GULL LAKE SEWER AND WATER AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION For the Years Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page No.</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2-6
Financial Statements Statements of Net Position Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statements of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements	7 8 9 10-18
Supplemental Information Schedule of Operating Expenses Compared to Budget	19



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors
Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements, which consist of a single enterprise fund, of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority as of and for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority at March 31, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis (identified in the table of contents) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying financial information listed as supplemental information in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Seber Tans, PLC Kalamazoo, Michigan September 15, 2021

Seber Tans PLC

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and the Statements of Cash Flows. Along with the footnotes, they provide detailed financial information concerning the Authority (Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority). This section, Management's Discussion and Analysis, is intended to provide an overview of the Authority's financial condition, results of operations, and other key information.

Financial Overview

In analyzing the Authority's financial position, it is important to recognize the mission of the Authority. From a financial perspective, the Authority's core objective is to manage the long-term costs of providing sanitary sewer service to the businesses and residents (collectively the Users) of participating Municipalities. The Authority acts as agent of the participating Municipalities. The quarterly amounts charged to Users approximate the operating costs incurred by the Authority in providing wastewater collection, operations, maintenance, and replacement, including treatment of wastewater at the City of Kalamazoo's regional facility. In addition to the annual operating costs of providing sanitary sewer, the Authority is responsible for the repayment of long-term bonds and other debt obligations incurred from time-to-time to finance construction of various portions of the sanitary sewer system. Capital costs of new infrastructure are generally recovered from the benefiting property owners, the land owner(s) and/or developer(s), at the time the infrastructure is constructed, while replacement of existing infrastructure may be debt or cash financed and/or paid for from rates.

A significant non-cash expense of the Authority is depreciation. For budgeting purposes and setting User rates, management does not consider depreciation expense. Depreciation expense represents costs associated with the construction of the sanitary sewer system. Also, customer principal payments from assessments on the benefiting properties, customer payments of connection fees and Authority principal payments made on long-term financing are not reflected as revenues or expenses of the Authority.

	2021		 2020		2019
Total operating expense	\$	2,224,212	\$ 2,265,775	\$	2,037,386
Less depreciation and amortization		(593,057)	(589,755)		(574,025)
Operating expenses, net of	<u> </u>	_	_	· ·	
depreciation and amortization		1,631,155	1,676,020		1,463,361
Users (expressed as units)		4,875	5,254		4,689
Cost per Unit	\$	335	\$ 319	\$	312

The Authority's costs of operating are primarily affected by (i) wastewater treatment charges from the City of Kalamazoo, (ii) the costs of employed personnel and (iii) the increasing cost of repair, rehabilitation and/or replacement. The sanitary sewer system covers a geographic area of 15 square miles. It is projected that over 500 new Users will connect to the sewer system over the next 10 years. Some of these users may be other than single family homes and contribute flow greater than single family homes (equivalent units of flow).

The Authority's net assets (decreased) increased \$(350,851) in 2021, \$(352,474) in 2020 and \$160,285 in 2019. The decrease in 2021 and 2020 primarily represents the excess of annual depreciation expense not being offset by capital asset additions net of related debt. The increase in 2019 primarily represents the excess of capital asset additions over annual depreciation

expense. Sewer pipe valued at \$559,300 was installed at Gilmore Farms in 2019. In years net assets increase, the increase is driven primarily from new public sewer construction and benefiting property owners paying connection fees. In years with minimal sewer expansions, net assets decrease primarily due to depreciation expense. Construction activity has been increasing after minimal new sewer expansion in the Authority's district over the period, 2009-2019.

Authority assets, liabilities, and net assets are summarized as follows:

	2021	2020	2019	% Change 2020 - 2021			
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 13,447,099	\$ 12,225,989	\$ 12,248,938	10.0			
Other assets	1,908,322	2,231,259	2,539,300	(14.5)			
Total assets	15,355,421	14,457,248	14,788,238	6.2			
Long-term liabilities	954,582	_	-	100.0			
Other liabilities	504,882	210,440	188,956	139.9			
Total liabilities	1,459,464	210,440	188,956	593.5			
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related							
debt	12,259,049	12,225,989	12,248,938	0.3			
Unrestricted	1,636,908	2,020,819	2,350,344	(19.0)			
Total net assets	\$ 13,895,957	\$ 14,246,808	\$ 14,599,282	(2.5)			
Operating results for fiscal years 2021 through 2019 were as follows:							

