

Manual

ITW GSE 4400

60-90 kVA, 3 Phase, 115 Volt, 400 Hz Tier 4 Generator Set



Series no. 500106-500107

Type <u>4400</u>

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Introduction

This manual contains operation and maintenance information for a diesel engine-generator manufactured by ITW GSE, Palmetto, Florida 34221

This manual, including all information contained therein, is exclusive and confidential property of ITW GSE. This manual is not to be copied, reproduced, or delivered or disclosed to others, in whole or in part, except with express written permission of ITW GSE.

This manual is not intended to be a textbook on electricity or electronics. Its primary purpose is to provide information and instructions to experienced operators, electricians, and mechanics that have never operated this equipment. It is the intent of this manual to guide and assist operators and maintenance personnel in the proper use and care of the equipment.

Use of the manual should not be put off until trouble or a need for help develops. Read the instructions before starting the unit. Learn to use the manual and to locate information contained in it. Its style and arrangement are very similar to commercial aircraft manuals.

The manual is divided into five chapters plus appendices. Each chapter is divided into as many sections as required. Each new section starts with page 1. Each page is identified by chapter, section and page number, which are located in the lower, outside corner.

When information located in another portion of the manual is referred to, a chapter, section, and paragraph or figure number identify its location. For example: "(see Section 2-3, Paragraph 1.a.)" refers to information located in Chapter 2, Section 3, Paragraph 1.a. If a chapter and section are not indicated in a reference, the referenced material is located in the same section as the reference, for example: "(see Paragraph 1.a.)."

In addition to operation and maintenance instructions, the manual contains an illustrated parts list in Chapter 4 and a collection of manufacturer's literature and supplemental information in Chapter 5.

Contents of the manual are arranged as follows:

Chapter 1 Description/Operation

Chapter 2 Servicing/Troubleshooting

Chapter 3 Illustrated Parts List

Chapter 4 Manufacturer's Literature

Appendix A ARU

Appendix B Options

Appendix C Wet Stacking

Appendix D Operation in Unusual Service Conditions

Appendix E Software Installation Procedures

Appendix F Product Data sheet

Appendix G Schematics

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Safety Warnings and Cautions.

WARNING

ELECTRIC SHOCK can **KILL**. Do not touch live electrical parts.

ELECTRIC ARC FLASH can injure eyes, burn skin, cause equipment damage, and ignite combustible material. **DO NOT** use power cables to break load. Prevent tools from causing short circuits.

IMPROPER PHASE CONNECTION, PARALLELING, OR USE can damage this and attached equipment.

IMPORTANT

Protect all operating personnel. Read, understand, and follow all instructions in the Operating/Instruction Manual before installing, operating, or servicing the equipment. Keep the manual available for future use by all operators.

WARNING

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 - DIESEL ENGINES. Diesel engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to cause cancer, birth defects and other illnesses.

1) General

Equipment that supplies electrical power can cause serious injury or death, damage to other equipment or property. The operator must strictly observe all safety rules and take precautionary actions. Safe practices have been developed from past experience in the use of power source equipment. While certain practices below apply only to electrically powered equipment, other practices apply to engine-driven equipment, and some practices to both.

2) Shock Prevention

Bare conductors, terminals in the output circuit, or ungrounded, electrically live equipment can fatally shock a person. Have a certified electrician verify that the equipment is adequately grounded and learn what terminals and parts are electrically **HOT**. Avoid hot spots on machine. Use proper safety clothing, procedures and test equipment.

The electrical resistance of the body is decreased when wet, permitting dangerous currents to flow through it. When inspecting or servicing the equipment, do not work in damp areas. Stand on a dry rubber mat or dry wood, and use insulating gloves when dampness or sweat cannot be avoided. Keep clothing dry, and never work alone.

a) Output Cables and Terminals

Inspect cables frequently for damage to the insulation and the connectors. Replace or repair cracked or worn cables immediately. Do not overload cables. Do not touch output terminal while equipment is energized.

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3) Service and Maintenance

This equipment must be maintained in good electrical condition to avoid hazards stemming from disrepair. Report any equipment defect or safety hazard to the supervisor and discontinue use of the equipment until its safety has been assured. Repairs should be made by qualified personnel only. Before inspecting or servicing this equipment, take the following precautions:

- a) Shut off all power at the battery disconnect before inspecting or servicing the equipment.
- b) Lockout the equipment at the battery disconnect switch if it is out of service.
- c) If troubleshooting must be done with the unit energized, have another person present who is trained in turning off the equipment and providing or calling for first aid.

4) Fire and Explosion Prevention.

Fire and explosion are caused by electrical short circuits, combustible material near engine exhaust pipes, misuse of batteries and fuel, or unsafe operating or fueling conditions.

a) Electrical Short Circuits and Overloads.

Overloaded or shorted equipment can become hot enough to cause fires by self-destruction or by causing nearby combustibles to ignite.

b) Batteries.

Batteries may explode and/or give off flammable hydrogen gas. Acid and arcing from a ruptured battery can cause fires and additional failures. When servicing, do not smoke, cause sparking, or use open flame near the battery.

c) Engine Fuel.

Use only approved fuel container or fueling system. Fires and explosions can occur if the fuel tank is not grounded prior to or during fuel transfer. Shut unit **DOWN** before opening fuel tank cap. **DO NOT** completely fill tank, because heat from the equipment may cause fuel expansion overflow. Remove all spilled fuel **IMMEDIATELY**, including any that penetrates the unit. After clean-up, open equipment doors and blow fumes away with compressed air.

5) Toxic Fume Prevention.

Carbon monoxide - Engine exhaust fumes can kill and cause health problems. Pipe or vent the exhaust fumes to a suitable exhaust duct or outdoors. Never locate engine exhausts near intake ducts of air conditioners.

6) Bodily Injury Prevention.

Serious injury can result from contact with fans or hot spots inside some equipment. Shut **DOWN** such equipment for inspection and routine maintenance. When equipment is in operation, use extreme care in doing necessary troubleshooting and adjustment. Do not remove guards while equipment is operating.

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7) Medical and First Aid Treatment.

First aid facilities and a qualified first aid person should be available for each shift for immediate treatment of all injury victims. Electric shock victims should be checked by a physician and taken to a hospital immediately if any abnormal signs are observed.

EMERGENCY FIRST AID

. **SEEK ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE**. Use First Aid techniques recommended by American Red Cross until medical help arrives.

IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, give oxygen, if available, and have victim lie down.

FOR ELECTRICAL SHOCK, turn off power. Remove victim; if not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin external heart massage.

8) Equipment Precautionary Labels

Inspect all precautionary labels on the equipment monthly. Order and replace all labels that cannot be easily read.

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Chapter 1 Description/Operation

Section 1 Description

1) General

The basic generator sets covered in this manual, manufactured by ITW GSE Group, are rated at 60kVA and 90kVA they are designed to produce and deliver 115/200-volt, 400 Hz, 3-phase AC power to a parked aircraft or other load. Some generator models with the Active Rectified Unit (ARU) option also provide 28.5 volts DC for aircraft having those requirements. A comprehensive review of the 28VDC output Active Rectifier Unit (ARU) is located in Appendix A.

This version of the manual reflects firmware changes to the operating system through version F. (The firmware version of the unit is found on the unit information screen in the View Parameters Menu. Section 4.0.1). These changes include new setup menu items and changing the order of several screens.

Model Number	kVA	Mounting	Engine Certification	Outputs	28.5 DC Output
ACE44xxSTT4	ХХ	Trailer	Tier 4 US Labeled	Single 400Hz	No
ACE44xxS28TT4	XX	Trailer	Tier 4 US Labeled	Single 400Hz	Yes
ACE44xxDTT4	ХX	Trailer	Tier 4 US Labeled	Dual 400Hz	No
ACE44xxD28TT4	XX	Trailer	Tier 4 US Labeled	Dual 400Hz	Yes

xx - 60, 90, (i.e. ACE4460STT4 is rated for 60 kVA full load single output)

Table 1-1-1: ITW GSE 4400 Series Tier 4 Generator Set Part Number Descriptions

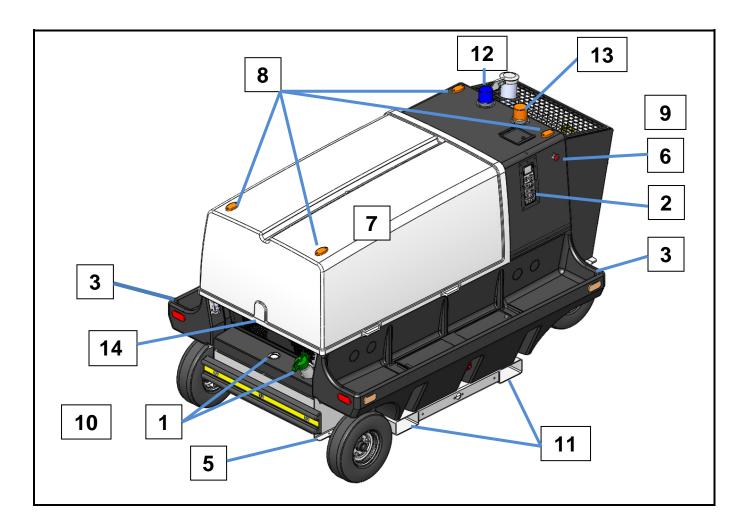
2) Optional Equipment - Appendix A and B

Chapters 1 through 4 of this Operation and Maintenance Manual identify only the basic version of the ITW GSE 4400 Tier 4 generator set. Appendix A describes the Active Rectifier Unit (28.5 VDC) option. Appendix B contains a list of the rest of the optional equipment that can be ordered with the unit. Each item has a brief description of the optional equipment.



3) Component Locations

For purpose of orientation when designating RIGHT and LEFT throughout this manual, the radiator is considered to be at the FRONT of the unit and the generator is at the REAR. RIGHT and LEFT are determined by standing at the REAR facing the machine. As an example, the control panel is mounted on the RIGHT FRONT side of the unit.

