

IRVIN PARK MASTER SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Prepared by

The EADS Group, Inc.

for

CURWENSVILLE BOROUGH

Clearfield County, Pennsylvania

September 2017

EADS Project Number: 0180-15-575

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This project was financed in part by a grant from the Community Conservation Partnerships Program, {Keystone Recreation, Park and Conservation Fund}, under the administration of the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources, Bureau of Recreation and Conservation.

The Irvin Park Master Site Development Plan was completed to understand community recreation needs and wants and to identify and organize in a clear manner what physical projects, programming and visual improvements the Curwensville Borough will pursue at Irvin Park. The Irvin Park Master Site Development Plan relied heavily on community input, guidance from Curwensville Borough and guidance from the Irvin Park Master Plan Study Committee. This Master Site Plan balances community goals and objectives with realistic and implementable project and programming recommendations. The actual Implementation of the Master Plan may take a number of years to correlate with public demand, available funding and/or volunteer labor support levels. Members of the Irvin Park Master Plan Study Committee include the following:

Irvin Park Master Site Plan Study Committee

Committee Member	Member's affiliation
Diane Holland	Project Manager CARE* board member CRDC** board member
Jim Hoover	Curwensville Borough Council Member Irvin Park Committee Chairman
Doug Bloom	Curwensville Borough Council President CRDC**board member
Ronald Matchock	Curwensville Area School District Superintendent CARE board member
C. Eric Johnson	Northwest Savings Bank Senior Vice President CRDC** board President
Holly Komonczi	Executive Director- Clearfield County Recreation and Tourism Authority
Erin Ammerman	Northwest Savings Bank branch manager CARE* board President
Kathleen Gillespie	Chief Executive Officer- Clearfield Co Area Agency on Aging, Inc Rotary Club President- CARE* board member
John Wright	CARE* board member CRDC** board member
Sheila Williams	Central PA Community Action-housing manager CARE* board member
Cynthia Russell	President-Curwensville Pike Township Historical Society CARE* board member CRDC** board member
Hildred Rowles	CARE* board member CRDC** board member - Irvin Park Shade Tree Commission member
anie French	Executive Director- Headwaters Charitable Trust CARE* board member

The Irvin Park Master Plan Study Committee and The EADS Group, Inc, would like to acknowledge and thank the members of the Curwensville Borough Council who supported the preparation of the Irvin Park Master Plan:

- Tom Carfley, Mayor
- Doug Bloom, President of Council
- Tommy Wingard, Council Vice President
- Jim Hoover, Chairman Pro Tem
- Ron Kuhn, Council Member
- Sara Curulla, Council Member
- Dave Donahue Council Member

The Irvin Park Master Plan Study Committee and The EADS Group, Inc, also wish to thank Borough residents and others who participated in the Community Survey completed as part of this planning effort. The input received was thoughtful and informative and provided an insight to how the Park is used, who uses the Park and why the Park is used. The Survey results also served as a guide in the development of the recommendations included in this Master Plan.

Curwensville Borough and the Irvin Park Master Plan Study Committee acknowledge the assistance provided by staff of The EADS Group, Inc. that participated and contributed to the development of the Irvin Park Master Site Development Plan:

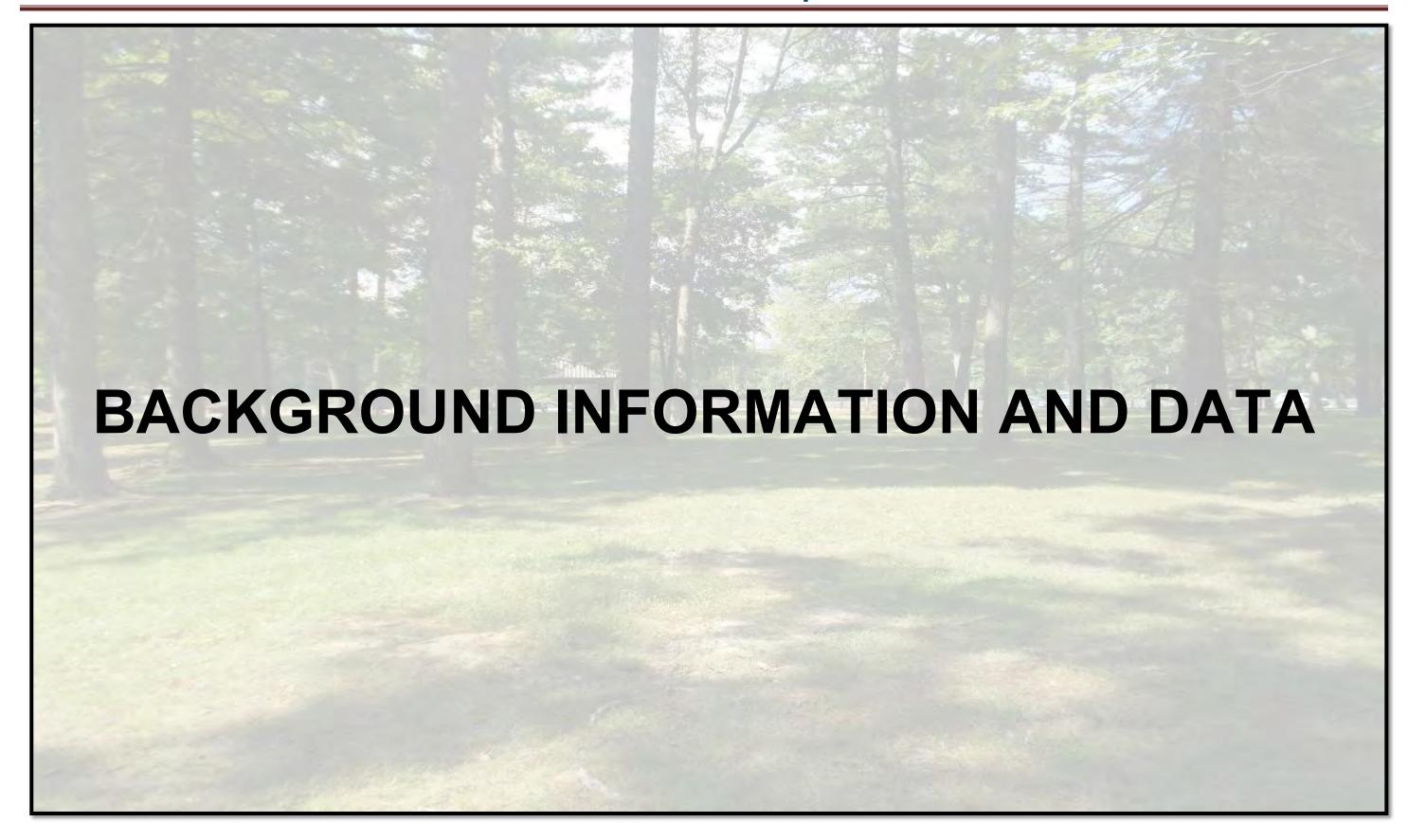
- Mark W. Lazzari, AICP
- Brent Cartwright, RLA
- Richard F. Truscello, AICP
- Daniel J. Beyer, P.E.
- Alyssa Rouser, EIT

Curwensville Borough received Land and Water Conservation Funds in 1986 for the renovation of Irvin Park, project number 42-01375. All projects funded through the Land and Water Conservation Fund program are permanently protected for the benefit of the public and cannot be converted to a use that is not consistent with public outdoor recreation.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	<u>Page</u>	Section	Page
BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND DATA	1	DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS	31
Curwensville Borough	2	ADA Accessibility	32
Population Profile	2	Playground Equipment	32
Age Profile	2	Material Selection	32
Demographic Summary	2	Vegetable Selection	32
Municipal Park System	2	Land Development	32
Curwensville Lake Recreation Area	2	Floodplain Regulations	32
David S. Ammerman Trail	3	Tree Protection Covenant	32
Curwensville Borough Comprehensive Plan (2012)	3		
North Central Pennsylvania Greenway Plan	3	DESIGN PROCESS	33
Susquehanna River Greenway and Water Trail	3	Initial Park Improvement Recommendations	34
Heritage Areas	3	Conceptual Development Plan	35
Natural Resources in Irvin Park	3	Draft Master Site Plan	36
	_	Final Draft Master Site Plan	38
PUBLIC PARTICIPATION	4	Park Connections	40
Public Meeting #1	6	Recreation Programming	40
Public Meeting #2 with Public Officials	6	DECOMMENDATIONS	44
Public Meeting #3 – Final Public Meeting	7	RECOMMENDATIONS	41
Community Survey Results	8	Park Improvement Categories	43
OITE INCORMATION AND ANALYOIG	40	Facility Improvements	44
SITE INFORMATION AND ANALYSIS	18	Natural Resource Connections	47
Location	19	Sports Complex	50
Access	19	Project Priorities	53
Surface Features	19	Early Action Items	54
Wetlands, Surface Waters and Other Natural Resources	19	Recreation Programming	55
Historic Features – Open Space	20	Park Connections	57
Surrounding Land Use	20	Implementation Partners	59
Tree Protection Area	20	State Funding	59
Soils	21	Local Funding	60
Topography	22	Municipal Funding	60
Development Limitations	23	Phased Capital Development Program	61
ACTIVITIES AND FACILITIES ANALYSIS	24	MAINTENANCE, OPERATING COSTS AND REVENUES	69
Curwensville Days	25	Maintenance Needs	70
Existing Passive and Active Recreation Opportunities	25	Irvin Park Expenses	70
Facility Conditions	25	Irvin Park Revenues	70
Proposed Park Improvement Ideas	27	Additional Revenue Opportunities	70
•		Future Maintenance Responsibilities	71
		Maintenance Equipment	71

APPENDIX A – MASTER SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN
APPENDIX B – IRVIN PARK TREE INVENTORY AND ASSESSMENT REPORT



Curwensville Borough

Curwensville is located approximately six (6) miles southwest of Clearfield Borough, which is the county seat. Curwensville is named for the land that John Curwen founded. John Curwen obtained 351 acres of land on the banks of the Susquehanna River on December 10, 1798. Curwensville was incorporated as a Borough on February 3, 1851. Curwensville was one of the many lumbering cities that flourished mainly due to the access to the West Branch of the Susquehanna River.

Population Profile

The 2000 US Decennial Census reported that Curwensville Borough had a total population of 2,650. The 2010 US Census reported that there were 2,542 people residing within Curwensville Borough. According to the 2010-2014 American Community Survey (ACS) five year estimates, the population in the Borough had decreased slightly down to 2,493. A summary of the population change and trends appears on the Table below. As shown, from 2000 to 2010 Curwensville Borough's population decreased by 4.1%. Between 2000 and 2010/14, Curwensville Borough's population decreased by 5.9%. In comparison, the total population in Clearfield County also decreased during these time periods, although by smaller percentages.

Population Trends – Curwensville Borough and Clearfield County

Population	2000	2010	2010/14	% Change 2000-2010	% Change 2000-2010/14
Curwensville Borough	2,650	2,542	2,493	-4.1%	-5.9%
Clearfield County	83,382	81,642	81,472	-2.1%	-2.3%

Source: US Census

Age Profile

According to the Borough's 2012 Comprehensive Plan, the Borough's population is aging. The Plan reported that the Borough is experiencing a decrease in its population in the 15 and 24 years of age category. The Plan also reported that the highest percentage of residents (14.5%) were between 35 and 44 years of age, while the lowest percentage was children under 5 years of age.

Demographic Summary

The following was taken in part from the Borough's 2012 Comprehensive Plan Update. It provides an overall profile of the demographic characteristics in the Borough:

- From 1990 to 2000, Curwensville Borough's population decreased by 9.4%. From 2000 to 2010 Curwensville Borough's population decreased by another 4.1%.
- Curwensville has approximately 14.5% of its population between the ages of 35 and 44 years of age, which is the highest age group within in the Borough.
- Approximately 99.7% of Borough residents were born in Pennsylvania.
- The number of families in Curwensville Borough had decreased by 5.4% between 1990 and 2000.

Municipal Park System

Irvin Park is Curwensville Borough's only municipal park. It is located along the West Branch of the Susquehanna River and offers activities such as playground apparatuses, tennis and basketball courts, fishing access, pavilions, picnic tables, and a band shell. The Park is mostly wooded, level and well located to serve the residents of the community and surrounding areas. There are four family sized pavilions available for picnics and reunions. Irvin Park features a nice band shell and is the setting for the Curwensville Days celebrations during one full week in the month of July. Irvin Park is also home to Curwensville Little/Senior League Associations' baseball fields. These include the Curwensville Little League Field and Sherman Fields.

The Curwensville Lake Recreation Area

The Curwensville Lake Recreation Area is a US Army Corps of Engineers operated recreation area located on the shores of the 790-acre Curwensville Lake. Curwensville Lake is located on Route 453 approximately 4 miles south of Curwensville Borough. Curwensville Lake offers many opportunities including biking, hiking, boating, and fishing. The Curwensville Lake Recreation Area is a fee based recreation area. Recreation opportunities at the Lake include:

No horsepower limit boating	Fishing and Sand Beach Area
 200 Picnic Tables and 22 Grills 	Five picnic
 52 electric RV sites 	3 Rustic Cabins
 3 primitive tent sites 	 6 Children's Play Structures
 Sand Volleyball Court 	 Dog Park

Curwensville Area School District Facilities

The Curwensville Elementary and Curwensville Jr./Sr. High school campuses are located in the Borough and are in close proximity to Irvin Park. The District maintains fields and play equipment for school related purposes. These facilities are not of the size and scale that would surpass the amenities offered at Irvin Park.

David S. Ammerman Trail

Once known as the Clearfield and Grampian Trail. The name was changed to the David S. Ammerman Trail in 2011 in memory of the man who championed turning the abandoned rail corridor into a recreational trail. The trail is located through Curwensville Borough, and at its closest, is approximately 1-mile from Irvin Park. The David S. Ammerman Trail offers opportunities for walking, jogging, and biking along its course. There are also several opportunities for stops to enjoy the scenic beauty of the area, with picnic tables available at around 2.5 miles, 4 miles and 6.7 miles outside of Grampian. Several railroad bridges remind you of the commerce that was important to the area when the railroad was built in the late 1860s and 1870s. The first two bridges on the trail are located in Curwensville.

Curwensville Borough Comprehensive Plan Update – 2012

The Comprehensive Plan Update (2012) explored aspects of the physical, social, economic and environmental conditions of Curwensville Borough. The Plan describes that the provision of parks and recreational facilities are vital in providing a safe and appealing place to live. A great need exists to provide a source of emotional and physical outlet for all citizens. If a community fails to provide facilities for these outlets, social problems such as idleness, delinquency, drug use and crime are more apt to develop. Additionally, further need for recreational facilities exists for the school age child during summer vacation months and after school hours. Programs must be provided to channel this leisure time into wholesome and constructive activities. A passive type of recreation is also needed for a growing number of retired senior citizens. It is therefore imperative that a community provides an adequate number and variety of recreational facilities and opportunities for all age groups of its citizenry. The Plan recommends that Irvin Park always remains a Park for the future generations of Curwensville Borough to enjoy.

North Central Pennsylvania Greenway Plan

The Plan provides the North Central Pennsylvania Region, including Clearfield County and Curwensville Borough, and partner organizations with a flexible framework for decision-making on issues related to Greenways, including the conservation of the region's natural, cultural, historic, and scenic resources, trail improvements, and economic development opportunities. This Plan contains specific implementation strategies to implement the Greenways vision for existing and future generations of North Central Pennsylvania residents. The Plan contains many recommendations and implementation strategies for Clearfield County as well as for surrounding counties such as Elk, Cameron, Clinton, Centre, Cambria, and Jefferson. The Plan recommends the following actions relevant to Curwensville Borough

- The Borough of Curwensville should work closely with the Curwensville Area School District to utilize the on-site facilities throughout the year.
- Apply for grants through DCNR to obtain monies for trails and recreational facilities within Curwensville Borough.
- Apply for grants through DCNR to obtain monies for the updating and improving of Irvin Park.
- Connect the David S. Ammerman Trail to the downtown area in Curwensville Borough.
- Connect the David S. Ammerman Trail to the Industrial Park (adjacent to Irvin Park) with a clear and inviting entrance.
- Establish directional signs throughout Curwensville Borough for those who venture off of the David S. Ammerman Trail into the Borough.
- The Plan recommends that Curwensville Borough develop/implement a trail town related approach.

Susquehanna River Greenway and Water Trail

Irvin Park falls within the extent of the Susquehanna River Greenway Corridor. The Susquehanna River Greenway is recognized as a corridor that connects people and places together. The Susquehanna Greenway links natural, cultural, historic, and recreational resources along the 500-mile corridor of the Susquehanna River in Pennsylvania. It also creates a basin-wide organization for resource management and community conservation. The Susquehanna Greenway identifies Irvin Park as a local Park and identifies it as having River Access at River Mile 185.

Heritage Areas

Curwensville Borough is located within the Lumber Heritage Region of Pennsylvania and the Pennsylvania Wilds Conservation Landscape Initiative (CLI). The Lumber Heritage Region is a 15-county, 12,500 square mile area of north-central Pennsylvania that is tied by its historic connection to forest resources and lumbering. The Lumber Heritage Region is marketed as a region known for its dense forests and connection to nature. The Lumber Heritage Region of Pennsylvania is a 501(c)(3) corporation that oversees the management, interpretation, marketing, and tourism efforts associated with the heritage region, with the goal of capitalizing on the history of the lumber industry to preserve the area's resources and sense of place.

A companion program to DCNR's Heritage Areas, DCNR launched the Conservation Landscape Initiative (CLI) in 2004. The CLI is a collaborative process of working in large regions across Pennsylvania while providing state-level support to local governments, community leaders, funders, businesses, non-profits, and individuals, to help communities protect their sense of place and the natural assets that make them unique. The Pennsylvania Wilds CLI, a 12½-county region in north-central Pennsylvania, promotes forest products, outdoor recreation, and nature tourism as significant contributors to the region's character and economy.

Natural Resources in Irvin Park

Irvin Park is blessed with a significant number of large, historic and mature shade trees. Many of these trees provide considerable value to the public and their recreation experiences at the park. The most significant of which are located generally on the western side of the Park between Susquehanna Ave., Irvin Park Rd., the Susquehanna River and Smith St. Additional information of these tree resources is included in the Tree Inventory and Assessment - Appendix B. A large open grass area, approximately 1-acre in size, is located in the Park generally located between Smith St. and the West Branch of the Susquehanna River. Implementation of this Master Plan will not result in impacts to this open space area. An existing natural area populated with mature shade trees and underbrush is located generally in the middle of the Park and is bordered by Irvin Park Rd. and Smith St. A Fitness Trail was previously constructed in this area. This Master Plan recommends that the Fitness Trail be converted in a Nature Trail to provide users an opportunity to observe towering hardwoods and evergreens and to generally experience nature along the route, to create an area appropriate for nature, bird and wildlife watching, and to have an area suitable for environmental eduction and to. A natural drainage feature is located in the Park generally between the existing Basketball court and the rear of the Band shell and Pavilions and Smith St. Implementation of this Master Plan will not result in impacts to this drainage area. The Clearfield County Natural Heritage Inventory (2004) does not identify any Biological Diversity Areas, Landscape Conservation areas or other areas containing sensitive habitats in Curwensville Borough or Irvin Park. The Inventory does note the importance of maintaining the riparian buffer to the West Branch of the Susquehanna River. Implementation of this Master Plan will not result in impacts to the existing riparian buffer zone within the Park. A National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) search was conducted on the Park area. No wetland areas other than the West Branch Susquehanna River were identified. A PNDI search was completed for the Irvin Park Area. No impacts to habitats or species of special concern were identified.



The EADS Group along with the Plan Study Committee carried out multiple public engagement initiatives during the planning process that provided local stakeholder and officials multiple opportunities and options to participate and to provide input. The Public engagement process included the following:

- ➤ Initial Public Meeting (Public Meeting #1) held on July 13, 2016 at Irvin Park as part of Curwensville Days
- ➤ Public Meeting with Public Officials (Public Meeting #2) held on September 12, 2016 during the advertised Curwensville Borough Council meeting
- > Final Public Meeting (Public Meeting #3) held on June 14, 2017 at Irvin Park in Pavilion No. 3
- Community Survey conducted using an on-line SurveyMonkey System www.surveymonkey.com/r/IrvinParkSurvey2016 method and by hard copies distributed at the Curwensville Borough building and manually entered into the SurveyMonkey System. A total of 197 completed questionnaires were collected and incorporated into the planning process.
- > The Irvin Park Master Plan Study Committee was regularly engaged during the planning process. A total of five (5) Study Committee meetings were conducted as follows:
 - June 8, 2016 Introduction, review Scope and public meeting requirements, identification of Issues and Opportunities and of information needed from the Borough and discussions with Committee members.
 - July 13, 2016 Held in conjunction with Curwensville Days Introduction of the Community Survey, review Plan components, scheduling Public Meetings, conducted one-on- one discussion with Committee members and residents.
 - October 19, 2016 Brief review of Public Meeting with Borough officials and results of the Community Survey, review and discussion of an initial set of Plan recommendations including physical and programming related projects and other Plan related items including Borough policies and project funding related topics.
 - January 11, 2017 Review of Draft Master Site Plan Map and discussion on project phasing.
 - June 14, 2017 In conjunction with Public Meeting #3 to review Final Master Site Development Plan
- > Key Person Interviews five (5) Key Person interviews were conducted during the Planning process:
 - 1. Mr. Brian K. Spencer Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association provided information on the need for additional soccer fields at Irvin Park and assisted with site locations and field specifications.
 - 2. Mr. Scott Brubaker representative of local scouting troops provided information on how a section of the Park is currently used by Scouting troops and their future needs and use of the Park.
 - 3. Mrs. Doe Augustine the mother of Matt Augustine (the Boy Scout who originally constructed the Fitness trail within the Park) provided a scrap book of historical information regarding the Fitness Trail and a number of archived photos taken during its construction.
 - 4. COL Corey L. Britcher PA Fish & Boat Commission, Bureau of Law Enforcement provided detailed information on the Curwensville Dam, including permitting and inspection history/requirements, information on the water restriction marking/areas located up and downstream of the Dam.
 - 5. Mr. Dennis Curry Street Leadman (Borough's Street Department) provided information on the Park's history, its development, localized maintenance issues and concerns and Park use characteristics. Also provided information on site development constraints and maintenance requirements in the Park.



Come join us to plan for the...

FUTURE OF IRVIN PARK

WHERE

Irvin Park - Pavilion #3 Curwensville Borough

WHEN

Wednesday June 14, 2017 At 6:30 PM



WHAT

Curwensville Borough has prepared a Master Plan for the future development of Irvin Park. A final Community Workshop has been scheduled to review the results of the planning process.

WHY

Representatives from the Borough, Plan Study Committee and The EADS Group, the consultant for this planning effort, will be on hand to review the Master Plan design with attendees.

Other Plan recommendations, including proposed Recreation Programming and connections to the David S. Ammerman Trail will also be reviewed. There will be opportunities for group and one-on-one discussions and answering of individual questions regarding the Master Plan.

Public Meeting #1 - held on July 13, 2016 at Irvin Park as part of Curwensville Days



Minutes: Special Meeting at Irvin Park

July 13, 2016

Attendees: Dee Holland, Gae Kane, Shelia Williams, Cynthia Russell, Janie French, Tyler Wilkinson, Holly Komonczi, John Wright, Borough members Doug Bloom and Jim Hoover, Mayor Tom Carfley and Brent Cartwright, EADS project manager.

Dee opened the meeting.

Brent:

Brent gave a brief introduction about his job and his previous involvement with projects at Irvin Park. He told the audience that it's, "your park" and how important the community's is. He explained to the audience how the funds occurred with funding from CCRTA, DCNR and the Curwensville Borough to create the Master Site Plan and having the plan helps with many grant opportunities. He added that there needs to be 2 public meetings with this being the first and one to follow on September 12th at the Borough Building at 6p.m. The surveys are due by August 5th and he hopes to have them analyzed and results ready for the second meeting. He explained that the MSP is similar to a cookbook once in place, it can be used for years to come. The following list of items are what are/can be part of this plan:

- 1. River planning process
- 2. Design considerations
- 3. Links to other areas
- 4. Ownership issues
- 5. Graphic rendering
- 6. Cost estimates for each facility or project
- 7. Operating costs now and in the future
- 8. Bound report with all background data and maps etc.
- 9. Borough involvement as the municipality

Brent answered questions from the audience and thanked everyone for attending

Public Meeting #2 with Public Officials – held on September 12, 2016 during the advertised Curwensville Borough Council meeting

In addition to Borough Council members, the Mayor, the Borough Secretary and the Solicitor were in attendance. EADS Group representatives also attended to review the results of the Community Survey, including Brent Cartwright, Mark Lazzari and Richard Truscello. After the review of Survey results, feedback and discussion were welcomed. Comments received are summarized as follows:

- River access is an issue since no cars are presently allowed in the vicinity of the River, which complicates canoe, kayak and boat access.
- Use of an open grassy area for parking was discussed but seen as inappropriate since this
 area is the William Bloom (i.e. reported as the first settler of the County) cabin site. There
 have also been comments that it may have earlier been a site important for Native
 Americans.
 - o Thus, an archaeological study would likely be required.
 - An interpretive opportunity exists for this site historic and river.
- An area just west of the open grassy area was identified as being more appropriate for development of a parking area and river access point for boaters. (The EADS Group representatives viewed this area after the meeting and found it to be potentially suitable)
- There is limited access from parking area to pavilions.
 - Pavilion users must hand carry in all needed picnic and related items.
 - o One commenter noted that cars do get into the park during certain events (i.e. identified as Curwensville Days) but this seems to be more of an exception.
- There was considerable discussion on the Dam and the present PADEP restrictions associated with it.
 - o Slides showing the restrictions and the restricted area were shown.
 - Dam reconstruction opportunity is a possibility regulatory and liability issues are recognized.
- The enclosing of a drainage ditch in the Park will require permitting via PADEP
- Parking/Road conditions include dust and public safety issues
 - Short-term (i.e. dust control) and longer-term (i.e. separation of road and a defined parking area) solutions were discussed.
- Hiking and biking is occurring on existing roadways within the Park.
 - Possibility of installing a loop trail connected to the pedestrian sidewalk was introduced.
- A former cardio-trail located within the wooded area surrounded by Smith Rd. was identified (i.e. remnants of equipment noted as existing). Reported that the trail is currently mowed. Signing and mapping identification on a website were noted as important for greater use.
- Connection with the Ammerman Trail was discussed.
 - The EADS Group noted that the Plan will identify that connecting the Park with the trail is a goal and may identify suggested routing.
 - The EADS Group noted that designing the actual trail connection was beyond the scope of the Park Master Plan.

- Sustainability and maintenance are issues to be addressed in the planning process, since the Borough has limited capacities and resources.
- A "Friends of the Park" and other volunteer efforts were discussed as possible options.
 Programming opportunities and local groups School District involvement was noted in the past. A comment was made that a Park and Recreation Board Ordinance is on the books and a Board existed in the past.
- Curwensville Recreational Soccer Association proposes a multi-use soccer field just below Sherman Fields and would help maintain the facility.
- ADA access issues exist between the paved pedestrian sidewalk and pavilions extending a paved sidewalk to each pavilion was discussed as a possible option.

EADS staff noted that the input will be reviewed and incorporated into the planning process.

Public Meeting #3 - held on June 14, 2017 at Irvin Park in Pavilion No. 3

A final Public Meeting was held to review and discuss the results of the Master Site Development Plan. A total of seventeen (17) people attended and signed the sign-in sheet. The Curwensville Borough Mayor, several members of the Project Study Committee and area residents attended. Mark Lazzari and Brent Cartwright from The EADS Group also attended and facilitated the meeting. Mr. Lazzari reviewed the proposed Recreation Programming approach and a map showing potential connections to the David Ammerman trail. Mr. Lazzari then presented the Master Site Plan that included all the Park improvements. A productive discussion of the Master Site Plan followed. Collaboration amongst the attendees added to the discussion. The following summarizes the comments made by the attendees.

Parking

- Concern was raised on how the redesigned Main Parking Lot could limit the number of parking spaces available during Curwensville Days.
- Concern was also raised on how vehicles with boat trailers will disrupt the movement of vehicles through the new parking lot.

Revisions:

- A Head-In Overflow and Boat Trailer parking area located in the grassy area between Irvin Park Rd and the railroad embankment will be added.
- A walking trail will be added that will connect the Head-In Overflow and Boat Trailer parking area with the Matt Augustine Nature Trail to provide a more direct route for boaters walking back to/from the boat launch area.

Soccer Fields

• An attendee commented on the location and layout of the new soccer fields and also on an agreement that may be entered into between the Borough and the Curwensville Soccer Association.

Revisions:

- No changes to the layout will be made.
- Additional emphasis will be added in the Plan that Curwensville Borough will have the ultimate discretion over language in any type of agreement with the Soccer Association.

Scouting Area

• Notable input was received on how a section of the Park general located southeast of the Matt Augustine Nature Trail is actively used by Scouting troops.

Revisions:

- A Scouting Area will be added to the Master Site Plan.
- This area will have access from Smith St but not to the Matt Augustine Trail.



Community Survey Results

A community survey was conducted to better understand who uses Irvin Park and for what reasons, what are Curwensville area resident's preferred leisure and recreation preferences, what is the public's perception of the Park and its facilities/amenities and what would the public like to see in terms of new facilities and programming. The following section highlights the results of the Community Survey.

Respondent Overview -

There were 197 Responses to the Community Survey. There was a good representation from Curwensville Borough residents (37%) and from surrounding Pike Township (28%). Responses were also received from residents scattered among various Clearfield County communities.

There was good representation of household demographics with School-Age Children (42%), Young Adults (40%), and Middle Age Adults (82%) but a lower percentage with Pre-School Children (20%) and Mature Adult members (28%).

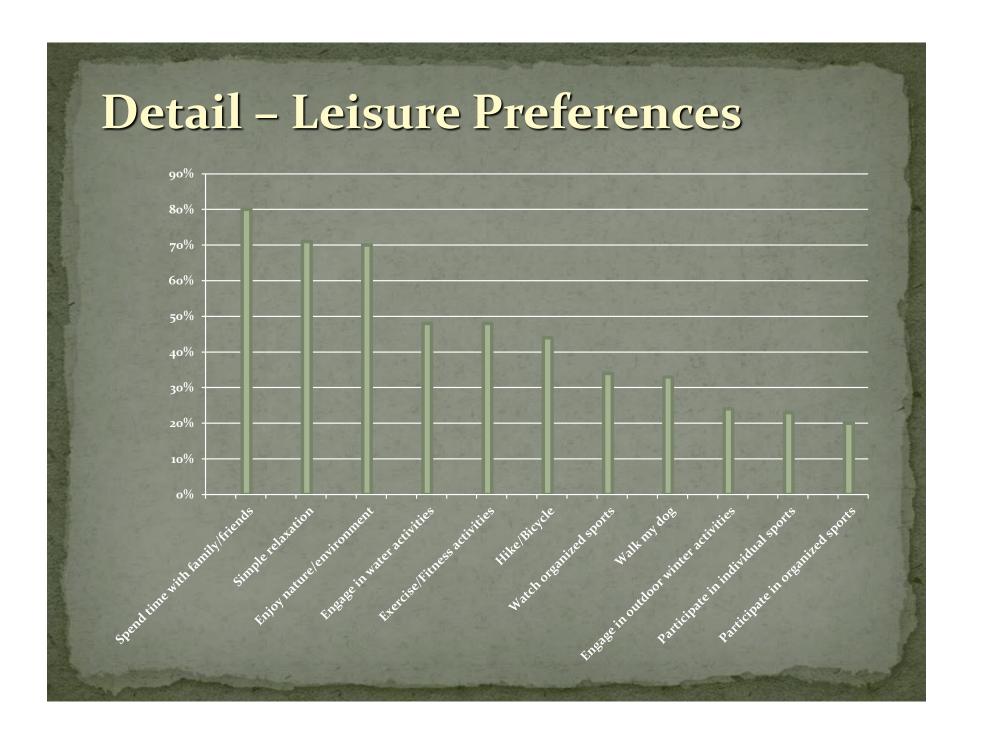


Leisure/Recreational Preferences - Respondents were asked, in general, when they spend leisure and recreation time, what do they prefer to do.