	2021	2020	2019	% Change 2020-2021
Operating revenue Operating costs	\$ 1,711,031 2,224,212	\$ 1,780,940 2,265,775	\$ 1,533,142 2,037,386	(3.9) (1.8)
Net loss from operations	(513,181)	(484,835)	(504,244)	5.9
Net non-operating (loss) revenues	16,974	(62,890)	36,084	(127.0)
Loss before capital contributions	(496,207)	(547,725)	(468,160)	(9.4)
Capital contributions	145,356	195,251	628,445	(25.6)
Change in net assets	\$ (350,851)	\$ (352,474)	\$ 160,285	(.5)

Absent depreciation, the Authority had an excess of operating revenues over operating costs of approximately \$80,000 for 2021, \$105,000 for 2020 and \$70,000 for 2019, respectively. Operating revenues decreased by 4% for 2021 and increased by 16.2% for 2020 and 6.6% for 2019.

Treatment charges are a significant portion of the Authority's operating budget. After a period of rate increases approximating 7% increase per year (2003-2012), the City of Kalamazoo did not increase the treatment rate charged to the Authority (2013-2017), and the rate was lowered slightly in 2014. The City of Kalamazoo increased the rate by 3.7% in 2018, 4.3% in 2019, 9.8% in 2020, and 18.3% in 2021. Also, the City of Kalamazoo implements annual or bi-annual "true up". In lieu of sending a check, true ups are now implemented by adjustments to the Township rate. A 1994 amendment to the Authority's 30-year contract for wastewater treatment services extends the Wastewater Discharge Contract with the City of Kalamazoo to July 2024. Renewal of this long-term wastewater treatment contract is anticipated prior to 2024.

In 2021, 2020 and 2019, the Authority recognized net contributed capital of \$145,356, \$195,251 and \$628,445, respectively. Based on review of the security of contractual liens, the Authority had stopped financing Utility Projects or Connection Fees for new users connecting to the system. The Authority reinstated Connection Fee Financing in early 2017. There were no Connection Fees financed as of FYE 2021. With respect to the security of User Fee receivables, per Michigan Attorney General's Opinion dated October 19, 2012, #7258, User Fee receivable liens on foreclosed properties are no longer enforceable; however, the amount of foreclosures is not material to the Authority's financial position.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The Authority had \$80,000 of completed sewer construction during fiscal year 2021, \$423,173 during fiscal year 2020, and \$559,300 during fiscal year 2019. In fiscal year 2021, a property owner contributed sewer pipe valued at \$80,000 on West Gull Lake Drive to relocate the sewer pipe. In fiscal year 2020, the Authority spent \$423,173 for Capital Improvement Projects. In fiscal year 2019, a developer contributed pipe valued at \$559,300 for Gilmore Farms.

The Authority previously completed an Asset Management Plan (AMP) / Capital Improvement Plan which proposed cash financing of capital improvements the next six years, and debt financing for scheduled replacement / repair / improvements beginning in fiscal year 2028. The Asset Management Plan (AMP) / Capital Improvement Plan and financing plan is in the process of being updated. In fiscal year 2021, the Authority approved debt financing of \$800,000 for updating the Authority SCADA system. In fiscal year 2021, the Authority also entered into a Government Obligation Contract for the purchase of a Gapvax Combination Jetvac in the amount of \$468,920.

During 2009, the Gilmore Farms Sanitary Sewer – 30th Street Project (public portion) was constructed for \$434,141. The Authority initially contributed \$113,000 towards the project and the developer contributed \$375,000 based on the estimated \$488,000 construction cost. In recognition of the developer contribution to the Project, the Authority and the Township agree to refund to the developer 50% of the Indirect Connection Fees received from the developer by the Authority on behalf of the Township from the first 300 residential units constructed on the property connecting to the Project and connecting to additional public sewer to be constructed by the developer at the developer's cost. Through the initial contribution and refund of connection fees, it is estimated that the Authority will be responsible for approximately 60% of the project cost. Developer connections began in fiscal year 2019. Should the number of new housing units reach approximately 700 in the future phases of the project, the Authority is obligated to construct a relief sewer for the district of approximately \$621,019 (2021 estimated cost). As the developer has indicated there is not likely

to be 700 new homes in this development, the financial commitment for the pipeline has not been inserted into the Authority's long-term Capital Improvement Plan.