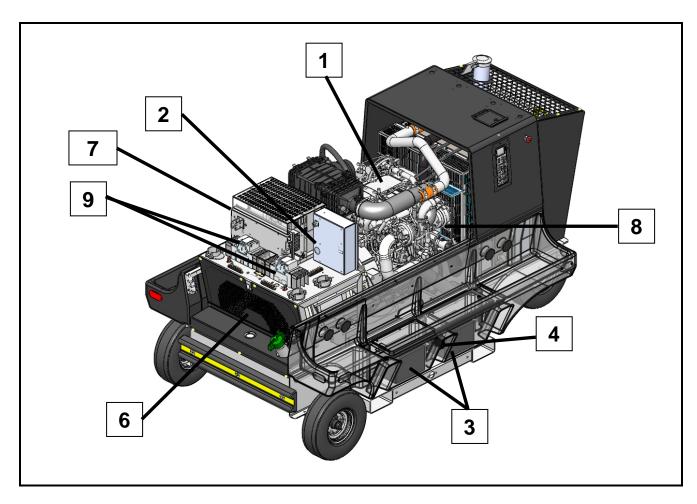


- 1. Fuel Filler Neck / Manual Gauge
- 2. Operator Control Panel
- 3. Composite Output Cable Trays
- 4. N/A
- 5. Rear Axle Assembly
- 6. Emergency Stop Switch
- 7. Sliding/Removable Canopy

- 8. Clearance Lights (Option)
- 9. Radiator End
- 10. Generator End
- 11. Forklift Pockets
- 12. Low Fuel Beacon (Option)
- 13. Operating Beacon (Option)
- 14. Canopy Locking Latch

Figure 1-1-1: General Assembly of Generator Set



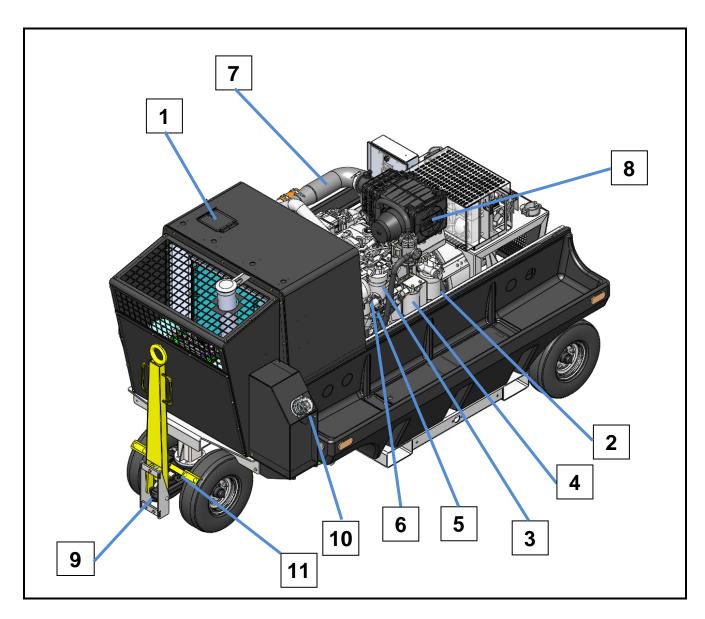


- 1. Cummins QSB4.5 T4 Engine
- 2. Control Module Assembly
- 3. Batteries (inside tray pockets)
- 4. Battery Disconnect
- 5. N/A

- 6. Generator
- 7. 28.5 VDC ARU (Option)
- 8. Engine Alternator
- 9. Output Contactors

Figure 1-1-2: Main Components of Generator Set (Right Side)





- 1. Coolant fill access cover
- 2. Lubricity Additive Fuel Pre-Filter
- 3. Fuel Filter
- 4. Engine Oil Filter
- 5. Engine Control Module (ECM)

- 6. Engine Dip Stick
- 7. Air Intake Tube
- 8. Engine Air Filter
- 9. Tow Bar/Brake Release Lever
- 10. DEF Tank Fill Tube
- 11. 5th Wheel Assembly

Figure 1-1-3: Main Components of Generator Set (Left Side)



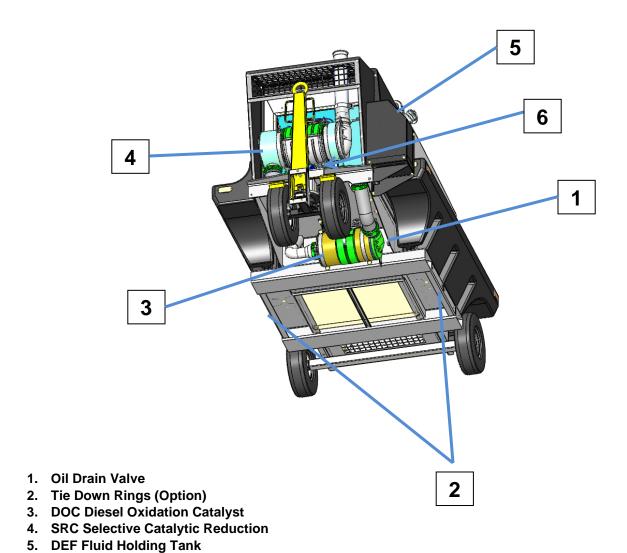


Figure 1-1-4: Main Components of Generator Set (Bottom)

4) Specifications

6. DEF Dosing Module

a) Standards

These units have been designed to be in compliance with the following standards:

US EPA Tier 4F/CARB Tier 4F EU Stage IV US MIL-STD-704F, SAE ARP5015



b) Physical Specifications

Length	112.1 in. (2847 mm) w/ towbar up	
Width	66.7 in. (1694 mm)	
Height	63.9 in. (1622 mm)	
Weight (dry)	4000 lb. (1814 kg.)	
Weight with 28.5 VDC ARU	4300 lb. (1950 kg.)	
Operating temperatures	-25°F* to +125°F -32°C to +52°C	
*Low temperature option - Battery blanket & Block Heater	-40°F/C	

c) AC Generator Specifications

Output power rating	60 kVA (48 kW)	90 kVA (72 kW)
Output voltage	115 / 200 VAC	115 / 200 VAC
Rated load capacity	173 Amps	260 Amps
Frequency	400 Hz.	400 Hz.
Power factor	0.8	0.8
Duty Cycle	100%	100%
Operating speed	2000 RPM	2000 RPM
Overload capacity 125% rated load	216 Amps	325 Amps
Output cable size	2/0 - if banded	2/0 – if banded
Insulation Class	Н	Н

d) AC Generator Protective System Specifications

Condition	Time Delay		
Over voltage	250 milliseconds		
	15 milliseconds		
Under voltage	500 milliseconds		
Over frequency	1 second		
	immediate		
Under frequency	5 seconds		
	60 kVA & 90 l	κVA	
Output overload	80% load at PF 0.8 to 1.0		Continuous
	100% load at PF 0.7 to 0.8		Continuous
	100% to 125% load		10 minutes
	125% to 150% load		10 seconds
	150% to 175% loa	d	2 seconds

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e) DC Output Specifications (with optional TR unit)

Output Power Rating	17.1 kW
Output Voltage	28.5 VDC
Load Capacity (Continuous)	600 A
Current Limiting Capability	300 to 2000 A in selectable steps (50/100/200/300A)
Peak/Starting Load Capacity	2000 A for 5 seconds
Output cable size	4/0 for continuous loads up to 400A 2x 4/0 for continuous loads up to 600A

f) DC Protective System Specifications

Condition	Trip Point	Time Delay
Over Voltage	32 - 40 VDC Over 40 VDC	4 seconds 150 ms
	2000 A	5 seconds
Output Overland	1800 A	10 seconds
Output Overload	1200 A	30 seconds
	800 A	30 seconds

g) Engine Specifications

Manufacturer and Model	Cummins Engine Company / QSB4.5	
Туре	4 cylinder, 4 cycle diesel, electronic controlled	
Bore and Stroke	4.21 in. x 4.88 in. (107 mm x 124 mm)	
Displacement	272 in ³ (4.5 L)	
Horsepower	155 hp (115 kW)	
Idle speed	1000 ± 50 rpm	
Normal governed speed	2000 rpm	
Firing Order	1-3-4-2	
Electrical system	24 VDC	
Lubricating oil capacity (w/ filter)	11.6 quarts (11 liters)	
Coolant capacity system	20 quarts (18.9 liters)	
Fuel tank capacity	53 gallons (200 liters)	
DEF Tank capacity	5 gallons (18.9 liters)	

h) Normal Operating Characteristics

Engine oil pressure (warm and at rated speed 2000 RPM)	65 to 75 PSI (448 to 517 kPa).
Engine coolant temperature (normal operation)	180 to 203° F (82 to 95° C).



5) Special Features

The generator set has special features that are described more fully under the assemblies in which they appear.

a) Protective Monitoring

The protective monitoring system receives signals from the fault sensing components in the generator output circuit and functions to cause the load to be disconnected from the generator if an abnormal condition of voltage, frequency, or load develops. The nature of that abnormal condition is then presented on the graphical display.

b) Voltage Regulator

A microprocessor-type, adjustable voltage regulator provides automatic voltage regulation at the aircraft. The regulated output is also adjustable for a variety of output cable sizes and lengths.

c) Engine Electronic Control Module

The engine is equipped with an electronic control module that monitors, records, and controls engine performance.

d) Battery System Disconnect Switch

The generator set is equipped with a battery disconnect switch outside the unit on the RIGHT side. The disconnect switch should be placed in the OFF position for long periods of shutdown.

NOTE: DO NOT disconnect the batteries when the engine is running or within two (2) minutes after the engine stops.

e) Exhaust System

The generator set is equipped with an Airless Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) system. The SCR system is used to decrease the mono-nitrogen oxides (NOx) emissions from the engines exhaust pipe. The system is composed of several main components:

- 1. After-treatment diesel exhaust fluid (DEF) dosing unit.
- 2. After-treatment DEF dosing valve
- 3. After-treatment SCR catalyst.

NOTE: It is unlawful to tamper with, modify, or remove any component of the SCR system. It is also unlawful to use DEF that does **NOT** meet the specifications provided or to operate the equipment without any DEF. Either of these actions will also result in the ECM de-rating the engine and eventually prevent the unit from running at rated speed and thus not producing acceptable power. See Cummins documentation and website for more information.

DEF is required for an engine equipped with an SCR system. DEF is a fluid that is sprayed into the exhaust gas prior to the after-treatment SCR catalyst. The DEF vaporizes and decomposes to form carbon dioxide and ammonia. The ammonia reacts with the NOx emissions over the after-treatment SCR catalyst to form nitrogen and water.



The after-treatment DEF dosing unit pumps DEF from the DEF tank to the after-treatment dosing valve. The DEF dosing unit is electrically heated, and contains a filter that is a maintenance item.

The after-treatment DEF dosing valve is coolant cooled, and sprays DEF into the exhaust. The Engine Control Module (ECM) controls the amount of DEF that is sprayed into the exhaust. It also controls the DEF tank heater and DEF line heaters.

