300-2000 ft. in elevation
- Fiddletown - "Sierra series" soils - sandy clay loam w/ well drained decomposed granite & volcanic rock
- Amador, along w/ Sonoma & Mendocino, has the most pre-prohibition vines in the state.
 - "Buck" Cobb Vineyard
 - Deaver vineyard
 - Grandpere vineyard (140 yrs. old!)

Producers: Terre Rouge, Easton, Yorba, Faria

Andy Trippon

EL DORADO COUNTY

- just north of Amador county
 - ↳ rolling hills + oak trees (Amador) vs. mountain slopes & pines (El Dorado)
 - ↳ vineyards are as high as 3,500 ft. above sea level
 - ↳ Bdx varietals are more possible here (it's cooler), but Zin & phône grapes are still prevalent.
- weathered granite
- El Dorado & Fair Play AVAs

CENTRAL VALLEY

- convergence of Sacramento Valley (N.) + San Joaquin Valley (S.)

- cropland

- ~75% of CA's grapes are grown here

→ Gallo, Fraterrini

→ owned by The Wine Group, third largest global producer by volume following Gallo + Constellation brands.

Baufoot, Ariane, Boone's farm,

Bridgewood, Carlo Rossi, Cawson Road.

Danning Bull, Edna Valley, J, Louis Martini, Don Swift, Frei Brothers, Tahor, Sonnerain

→ Bronco wine Co. - started by Fred Fraterrini after he sold Fraterrini

→ Toro Buck Chuck

- dessert + fortified wines

→ Quady

- Mark West

- Schrader

- Simi

- Meloni

- Woodbridge

- The Prisoner

- Robert Mondavi

- Mount Veeder

- Clos du Bois

- Cook's

- Ravenswood

Lodi

- multi-region blends + old vine zin

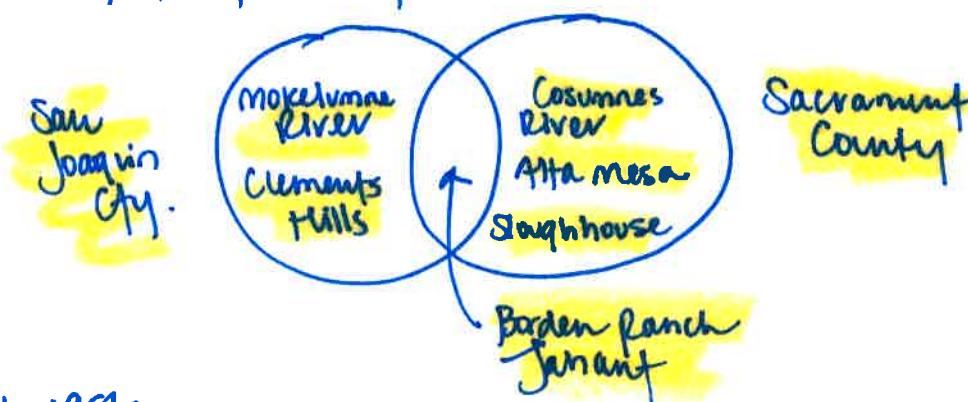
- sandy soils → lots of pre-phylloxera vines

- Robert Mondavi's Woodbridge is located in Lodi.

- low elevation, hot dry summers, cool wet winters

→ cooler than most of the Central Valley b/c of winds from the Sacramento-San Joaquin river delta. Also, gap in the coastal ranges.

