## Why Art Matters

Dismantling Dominant Narratives through Art and Digital Feminist Activism

Laura Sherwood, Final Oral Review Fielding Graduate University HOD December, 15<sup>th</sup>, 2021



#### Committee Acknowledgments

**Esteemed Scholar Practitioners** 

**Committee Members:** 

David Blake Willis, PhD, Chair
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Laura S. Lorenz, PhD, External Examiner





My research investigates the Intersections between Art and Activism

- ☐ 15 min PPT Presentation
- □ Dissertation Documentary 25 min edited version of the data analysis and findings presented in a digital documentary format
- ☐ Committee Feedback
- Community Feedback

#### Overview of the study

- Research Questions
- Background
- Conceptual Framework
- Participants
- Significance
- Literature
- Methods
- Data Collection
- Data Analysis
- Findings
- Conclusion
- 25 Minute video

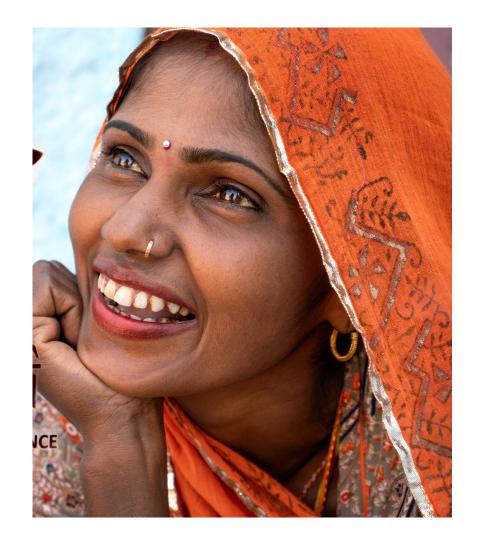
Introduction

\*Data presented today is an outline of key elements of the study

## Research Question

RQ1. How are female Activists using visual art and social media to address gender inequality in rural India?

RQ2. How can arts-based methods address critical social issues in both community and scholarship activism?



#### Background

This study examines the intersections between art and activism through the lived experience of two female activist using visual art and feminist digital activism to address gender and social inequality in India.

The purpose of this study is to understand how female activist are raising consciousness on critical social issues and elevating the voices of marginalized communities through art.

To understand this phenomenon, I spent four years observing and engaging with each activists to understand how they utilize visual art and social media as a method to amplify the voices and lived experiences of two of India's most vulnerable communities.

#### Cultural Context of Communities

This study focuses on two female activists who are working with communities that experience systemic and cultural oppression because of intersecting identities of gender, caste, class, social economic status, and sexual orientation

Gender inequality in India is influenced by multiple systemic issues perpetuated by the caste system, classism, cultural norms, and gender stratification (Bhattacharyya & Basu, 2018).

Women from the Dalit caste and Hijra/Transgender communities experience the highest rates of gender inequality in India (Nanda, 1998; Arya & Rathore, 2019).

Gender stratification in India is a critical issue that makes it difficult for marginalized communities to elevate their status in society...

Oppressive social constructs are deeply embedded in culture, history, religion, and politics... Minimal access to resources and support (Goel & Husain, 2018).

#### Conceptual Framework

This study is rooted in the ideology of research through praxis and implements elements of feminist theory which recognizes induvials are experts of their own lives, the researcher is an outsider observing and learning from their lived experience.

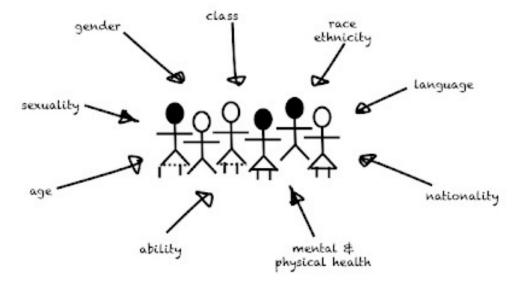
Invites participants to be partners and cocreators of knowledge throughout the research process

- " Scholars that informed this study:
- Caroline C. Wang (1997), Photovoice, PAR
- Sarah Pink (2017), Visual Ethnography,
- Laura Lorenz (2018), Photovoice Praxis
- Patricia Leavy (2018), ABR, Feminist Intersectionality

#### **Arts-Based Methods**

Arts-based research "involves the systematic use of the artistic process, as a primary way of understanding and examining experience by both researchers and the people that they involve in their studies." (Chamberlain et al., 2018, p. 133).