Even though the DEF freezes at approximately -12°C (11°F), the SCR system is designed to be frozen and thawed. The DEF tank is heated by engine coolant, and the DEF lines and dosing unit are electrically heated. No operator interaction is needed when operating in cold temperatures; heating and thawing are controlled by the ECM.

The SCR system cleaning (also referred to as after-treatment regeneration) occurs to reduce DEF deposits and condition the after-treatment system. The SCR system cleaning utilizes the diesel oxidation catalyst (DOC) to build heat in the after-treatment system. The SCR system cleaning occurs at semi-regular intervals during operation of the unit. The exact interval between cleaning cycles depends on the loads the unit carries during operation. While the cleaning cycle increases the temperature of the exhaust (up to 650°C) it does not affect the stability of the output voltage of the unit.

6) Canopy

A composite enclosure, identified as a canopy, provides protection for the engine, generator and electrical controls. The canopy is also designed to reduce the operational noise level in the immediate area of the machine. The canopy is equipped with a bolted latch on the back left corner, which will require the use of a wrench to remove the canopy. Once the bolt is loosened the canopy can be slid to the rear and removed by two people for easy access to all engine and generator components.

We recommend using Simple Green® Industrial Cleaner & Degreaser or an equivalent to clean the canopy and cable trays.

7) Engine and Generator

The engine and generator comprise the principal components of the generator set. They are mounted on a galvanized, welded steel frame chassis. The following figures show the locations of all major components and sub-assemblies.

a) Diesel Engine

The diesel engine is a fuel injection, 4-cylinder, electronically controlled engine rated at 155 horsepower.

b) Engine Manufacturer's Components

As received from the engine manufacturer, the engine includes some of the following components, which are more fully described in the engine manufacturer's manual.

(1) Electrical System

The 24 VDC electrical generating and starting system includes an alternator and starter with solenoid switch.

(2) Lubricity Additive Fuel Filter



The fuel filter is a spin-on disposable type located on the inside of the canopy, near the engine's fuel pump. The fuel filter's primary function, other than removing contaminants from the fuel, is to automatically add a lubricity additive to the fuel. Although, the engine manufacturer does not recommend low lubricity fuels, this additive can extend the life of the fuel pump.

CAUTION

The use of low lubricity fuels can shorten life and/or damage the engine's fuel pump. Only diesel fuel is recommended by the engine manufacturer. Refer to engine manufacturer's manual for approved fuels.

(3) Oil Filter

The engine oil filter is a spin-on, full-flow type, located on the left side of the engine near the front.

(4) Pre-programmed Electronic Control Module (ECM)

The ECM is a pre-programmed engine control module, mounted directly to the engine block.

c) Factory Installed Components and Protective Systems

This generator set is assembled with the following components and protective systems:

- (1) Shutdown/Reset Systems
 - Emergency Shutdown

The emergency shutdown switch is to provide instant manual shut off of the generator set by disconnecting power to the ECM through the control box. It is located on the FRONT RIGHT of the generator set next to the control box.

To operate the **EMERGENCY SHUTDOWN**

- Push button in until engine stops or until button travel stops
- Pull the button back out to reset

CAUTION

Do not use the "**EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON**" button as a normal shutdown device. Damage to the engine turbo charger may result without proper cooling time. Use the Engine ON/OFF push-button for all normal engine shutdowns.

Low fuel warning system

The low fuel warning system monitors the fuel level in the fuel tank. When the fuel tank level reaches approximately 10%, a warning is generated signifying that it is time to put fuel in the tank. Once the engine is not running, a low fuel fault is generated and the engine is not allowed to start.

(2) Radiator and Charge-Air-Cooler (CAC)

The radiator and charge-air-cooler is a two-piece type designed for long periods of operation without servicing.



(3) Engine-cooling fan

The engine fan is designed to blow air outward through the radiator, rather than pulling the air inward as a conventional fan does.

(4) Master [Battery] Disconnect Switch

The master disconnect switch is designed to isolate the batteries from the entire electrical system to eliminate the possibility of battery current draw by the engine ECM or any other components during long periods of no operation. The switch can also be used to lock-out the starting circuit of the equipment for maintenance safety purposes.

(5) Air cleaner

The diesel engine air cleaner is so constructed that air enters through its cylindrical body, and then is filtered before being passed into the engine turbo-charger assembly. An air cleaner service indicator device is mounted on the air cleaner assembly to monitor the airflow into the air cleaner. As the air cleaner becomes filled with dust, dirt, and carbon, the intake system airflow becomes increasingly restricted. This restriction causes a diaphragm inside the indicator to move toward an electrical contact. When the maximum allowable restriction level is reached, the circuit closes and the air cleaner indicator fault appears on the control panel fault display to warn the operator that the air cleaner must be changed. The electrical indicator automatically resets when the restriction level drops sufficiently. Note: This function should not be used as a replacement indicator. Follow recommended replacement schedule as specified in this manual.

d) Warnings/Faults

The control system reacts appropriately to different detected issues. These types can be generalized between warnings and faults. Warnings are given when the system is able to function but requires servicing/user interaction. Faults are generated when the unit cannot or should not supply regulated power to the aircraft.

All faults prevent the engine from starting. However, they react differently to an operating unit. Faults can be categorized into three subcategories as defined by the fault number.

- Fault numbers less than 6000
 - Minor faults: Disconnect power to the aircraft but do not affect engine and generator functions.
- Fault numbers between 6000 and 8000
 - Mid-level faults: Disconnect power to the aircraft, turn off the generator and shut down the engine <u>after</u> the required 30 second cool down.
- Fault numbers greater than 8000
 - Major faults: Result in immediate shutdown of all system components including the engine. Service is required on the unit before it is returned to operation.

Engine generated warnings and faults are also monitored and their respective Cummins fault numbers are shown on the display.

e) Generator

The 400 Hz generator is a brushless, dual bearing, revolving field, three-phase, alternating current type unit. The front end of the rotor shaft extends forward beyond the front bearing and is coupled to



the engine flywheel by a flexible coupling assembly. The rear end of the rotor shaft extends rearward beyond the rear bearing and into the exciter stator housing. The exciter rotor is mounted on this shaft extension with a key and is secured by a washer and 1/2-13 thread cap screw.

The rectifier has six diodes mounted on the exciter rotor and converts exciter AC output to DC for excitation of the generator revolving fields. The exciter outputs DC to the generator fields, and consequently the generator output is controlled by the voltage regulator PC board (REG). A centrifugal, radial-blade fan draws cooling air over all internal windings. Air enters at the exciter end and is discharged at the drive end. The complete generator assembly is bolted to the engine's flywheel and housing.

8) Operator Controls

The control box is a protected enclosure on the right front panel of the GPU that has a modern graphical display and easy to understand controls. The display allows the user to easily have access to all critical operational information as well as providing textual descriptions of all warnings and failures.

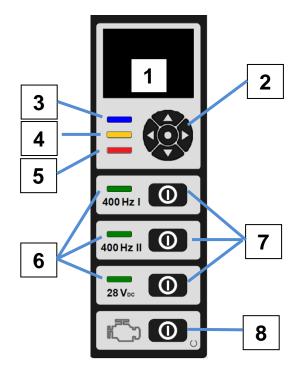
a) Operator Controls - Screen icon's

The table below shows the different icons used in the display and what they mean.

ICON	Description	ICON	Description
	Check Engine	٠	Engine Fault
	Diesel Exhaust Fluid is too low, engine power has been reduced		Diesel Exhaust Fluid level is acceptable
P	Diesel Exhaust Fluid level is getting low, refill soon		Diesel Exhaust Fluid Low
圆	Fuel level is below 10% Fault, engine won't start until more fuel is added	刷	Fuel level is acceptable
	Fuel level is below 10%, refuel as soon as possible		Caution: Exhaust gas temperature is extremely hot
2000	SCR System is cleaning		SCR System cleaning is inhibited
	Exit Icon screen and return to the Default screen	i	Access the Information screens
0	Access the Setup screens	×°	Access the Black Box logs
	Access the Power logs		Access the firmware upgrade screens and the data save screen



b) Operator Controls – Operator Panel



- 1. LED Graphical Display
- 2. Navigation Keypad
- 3. Power ON "Blue" LED
- 4. Warning "Amber" LED

- 5. Alert/Failure "Red" LED
- 6. Output ON "Green" LEDs
- 7. Output ON/OFF (Reset)
- 8. Power ON & Engine Start/Stop (Reset)

Figure 1-1-5 Control Panel

- 1: The color LED Graphical Display and easy to use menu system places all required operational information at the fingertips of the operator/maintenance personnel. Its color presentation accents critical data and simplifies the troubleshooting process by giving textual descriptions of any potential issues.
- 2: The navigation keypad is used to navigate through the simple menu systems.
- 3: The Blue LED indicates that power is on. (It is off in sleep mode)
- 4: The Amber LED indicates a warning. The details of that warning are available on the display. Up to five warnings can be displayed at one time.
- 5: The Red LED indicates a fault. The details of this fault are also visible on the graphics display. Only one fault can be displayed at one time.
- 6: The Green LED's indicate that the respective output is on.
- 7: The ON/OFF buttons are used to turn on and off their respective outputs. If a specific output has a fault, the corresponding ON/OFF button will also reset that fault.
- 8: The power ON & Engine Start/Stop button will wake the unit from low-power sleep mode. Pressing it again will begin the start-up sequence for the diesel engine. Pressing it again will shut down the



engine. If the engine is already running, it will begin the manufacturer required 30 second cool down. If the unit has a fault, this button will reset the fault.

NOTE! – The screens shown in this manual reflect the current software version at the time of publication. The screens on your unit might differ slightly based on the software version running on your unit. Any changes will be described in a Service Bulletin which should be placed in the back of this manual.

Default Screen:

There are two default displays depending on whether the engine is running or not. When the unit finishes its self-check after first being powered up, the display will show the number of hours the engine has been operating. After a short delay, the engine hours are replaced with the current time. This then becomes the default display when engine is off. (The engine operating hours are always available on the "Engine" information screen.)



During the engine start process, the screen will be modified to show the current status until the engine is running and the unit is ready to output power.

Note: If the engine is configured to go to idle until an output is activated, it will still say it is ready for use. However, the engine will have to ramp up to 2000 RPM and the voltage stabilized before the output contactor will close.

When output power is ready, the screen will appear as follows showing all available outputs:



Both default screens enable the user to quickly have access to other pertinent information by pressing ▼ or ▲ to cycle through the display screens below:

The 28V data page will only be displayed if that option is available.