Beginning in calendar year 2011, the Authority initiated a program to locate, find, minimize and/or eliminate clean water from entering the public sewer system in order to control costs. Clean water (groundwater) enters the public sewer system primarily through leaks within the Authority's pipes system, leaks within the customer's property, and residential clean water sump pumps. The cost of initiating, implementing and administering this on-going program is expected to be offset by the long-term savings of treatment cost expense.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates

Each year, the Authority monitors its cash flow for operating expenses and makes recommendations to the participating municipalities for rate increases necessary to fund operations and maintenance. The Authority, after thorough investigation of its system (2014-2017), prepared a 40-year Asset Management Plan that calls for the replacement of \$4 Million dollars of piping and ancillary assets over the next 10 years, starting in 2018, with continued system upgrades thereafter. The financial analysis of the plan projected rate increases of approximately 3.5% starting April 1, 2018, and each April 1st thereafter subject to annual review and updating of the Capital Improvement Plan. Beginning April 1, 2018, the Authority municipalities implemented a series of rate increases of \$3 per quarter over each of the next 4 years (11.5%). The primary drivers for the rate increase were (i) increasing costs (inflation) and (ii) necessary replacement (capital) as per the Asset Management Plan. The Authority plans to update the Capital Improvement Plan and recommend necessary rate increases.

In fiscal 2019, the Authority approved a Letter of Intent with Charleston Township to act as the agent/operator including sewer billing for the sewer service district South of M96 effective January 1, 2019. The Authority is also the agent/operator for Cooper Township. The Authority bills for sewer service in these sewer districts but does not own the assets. The existing agreements with these Townships do not require that the Authority allocate a portion of the revenue billed for asset replacement in these sewer service districts. This may change in future agreements. As of July 1, 2021, the Authority is no longer the agent/operator for Charleston Township. The Authority's current contract with Cooper Township expires on August 15, 2022.

In fiscal 2020, the Authority entered into an agreement with the City of Galesburg to provide sewer and water systems operation and maintenance.

In fiscal 2020, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Village of Augusta to provide water technician services.

The Authority has approximately 33% of its customer base that is serviced by public water from a neighboring entity. Currently, commercial and industrial customers pay the single family home rate times a multiplier based on average domestic use by a single-family home expressed in units. For commercial customers served by public water, the public water meter has been used from time-to-time to calculate and adjust the units for the multiplier based upon actual consumption. There are no current plans to use actual water use consumption to generate sewer use bills for both commercial and residential customers that have water meters at this time,

On May 8, 2014, the Authority was awarded a three-year Storm and Wastewater Asset Management (SAW) Plan grant with the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality in the amount of \$1,285,523. The grant required a local match of \$206,286 which brought the total project amount to \$1,491,809. Eligible expenditures were reimbursed to the Authority. The final SAW Grant amount and local match were \$783,421.62 and \$87,046.85, respectively. Under the SAW Grant the Authority was obligated to implement an Asset Management program that identifies current condition and replacement cost projections, and, if funding gaps were identified within the SAW plan, the Authority had to develop a long-term funding plan and increase rates to fund the plan. There were no significant funding gaps identified through this process.

Also, as part of the SAW grant process, the Authority pledged to work with neighboring communities whose infrastructure is used by the Authority for transporting wastewater from the Authority district to the Regional Wastewater Facility. Although not initially paid for by the Authority, the Authority recognizes its dependence on these "downstream interceptors" and as such, will be considering long-term agreements in 2021-2022 with downstream communities obligating the Authority for operations, maintenance, repair and replacement costs, the latter of which may be significant. It is anticipated the estimated costs of these long-term obligations will be identified prior to entering into these agreements and added to the Capital Improvement Plan.

In Spring 2014, the Authority agreed to be a Plaintiff in a lawsuit against the City of Kalamazoo over the methodologies by which Kalamazoo sets its rates for wastewater treatment and services. Management believes it necessary, to preserve its rights to long-term treatment capacity and to better regulate how Kalamazoo charges its customers, to join eight other Plaintiffs in this action. The lawsuit was dismissed in June of 2015, with a tolling agreement (can be refiled at any time) as the Plaintiffs are continuing to work with the City of Kalamazoo on proposed 40-year wastewater (and water) agreements. Negotiations continue with Kalamazoo in this regard.

Contacting the Authority's Management

This financial report is intended to provide the Authority's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the accountability for the money received by the Authority. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, the Authority welcomes you to contact John Crumb, Executive Director, or Anne Richmond, Executive Assistant, Gull Lake Sewer & Water Authority, at (269) 731-4595 or via email at crumbj@glswa.org or richmonda@glswa.org. Additional information is available on the Authority website at www.glswa.org.

Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority Statements of Net Position March 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174,597	\$ 156,673
Customer accounts receivable	185,773	186,919
Other receivables	29,495	144,501
Total Current Assets	389,865	488,093
Other Assets		
Other receivables, excluding current portion	10,800	10,800
Designated cash and investments	1,507,657	1,732,366
Total Other Assets	1,518,457	1,743,166
Property and Equipment		
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of		
\$12,738,136 and \$12,169,459	13,447,099	12,225,989
Total Assets	15,355,421	14,457,248
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	242,242	181,720
Other	29,173	28,720
Current portion of notes payable Total Current Liabilities	233,467 504,882	210,440
Total Current Liabilities	304,002	210,440
Long-Term Liabilities		
Notes payable	954,582	<u>-</u>
Notes payable	001,002	
Total Liabilities	1,459,464	210,440
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted assets	1,636,908	2,020,819
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,259,049	12,225,989
aprise seedle,et e. rolaton noot		
Total Net Position	\$ 13,895,957	\$ 14,246,808

Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 1,711,031	\$ 1,780,940
Total Revenues	1,711,031	1,780,940
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and wages	490,678	454,519
Fringe benefits	159,020	145,312
Contracted services	792,260	838,484
Utilities	98,731	97,913
Supplies	7,198	7,803
Maintenance and repairs	83,268	131,989
Depreciation	593,057	589,755
Total Operating Expenses	2,224,212	2,265,775
Operating Loss	(513,181)	(484,835)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	5,051	10,981
Interest expense	(11,262)	-
Lease income	11,650	11,650
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	11,535	(85,521)
Net Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	16,974	(62,890)
Change in Net Position from Operations		
Before Capital Contributions	(496,207)	(547,725)
Contributed capital	145,356	195,251
Change in Net Position	(350,851)	(352,474)
Net position at beginning of year	14,246,808	14,599,282
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 13,895,957	\$ 14,246,808

Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash received from users	\$ 1,712,177	\$ 1,762,734
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(922,155)	(1,128,331)
Cash payments to employees for services	(649,698)	(599,831)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	140,324	34,572
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Other non-operating revenues	11,650	11,650
Proceeds from connection fees	181,583	151,971
Proceeds from debt	800,000	1,023
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	13,324	7,988
Advances from (to) other governments	453	(769)
Principal paid on debt	(80,870)	-
Interest paid on debt	(11,262)	-
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,267,038)	(660,315)
Net Cash (Used in) Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	(352,160)	(488,452)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest earned on investments and receivables	5,051	10,981
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,051	10,981
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(206,785)	(442,899)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,889,039	2,331,938
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1,682,254	\$ 1,889,039
BALANCE SHEET CLASSIFICATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174,597	\$ 156,673
Designated cash and investments	1,507,657	1,732,366
	\$ 1,682,254	\$ 1,889,039
Non-Cash Transactions		
Equipment acquired by issuing notes payable	\$ 468,920	\$ -
Sewer line extension contributed by developer	\$ 80,000	\$ -
·		

	2021	2020
Supplemental Disclosures		
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$ (513,181)	\$ (484,835)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash		
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	593,057	589,755
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
which provided (used) cash:		
Receivables	1,146	(91,840)
Accounts payable	 59,302	21,492
Total Changes in Assets and Liabilities	 _	
Included in Operating Results	 653,505	 519,407
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 140,324	\$ 34,572

NOTE A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Authority Formation and Mission

Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority (the Authority) was established by the Townships of Ross and Richland, Kalamazoo County, and the Townships of Barry and Prairieville, Barry County and incorporated under the provisions of Act 233, Public Acts of 1955, as amended. The Authority is governed by a board consisting of an elected official appointed from each of the constituent Townships. The Authority was formed to operate, maintain, administer and manage sewage collection systems and water systems pursuant to Act 94, Public Acts of 1933, as amended.

The Authority transports sewage through its system to the City of Kalamazoo under a treatment contract that expires in 2024. Management anticipates that the contract will be renewed prior to 2024.

Scope of Reporting Entity and Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority contain all the funds that are financially interdependent on the Authority's executive or legislative branches. The most significant manifestation in determining the reporting entity is financial interdependence. Other manifestations to be considered include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. Other criteria used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion in a reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships regardless of oversight responsibilities. The Authority does not have any potential component units. Based on these criteria the Authority is considered a reporting unit and is not considered a component unit of the Townships.

Basis of Accounting

The statement of net position, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and the statement of cash flows report information on all of the activities of the primary government (the "Authority"). The Authority engages in only business-type activities; business type activities rely significantly on fees and charges for services.

All activities of the Authority are accounted for in a single proprietary fund. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. Net assets are divided into the following components: invested in capital assets-net of related debt, restricted for debt service and other purposes, and unrestricted.

Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. Activities of the Authority are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Operating activities include all revenues and expenses associated with sewer activities. Non-operating revenues and expenses relate primarily to financing and investing activities.