Respondents had more of a passive leisure time orientation involving spending time with family and friends, general relaxation, enjoying nature, and lower segments identifying water activities and fitness. Smaller segments identify individual or group sports as part of their leisure time preferences.

Common "other" responses included swimming and concerts.

Answer Options	Response Percent	Response Count
Spend time with family/friends	79.7%	157
Simple relaxation	71.1%	140
Enjoy nature/environment	70.1%	138
Engage in water activities	47.7%	94
Exercise/Fitness activities	47.7%	94
Hike/Bicycle	44.2%	87
Watch organized sports	34.0%	67
Walk my dog	32.5%	64
Engage in outdoor winter activities	23.9%	47
Participate in individual sports	22.8%	45
Participate in organized sports	20.3%	40
Other (please specify)	7.1%	14



How Often is the Park Used - Respondents were asked on average, how often have they or any other member of their household visited Irvin Park within the last 12 months

86% of responders indicated they have made multiple visits in the past year with 45% having visited several times in past year, 33% having visited at least once a month and 7% having visited several times a week.

Visitation during Curwensville Days was especially noted by respondents.

Answer Options	Response Percent	Response Count
Daily	0.5%	1
Several times a week	6.6%	13
Several times a month	19.8%	39
Once a month	13.7%	27
Several times in the past year	45.2%	89
Once	11.7%	23
Did not visit the Park at all this past year	2.5%	5
Other (please specify)	11	
answ	197	



Why Do People Use the Park - Respondents were asked why they visited Irvin Park in the past year.

The most common reasons for visiting the Irvin Park were to accompany a child or grandchild, enjoying nature, for private picnics, reunions and concerts/music events.

Common among those who answered "other" are visits during Curwensville Days, school picnics, scouting events, fishing and kayaking/canoeing.

Answer Options	Response Percent	Response Count
Accompany children/grandchildren	49.2%	97
Enjoy Nature	45.7%	90
Private Picnic	35.0%	69
Family/Other Reunion	32.0%	63
Concert/Music Event	31.0%	61
Other (please specify)	24.9%	49
Watch organized sports	17.3%	34
Play individual sports	12.2%	24
Play organized sports	6.1%	12
Environmental Education	5.1%	10
Geocaching	5.1%	10
History/Heritage Tour	4.6%	9
Camping	1.5%	3
answe	ered question	197



What Amenities are Most Used - Respondents were asked to identify all of the amenities did they visit or use at or around Irvin Park during these visits:

The most popular facilities/amenities used include the Picnic Pavilions, the Children's Play Apparatus, River Access, Restrooms, Trails and the Band Shell.

Common among those who answered "other" are visits during Curwensville Days and other special events.

Answer Options	Response Percent	Response Count
Pavilions	54.3%	107
Play Apparatus	45.2%	89
River Access/Activities	42.6%	84
Restrooms/Comfort Facilities	39.6%	78
Walking/Hiking Trails	31.5%	62
Band Shell/Amphitheater	24.9%	49
Ball Fields	20.3%	40
Fishing Area	20.3%	40
Basketball Court	13.7%	27
Tennis Court	11.7%	23
Other (please specify)	10.7%	21
Did not visit the Park/None of above	3.0%	6
	answered question	197



Overall Facility Conditions - Respondents were asked to give their overall rating of the condition (Good, Fair, Poor) of the amenities in Irvin Park. If there are unfamiliar with a certain amenity, they were asked to check "No Opinion.

A summary of the responses are as follows:

- Responders noted that the Band Shell, Ball Fields, Pavilions, and Play Apparatus were all in good condition.
- Responders noted that the Tennis and Basketball Courts and Fishing Areas were in <u>fair condition</u>.
- Responders noted that the Restrooms and River Access Areas were in <u>poor condition</u>.

Answer Options	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	No Opinion
Tennis Court	2	25	52	37	68
Basketball Court	1	36	66	24	61
Band Shell/Amphitheater	29	92	45	1	23
Ball Fields	18	59	39	10	62
Pavilions	4	88	76	11	10
Play Apparatus	15	96	54	3	23
Restrooms/Comfort Facilities	1	25	61	68	35
River Access/Activities	7	37	51	58	32
Walking/Hiking Trails	4	48	46	26	63
Fishing Area	5	32	48	20	78
Other (Describe below)	0	2	4	7	53
		ans	wered c	question	197



Adequacy of Amenities and Programs - Respondents were asked to note their agreement or disagreement with each of the following statements on recreation facilities/amenities (i.e. playgrounds, fields, parks, trails, etc.) in the park.

Open Space is seen as adequate by 68% of the respondents, recreation amenities for young children (3-12 years) and for organized sports is seen as adequate, but inadequate for other age groups and for hiking.

Answer Options	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
There are adequate recreation facilities for organized sports	70	79	47
There are adequate recreation facilities for youth (age 3-12 years)	90	90	15
There are adequate recreation facilities for teens (age 13-18)	47	121	27
There are adequate recreation facilities for young adults (age 19-29)	50	112	32
There are adequate recreation facilities for middle-aged adults (age 30-59)	56	97	42
There are adequate recreation facilities for mature adults (age 60+)	57	91	46
There is adequate open space for passive recreation	133	30	29
There are adequate trails for hiking and biking	56	80	58
There is adequate access for river activities	57	108	30
	answe	red question	197

Answer Options	Agree	Disagree	No Opinion
There are adequate recreation programs for school age kids (age 5-18)	46	104	47
There are adequate recreation programs for young adults (age 19-29)	25	120	52
There are adequate recreation programs for middle-aged adults (age 30-59)	19	122	55
There are adequate recreation programs for mature adults (age 60+)	20	108	66
	answe	red question	197

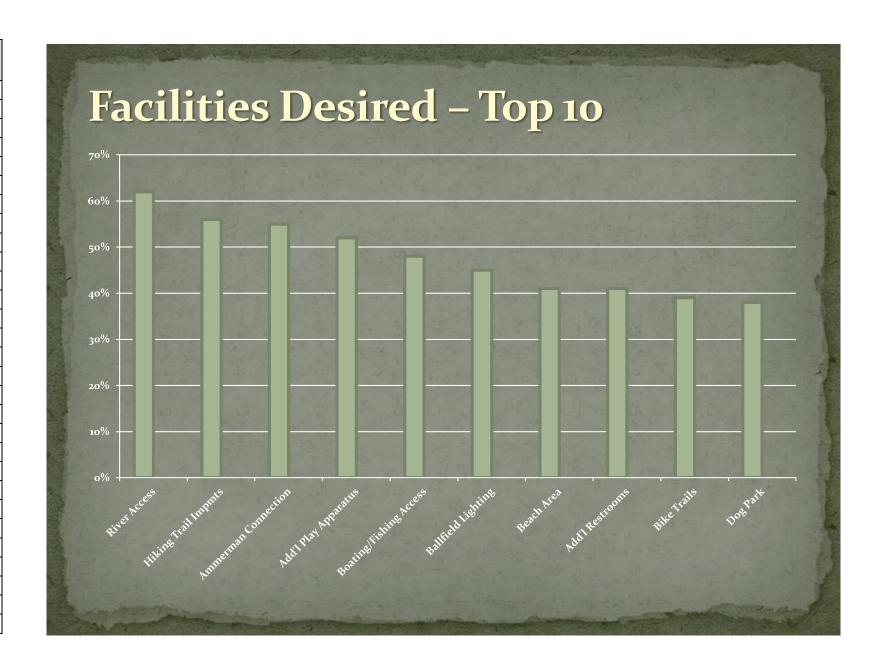


There is an overall need for improved recreation programming. Programming for school age children was the only area deemed to be adequate.

What Facilities do People Want - Respondents were asked to identify the facilities/amenities they feel are needed in Irvin Park.

The top facility needs include improved River Access, new/improved Hiking/Biking and Walking Trails, a Connection with the Ammerman Trail, Additional Play Apparatus, Boat/Fishing access and improvement of the parking area.

Answer Options	Response Percent	Response Count
Improved river access	62.4%	123
Walking/hiking trail improvements	56.3%	111
Trail connection with the David S. Ammerman Rail Trail	55.3%	109
Additional Play Apparatus	51.8%	102
Boating/fishing access areas	48.2%	95
Lighting for the ball fields	44.7%	88
Beach area	41.1%	81
Additional restrooms	41.1%	81
Bike trails	38.6%	76
Dog (off-leash) park	37.6%	74
Play area for children with physical limitations	36.0%	71
Nature parks/areas	35.0%	69
Improved parking area	32.0%	63
Camping areas	32.0%	63
Food vendor stands	31.5%	62
More picnic shelters/pavilions	27.4%	54
Equipment rental	26.9%	53
Boat ramp	26.4%	52
Environmental educational facilities	24.9%	49
ADA/accessible facilities	23.9%	47
Public open space	22.3%	44
Soccer fields	21.3%	42
Youth football fields	19.3%	38
Other (please specify)	18.8%	37
Basketball courts	13.2%	26
Interpretive signs	11.2%	22
Skateboard park	9.6%	19
In-line skating rink	9.1%	18
More Tennis courts	7.1%	14



What Programming do People Want - Respondents were asked to identify the recreational programs they feel are needed in the area.

The top programming needs expressed include Adult Fitness, Nature/Environmental Education, Activities for Teens, Summer Youth Camp and Youth Fitness Programs.

Answer Options	Response Percent	Response Count
Adult fitness programs	52.3%	103
Nature/environmental education	49.2%	97
Teen programs	46.2%	91
Youth summer camps	44.2%	87
Youth fitness programs	43.1%	85
Before/after school programs	41.6%	82
Adult sports leagues	39.6%	78
Senior-oriented programs	37.1%	73
Learn-to-swim	35.0%	69
Pre-school programs	33.5%	66
Programs for mentally/physically challenged	33.5%	66
Art, dance & performing arts	31.0%	61
Youth sports leagues	27.9%	55
Child care	17.3%	34
Other (please specify)	9.6%	19
Martial arts	7.6%	15

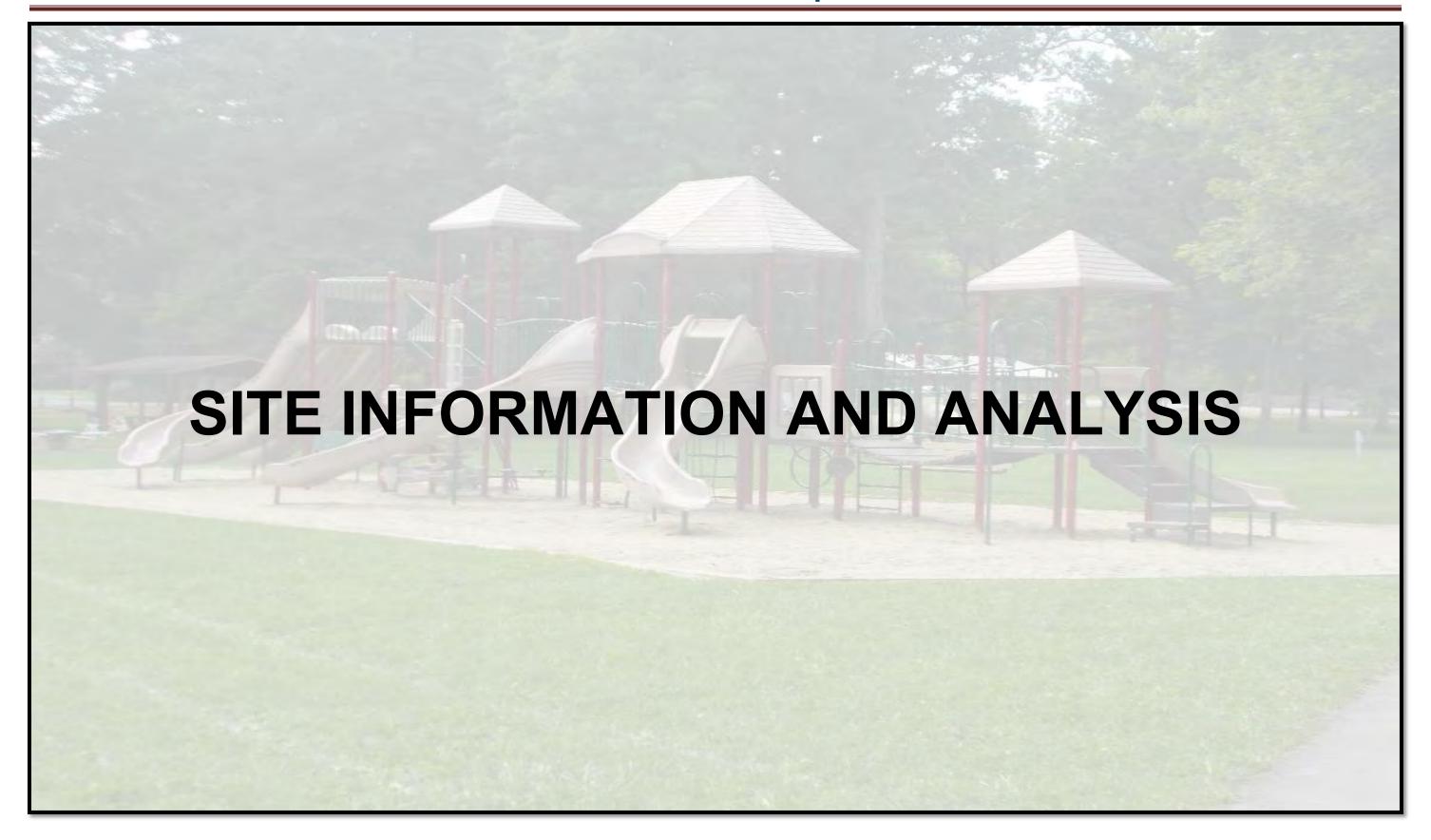


Open Ended Question - Respondents were afforded the opportunity to offer comments and ideas on Irvin Park and/or other recreational needs.

The responses were highly individualized but there were a few common themes, as summarized below. Overall, respondents want to see more in the way of concerts and activities in the Park.

Category	Number	Noted Comments
More events and activities	16	Concerts, venue for local talent, teen activities, tournaments, special athletic events, swim classes, afterschool programs, outdoor movies and greater use of bandshell
Maintenance items	11	Visual quality and appearance, landscaping, painting restrooms, clean up beach area, add food vendors, renovate tennis court, more open hours, better advertising of park facilities and events and play repair apparatus
Swimming	8	Children's pool/splash area, adult pool and concessions
Major facilities/amenities	7	More improvements at Sherman Fields (i.e. lighting, bleachers, fence upgrades, etc.), skate park, improved water access, ADA improvements, improved restrooms and boating/kayaking facilities
Minor facilities/amenities	4	More benches, garbage cans, picnic tables, drinking fountain and rental of equipment by vendor
Trails	4	Connections with regional trails, accessible trails for physically challenged and elderly and nature trail
Parking/Roadway Improvements	3	Paved road/parking lot, loading/unloading area for pavilions, ADA/elderly-friendly surfaces/access
Security	3	Perceived threat posed by certain types of people (i.e. drug users).





Location

Irvin Park is located on the southern edge of Curwensville Borough. The western edge of the Park is adjacent to Susquehanna Ave. The Park's southern edge is the West Branch of the Susquehanna River while the eastern edge is adjacent to an area used for industrial and manufacturing business. Irvin Park is made up of three (3) individual parcels totally approximately 65 acres:

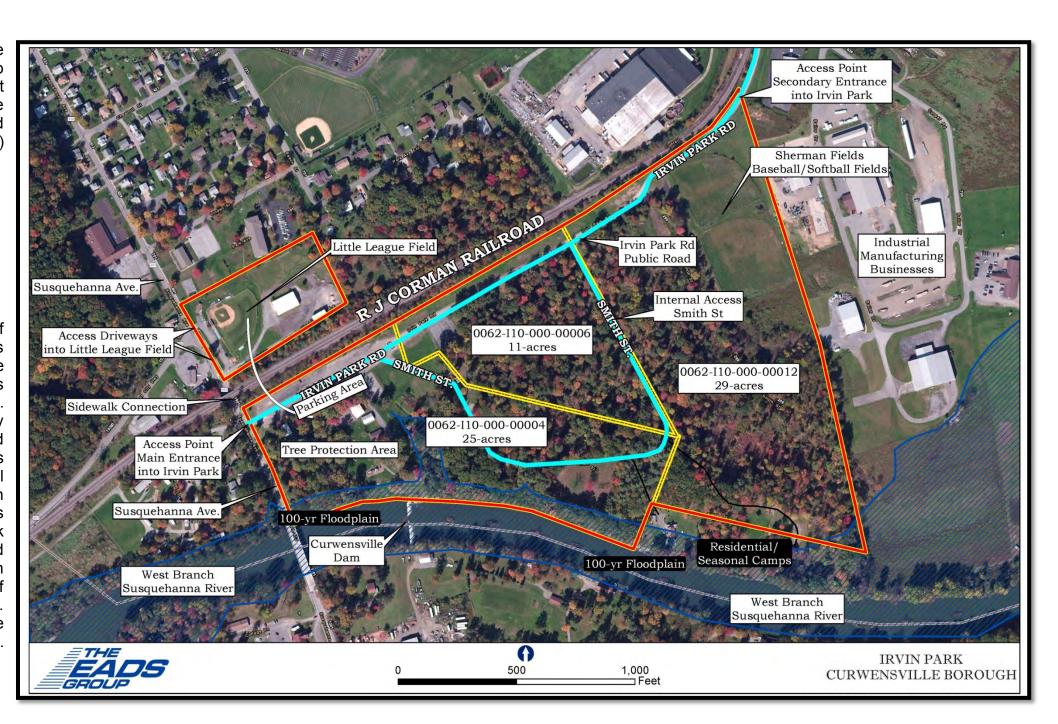
Pin #	Size
0062-I10-000-00004	25-acres
0062-I10-000-00006	11-acres
0062-I10-000-00012	29-acres

Access

The main entrance into the Park is located off of Susquehanna Ave. A secondary entrance into the Park is located at the far northeastern corner. Access through the Park is provided by Irvin Park Road. Internal access is also provided by Smith St. Irvin Park Rd. and Smith St. are both public roads. Irvin Park Rd. is used heavily by local residents and by workers at the businesses located beyond the eastern edge of the Park. Smith St. provides access to private driveways leading to residential/seasonal camps located outside of the Park along the West Branch Susquehanna River. Access to the Little League Field is provided directly off of Susquehanna Ave. A sidewalk located along Susquehanna Ave. and under the railroad bridge connects the Little League Field area with the main part of the Park. Access to Sherman Field is provided off of Irvin Park Rd. Sidewalks along Susquehanna Ave. provide pedestrian access to the Park's main entrance area. A large parking area is located off of Irvin Park Rd. near the main entrance area.

Surface Features

A R.J. Corman railroad line, although not located in the Park, is a dominant feature to the Park, and as shown on the map to the top right, creates a physical barrier and separates a smaller portion of the Park from the main Park area. Two (2) areas in the Park are developed with baseball/softball fields. These include the Curwensville Little League Field located above the main Park area and the Sherman Fields located along the eastern edge of the Park. The Curwensville run-of-the-river Dam extends across the River and is a prominent feature to the Park



Wetlands, Surface Waters and other Natural Features

A National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) search was conducted on the Park area. No wetland areas other than the West Branch Susquehanna River were identified. Portions of the Park are with the 100-yr floodplain of the West Branch Susquehanna River. Those areas are highlighted on the map above. A Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) search was conducted for the project location and the conservation report indicated there are no known impacts.

Historic Features - Open Space Area

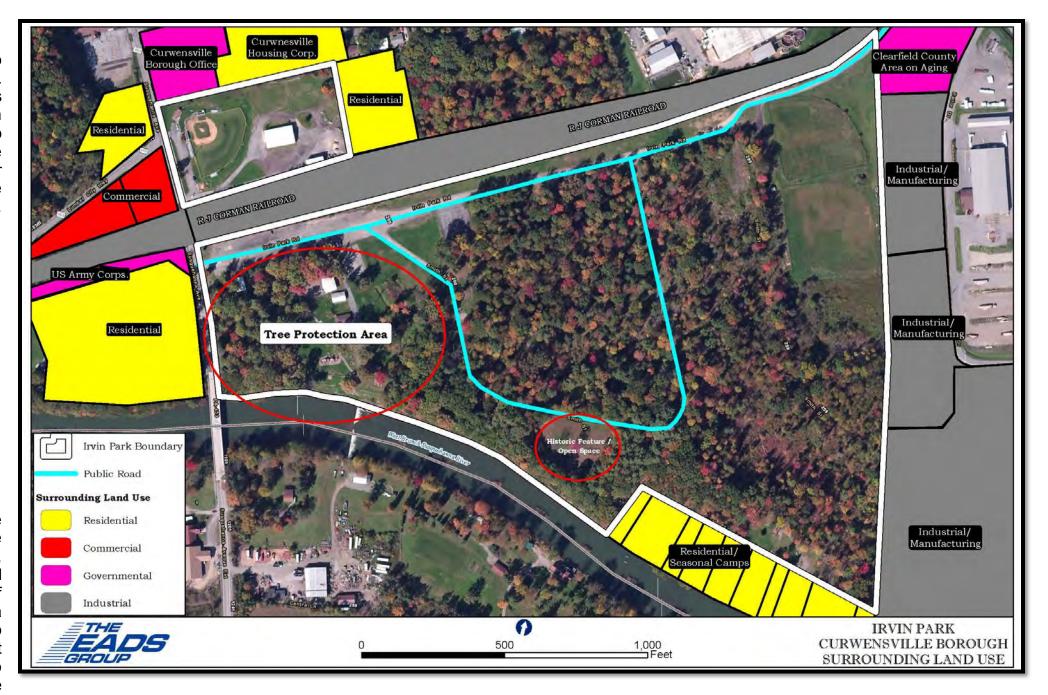
A large open grass area (see photo below and map to right) is located in the Park generally between Smith St. and the West Branch Susquehanna River. This area is reported to be the location of the cabin site of William Bloom, the first settler of Clearfield County. It was also reported that this area may also be an important Native American site. This site provides opportunities for individual historic interpretation and contributes to the Park's overall connection with local history and heritage. This area is to remain undisturbed



Surrounding Land Use

The Surrounding Land Use map to the right highlights the land uses surrounding the Park. As shown, the surrounding land uses consist of Residential, Commercial, Governmental and Industrial uses. Pockets of Residential land are generally located to the west, north and south of the Park. Wooded areas in the Park and Susquehanna Ave. itself provide an appropriate noise and light buffer to these residential areas. The commercial area to the west is also separated from the Park by Susquehanna Ave. No direct impacts from the Park on the

Industrial/Manufacturing facilities located along the western edge of the Park (or vice versa) were identified during this Master Planning process. As noted previously, the R.J Corman railroad line creates a physical barrier and separates a smaller portion of the Park from the main Park area. Use of the line is limited and its operation does not impact use of the Park. The Curwensville Borough office is located on property adjacent to the Little League Field.



Tree Protection Area

Irvin Park is blessed with a significant number of large, historic and mature shade trees. Many of these trees provide considerable value to the public and their recreation experiences at the park. The most significant of which are located generally on the western side of the Park between Susquehanna Ave., Irvin Park Rd., the Susquehanna River and Smith St. One of the positive measures already in place is the provision requiring a replacement tree to be planted in the Park whenever a tree is removed in this Tree Protection Area. This area is highlighted on the map above.

Soils

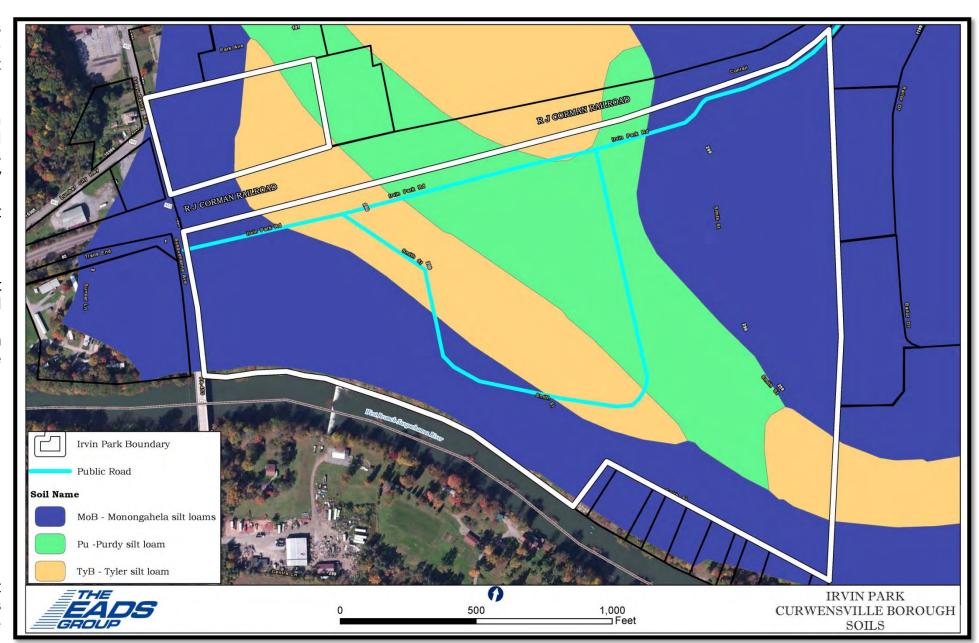
There are three (3) types of soil types located in Irvin Park. As shown on the Soils map to the right, these include the Monongahela silt loam (MoB), Purdy silt loam (Pu) and the Tyler silt loam (TyB) soils.

Monongahela silt loam (MoB) soils are typically found in areas with 3 to 8 percent slopes and is described as being moderately well drained. Purdy silt loam (Pu) soils are typically found in flat areas with 0 to 2 percent slopes and are described as being poorly drained. Tyler silt loam (TyB) soils are typically found in areas with 3 to 6 percent slopes and area described as being somewhat poorly drained.

Suitability and Limitation ratings, specifically focused on recreation facilities, were obtained and review for each soil type. The chart below highlights the limitations of each soil type for standard recreation area facilities. Since Irvin Park is a developed Park area with numerous recreation amenities, the suitability and limitation information for recreation development is provided for reference purposes only.

Soil	Playgrounds	Camp Areas	Paths/Trails	Picnic Areas
МоВ	Very limited	Somewhat	Somewhat	Somewhat
IVIOD	very infined	limited	limited	limited
	Vary limited	Very	\/on/limited	Very
Pu	Very limited	limited	Very limited	limited
TvD	Very limited	Very	Somewhat	Somewhat
ТуВ	Tyb Very liffilled lir		limited	limited

"Very limited" indicates that the soil has one or more features that are unfavorable for the specified use. "Somewhat limited" indicates that the soil has features that are moderately favorable for the specified use.



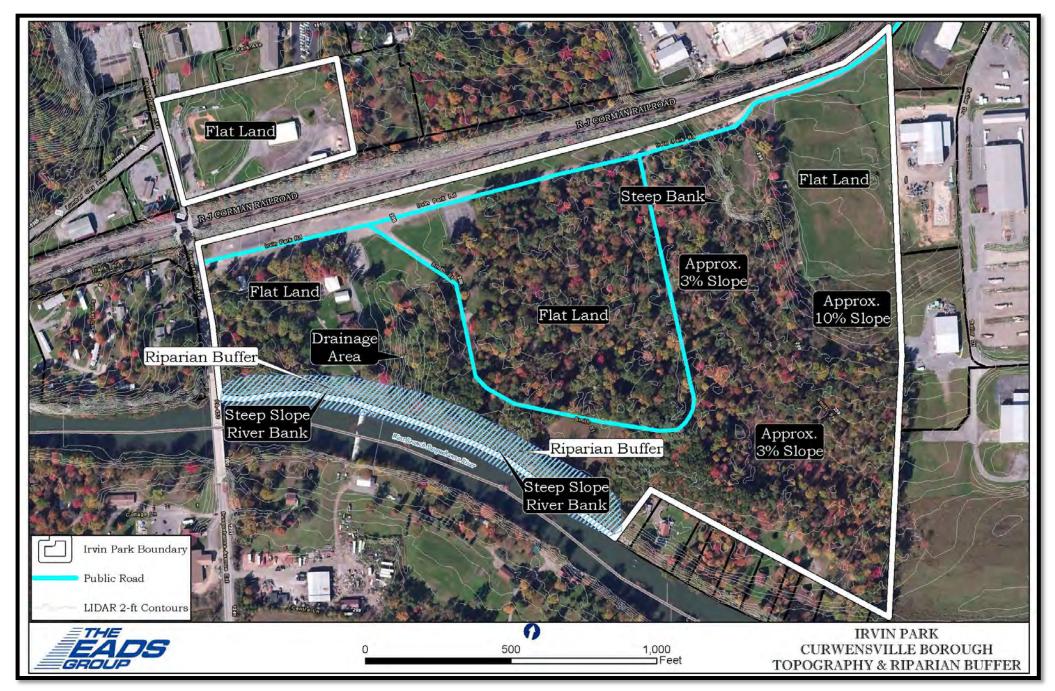
Topography

Irvin Park is located on mostly level flat land. A notable exemption to this are the steep slopes created by the West Branch Susquehanna River bank located along the far southern edge of the Park. These steep slopes do make it difficult for Park users and in particular canoes and kayakers to access the Rivers from the Park (see photos below). A small portion of the Park at its eastern edge (just below Sherman Fields) has slopes that are approximately 10%. A steep bank surrounds an area just off of Irvin Park Rd. that is used by the Borough for composting and related activities.



Riparian Buffer

The Clearfield County Natural Heritage Inventory (2004) identifies the importance of maintaining riparian buffers to the West Branch of the Susquehanna River. Approximately a quarter mile stretch of West Branch of the Susquehanna River bank and riparian buffer zone is located in the Park. This area is highlighted on the map to the right.