Pressing \(\infty \) will return to the default menu screen.



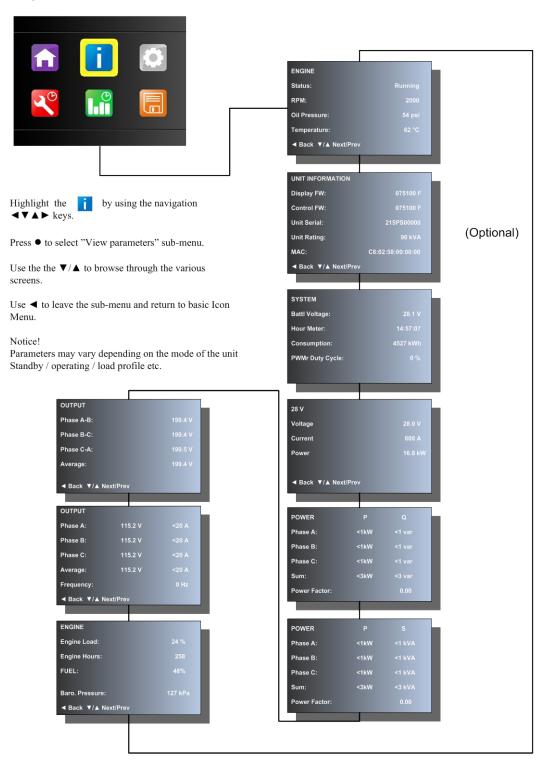


Unit information is displayed using the Parameter Information icon. To access the information icon, press the from the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds.

To leave the Icon Menu highlight the "Home" icon and press •



8.1) Parameters – Menu structure





9) Power Module Assembly

The power module assembly, mounted to the back of the ARU bracket, is located at the rear of the machine over the generator. The panel assembly provides a means of connecting and disconnecting the generator output to and from the aircraft.

a) Load contactor (K1 and K2)

Each load contactor contains a magnetic operating coil and four sets of contacts. The three larger contacts conduct three-phase AC generator output. A small contact set is connected to the Digital Control PC Board (CTL) to activate the protective monitor circuit. Three-phase, 400-Hz generator output power is distributed to the load contactor by 2/0 cables that pass through current transformers.

b) Current transformers (CT1-CT3)

A set of current transformers are used to monitor and control the line-drop compensation, ammeter, and overload circuit.

(1) Line-Drop Compensation

The current transformers detect the magnitude and power factor of current flowing from generator to load. They feed a signal to the voltage regulator that interprets the signal and alters the exciter field current as required to maintain a constant predetermined voltage at the load. These values are accessible on the color display.

(2) Ammeter

The current transformers convert a current signal to a voltage signal, which is sent to the interface board and read by the processor boards. This signal is digitized and sent to the display board where it is able to be read by the user on the color display in phase to phase or phase to N format.

(3) Overload

The digitized signal is also processed to determine if the generator output is within the defined specifications. If the current is within the following values, then the output contactor(s) are opened at the prescribed time.

- Continuous 100% rated load at PF 0.7 0.8
- Continuous 80% rated load at PF 0.8 1.0
- 5 minutes 100% rated load at PF 0.8 1.0
- 10 seconds 120% rated load at PF 0.7 0.8
- 2 seconds 150% rated load at PF 0.7 0.8



10) Cold Weather Starting System (BH1)

The intake air heater, located on the intake manifold, is used for starting the engine at very cold temperatures and reduces the white smoke associated with a cold start. The intake air heater (or grid heater) is energized or de-energized from a power relay controlled by the ECM. The amount of time the air intake heaters stay on, in the preheat phase, is a function of the intake manifold temperature at start up. (The pre-heat time increases with colder intake manifold temperatures). The maximum duration of the pre-heat phase is around 30 seconds.

CAUTION

Never use an ether start system in conjunction with the air intake heater.



Figure 1-1-6: Air Intake Heater



11) Active Rectifier Unit (ARU)

The ARU provides a regulated output voltage of 28.5 VDC. Power is provided to the DC components from the 115/200 volt, 400 Hz generator set, through input contactor Q3. Both 400 Hz & 28 VDC outputs can be used simultaneously. The 28 VDC power is provided by an Active Rectifier Unit which is supplied from the 400 Hz output. The 28 VDC output voltage is controlled regardless of any variations in the 400 Hz input voltage. The total continuous amount of power from the unit is calculated as the sum of the 400 Hz and 28 VDC outputs and cannot exceed units 400 Hz power rating.

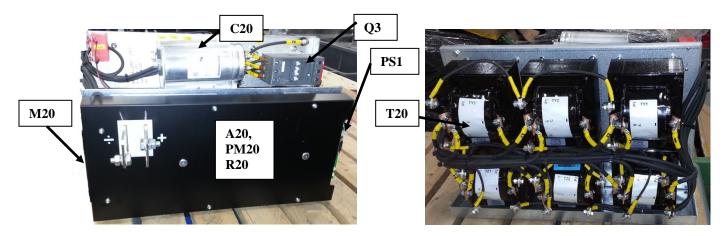


Figure 1-1-7 ARU Front view

Figure 1-1-8 ARU Rear View

Input Contactor (Q3):

The 400 Hz input power to the ARU is supplied and controlled via Q3. When this contactor is closed, 28.5 VDC power is supplied to the aircraft.

Supply Module (PS1):

The power to the ARU control board (A20) is isolated from the unit using a DC/DC power supply (PS1) which is rated at 24 VDC / 1 A. This module receives its power from the PC1 interface board, terminal X42.

ARU Transformers (T20):

The ARU transformers receive the 3 phased 400 Hz voltage 3 x 200 Vac and steps down the voltage to an appropriate level to obtain 28 VDC at the output.

ARU Rectifier (PM20):

By controlling six thyristors the output voltage is kept at 28 VDC, regardless of the input voltage level and the load.

ARU Board (A20):

The ARU Board interfaces with the processor board and the rest of the 28 VDC unit. It has the following functions:

- Supplied from PS1 (X2)
- Connection to ARU control input on A2 (X1)
- Control of thyristors.
- Measures the output voltage.
- Opens and closes the 400 Hz Input Contactor Q3



- Interface for heat sink thermostat (X5)
- Input for current transformer T20 (X6)

Resistor (R20):

The discharge resistor R20 is part of the output filter stage and discharges the capacitor C20, when the unit is turned off.

Filter Capacitor (C20)

The output filter capacitor is part of the output filter stage and ensures that the AC ripple is kept to a minimum, less than 2% at the output.

Fan (M20)

The fan M20 is part of the total forced cooling of the unit, the primary task for the fan is to cool down the rectifier module.

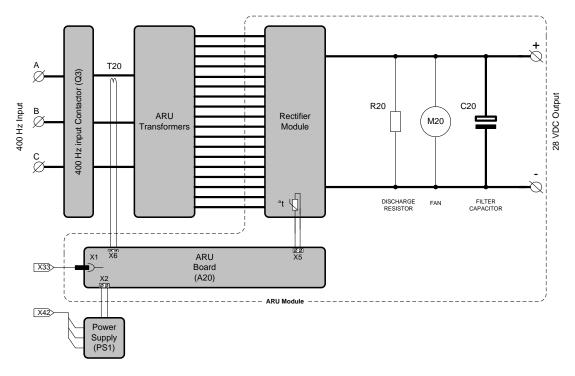


Figure 1-1-9 ARU functional Diagram



Section 2 Preparation for Use, Storage, or Shipping

1) Preparation for use after receipt of unit

a) Inspection/Check

Inspect the unit thoroughly prior to operation.

- (1) Remove blocking, banding, ties, and other securing material.
- (2) If the Tie Down Rings are present, make sure they are secured with both bolts. (Typically one bolt is used to secure the middle blocks to the unit during shipping.)
- (3) Inspect exterior for shipping damage such as broken lights, damaged sheet metal, etc.
- (4) Open canopy door and inspect interior for foreign material such as rags, tools, shipping papers, etc.
- (5) Check fuel, coolant, oil hoses and connections for visible leaks. Visually inspect the compartment floor and ground surface under the unit for signs of leakage. Correct any leaks by tightening hose clamps, tube fitting, etc., as required.
- (6) Check tightness of the generator set retaining components.
- (7) Check the fuel level. (A manual quick reference fuel gauge is located at the back of the unit. This gauge is only accurate when the fuel level is above 50%.)

NOTE: For recommended fuel specifications, refer to the Engine Manufacturers Operation and Maintenance Manual provided with this manual.

- (8) Check the engine coolant. Remove the radiator cap (under the hatch on the top of the operator section) to check coolant level. Coolant level should be at the bottom of the filler neck.
- (9) Check Diesel Exhaust Fluid (DEF) fluid level. Add DEF if the dial indicator on the DEF tank doesn't show that the tank is full. Check the DEF concentration after completing the refill, following the test procedure on page V-12 of the Cummins engine manual.

CAUTION

Be sure the cooling system antifreeze solution is adequate to protect below the lowest temperature expected.

NOTE: For antifreeze protection, use a solution of 50% permanent antifreeze (Ethylene glycol) and 50% clean water.

Lubricating oil capacity (w/ filter)	2.9 gallons (11 liters)		
Coolant capacity system	5 gallons (18.9 liters)		
DEF tank capacity	5 gallons (18.9 liters)		

Figure 1-2-1: Engine Oil, Coolant and DEF Capacities



(10) Check the engine lubricating oil level. The oil gauge rod has H high mark and L low-level marks to indicate the operating lubrication oil supply. Oil level should be kept as near the high mark as possible, without going over it. See Figure 1-2-1 for capacity.

CAUTION

NEVER operate the engine with oil level below the **L** level mark or above the **H** level mark.

NOTE: See the Engine Manufacturer's Operation Maintenance Manual for oil recommendations.