#### INTERSECTIONALITY



# Theoretical Framework

#### **Feminist Intersectionality**

Intersectionality is a theoretical framework that looks at how race, class, gender and other social, cultural, identities equate to an induvial or group experiencing oppression or privilege (C.C. Williams et al., 2017; Leavy, 2017; Crenshaw, 1991).



Observation + Engagement + Honor Knowledge + Expertise = Rapport

## Kalki Subramaniam

Artist Activist Poet Author Actress

In 2018, I traveled to South India to observe Kalki Subramaniam in her community. Kalki self-identifies as a South Indian Transgender woman working endlessly to break social stigmas attached to the Transgender/hijra community in India.

In 2008, she founded the Sahodari Foundation in Tamil Nadu, India, to address the needs and to elevate the social status of the Transgender community in this area, she has spoken all over the world and provides diversity/sensitivity trainings for universities and corporations.

From the onset of the pandemic we met daily creating art, writing and dancing for over six months without missing a day.













#### Danielle Khan Da Silva

Activist Storyteller Photographer Documentary Filmmaker

I engaged in a two-week in-depth Ethical Storytelling training with PWB, facilitated by Danielle Khan Da Silva in Jodhpur India in 2018

Danielle Founded Photographers Without Borders in 2009 in response to the injustices she witnessed while volunteering with an organization providing medical care to the Dalit community. Since this time, PWB has worked with hundreds of grassroots organizations worldwide, using photography and ethical storytelling to support local communities and organizations in reaching a larger audience of supporters

Onset of pandemic weekly webinars, Storytelling for Change

#### Significance

This study addresses how art can elevate the status and voices of marginalized communities and identifies how scholars and activist can benefit from implementing these methods

The purpose of this study was to examine how each activist utilizes visual arts and digital activism to address gender and social inequalities in India.

This issue is particularly relevant, for it will help us understand which unique strengths and weaknesses arts-based methods and digital feminist activism bring to the social agency in marginalized communities, particularly in emerging societies such as India.

The findings may be relevant to other countries where locally originating and "first world" NGOs serve local communities and populations that experience cultural and societal marginalization

#### Contributions to Scholarship

To date, the literature shows numerous arts-based projects that have proven successful in identifying social inequities, building capacity, and impacting policy change (Catalani et al., 2009; Wang, Cash, & Powers, 2000).

Still there is a lack of substantial research that addresses the impacts visual participatory methods have on organizations and community members.

The goal of this study was to contribute to the body of growing knowledge that recognizes arts-based methods as a reliable research method for those seeking to understand social phenomena and bringing the voices of participants to the forefront of research studies.

#### Literature

Photovoice

Feminist Intersectionality

Feminist Digital Activism

**Artivism** 

**Visual Storytelling** 



## Multi-Site Ethnographic Study

Online PV. London PV. Madurai. Pollachi. Jodhpur. Pandemic. Digital Ethnography

#### Methods



Visual and Digital Ethnography embedded under the umbrella of Arts-Based Research