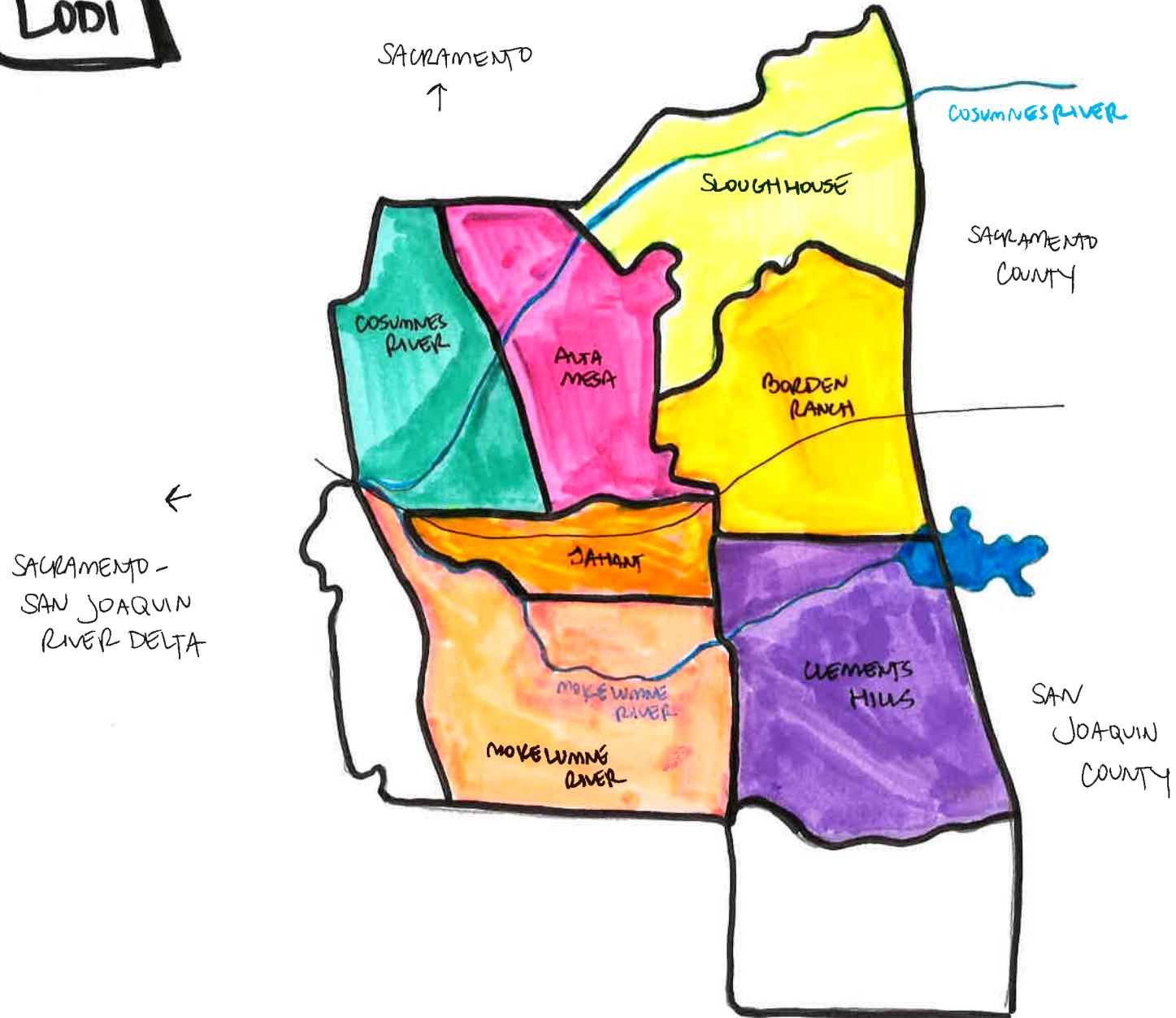
- sub AVAs straddle two counties:



- est. 1984

* FLAME TOKAY - one of the original grapes planted in Lodi. Also known as Ahmeew or Ahmeev. vitis vinifera. Used for fortified wines + spirits.

LODI



Lodi, cont.

- Sloughhouse - warmest region in Lodi
 - northernmost
- Jahant - smallest subAVA + coolest
- Borden Ranch - warm + wet
 - ancient soils
- Clement Hills - higher elevation
 - ancient soils
- Mokelumne River - greatest concentration of old vine Zin
 - City of Lodi
 - cooler, deep alluvial soils of sandy loam.
 - Mokelumne = "People of the fishnet"
- Ravenswood (Joel Peterson) + Rosenblum → big proponents of Lodi Zin.

CLARKSBURG AVA

- NW of Lodi
- covers parts of three counties: Sacramento, Solano, and Yolo
- Zin + Merlot
- Boqule Vineyards