Figure 1-2-2: Oil Fill and Oil Level Check Locations

(11)Check the batteries which are located in the right side cable tray. Inspect the batteries for proper connection of the terminals. Service or replace if necessary.



b) Installing Three-Phase AC Output Cables







Figure 1-2-3 Figure 1-2-4 Figure 1-2-5

The generator set may be shipped without aircraft cables. The output cables connect to the load contactors, which are located at the rear of the unit. (See Figure 1-2-3)

The conductor size recommended for AC output cables is 2/0 AWG. Use No. 12 AWG for the E and F terminals. The lugs must have at least a 3/8-inch diameter hole to fit into the output contactor. (See Figure 1-2-4) The E and F wires should be fitted with 16 gauge forks or into a double ferrule and then inserted into the normally open auxiliary contact block attached to the side of the output contactor. (See Figure 1-2-5)

To install AC output cables proceed as follows:

- (1) Remove the canopy. (While this may not be necessary, it greatly simplifies the process.)
- (2) Loosen the screws on the cable clamps.
- (3) Route the cables through the hole in the cable tray and then through the cable clamps, and up to the load side of the load contactor(s).
- (4) Connect the phase cable terminal lugs to the appropriate terminal studs on the contactor(s): cable lug A to terminal stud A, B to B, and C to C.
- (5) Connect the cable's neutral terminal lug securely to the neutral (ground) stud on the power module assembly. (See Figure 1-2-4)
- (6) Connect the E and F cables into the auxiliary contact block on the side of the output contactor..



- (7) Tighten the clamp screws securely, but avoid damage to the cable insulation.
- (8) Replace the canopy.

c) Installing the DC Output Cable (optional)

- (1) Remove canopy. (While this may not be necessary, it greatly simplifies the process.)
- (2) The DC output cable is not normally supplied unless specifically ordered. For normal aircraft service, use cable assembly JB2840-30 (which meets Mil-C-7974D Assembly specification) with 30 feet of AWG 4/0 cables having a positive and negative connection.
- (3) The output cable is extended through the frame via the supplied hole in the cable tray. (See Figure 1-2-3)
- (4) The cables will be connected to the output bus bar located on the ARU assembly on the left rear of the unit. (See Figure 1-2-6)
- (5) Replace the canopy.



Figure 1-2-6



2) Preparation for Storage

When a generator set is to be stored or removed from operation, special precautions should be taken to protect the internal and external parts from rust, corrosion, and gumming in the engine fuel system.

a) General

Open battery disconnect switch and then disconnect the battery negative terminal at the battery.

- (1) The unit should be prepared for storage as soon as possible after being removed from service.
- (2) The unit should be stored in a building which is dry and which may be heated during winter months.
- (3) Moisture-absorbing chemicals should be used where excessive dampness is a problem; however, the unit must be completely packaged and sealed if moisture-absorbing chemicals are to be effective.

b) Temporary Storage

When storing the unit for 30 days or less, prepare as follows:

- (1) Lubricate the unit completely in accordance with instructions in Section 2-2. This will include changing engine oil, and all filter elements.
- (2) Start the engine and operate for a minimum of two minutes so that all internal engine components will be coated with new oil. (Note: if the unit is operated outside of the diagnostic mode, it will run for 30 seconds in the cool down mode after the stop button is pressed.)

NOTE: Do not drain the fuel system or crankcase after this run.

- (3) Make certain the cooling system antifreeze solution is adequate to protect below the lowest temperatures expected during the storage period. Be sure the solution is thoroughly mixed.
- (4) Clean the exterior of the engine. Dry with clean rags and compressed air.
- (5) Seal all engine openings. Use a waterproof, vapor proof material that is strong enough to resist puncture damage from air pressure changes.

c) Long-Term Storage (Over 30 Days)

To protect the generator and other electrical components, the complete unit should be packaged using moisture proof packaging material and sealing material. Place containers of moisture-absorbing chemicals in the unit before packaging.

The unit may be stored for long periods without the above preparation, if it is possible to operate the engine once each week. When starting once a week, proceed as follows:

(1) Make certain the cooling system is adequately protected.

WARNING

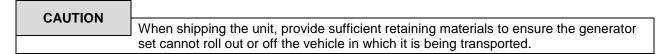
ENSURE adequate ventilation before starting the engine.



- (2) Start the engine and operate under full load (using a resistive load bank or aircraft) until the coolant temperature has reached at least 176°F (80°C).
- (3) While the engine is running, ensure that normal operating controls are in good working condition before shutdown and storage. If weekly operation is not possible, contact the nearest engine manufacturer distributor for instructions.
- (4) Remove all DEF fluid from the storage tank and flush the tank with distilled water.

3) Preparation for Shipment

- a) Disconnect the battery negative terminal before shipping.
- b) During long shipments, vibration, jolting, etc may loosen the generator set retaining hardware.



NOTE: It is suggested that strong banding be used to secure the generator set.



Section 3 Operation

1) General

This section contains information and instructions for the safe and efficient operation of the equipment. Operating instructions are presented in systematic sequence of procedures to be followed in supplying 400-Hz or 28.5 VDC power.

NOTE: Read ALL of the operating instructions before attempting to operate the equipment.

WARNING

Ear protection equipment may be necessary when working close to this equipment.

2) 400 Hz. Operating Procedure

a) Pre-start Inspection

- i) Check the engine and generator compartments to make certain they are free of rags or other foreign materials.
- ii) Make certain there is sufficient lubricating oil and coolant in the engine and that the DEF tank is full.
- iii) Be sure that the battery isolation switch is closed, ensuring that 24 VDC power is available to the engine starting and control systems.
- iv) Make certain the control panel is on. If not, press the Power ON/Engine Start-Stop button to wake the unit.

b) Engine Starting Procedures

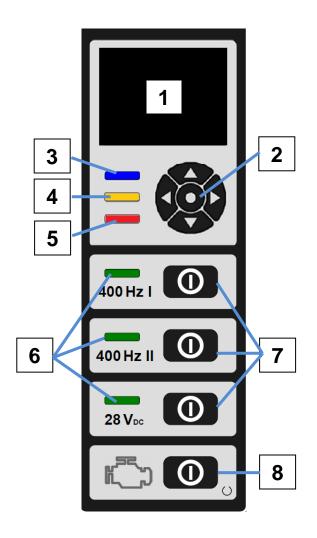
CAUTION

Refer to operating instructions in the engine manufacturer's operation manual, when starting engine for the first time.

NOTE: The engine manufacturer's operation manual is provided with this manual.

- i) Press and release the Engine start button. The remaining portion of the startup procedure is automated. Startup status will be shown on the display. The procedure will begin by turning on power to the engine and other vital components. It will then check the engine to insure proper operation. Once verified, the engine data begins to be processed. The engine will begin its initialization and warmup procedures. When finished, the starter will begin to crank.
- ii) If the Idle Mode is active (default condition), once the engine starts it will quickly ramp up to its idle speed of 1,000 RPM and stay there until an output pushbutton is pressed or the unit runs out of fuel.
- iii) If the Idle Mode is inactive, the engine starts and ramps up to its idle speed of 1,000 RPM pauses for a moment and then continues to ramp up to its running speed of 2,000 RPM and stays there until an output pushbutton is pressed or the unit runs out of fuel.





- 1. LED Graphical Display
- 2. Navigation Keypad
- 3. Power ON "Blue" LED
- 4. Warning "Amber" LED

- 5. Alert/Failure "Red" LED
- 6. Output ON "Green" LEDs
- 7. Output ON/OFF (Reset) *
- 8. Power ON & Engine Start/Stop (Reset) *
- * All output and engine buttons are multitasking buttons dependent upon the current status of the unit. The displayed screen is <u>NOT</u> important. These buttons are <u>always</u> active.

CAUTION

Never use an ether start system in conjunction with the air intake heater.

iv) Once the engine is running at idle or rated speed, check the oil pressure to make certain that it is normal and observe all other engine values on the display screen for normal operation.



CAUTION

To eliminate the possibility of wet stacking (See Appendix C), DO NOT allow the engine to idle for long periods.

c) Failed Starting Procedure

In the event that there is an error during initialization or if the engine fails to start after 3 automatic attempts (15 seconds crank, 15 seconds wait per attempt), the display will show a fault. Diagnose and treat the reason for the fault, clear the fault, and press the engine start button again.

d) Power Delivery

After the engine has started and the display has changed to the output status default screen, any of the output ON/OFF buttons can be pressed. If the unit is already at rated speed, the contactor will immediately close. If at idle speed the engine will ramp up to rated speed, the generator will set the output voltage and then the contactor will close. The green LED will turn ON next to the active output. In addition, current power status information will appear on the output status default screen.

WARNING

All output ON/OFF buttons are active regardless of the displayed screen.

- i) Early in the power delivery run it is recommended that the operator check output voltage and current in each of the three phases. Use ▼ ▲ pushbuttons to view either the line-to-line or line-to-neutral voltage. If the load is changing, observe the display until load conditions stabilize.
- ii) A condition of over-voltage, under-voltage, under-frequency, over-frequency, or overload in the output circuit will automatically open the load contactor and display a fault code to signal the operator which of the above faults caused the protective monitor system to operate. After the fault has been corrected, press the respective output pushbutton to reset the system. Proceed with power delivery by pressing the same switch.

WARNING

NEVER disconnect the output cable while power is being delivered. Output contactors must be open prior to removal of the cable from the aircraft.

CAUTION

The generator set must be shut down so that the failed power delivery problems can be diagnosed. Only personnel who are trained or qualified on this type of equipment should work on this GPU.

e) Failed Power Delivery

If the contactor indicating light goes out and EF fault is shown on the display, this indicates that the aircraft is not supplying the 28.5 VDC interlock signal to the plug interlock circuit. Correct the condition and press the output pushbutton to reset the fault. Press the button again to close the output contactor and provide 400Hz to the aircraft/load bank.

If the aircraft (or load bank) does not have the 28.5 VDC signal, set the **EF Bypass ON** through the Setup icon menu using the following steps:



- 1. Press and hold for approximately 5 seconds.
- 2. Use navigation keys (◀▼▲►) to highlight the setup icon. Press to select.
- 3. Use navigation keys (▼ ▲) to highlight the EF Interlock line. Press to select.
- 4. Set EF interlock to bypass.
- 5. Press to accept the change.
- 6. Use navigation keys (◀ Or ▶) to go back to the default screen. Display will automatically return to the default screen after a period of inactivity.

f) Discontinue Power Delivery with Unit Shutdown

- i) Normal conditions
 - a Push the Output ON/OFF pushbutton next to the lit green LED indicator to open that output load contactor. The indicating light next to that button will go OFF, indicating that the load contactor has opened and power is no longer being delivered to the aircraft.
 - (a) Once all of the contactors are opened, if the Idle Mode option is active (default), the generator will be turned off and the engine will return to idle speed after a 5 second delay.
 - (b) Once all of the contactors are opened, if the Idle Mode is inactive, the generator will be turned off and the engine will remain at rated speed.
 - b Pushing the engine Start/Stop pushbutton once while the engine is running begins the automatic shutdown sequence which will shut off the engine after 30 seconds.
 - c If the Engine Shutdown option is active, five minutes after all outputs are opened (OFF) the engine will slow to idle speed and then 30 seconds later it will shut down.

ii) Emergency conditions

(1) Depress the "EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON" located on the front of the unit to the right of the control panel. When pushed, this button shuts the generator set off. Pull the button back out to reset it before restarting the generator set.

