# \*\* Confidential \*\* Ferrara, Reece - 2023 enrollment; Exceptional Circumstances; AHPRA; Paramedic Registration; Intermission applied to 2022

From s222104624@deakin.edu.au <s222104624@deakin.edu.au>

- To Kate Kloot<kate.kloot@deakin.edu.au>, Head of School Health<health-hos@deakin.edu.au>
- CC Reece Ferrara < Reece.Storme@protonmail.com>
- Date Saturday, November 26th, 2022 at 20:24

## \*\* CONFIDENTIAL\*\*

### \*\* INVOLVES INFORMATION THAT TENDS TO SHOW ACTS OF CORRUPTION \*\*

Deakin University Faculty of Health Advanced Clinical Practice (Paramedicine) **Dr Kate Kloot** Unit Chair Warrnambool Campus <u>kate.kloot@deakin.edu.au</u> No Current Concerns for my health Treatment from Sunshine Hospital +61 3 556 33013

ICD-11-6A Bi-Polar Disorder (Recent likely diagnosis) (2022)

## ICD11-6B41 Complex post traumatic stress disorder (2016)

CC: Head of School ICD11-6A05 Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (2020) Faculty of Health health-hos@deakin.edu.au

## Student Number: s222104624

Hi Kate, Reece FERRARA

1. First, I would like to apologise to you, I simply cannot be any more sincere than say it first and upfront. It is unfortunate for yourselves and Deakin that circumstances cause use to meet at this point.

- 2. Second, I would suggest this is considered by the university's legal department since it contains material that may require legal obligations. I do not say this with ill will, rather I don't want Deakin to be adversely affected. And just confirming I am not seeking legal advice or assistance. I am seeking advice on the course.
- 3. Third, gaslighting people into doubt and submission is systemic. The only means I had to counteract its effective disablement was reading the written word from trusted sources because words on a page are set in ink and can't change to manipulate the rules to suit the author's motives at any given moment. I have attached a discharge summary as it is only recent, but my health is being managed by Sunshine Health, so Deakin need not be concerned about welfare.
  - a. Copies of the Deakin Documents are attached for reference (Dates list below)
     2021 12 22 Deakin to Reece Re\_Acceptance Master Advanced Clin Prac
     Course

2022 01 06 - Deakin to Reece Re\_Proof of Enrolment 2022 02 06 - Deakin to Reece Course Advice Appointment 2022 02 11 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Deferment Instructions 2022 02 11 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Enquiry CS1779566 Deferment Response 2022 03 01 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Successful Application to Defer 2022 05 19 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Pre-Requisite Changes 2022 08 26 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Re Enrolment for 2023 Info 2022 11 09 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Re-Enrol Reminder 2022 11 16 - Deakin to Reece Re\_Invalid Unit Notice 2022 11 22 - Deakin to Reece Re\_ Invalid Unit Notice

- b. What leads me to write to you is that I had attempted to enroll in the Practitioner Course this year however, I get notices that the enrolment is invalid.
- c. At first, I thought this was a result of my current Paramedic suspension which is elaborated in attachments and further below and arises under well researched and documented 18 month campaign of an arbitrary and punitive process causing profound and ongoing detriment to my health.
- d. I only yesterday saw the eMail that the course is not running this year although intermission students can still complete their study? I could be wrong here.
- e. I had originally decided to leave the profession completely it was only when I applied that I had changed my mind. Instead, committed to continuing to care for people and not allow them to break me and get what they wanted. Applying requires me to have a conversation and preferably a meeting to discuss the

significant and truly exceptional mitigating circumstances concerning my registration suspension, the Board, AHPRA and Ambulance Victoria.