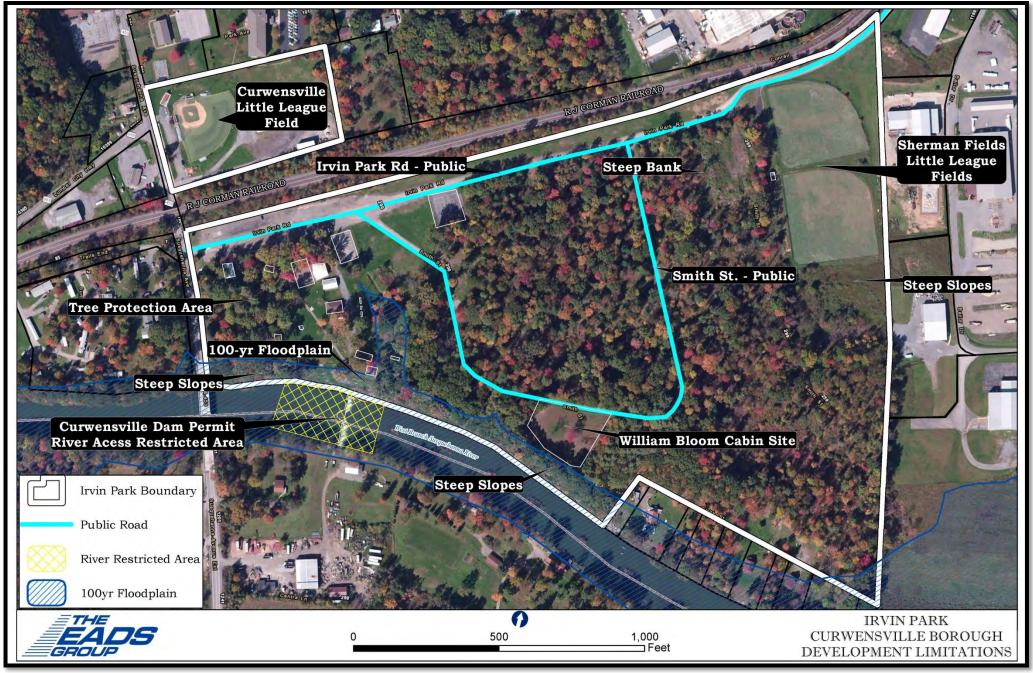
Development Limitations

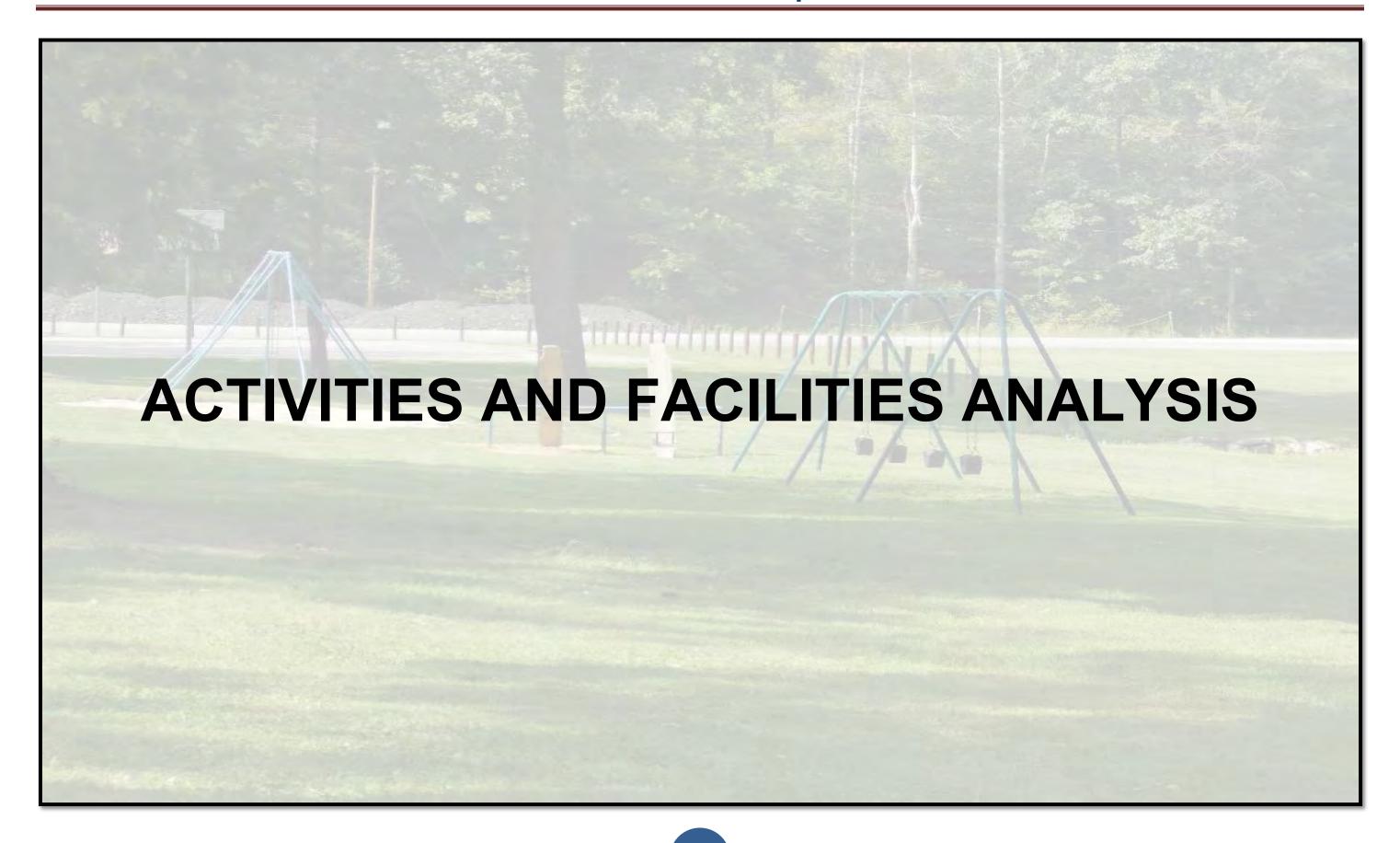
This Site Information and Analyis section culminates in a summary of the site limitations that need to be considered in conjunction with the planning of future projects and facilities within Irvin Park. The map to the right highlights specific areas and/or features that reflect development limitations in Irvin Park. Below provides a brief summary description of the limitations.

- Little League Ball Fields The Curwensville Little League Field and Sherman Fields and associated amenities were developed and are activley managed and operated by the Curwensville Little League Association through cooperation from Curwensville Borough. Developing features that would impact use of these areas would not be appropriate.
- William Bloom Cabin Site (Historic Feature) This area is the William Bloom (i.e. reported as the first settler of the County) cabin site. It is also thought that this area may have earlier been a site important for Native Americans. Any development in that would impact the site would not be appropriate.
- 100-yr Floodplain Portions of the Park are with the 100-yr floodplain of the West Branch Susquehanna River. Installation of permanent structures within the floodplain would not be appropriate.
- Tree Protection Area Generally consists of the area at the western edge of the Park bordered by Susquehanna Ave, Irvin Park Rd and Smith St. A majority of the Park's facilities are already located in this area. Any trees removed in this area are required to be replaced in the Park. Installation of facilities that would require removal of trees in this area would not be appropriate.
- Steep Slopes There are a few areas in the Park with Steep Slopes over 10%. The most prominent of these

is the river bank of the West Branch Susquehanna River which extends along the southern edge of the Park. Installation of permanent structures other than vegetated landscaping or walkways within these areas would not be appropriate.

• River Access Restriction Area – The Curwensville run-of-the-river Dam is permitted and inspected by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection. The placement of DANGER DAM warning signs on the adjacent river bank and an enforceable river access restriction of 200-ft upstream and 100-ft downstream of the dam are requirements of the dam's permit.





The following section provides an inventory and analysis of existing recreational facilities and amenities within Irvin Park and also the types of park improvements, programming and connections proposed for the Park. The information provided reflects an examination of the types of recreation choices (Active or Passive) provided at Irvin Park and those proposed for the Park. This type of evaluation provided the Project Study Committee with a better understanding of how the Park is current providing recreation opportunities to the community and how the proposed improvements will allow the Park to offer a wider range of recreation opportunities moving forward.

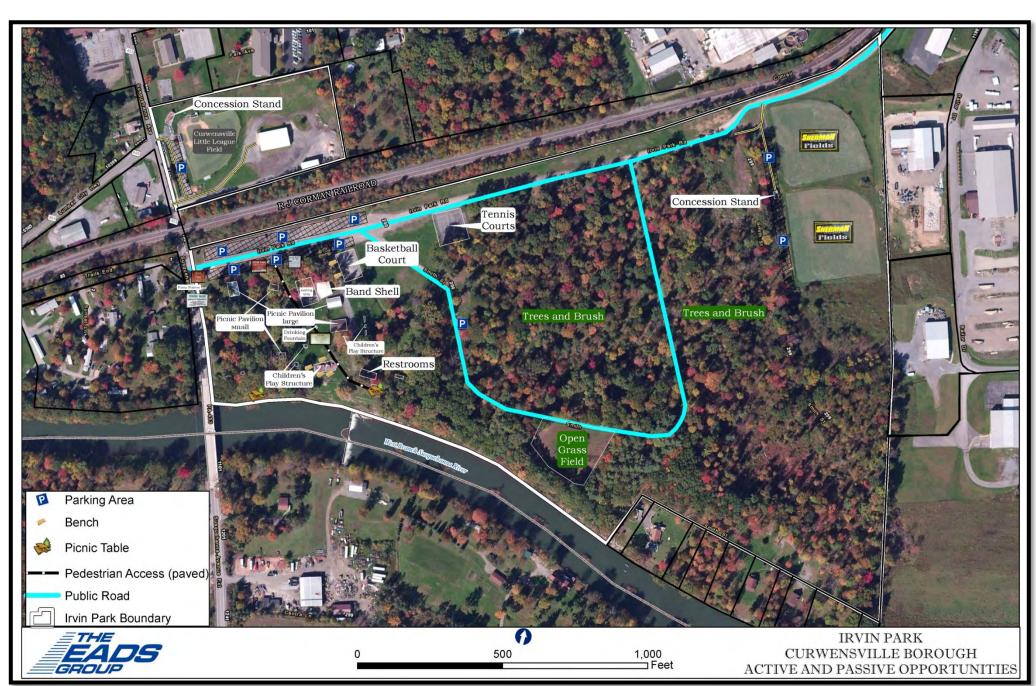
Curwensville Days

Irvin Park is home to the annual Curwensville Days festival. Curwensville Days is a weeklong festival held in July and includes food vendors, games and live entertainment all located within the Park. Curwensville Days uses existing facilities at the Park including the parking areas, pavilions and Band Shell. Parking in the Park is at a premium during Curwensville Days and sometimes that demand can be greater than what is available. Creating additional parking areas in the Park should be considered.

Existing Passive and Active Recreation Opportunities

Users of Irvin Park want a mix of passive and active forms of recreation. Irvin Park does offers a mix of active and passive recreation choices. An Active recreation type is any facility or activity requiring a user to exert an above normal level of effort to participate. Passive Recreation is any facility or activity that can be experienced with little to no extra effort. Active recreation type facilities and amenities offered at Irvin Park include playground apparatuses and areas, tennis and basketball courts and two (2) baseball/softball field areas. More passive forms of recreation available at the Park includes picnic pavilions and tables, concession stands, benches, the band shell, the paved pedestrian access way and wooded areas. Irvin Park Rd. and Smith St. are also used by pedestrians as a walking route. They both provide a compact surface and a relatively easy grade which provides for a passive walking experience. Public restroom facilities are also provided for Park users. The map to the right highlights the locations of these existing Active and Passive recreation opportunities in the Park.

Facility Conditions



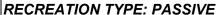
Provided on the following page is additional information for selected existing facilities at the Park. Information on their condition and recreation type (Active or Passive) is also provided.

Facility Description

Pavilions – There are five (5) pavilions (P1 – P5) at the Park. Three (3) are larger and contain 14 picnic tables

each. These pavilions also each have a stable asphalt floor and contain lighting and electric. The two (2) smaller pavilions each contain two (2) picnic tables and also have a stabilized floor with lighting and electric available. There are two (2) additional picnic tables located along the top of the river bank that can be used by the public.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Pavilions are in Good Condition.



Band Shell - A prominent feature in the Park is the Band Shell. The Band Shell consists of a stage and backstage staging areas. An ADA ramp connects to the rear of the facility. A large asphalt sitting area is located at the front of the stage area.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Band Shell is in Good Condition.

RECREATION TYPE: PASSIVE

Restrooms – A public restroom facility is located in the main part of the Park. Separate Women's and Men's facilities are provided. The facility is connected to the public water and sewage system.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Restrooms are in Poor Condition and would benefit from painting the exterior and interior.

RECREATION TYPE: PASSIVE

Public Roads for Walkers - Irvin Park Rd is located thru the Park while Smith St. loops thru the Park connecting with Irvin Park Rd. at two points. The surface of both roads consists of crushed sandstone that expells dust when cars drive on it.

Condition: Reported that th dust expelling from the roads coat the pavilions and surrounding area and result in increase maintenance requirements.

RECREATION TYPE: PASSIVE











Facility Description

Tennis Courts – Two (2) tennis courts are located just off of Irvin Park Rd. The courts have a hard surface in fair condition with appropriate stripping for its use. The tennis courts are fully enclosed by fencing.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Tennis Courts are in Fair Condition.

RECREATION TYPE: ACTIVE



Photo

Basketball Court - A basketball court is located just off of Irvin Park Rd. The court has a hard surface in fair condition with appropriate stripping for its use.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Basketball Court is in Fair Condition.

RECREATION TYPE: ACTIVE



Play Apparatus – Two (2) separate areas in the Park contain play apparatus. A new larger playground set is located closer to the river bank area . A second area consisting of older syle equipment, including two (2) swing sets and a set of teeter totters are located to the rear of Pavilions P1 and P2.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Play Apparatus are in Good Condition.

RECREATION TYPE: ACTIVE

Little League Ball Fields - There are two (2) areas in the Park that were developed and are activley managed and operated by the Curwensville Little League Association. These include the Curwensville Little League field area located on the smaller portion of the Park separted from the main Park area and the Sherman Fields located on the far eastern edge of the Park.

Condition: Respondents to the Community Survey report that the Ball Fields are in Good Condition.

RECREATION TYPE: ACTIVE





Proposed Park Improvement Ideas

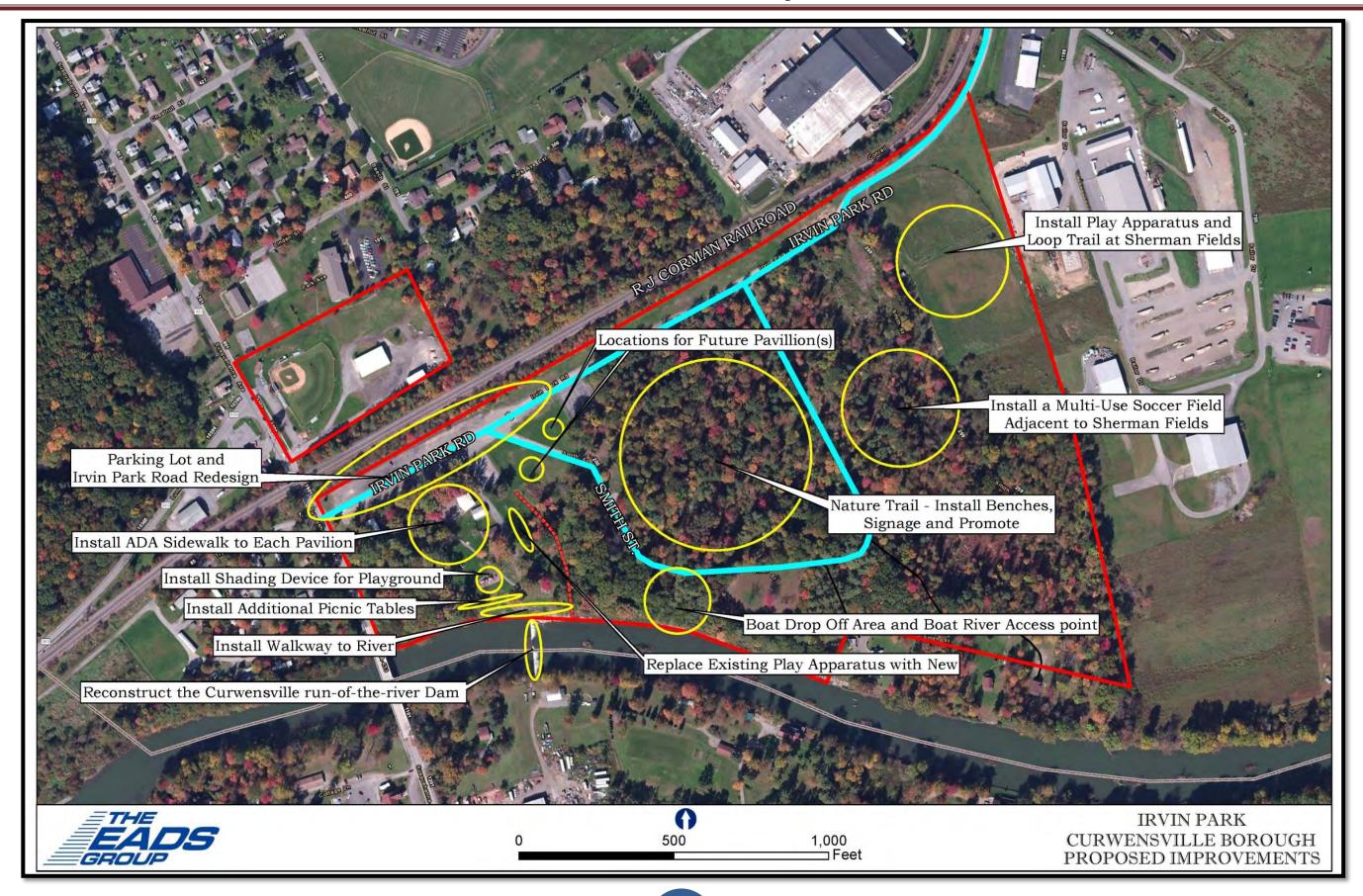
The Project Study Committee used the information obtained from the Community Survey and from the public meetings conducted as part of this planning effort along with the results of the Activity and Facility Analysis described previously to develop an inventory of proposed Park Improvement ideas. The Park Improvements are organized into the following four (4) categories:

- New Facility/Amenity
- Enhance Existing Facility/Amenity
- Park Connections
- Recreation Programming

The following section describes the Park Improvements that the Project Study Committee envisions for Irvin Park. Guidance on Recreation Type (Active or Passive), Skill Level (High or Low) and Support facilities is provided for planning purposes. As noted previously in this section, Active recreation is considered to be a facility or activity requiring a user to exert an above normal level of effort to participate. Passive Recreation is considered a facility or activity that can be experienced with little to no extra effort. A High Skill level requires having an advanced skill or needing a higher level of effort to participate in an activity/use a facility. Low Skill level indicates that the facility/activity can be experienced by a normal range of participants. Information in the Recreation Type column reflects a participants use of the facility/activity described in the Project column. It is a given that all Passive recreation types require a Low Skill Level to use.

New Facility/Amenity			
Project	Comments	Recreation Type / Skill Level	Support Facilities
Create a new Boat Drop Off area with River access Located within 100-yr floodplain	Not to be used as boater parking lot.	Active High Skill Level	 Existing Parking Lot to be used Directional and Informational Signage Install a concrete or similar ramp to the River Walkway connection the Drop Area with the Park
Install a multi-use soccer fields with connecting walkways near Sherman Field ADA Compliance	To be constructed and maintained by the Curwensville Soccer Association or other Association	Active High Skill Level	Construct Parking area and Walkways to connect to Sherman Field
Construct a Nature Trail	Locate within the Wooded Area near Smith St.	Passive	 Directional and Informational Signage Benches and Tables for nature watching and enjoyment should be installed
Construct new Pavilions for public rental ADA Compliance	To be accessible from Smith St. Will provide an additional revenue source to the Park.	Passive	Construct Parking areas and Walkways to connect each Pavilion
Install new picnic tables and river walk trail overlooking the River ADA Compliance	Serves functional purpose and takes advantage of the aesthetic view of the River.	Passive	Construct walkway connecting to the asphalt pedestrian walkway
Sign and designate a walkway between restroom facility and Boat Drop Off Area	Serves functional purpose by providing walking connection to/from Park and Drop Off area	Passive	Construct walkway connecting to the asphalt pedestrian walkway

Enhance Existing Facility/Amenity			
Project	Comments	Recreation Type / Skill Level	Support Facilities
Create a pathway leading down to the River Located within 100-yr floodplain	Pathway should be suitable for elderly users who want to walk down to the river.	Active Low Skill Level	Visual improvements are recommended to beautify the pathway and surrounding area
Replace older Play Apparatus behind Pavilions with New	Install similar style of equipment	Active High Skill Level	Existing supportive facilities are adequate
Install Play Apparatus at Sherman Fields	For parents and siblings of kids using the fields for games and tournaments.	Active High Skill Level	Existing supportive facilities are adequate
Install shading device to cool down the large Playground apparatus	Playground equipment becomes too hot in the summer time	Passive	Existing supportive facilities are adequate
Install Loop Trail at Sherman Fields ADA Compliance	For parents and siblings of kids using the fields for games and tournaments.	Passive	Existing supportive facilities are adequate
Repair the Curwensville run-of-the-river Dam Located within 100-yr floodplain –	Stabilize the Dam	Passive	Existing supportive facilities are adequate
Redesign the main Parking Lot and Entrance Area- ADA Compliance	Realignment of Irvin Park Rd between Susquehanna Ave and Smith Rd to create a safer and visually attractive entrance and parking area along Irvin Park Road.	Passive	Existing supportive facilities are adequate
Install sidewalks to connect the existing Pavilions to the paved pedestrian sidewalk ADA Compliance	Would spur off of existing asphalt pedestrian walkway to provide continuous stabilized access	Passive	Existing supportive facilities are adequate



Park Connections			
Project	Comments	Recreation Type / Skill Level	Support Facilities
Identify potential routes to connect Irvin Park with the Ammerman Trail	Identify conceptual level options only	Active Low Skill Level	Internal – install signage to mark Route. External – complete sidewalk / road improvements to accommodate pedestrians.
Identify potential routes to connect the Curwensville School campus to Irvin Park	Identify conceptual level options only	Passive	 Internal - identify or construct new walking routes inside the Park that connect uses to the center of Park. External - complete sidewalk / road improvements to accommodate pedestrians.

Recreation Programming			
Project	Comments	Recreation Type / Skill Level	Support Facilities
Adult and Youth Fitness	Promote to existing service providers in the community that the Park can be used for classes	Active High Skill Level	Use existing facilities and areas with the Park
Activities for Teens	Promote to existing service providers in the community, to girl and boy scout troops and other existing organizations that Park can be used for these types of activities	Active Low Skill Level	Use existing facilities and areas with the Park
Summer Youth Camps	Promote to existing service providers in the community, to girl and boy scout troops and other existing organizations that Park can be used for these types of activities	Active Low Skill Level	Use existing facilities and areas with the Park
Nature/Environmental Education	Expand opportunities in conjunction with a new Natural Trail	Passive	Use existing facilities and areas with the Park
Concerts at Band Shell	Better promote the availability of the Band Shell for these types of events	Passive	Use existing facilities and areas with the Park



Improvements to Irvin Park made as a result of this Master Plan will need to consider certain guidelines, regulations and principles during the projects design and construction phases. The following summarizes the guidelines, regulations and principles most relevant to Irvin Park. The Design Considerations map below highlights proposed Park Improvement Projects and gives guidance as to which guidelines, regulations and principles will need to be considered as the projects move forward toward construction.

ADA Accessibility - the regulatory guidelines of the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design (2010 Standards) for providing universal accessibility to facilities will be followed as appropriate in the construction of parking areas, pedestrian access ways, pavilions and/or recreation related facilities.

Playground Equipment – all new playground equipment installed at the Park shall be in compliance with ASTM and CPSC guidelines.

Material Selection - Material choices shall consider alternate green materials as practical to reduce environmental impacts and disturbance to the natural setting.

Vegetation Selection - Recommended vegetation and landscaping will use native plants as appropriate.

Land Development - Park improvements must follow Curwensville Borough's land development review process. Green and Sustainable facilities and practices and Stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs) will be incorporated during the construction phase of any project. Use of pervious surfaces should be considered where applicable. The Pennsylvania Stormwater Best Management Practices Manual offers numerous potential design solutions for handling stormwater on site.

Floodplain Regulations - Portions of Irvin Park are located within the 100-yr floodplain of the West Branch Susquehanna River. Facilities installed within the flood plain will need to be consistent with the regulations established in local floodplain regulations.

nstall Play Apparatus with Vegetative Screening: Playground Equipment Regulations + Vegetation Selection Considerations nstall Vegetative Screening Vegetation Selection Considerations Locations for Future Pavillion(s): Material Selection Considerations nstall a Multi-Use Soccer Fields Entrance Area Parking Lot & Compost Toilet: & Road Design Redesign: Land Development Considerations ADA Accessibility Guidlines + Material Selection Considerations Material Selection Consideration Land Development Considerations Vegetation Selection Considerations Nature Trail - Install Benches & Signage: Install Sidewalk to Each Pavilion Material Selection Considerations ADA Accessibility Guidlines Tree Protection Convenant Install Additional Picnic Tables: Boat Drop Off Area and River Access: Tree Protection Convenant + Floodplain Regulations Material Selection Considerations + Material Selection Considerations Install Walkway to River with Vegetation: Replace Existing Play Apparatus with New Floodplain Regulations + Playground Equipment Regulations Vegetation Selection Considerations Material Considerations Repair Curwensville Dam: Floodplain Regulations IRVIN PARK CURWENSVILLE BOROUGH 1,000 DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

These generally include river access pathways and associated features.

Tree Protection Covenant – Park improvements must consider the Tree Protection covenant requiring a one to one replacement of trees if any are removed or otherwise disturbed in the area generally between Smith St. – Susquehanna Ave – Irvin Park Rd and the West Branch Susquehanna River.

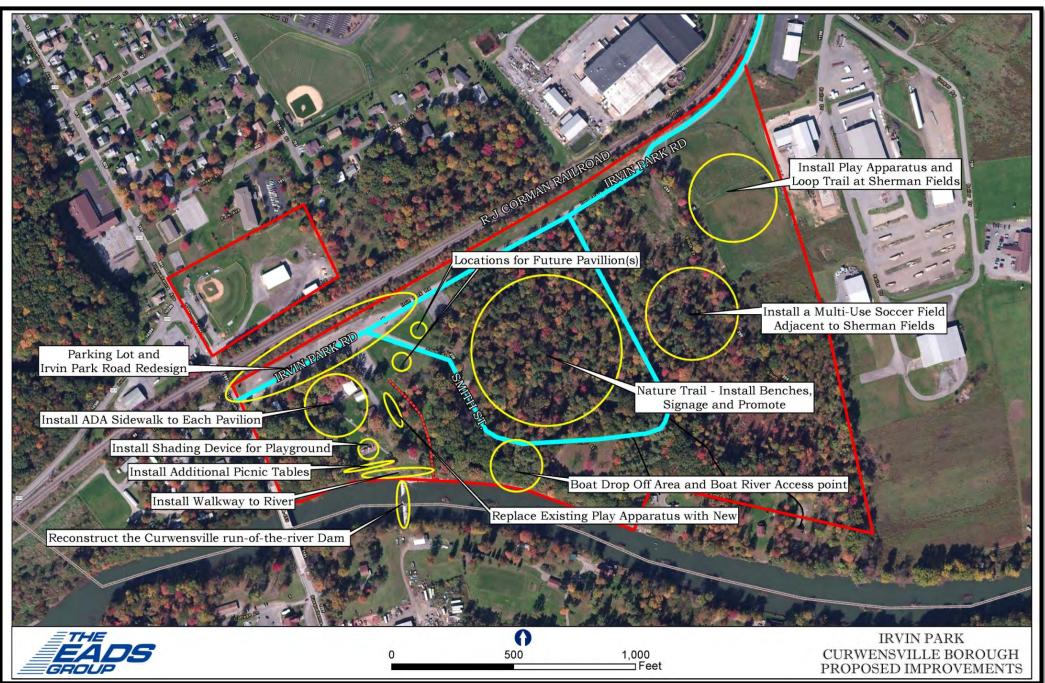


Initial Park Improvement Recommendations

A meeting with the Project Study Committee was held on October 19th, 2016 to review the list of initial Park Improvement ideas, results of the Public Meeting held with Curwensville Borough Council and results of the Community Survey. Robust discussion and collaboration amongst the attendees added to the productivity of the In reflection of the public input meeting. received, Committee members provided their own input and guidance on the types of facilities and amenities they would like to see at the Park. Their input was part in-reflection of the Community Survey results and from their local knowledge of the Curwensville Community and their personal experiences with Irvin Park.

The initial set of Park Improvement ideas (described previously in the Activities and Facilities Analysis Section) were further defined by the Study Committee during this meeting and evolved into a working set of Park Improvement Recommendations. The recommendations are identified below and are visually highlighted on the Proposed Improvements map to the right:

- Reconstruct the main Parking Lot and Entrance Area
- Realign Irvin Park Rd between Susquehanna Ave and Smith Rd as part of the Parking Lot redesign
- Incorporate Stone markers from Irvin Park into the redesigned Entrance Area
- River Access Create a Boat Drop Off area and River Access point just west of the open grassy area
- Nature Trail Install Signage in the Park and identify on a website the former cardio-trail as an internal walking nature trail
- Construct a new stabilized walkway to the River connected to the pedestrian sidewalk and visually improve the surrounding area
- Install ADA access sidewalks to each pavilion
- Install a multi-use soccer field near Sherman Field
- Install Loop Trail around Sherman Fields



- Install Play Apparatus at Sherman Fields
- Construct two (2) additional Pavilions off of Smith St.
- Install shading devices on top of the large children's Playground
- Reconstruct the Curwensville run-of-the-river Dam
- Install/Replace Additional Play Apparatus
- Install additional picnic tables along the hillside overlooking the River

Conceptual Development Plan

The Overall Site Plan Drawing No. 1 below is the initial Conceptual Development Plan that translated the initial set of Park Improvement Concepts described above into a working plan drawing. Many of Irvin Park's existing facilities, developed areas, physical features and development limitations identified in the Site Information and Analysis section of this Plan governed how the proposed Park Improvements were incorporated into the Park. The following drawing represents an initial stage in developing the final Master Site Development Plan. Several versions of this conceptual drawing were prepared. Several revisions were made to best incorporate the proposed projects and features with existing conditions in the Park and to best meet the Study Committee's vision for the Park.



Draft Master Site Plan

A meeting with the Project Study Committee was held on January 11, 2017 to review the draft Master Site Development Plan shown below (Overall Site Plan Drawing No. 2). A robust discussion and review of the draft Master Site Plan was completed during the meeting. The following page summarizes the revisions requested by the Project Study Committee.



Redesigned Parking Lot Area

- Verify new width of Irvin Park Rd has capacity for two (2) larger trucks.
- Show how traffic will enter and exit

Fencing

- Install Stone and Lumber fencing parallel to the back side redesigned Parking Lot.
- Extend fencing along Susquehanna Ave.

Redesigned Entrance

• Add installation of two (2) Stone Marker signs – one on either side of the main entrance.

Basketball/Tennis Courts

- · Convert Basketball court to sand volleyball court.
- · Convert Tennis court to a Basketball court.

New Pavilions off of Smith St

Add parking lots and connecting walkways.

River Walk

• Connect with the Tree Ring Project.

Playground shading device

• Install a capping system on top of the playground

Boat Drop Off Area

- Crushed stone base and signed for drop off only.
- Access to River towards the second river island.

Nature Trail

• Install picnic tables and/or 2 smaller pavilions between the trail and Smith St.

Soccer Fields

- Show an access way connecting the proposed parking lot to the proposed walk trail.
- Add a composting restroom facility near the existing concession stand.

Sherman Fields

- Add lighting around the fields.
- Add vegetative screen around playground area.