CAUTION

Do not use the "**EMERGENCY STOP BUTTON**" button as a normal shutdown device. Damage to the engine turbo charger may result without proper cooling time. Use the Engine ON/OFF pushbutton for all normal engine shutdowns.

iii) A condition of over-voltage, under-voltage, under-frequency, over-frequency, or overload in the output circuit will automatically open the load contactor and display a fault code to signal the operator which of the above faults caused the protective monitor system to operate. After the fault has been corrected, press the respective output pushbutton to reset the system. Proceed with power delivery by pressing the same switch.



g) Low Fuel Warning and Fault

- i) A Low Fuel Warning occurs when the unit is running and the fuel level drops below 10% in the fuel tank. The unit will continue to operate until it is out of fuel or the operator shuts off the engine.
- ii) A Low Fuel Fault will be displayed if the fuel level is below 10% and the engine is off. The engine can't be started until the fuel level is above 10%.

h) Display

- i) The display will automatically turn off if the engine has been off for at least 10 minutes. Pushing any button will return the display to full brightness.
- **ii)** If the display is off, and the battery disconnect switch is closed, press the Engine pushbutton to return the display to full brightness.

i) Battery Disconnect Switch

If the unit is not going to be used for a long period of time, open the battery disconnect switch to remove 24 VDC power to the control board and Cummins ECM controller. **DO NOT** open the battery disconnect switch while the engine is running or within two minutes after the engine has shut down.

3) Active Rectifier Unit (ARU) - 28.5 VDC Power Supply

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The ARU can deliver up to 2,000 amps of current during the starting of an aircraft engine. This much current will shear the propeller shaft of some aircraft. Therefore, make sure that the current limit is correctly set for the aircraft that is being powered.

1) ARU Default Factory Settings:

28 V Voltage (V): 28.5 VDC

28 V Compensation (V/600A): 0.0 (Set if GPU supplied with cable)

28 V Current Limit (A): 800 A

Output Mode: Simultaneous

Fan Control: Normal

Plug Temperature: Normally Open

2) Adjusting the Current Limit

- a) The unit remembers the last current limit that was selected. This value will be used whenever the 28VDC output is turned on.
- b) If the current limit needs to be changed, use the following procedure:
 - i) With the unit's engine running and the 28 VDC power is off, the right or left arrows can be used to change the current limit value. The step size used for changing the current limit is set in the Current Limit Step Size setup menu screen.

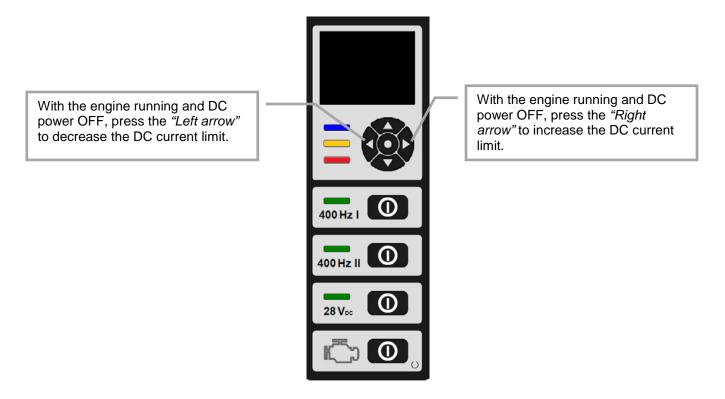
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ii) Once the correct value is selected, use the below procedure to start the unit.

Note: To ensure hassle-free starting of the aircraft engine, the current limit function is delayed 0.7 seconds.



- 3) Starting the 28 VDC ARU.
 - a) Insert the aircraft cable into the aircraft. Make sure the cable is inserted until you feel a natural resistance. The plug may be equipped with a 90% insertion switch (split "C" pin). In this case, the unit will not function if the plug is not fully inserted.
 - b) Press the 28 VDC Start/Stop button.
 - c) The unit is now in operation and supplying power to the aircraft. This is also indicated via the green LED located close to the 28VDC Start/Stop button.
 - d) If the unit shuts off and is no longer supplying power to the aircraft, this is reported in clear text in the display. Also, a corrective action is displayed.
 - e) During operation, various parameters can be viewed via the display. Use the navigation keys ▼ ▲ to browse through the available screens:
 - f) Turn off the unit by pressing the 28VDC Start/Stop button. Always ensure that the output is off before removing the aircraft plug.





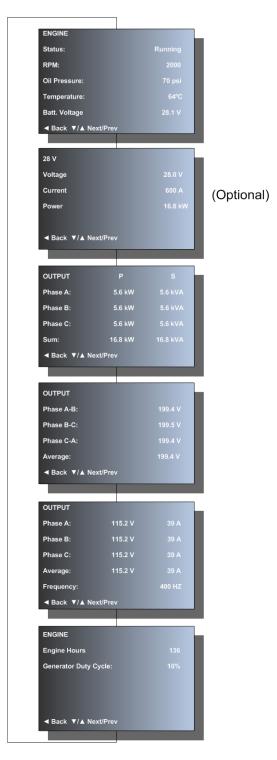
Use the the ∇/Δ to browse through the various screens.

Use ◀ to leave the sub-menu and return to basic Icon Menu.

Notice!

Parameters may vary depending on the mode of the unit Standby / operating / load profile etc.





Note!

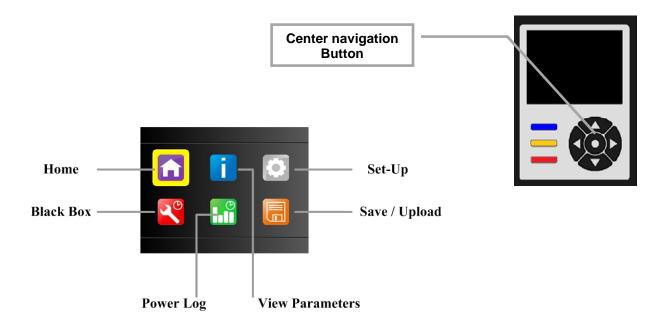
Please note that the 28 VDC Start/Stop button also functions as a Reset push button.

If, for some reason, the unit stops due to an error / failure, record the fault number and message and forward this information to your maintenance personnel. If the fault is no longer active, press the Start/Stop/Reset to reset the alarm and the unit.



4) Icon Menu

The Icon Menu is accessed from the Default screen. Press the center navigation button ● while in the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds.



The basic Icon Menu is shown above with the available sub-menus.

To enter the Icon Menu, press the ● from the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds.

To Select a sub-menu, simply use the navigation keys $\blacktriangleleft \, \, \blacktriangleright \, \,$ to highlight the icon and then press the \bullet to enter the sub-menu.

To leave the Icon Menu highlight the "Home" icon and press •

Icon explanation:

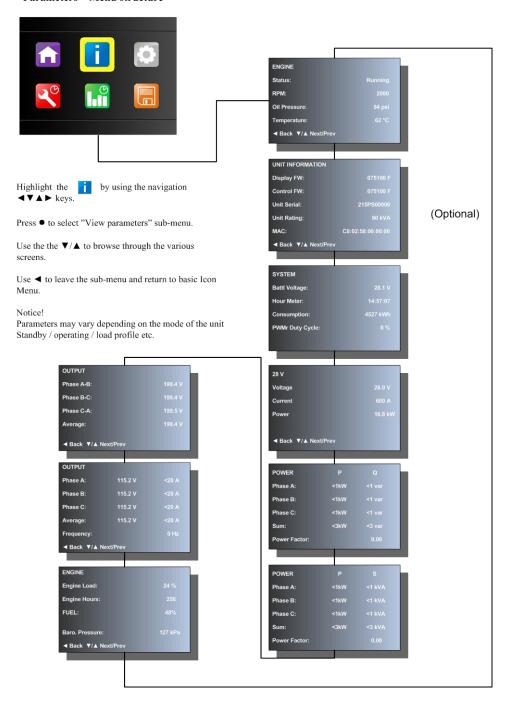
- Back to Default screen
- i Viewing actual converter parameters
- Set-up menu for changing converter parameters
- Black Box with last 100 failures / errors
- Power Log with last 100 operations
- Save "Black Box" / "Power Log" records or update control card software



4.0.1 View Parameters Menu

The View Parameters Menu is accessed from the Icon screen. Press the center navigation button ● while in the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds. The Icon menu is displayed, press the right navigation button to highlight the icon.

Parameters - Menu structure

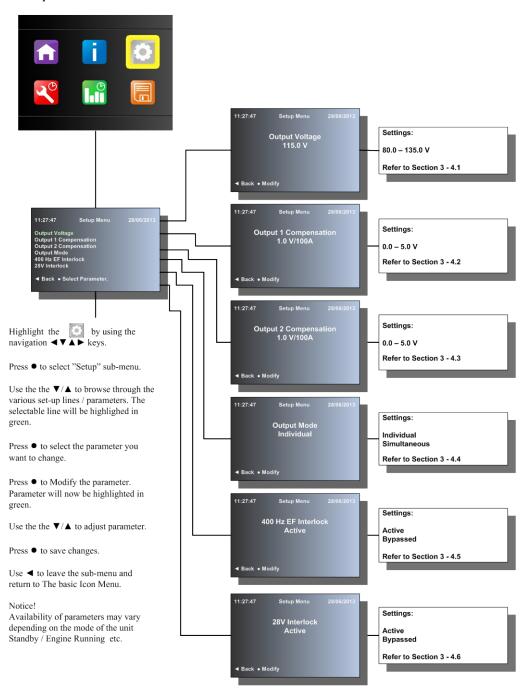




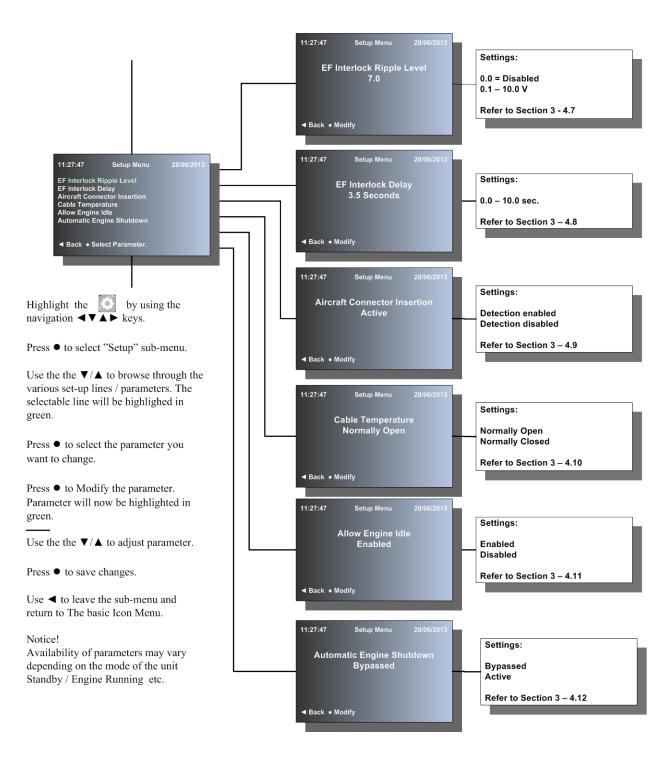
4.0.2 Setup Menu

The Setup Menu is accessed from the Icon screen. Press the center navigation button ● while in the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds. The Icon menu is displayed, press the right navigation button to highlight the Setup icon.