- f. I direct you primarily to the Witnessed Stat Declaration of events alleged regarding Corruption, Reprisals, Devastating health decline, poverty and homelessness.
- g. I have explained something similar to my 9 yr old son in the following. I miss him terribly and poverty is what keeps us apart and my father and brother who have a similar personality type to

As much as we wish we could, we do not get to choose what events happen in front of us in just living our normal lives. When bad things happen, the only choice we do get is what <u>we</u> do in those events we wish we were kilometres away from. Whatever choice we make is an important one. This is because after the events are a long way behind us, the world goes on, but the person must then live with whatever happens as a result of the person's choice. What helps with any decision is the things we learn as we grow, which are the values that our deep consciousness holds us accountable for. When you choose against those values, the deep consciousness will let us know by making us feel the really heavy and unpleasant ones. So whatever we choose, we can never make the wrong choice when it aligns with our values. At times, particularly the hardest ones, we will feel like we regret it, but when the hard times end, the rest of life is completely free because we know we made the right one.

Davidson, Peter et al, 'Inequality in Australia 2020 - Part 1: Overview,Australian Council of Social Service in partnership with the University of NSW, 2020)

Davidson, Peter et al, 'Inequality in Australia 2020 - Part 2: Who Is Affected and Why', Australian Council of Social Service in partnership with the University of NSW, 2020)

Gaffney, Jennifer, 'Another Origin of Totalitarianism: Arendt on the Loneliness of Liberal Citizens' (Pt Informa UK Limited) (2016) 47(1) Journal of the British Society for Phenomenology 1

Baehr, Peter, 'Identifying the Unprecedented: Hannah Arendt, Totalitarianism, and the Critique of Sociology' (Pt American Sociological Association, Sage Publications, Inc.) (2002) 67(6) American Sociological Review 804

House of Representatives Standing Committee on Social Policy and Legal Affairs:

Inquiry into Homelessness in Australia,

h. Newmont Corporation Tanami Gold Mine NT \*\* This is the Primary, still current and most significant health concerns of actual evidence of harm personally treated myself relating to site wide exposure to
 Arsenic and including reprisal and detriment pursuant to the Corporations Act 2001 Part 7.4AAA Whistle blower which I escalated to NT Government and Chief Minister pursuant to the Independent Commissioner Against Corruption Act (NT)....

Augustine, Lyndon, 'Whistleblowing in Healthcare for Patient Safety: An Integrative Literature Review' (2022) 12 International Journal of Human Resource Studies 15

The following communications have been sent regarding health concerns at the Newmont Tanami Gold Mine dated

- 4. 13 Feb, 4 March to ASIC,
- 5. 15 March Response Minister Uibo,
- 6. 29 April ASIC found no wrongdoing,
- 7. <u>19 June</u>, <u>28 July</u>,
- 8. <u>12 August</u>,
- 9. 15 August a response NTAG office,
- 10. <u>19 August</u> Resubmit PID to ASIC;
- 11. NT ombudsman replies indicating '<u>no jurisdiction over actions of Ministers</u>', <u>23</u> <u>August</u> response from ASIC referred matter for review,
- 12. <u>4 September</u> to Chief Minister Hon. Natasha Fyles,
- 13. <u>7 September</u> acknowledgement from Chief Ministers office,
- 14. 14 September escalate further and release information to patients,
- 15. <u>16 September</u> request to clarify what is meant by 'actioned',
- 16. 24 September communication sent to NT ICAC,
- 17. <u>3 October</u> notifying Chief Minister Fyles of intention to apply to Federal Court.

a. Brouwer, G, 'Conflict of Interest in the Public Sector', Victorian Ombudsman,
P.P. No. 82 ed, 2008)
Brouwer, G, 'Issues in Public Sector Employment', Victorian Ombudsman,
P.P. No. 285 ed, 2013)
"[1] During recent years, I have presented a number of reports1 to
Parliament which identified serious governance failures by Victorian public

sector boards and their senior management. Some of the issues included:

• inadequate processes for appointing board members • conflicts of interest

• inadequate performance reviews of boards and board members • poor oversight of the operations of entities by boards. [2] Based on the issues raised in these reports and the pivotal role boards play in controlling and managing the performance of entities and institutions, I decided that an own motion investigation into governance by boards in the Victorian public sector was warranted."