Observation In person and Online Engagement with each activist

Arts-Based Methods used

Data Gathering
Dissemination
and Analysis



#### Data Collection











Informal and semi structured interviews

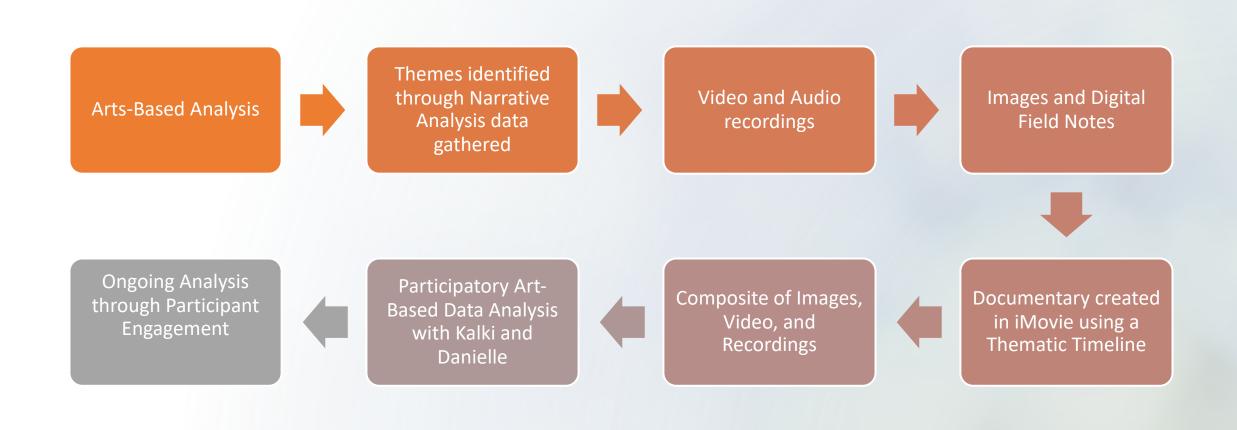
Digital Images

Video

Field notes

Participant Observation

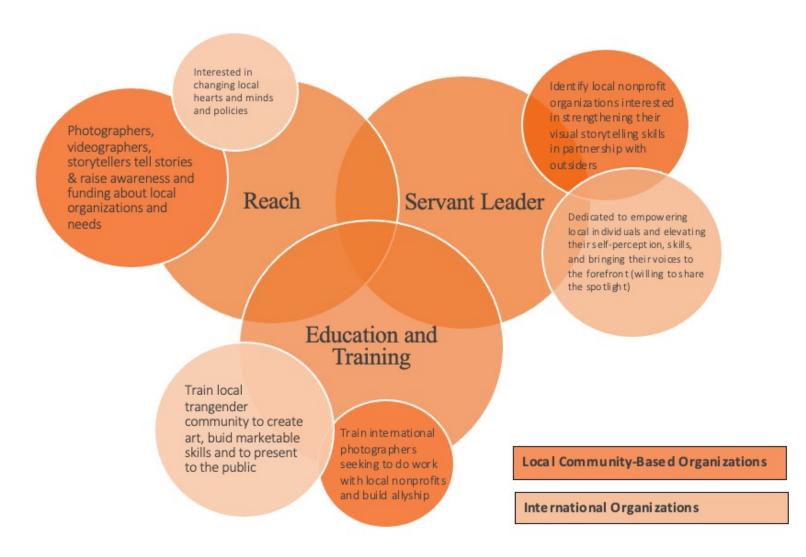
#### Data Analysis



The purpose of this study was to examine **how** each activist utilizes visual arts and digital activism to address gender and social inequalities in India

# Findings Themes that Emerged





This study suggests digital activism and visual storytelling can impact social change and raise consciousness. Art-Based Methods can provide both activist and scholars the opportune impact social change and dismantle dominant narratives

Table. 1 Social Media Usage

Social Media Following	PWB	Danielle	Sahodari	Kalki
Facebook Followers	48,097	4,900	12,854	50,688
Facebook Reviews	48		39	
	22,300	12,300	985	5,330
Instagram				
Followers	2,185	2,356	104	522
Instagram Posts				

how each activist utilizes visual arts and digital activism to address gender and social inequalities in India

#### Conclusion

art-based methods are multidimensional and have the capacity to reach the hearts and minds of society in ways words alone cannot (Pink, 2007).



**HOW:** Activist are Dismantling Dominant Narratives by sharing the voices and lived experiences of communities through art/visual storytelling, resulting in counter narratives that disrupt hegemonic narratives.