NOTE A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes all highly liquid investments, with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Receivables

Customer accounts receivable represent quarterly billings for user fees. Contract receivables consist of contracts with member municipalities which are paid from assessments levied on individual properties for the extension of sewer services. Other receivables consists of customer connection fees for hook ups, an extension of a sewer line to service a development, and other miscellaneous receivables. Receivables are evaluated annually and an allowance for uncollectible accounts is established if necessary. As of December 31, 2021 and 2020, an allowance for doubtful accounts was not deemed necessary.

Restricted and Designated Assets

To the extent the Authority has outstanding contract debt that is collateralized by assessment contracts receivable, certain deposits and investments are restricted by contract and/or Township ordinance. Additionally, the Board may designate other funds for future repairs and maintenance and capacity enhancement of the sewer system. Board designated funds are generated primarily from capital charges and transfers from operating cash. Costs of capital improvements and significant repairs and replacements may be funded from these designated assets.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets of the Authority are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. Fixed assets are valued at cost. Donated fixed assets are stated at their fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets as follows: Buildings - 20 years, Sewer Lines - 50 years, Equipment - 10 years, Vehicles - 10 years and Water Lines - 50 years.

Capitalized Interest

Interest costs on debt incurred to finance fixed asset additions is capitalized during the construction period for additions greater than \$1,000,000 and six months duration. Interest is capitalized at the rate of the associated debt instrument based on the cost incurred on the related construction until such time as the asset is ready for service. The interest capitalized is added to the carrying cost of the asset. No interest costs were capitalized in 2021 or 2020.

NOTE A – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates

Preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates by management. Estimates are subject to change and, accordingly, actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparation of the accompanying financial statements. These financial statements include estimates primarily as to the depreciable lives and salvage values of fixed assets, and the current portion of contracts receivables.

NOTE B - Cash, Deposits and Investments

The State of Michigan allows a political subdivision to authorize its treasurer or other chief financial officer to invest surplus funds belonging to and under the control of the entity into certain instruments described as follows: bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States; certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a financial institution in compliance with section 6 of PA 105 of 1855, MCL 21.146. Financial institution means a state or nationally chartered bank or a state or federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government. The Authority may invest in commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; in United States government or federal obligation repurchase agreements; in bankers' acceptances of United States banks; in mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan; or in surplus fund investment pools.

The Authority's cash and designated cash were held with numerous banking institutions located in southwest Michigan. Authority management monitors cash held at financial institutions and transfers cash balances that significantly exceed federal insurance limits.

Balances at March 31 related to cash and cash equivalents, deposits and certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 90 days are detailed on the balance sheets as follows:

	Tot	als
	(Memoran	dum Only)
	2021	2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 174,597	\$ 156,673
Designated assets (See Note D)		
Certificates of deposits	161,164	159,012
Deposits	1,346,493	1,573,354
	1,507,657	1,732,366
Totals	\$1,682,254	\$1,889,039

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and are uncollateralized. As of March 31, 2021, approximately \$103,000 of the Authority's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk because they exceeded federal bank or credit union insurance limits.

NOTE C - Receivables

Customer accounts receivable represent current sewer usage charges receivable. Unpaid customer accounts receivables are added to the tax rolls after approximately one year.

Contracts receivables represent amounts due from individuals and businesses for their initial connection to the sewer system and other miscellaneous charges. The amounts are receivable over a contractual term, usually within 90 days. Under certain circumstances the Authority may extend credit. If credit is extended, terms normally provide for annual payments over 5 years from the date of connection, plus interest at 5% per annum on the unpaid balance and are secured by a lien on the premises.

Other receivables consist of billings for maintenance and repairs for users, other local municipalities contracting such services from the Authority, other miscellaneous items, and a balance due from a developer related to the extension of a sewer line in Richland Township. The receivable is due as connections are made at the rate of \$600 per connection. The developer's obligation for repayment of this receivable is limited to new connections on the property. The balance due at March 31, 2021 and 2020 was \$40,200. The Authority has recorded a valuation allowance of \$29,400 as of March 31, 2021 and 2020. The balance, net of allowance, has been shown as a long-term asset.