Brouwer, G, 'A Review of the Governance of Public Sector Boards in Victoria', (Victorian Ombudsman, Session 2010 - 2013 P.P. No. 292 ed, 2013)

Witvliet, Margot I., 'Corruption Undermines Health Care Systems: A Human Rights Issue' (2013) 2014(9) Freedom from Fear 14

Victorian Ombudsman, 'Conflict of Interest in the Victorian Public Sector -Ongoing Concerns', Victorian Government, P.P. No. 308 ed, 2014)

"However, at some boards, a significant probity gap remains relating to directors' routine declaration of conflicts of interest at board meetings. Remuneration and board composition are also of concern in some cases, particularly for regional boards, which sometimes struggle to make sure that board directors collectively have the necessary skills, knowledge and

experience to effectively fulfil their roles."

Victorian Auditor-General, 'Board Performance', State of Victoria, PP No 246, 2017)

Glass Obe, Deborah, 'Allegations of Conflict of Interest of an Officer at the Metropolitan Fire and Emergency Services Board ',Victorian Ombudsman, P.P. No. 300 ed, 2017)

'Corruption and Misconduct Risks Associated with Employment Practices in the Victorian Public Sector', Independent Broad-based Anti-Corruption Commission, 2018)

Joint Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs, Defence Trade, 'Criminality, Corruption and Impunity: Should Australia Join the Global Magnitsky Movement?' (Inquiry, Parliament of Australia, 2020/12/01)

Malovany, Ellis, 'An Inquiry into Corporate Psychopathy: The Unheard Voices of Follower Experience' (Ph.D. Thesis, Capella University, 2014)

Australia, Mental Health Council Of, 'Crossroads Report Highlights Systemic Failure in Mental Health' Mental Health Council of Australia, 11 March 2014)

'Workplace Equality in Ambulance Victoria', (Independent Review, Victorian Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Commission,, 2021/11/01 vol volume) ISBN: 978-0-6480882-2-6

'Workplace Equality in Ambulance Victoria', (Independent Review, Victorian Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Commission,, 2022/03/01 vol volume) 978-0-6480882-4-0

b. Victorian Auditor-General, 'Bullying and Harrassment in the Health Sector', State of Victoria, PP No 148, 2016)

"More typically, 'APS integrity' is believed also to include that APS employees demonstrate appropriate values, behave ethically, do 'the right thing' and 'call out'poor behaviour in the workplace or towards stakeholders...discordant 'tone from the top' will render stillborn any internally generated momentum for reform. Interviewees continually reiterated that 'actions speak louder than words'... Many argued that inappropriate behaviour is not called out as often as necessary because managers lack the skills or incentives to 'have difficult conversations and/or tell truth to power'either with their staff or with more senior managers, Ministers or Ministerial staff. Such a capability gap can become a 'super spreader' – normalising 'walking past' in appropriate standards, which in turn can become a source of future integrity risk and may be difficult to reverse once embedded in workplace culture... Others argued that some managers inappropriately 'weaponise' the Code of Conduct and similar formal devices rather than deal with issues at lower cost... some claimed that senior SES may at times appear to be treated differently than other classifications in both respects, which may undermine perceptions of the integrity of the agency's approach... they find such a perceived approach to be confusing, if not unfair." :- Sedgwick, Stephen (Commonwealth of Australia), Report into Consultations Regarding APS Approaches to Ensure Institutional Integrity, October 2020) \

The conduct is familiar and reflects the outcomes of the VEOHRC Independent Review of AV and the wider cultural toxicity and impropriety found in the health sector and its governance. AV management knew about the harm the culture was doing in 2015 and were spoon fed what to do to address it by other Government agencies but in the arrogance that causes it all the harm got worse and was exposed again 6 years later. Tony Walker "Professor Tony Walker Asm, 'Message from Ambulance Victoria's Ceo' (Response to the Independent Review into Workplace Equality in Ambulance Victoria, Ambulance Victoria, 2021/11/01 vol 1); Ferrara, Reece, 'Paramedicine Accreditation Committee - Martin Nichols; Dr William Lord Network Web of Conflicts series) '<2022 03 22 - Ferrara to Av Please Review This Material.Pdf>