Curwensville Dam

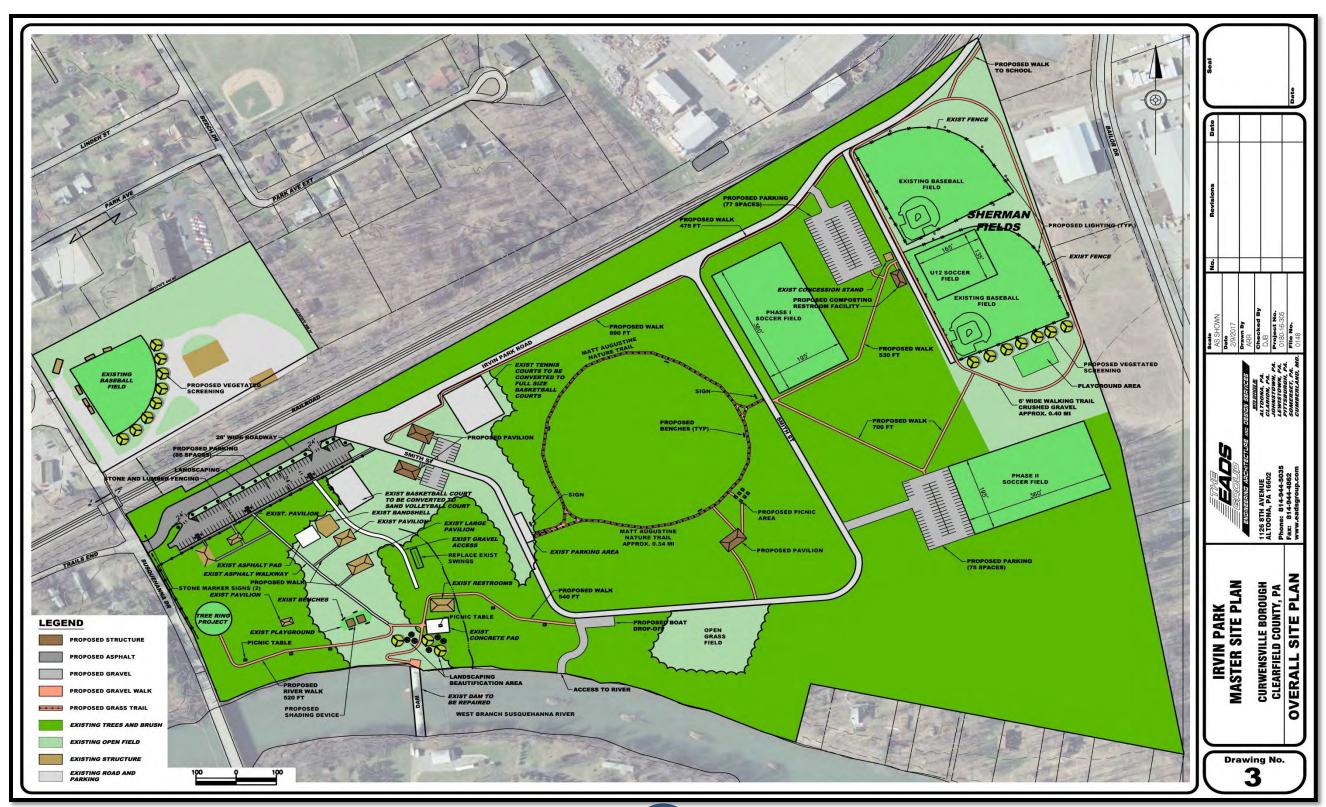
• Approach will be to repair the Dam – not reconstruct





Final Draft Master Site Plan

A meeting with the Project Study Committee and the Public was held on June 14, 2017 to review the final draft Master Site Development Plan shown below (Overall Site Plan Drawing No. 3). A robust discussion and review of the draft Master Site Plan was completed during the meeting. The following page summarizes the revisions requested by the Project Study Committee.



Main Parking Lot

- Concern was raised on how the redesigned Main Parking Lot could limit the number of parking spaces available during Curwensville Days.
- Concern was also raised on how vehicles with boat trailers will disrupt the movement of vehicles through the new parking lot.

Revisions:

- A Head-In Overflow and Boat Trailer parking area located in the grassy area between Irvin Park Rd and the railroad embankment will be added.
- A walking trail will be added that will connect the Head-In Overflow and Boat Trailer parking area with the Matt Augustine Nature Trail to provide a more direct route for boaters walking back to/from the boat launch area.

Soccer Fields

• An attendee commented on the location and layout of the new soccer fields and also on an agreement that may be entered into between the Borough and the Curwensville Soccer Association.

Revisions:

- No changes to the layout will be made.
- Additional emphasis will be added in the Plan that Curwensville Borough will have the ultimate discretion over language in any type of agreement with the Soccer Association.

Scouting Area

• Notable input was received on how a section of the Park general located southeast of the Matt Augustine Nature Trail is actively used by Scouting troops.

Revisions:

- A Scouting Area will be added to the Master Site Plan.
- This area will have access from Smith St but not to the Matt Augustine Trail.





Park Connections

As described previously in this Plan, the Project Study Committee requested that the Master Plan conceptually identify and map connecting pedestrian routes between Irvin Park and the David S. Ammerman Trail and between Irvin Park and the nearby Curwensville School complex. Initial conceptual drawings depicting these potential connections were presented to the Project Study Committee. Requested revisions were then made.

Additional information on the Park Connection and Conceptual Mapping of the recommended connections are provided in the following Recommendations section of this Plan.

Recreation Programming

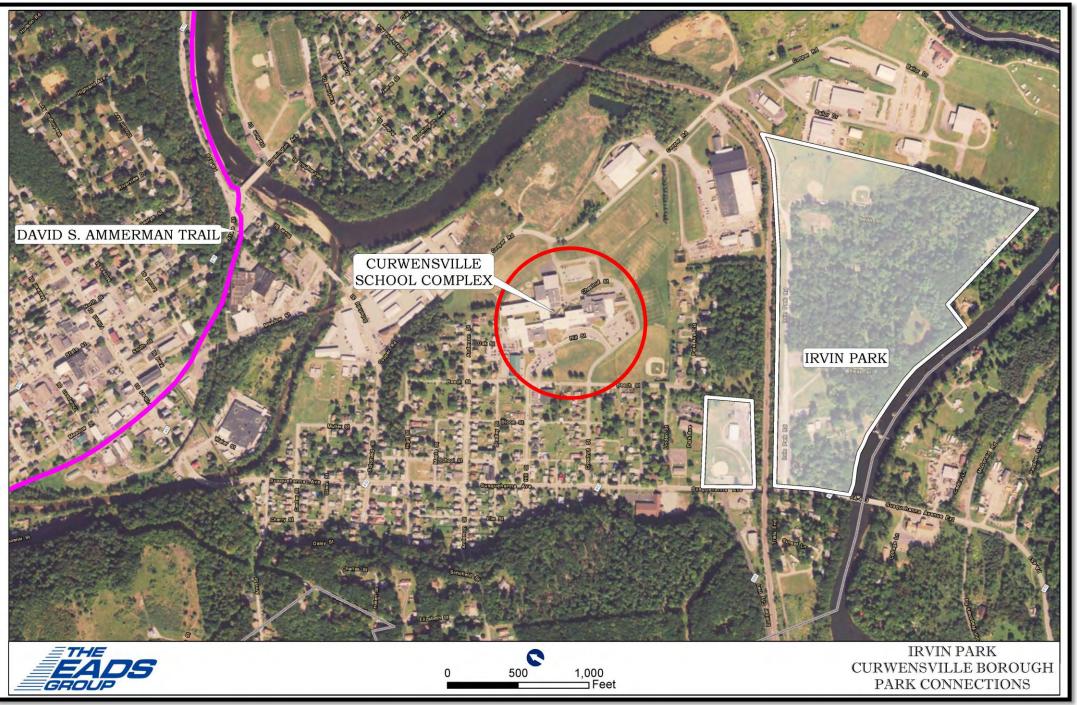
As described previously in this Plan, the Project Study Committee considered the input received from the Community Survey and identified that the following types of recreation programming be recommended in the Master Plan.

- Adult and Youth Fitness
- Activities for Teens
- Summer Youth Camps
- Nature and Environmental Education
- Concerts at the Band Shell
- Use of the Park for existing Community Events

Additional guidance was provided by the Study Committee on how to best develop recreation programming at the Park.

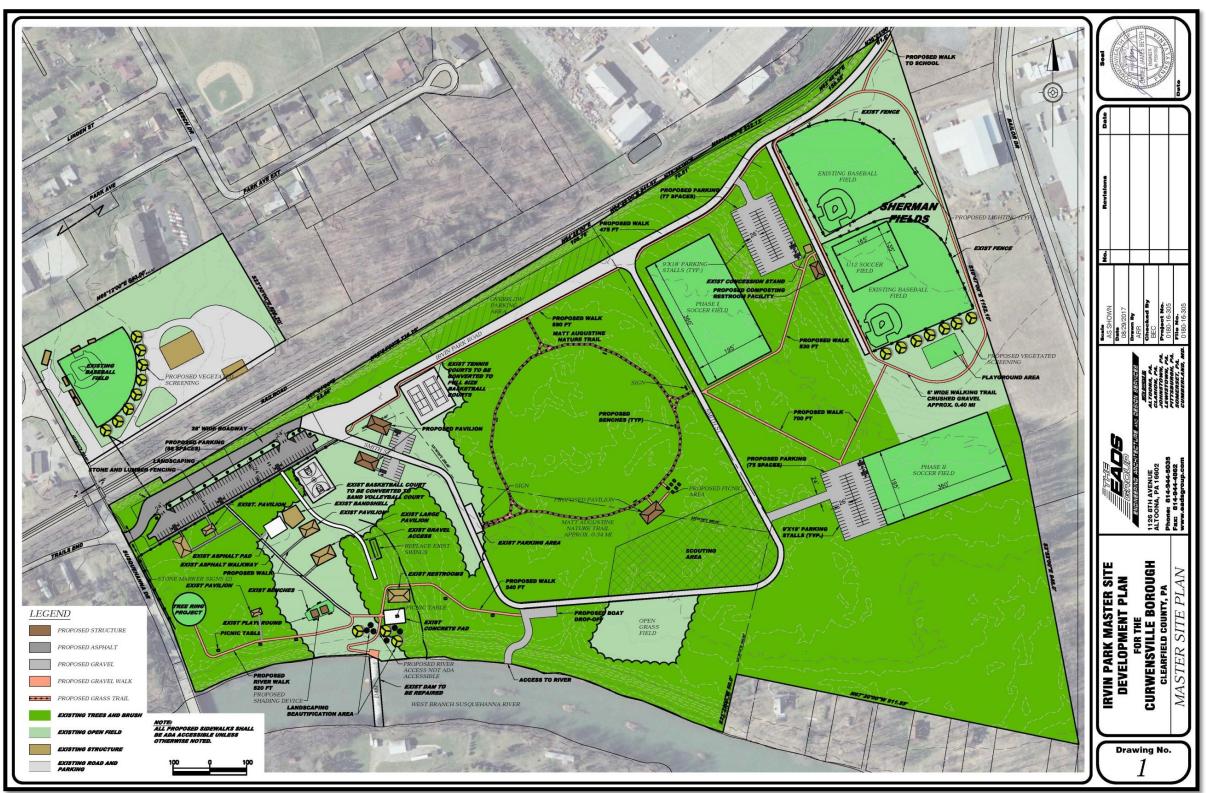
Information on the Recreation Programming

Approach recommended for the Park is provided in the following Recommendations section of this Plan.





The Master Site Development Plan prepared for Irvin Park best represents the vision of the Park as a place to play volleyball, basketball, baseball, softball and soccer; where parents can bring their children to safely play; where boaters can easily access the River; where the community can gather for reunions, events and other social occasions; and where one can come to enjoy the nature and views of the River. The Study Committee truly believes that making the improvements recommended in this Plan will make Irvin Park a key community asset well into the future. The Final Master Site Development Plan is presented below. A full size copy of the Master Site Development Plan is provided in Appendix A.



Park Improvement Categories

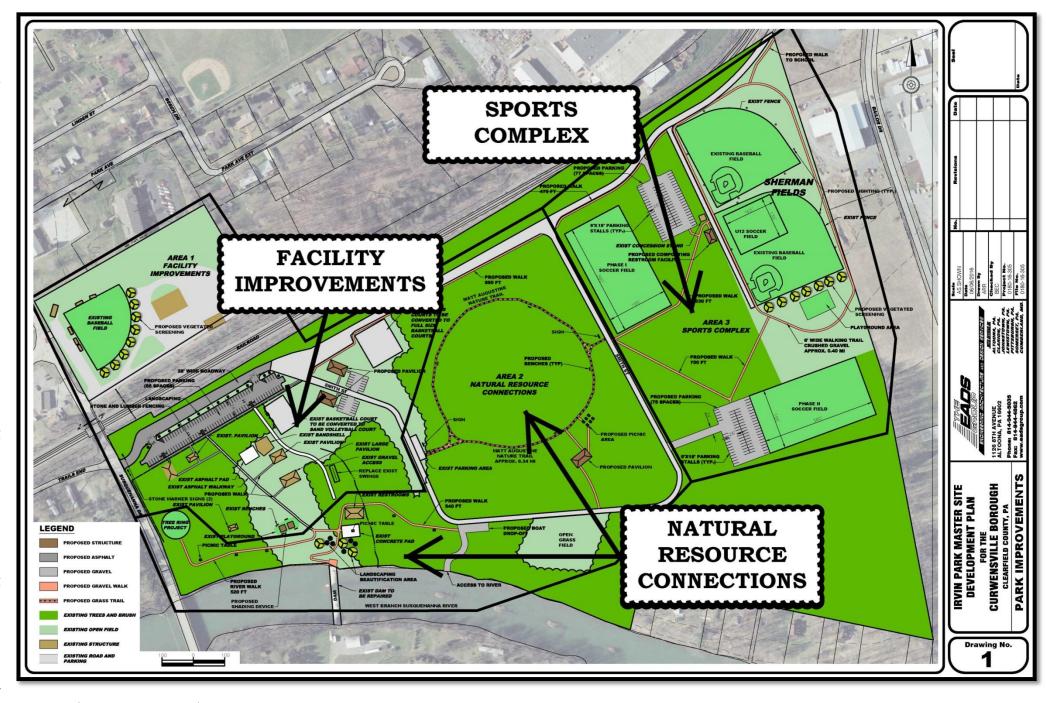
Given the number of different types of improvements identified for Irvin Park, it was necessary to organize them in a useful manner for general understanding and implementation purposes. Recommended Park Improvements are organized into the following three (3) categories:

- **Facility Improvements** improvements focused on enhancing an existing facility within the Park.
- Natural Resource Connections improvements focused on connecting users to a natural resource at the Park.
- **Sports Complex** improvements associated with creating a multi-use sports area within the Park.

These categories describe the type of improvements recommended and also a geographic location within the Park. The map to the right highlights the general location within the Park associated with each category.

The following sections provide a conceptual map that highlights the recommended projects within each category. A detailed description of each project is also provided along with cost estimates.

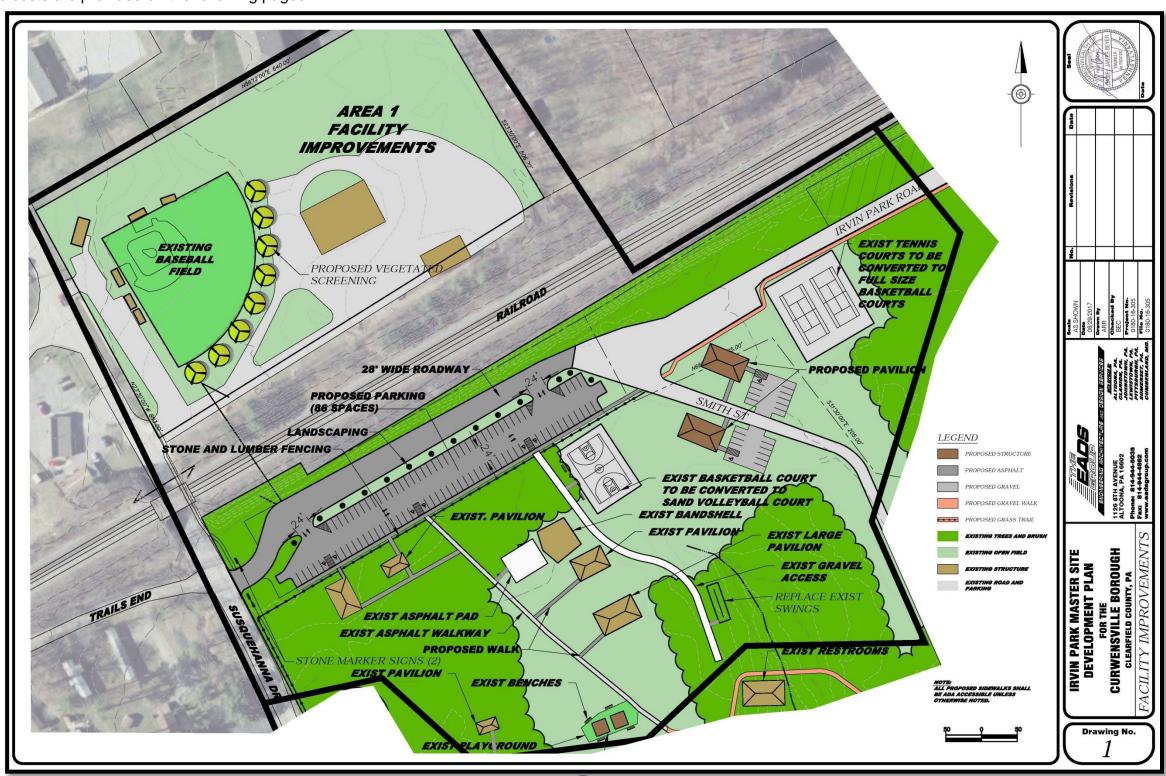
The provided cost estimates anticipate that Curwensville Borough will contract out all phases of construction. Thus, a contingency/inspection amount and a cost associated with design have been included with the cost estimates. Curwensville Borough would be able to reduce project costs significantly by using Borough staff or volunteer groups to construct all of or a portion of a project. For example, Curwensville Borough staff may be able to complete certain tasks at no cost such as clearing and grubbing/preparing the base for



trail/walkway construction, erecting signs or general landscaping (plant installation). Volunteer labor can also be coupled with Borough oversight to accomplish certain development tasks. Various scouting groups, religious and business volunteer groups and other organizations can assist the Borough in the construction of pavilions, developing trails/walkways or general landscape installation.

FACILITY IMPROVEMENTS

The recommendations in this category are designed to improve and expand existing facilities located generally on the western side of the Park. The intent is to enhance the Park experience for users that regularly come and use Park facilities and to attract additional causal users to the Park. The conceptual map below highlights the recommended improvements. Descriptions of each recommendation and opinions of probable costs are provided on the following pages.



The recommended projects in this category are designed to improve the function of existing facilities in the main park area and to improve a user's overall experience in the Park:

- New Parking Area The main parking area in the Park will be reconstructed to create a more functional and prominent parking area for the Park. The alignment of Irvin Park road in this area will be adjusted to allow for construction of the new parking area. The new alignment of Irvin Park Rd will be no less than 28-ft wide to accommodate larger trucks travelling in each direction through that area. The new parking area and the realigned portion of Irvin Park Rd will be asphalt paved to reduce the amount of airborn particals that curently eminate from their existing surfaces. A landscaped vegetative buffer strip will be installed to separate the new parking area from Irvin Park Rd. Two (2) points of exit/entrance will be included with the parking area. Asphalt paving the parking lot will also improve access from the parking area to the Park's facilities. Parking spaces will be stripped and the required number of handicapped and accessible spaces will be included. It is envisioned that the new parking area will contain 86 parking spaces. An asphalt sidewalk will be constructed along the Park side edge of the parking area to improve mobility and access to and from the Park. This sidewalk will extend the entire length of the parking area and will terminate near Smith St. It is the intent to incorporate green and sustainable features with the stormwater management elements associated with the new parking lot area.
- New Entrance Area In conjunction with the new parking area and alignment of Irvin Park Rd, the Main Entrance area into the Park off of Susquehanna Ave will be redesigned to better introduce the Park to users. The center piece of the new entrance area will be the placing of two (2) Stone Marker signs on either side of the entrance area. Existing Park signage along Susquehanne Ave and along the existing parking area will be relocated to this area. All non essential and inconsistent signage will be removed at the discression of Curwensville Borough.
- New Pavilions (2) Two (2) new pavilions will be constructed off of Smith St. The pavilions will be patterned off of the existing larger pavilions in the Park. A parking area and connecting walkway with a compacted base will be constructed with the each new pavilion. It is the intent to incorporate green and sustainable features with the stormwater management elements associated with the new parking area.



- Stone and Lumber Fencing The existing required fencing along the parking lot area will be repalced with a decorative stone and lumber featured fencing system that will extend along the entire length of the new parking area and will continue southward along Susquehanna Ave.
- ADA Asphalt Sidewalks Connecting to Pavilions Extending perpindicular from the new parking area will be two (2) ADA compliant sidewalks that will directly connect to the nearby pavilions. ADA compliant sidewalks will also be extended off of the existing asphalt pedestrian walkway aligned through the Park and will be directly connected to each pavilion.
- Playground Shade Device Two (2) shading devices will be attached directly to the top of the the existing newer childrens playground apparatus to reduce excessive surface temperatures resulting from exposure to the mid day sun.
- New Swing Set Apparatus The older sets of swings located behind Pavillions P1 and P2 will be replaced with a more modern set of swings and equipment.
- Convert Basketball Court to Sand Volley Ball Court The existing basketball court will be converted to a full size sand volley ball court. .
- Convert Tennis Court to Basketball Court The existing tennis courts will be replaced with a new full size basketball court.
- Vegetative Screening around Little League field A vegetated screen will be planted around the entire outfield fence of the existing Little League baseball field. This will help to better separate the field from the Curwensville Borough garage structure located in that area and will provide a more unified view for batters.
- Irvin Park Rd Walking Path A new walking path will be constructed along the south side of Irvin Park Rd. between Smith St. and Sherman Fields. The portion of the Irvin Park Walking Path included in this category will extend for approximately 262-If from the terminus of the new asphalt sidewalk constructed with the new parking area towards Sherman Fields.

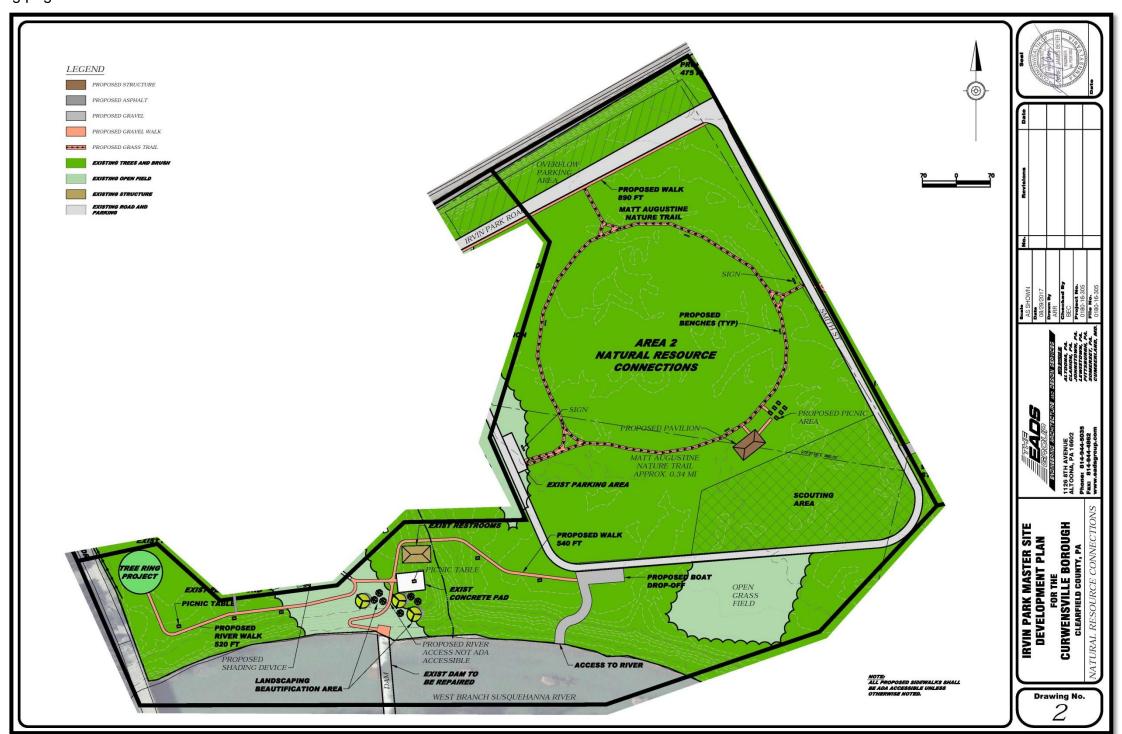
Estimate of Probable Cost:

The following provides cost estimates for each individual project as well as for the overall category. The total cost of the improvements is estimated to be \$906,070.00. Professional services and administration fees are estimated to be \$154,032.00. These fees reflect typical grant funding allowable rates - actual fees may vary. The overall total cost of the projects in this category is estimated to be \$1,060,102.00.

ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
	NEW PARKING AREA and MAIN ENTRANCE				
	Asphalt Paving	5,550	SY	\$80.00	\$444,000.00
	6" Sub base	6,070	SY	\$25.00	\$151,750.00
1	Excavation	2,000	CY	\$10.00	\$20,000.00
	Asphalt Sidewalks	309	SY	\$80.00	\$24,720.00
	Parking Lot Landscaping	1	LS	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$644,470.00
	PAVILIONS:	1		T . T	
2	Two (2) New Pavilions	2	EA	\$10,000.00	\$20,000.00
	Gravel Parking Lots/Walkways	710	SY	\$30.00	\$21,300.00
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$41,300.00
3	Stone and Lumber Fencing	830	LF	\$50.00	\$41,500.00
4	ADA Asphalt Sidewalks Connecting to Pavilions	211	SY	\$80.00	\$16,880.00
5	New Swing Set Apparatus and ASTM Safety Surface	1	EA	\$13,000.00	\$13,000.00
6	Playground Shade Screen	2	EA	\$2,500.00	\$5,000.00
7	Convert Basketball Court to Volleyball	1	LS	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
8	Convert Tennis Courts to Basketball	1	LS	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00
9	Vegetated Screening at Little League Field	1	LS	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
10	Irvin Park Rd Walking Path	262	SY	\$25.00	\$6,550.00
		•		SUBTOTAL	\$823,700.00
CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%					\$82,370.00
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%					\$906,070.00 \$135,910.50
ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%					\$18,121.50
				GRAND TOTAL	\$1,060,102.00

NATURAL RESOURCE CONNECTIONS

The recommendations in this category are designed to better connect Irvin Park users with natural resources that exist within and adjacent to the Park. The location of these Natural Resource Connection projects are generally located in the central portion and along the southern edge of the Park. The recommendations build upon opportunities provided by a previously constructed exercise fitness trail and the availability of the West Branch of the Susquehanna River. The intent is to develop facilities that will attract users wanting to better connect themselves to natural outdoor spaces and scenic overviews as well as boaters wanting to access the River. The following conceptual map highlights the recommended improvements. Descriptions of each recommendation and opinions of probable costs are provided on the following pages.



The recommended projects in this category are designed better connect the natural resources located in or adjacent to the Park and to better provide user access to those resources:

- Matt Augustine Nature Trail In 1983, Matt Augustine, a Boy Scout from Curwensville, constructed a quarter mile, seven station, fitness trail within the center portion of Irvin Park. Matt was 15 at the time and completed the project as his Eagle Scout Project. The fitness trail followed a design originating in Switzerland and adapted for the United States by the US Forest Service. The fitness trail consisted of a compacted grass base with the fitness stations located adjacent to the trail. Most of the fitness stations have been removed or deteorated away since the trail trail was first opened in 1983. Fortunatley, the compacted grass base of the trail remains in good condition and is readily able to be repurposed as a natural trail. The Project Study Committee wishes to recognize Matt's contribution to the Park by formally naming the trail the Matt Augustine Nature Trail. The Matt Augustine Natural Trail will provide users an opportunity to observe towering hardwoods and evergreens along the route. A pavillion and picnic tables will be intsalled on the south side of the trail for public use. At least four (4) benches will be installed along the trail to provide users an opportunity to passively nature watch and otherwise enjoy the natural setting of the Park. Two (2) existing connections from the Natural Trail to Smith St will be formalized by signage that will designate the trail as the Matt Augustine Nature Trail. A third connection will be created to connect the trail directly to Irvin Park Rd. Information included on Curwensville Borough's website and other websites and publications describing Irvin Park will be updated to include reference to the Matt Augustine Nature Trail.
- Irvin Park Rd Walking Path A new walking path will be constructed along the entire south side of Irvin Park Rd between Smith St and Sherman Fields. The portion of the Irvin Park Walking Path included in this category will extend for approximately 230-If generally between the two (2) Smith St. access points onto Irvin Park Rd.
- Boat Drop Off Area A formal boat drop off area will be established off of the southern edge of Smith St. The drop off area will have a crushed gravel base. The boat drop off area will be signed for Boat Drop Off only. It is the intent that boaters will pull into the area, unload their boats, and then park eleswhere in the Park.
- Scouting Area A relatively large section of the Park located southeast of the Matt Augustine Nature Trail and adjacent to Smith St. will be designated for Scouting troop uses. The Scouting Area will be near but not connected to the Matt Augustine Trail or its associated amenities.
- Access to River- Extending from the Boat Drop Off Area will be a defined access path that will connect to the exposed rock bank along the West Brach Susquehanna River. Boaters will then be able to directly access the River from this point. The access path will be located in the 100-yr floodplain of the West Branch Susquehanna River.
- Trailered Boat and Overflow Parking Area A linear grass strip adjacent to Irvin Park Rd. will be designated for parking for vehicles with boat trailers and/or for general overflow parking during Curensville Days or at other times when parking is at a premium. No alternation to grass area is proposed. Signage designating this as a parking area for boat trailers and overflow parkign will be installed.
- River Walk An approximalely 1,000-If River Walk will be constructed generally along the top of the river bank between the Boat Drop Off Area and the Tree Ring Project. The River Walk will have a crushed gravel or similar base. The River Walk will serve three (3) purposes. First, it will provide an additional general pedestrian walking opportunity along the southern edge of the Park. Secondly, it will connect to the existing asphalt pedestrian walkway to provide a continous off-road access way for boaters to walk to and from Boat Drop Off Area to parking areas. And finally, extending the River Walk to the west beyond the existing ashalt pedestrian walkway to the Tree Ring Project exposes users to scenic vistas overlooking the West Brach of the Susquehanna River. New picnic tables will be installed along the River Walk to provide additional opportunities for users to enjoy views of the River.
- River Access Path A new River Access path will be constructed connecting the existing asphalt pedestrian walkway and the proposed River Walk described above down to the edge of the River near the Curwensville Dam. The exsiting dirt pathway will be eliminated and replaced by a more stabilized River Access path. The River Access path will have a stabilized surface and an subtle grade that will provide a useable access to the River for most potential users. The River Access path is not envisioned to be ADA compliant. The area surrounding the River Access path will be landscaped to create a beautification area that will improve the visual quality of the Park in that area. The River Access path will be located in the 100-yr floodplain of the West Branch Susquehanna River.
- Curwensville Dam Repairs Repairs to the Curwensville Dam are recommended to help stablize the structure from future deterioration and section failure. Further evaluation and coordination with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission will need to be completed to prepare a repair and stablization plan for the Dam.

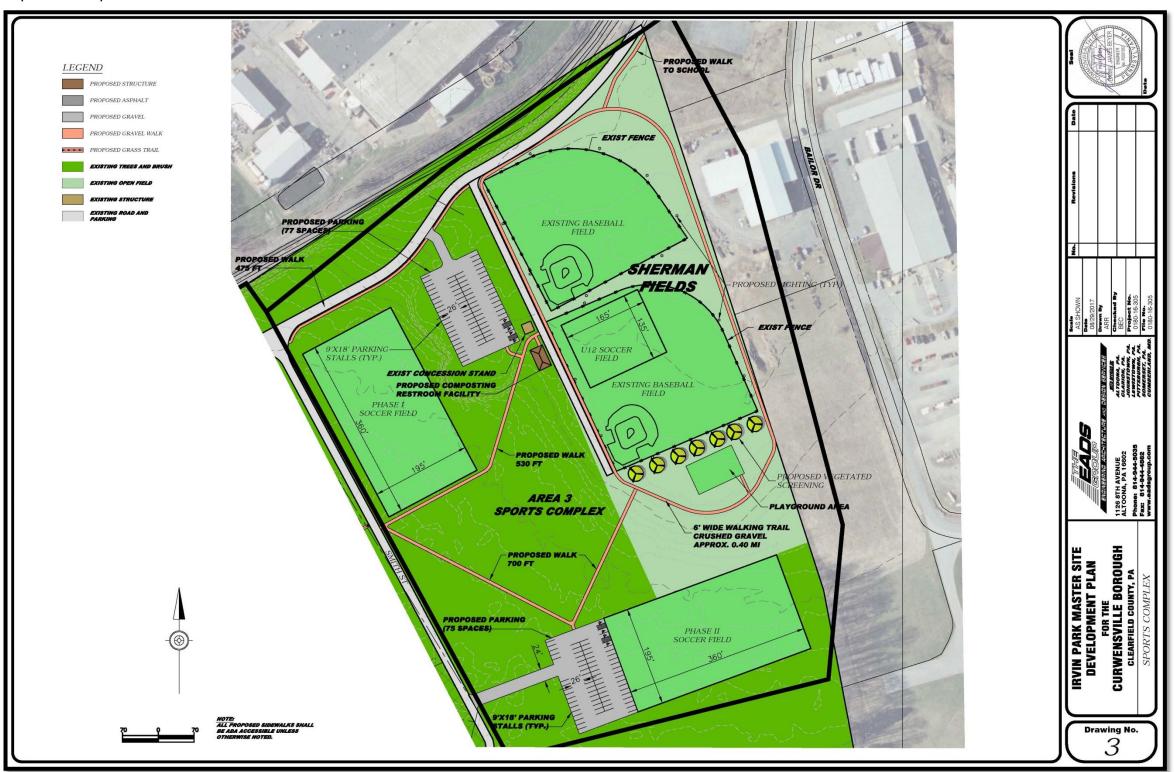
Estimate of Probable Cost:

The following provides cost estimates for each individual project as well as for the overall category. The total cost of the improvements is estimated to be \$424,132.00. Professional services and administration fees are estimated to be \$72,103.00. These fees reflect typical grant funding allowable rates - actual fees may vary. The overall total cost of the projects in this category is estimated to be \$496,235.00.

ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
	MATT AUGUSTINE NATURE TRAIL				
	Signage (Trail)	2	EA	\$500.00	\$1,000.00
	Benches (around Trail)	4	EA	\$1,000.00	\$4,000.00
1	Pavilion	1	EA	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00
	Picnic Tables	6	EA	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
	Gravel Sidewalk from Trail to Pavilion/Picnic Tables	220	SY	\$25.00	\$5,500.00
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$26,500.00
	BOAT DROP OFF AREA				
	Gravel Boat Drop-Off	302	SY	\$25.00	\$7,550.00
2	Signage (Drop Off Only)	1	EA	\$500.00	\$500.00
_	Signage (Boat Trailer Parking/Overflow Parking)	1	EA	\$500.00	\$500.00
	River Access	331	SY	\$25.00	\$8,275.00
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$16,825.00
	RIVER WALK				
3	Gravel Sidewalk	910	SY	\$25.00	\$22,750.00
3	Picnic Tables	6	EA	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$28,750.00
	RIVER ACCESS PATH				
4	Gravel Sidewalk	150	SY	\$25.00	\$3,750.00
7	Landscaping/Beautification Improvements	1	LS	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$7,750.00
5	Repair Curwensville Dam (Final design required to determine actual construction costs)	1	LS	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00
6	Irvin Park Rd Walking Path	230	SY	\$25.00	\$5,750.00
SUBTOTAL					
CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%					
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION					
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%					\$63,621.00
				GRAND TOTAL	\$8,482.00 \$496,235.03
				GRAND IOTAL	ֆ490,∠ 33.03

SPORTS COMPLEX

The following recommendations are designed to create a Sports Complex at the eastern side of Irvin Park. The recommendations build upon opportunities provided by the existing Sherman Fields and the availability of developable land surrounding the Fields. The intent is to provide facilities that will bolster use of the Park for baseball, soccer and other related sporting uses and to provide amenities that will improve the spectator experience.



The recommended projects in this category are designed to better enhance 'sport' facilities in the Park and to improve user and spectator experiences.

- Soccer Fields Three (3) new soccer fields are intended to be installed in this area. This initial effort will focus on establishing a U12 size field by stripping off an area in the outfield of the existing lower ball field. Adjustments to the outfield fencing may be necessary to accommodate the soccer field alignment. An approximately 360-ft x 195-ft area adjacent to Smith St. and Irvin Park Rd. is available to construct a Soccer Field (shown as Phase I). A second approximately 360-ft x 195-ft area located below the Sherman Fields is available to construct another Soccer Field (shown as Phase II). The exact size of the new soccer fields will be determined during the construction process by the Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association.
- Parking Lots Two (2) new parking lots will be constructed to accommodate the parking demand generated from the new soccer fields and overflow parking from Sherman Fields. One parking area will be constructed adjacent to Irvin Park Road and the access road into Sherman Fields. This lot is intended to accommodate up to 77 spaces. The second lot will be located adjacent to the Phase II Soccer Field and will accommodate up to 75 spaces. Both lots will have a gravel base. Both lots will also provide additional parking areas for Curwensville Days attendees. It is the intent to incorporate green and sustainable features with the stormwater management elements associated with the new parking area.
- Sherman Field Playground A new playground facility will be installed below the lower ball field. Families and siblings are often required to spend extended time at the fields and are need of additional activities to occupy their time. The playground area will consist of swings and other age appropriate apparatus. Vegetated screening will be installed between the baseball field and the playround area to provide protection against errent balls leaving the playing field.
- Sherman Field Lighting A longer term goal is to provide field lighting around each of the existing baseball fields. Field lighting will extend the number of hours the fields could be used and will elevate the playing experience at Sherman Fields.
- Sherman Fields Loop Trail A public use loop walking trail will be installed around Sherman Fields to improve the spectator experience and to add to the active recreation opportunities in the Park. The loop trail facility will be 6-ft wide with a crushed gravel base suitable for walking. The loop trail will be approximately 0.40 miles in length. A spur will be installed off the loop trail to provide pedestrian access to and from the northeast corner of the Park. This spur is relevant to future efforts aimed at connecting Irvin Park to the Curwensville School complex and to the Ammerman Trail. Additional information on these connections are provided in the following Park Connections section.
- Connecting Walkways An approximately 530-ft of gravel walkway aligned to connect Smith St. with the Phase I Soccer Field, the upper parking lot and Sherman Fields will be constructed. A second approximately 700-ft gravel walkway aligned to connect Smith St. with the Phase II Soccer Field and Sherman Field will be constructed. The walkways will accommodate pedestrian movement between the fields and parking areas and will provide an alternate walking route for Park users wanting to access the Sherman Fields area from inside the Park.
- Composting Restroom A composting restroom facility will be installed to improve the amenities offered in this part of the Park. A composting facility is recommended to better maintain the natural setting of the Park.
- Irvin Park Rd Walking Path A new walking path will be constructed along the south side of Irvin Park Rd between Smith St. and Sherman Fields. The portion of the Irvin Park Walking Path included in this category will extend for approximately 375-If generally between Sherman Fields and the northeastern corner of the Park.

Estimate of Probable Cost:

The following provides cost estimates for each individual project as well as for the overall category. The total cost of the improvements is estimated to be \$1,021,570.00. Professional services and administration fees are estimated to be \$173,667.00. These fees reflect typical grant funding allowable rates - actual fees may vary. The overall total cost of the projects in this category is estimated to be \$1,195,237.00.

ITEM	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL		
	SOCCER FIELDS (see note below)						
	Soccer Field	2	EA	\$100,000.00	\$200,000.00		
1	Gravel Parking Lot (Phase 1)	2,816	SY	\$25.00	\$70,400.00		
1	Gravel Parking Lot (Phase 2)	3,112	SY	\$25.00	\$77,800.00		
	Gravel Sidewalks (Connecting Smith St, Soccer Fields and Sherman Fields)	860	SY	\$25.00	\$21,500.00		
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$369,700.00		
	SHERMAN FIELD ENHANCEMENTS						
	Loop Trail	1,385	SY	\$25.00	\$34,625.00		
2	Playground and ASTM safety surface	1	EA	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00		
_	Vegetated Screening	1	LS	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00		
	Baseball Field Lighting	2	EA	\$200,000.00	\$400,000.00		
	subtotal	-	-	-	\$449,625.00		
3	Composting Restroom	1	LS	\$90,000.00	\$90,000.00		
4	Irvin Park Rd Walking Path	375	SY	\$25.00	\$9,375.00		
				SUBTOTAL	\$928,700.00		
	CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%						
	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION						
	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%						
	ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%						
				GRAND TOTAL	\$1,195,237		

Note: Coordination with the Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association during this planning process indicates a likelihood that the Association will construct the Soccer Fields and associated Parking Lots on an in-kind basis. Completing these elements under an in-kind scenario is acceptable to Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee. This would obviously reduce the overall costs provided above. Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee should consider incorporating the level of in-kind match provided by the Association when preparing grant applications or other funding request packages to complete the remaining projects in this category.

Early Action Items

Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee requested that the Master Plan identify early action items that can be completed at little to no cost. The following Matrix lists those projects that will require minimal funding to construct or install in the Park. As shown, construction of the soccer fields and associated parking lots and connecting pedestrian walkways are included with the anticipation that they will be constructed by the Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association at no cost to the Borough.

Project	Category	Cost
Playground Shade Screens (2)	Facility Improvements	\$5,000.00
Vegetated Screening at Little League Field	Facility Improvements	\$5,000.00
Matt Augustine Nature Trail Signage (2)	Natural Resources Connections	\$1,000.00
River Access Path – Landscaping/Beautification	Natural Resources Connections	\$2,000.00
Matt Augustine Nature Trail Picnic Tables (6)	Natural Resources Connections	\$3,000.00
River Access Path – Gravel sidewalk	Natural Resources Connections	\$3,750.00
Matt Augustine Nature Trail Benches (4)	Natural Resources Connections	\$4,000.00
Soccer Fields (2)	Sports Complex	*
Parking Lots (2)	Sports Complex	*
Connecting Pedestrian Walkways	Sports Complex	*

^{*} Anticipates in-kind construction by the Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association

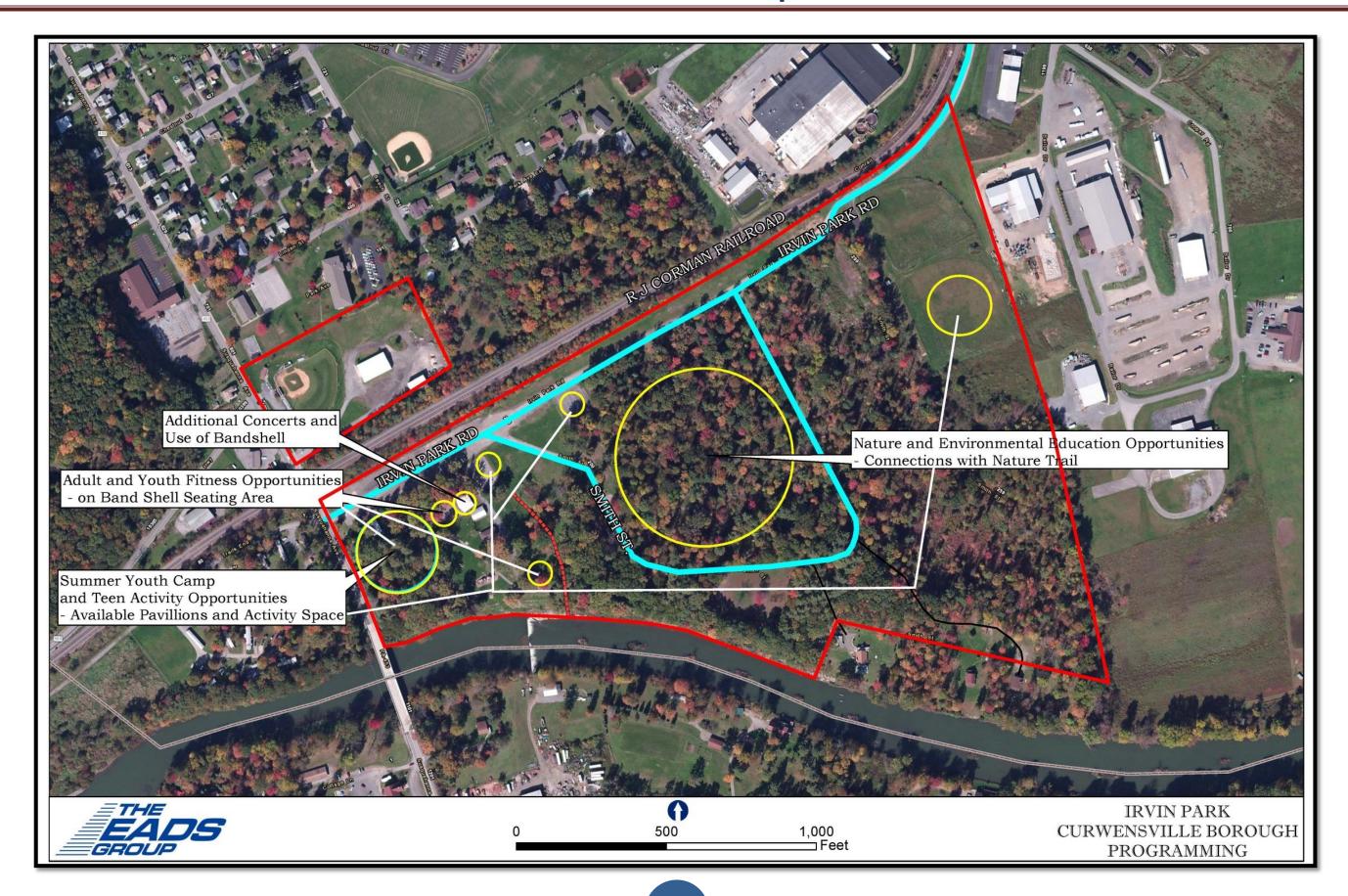
RECREATION PROGRAMMING

Results from the Community Survey highlighted the need to increase recreation programming at Irvin Park. The Survey also provided guidance on the types of programming wanted at the Park and the age groups that the programming should serve. The Project Study Committee has developed the following Recreation Programming Approach to match the public's need for additional programming with the Borough's capacity to expand recreation programming at the Park.

Recreation Programming Approach

The Recreation Programming Approach focuses on increasing six (6) types of recreation related programs at the Park. The matrix below and the map of the following page summarize the Recreation Programming Approach. The Approach provides examples of activities within each program type and identifies which facilities/areas in the Park are best suited to hold those types of activities. Curwensville Borough does not have a Recreation Programming Department or staff person responsible for developing programming at the Park. Curwensville Borough has indicated that they are unable to directly develop and sponsor recreation programming in the Park. Therefore, guidance is provided on activity/event schedules and the types of service providers that may be able to develop a program at the Park on behalf of the Borough. The Approach will be implemented by directly engaging potential service providers to explore their willingness and capacity to develop a class, activity or event in the Park. The Steering Committee and Curwensville Borough will actively promote the availability of the Park for programs, activities and events to local groups and organizations through word of mouth promotion and at annual events and dinners. Curwensville Borough will revise their web-site to more clearly identify persons to contact for use of the Park and information regarding reserving the Band Shell for use. Particulars regarding a new program, event or activity at the Park will ultimately be the responsibility of Curwensville Borough.

Program Type	Examples	Location	Schedule	Service Provider
Adult and Youth Fitness	Yoga ClassesZumba in the Park EventOther group outdoor fitness classes	 Asphalt pad located in front of the Band Shell Concrete pad behind the restrooms The wooded/grass area near the Tree Ring Project 	 Regular schedule of classes A onetime event As a series of signature events 	 Existing Fitness Instructors, Personal Trainers and related Service Providers in Curwensville and surrounding area
Activities for Teens	 Kick Ball League Art Activities – Art in the Park Performance Art – Theatre Troup 	Existing PavilionsBasketball/Tennis Court AreasBand ShellSherman Fields	 Maintain a league schedule or as a onetime event Regular schedule of classes Varying performance dates 	Local Special Interest ClubsChurch GroupsService Clubs
Summer Youth Camps	Educational and Arts Based	Existing PavilionsBasketball/Tennis Court AreasOpen Grass area	On weekly scheduleon a once a week/month basis	Church GroupsBoy Scout TroopsService Clubs
Nature and Environmental Education	 Organized Group Walks Tree, Plant and Wildlife Identification Clean Water Programs 	On or are surrounding the Matt Augustine Nature Trail	Promote as an event on a monthly basis	Local ExpertsConservation DistrictWatershed GroupsSusquehanna Greenway Reps.
Concerts at the Band Shell	 Themed Music concerts – a 60s night - using a Disc Jockey Seasonal Music Concerts – Summer Concert Series, Memorial Day/Veterans' Day Artistic Performances 	Band Shell	Individual event promotion	 Bands and Music Groups Disc Jockeys School Theatre Groups Dance Schools
Use of the Park for Existing Events	Focus on Halloween and Christmas: Expansion of the Halloween Parade into the Park Have a Trunk-or-Treat event Expand Home for the Holidays into the Park 	Parking LotAsphalt pad located in front of the Band Shell	Individual event promotion with larger event promotion	 Curwensville Merchants Association Clearfield Kiwanis



PARK CONNECTIONS

Connection to Ammerman Trail

Results of the Community Survey show that users of the Park would like to have a connection between Irvin Park and the Ammerman Trail established. An evaluation was conducted as part of this Master Site Plan to identify potential routing for this connection. It is the intent to provide conceptual level options only in this Master Site Plan and to allow future efforts to develop and establish the actual connecting route including installing any on-road improvements necessary to accommodate pedestrian access. The map to the right highlights five (5) potential routes while the following provides a description.

- Susquehanna Ave. Route The Susquehanna Route begins at the western egde of the Park and extends for approximatley 4,200-ft to an exisiting Ammerman Trail access point on Meadow St. in downtown Curwensville. The Route would use the sidewalk system in pace along Susquehanna Ave. This is the only route that would connect to the western edge of the Park.
- Cooper Rd. to River St. Route This Route extends from the eastern edge of the Park and follows Cooper Ave. and then River St. for approximatley 5,000-ft to an existing Ammerman Trail access point on River St near its intersection with Stadium Dr. and PA 879. Improvements along Cooper Rd. and River St. would be needed to accommodate pedestrians and other other users.
- Cooper Rd. to Meadow St. Route The Route follows the same alignment as the Cooper Rd. to River St. Route except that users would take Meadow St. to access the Trail prior to the River St. intersection with Stadium Dr. and PA 879. This route would extend for approximately 5,500-ft. Although longer in length, Meadow Ave. does provide for a calmer connection point with the Trail in comparison to the River St. intersection area. Improvements along Cooper Rd., River St.

Approx. 4,663-lf Meadow St. Route Cooper Rd. prox. 5,500-lf Route Approx. 5,477-1 Route approx. 4,200-lf River St. Route prox. 5,000-lf IRVIN PARK CURWENSVILLE BOROUGH 1,000 CONNECTION TO AMMERMAN TRAIL

- and Meadow St. would be needed to accommodate pedestrians and other users. This Route extends from the eastern edge of the Park.
- Along River to Cooper Rd. Route The intent of this Route is to take users off of a portion of Cooper Rd. and along the West Branch Susquehanna River prior to accessing the Ammerman Trail. Users would still need to use portions of Cooper Rd. and River St. (or Meadow St.) to access the Trail. The total length of this Route is approximately 5,477-ft. A new trail system would need to be constructed along the River to accommodate users. This Route extends from the eastern edgethe Park.
- Along River to River St. Route This Route extends an off-road portion along the West Branch Susquehanna River all the way to River St. The total length of this Route is approximatley 4,663-ft. A new trail system would need to be constructed along the River to accommodate users. This Route extends from the eastern edge of the Park.

Connection to Curwensville Area Elementary/Jr. Sr. High School Campus

Input from the Study Committee indicates they would like to have a walking route established between Irvin Park and the Curwensville Area Elementary/Jr. Sr. High School campus located near the eastern edge of the Park. An evaluation was conducted as part of this Master Site Plan to identify potential routing for this connection. As shown on the image to the right, three (3) potential routes were identified. It is the intent to provide conceptual level options only in this Master Site Plan and to allow future efforts to further develop and establish the actual walking route including designing any onroad improvements necessary to accommodate pedestrian access.

- Chestnut to Susquehanna Ave. Route The Chestnut to Susquehanna Ave. Route connects the School campus to the western egde of the Park. It extends from the School campus down Chestnut St. and then southward along Susquehanna Ave. until it reaches Irvin Park. The total length of this Route is approximatley 2,110-ft. Sidwalks would need to be added to Chesnut St. to create a safer route from the School campus to Susquehanna Ave. Sidewalks are located along Susquehanna Ave to the Park.
- Beech St. to Linden St. Route This Route also connects the School campus to the western egde of the Park. It extends from the School campus southward along Beech St and then westward along Linden St. to Susquehanna Ave. Users would then travel southward along Susquehanna Ave. until it reaches Irvin Park. The total length of this Route is approximatley 2,118-ft. Sidwalks would need to be added to Beech St. and Linden St. to create a safer route from the School campus to Susquehanna Ave. Sidewalks are located along Susquehanna Ave to the Park.
- Cooper Rd. to Irvin Park Rd. Route This Route connects the School campus to the eastern egde of the Park. It extends from the back side of the campus eastward along

Cooper Rd. to rvin Park Rd. Eastern Edge Route approx. 2,217-1 Route Chestnut St. to Susquehanna Av approx. 2,118-lf Western Edge approx. 2,110-lf IRVIN PARK 1,000 CURWENSVILLE BOROUGH CONNECTION TO SCHOOL

Cooper Rd. until it connects with Irvin Park Rd. Users would then travel along Irvin Park Rd. until they could access Irvin Park property. The total length of this Route is approximatley 2,217-ft. Sidewalks or other improvements would need to be added to Cooper Rd. and Irvin Park Rd. to create a safer route from the School campus to the Park.

Implementation Partners

Curwensville Borough, as the owner and operator of Irvin Park, will be a central focal point involved with facilitating and coordinating project implementation efforts. Curwensville Borough will rely on the expertise and capacity of the Project Study Committee members along with Curwensville Area Revitalization Entities (CARE) and Curwensville Regional Development Corporation (CRDC) organizations to essentially need to "keep things moving" by carrying out activities and encouraging actions. CARE and CRDC will take the lead on identify appropriate grant funding opportunities, managing the grant preparation and submission process and to administer funds as they are awarded. CARE and CRDC will also take the lead on pursuing community donation based types of funding.

State Funding

The following section identifies potential funding options for the Park Improvement Projects. Specific consideration should be given to the maximum level of funding available from each source. Some are best considered as supplemental funding options while others can be the single source of funding. Due to ever changing grant funding requirements, availability and funding levels, it is difficult to predict with certainty or to describe an exact funding path for each project. The following provides guidance on the most applicable sources of State level grant funding for parks and recreation type projects.

Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (PA DCNR) - Community Conservation Partnership Program (DCNR - C2P2)
 http://www.dcnr.state.pa.us/brc/grants/c2p2programguidance/index.htm

The C2P2 provides funding to municipalities and authorized nonprofit organizations for recreation, park, trail and conservation projects. Examples of projects include: planning, land acquisition and construction for trails, recreation facilities, conservation projects, parks and open spaces/greenways. Priority trail projects include projects that close trail gaps as well as projects that rehabilitate or upgrade existing trails.

Local Match Requirement: Projects require a 50% match which can include a combination of cash and/or non-cash values.

Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (PA DCNR) – Pennsylvania Recreational Trails Program (DCNR - PRT)
 http://www.dcnr.state.pa.us/brc/grants/c2p2programquidance/index.htm

The Pennsylvania Recreational Trails Program is an assistance program of the U.S. Department of Transportation's Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The FHWA provides funds to state agencies, local governments, non-profit and for-profit organizations to assist with the construction, renovation and maintenance of trails and related facilities for both motorized and non-motorized recreational trail use, the purchase and lease of equipment for trail maintenance and construction and the development of educational materials and programs.

Local Match Requirement: Projects require a 20% match, which can include a combination of cash and/or non-cash values.

Commonwealth Financing Agency (CFA) - Greenways, Trails and Recreation Program (CFA - GTRP)
 http://dced.pa.gov/programs/greenways-trails-and-recreation-program-gtrp

Administered through the PA Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED), the Greenways, Trails and Recreation Program (GTRP) provides funding for planning, acquisition, development, rehabilitation and repair of recreational trails, greenways, open space, parks and beautification projects. The program awards up to \$250,000 per project to eligible applicants.

Local Match Requirement: Projects require 15% cash match.

Commonwealth Financing Authority (CFA) – Mutimodal Transportation Fund (CFA - MTF)
 http://dced.pa.gov/programs/multimodal-transportation-fund/

Administered through the PA Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED), the Multimodal Fund provides funding for the development, rehabilitation and enhancement of transportation assets to existing communities, streetscape, lighting, sidewalk enhancement, pedestrian safety, connectivity of transportation assets and transit-oriented development. Grants are available for projects with a total cost of \$100,000 or more. Grants shall not exceed \$3,000,000 for any project.

Local Match Requirement: Projects require 30% cash match

Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) - Transportation Alternatives Program (PennDOT - TAP)
 http://www.penndot.gov/ProjectAndPrograms/Planning/Pages/Transportation-Alternatives-Program.aspx

The Transportation Alternatives Program (TAP) was authorized under Section 1122 of Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) for community-based projects including the construction of onroad and off-road trail facilities for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other non-motorized forms of transportation including sidewalks, bicycle infrastructure, pedestrian and bicycle signals, traffic calming techniques, lighting and other safety-related infrastructure, and transportation projects to achieve compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. As administered by PennDOT, TAP funds can only be used for construction.

Local Match Requirement: The local applicant is responsible for all Pre-Construction activities including engineering/design and permitting

Pennsylvania Department of Transportation (PennDOT) – Multimodal Transportation Fund (PennDOT - MTF)
 http://www.penndot.gov/ProjectAndPrograms/MultimodalProgram/Pages/default.aspx#. Vfwm17HD-Uk

The Multimodal Transportation Fund (MTF) was created under Act 89 of 2013 which provides funding for the development, rehabilitation, and enhancement of transportation assets to existing communities, streetscape, lighting, sidewalk enhancement, pedestrian safety, connectivity of transportation assets and transit-oriented development.

Local Match Requirement: Projects require 30% cash

Pennsylvania Department of Community and Economic Development (DCED) – Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)
 http://dced.pa.gov/programs/community-development-block-grant-cdbg/

CDBG funding provides grants and technical assistance for federal designated municipalities for any type of community development and can be used for housing rehabilitation, public services, community facilities, infrastructure improvement, development and planning.

It will take the creatively of the Project Study Committee, CARE and CRDC to identify and secure grant funding. Curwensville Borough will need to rely on the expertise of CARE and CRDC to interpret grant source requirements and, when appropriate, coordinate multiple grant applications and local funding sources to take advantage of opportunities.

DCNR, CFA, and PennDOT and GRANT SUMMARY

Criteria	DCNR - C2P2	DCNR - PRT	CFA - GTRP	CFA - MTF	PennDOT - TAP	PennDOT - MTF
Grant Award Amounts	Over \$100,000	Up to \$100,000	Up to \$250,000	\$100,000 - \$3,000,000	\$50,000 - \$1,000,000	\$100,000 - \$3,000,000
Local Match Requirement	50%	20%	15%	30%	All Pre-Construction Activities	30%
Submission Deadline	Annually - Spring	Annually - Spring	Annually - between February 1st and May 31st	Annually - Summer	Bi-Annual September 2017	Annually – Spring

The following link is to the "Finding the Green Guide" to state funding opportunities for conservation, recreation and preservation projects that was compiled by the Pennsylvania Growing Greener Council: http://www.dcnr.state.pa.us/cs/groups/public/documents/documen

The following link is to the "2017 Pennsylvania Grant & Resource Directory" of helpful information for individuals and groups seeking financial support their work, operations, and ideas. http://www.senatordinniman.com/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/Dinniman PA GrantDirectory bklt 2017.pdf

The following link is to PennVESTs "Green Initiatives" program that promotes and encourages environmental responsibility in communities that are creative and innovative with green solutions for water quality management

http://www.pennvest.pa.gov/Information/Funding-Programs/Pages/Green-Initiatives.aspx

Local Funding

Implementing the projects recommended in this Master Plan cannot all be accomplished through State level grant sources. Local organizations and groups must be prepared to contribute financially to the future of the Park. Local cash contributions and/or in-kind service matches will be needed to complete projects independently or as a match contribution to grant awards. Local funding can also be used to continue to installing elements of a larger project. Examples may be to add additional plantings to a landscaped area or to add additional signage and benches to the Matt Augustine Nature Trail or to add picnic tables along the River Walk. As noted previously, as a result of this Master Planning effort, representatives of the Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association were able to meet with Curwensville Borough to propose efforts to construct soccer fields and associated parking lots near Sherman Field on an in-kind basis. The following are creative ways for attracting local donations and funding.

- Adopt-a-Project Similar to PennDot's Adopt-a-Highway Program, Curwensville Area businesses, civic organizations, families and groups/clubs can formally adopt a Project to provide funding or volunteer efforts for maintaining that specific Project. This type of program will be focused on building community pride for the Park by connecting residents and organizations to the long term sustainability of the Park. Recognition of the adopter can be through the placement of a plaque or placing the adopters name on a sign.
- Sponsorship Program A Sponsorship Program allows annual donations to be received from individuals, organizations and businesses and provides a sense of ownership to the sponsor. Sponsorships for a portion of a Project including signage, benches, picnic tables and trail section development can be obtained. As an example, selling of 'in-memory' benches along the Nature Trail and/or picnic tables along the River Walk can be used as fund raiser and, again, as a way to connect residents to the Park. Recognition of the sponsor would be required and can be accomplished through the placement of a plaque, placing the sponsor's name(s) on the sign or panel, and/or special recognition at an opening ceremony. Sponsorships other than cash including donations of services, equipment, labor, or reduced costs for supplies can also be considered.
- Walking Trail Development Fund Establishing a Walking Trail Development Fund allows smaller donations to be accepted and pooled together to be used in developing or maintaining the River Walk, Walking Path along Irvin Rd. or the Loop Trail around Sherman Field. The Borough, CARE or CRDC could maintain and administer the Trail Fund. Various funding levels could range from \$25 to \$500 but would allow donors to contribute any amount.
- Membership Campaign Curwensville area residents, students, organizations and businesses could also individually contribute to the development of the Park by purchasing an annual 'Irvin Park' membership. No specific incentive or advantage would be offered to an 'Irvin Park' member other than some form of special recognition which could be in the form of a unique decal sticker than can be placed on a member's car or business window. Different membership levels could be established for students, Individuals, Businesses and other Organizations.
- Crowdfunding This is a grass roots fundraising approach that creatively raises community support and funds. Crowdfunding is the practice of funding a project or initiative by raising many small amounts of money from a large number of people usually through the internet. The key to this type of approach is to identify an outcome and funding goal that are realistic and achievable. Projects under \$10,000 are good candidates from this type of funding approach. Projects should be specific and something the community will be able to get behind. The value of this type of approach is that it goes beyond simply asking individuals/groups for money by including them in achieving an outcome. It is suggested that projects be started within six months of the close of the crowdfunding campaign so that timely results can be seen by contributors. Any necessary project expenses beyond those raised through this type of fundraising should be available to ensure the project gets completed. In other words, a reliable secondary source of funding should be identified prior to starting a campaign. It will be necessary to have a social media competent person(s) involved to set up the crowdfunding page and to create information for the crowdfunding project (storyline and video/photo) and collecting and organizing contacts for a community outreach (social media, emails, traditional media, etc.) campaign launch. Someone(s) will also need to responsible to correspond directly with donors and to field questions asked by potential donors.

Municipal Funding

Input received during the planning process indicates that direct funding from Curwensville Borough for completing the Improvement Projects is not likely. However, it is important to still note that Curwensville Borough could elect to directly fund these improvements. The Borough could redirect a portion of their available funds towards project construction and/or could set aside funds to be used as a match for grant funding. Curwensville Borough could also consider issuing General Obligation Bonds to raise funds to pay for the construction. In lieu of direct funding, it is likely that Curwensville Borough can provide in-kind services for project construction.