The Authority evaluates the collectability of contracts receivable and connection fees annually. Contracts are secured by mechanics liens on the properties and management believes the amounts receivable will be realized through repayment or through the collateral. With the exception of the developer receivable described above, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE D - Designated Assets

Cash and investments at March 31 are Board designated for the following purposes:

	2021	2020
Board designated for:		
Larger equipment replacements	\$ 1,435,589	\$ 1,631,130
Other	72,068	101,236
Total	\$ 1,507,657	\$ 1,732,366

NOTE E – Summary of Property and Equipment

The property and equipment of the Authority, together with changes therein for the year ended March 31, 2021, are detailed as follows:

	E	Balances				Balances		
	Ap	oril 1, 2020	 Additions		Disposals		rch 31, 2021	
Cost								
Land and improvements	\$	666,442	\$ 2,000	\$	_	\$	668,442	
Buildings		926,735	26,332		-		953,067	
Equipment		1,527,020	1,574,402		(6,676)		3,094,746	
Sewer system		21,026,821	161,472		-		21,188,293	
Vehicles		248,430	 51,750		(19,493)		280,687	
Total Property and								
Equipment		24,395,448	1,815,956		(26, 169)		26,185,235	
Accumulated depreciation								
Land and improvements		138,353	2,434		-		140,787	
Buildings		392,054	39,577		-		431,631	
Equipment		1,184,161	92,223		(4,887)		1,271,497	
Sewer system		10,350,055	420,448		-		10,770,503	
Vehicles		104,836	 38,375		(19,493)		123,718	
Total Accumulated		_	 _		<u> </u>		_	
Depreciation		12,169,459	 593,057		(24,380)		12,738,136	
Net Property and								
Equipment	\$	12,225,989	\$ 1,222,899	\$	(1,789)	\$	13,447,099	

NOTE E – Summary of Property and Equipment (Continued)

The property and equipment of the Authority, together with changes therein for the year ended March 31, 2020, are detailed as follows:

		Balances					Balances
	A	pril 1, 2019	A	dditions	 Disposals	Ma	rch 31, 2020
Cost							
Land and improvements	\$	652,742	\$	13,700	\$ -	\$	666,442
Buildings		878,744		47,991	-		926,735
Equipment		1,454,743		84,526	(12,249)		1,527,020
Sewer system		20,850,430		474,309	(297,918)		21,026,821
Vehicles		208,641		39,789	 		248,430
Total Property and				_	 		
Equipment		24,045,300		660,315	(310,167)		24,395,448
Accumulated depreciation							
Land and improvements		136,003		2,350	-		138,353
Buildings		352,863		39,191	-		392,054
Equipment		1,097,722		96,043	(9,604)		1,184,161
Sewer system		10,137,264		419,845	(207,054)		10,350,055
Vehicles		72,510		32,326	 <u>-</u>		104,836
Total Accumulated							
Depreciation		11,796,362		589,755	(216,658)		12,169,459
Net Property and							
Equipment	\$	12,248,938	\$	70,560	\$ (93,509)	\$	12,225,989

NOTE F – Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Authority.

		2021		
Debt Payable, beginning of year	\$	-		
Debt incurred		1,268,920		
Debt retired		(80,871)		
Debt Payable, end of year	\$	1,188,049		

NOTE F – Changes in Long-term Debt (Continued)

Debt payable at March 31 consists of the following:

	2021
Installment purchase agreement dated July 29,	
2020 for SCADA System upgrade, due in 28	\$ 719,129
quarterly installments of \$30,711, including	
interest at 2.02%, all principal and interest due	
July 20, 2027, secured by authority building.	
Government Obligation contract dated July 17,	
2020 for Gapvax Combination Jetvac, due in	
3 annual payments of \$165,636, including	
interest at 2.956%, all principal and interest	
due July 17, 2023, secured by equipment	468,920
	1,188,049
Less current maturities	(233,467)
	\$ 954,582

The minimum annual debt service requirements, including interest, for long-term debt outstanding are as follows:

Years Ending							
March 31,	Pı	Principal		Interest		Totals	
2022	\$	233,467	\$	24,302	\$	257,769	
2023		267,066		21,414		288,480	
2024		273,940		14,540		288,480	
2025		115,360		7,484		122,844	
2026		117,708		5,136		122,844	
Thereafter		180,508		3,197		183,705	
Totals	\$	1,188,049	\$	76,073	\$	1,264,122	
		,					

For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Authority paid \$11,262 and \$0, respectively, in interest on debt. The Authority did not capitalize any interest charges during the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020

NOTE G - Storm and Wastewater Asset Management Plan Grant and Rate Adjustments

The Authority was awarded a Wastewater Asset Management Plan grant with the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality. Under the Grant, the Authority was obligated to implement an Asset Management program that identifies the current condition and replacement cost projections of each significant asset; develop a long-term funding plan; and increase rates to fund the plan. The Authority's investigation into the condition of its infrastructure has identified several potential projects that will need to be funded in the next 5-10 years. The Authority has commenced a plan to implement rate increases of approximately 3.5% that started on April 1, 2018 and on each April 1st thereafter subject to annual review and updating of the Capital Improvement Plan.