Wendy Tuohy, Paul Sakkal, 'Ambulance Exec Quits after Calls for Sacking over Service's 'Harmful Culture'',

(2022/03/29) <u>https://www.theage.com.au/national/victoria/ambulance-exec-quits\_after\_calls\_for\_sacking-over-service-s-harmful-culture-20220329-p5a90i.html</u>

'Code of Conduct for Directors of Victorian Public Entities', (Victorian Public Sector Commission, 2015) Clark, Belinda, 'Code of Conduct for Victorian Public Sector Employees',Victorian Public Sector Commission, 2015) Clark, Belinda, 'Code of Conduct for Victorian Public Sector Employees of Special Bodies',Victorian Public Sector Commission, 2015) Finance, Department of Treasury And, 'Vps Data Integrity Manual' (Guide, Department of Treasury and Finance, vol volume) Victorian Public Service Commission, 'Conflicts of Interest and Duty as a Board Director' (2022) State Government of Victoria Victorian Public Service Commission, 'Conflicts of Interest and Duty for Directors of Public Entities' (Practice Guide), vol volume) Victorian Public Service Commission, 'Serving Victoria: The Role of a Chief Executive Officer (Ceo)',State of VIctoria, 2022)

.the Government 2.0 taskforce also found that: "There is a lack of reliable data on the efficiency of public agencies, which needs to be remedied. Reviews of agencies are conducted on an ad hoc basis, and evidence suggests that significant red tape could be cut....the existing public service culture of hierarchical control and direction must change sufficiently to encourage and reward engagement.

'Benchmarking Australian Government Administration Performance', (KPMG, 2009)

Countries	Average rating for policy performance
New Zealand	7.9
Denmark	7.8
Canada	7.3
The Netherlands	7.2
Australia	6.8
UK	6.6
USA	6.2
France	5.5

#### VCAT REFERENCE: Z128/2022 PROCEDURAL FAIRNESS AS PER AHPRA AND NATIONAL BOARDS REG



Accountable through the justice system, administrative and regulatory bodies for: • the legality of regulatory decisions, including by delegates. This can also include adequacy of standards, codes, guidelines, delegations and probity of decisionmaking processes.

AHPRA AND NATIONAL BOARDS REGULATORY GUIDE APRIL 2021

The usual consequence of a failure to afford procedural fairness, where it has beer affect the outcome, is that the relevant decision must be set aside, and re-made in manner.

• It is possible for a later hearing to cure an earlier breach of procedural fairness, p hearing is conducted properly and free from bias.

- The <u>Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth) Schedule 1</u> 'The Criminal Code', describes a likeness to the conduct engaged in by the Respondents throughout the Commission proceedings from initiation to conclusion of the final denied application for appeal under special circumistances by Vice President Cantanzaniti in the following parts or sections:
  - a. Section 11.5 Conspiracy;
  - b. Part 2.5 -- Corporate criminal responsibility

i. sections 12.1 – 12.3;

- c. Chapter 7 The Proper administration of Government
  - i. s 130.3 Dishonesty;
  - ii. Influencing a Commonwealth Public Official s 135.1(7)
  - iii. Obtaining a financial advantage s 135.2(1), (1a), (3)
    - iv. Conspiracy to defraud s 135.4
    - v. False or misleading statements in applications s 136.1
    - vi. False or misleading information s 137.1
  - vii. False or misleading documents s 137.2
  - viii. Menaces s 138.2, <u>Anonymous Responedent related threat</u> received June 11, 2021 at 14:58 via *Telstra Air*, which [1]

predicted my current circumstances.

ix. False representations in relation to a Commonwealth body

s 150.1

2. In 1995, the doctrine of 'common purpose' was considered in <u>McAuliffe v R</u> (1995) 183 CLR 108 at [113] – [114],

'The doctrine of common purpose applies where a venture is undertaken by more than one person acting in concert in pursuit of a common criminal design. Such a venture may be described as a joint criminal enterprise.'