Phased Capital Development Program

Given the extent and number of projects recommended in this Master Plan, it is necessary to look at implementation as occurring on multi-year basis over an extended period of time. Thus, an important component of this Master Plan is the development of a Phased Implementation Plan. This phased approach was developed with the assistance of Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee to ensure that the most desired projects are completed in the earliest phases of Park development. Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee assisted by identifying a number of overall priorities for Irvin Park. These priorities include:

- Improving River Access for boating and fishing, walking down to the rocks along the River and creating better opportunities to view the River from the bank.
- Adding Walking Trails/Walking Opportunities throughout the Park
- Visual Improvements in the Park
- Enhancing the Main Entrance Area and Parking Lot
- Playground Equipment replacing old and adding new

The following Matrix lists the overall priorities and highlights the Projects and their Park Improvement Categories recommended in this Master Plan that specifically address those priorities:

Priority	Project	Category
	Boat Drop Off Area	Natural Resource Connections
Diver Access for besting fishing and walking to the rocks along the Diver	Boat Drop Off Area Access to River	Natural Resource Connections
River Access – for boating, fishing and walking to the rocks along the River	Access Path to the River	Natural Resource Connections
	River Walk	Natural Resource Connections
	New ADA Sidewalks to Pavilions	Eggility Improvements
		Facility Improvements
	Irvin Park Rd Walking Path	Multiple
Adding Walking Trails and Opportunities throughout the Park	Matt Augustine Natural Trail	Natural Resource Connections
	River Walk	Natural Resource Connections
	Loop Trail around Sherman Fields	Sports Complex
	Connecting Walkways	Sports Complex
	New Parking Lot (redesign)	Facility Improvements
	New Entrance Area	Facility Improvements
Visual Improvements in the Park	Vegetated Screening at Little League Field	Facility Improvements
	River Access Path	Natural Resource Connections
Enhancing the Main Entrance Area and Parking Lot	New Parking Lot (redesign)	Facility Improvements
	New Entrance Area	Facility Improvements
	New Parking Lots	Sports Complex
Discoursed Faccines at Danies and Adding Name	Discoursed Charles Davids	Facility Income on to
Playground Equipment – Replacing Old and Adding New	Playground Shade Device	Facility Improvements
	Replace Swingset	Facility Improvements
	New Playground	Sports Complex

Six (6) total phases have been developed for implementing the Irvin Park Master Plan. Each phase reflects the priorities established by Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee. Corresponding cost information is also provided. The suggested implementation timeframe is also provided for each phase:

- o On-going project implementation is underway and should continue
- Short-term project implementation should be focused on in 1-2 year
- o Mid-term project implementation should be focused on in 3-5 years
- Long-term project implementation should be focused on in 5+ years

The following summarizes and provides an overview of the Phased Capital Development Program. A detailed description of the items in each phase along with a breakdown of costs is provided on the following pages.

Phase	Timeframe	Description	Total Cost
1	On-going and Short-Term	Boat Drop Off and River Access, River Walk and River Access Path	\$68,629
2	On-going and Short-Term Matt Augustine Nature Trail, ADA Sidewalks to Pavilions and other Walking Paths		\$155,959
3	Short-Term	Soccer Fields and associated Parking Lots and other Sherman Field Improvements	\$589,703
4	Mid-Term	New Parking Area and Entrance Area Improvements	\$882,843
5	Mid-Term	New Pavilions and Playground Apparatus	\$76,319
6	Long-Term	Repair Curwensville Dam, Repurpose Basketball and Tennis Courts and Sherman Field Lighting	\$965,250
		Totals	\$2,738,703

Phase Timeframe	ITEN	M DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
	BOAT DROP OFF AREA:					
	Gravel Boat Drop-Off		302	SY	\$25.00	\$7,550.00
	Signage (Drop Off Only)		1	EA	\$500.00	\$500.00
	Signage (Boat Trailer Parking/Overflow Parking)		1	EA	\$500.00	\$500.00
	River Access		331	SY	\$25.00	\$8,275.00
1		subtotal	-	-	-	\$16,825.00
On-going	RIVER WALK:					
and	Gravel Sidewalk		910	SY	\$25.00	\$22,750.00
Short-Term	Picnic Tables		6	EA	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
		subtotal	-	-	-	\$28,750.00
	RIVER ACCESS PATH:					
	Gravel Sidewalk		150	SY	\$25.00	\$3,750.00
	Landscaping/Beautification Improvements		1	LS	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00
		subtotal	-	-	-	\$7,750.00
					SUBTOTAL	\$53,325.00
CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%						\$5,332.50
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION						\$58,657.50
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%						\$8,798.63 \$1,173.15
	ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2% GRAND TOTAL					

Phase Timeframe	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
	MATT AUGUSTINE NATURE TRAIL:				
	Signage (Trail)	2	EA	\$500.00	\$1,000.00
	Benches (around Trail)	4	EA	\$1,000.00	\$4,000.00
2	Pavilion	1	EA	\$10,000.00	\$10,000.00
_	Picnic Tables	6	EA	\$1,000.00	\$6,000.00
On-going and	Gravel Sidewalk from Trail to Pavilion/Picnic Tables	220	SY	\$25.00	\$5,500.00
Short-Term	subtotal	-	-	-	\$26,500.00
	ADA Asphalt Sidewalks Connecting to Pavilions	211	SY	\$80.00	\$16,880.00
	Irvin Park Rd Walking Path	867	SY	\$25.00	\$21,675
	Gravel Sidewalks (Connecting Smith St to Sherman Fields)	860	SY	\$25.00	\$21,500
	Loop Trail around Sherman Fields	1,385	SY	\$25.00	\$34,625.00
				SUBTOTAL	\$121,180.00 \$12,118.00
CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%					
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION					
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15% ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%					
				GRAND TOTAL	\$2,665.96 \$155,958.66

Phase Timeframe	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
	New Soccer Fields	2	EA	\$100,000.00	\$200,000.00
	New Playground with ASTM Safety Surface at Sherman Fields	1	EA	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00
3	Vegetated Screening around New Playground at Sherman Fields	1	LS	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
	Sherman Fields and Soccer Fields Composting Restroom	1	LS	\$90,000.00	\$90,000.00
Short-Term	Gravel Parking Lot (Phase 1)	2,816	SY	\$25.00	\$70,400.00
	Gravel Parking Lot (Phase 2)	3,112	SY	\$25.00	\$77,800.00
	Vegetated Screening at Little League Field	1	LS	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
				SUBTOTAL	\$468,200.00
	CONSTR	RUCTION	CONTING	ENCIES @ 10%	\$46,820.00
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION					
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%					
ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%					
				GRAND TOTAL	\$589,703.00

Phase Timeframe	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
	NEW PARKING AREA and ENTRANCE AREA IMPROVEMENTS				
	Asphalt Paving	5,550	SY	\$80.00	\$444,000.00
4	6" Sub base	6,070	SY	\$25.00	\$151,750.00
	Excavation	2,000	CY	\$10.00	\$20,000.00
Mid-Term	Asphalt Sidewalks	309	SY	\$80.00	\$24,720.00
	Parking Lot Landscaping	1	LS	\$4,000.00	\$4,000.00
	Stone and Lumber Fencing	830	LF	\$50.00	\$41,500.00
				SUBTOTAL	\$685,970.00
	CONSTR	RUCTION	CONTING	ENCIES @ 10%	\$68,597.00
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION					\$754,567.00
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%					\$113,185.05
ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%					\$15,091.34
				GRAND TOTAL	\$882,843.39

Phase Timeframe	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL	
5 Mid-Term	PAVILIONS:					
	Two (2) New Pavilions	2	EA	\$10,000.00	\$20,000.00	
	Gravel Parking Lots/Walkways	710	SY	\$30.00	\$21,300.00	
	New Swing Set Apparatus with ASTM Safety Surface	1	EA	\$13,000.00	\$13,000.00	
	Playground Shade Screen	2	EA	\$2,500.00	\$5,000.00	
SUBTOTAL						
CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%						
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION						
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%						
ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%						
GRAND TOTAL						

Phase Timeframe	ITEM DESCRIPTION	QNTY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL	
6	Repair Curwensville Dam (Final design required to determine actual construction costs)	1	LS	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00	
	Convert Basketball Court to Volleyball	1	LS	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	
Long-Term	Convert Tennis Courts to Basketball	1	LS	\$30,000.00	\$30,000.00	
	Sherman Fields Baseball Field Lighting	2	EA	\$200,000.00	\$400,000.00	
SUBTOTAL						
CONSTRUCTION CONTINGENCIES @ 10%						
TOTAL CONSTRUCTION						
PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FEES (DESIGN/ENGINEERING/INSPECTION) @ 15%						
ADMINISTRATIVE @ 2%						
GRAND TOTAL						

The EADS Group, Inc. is not a construction contractor and therefore the above cost opinions are based solely upon our experience with construction. This requires The EADS Group to make a number of assumptions, including actual conditions to be encountered, specific decisions of other design/engineering professionals engaged, the means, methods and materials of construction, permitting and other factors not under the control of The EADS Group. Given these assumptions which must be made, The EADS Group states that the above is a fair and reasonable estimate of probable costs. The above costs do not include utility connection or service fees.

The information provided in this Recommendations section provides Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee with guidance that will aid in project implementation efforts. Maintaining flexibility and capitalizing on opportunities will be a key to successfully implementing this Master Plan. Unforeseen opportunities, the identification of grant funding options not identified in this Plan, unsolicited donations and offers of in-kind services will often dictate which projects or project components get implemented. The improvement projects included in this Master Plan all will lead to the betterment of Irvin Park regardless of which order they are implemented. This ultimately gives Curwensville Borough and the Project Study Committee freedom to implement the Plan as they need, as funds are available and as future conditions require. What can be said with certainty is that this Master Plan provides an assortment of improvement projects, recreation programming and asset connections ideas that matches what the Borough, members of the Project Study Committee and the Curwensville community want to see at Irvin Park and reflects how they want to use the Park now and into the future.



Irvin Park Master Site Development Plan

Irvin Park is operated and maintained by Curwensville Borough. Maintenance throughout the Borough and at Irvin Park is completed by a two (2) person Street Department. Curwensville does not have a separate Parks Department or personnel that are devoted to Park maintenance on a full-time basis. Currently the Borough's Street Department consists of a Street Leadman, Mr. Tracy Kester and an Equipment Operator/Laborer I, Mr. Dennis Curry. The Borough has indicated that staffing of their Street Department is not anticipated to be increased in the coming years.

Curwensville Borough has an assortment of maintenance related equipment and apparatus that is used to maintain Irvin Park and all other areas in the Borough. This equipment includes:

- A John Deere brand mower and a Case brand mower they are used to cut and maintain grass areas in the Park.
- A Plow truck used to keep the Irvin Park Rd., Smith St. and the parking areas open during winter months.
- Additional equipment includes a Hauler trailer used haul garbage cans to the dumpster and to clean-up tree limbs, brush and other accumulated debris from the Park.
- Smaller equipment including power saws (2), push mowers used to cut grass around near the Pavilions, shovels, post diggers and other small hand tools.

The Borough also maintains a fleet of automobiles, including pick-up trucks; a hauler trailer and a dump truck that are available for use in the Borough and at the Park as needed. The Borough will maintain their current level of maintenance vehicles, equipment and related apparatus in future years, replacing equipment on an as needed basis.

Maintenance Needs

Overall, respondents to the Community Survey noted that a majority of the Park's facilities are in the good or fair condition. The Band Shell, Ball Fields, Pavilions and Play Apparatus were identified as being in good condition while the Tennis and Basketball Courts and Fishing Area were reported to be in fair condition. Results of the Community Survey did highlight a need to improve the condition of the



Park's restroom facilities. It was suggested that painting the restrooms (inside and out) are needed to improve condition of the restroom facilities. Other comments received related to maintenance needs focused on the need to improve the visual quality of the Park through general appearance improvements and landscaping. Several projects that will address visual quality improvements to the Park are recommended in this Master Plan.

Irvin Park Expenses

As noted previously, maintenance at Irvin Park is completed by the Borough's Street Department. The Department's salaries, benefits and other related expenses are covered wholly by the Borough. Borough operational procedures and accounting of time and expenses does not provide for a way to delineate out Street Department expenses used and/or generated by activities at Irvin Park. Curwensville Borough's 2017 Budget does however show that operational expenses anticipated from Irvin Park in 2017 totals \$4,415.

General Park Maintenance Items	\$3,000.00
Park Electric for the Band Shell	\$175.00
Park Electric for the Pavilions	\$700.00
Park Electric for Park Lighting	\$200.00
Park Water for the restrooms and water fountain	\$340.00
Total	\$4,415.00

Irvin Park Revenues

Revenues from Irvin Park are generated from three (3) sources: Curwensville Days Concessions, Donations from Pavilion Rentals and Donations from usage of the Band Shell. Currently, the rental 'donation' for the Park's three large pavilions is \$50 while rental of the two smaller pavilions requires a \$20 'donation'. Rental of the Park's Band Shell requires a \$50 'donation'. Curwensville Borough's 2017 Budget shows that revenues anticipated to be generated from Irvin Park totals \$2,300.

Curwensville Days Concessions	\$200.00
Pavilion Rentals	\$1,800.00
Band Shell Rentals	\$300.00
Tot	tal \$2,300.00

Comparing projected revenues with expenses shows that expenses are greater than the revenues being generated from the Park. The net deficient is approximately \$2,100 for 2017.

Additional Revenue Opportunities

As described in the Recommendations section, two (2) new large pavilions are proposed to be constructed in the Park. These new pavilions will be available for public rentals at the same rate as the existing large pavilions. It is estimated that the new pavilions will generate approximately \$1,200 of revenue annually. It is also a recommendation of this Plan to increase use of the Band Shell for concerts and performances. It is anticipated that increased use of the Band Shell could generate an additional \$200 in revenues annually. Together, the new pavilions and increased use of the Band Shell are anticipated to generate an additional \$1,400 in revenues annually. Although it will not entirely erase the operating deficient of the Park it will reduce it down closer to a break even operation. An annual review of the rental 'donation' rates for the pavilion and band shelter is recommended in this Master Plan. Increasing the rental 'donation' rates for the pavilions and Band Shell should be considered to help offset expenses.

Irvin Park Master Site Development Plan

Future Maintenance Responsibilities

A well maintained Irvin Park will enhance a user's experience which will lead to good word of mouth promotion and increased usage levels which will ultimately increase the Park's positive impact on the community and surrounding region. Specific maintenance objectives recommended for the Park include:

- Eliminating unsafe and unsightly conditions
- Limiting impacts the Park has on the surrounding environment
- Reducing inconveniences for Park users
- Ensuring proper functioning of the Park facilities and amenities
- Repainting (inside and out) the Restroom facilities

In addition, usage of the Park is anticipated to increase as the improvements recommended in this Master Plan are completed. Increased use will inevitably lead to increased maintenance responsibilities. Future maintenance tasks that will likely result from completion of recommended Park Improvements are provided below. Curwensville Borough will need to incorporate these tasks into their Park maintenance routine. Maintenance tasks that will need to be completed in the Park fall into four primary categories including Trash, Vegetation, Surface, Structures and Trees. The following describes individual tasks within each maintenance category.

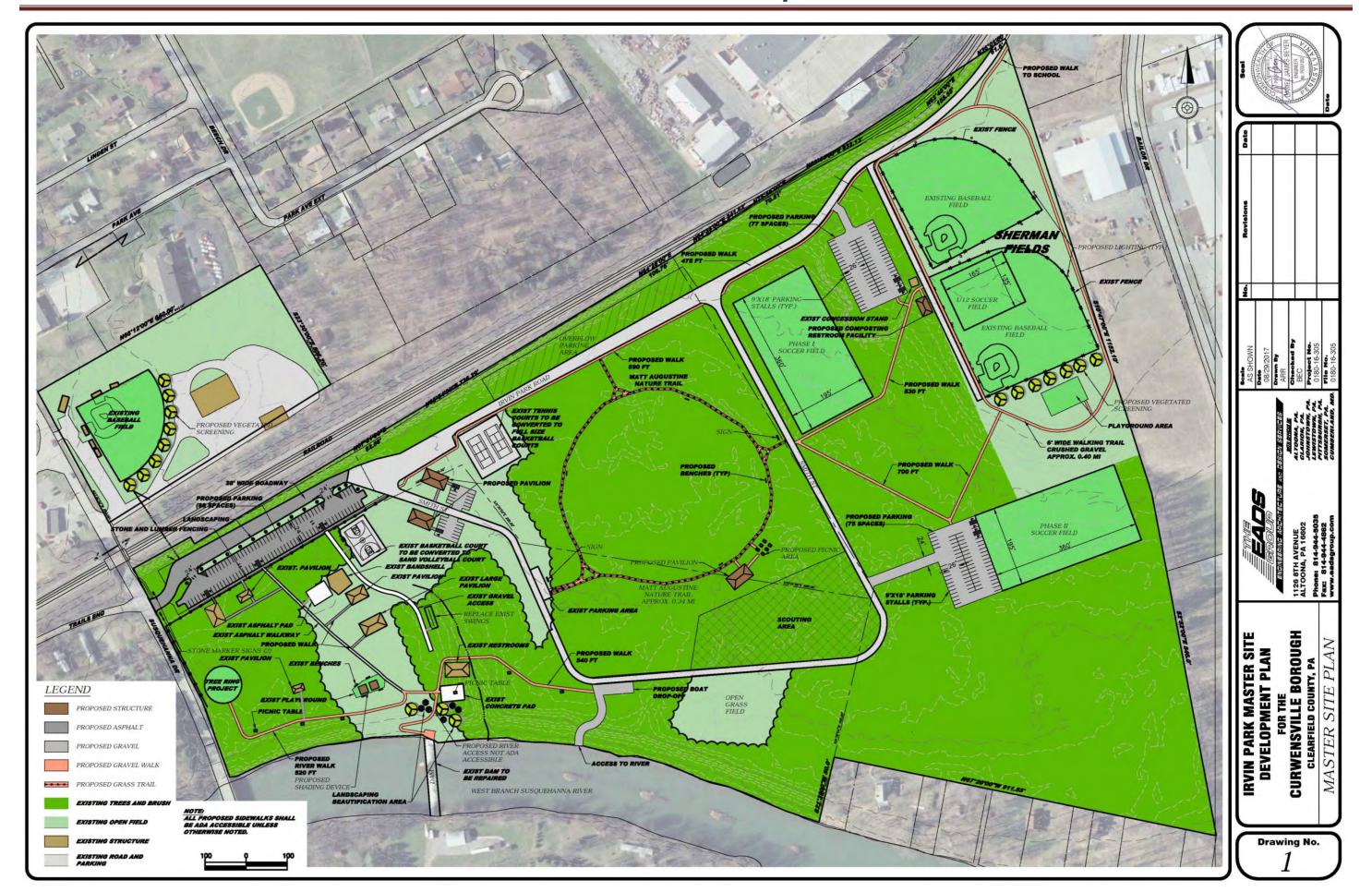
- Trash and Debris this includes picking up and removing trash and debris found along new trails and walkways installed in the Park and within reason, in areas adjacent to the trails and walkways that are visible to users. This includes the River Walk and pathway to the River, the Matt Augustine Nature Trail and the walkways connecting the Boat Drop Off area, Soccer fields and along Irvin Park Rd. It is recommended that volunteer based clean up days be held at the Park on a monthly basis. Likely volunteer groups include members of the Soccer Association and Little League association, their players and parents and members of the Project Study Committee. Local church groups, Boy Scout and Girl Scouts should also be engaged.
- Vegetation this includes mowing and weed whacking, as necessary, the surface of the Matt Augustine Nature Trail and areas adjacent to new trails and walkways in the Park. Cutting and pruning trees and tree limbs back away from theses areas to allow unobstructed passage and cutting back areas with unwanted weeds or invasive species will also be required. Additional tasks can include improving the visual attractiveness of the trails and walkways by planting vegetated areas with attractive plants and flowers and/or establishing garden areas around the trails, walkways and their access points.
- Surface as the name suggests, tasks in the category focus on maintaining the integrity of trail and walkway surfaces, soccer fields, parking areas, playgrounds and the boat drop off area. Activities can range from routine inspection to periodic grading to spot surface repairs to entire resurfacing efforts. Activities will also include being prepared to address emergency situations such as immediately removing a tree limb felled across a trail or walkway, stabilizing a major washout event or anything else that creates an immediate unsafe condition.
 - It is anticipated that the Curwensville Little League Association will continue to be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Little League field and Sherman Fields and supporting facilities including parking areas and concession stands. It is anticipated that Curwensville Borough will enter into a maintenance agreement with the Curwensville Recreation Soccer Association or other entity that will be constructing the soccer and supporting facilities in the Park.
- Structures new structures recommended in this Plan include two (2) new pavilions, picnic tables, signage, fencing, lighting, a composting restroom, playground and benches. These structures will need to be inspected and repaired as required. Activities will range from routine inspection of the structures to periodic repair and replacement.
- Trees This Park Master Plan recommends that an annual assessment of the tree resources in the Park be completed to identify maintenance needs in order to protect public safety as well as to promote the longevity of the trees and the value they provide.

Maintenance Equipment and Costs

Incorporating future maintenance tasks will be more efficient if proper equipment is available for use. Maintenance equipment needed for the Park includes a tractor with mower and a drag or roller to maintain the surface of the Nature Trail, a small truck or utility vehicle that can transport supplies and that can be used to remove larger debris from portions of the walkways not readily accessible from Irvin Park Rd or Smith St., power equipment such as chain saws, trimmers and other tools like hand saws, pruners, rakes and shovels. It is recommended that Curwensville Borough anticipates escalating maintenance costs and programs maintenance tasks and capital costs for maintenance equipment into their annual budgeting process. It is recommended that the Borough increase their park maintenance budget by 10% annually to address anticipated maintenance equipment and maintenance tasks needs.

APPENDIX A MASTER SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Irvin Park Master Site Development Plan



APPENDIX B IRVIN PARK TREE INVENTORY AND ASSESSMENT

Introduction

In March and April 2013, Rich Johnson, DCNR Service Forester, and Timothy Frontz, DCNR Area Forest Health Specialist, conducted a tree inventory and hazard tree assessment at the request of the Curwensville Borough. Data collection for the assessment and inventory was initiated on March 26, 2013 and was completed on April 9, 2013.

Observations indicate the park is blessed with a significant number of large, historic, and mature shade trees. Many of these trees provide considerable value to the public and their recreational experiences at the park. While these trees represent tremendous resource value, their maintenance in high-use public areas also represents significant liability. This completed inventory represents a first step in the development of a comprehensive park landscape master plan. This inventory does not cover all the trees at Irvin Park, but it focuses on the trees that represent the highest potential risks due to their location in the high-use areas of the park and adjacent to the walking trail. It is critically important that the master plan contain provisions to routinely assess the park's trees for all maintenance needs in order to protect public safety as well as promote longevity of the trees and the value they provide.

Data Collection

During March and April 2013, basic tree inventory data was collected using a diameter tape and a Biltmore stick. The diameter tape was used to record tree diameters to the nearest inch with the measurements taken at breast height (DBH). The Biltmore stick was used to estimate the height of each tree in feet. Other data collected included each tree's botanical name, common name, species code, diameter-at-breast height (DBH), height, risk rating, comments, treatment recommendations (see work codes in Table 1), and treatment priority ranking. The risk rating refers a subjective rating of each tree's potential for structural failure (branches, trunk, or support roots) ranging from very low to critical. In

some cases a rating of UNKNOWN is indicated if tree conditions could not be accessed in order to be accurately assessed (Example: A hollow cavity and decay in the main trunk 50 feet from the ground level). The risk rating incorporates tree species and other tree factors such as size, lean, weight distribution, decay, etc. In Appendix 1 (Master Inventory List), the comments field contains important comments about each tree related to its current condition and recommended treatment actions. The work code is a single or two-letter code to quickly identify recommended treatment actions. The following list (also included in Appendix 1A) identifies recommended treatment actions with their work codes.

Table 1 Key to tree work codes and associated treatment recommendations.

	The state of the s
WORK CODE	RECOMMENDED TREATMENT ACTION(S)
С	Cable (cabling needed to reduce risk of branch or trunk failure)
CC	Crown cleaning (removal of weak, broken, dead, & diseased
	branches)
DW	Deadwooding (removal of all deadwood 2 in. diameter and larger)
E	Evaluate (further evaluation needed)
F	Fertilize (according to soil test results to improve vigor)
1	Insect (pest species identified, control action recommended)
M	Mulch (add mulch to improve soil and growing conditions)
Р	Plant (consider planting or replanting with desirable tree species)
R	Remove (significant defects present requiring removal of the tree)
SP	Structural prune (needed to develop proper branch structure,
	especially with young trees
ST	Soil test (needed to assess soil conditions and soil nutrient
	content)
	especially with young trees Soil test (needed to assess soil conditions and soil nutrient

The treatment priority ranking ranks each tree with regards to the priority for implementation of recommended treatments (High priority = 1 to Low priority = 4). By prioritizing treatment recommendations, Borough of Curwensville personnel should have better flexibility for planning and developing more modest annual budget appropriations in order to fund needed proactive treatments

rather than reacting to more unpredictable situations often requiring significant funding. Perhaps even more important justification for prioritizing treatments is based on addressing the safety concerns posed by severe risk trees and their potential to cause significant personal injury and/ or property damage in the event of structural failure.

2013 Inventory Summary

Annual field evaluations and assessments of the Irvin Park trees are required in order to properly manage the trees and the inherent safety concerns they pose in a high-use recreational site. These annual assessments, as part of a 5 or 10-year park Master Plan, are critical in preserving, maintaining, and enhancing the park's valuable trees safely for the enjoyment of the public.

Appendix 2 identifies critical risk trees. There are 7 critical risk trees that have been identified in the March/ April 2013 inventory. Five of these 7 critical risk trees are large in size, with diameters over 24 inches. Critical risk trees have factors present which indicate failure of all or part of the tree is eminent and removal is the only treatment option that should be considered in order to safely mitigate the risks to person or property. A large critical risk tree with a priority ranking of 1 is extremely dangerous and should be removed immediately.

Appendix 3 identifies 9 serious risk trees. Severe risk trees have major defects such as significant decay, that often require removal. Failure of severe risk trees may not be immediate, however multiple factors or conditions often exist that represent an unacceptable level of risk or probability for failure. Severe risk trees must be monitored very carefully with removal or corrective actions taken concurrently with critical risk trees or very soon thereafter.

Irvin Park is blessed with several large eastern hemlock (*Tsuga canadensis*) specimens. The eastern hemlock is Pennsylvania's state tree. Fifteen hemlock trees were identified in the inventory with 12 trees located in the main park area and 3 trees located adjacent to the trail area. Seven large-diameter (> 24 in. DBH), high-value hemlocks are positioned in main park area. Health assessments

conducted at the time of the tree inventory confirmed the presence of an important hemlock pest the hemlock woolly adelgid)(HWA). HWA was accidentally introduced to the Pacific Northwest of the United States in 1923. The pest species was confirmed in southeastern Pennsylvania in the late-1960's. The first HWA infestation in Clearfield county was confirmed in December 2010 (see Appendix 4) in Karthaus Township near the Susquehanna River. HWA is very prolific with two generations per year. Once established, HWA populations build to damaging levels causing crown thinning and defoliation. Individual trees may die 3 to 5 years following initial infestations, particularly if the trees are not vigorous or are stressed by other damaging agents. The treatment work code I has been assigned to these hemlock trees. In order to save these valuable specimens (Appendix 5), insecticide treatments should begin in 2014 to control HWA. There are several insecticide treatment options to control HWA. It is very important that HWA treatments are implemented by an experienced, PA-certified pesticide applicator.

In addition to the high-value hemlock trees, Irvin Park is blessed with a large population (108 trees) of mature oak trees. The park's oak population is mainly represented by white oak (Quercus alba), northern red oak (Quercus rubra), scarlet oak (Quercus coccinea), and black oak (Quercus velutina). White oak comprises half (50%) of the oak species in the park. Many of these large oak trees have multiple treatment work codes including pruning to remove deadwood, soil testing, fertilization, and mulching. Several of these trees may be at a critical point in terms of their vulnerability to various damaging agents and their ability to withstand stress and maintain enough vigor to prevent general decline, dieback, and mortality. Relatively small budgetary considerations would be required to implement very important plant health care operations that would enable the Borough to prolong the longevity of these large high-value trees for a considerable length of time. Intervention beginning in 2014 will prevent dieback, decline, and mortality of a considerable number of these large trees. Lack of intervention would likely result in the need to budget considerable finances inherent with the removal of large trees. Additionally, decline and mortality of the large trees represents other huge losses that can't be easily measured such as historical value, aesthetic quality of the park, shade, and visitor recreational experience.

As mentioned previously, very cost-effective plant health care treatments can be implemented to promote vigor and longevity of the park's large trees. Proper mulching represents perhaps the most important of these treatments. Properly applied mulch (see Appendix 6) will help retain valuable soil moisture, prevent mechanical injury to the roots from turf maintenance equipment, provide valuable organic matter, and promote critical biological activity necessary for healthy tree root systems. Proper mulching consists of a good bark mulch (aged, if possible) applied in a 3 to 4 inch layer from the trunk flare area to at a radius at least 3 times (3X) the diameter of the trunk (see Appendix 5). It is very important to keep the mulch pulled away from constant contact with the tree trunk. Mulch in constant contact with the trunk increases the risk for pest problems, both insect and disease-causing agents.

If possible, extending the mulch zone to the rain drip edge of the tree leaf canopy provides optimal soil conditions. However, a compromise between the area mulched and the area maintained in grass is often necessary in order to appease visual preferences or aesthetic goals. Breaking up old clumped mulch each spring and lightly remulching or refreshing the mulch around needed trees helps maintain maximum biological benefit to the tree(s) while maintaining cost efficiency with tree maintenance program(s).

Soil testing is very important in determining if there are significant nutrient deficiencies that are negatively impacting the health and vitality of the park's trees. It is important to recognize that in most typical park settings, there is a very low level of natural nutrient additions to the soil due to leaf removal. Proper soil nutrient content and availability to the trees root systems is essential for vitality and long-term survival. Soil testing is inexpensive (\$9.00 through Penn State University) and due to the close proximity of multiple specimens of the same species (Example: white oak), a composite sample can be submitted that would accurately assess multiple specimens.

Custom fertilization programs based on soil test results would enable the best chance for promoting tree vitality and resiliency to various damaging agents. Any tree fertilization work should be combined with proper mulching to maximize the positive tree health benefits. The positive impact of combined soil testing, fertilization, and proper mulching far outweighs the influence of the individual treatments by themselves. Fall (after leaf drop) is the best time to implement most tree fertilization programs due to the ability to promote recovery of compromised root systems. However, splitting the application for high-value trees in poor condition and applying in both spring (after full leaf expansion) and fall has been found to be quite beneficial.

One of the most important components to the park's tree maintenance program is routine (yearly or sooner if specified) tree health evaluations and hazard assessments. The importance of the evaluation component can't be overemphasized due to the liability issues involved in ensuring public safety on park property in close proximity to all the trees. The evaluation component is essential in identifying tree failure risks and working proactively to address any unacceptable risks. As previously stated, this should be accomplished by prioritizing the most serious risks first, which would normally be focused on tree removals. However, not all cases will necessitate or warrant removal, but yet significant risk is involved with the presence of deadwood, as known as "widow makers", in the tree crowns. Deadwooding is probably the most important pruning requirement for Irvin Park due to the number and size of the large trees present in the park. As with all other tree maintenance operations, ONLY trained professionals with documented credentials as Certified Arborists through the International Society of Arboriculture (ISA) should be included as potential contractors utilized by the Borough and :/or Shade Tree Commission.