NOTE H - Retirement Plan

The Authority has a defined contribution retirement plan established under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and sponsored by the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS). The Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority Group Retirement Plan covers all eligible employees. The Authority has the right to amend or terminate the Plan at any time. Contributions by the employer are fixed at the discretion of the Authority and individual accounts are maintained for each participant. Employees may contribute pre-tax contributions ranging from 2% to 10% of eligible wages. Employer contributions for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were approximately 10% of covered payroll. Total retirement expense was \$44,000 and \$42,000 in 2021 and 2020, respectively. Employee vesting in employer contributions is graded over four years. The Authority also has a 457 Supplemental Deferred Compensation plan. All employees of the Authority are eligible to participate. The Authority does not make any contributions to the 457 Plan.

NOTE I - Concentrations and Business Activity

For the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Authority had two major customers that individually account for 10% or more of the Authority's total revenue for the year. The fees from these two customers were approximately 21% and 28% of the total revenue for the years ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

NOTE J - Look Back Treatment Charges

Treatment charges billing rates are set by the City of Kalamazoo based on their anticipated annual costs over anticipated treatment flow. After actual costs and treatment flows are compiled, the City adjusts the Authority's treatment charge rate. Any over or under billing identified in the look back analysis is also included in the rate adjustment.

NOTE K – Commitments and Contingencies

The Authority, in the normal operation of its activities, has exposure for damage to residential and commercial property and personal injury resulting from the operation or construction of its sewer system. The Authority's board believes that commercial coverage and funds accumulated and designated for significant replacements, as disclosed in Note D, are adequate to cover the associated risk.

On occasion, the Authority works with municipalities and developers for potential utility projects. Should the Authority Board determine that it is in the best interest of the current and future users of the system, the Authority may fund these projects.

In the Spring of 2014, the Authority agreed to be a Plaintiff in a lawsuit against the City of Kalamazoo over the methodologies by which Kalamazoo sets its rates for wastewater treatment and services. Management believes it necessary to preserve its rights to long-term treatment capacity and to better regulate how Kalamazoo charges its customers. The lawsuit was dismissed in June of 2015, with a tolling agreement (can be refiled at any time) and the Plaintiffs are working with the City of Kalamazoo on a proposed 40-year wastewater (and water) agreement. The Authority and other plaintiffs have borne the costs of the lawsuit and will bear additional costs during the contract negotiations. Management does not believe the costs will have a material impact on the Authority.

NOTE L – Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 15, 2021, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority Schedule of Operating Expenses Compared to Budget For the Year Ended March 31, 2021 (Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended March 31, 2020)

2021			Variance -	
			Favorable	2020
	Budget	Actual	(Unfavorable)	Actual
Salaries and wages	\$ 489,576	\$ 490,678	\$ (1,102)	\$ 454,519
Fringe benefits:				
Social security	36,040	36,873	(833)	33,931
Hospitalization	79,240	68,131	11,109	60,954
Life insurance	496	496	-	448
Retirement	43,000	44,282	(1,282)	41,453
Disability	3,008	2,953	55	2,685
Dental, vision and fees	7,624	6,285	1,339	5,841
	169,408	159,020	10,388	145,312
Contracted services:				
Insurance/worker's				
compensation	30,000	27,847	2,153	27,885
Contracted services	50,800	25,314	25,486	68,976
Treatment charges	706,126	662,644	43,482	667,685
Sump pump	3,000	-	3,000	-
Engineering	52,000	28,842	23,158	17,215
Publications/printing	3,000	2,681	319	2,722
Audit	7,800	7,800	-	7,500
Legal	8,500	12,061	(3,561)	10,879
Radio	8,000	-	8,000	2,726
Dues/education/sales	5,000	3,856	1,144	3,289
Mileage/travel/entertainment	10,000	2,961	7,039	10,803
Authority meetings	3,375	2,150	1,225	2,700
Regional Commission membership	16,104	16,104	-	16,104
	903,705	792,260	111,445	838,484
Utilities:				
Fuel gasoline and diesel	17,000	11,429	5,571	13,636
Electric and gas	72,000	74,367	(2,367)	70,476
Telephone	15,000	12,935	2,065	13,801
	104,000	98,731	5,269	97,913
Supplies:				
Postage	7,000	5,261	1,739	6,131
Office	3,000	1,937	1,063	1,672
	10,000	7,198	2,802	7,803
Maintenance and repairs:				
General maintenance	22,000	23,516	(1,516)	23,241
Field operations	69,300	46,992	22,308	61,763
Repairs and maintenance	31,500	12,760	18,740	46,985
	122,800	83,268	39,532	131,989
Totals, Excluding Depreciation	\$ 1,799,489	\$ 1,631,155	\$ 168,334	\$ 1,676,020