"This marks a distinction between first-order and second-order gaslighting. The former occurs when there is disagreement over whether a shared concept applies to some aspect of the world, and where the use of words by a speaker is apt to cause hearers to doubt their interpretive abilities without doubting the accuracy of their concepts. The latter occurs when there is disagreement over which concept should be used in a context, and where the use of words by a speaker is apt to cause hearers to doubt their interpretive abilities in virtue of doubting the accuracy of their concepts. Many cases of second-order gaslighting are unintentional: its occurrence often depends on contingent environmental facts. I end the article by focusing on the distinctive epistemic injustices of second-order gaslighting: (1) metalinguistic deprivation, (2) conceptual obscuration, and (3) perspectival

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>[1]</sup> 'Reece you are the weirdest paramedic I have ever had to work with and most of us wouldn't even consider you a paramedic. We have all heard what you are trying to do to med rescue and if you put any of our jobs at risk here we will make sure you pay for it by spreading your name to everyone in the industry for someone who shouldn't get a job ever. The reality is HSE couldn't stand you, all us on the med team couldn't believe you got a job here and some of the things you said to one of us should have you reported and struck off AHPRA.'

subversion. I show how each reliably has sequelae in terms of psychological and practical control." :- Podosky, Paul-Mikhail, 'Gaslighting, First and Second-Order' (2020) 36 Hypatia 1

Cheung, Alvin, 'Legal Gaslighting' (2021) 72 University of Toronto Law Journal Miano, Paola, Martina Bellomare and Vincenzo Giuseppe Genova, 'Personality Correlates of Gaslighting Behaviours in Young Adults' (Pt Routledge) (2021) 27(3) Journal of Sexual Aggression 285; Sweet, Paige, 'The Sociology of Gaslighting' (2019) 84; Davis, Shirley, 'The Enormous Problem of Medical Gaslighting' (2022) 7 MOJ Addiction Medicine & Therapy 4; Nazir, Thseen and Ayşe Özçiçek, 'Gaslighting: Confronting Hypocritical Kind of Emotional Abuse' (2022); Anadolu Üniversitesi Eğitim Fakültesi DergisiSebring, Jennifer, 'Towards a Sociological Understanding of Medical Gaslighting in Western Health Care' (2021) 43 Sociology of Health & Illness American Sociological Review 000312241987484; Philips, Deborah, 'Gaslighting: Domestic Noir, the Narratives of Coercive Control' (Pt Informa UK Limited) (2021) 32(2) Women: A Cultural Review 1

When the University is ready, let me know what should be done from here and how I can realise my right to education and a life free of discrimination, victimisation and the enduring toxicity of the senior executives who cheated through manipulating the hiring and promotion process to ensure *only one of us is good enough.* 

'Beyond the Door-Keeper – Standing to Sue for Public Remedies', 78 ed)

'Costs Shifting – Who Pays for Litigation', (Report No 75,

Commonwealth of Australia, 1995/08/31 vol volume) ISBN 0 642 23412

'The Fair-Minded Observer and Its Critics', in Australian Law Reform Commission (ed), Judicial Impartiality (JI7 ed, 2021)

Australian Law Reform, Commission, 'Equality, Capacity and Disability in Commonwealth Laws' (Discussion Paper No 81, 2014/05/01 vol volume) ISBN: 978-0-9924069-0-5

Australian Law Reform Commission, 'Corporate Criminal Responsibility' (Discussion Paper, 2020/01/31 vol volume)

Bell, Virginia, 'Equality, Proportionality and Dignity: The Guiding Principles for a Just Legal System' (2017) 42 Alternative L.J. 4 Kayess, Rosemary Fogarty, Ben, 'The Rights and Dignity of Persons with Disabilities' (2007) 32 Alternative L.J. 22 Stephenson, Scott, 'Dignity and the Australian Constitution' (2020) 42 Sydney L. Rev. 369

The Constitutional matter involves contraventions of several ratified treaties primarily the;

[Int] Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, opened for signature 10 December 1984, signed 26 June 1987, ATS 21 (entered into force 7 September 1989)

The respondents have engaged in actions or omissions, either in consultation with or independently, satisfying the definition in Article 1 or, in the alternative, Article 16. The respondents proceeded in a failure or breach of the Articles 2, 6, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.