"Change the storyteller change the story"

# Implications for Policy and Practice



Research and Policy Practices that ensure vulnerable populations are included in the decision-making process



Ensuring the voices of participants are heard throughout the research process



Creating community arts-based programs that encourage ongoing dialogue between policy makers and vulnerable communities



Including Arts-Based Research methods in higher education curriculums



Quantitative data anyisis on significance of arts-based methods in community and research

#### Personal Takeaways

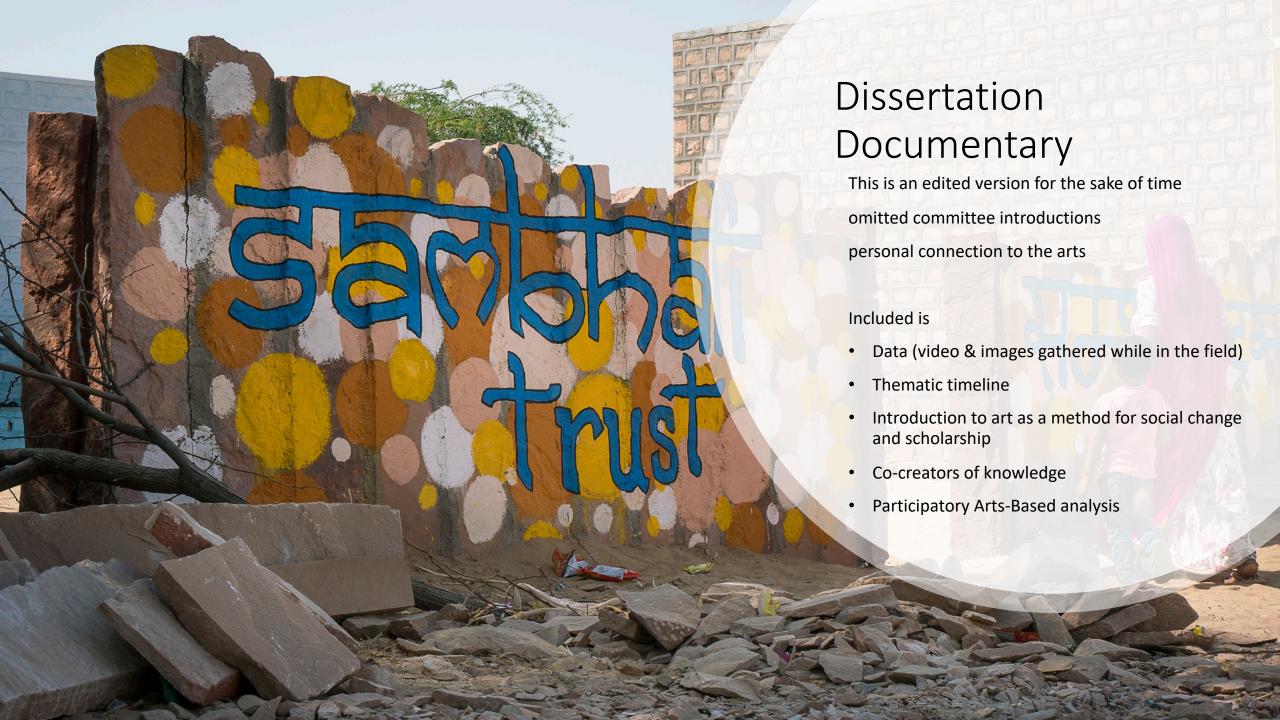
Relationships
Reflexivity
Positionality
Clarity

Next Steps
Non-Profit
Future Praxis





"The artivist (artist +activist) uses her artistic talents to fight and struggle against injustice and oppression – by any medium necessary. The artivist merges commitment to freedom and justice with the pen, the lens, the brush, the voice, the body, and the imagination. The artivist knows that to make an observation is to have an obligation." ~ M. K. Asante (2019)



# Thank You Fielding Family!