One of the positive measures already in place in the administration of the trees in Irvin Park is the provision requiring a tree to be planted whenever a tree must be removed. This is good way to ensure that trees of various age classes will always be present at Irvin Park. Careful planning should be used to ensure that the right tree species are planted according to the expected size of the tree at maturity, matching tree species with soil/ site requirements, and allowing

sufficient space for proper root and tree canopy development. For example, a tulip tree (Lirodendron tulipifera) would not be a good choice to plant next to a building due to its large size at maturity. Additionally, attention should be given to insect and disease conditions that may be inherent to certain tree species that would require substantial care in order to maintain. Appendix 7 lists small, medium, and large-sized deciduous tree species at maturity that could be considered for planting in the park, it also contains some attributes that may make them desirable for planting in certain locations. Other brief notes provide locations or reasons not to plant them at certain locations. This list IS NOT all inclusive, but serves as a general aid to the range of tree species available for planting from most nurseries. Appendix 8 illustrates some evergreen tree species to be considered for planting. As with other tree care operations, NO planting stock should be purchased and planted without being first inspected by a qualified tree care professional. Poor quality planting stock and improper planting techniques often lead to expensive problems (such as girdling roots) in the future that may not become evident until 30 or 40 years after planting. The value of these losses is compounded by the loss of tree and the benefits it provides (shade, beauty, etc.), the time lost in growing the tree to significant size (usually years), and the considerable finances invested in maintaining the tree over time (mulch, irrigations, etc.). One final note with regards to tree planting is the critical importance of maintaining a high level of species diversity in Irvin Park. Tree species diversity of under 10% in most locations is undesirable and greatly increases the chance for significant losses in monoculture plantings due to exotic insect and disease damaging agents. A good example of this is easily illustrated with the heavy losses in urban tree populations in Ohio and Michigan due to the Emerald Ash Bore since the detection of this pest in Michigan in 2002.

Fundraising and Educational Opportunities

The uniqueness of Irvin Park lends itself very well to good opportunities for fundraising and education. The presence of the stage area underneath the large trees, the walking trail, the proximity to the river, and the notable existing events

(car shows) all provide a way to showcase the park and enhance fundraising and education in assisting to maintain the value of the park and its tree resources. Interpretative signage with historical facts or interesting information on tees/wildlife may stimulate interest and donations to help maintain the park. Some proceeds from entertainment at the stage may also help fund development of a park landscape master plan and implementation of the master plan. Volunteers such as the Boy Scouts or Girl Scouts may be able to assist as part of their merit badge achievement requirements. Local college students may also be able to contribute as part of their environmental science, forestry, or similar course of study or independent studies program. Also, some funding may be available from the International Society of Arboriculture and its TREECITY USA or similar programs.

Tree Tagging and Plant Records

An important recommendation to consider, regardless of whether a decision is made to develop a landscape master plan for Irvin Park, pertains to tagging the trees with a number identification tag. At a minimum, this will enable park maintenance staff to quickly and accurately report safety concerns or maintenance needs to Borough personnel responsible for managing the park. A simple tagging and identification plan would consist of obtaining small aluminum tags with numbers that would be attached to the trunk with a long 3- to 4-inch stainless-steel wood screw. The purpose of the long wood screw is to hold the tag away from the bark surface so that the tag is not rapidly overgrown by growth of the bark. Attachment to the tree trunk should occur high enough from the ground level that the tags would be out of reach from anyone reaching up from ground level. This may be important in minimizing damage or loss of tags due to vandalism. A more elaborate tree tagging system could be implemented, if desired, that might include the tree's common name, scientific name, and an accession number. Accession numbers are commonly used by public gardens and arboretums in a computer plant records database. These records often contain more detailed information that might include such data as the year the tree was

planted, the source location, and other special information common to historic specimens, etc.

Summary

This report does not serve as a landscape master plan for Irvin Park. The purpose of this report is to encourage or stimulate further interest in developing a comprehensive park landscape master plan in order that the very valuable tree resources in the park can be properly managed for the enjoyment of the public on a long-term basis. A landscape master plan would also help provide the Borough of Curwensville an organized template to maintain the parks tree and other plant resources in a safe and sustainable manner.

<u>List of Appendices</u>

Appendix 1	Master tree inventory for Irvin Park (March 2013).
Appendix1A	Key to work codes and treatment recommendations.
Appendix 2	Table of critical risk hazard trees at Irvin Park (March 2013).
Appendix 3	Table of severe risk hazard trees at Irvin Park (March 2013).
Appendix 4	Map of PA counties with confirmed HWA infestations (Dec. 2013).
Appendix 5	Table of high-value hemlock trees in (March 2013 Irvin Park needling treatments to control HWA.
Appendix 6	Illustration of proper mulching around a mature copper beech.
Appendix 7	List of deciduous tree species for possible planting at Irvin Park.
Appendix 8	List of evergreen tree species for possible planting at Irvin Park.
Appendix 9	Hemlock Woolly Adelgid pest information fact sheet.

TREE BOTANICAL NAME 1 Picea abies 2 Acer rubrum 3 Carya ovata	NAME COMMON NAME SP. CODE DIA(in.) HT (ft.) COMMEN Norway spruce NS 11 32 May be p Red maple RM 17 40 Severe ris Shagbark hickory HI 9 40 Light dea	SP. CODE I	DIA(in.) HI 11 17	SP. CODE DIA(in.) HT (ft.) COMMENTS NS 11 32 May be plan NS 17 40 Severe risk deadwi	rch 2013) tt.) COMMENTS 32 May be planned for removal due to stone monument construction 40 Severe risk due to trunk decay @20-25 ft. 40 Light deadwooding needed (2 in. dia. Branches or less)	RISK RATING WORK CODE med for removal due to stone monument construction Very low fue to trunk decay @20-25 ft. Severe R vooding needed (2 in. dia. Branches or less) Very low DW
	Shagbark hickory	Ħ	9	40 Light deadwoodin		less)
4 Carya ovata	Shagbark hickory	Ξ	14	40 Light deadwoodin	40 Light deadwooding needed (2 in. dia. Branches or less)	less)
5 Picea abies	Norway spruce	;	12	32 Good condition		verylow
5 Quercus rubra 7 Picea abies	N. Red oak	₹ 3	15 6	40 Good condition		
	Norway spruce	NS.	11	32 Basal decay @ tru	32 Basal decay @ trunk flare; 5-6 ft, decay column located 3 ft. from grnd.	nk flare; 5-6 ft, decay column located 3 ft. from grnd. Medium
9 Picea abies	Norway spruce	S	13	40 Orignial central st	40 Orignial central stem gone; Now has 3 stems originating at 20 ft.	em gone; Now has 3 stems originating at 20 ft. Low
10 Picea ables	Norway spruce	SS	13	40 Poor form; Codon	40 Poor form; Codominant trunk @ 20 ft. w/ included bark	inant trunk @ 20 ft. w/ included bark tow
11 Picea abies	Norway spruce	SS	13	40 Good condition		Very low
12 Acer rubrum	Red maple	RM	12	25 Poor form;; Trunk	25 Poor form;; Trunk decay @ 10 ft from grnd.	decay @ 10 ft from grnd. Medium
13 Pinus sylvestris	Scots pine	qs	19	48 Small deadwood in the tree canopy	n the tree canopy	n the tree canopy Low
14 Picea glauca	White spruce	SW S	12 6	15 Ok 48 Ok		Very low Very low
	White pine	₩Þ	25	80 Light deadwooding	80 Light deadwooding needed: Adjacent to picnic pavillion	gneeded: Adjacent to picnic pavillion
17 Pinus strobus	White pine	₩P	26	80 Sig. crown thinning	80 Sig. crown thinning/ decline evident; Needle chlorosis; Reeval 6 mo.	3/ decline evident; Needle chlorosis; Reeval 6 mo. High
18 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM	22	70 Ok; Light deadwo	70 Ok; Light deadwooding; Light decline/ dieback evident in top of tree	oding; Light decline/ dieback evident in top of tree Low
19 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	26	100 Ok; Light deadwooding	oding	oding Low
20 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	25	80 Ok		Low
21 Picea abies	Norway spruce	SS	13	60 Good condition		Low
22 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM	13	40 Good condition;	Treat for HWA	Treat for HWA Low
23 Magnolla acuminata	Cucumber magnolia	CM	20	80 Good condition		Low
24 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	26	95 Good condition		Low
25 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	16	70 Good condition		Low
26 Quercus alba	White oak	WO	48	90 Needs follou-up	90 Needs follou-up eval for decay @ trunk flare; Burls present	eval for decay @ trunk flare; Burls present UNKNOWN
27 Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	MS	7	32 Good condition		Very low
28 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	25	90 Good condition		MOT
29 Acer platanoides	Norway maple	N	13	40 Trunk wound ne	40 Trunk wound near gmd; Codom stems @ 10 ft. from gmd.	ar gmd; Codom stems @ 10 ft. from gmd.
30 Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	MS	8	40 Coddominant ste	40 Coddominant stems at 16 ft. from grnd.	ıms at 16 ft. from grnd.
31 Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	MS	22	80 Crown decline evi	80 Crown decline evident; Light deadwooding needed	dent; Light deadwooding needed Medium
and the same in th	Curimber magnetia	C.	29	80 Good condiiton: Li	80 Good condiiton; Light deadwooding needed	ght deadwooding needed Low

20 kange mitemal track at dank hom ground to 23 . Homk decay. Reeva	o . II unik decay. Neevai.	o . Hurik decay. Neeval. — UlaniaOvyin
5' Trunk decay Reeva	5' Trunk decay Reeval	decay Reeval
		Low
		Low
		Very low
		Very low
		Low
		Severe
		Severe
		UNKNOWN
60 Sig. decline/ dieback; Branches overhand road & bridge	l & bridge	1 & bridge Severe
		Severe
		Very low
		Very low
		Very low
Some decline/ dieback in the crown; Deadwood preset.	od preset.	od preset. Medium
		Very low
Ok. Codominate trunks @ 20 ft. ht. from grnd: Reevaluate for cab	id: Reevaluate for cable	id: Reevaluate for cable UNKNOWN
Heavy resin flow; Significant trunk decay, reevaluate	evaluate	evaluate Medium
		Very low
		Very low
		UNKNOWN
		Very low
80 Good condition; Lower crewn cleaning/ remove dead branch stub	ve dead branch stubs	ve dead branch stubs Very low
		Medium
		Verylow
50 Poor form; crowding tree #40; Consdier removing to promote Tre	ving to promote Tree 40	
		Very law
		Very low
		Very low
		Critical
		Low
		Low
		Low
50 Open cavity; Decay column approx. 5" wide X 4 ft. long	Itt. long	ft. long UNKNOWN

		Very low	50 Good condition. Raise mower deck to avoid damage to roots	14	SS	Norway spruce	100 Picea abies
<u>سر</u>	m	UNKOWN	30 Poor form. Open cavity w/ decau @ 15-16 ft. ht. from grnd. Reevaluate	12	RΜ	Red maple	99 Acer rubrum
		Very low	40 Good condition	11	BG	Black gum	98 Nyssa sylvatica
		Very low	48 Good condition	11	SM	Sugar maple	97 Acer saccharum
ji	E, ST, F, M	Low	100 Nice tree.	22	WP	White pine	96 Pinus strobus
<u>در</u> .	m	UNKNOWN	32 Lost top of the crown. Reevaluste for trunk decay	16	RM	Red maple	95 Acer rubrum
. <u>L</u>	m	UNKOWN	55 Remove wire insulators from trunk. Reevaluate trunk for decay	17	RM	Red maple	94 Acer rubrum
4	DW	Very low	85 Ok. Light deadwooding needed. Remove metal bracket from trunk.	22	=	Shagbark hickory	93 Carya ovata
			85 Good condition	21	WP	White pine	92 Pinus strobus
نسو	m	UNKNOWN	70 Trun cavity @ 10 - 12 ft. from grnd. Reevaluate.	17	WP	White pine	91 Pinus strobus
. 42		Very low	80 Very nice tree. Good condition. Very light deadwooding needed.	25	8	N. Red oak	90 Quercus rubra
بر ،		UNKNOWN	40 Hollow cavity in trunk. Sig. decay. No top to the tree. Reevaluate	19	RM	Red maple	89 Acer rubrum
i þu	, E	Very low	50 Apply insecticides to control HWA.	18	HEM	Eastern hemlock	88 Tsuga canadensis
ı		Very low	50 Good condition	10	MS	Sugar maple	87 Acer saccharum
}	,	Very low	30 Good conditon. Apply insecticides to control HWA.	9	HEM	Eastern hemlock	86 Tsuga canadensis
	DW, SI, F, M	Very low	90 Light deadwooding needed. Soil test, mulch, and nutrient mgmt.	34	Wo	White oak	85 Quercus alba
. -	I, E, SI, F, M	Low	60 Apply insecticides to control HWA.	28	HEM	Eastern hemlock	84 Tsuga canadensis
. -	1, 5, 31, 7, 10	Low	100 Very nice tree. Apply insecticides to control HWA	30	HEM	Eastern hemlock	83 Tsuga canadensis
.		LOW	32 Ok	6	WB	White birch	82 Betula populifolia
\$	2,7	Chucai	80 Critical risk for failure. Remove immediately. Severe decay at 50' height	34	Wo	White oak	81 Quercus alba
-i	2	very low	60 Good condition	14	BG	Black gum	80 Nyssa sylvatica
		Verylow	50 Good condition	13	₩P	White pine	79 Pinus strobus
		LOW	75 Good condition	16	Ä	American basswood	78 Tilia americana
ı	9	5 5	20 Top half of crown is dead.	7	WO	White oak	77 Quercus alba
ן נע	a a a a a a	- E0	100 Good condition	26	₩P	White pine	76 Pinus strobus
s	er K	Very low	90 Good condition	. 25	RO	N. Red oak	75 Quercus rubra
		verylow	80 Good condition	20	SO	Scarlet oak	74 Quercus coccinea
1	O _X X	Verylow	85 Good condition. Light deadwooding needed.	22	RO	N. Red oak	73 Quercus rubra
- 1	, m	UNKNOWN	55 Sig. decay column @ base (28 in.). Reevaluate.	36	8	N. Red oak	72 Quercus rubra
	7	COS	48 ok. Trunk lean toward the Susquehanna River	15	RO	N. Red oak	71 Quercus rubra
,	:	very low	70 Good condition. Very light deadwooding needed.	22	Wo	White oak	70 Quercus alba
42	2	Verylow	20 Ok	9	Ħ	Shagbark hickory	69 Carya ovata
	137	Verylow	90 Critical risk for failure. Remove immediately	32	RM	Red maple	68 Acer rubrum
1	ਲ 'ਹ	Critical	48 Way be recained as withing the periodic forms acres expression.	1100	RΜ	Red maple	67 Acer rubrum
_	m	UNKNOWN		<u>.</u>	<u>:</u>		

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ļu i	m	UNKNOWN	65 Basal wound w/ Armillaria. Crown decline evident. Reevaluate.	34	WO	White oak	134 Quercus alba
ب		Very low	50 Apply insecticides to control HWA.	29	HEM	Eastern hemłock	133 Tsuga canadensis
1	SP	Very low	49 Codominant stems. Stucture prune to develop good form.	11	WO	White oak	132 Quercus alba
		Very low	60 Good condition	22	RO	N. Red oak	131 Quercus rubra
Ľ	C, ST, F, M	Medium	90 Cable needed for very large scaffold branch. Soil test, nutrient mgmt.	41	WO	White oak	130 Quercus alba
4	R,P	Low	40 Poor form. Codominant stems present. Remove & replant	15	M	Norway maple	129 Acer platanoides
ш	DW	Low	60 Ok. Light deadwoodin needed; High priority due to location near walk	22	WA	White ash	128 Fraxinus americana
ш	CC	Low	75 Crown cleaning, high priority due to location next to walk	25	Wo	White oak	127 Quercus alba
		Low	50 Ok, but codominant stems present. May need cable in future.	16	Wo	White oak	126 Quercus alba
ω	R, P	Low	30 Poor form. Crown dieback. Codominant stems. Remove	10	M	Norway maple	125 Acer platanoides
		Very low	50 Ok	16	WO	White oak	124 Quercus alba
		Very low	40 Ok	12	WA	White ash	123 Fraxinus americana
Ы	ГĦ	UNKNOWN	90 Closed cavity in the trunk @ 20 ft. ht. from grnd. Reevaluate	19	WP	White pine	122 Pinus strobus
ш	1, ST, F, M	Low	100 Light deadwooding. Apply insecticides to control HWA	26	HEM	Eastern hemlock	121 Tsuga canadensis
Ы	ST, F, M	wol	90 Good condiiotn; Soil test/ consider nutrient mgmt. Mulch	20	Wp	White pine	120 Pinus strobus
ш	m	UNKNOWN	100 Sig. trunk decay @ 25-30 ft. ht. from grnd. Reevaluate	21	WP	White pine	119 Pinus strobus
juà.	ST, F, M	Low	90 Good condtion Soil test/ consdier nutrient mgmt. Mulch	29	WP	White pine	118 Pinus strobus
	ST, F, M	Low	70 Good condition. Soil test/ consdier nutrient mgmt. Mulch	17	WP	White pine	117 Pinus strobus
ω	Sb	Very low	60 Ok. Structural pruning needed	1	WO	White oak	116 Quercus alba
2	DW, E	Low	80 Ok; Light deadwooding needed.	21	₩Þ	White pine	115 Pinus strobus
ω	CC, SP	Low	60 Crown clean. Structural prune; Remove cross-over branch	14	Ξ	Shagbark hickory	114 Carya ovata
ω	,7, P	Low	15 NO NAILS IN THE TREES! Top is dead, hypoxyon canker. Remove	4	MS	Sugar maple	113 Acer saccharum
		Very low	65 Ok. Small trunk injury.	20	WO	White oak	112 Quercus alba
2	R, P	Medium	40 Severe basal injury to trunk. Remove. Medum-low risk	7	=	Shagbark hickory	111 Carya ovata
		Very low	75 OK	28	WO	White oak	110 Quercus alba
4	FTI	Very low	20 Ok. Trunk injury.	ហ	MS	Sugar maple	109 Acer saccharum
		Very low	16 Remove landcape fabric from trunk base at the groundline	ω	RO	N. Red oak	108 Quercus rubra
1	m	UNKNOWN	50 14 inch cavity in trunk @ trunk base. Reevaluate	24	BG	Black gum	107 Nyssa sylvatica
4	DW	Very low	40 OK	14	RM	Red maple	106 Acer rubrum
г -ч	CC, ST, F, M	Very low	65 Crown clean. Mulch. Raise mower deck to avoid root damage	29	WO	White oak	105 Quercus alba
ы	E, C, DW	UNKNOWN	75 Coddominant stem @ 30 ft. from grnd. Install cable. Revaluate trunk.	33	SO	Scarlet oak	104 Quercus coccinea
		Very low	35 Good condition	10	<u>N</u>	Norway spruce	103 Picea abies
		Very low	56 Good condition	16	SS	Norway spruce	102 Picea ables
		Very low	50 Ok	12	SS	Norway spruce	101 Picea ables

168 Fraxinus americana	167 Quercus alba	166 Quercus alba	165 Pinus strobus	164 Quercus alba	163 Pinus strobus	162 Quercus alba	161 Quercus alba	160 Carya ovata	159 Acer rubrum	158 Pinus resinosa	157 Acer rubrum	156 Quercus alba	155 Quercus alba	154 Acer rubrum	153 Pinus resinosa	152 Pinus resinosa	151 Quercus alba	150 Quercus rubra	149 Quercus alba	148 Quercus alba	147 Quercus rubra	146 Quercus rubra	145 Quercus rubra	144 Betula populifolia	143 Quercus alba	142 Acer platanoides	141 Betula populifolia	140 Acer saccharum	139 Acer platanoides	138 Acer rubrum	137 Quercus alba	136 Quercus alba	135 Quercus alba
White ash	White oak	White oak	White pine	White oak	White pine	White oak	White oak	Shagbark hickory	Red maple	Red pine	Red maple	White oak	White oak	Red maple	Red pine	Red pine	White oak	N. Red oak	White oak	White oak	N. Red oak	N. Red oak	N. Red oak	White birch	White oak	Norway maple	White birch	Sugar maple	Norway maple	Red maple	White oak	White oak	White oak
WA	WO	WO	WP	Wo	WP	WO	WO	Ξ	RM	RP	RM	WO	WO	MM	ПP	RP	WO	RO	WO	Wo	RO	RO	RO	WB	WO	NM	ВW	SM	MM	RM	WO	Wo	WO
25	39	25	17	18	37	œ	32	11	10	00	О 1	21	21	14	9	10	12	32	17	13	29	25	20	4	11	7	7	4	11	0 0	36	37	37
60 Light deadwooding needed.	90 Reevaluate trunk. Lost major branch @ 30 ft Reevaluate	60 Some light deadwooding needed.	40 Good condition	48 Very light deadwooding needed.	69 Top broke out of the tree. Possible old lightning strike. Remove.	35 Ok. No nails in the trees!!	70 Reevaluate trunk. Lost major branch @ 30 ft Reevaluate	35 Ok	40 Poor condition. Cavities near grnd, 8ft. & 10 ft. ht. from the grnd.	25 Ok	30 Ok	70 Ok. Very light deadwooding needed.	60 Some deadwood present in the crown.	40 OK. Light crown cleaning needed.	32 Good condition	24 OK. Codominal stem w/ included bark (Low risk)	32 Good condition	90 Deaswooding (Priority 1). May need cable in future (Priority 3)	70 Ok. Coddominate trunks @ 30 ft. from gmd.	40 Crown suppressed. Poor form. Trunk decay @ 16 ft. ht from grnd.	90 Cut girdling root @ trunk flare. Codominate stems, may need cable	90 Ok; Some small deadwood in the crown	60 Medum-sized deadwood in the crown + broken branch	16 Top broke out of the tree. Sig. decline. Remove & replant	50 Small deadwood in the tree canopy	24 Ok	24 Ok	24 Basal wound. Will not develop into a good tree. Plan to replace	25 Poor condition. Replant	30 Ok. Poor form. Codominate stems. Consdier replacement.	80 Priority prune lg. deadwood in top of the crown. Close to playground.	80 Hollow cavity in main trunk @ 15 ft. Severe crown decline. Remove.	95 Ok, but crown decline is evident. Soll test, nutrient mgmt. Mulch
Very low	UNKNOWN	Very low	Very low	Very low	Critical	Very low	UNKNOWN	Very low	Medium	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low	Low	Very low	Low	Very low	Medium	Low	UNKNOWN	Low	Low	Medium	Low	Very low	Low	Low	Low	Medium	Low	Low	Critical	Low
DW	m	WG		DW	П, Р		m		п,P			DW	DW	CC				DW, C	m	ŢĦ	С	DW	DW	R, P	DW			R, P	R, P	p	DW	<i>7</i> 3	ST, F, M
w	ш	4		4	د.و		щ		2			4	4	ω						Ľ	2	ω	2	4	4			ш	w	ω	}	Ľ	P

wy 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown deaning needed. WP 11 35 Ok MP 11 35 Ok MP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 11 45 Ok. RP 11 55 Ok. RP 12 65 Ok. RP 13 60 Scodominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate top cavity RO 30 Sig. crown decline. Deadwood removal needed. Mulch w/ Tree 192 Ok. RP 16 65 Light deadwooding needed. Y BC 20 65 Ok. RM 29 Ok Deadwood removal (Priority 1); Cable recommended. Mulch w/ Tree 192 Ok. RP 12 65 Basal decay Y BC 21 65 Basal decay Ok Deadwood removal needed. RD 12 60 Good condition RD 12 60 Good condition RD 12 60 Good condition Ok Of Coven Televant needed. RD 14 06 Octown clean RD 15 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 17 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 17 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 17 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 17 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 16 Ok. RD 17 Ok. RD 18 Ok. RD	DW, ST, F, M	Low	90 Decline in upper crown. Soil test, nutrient mgmt., and mulch.	36 4	Wo .	White oak	202 Quercus alba
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 34 55 Top of tree crown has sig, decay; Reevaluate W0 34 55 Top of tree rown has sig, decay; Reevaluate W0 35 80 Ok. WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. S0 19 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. NS 15 45 Good condition NS 15 45 Good condition RP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 11 42 Ok. RP 11 42 Ok. RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate top cavity RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate top cavity RM 9 24 80 Sig. crown decline. Deadwood removal needed. Mulch w/ Tree 192 RP 16 65 Dks BC 20 65 OK BC 21 65 Basal decay RM 20 60 Crown clean HI 12 60 Good condition		Medium	80 Deadwood removal needed. Cable recommended. Evaluate trunk. 90 Crown Clean: Deadwooding needed	40 40	R R	Red maple N. Red oak	200 Acer rubrum 201 Quercus rubra
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. NS 15 45 Good condition HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown deaning needed. WP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate top cavity RO 30 80 Sig. crown decline. Deadwood removal needed. Reevaluate top cavity RO 31 80 Deadwood removal (Priority 1); Cable recommended. Mulch w/ Tree 192 RP 16 65 Light deadwooding needed RM 20 60 Good condition		Low	80 Light deadwooding needed.	35	RO	N. Red oak	199 Quercus rubra
wy 15 40 Good condition wy 31 32 Good condition wy 32 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 35 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 36 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 37 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 38 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 39 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 30 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate wo 31 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal wo 31 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal wo 32 St Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal wo 31 St Top of tree crow has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay; Reevaluate for future removal s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sig, decay s St Top of tree crow has sign		Very low	60 Good condition	12	=	Shagbark hickory	198 Carya ovata
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 11 35 Ok No HWA detected. Low priority crown deaning needed. WP 11 35 Ok No HWA detected. Carefully monitor for HWA. RP 11 42 Ok. RP 7 30 Ok RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 20 65 Ok. RP 21 60 30 codominant sterns; cabling recommended; Reevaluate. WO 30 65 RM 31 80 Deadwood removal needed. Reevaluate top cavity RP 9 24 RP 16 65 Ught deadwooding needed BC 20 65 OK Basal decay		Low	60 Crown clean	20	RM	Red maple	197 Acer rubrum
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 55 Ok. Low priority deadwood present. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 11 35 Ok HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. WP 11 35 Ok HEM 10 30 No HWA detected. Carefully monitor for HWA. RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 7 30 Ok RP 20 65 Ok. RM 8 40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal WO 32 80 Sig. crown decline. Deadwood removal needed. Reevaluate top cavity RP 16 65 Light deadwooding needed EC 20 65 OK		Severe	65 Basal decay	21	ВС	Black cherry	196 Prunus serotina
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 55 Next to bathroom bidg: Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. KHEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. WP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 7 30 Ok RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate. WO 30 65 RM 8 40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal NM 9 24 RP 16 65 Light deadwooding needed. Revaluate top cavity RP 16 65 Light deadwooding needed.		Low	65 OK	20	96	Black cherry	195 Prunus serotina
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 55 Next to bathroom bidg: Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. kk HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. kHEM 10 30 No HWA detected. Carefully monitor for HWA. RP 11 42 Ok. RP 20 65 Ok. RP 20 65 Ok. RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate. WO 30 65 RM 8 40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal NM 9 24 SO Beadwood removal (Priority 1); Cable recommended. Mulch w/ Tree 192 1		Very low	65 Light deadwooding needed	16	쭈	Red pine	194 Pinus resinosa
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwood present. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WHEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. WP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 21 42 Ok vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate. WO 30 65 RM 28 40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal WO 32 80 Sig. crown decline. Deadwood removal needed. Reevaluate top cavity		Medium	80 Deadwood removal (Priority 1); Cable recommended. Mulch w/ Tree 192	3	RO	N. Red oak	193 Quercus rubra
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg: Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. WP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwood present. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 11 35 Ok RP 11 35 Ok RP 11 35 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 20 Sod condailism (out marks in the bark) RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate. WO 30 65 RM 8 40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal NM 9 24		UNKNOWN	80 Sig. crown decline. Deadwood removal needed. Reevaluate top cavity	32	Wo	White oak	192 Quercus alba
e WP 16 40 Good condition e WP 13 32 Good condition e WP 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area e WP 35 80 Ok. e WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. Low priority deadwood present. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 55 A5 Good condition milock HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. RP 11 35 Ok RP 11 35 Ok RP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 11 42 Ok. RP 20 65 Ok. RP 20 65 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate. WO 30 65 RM 8 40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal			24	9	Z	Norway maple	191 Acer platanoides
e WP 16 40 Good condition e WP 13 32 Good condition e WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area e WP 35 80 Ok. e WP 13 40 Ok. WO 33 75 Along river. Some small deadwood present. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WD 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 11 35 Ok WP 11 35 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 10 42 Ok vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 20 65 Ok. RP 10 40 Ok RP 20 Van		Medium	40 Nice tree, except trunk wound. Reevaluate for future removal	60	RM	Red maple	190 Acer rubrum
wP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WP 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 65 Ok Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 11 35 Ok mlock HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. RP 11 35 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RM 23 60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate.			65	30	Wo	White oak	189 Quercus alba
ne WP 16 40 Good condition ne WP 13 32 Good condition ik WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate ik WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area ne WP 35 80 Ok. ne WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. RP 13 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. RP 15 45 Good condition RP 11 35 Ok NS 15 45 Good condition RP 11 35 Ok RP 11 35 Ok RP 7 30 Ok RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark) RP 10 30 No All		Medium	60 3 codominant stems; cabling recommended; Reevaluate.	23	RM M	Red maple	188 Acer rubrum
ne WP 16 40 Good condition ne WP 13 32 Good condition RW WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate RW WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area NW MP 35 80 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. RW WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. RW WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. RW WP 11 35 Ok RP 11 42 Ok. RP 11 42 Ok.		Very low	65 Ok.	20	Ŗ	Red pine	187 Pinus resinosa
ne WP 16 40 Good condition ne WP 13 32 Good condition ne WP 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig, decay; Reevaluate k WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area ne WP 35 80 Ok. ne WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. ak SO 19 65 Ok. ak WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. kemlock HEM 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. temlock HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. RP 1 35 Ok temlock HEM 10 30 No HWA detected. Carefully monitor for HWA. RP 4 20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark)		Very low	42 Ok.	11	쫑	Red pine	186 Pinus resinosa
ne WP 16 40 Good condition ne WP 13 32 Good condition kk WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate k WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area ne WP 35 80 Ok. ne WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. k SO 19 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. k WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. pruce NS 15 45 Good condition nemlock HEM 31 90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed. RP 7 30 Ok		Very low	20 Vandalism (cut marks in the bark)	4	RP	Red pine	185 Pinus resinosa
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 11 35 Ok WP 11 35 Ok WP 11 35 Ok NS 15 45 Good condition		Very low	30 Ok	7	RP	Red pine	184 Pinus resinosa
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 75 Along river. Some small deadwood present. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. WO 31 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. WO 31 65 Ok Low priority deadwooding needed. WP 15 45 Good condition WP 11 35 Ok		Very low	30 No HWA detected. Carefully monitor for HWA.	10	HEM	Eastern hemlock	183 Tsuga canadensis
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. NS 15 45 Good condition NS 15 45 Good condition		Very low	35 Ok	11	WP	White pine	182 Pinus strobus
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 13 40 Ok. WP 13 75 Along river. Some small deadwood present. RP 11 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed. NS 15 45 Good condition		Low	90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed.	31	HEM	Eastern hemlock	181 Tsuga canadensis
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed.		Very low	45 Good condition	15	NS	Norway spruce	180 Picea abies
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok. RP 12 40 Ok. SO 19 65 Ok.		Very low	65 Ok. Low priority deadwooding needed.	31	WO	White oak	179 Quercus alba
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok.		Very low	65 Ok.	19	SO	Scarlet oak	178 Quercus coccinea
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. RP 11 40 Ok.		Very low	40 Ok.	12	PP PP	Red pine	177 Pinus resinosa
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok. WO 33 75 Along river. Some small deadwood present.		Very low	40 Ok.	11	RP	Red pine	176 Pinus resinosa
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok. WP 13 40 Ok.		Low	75 Along river. Some small deadwood present.	33	Wo	White oak	175 Quercus alba
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area WP 35 80 Ok.		Very low	40 Ok.	13	WP	White pine	174 Pinus strobus
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate WO 39 95 Next to bathroom bidg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area		Low	80 Ok.	35	WP	White pine	173 Pinus strobus
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition WO 34 55 Top of tree croww has sig. decay; Reevaluate		Low	95 Next to bathroom bldg; Some small deadwood; Mulch area	39	Wo	White oak	172 Quercus alba
WP 16 40 Good condition WP 13 32 Good condition	-	UNKNOWN		34	WO	White oak	171 Quercus alba
WP 16 40 Good condition		Very low	32 Good condtion	13	WP	White pine	170 Pinus strobus
		Very low	40 Good condition	16	WP	White pine	169 Pinus strobus