## [Int] Convention of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, opened for signature 30 March 2007, signed 30 March 2007, ATS 12 (entered into force 3 May 2008)

articles 3, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 22, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28 and 30.

[Int] Convention on the Rights of the Child, opened for signature 20 November 1989, signed 2 September 1990, 1991 No. 4 (entered into force 16 January 1991) The secondary applicant is nine years old meeting the criteria of Article 1. Failures or contraventions of articles 3, 5, 9, 12, 16, 18, 19, 20, 24, 27, and 42.

[Int] Convention against Corruption, opened for signature 31 October 2003, signed 14 December 2005, ATS 2 (entered into force 6 January 2006)

Finally some Jurisprudence regarding disability and being a little.... quirky. The South Australian Supreme Court wrote in **R v Marafioti (2014) 118 SASR** 

511 at [13] that,

'[b]ehaviours which might appear odd or different to some should not too quickly be associated with illegality. Eccentricities should not be magnets for the exercise of police powers.'

...courts and other legal decision-making bodies have pointed out that '[e]ven though it may be upsetting to live next door to an eccentric, that, in itself, does

not give a cause of action in nuisance.' (**Bathurst City Council v Saban (No** 2)(1986) 58 LGRA 201 at 208) or that they must 'avoid penalising a practitioner for eccentricity, unorthodoxy, unpopularity, curmudgeonly conduct or even offensive personality traits that may from time to time make life more difficult for colleagues.' (**Coroneos v Medical Board [2001] QCA 268 at** [31]).

## Karpin, I., & O'Connell, K. (2015). Stigmatising the Normal: The Legal Regulation of Behaviour as a Disability [article]. UNIVERSITY OF NEW SOUTH WALES LAW JOURNAL, 38(4), 1461-1483.

"It is the fear of the disabled body as irrational and out of control that, rather than inviting the protections established in law, triggersthe speculation of frightening possibility. It is not the disablingcondition that is the source of the stigma, but the unacknowledged fears and assumptions that attach to it. Daniel emerges from the High Court judgmentstigmatised as terrifyingly out of controlwith the potentialto commit heinouscriminal acts such as sexual assault and arson rather than as a disabledchild who requiredcare and assistance to manage a challenging school environment."

...In recent years there has been a sharp increase in the diagnosis of Australians with disabilities that can include challenging behaviour, such as ASD or attentiondeficit hyperactivity disorder ('ADHD'). This sits alongsidethe scientific developments, described above, which increasingly trace various traits and behaviours to their neurological and genetic roots.

O'Connell, K. (2017). Eccentricity: the Case for undermining legal categories of disability and normalcy [Article]. Continuum: Journal of Media & Cultural Studies,31(3), 352-364. https://doi.org/10.1080/10304312.2017.1275080

"The idea that normalcy and disability are intimately connected may, however, be under threat by an increasingly biomedical approach to challenging behaviour. Bea Miles, who reportedly carried with her a declaration of her sanity written by several prominent doctors (Lewis 1992)"

Slattery v Manningham City Council [2013] VCAT 1869 (Slattery)

Slattery had multiple diagnosed disabilities: bipolar disorder, attention deficit hyperactive disorder and post-traumatic stress disorder. In addition, he had a

hearing impairment and sleep apnoea, and had recently had a stroke, which left him with an acquired brain injury. However, some of his behaviours, particularly his compulsive contact with council members, could not be easily traced to these particular disabilities. This raised the question of whether his behaviour was a manifestation of his disabilities or whether he was a person who behaved in unusual and compulsive ways, and who happened to have unrelated disabilities. Medical evidence was scant because Mr. Slattery was not receiving any treatment for his disabilities. In the end, a doctor who had treated Mr. Slattery in the past, gave additional oral evidence that Mr. Slattery had a compulsive disorder, which was sufficient to show that his behaviour was arising from a disability and therefore fell within the ambit of the legislation