September 15, 2021

To the Board of Supervisors and General Manager of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority for the year ended March 31, 2021, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiency in the Authority's internal control to be a significant deficiency:

Separation of duties

Due to the small size of the Authority's office staff, separation of duties is limited. The Executive Assistant has access to assets, records the asset transactions in the accounting system, and reconciles the accounting records. As a result, the risk of loss, error, or irregularities increases. We recommend that the Authority Supervisors review key financial reports and reconciliations periodically for unusual matters. In addition, fidelity bonding of all personnel with access to accounting records and assets of the Authority should be considered. This is a repeat finding from the prior year.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Supervisors and Management of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Seber Tans, PLC

Seber Tans, PLC



September 15, 2021

To the Board of Supervisors and Director of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority

We have audited the financial statements (a single enterprise fund) of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority for the year ended March 31, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated May 19, 2021. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority are described in Note A to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year. We noted no transactions entered into by Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority's financial statements were:

Management's estimate of the depreciation is based on the economic useful lives of the assets, the current portions of assessments and contracts receivable based on contractual terms and past history, the collections of assessments and user bills receivable based on past history, status of current accounts, and applicable lien laws. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The financial statements disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

To the Board of Supervisors and Director of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority September 15, 2021

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Adjustments proposed and made have been provided to you. Some of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. Those entries primarily were to capitalize fixed asset activity which management records on a cash budgetary basis and adjust depreciation. Management elected to make all adjustment proposed during the audit. Therefore, there were no passed adjustments.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 15, 2021.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We were engaged to report on Operating Expenses Compared to Budget, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

To the Board of Supervisors and Director of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority September 15, 2021

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Supervisors, Director, and Management of Gull Lake Sewer and Water Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Seber Tans, PLC

Selver Tans, PLC

29650:GULL LAKE SEWER AND WATER AUTHORITY

Year End: March 31, 2021 Adjusting Journal Entries

Number	Date	Name	Account No	Debit	Credit
1	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000	2,400.00	
1	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000	2,575.18	
1	3/31/2021	FUNDED DEPREC	590-000-770.000	·	(4,975.18)
		To correct accum. depreciation on 2 assets.			
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	201.00	
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000		(3,009.95)
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	776.00	
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000		(1,452.23)
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	672.00	
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000		(19,493.06)
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	8,000.00	
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000		(2,213.50)
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	2,175.00	
2	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	1,500.00	
2	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000	3,009.95	
2	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000	1,452.23	
2	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000	19,493.06	
2	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000	424.26	
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000		(201.00)
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000		(776.00)
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000		(672.00)
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000		(8,000.00)
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000	1,789.24	
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000		(2,175.00)
2	3/31/2021	Gain/Loss on sale of assets	590-000-760.000		(1,500.00)
		To record 2021 asset disposals.			
3	3/31/2021	Depreciation-Accum.	590-000-195.000		(598,032.24)
3	3/31/2021	FUNDED DEPREC	590-000-770.000	598,032.24	
		To record depreciation expense for the year.			

4	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	87,795.92	
4	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	80,000.00	
4	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	992,075.76	
4	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	8,669.90	
4	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	897.50	
4	3/31/2021	Connection Fees	590-000-415.000		(80,000.00)
4	3/31/2021	WGLD Sewer Relocation	590-000-701.001		(8,669.90)
4	3/31/2021	Scada	590-000-701.003		(992,075.76)
4	3/31/2021	Building Renovation (Capital)	590-000-750.000		(87,795.92)
4	3/31/2021	Capital Improvement Projects	590-000-751.000		(897.50)
		To reclassify costs to fixed assets.			
5	3/31/2021	Contributed Capital User	590-000-300.000		(145,355.50)
5	3/31/2021	Connection Fees	590-000-415.000	145,355.50	
		To reclassify connection fees from			
		revenue to contributed capital.			
6	3/31/2021	Fixed Assets	590-000-190.000	468,920.00	
6	3/31/2021	Contract Payable-Republic First National	590-000-233.000		(317,143.30)
6	3/31/2021	Contract Payable - S/T	590-000-239.000		(151,776.70)
		To record government obiligation			
		contract to purchase Gapvax Combination Jetvac.			
7	3/31/2021	HCB Payable-Scada	590-000-232.000	81,690.64	
7	3/31/2021	Contract Payable - S/T	590-000-239.000		(81,690.64)
		To record short term liability-SCADA			