1	DW, ST, F, M	Low	85 Buds tightly clustered; Nutrient mgmt; Mulch; Light deadwood removal	28	WO	White oak	236 Quercus alba
ω	DW	Low	65 Get powerline off of the tree. Remount conductor to approved pole	16	WO	White oak	235 Quercus alba
		Very low	40 Ok.	10	RM	Red maple	234 Acer rubrum
12	m	UNKNOWN	75 Reevaluate old prune wound (10 in. dia.) @ 40 ft. from grnd.	25	Wo	White oak	233 Quercus alba
1	DW, ST, F	Low	75 Light deadwooding; Tree branches over stage sitting; Nutrent mgmt.	27	WO	White oak	232 Quercus alba
		Very low	70 Ok.	ä	≖	Shagbark hickory	231 Carya ovata
ω	CC, SP	Low	60 Structure pruning needed (Priority 2); Crown cleaning (Priority 3)	13	WO	White oak	230 Quercus alba
1	DW	Low	70 Near parking lot; Deadwood pruning (High priority)	23	во	Black oak	229 Quercus velutina
ω	R, P	Low	12 Suppressed; will never make a nice tree	6	Ξ	Shagbark hickory	228 Carya ovata
2	°R, E, or C	Medium	65 Codominant trunks @ 7 ft. from grnd; Poor form; Consider removal	14	RM	Red maple	227 Acer rubrum
ь	DW, ST, F, M	Very low	80 Some light deadwooding needed (Priority 3); Soil test, nutrient mgmt.	23	WO	White oak	226 Quercus alba
ω	SP	Very low	50 Correct stub cuts w/ some branches	10	Ξ	Shagbark hickory	225 Carya ovata
ω	SP	Very low	40 Soil test; Correct stub cuts w/ some branches	22	WO	White oak	224 Quercus alba
2	SP	Very low	40 Remove codominant stem @ 20 ft. from gmd; Structure pruning needed	9	WO	White oak	223 Quercus alba
		Very low	35 Crown suppressed (completely shaded by overtopping trees)	œ	Ξ	Shagbark hickory	222 Carya ovata
6-3	DW, C	Medium	75 Codominant stems. Consider cable. Mulch w/tree 220; Deadwood prune	20	ВО	Black oak	221 Quercus velutina
<u></u>	DW	Low	75 Next to walk path; Deadwood pruning needed (small-sized branches)	20	во	Black oak	220 Quercus velutina
ш	DW	Very low	50 Deadwood pruning needed.	23	Wo	White oak	219 Quercus alba
u	DW	Very low	65 Deadwood pruning needed.	16	wo	White oak	218 Quercus alba
		Very low	55 Ok.	19	SN	Norway spruce	217 Picea abies
		Very low	32 Ok	11	Sp	Scots pine	216 Pinus sylvestris
		Very low	70 Good conditon; 2 small brahcnes pruned will clear powerline	22	NS	Norway spruce	215 Picea abies
ω	20	Low	20 Poor condiiton; Will never recover to make a nice tree	7	SM	White spruce	214 Picea glauca
ļ m ā	DW	Low	65 Deadwood pruning needed.	30	RO	N. Red oak	213 Quercus rubra
ь	₽.	Severe	50 Poor conditon; Significant top dieback; Remove.	17	BC	Black cherry	212 Prunus serotina
		Very low	40 Good condition.	13	BW	Black walnut	211 Juglans nigra
		Very low	40 Good condition	12	NS	Norway spruce	210 Picea abies
		Very low	65 OK.; Small dead branch hanger.	15	RM	Red maple	209 Acer rubrum
		Very low	65 Ok	16	RM	Red maple	208 Acer rubrum
ц	23	Severe	70 Serious risk; Remove	25	RM	Red maple	207 Acer rubrum
ш	R, P	Medium	20 Poor condition; Sig. dieback; Remove & replant	16	MM	Norway maple	206 Acer platanoides
ω	CC	Low	60 Crown clean; 2 small broken branches; NO nails in the trees!	16	RM	Red maple	205 Acer rubrum
23	CC, E	Medium	55 Ok. Surface roots damaged by mower. Crown clean Codominant stems	13	RM	Red maple	204 Acer rubrum
نسز	DW, E	UNKNOWN	70 Deadwooding(high priority) next to baby swing. Evaluate trunk cavity	36	Wo	White oak	203 Quercus alba

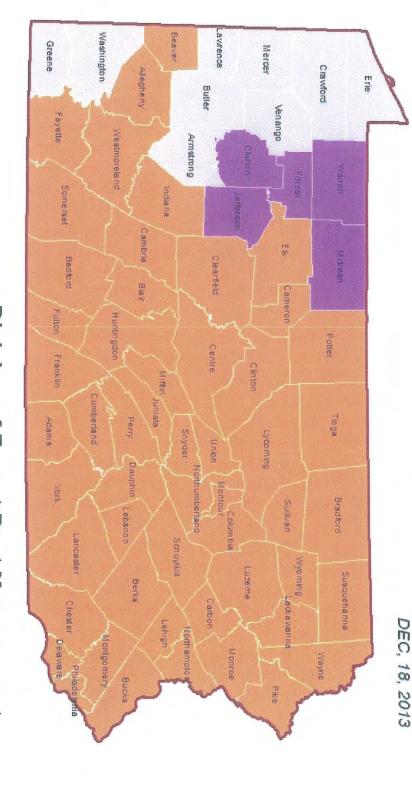
Appendix 1A Key to work codes and treatment recommendations.

content)	
Soil test (needed to assess soil conditions and soil nutrient	ST
especially with young trees	
Structural prune (needed to develop proper branch structure,	SP
Remove (significant defects present requiring removal of the tree)	R
Plant (consider planting or replanting with desirable tree species)	P
Mulch (add mulch to improve soil and growing conditions)	M
Insect (pest species identified, control action recommended)	-
Fertilize (according to soil test results to improve vigor)	77
Evaluate (further evaluation needed)	m
Deadwooding (removal of all deadwood 2 in. diameter and larger)	DW
branches)	
Crown cleaning (removal of weak, broken, dead, & diseased	CC
Cable (cabling needed to reduce risk of branch or trunk failure)	С
RECOMMENDED TREATMENT ACTION(S)	WORK CODE

Appendix 2 Table of Critical Risk Hazard Trees at Irvin Park (March 2013)

TREE BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SP. CODE DIJ	(in.) H1	SP. CODE DIA(In.) HT (ft.) COMMENTS	RISK RATIN	RISK RATING WORK CODE PRIORITY TRAIL	PRIORITY TRAIL
37 Acer rubrum	Red maple	RM	24	40 Main stem is gone; Sig. decay	Critical	R	↦
68 Acer rubrum	Red maple	RM	32	90 Critical risk for failure. Remove immediately	Critical	R, P	⊭
81 Quercus alba	White oak	Wo	34	80 Critical risk for failure. Remove immediately	Critical	R,P	₽
136 Quercus alba	White oak	WO	37	80 Hollow cavity in main trunk @ 15 ft. Severe crown decline. Remove.	Critical	70	ы
163 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	37	69 Top broke out of the tree. Possible ald lightning strike. Remove.	Critical	R, P	щ
271 Acer rubrum	Red maple	RM	∞	40 Dead tree; Remove.	Critical	æ	1 Y
274 Acer rubrum	Red maple	RM	17	50 Hollow cavity w/ sig. decay; Remove.	Critical	R	1 γ
285 Pinus strobus	White pine	WP	29	100 Sig. trunk cavity w/ decay; Remove due to danger of location; High wind	Critical	73	1 Y

PA HWA Infestation



Not Found — 1980-2012 — 2013 New

Division of Forest Pest Management
Bureau of Forestry
DCNR
Pennsylvania

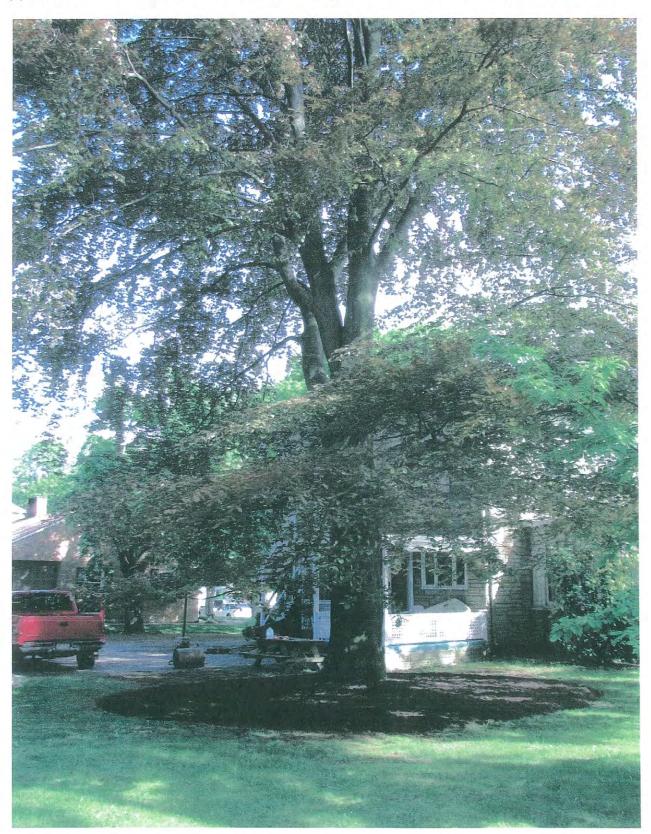
Appendix 5 Table of high-value Hemlock trees in Irvin Park needing treatments to control HWA (March 2013)

TREE BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	SP. CODE DIA(in.)	SP. CODE DIA(In.) HT (ft.) COMMENTS	RISK RATING
86 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 9	30 Good conditon. Apply insecticides to control HWA.	Very low
88 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 18	50 Apply insecticides to control HWA.	Very low
133 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 29	50 Apply insecticides to control HWA.	Very low
183. Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 10.	30 No HWA detected, Carefully monitor for HWA.	Very low
273 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 28	85 Some Ig. dead branches near ground: Reevaluate for hollow trunk	UNKNOWN
18 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 22	70 Ok; Light deadwooding; Light decline/ dieback evident in top of tree	Low
22 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemfock	HEM 13	40 Good condition; Treat for HWA	Low
35 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 25	90 Very nice tree; Treat for HWA	Low
83 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 30	100 Very nice tree. Apply insecticides to control HWA	Low
84 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 28	60 Apply insecticides to control HWA.	Low
121 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 26	100 Light deadwooding. Apply insecticides to control HWA	Low
181 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 31	90 No HWA detected. Low priority crown cleaning needed.	Low
240 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemfock	HEM 13	40 Thin foliage density; Chlorosis; soil test; nutrient management	Low
280 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 21	45 Ok Suppressed crown position under Tree # 279	Low
286 Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	HEM 15	35 Declining; low risk; remove as time permits	Low

Low	Low	Low	FOW	Low	Low	Low	Low	Łow	UNKNOWN	Very low	Very low	Very low	Very low	RISK RATING
	ST, F	8	I, ST, F, M	I, E, ST, F, M	I, E, ST, F, M	-	_	DW, ST, F, M, I	l'31	נינין	_	I, E	l, E	WORK CODE
~	n	ω	ы	1++4	;	ы	;	1	1 Y		ш	1	jus	PRIORITY TRAIL

4 Y

Appendix 6 Illustration of proper mulching around a mature copper beech tree.



Appendix 7 List of deciduous tree species for possible planting at Irvin Park

Rotanical name	Common name	Size @maturity	Nativo species	Key attributes
Acer buergerianum	Trident maple	Small	No	Good fall leaf color. Interesting bark. Tolerates poor soil.
Acer campestre	Hedge maple	Medium	No	Tolerates pruning and compacted soils.
Acer ginnala	Amur maple	Small	No	Good fall color. Tolerates poor soils.
Acer griseum	Paperbark maple	Small/Medium	No	Great bark interest and fall color. No insect/disease issues.
Acer palmatum	Japanese maple	Small	No	Many nice cultivars. Good fall color. Needs good soils.
Acer platanoides	Norway maple	Medium	No	'Crimson King' is popular cultivar with dark red leaves.
Acer rubrum	Red maple	Medium/Large	Yes	Good fall color. Tolerates various site conditions.
Acer saccharum	Sugar maple	Large	Yes	Great fall foliage color. Prefers better soils.
Aesculus X carnea	Red	Medium	Yes	Notable red flowers in May. Can develop leaf scorch in
	horsechestnut		-	summer.
Amelanchier arborea	Serviceberry	Small	Yes	One of first trees to have white flowers in spring.
Betula allegheniensis	Yellow birch	Medium	Yes	Likes moist sites. Difficult to transplant.
Betula lenta	Black birch	Large	Yes	
Betula nigra	River birch	Small/ medium	Yes	Great bark interest. Resistant to bronze birch borer.
Betula papyrifera	Paper birch	Medium	Yes	Interesting bark. Susceptible to bronze birch borer.
Betula populifolia	Gray birch	Medium	Yes	Interesting bark. Susceptible to bronze birch borer.
Carpinus betulus	European	Small/ Medium	No	Tolerates wide range of soil conditions. Many superb
	hornbeam			cultivars including compact, upright, & weeping forms.
Carpinus caroliniama	American	Small	Yes	Good tree for along streams & woodland edges. Likes
	Hornbeam			moist soils but makes good lawn tree. Fall color yellow to red
Carya cordiformis	Bitternut hickory	Medium/Large	Yes	Slender irregular crown
Carya glabra	Pignut hickory	Medium	Yes	Found along hilltops & ridges in the wild. Rich yellow fall color.
Carya ovata	Shagbark hickory	Medium/ Large	Yes	Likes well-drained loamy soils, but is very adaptable. Strong resilient wood.
Catalpa bignonioides	Southern Catalpa	Medium	Yes	Neat flowers. Tremendously tolerant of poor soil and growing conditions.
Catalpa speciosa	Northern Catalpa	Medium	Yes	Known for toughness & adaptability. Open crown.

		i.		
Many great attributes: bark, flowers, fall color.	No	Small	Korean stewartia	Steartia koreana
pH soils.	William Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan and Sandanan and Sandanan and Sandanan and Sandanan and Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan and Sandan and Sandanan an		The state of the s	
Horticultural interest. Great fall color. Adaptable to low	Yes	Medium	Sassafras	Sassafras albidum
Needs space. Horticultural interest.	Yes	Large	Black oak	Quercus velutina
Horticultural interest.	Yes	Medium	Post oak	Quercus stellata
Needs space. Wildlife tree. Good fall color.	Yes	Large	Northern red oak	Quercus rubra
Quite adaptable. Easier to transplant than white oak.	No	Medium/Large	English oak	Quercus robur
Form can be course, but tolerates dry, poor soils.	Yes	Large	Chestnut oak	Quercus prinus
Requires acid soils.	Yes	Large	Pin oak	Quercus palustris
Horticultural interest.	Yes	Large	cninkapin oak	Quercus muenienbergii
			oak	
Horticultural interest.	Yes	Large	Swamp chestnut	Quercus michauxii
Needs space. Very sturdy tree. Adapts well to many soils.	Yes	Large	Bur oak	Quercus macrocarpa
Horticultural interest.	Yes	Medium	Shingle oak	Quercus imbricaria
Prone to bole cankers.	Yes	Large	Scarlet oak	Quercus coccinea
Needs space. Horticultural interest.	Yes	Large	Swamp white oak	Quercus bicolor
Good fall color. Needs space.	Yes	Large	White oak	Quercus alba
Horticultural interest.	No	Medium	Sawtooth oak	Quercus accutissima
Many good cultivars available for landscaping	No	Small/ Medium	Many cultivars	Prunus spp.
Good fall leaf color. Nice tree to use in landscaping.	Yes	Small/Medium	Sargent cherry	Prunus sargentii
Prone to borer when growing on poor sites or stressed.	Yes	Large	Black cherry	Prunus serotina
Good street tree. Resistant to anthracnose.	No	Large	London planetree	Platanus X acerifolia
Needs space. Susceptible to sycamore anthracnose.	Yes	Large	Sycamore	Platanus occidentalis
Many great characteristics. Flowers, bark, leaves, fall color	No	Small/Medium	Persian parrotia	Parrotia persica
Great tree w/ neat, tragrant flowers. Fantastic fall color. Avoid alkaline soils.	Yes	Small	Sourwood	Oxydendrum arboretum
Good tree form. Good fall leaf color.	Yes	Medium	Black gum	Nyssa sylvatica
Many good cultivars. Check for disease resistance.	Yes	Small	Crabapples	Malus spp.
Check for cold hardiness in northern PA counties.	No	Medium	Other cultivars	Magnolia spp.
Cultivated variety. Yellow flowers in spring.	No	Medium	The state of the s	Magnolia 'Elizabeth'
Cultivated variety. Yellow flowers in spring.	No	Medium		Magnolia 'Butterflies'
s Key attributes	Native species	Size @maturity	Common name	Botanical name

Botanical name Common name	ne Size @maturity	irity Native species	Key attributes
locamelia			Great tree for landscaping and gardens. Very difficult to
•••	····		tell apart from Korean stewartia.
Styrax obassia Fragrant snowbel	wbell Small	ON	Elegant branch structure. Makes striking landscape tree.
ata		No	Probably one of the most adaptable trees to difficult sites.
			Use cultivars 'Ivory Silk', 'Regent', or 'SummerSnow'.
	•		Fragrant white flowers in May and June.
Syringa vulgaris Common lilac	c Small	Yes	Very fragrant flowers. Multi-stemmed large shrub in form.
			Select cultivars resistant to powdery mildew
Syringa spp. Various hybrids	ds Small	No	Select cultivars for flowers and disease resistance.
ana		rge Yes	Not used widely as a landscape tree Smaller-leaved
			linden species more often in the landscape.
Tilia cordata Littleleaf linden	en Small/Medium	um No	Very durable street tree. Tolerates pruning. Problem with
			aphids and sooty mold over parked cars.
Ulmus americana American Elm	1 Large	Yes	Only plant if disease-resistant selections are available
Viburnum spp. Viburnum	Small	Yes	Multi-stemmed shrubs. Major problem with defoliation
			from Viburnum leaf beetle.
Viburnum carlesii Koreanspice	Small	No	
viburnum			Great shrub species to use in the landscape. Fragrant pink
AND			Great shrub species to use in the landscape. Fragrant pink flowers in the spring. Highly resistant to viburnum leaf
Zelkova serrata Japanese zelkova	_		Great shrub species to use in the landscape. Fragrant pink flowers in the spring. Highly resistant to viburnum leaf beetle.
	(ova Medium/ Large		Great shrub species to use in the landscape. Fragrant pink flowers in the spring. Highly resistant to viburnum leaf beetle. Used extensively with urban plantings to replace elms.

Appendix 8 List of evergreen tree species for possible planting at Irvin Park

Botanical name	Common name	Size @maturity	Native species	Kev attributes
Abies concolor	White fir	Medium	Yes	One of the most adaptable firs. Attractive blue-green to
				silver-blue needles
Abies nordmanniana	Nordmann Fir	Medium	No	Very attractive, dense, shiny-black-green needles w/
				excellent form. Good for landscape use.
Calocedrus decurrens	California	Medium	Yes	Neat elegant and formal form. Likes moist; well-drained,
	Incensecedar			acidic soils, but is very adaptable. Native to western U.S.
Cedrus atantica	Atlas cedar	Medium	No	Attractive blue /green foliage. Interesting cones. Must
				use cold hardy cultivars in northern PA counties.
Cedrus deodora	Doedar cegar	Medium	NO	Dense, fluffy habit when young. Open and artistic crown
-				with age. Must use cold-hardy cultivars in N. PA.
Cerus libini	Cedar of Lebanon	Medium	No	Patriarch of true cedars. Must use cold hardy cultivars for
				northern PA counties.
Chamaecyparis	Lawson's	Medium	Yes	Not common in eastern landscapes due to its intolerance
lawsoniana	falsecypress			to heavy, wet, poorly-drained soils. Use cultivar
				'Alulumnii' in eastern states and Midwest Rich blue-green
				foliage and nice vertical form.
Chamaecyparis obtuse	Hinoki Falsecypress	Various sizes	No	Many good cultivars with different attributes.
Chamaecyparis pisifera	Japanese	Various	No	Many good cultivars with different forms and attributes.
	falsecypress			
Cryptomeria japonica	Japanese	Medium	No	Rich reddish-brown bark. Worthy plant as an alternative
	cryptomeria			to pines. Use cold hardy cultivars. Likes well drained soils.
XCupressocyparis	Leyland cypress	Medium/Large	Yes	Grows fast. Used as specimen trees or as screening/
leylandii				hedges. Excellent salt tolerance, but bagworms and
,				cankers can be troublesome. Many cultivars.
llex crenata	Japanese holly	Small	No.	Easy to transplant and grow, but susceptible to root fungus
				and nematodes.
llex x meserve	Meserve Hybrid	Small	Yes	Grows about 10 -15 ft. tall. Good heat tolerance and good
	Hollies			choices for northern gardens.
llex opaca	American Holly	Medium	Yes	Slow growing, but considered by many one of the finest
		•		tree-type evergreen hollies. Shiny green leaves and
		- The second sec		abundant red fruit provide for considerable interest.

Inkberry Inkberry Inkberry Inkberry Inkberry Inkberry Inher nine Inkberry Inher nine Inkberry Inher nine Inher nine	Botanical name	Common name	Size @maturity	Native species	Kev attributes
Juniper Juniper Small tree form. cultivars. and canke European larch Japanese larch Dawn redwood Nedium/ Large No Similar to Pes cold clima Dawn redwood Norway spruce No Norway spruce White spruce White spruce Colorado spruce Colorado spruce Accebark pine Nedium No Nedium No No No Nexi der No Nerrecite Attractive price Swiss stone pine Nedium No No No No No No No No No N	llex glabra	Inkberry	Small	Yes	Worthy of consideration and is much more adaptable and trouble-free than llex crenata. Several good cultivars.
European larch European larch Large No and canke and	Juniper spp.	Juniper	Small	The state of the s	Many native and introduced species. Very variable from tree forms to groundcover types. Must carefully select
European larch European larch Japanese larch Medium/ Large No Japanese larch Tamarack Medium/ Large No Dawn redwood Norway spruce Norway spruce Norway spruce Medium/ Large No Medium/ Large No Great dec soils. Alle brown fal					cultivars. Some problems with rust fungi, twig blight fungi, and canker fungi
i Japanese larch Medium/ Large No Similar to Tamarack Medium/ Large No Similar to Lovely fal Cold clima Dawn redwood Medium/ Large No Great dec soils, Allc brown fal Norway spruce Medium Yes Coold clima Allc brown fal Norway spruce Medium Yes Good natic Crowding. Serbian spruce Medium No Very attra appearan Use In the Colorado spruce Medium No Horticultu exfoliating Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Interest. Japanese red pine Medium No Very pict tree. Nee Need Notatical Similar No No No No No No No No Notative spruce Notative Notative Spruce Notative Notative Notative Notative Spruce Notative Not	Larix decidua	European larch	Large	No	Deciduous evergreen that is tolerant of moist and dry soils
I Japanese larch Tamarack Tamarack Dawn redwood Norway spruce Norway spruce White spruce Oriental spruce Colorado spruce Lacebark pine Lacebark pine Japanese red pine Limber nine Medium Medium Medium Medium Medium No Similar to Lovely fal cold clima Medium/ Large No Medium/ Large No Medium Medium No No No No No No No No No N					and windswept locations. Problems with larch casebearer.
Tamarack Dawn redwood Dawn redwood Medium/ Large Norway spruce White spruce White spruce Medium Ves Great dec soils. Allc brown fal brown fal White spruce Medium No Serbian spruce Oriental spruce Colorado spruce Lacebark pine Lacebark pine Swiss stone pine Swiss stone pine Iimber nine Medium Medium No Limber nine Medium No Medium No Loce of the Coor of the	Larix kaempferi	Japanese larch	Medium/Large	No	Similar to European larch
Dawn redwood Medium/ Large No Norway spruce Medium/ Large No White spruce Medium Yes Serbian spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium No Lacebark pine Medium No Japanese red pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No	Larix laricina	Tamarack	Medium	Yes	
Dawn redwood Medium/ Large No Norway spruce Medium/ Large No White spruce Medium Yes Serbian spruce Medium No Oriental spruce Medium No Lacebark pine Medium No Japanese red pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No					cold climates. It does not do well in heat.
Norway spruce Medium/ Large No White spruce Medium Yes Serbian spruce Medium No Oriental spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No Medium No Medium No	Metasequoia	Dawn redwood	Medium/Large	No	Great deciduous evergreen. Tolerates both wet and dry
Norway spruce Medium/ Large No White spruce Medium Yes Serbian spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium No Lacebark pine Medium Yes Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No	glyptostroboides				soils. Allow room. Great orangish-brown and reddish-
White spruce Medium Yes Serbian spruce Medium No Oriental spruce Medium No Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No Voc	Pirea ahies	Norway spring	Medium/Large	20	Naturalized in North America from Furone Very
White spruce Medium Yes Serbian spruce Medium No Oriental spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No		•			adaptable, except for high heat situations
Serbian spruce Medium No Oriental spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No	Picea glauca	White spruce	Medium	Yes	Good native spruce. Withstands heat, cold, drought, and
Serbian spruce Medium No Oriental spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No					crowding. Also, resistant to deer browsing.
Oriental spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No	Picea omorika	Serbian spruce	Medium	No	Very attractive silver-green color needles. Great formal
Oriental spruce Medium No Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No					appearance. One of the two-best non-native spruces to
Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No Voc					use In the landscape.
Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No Voc	Picea orientalis	Oriental spruce	Medium	No	Very attractive specimen tree. One of the two best non-
Colorado spruce Medium Yes Lacebark pine Medium No Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No Limber nine Medium Voc					native spruces to use in the landscape.
Swiss stone pine Japanese red pine Japanese red pine Medium No Voc	Picea pungens	Colorado spruce	Medium	Yes	Attractive blue color to the needles. Trouble with
Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No Limber nine Medium Voc	The same of the sa	The second second			needlecast fungi and canker fungi after 20 to 30 years.
Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No	Pinus bungeana	Lacebark pine	Medium	No	Horticultural interest. Prefers well-drained soil Excellent
Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No					exfoliating bark. Once established, tolerates dry soils and
Swiss stone pine Small/ Medium No Japanese red pine Medium No				Live and the second	acid or high pH soils.
Japanese red pine Medium No	Pinus cembra	Swiss stone pine	Small/ Medium	No	One of the top 5 pines for landscaping. Horticultural
Japanese red pine Medium No					interest.
limber nine Medium Vec	Pinus densilora	Japanese red pine	Medium	No	Very picturesque species, especially a mature open grown tree. Needs well-drained soils
	Pinus flexilis	Limber pine	Medium	Yes	One of the most elegant 5-needle nines Very adaptable

Botanical name	Common name	Size @maturity	Native species	Key attributes
Pinus koraiensis	Korean pine	Medium	No	Not well known, but one of the most elegant 5-needle pines. Also one of the more cold-hardy pines.
Pinus parvifloora	Japanese white pine	Small/ Medium	No	Great tree for restricted spaces. Good accent or specimen conifer
Pinus peuce	Balkan pine	Small/ Medium	No	Rarely available, but a great 5 needle pine. Adaptable to varied soils. Great specimen or accent plant.
	Bosnian pine	Small/Medium	No	Great specimen plant. Long, dark green needles. Attractive formal form. Pine needle scale can be an issue
Pinus resinosa	Red pine	Medium/ Large	Yes	Not the best for landscape use. Problems with Diplodia
Pinus strobus	Eastern white pine	Large	Yes	Good pine for general landscape use. Suffers in
			·	compacted and poorly-drained soils. White pine weevil can be a problem.
Pinus thunbergiana	Japanese black pine	Smali	No	Horticultural interest. Large silky white buds.
Pinus wallichiana	Himalayan pine	Small	No	Horticultural interest. Elegant form. Needs well-drained soil. Keep away from desiccating winds.
Sciadopitys verticillata	Japanese umbrellapine	Small	NO	Very unique and artistic pine. Plant in full sun to partial shade. Slow-growing, but worth having as a specimen
Taxodium ascendens	Pond cypress	Medium/Large	Yes	More columnar in form than baldcypress. Deciduous evergreen.
Taxodium distichum	Baldcypress	Medium/ Large	Yes	Striking specimen, especially in small groupings. Adaptable to most soils, except high pH. Difficult to transplant due to taproot. Deciduous evergreen.
Taxus baccata	English Yew	Small/ Medium	N _O	Dark, shiny green needles. Seeds occur on female plants. Several cultivars to choose from depending on location and purpose.
Taxus cuspidata	Japanese Yew	Small	No	Many cultivars, size is variable. Good choices for cold climates. Choose cultivars based on location and purpose.
Taxus x media	Elngish-Japanese yew	Small	No	10 10 1
I huja occidentalis	Eastern arborvitae	Small/ Medium	Yes	Very durable. Tolerates pruning well. Good cultivars.

Botanical name	Common name	Size @maturity	Native species	Key attributes
Thuja orientalis	Oriental arborvitae	Small/ Medium	No	Quite tolerant. Needles will not discolor in winter like
				Eastern Arborvitae. Easy to control with pruning. Several
				good cultivars noted.
Thuja plicata	Western arborvitae	Medium	Yes	Probably the most elegant of the arborvitaes Dark green
				foliage that does not discolor in winter as much as Eastern
				arborvitae. 'Atrovirens' is an excellent cultivar.
Thujopsis dolobrata	Hiba arborvitae	Medium	No	Horticultural interest. Neat plant that is not well known.
				Quite adaptable, just needs well-drained soil.
Tsuga canadensis	Eastern hemlock	Large	Yes	One of the most grand species of evergreens, especially
				old-growth specimens. PA's state tree. Unfortunately, the
				exotic insect hemlock woolly adegid requires an active
				plant health care program if planting or maintaining high
THE THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY A				value specimens.
Tsuga caroliniana	Carolina hemlock	Small/ Medium	Yes	Horticultural interest. Relic species of the southern
				Appalachians. As with Eastern hemlock, very susceptible
	4-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1			to the insect pest Hemlock Woolly Adelgid.
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United States Department of Agriculture

Forest Service

Northeastern Area State and Private Forestry

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Hemlock Woolly Adelgid

Native to Asia, the hemlock woolly adelgid (Adelges tsugae) is a small, aphidlike insect that threatens the health and sustainability of eastern hemlock (Tsuga canadensis) and Carolina hemlock (Tsuga caroliniana) in the Eastern United States. Hemlock woolly adelgid was first reported in the Eastern United States in 1951 near Richmond, Virginia. By 2005, it was established in portions of 16 States from Maine to Georgia, where infestations covered about half of the range of hemlock. Areas of extensive tree mortality and decline are found throughout the



FIGURE 1.—Hemlock woolly adelgid ovisacs.

infested region, but the impact has been most severe in some areas of Virginia, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Connecticut.

Hemlock decline and mortality typically occur within 4 to 10 years of infestation in the insect's northern range, but can occur in as little as 3 to 6 years in its southern range. Other hemlock stressors, including drought, poor site conditions, and insect and disease pests such as elongate hemlock scale (*Fiorinia externa*), hemlock looper (*Lambdina fiscellaria fiscellaria*), spruce spider mite (*Oligonychus ununguis*), hemlock borer (*Melanophila fulvogutta*), root rot disease (*Armillaria mellea*), and needlerust (*Melampsora parlowii*), accelerate the rate and extent of hemlock mortality.

Hosts

The hemlock woolly adelgid develops and reproduces on all species of hemlock, but only eastern and Carolina hemlock are vulnerable when attacked. The range of eastern hemlock stretches from Nova Scotia to northern Alabama and west to northeastern Minnesota and eastern Kentucky. Carolina hemlock occurs on dry mountain slopes in the southern Appalachians of western Virginia. North and South Carolina, Georgia, and Tennessee. Eastern hemlock is also commonly planted as a tree, shrub, or hedge in ornamental landscapes. At least 274 cultivars of eastern hemlock are known to exist.