'([82]). Satisfied on the question of disability, the Tribunal found that the ban on Mr. Slattery was disproportionately extensive and unspecified', 'blunt, broad and insufficiently tailored', 'indefinite, and ... incorporates no transparent process of review'([131]). The Tribunal found that discrimination had occurred and the parties were sent for compulsory conciliation to find another solution.

## Attachments:

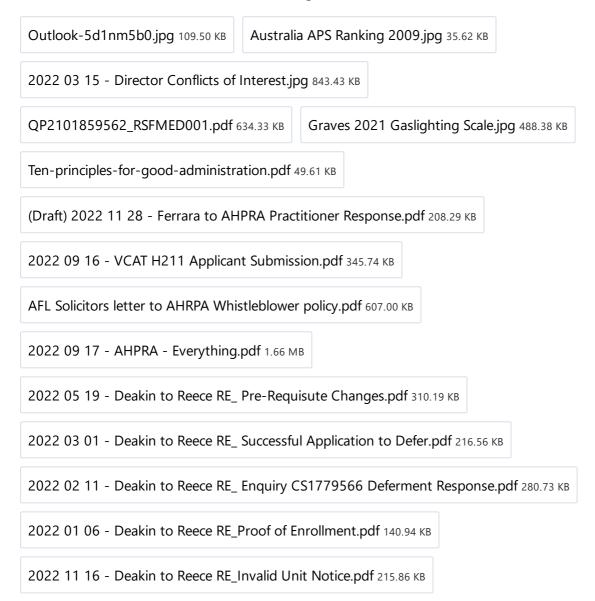
- 1. Sunshine Hospital Discharge Summary Evidence of ill health
- 2. Commonwealth Ombudsman 10 Principles
- 3. Draft Response to the Para Boards latest decision
- 4. Legal argument and position in dispute with Ambulance Victoria
- 5. I found this document by chance in the public domain (google search) It appears I am not the only one with Public Interest Disclosures about AHPRA
- 6. A Copy and Paste from AHPRA's website, Australasian College of Paramedicine and others (reference only)
- 7. 12 Deakin Correspondence
- 13. A plea for treatment from Australia's Torture treatment agency FASTT
- 14. Legal position and arguments in dispute with AHPRA and the Para Board
- 15. Dated Chronology and communications to NT Government about Arsenic exposures and injuries at Newmont Tanami Gold Mine NT I personally treated and have the documentation of. Additionally, the full time Paramedics there are practicing Paramedicine in a conflict of interest as they receive financial bonuses for low workplace injury stats, directly treat the patient, write the medical records and classify the WHS categories. This is why I was the only one who was doing AV standard assessments. I have afforded them all generous legnths of time of procedural fairness.

- 16. Clare Beech and Michael Smith ASIC Certified Conflict of Interest between the Public Board and Agency and a Private Corporation
- 17. Witnessed Statutory Declaration chronology with AHPRA and Medical Rescue

Reeces

Paramedic Registration Suspended until determination of a question of lawPO Box 4330400 690 987GreensboroughReece.Storme@Protonmail.comVictoria, 3088CV Link

### 8.54 MB 17 files attached 3 embedded images



2022 11 22 - Deakin to Reece RE\_ Invalid Unit Notice.pdf 214.10 KB

2022 09 14 - FASTT Inquiry for Assistance and potential options for accessing treatment.pdf 455.07 KB

Z128\_2022 Review and Regulation List.pdf 59.95 KB

2022 10 03 - NT PID.pdf 287.62 КВ

Medical Rescue Pty Ltd [COI] Paramedicine Board [Certified].pdf 1.50 MB