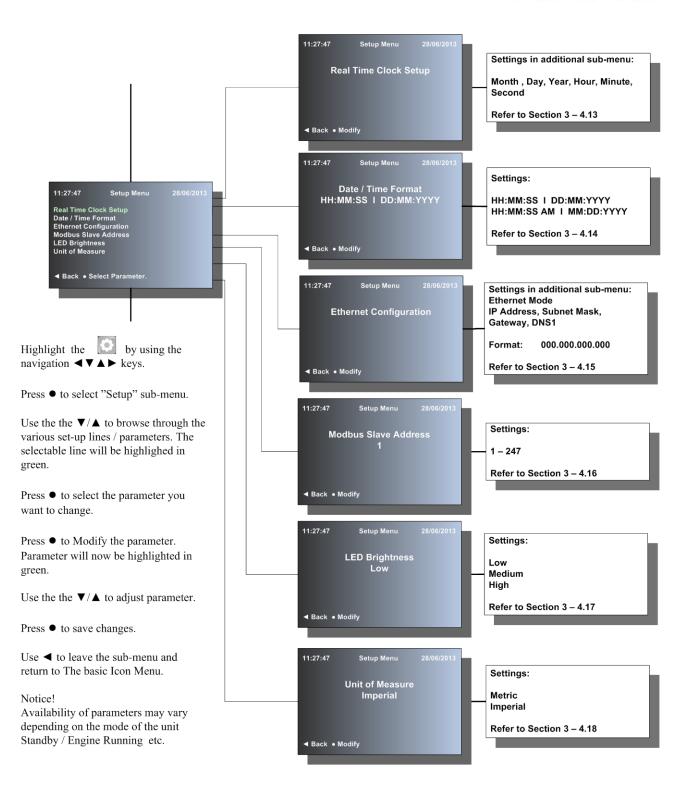
Setup - Menu structure



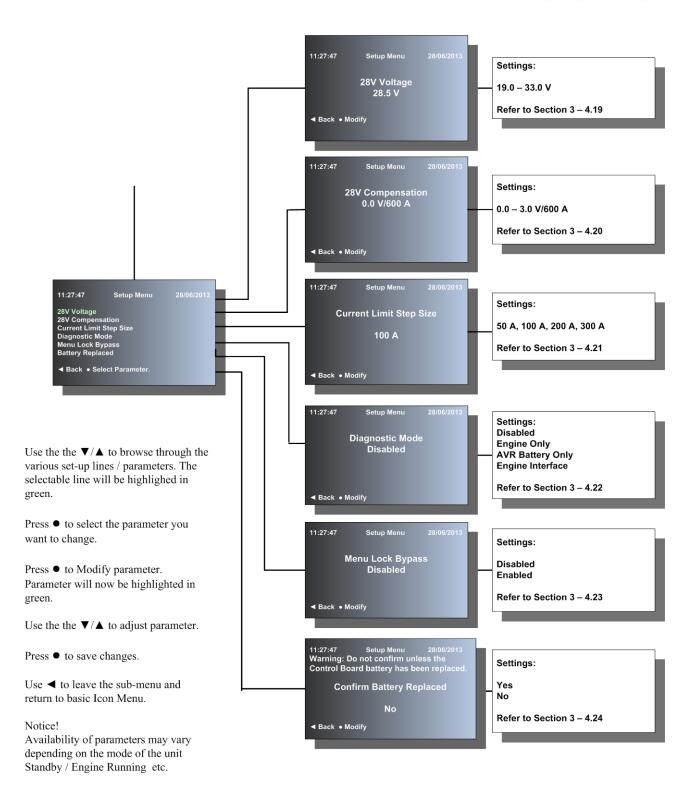




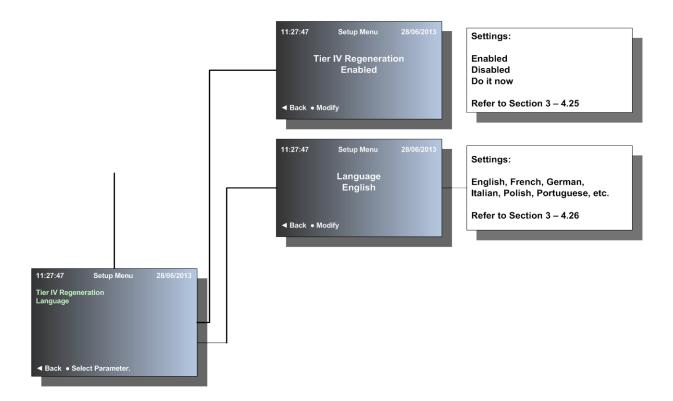












Use the the ∇/Δ to browse through the various set-up lines / parameters. The selectable line will be highlighed in green.

Press • to select the parameter you want to change.

Press ● to Modify parameter.

Parameter will now be highlighted in green.

Use the the ∇/Δ to adjust parameter.

Press • to save changes.

Use ◀ to leave the sub-menu and return to basic Icon Menu.

Notice!

Availability of parameters may vary depending on the mode of the unit Standby / Engine Running etc.



4.1 Output Voltage:

This Setup submenu allows the output voltage to be adjusted between 80.0 VAC and 135 VAC using the UP and DOWN navigation buttons. (Please note that the acceptable voltage range for all commercial aircraft is 115V ±3V. This range is even tighter for some aircraft.)

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Output Voltage submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.2 Output 1 Compensation:

The output voltage is increased in proportion to the load current (Volt / 100 A).

- 1. Apply full load to output 1.
- 2. Enter the "OUTPUT 1 COMPENSATION" submenu. Press the center button to allow the value to be adjusted.
- 3. Adjust the compensation using the vertical arrow buttons until the voltage at the aircraft connector equals the no load value. Press center button to accept and record this value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.3 Output 2 Compensation:

The output voltage is increased in proportion to the load current (Volt / 100 A).

- 1. Apply full load to output 2.
- 2. Enter the "OUTPUT 2 COMPENSATION" submenu. Press the center button to allow the value to be adjusted.
- 3. Adjust the compensation using the vertical arrow buttons until the voltage at the aircraft connector equals the no load value. Press center button to accept and record this value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.4 Output Mode

When the unit has 2 outputs, the "Output Mode" submenu is used to set either "Individual" or "Simultaneous" mode of operation.

If the output mode has been set to "Individual", the outputs can be used individually. If the output mode has been set to "Simultaneous", both outputs can be used at the same time.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Output Mode submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.5 400 Hz EF Interlock

The EF interlock is a personnel and equipment safety feature that is found in all commercial aircraft. This 28VDC signal will not be present until the GPU closes its output contactor and provides 400 Hz power to



the aircraft. The aircraft will evaluate the 400 Hz power and if it is within the aircrafts tolerance limits it will then close a relay in the aircraft to provide a 28VDC signal to the "F" pin/wire in the power connector plug/cable.

Some load banks do not provide this EF Interlock so the EF interlock function in the unit has to be bypassed. Do not set this value to Bypassed for normal operation with aircraft. This setting is only to be used by qualified personnel for testing the GPU unit or when the unit will be providing power to equipment outside of an aircraft.

Note! The value will be automatically reset to Active if the unit detects 28 volts on the "F" pin input of the I/O board.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the EF Interlock submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.6 28V Interlock

The 28V interlock is a personnel and equipment safety feature that is found on some commercial turboprop aircraft. This 28VDC signal will not be present until the GPU closes its output contactor and provides power to the aircraft connector. The connector typically has a split "F" socket with +28VDC on one side and a jumper to the return wire on the other side of the socket. The GPU will not keep the output contactor closed if this voltage is not detected on the return wire in the cable. (This option requires a special cable such as the JB2840-30CS, JB2840-40CS or JB2840-50CS.)

Note! The value will be automatically reset to Active if the unit detects 28 volts on the "F" pin input of the I/O board.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the 28V Interlock submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.7 EF Interlock Ripple Level

The EF Interlock Ripple Level is part of the Neutral Voltage Displacement circuit. If an aircraft has a large unbalanced load and the aircraft power cable has a broken neutral, then it is possible for the aircraft frame to be energized to a dangerous level. This condition will result in an AC voltage induced onto the EF DC signal.

This sub-menu sets the trip level for the AC ripple on the DC EF interlock signal. The default value is 7.0 volts and a setting of 0.0 volts disables the function.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the EF Interlock Ripple Level submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.8 EF Interlock Delay

Some of the newer aircraft take a longer time between when 400 Hz power is supplied to the aircraft and when the aircraft returns the 28 VDC EF Interlock signal. This setting allows the adjustment of the amount of time the unit will wait until determining that the EF signal is not present and that the output power should be shut off. The default value is 3.5 seconds.



Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the EF Interlock Delay submenu. Press the center
• button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.9 Aircraft Connector Insertion

Some aircraft power cables are equipped with a micro-switch or split "F" socket in the connector. This device sends a 28 VDC signal to the unit when the connector is inserted at least 90% of the way into the aircraft power receptacle. Set this sub-menu value to Enable when such a cable is connected to the unit. The default value is set to Disable.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Aircraft Connector Insertion submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.10 Cable Temperature

Some aircraft cables have temperature sensors installed in the connector body and/or replaceable nose. This sub-menu allows the unit to accept Normally Opened or Normally Closed temperature sensor switches to be used.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Plug Temperature submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.11 Allow Engine Idle

When this option is set to Enable, the engine will ramp up to its idle speed (1,000 RPM) and wait for an output to be turned on. Once an output is turned on, the unit will ramp up to its running speed (2,000 RPM) and energize the generator and close the selected output contactor when the generator is stabilised. The unit will return to idle speed five seconds after all outputs are turned off.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Allow Engine Idle submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.12 Automatic Engine Shutdown:

If the engine is running at its rated speed and all outputs are off for ten (10) minutes or the total load is less than 5 amps, the engine will automatically go into its 30 second shutdown mode when this function is active. The Setup submenu allows this option to be activated or bypassed.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Automatic Engine Shutdown submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.



4.13 Real Time Clock Setup

This set of sub-menu s allows the user to adjust the internal clock to the correct local time.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Real Time Clock Setup submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.14 Date/Time Format

The date and time format that is displayed on all of the screens and reports can be adjusted using this submenu. The selection is a 24 hour clock and DD:MM:YYYY date format or a 12 hour clock with the MM:DD:YYYY date format.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Date/Time Format submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.15 Ethernet Configuration

This set of sub-menu s allows the user to enter the Ethernet IP address, Subnet Mask, Gateway address and DNS1 values for TCP/IP communications with a BMS or RMS central monitoring system.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Ethernet Configuration submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.16 Modbus Slave Address

If the unit will be part of an RS-485 Modbus RTU BMS/RMS monitoring system, it must be assigned a Modbus Slave Address. This sub-menu allows the user to enter the slave address.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Modbus Slave Address submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.17 LED Brightness

The unit status LED's have three brightness levels. The default is set to medium.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the LED Brightness submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.18 Unit of Measure

This submenu is used to set the unit of measurements to Metric or Imperial.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Unit of Measure submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press



the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.19 28V Voltage

This Setup submenu allows the 28 volt output to be adjusted between 19.0 VDC and 33.0 VDC using the UP and DOWN navigation buttons. (Please note that the acceptable voltage range for all commercial DC powered aircraft is 26V to 29V.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the ARU Voltage submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.20 28V Compensation

DC voltage drops quickly as the current increases over a given length of cable. This Setup submenu allows the 28 volt output to be automatically adjusted as the load increases. The allowed setting is between 0.0 and 3.0 VDC at the rated continuous load of the unit. Note that the maximum output voltage of the unit is 33 VDC.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the 28V Compensation submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.21 Current Limit Step Size

If too much current is supplied to an aircraft engine, it is possible for the engine to shear the propeller shaft. The Current Limit should be set to the maximum current the aircraft to be powered can take (per the aircraft manufacturers recommendations). The Current Limit is set using the UP and Down arrows on the Operators Panel. This submenu is used to set the step size the current limit is changed by every time the UP or Down button is pressed. The current limit settings are from 300 amps to 2000 amps in steps of 50/100/200/300 amps. This menu selects the size of the steps that the operator uses to adjust the current limit before turning on the 28 VDC to the aircraft.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Current Limit Step Size submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.22 Diagnostic Mode

This setup submenu is used to assist in the troubleshooting procedure. The default setting is "Disabled"; use the "Engine Only" to verify engine performance; use the "AVR Battery Only" to verify the operation of the generator (with engine operation). The "Engine Interface" allows read only access to the engine ECM module. In the "Engine Interface" mode, the engine ECM will perform a self-test and then enter its Run mode. (The display will indicate running in the engine screen). In this mode each of the output contactors can be toggled on and off to verify that they are functioning correctly.

The engine must be stopped before any of these modes can be changed.



Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Diagnostic Mode submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.23 Menu Lock Bypass

This submenu is used to lock out the center button on the navigation keypad which will prevent access to the Icon screen. Disabled allows access to the Icon screen when the center button is pressed for 10 seconds. Enabled locks out the center button. When the center button is pressed the screen will display DISABLED. Technicians can gain temporary access to the ICON menu by performing the following sequence of button presses: Right Arrow, Up Arrow, Down Arrow, Down Arrow. Holding the center button again (approx. 10 seconds) will take you to the main menu. The default is set to disabled.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Menu Lock Bypass submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.24 Confirm Battery Replaced

There is a coin cell battery on the back side of the control board which maintains the unit information and operating program. This battery should be changed every five years. The unit calculates this time and will remind the user when the time comes to change the battery. If the battery is not replaced, the warning will eventually turn into a fault that will prevent the unit from operating. This submenu is used to acknowledge that the battery has been changed.

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Confirm Battery Replaced submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

4.25 Tier IV Regeneration

The engine has to periodically regenerate the after-treatment unit by raising the temperature of the exhaust. This process does not affect the quality of the output voltage of the unit if it is supplying power to an aircraft and is typically invisible to the user. The HEST "lamp" on the display will be lit while the unit is performing the regeneration process if the unit is at idle speed. (Typically, the HEST "lamp" is not lit if the unit is providing power to an aircraft since the exhaust is not as hot as it is when the unit is idling.)

The default mode is Enabled and it is strongly recommended that the unit is kept in this mode. The Disabled option should only be selected for short periods of time. Disabling the regeneration process for long periods of time (> 50 hours) will lead to engine faults that will de-rate the engine (per EPA requirements) and prevent it from running at operational speeds. The "Do it now" option forces the unit to run the regeneration process when selected if the process is needed. (The engine determines if it is needed. If it isn't needed, then the engine won't run the process.)

Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Tier IV Regeneration submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.



4.26 Language

This submenu is used to change the language that all of the display screens, messages, alarms and reports are displayed in. The unit comes with English, French, German, Italian, Polish, Portuguese, Czech, Russian, Turkish and Spanish already installed. Other languages can be added as required. The default is set to English.

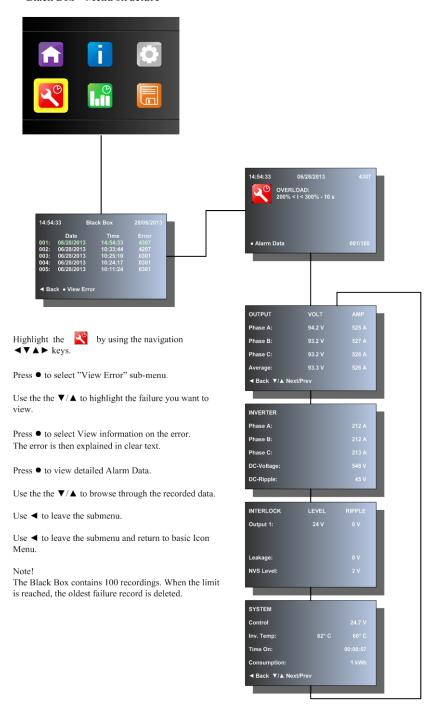
Go into the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Language submenu. Press the center • button to enter the submenu, and then press the • button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center • button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.



4.3) Black Box

The Black Box Menu is accessed from the Icon screen. Press the center navigation button ● while in the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds. The Icon menu is displayed, press the right navigation button to highlight the Black Box icon.

Black Box - Menu structure

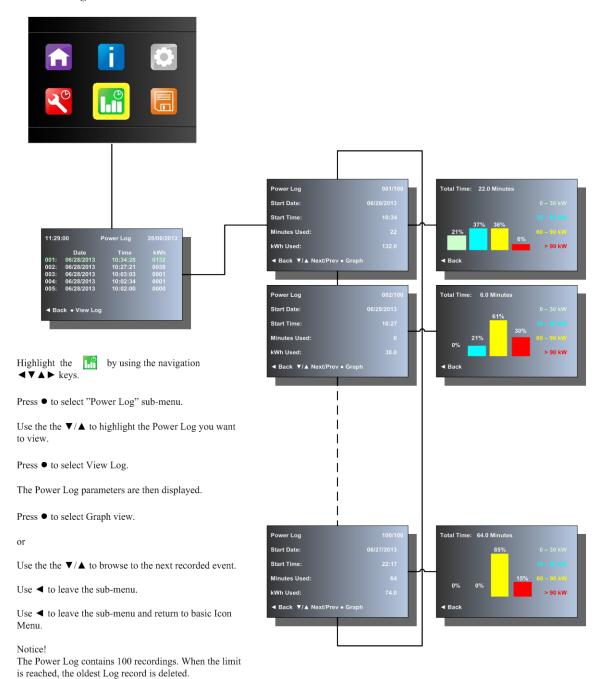




4.4) Power Log

The Power Log Menu is accessed from the Icon screen. Press the center navigation button ● while in the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds. The Icon menu is displayed, press the right navigation button to highlight the Power Log icon.

Power Log - Menu structure

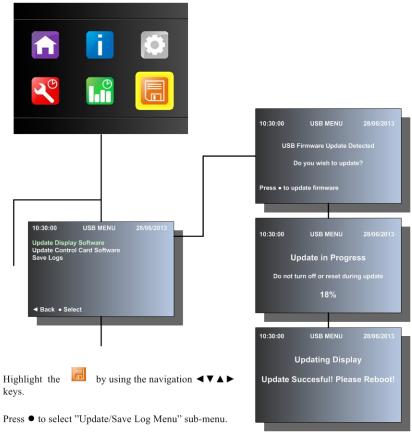




4.5) Update/Save Log Menu

The Update/Save Log Menu is accessed from the Icon screen. Press the center navigation button ● while in the default menu and hold it down for approximately 5 seconds. The Icon menu is displayed, press the right navigation button then the down button to highlight the Update/Save Log icon.

Update/Save Log - Menu structure



The default function "Update Display Software" is green highlighted. If another function is wanted, use the the \P/A to highlight the function.

Before pressing • to select "Update Display Software", please remember to insert a USB stick into the USB port on the Display (located on the side of the Display enclosure inside the unit).

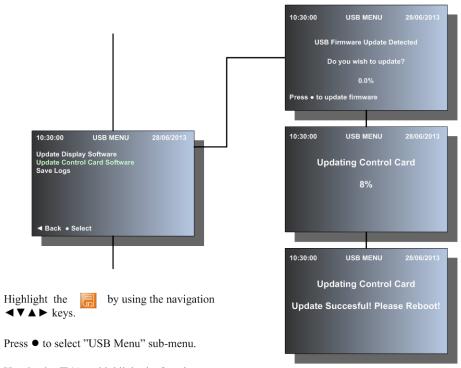
Press • to select the function.

Press • to confirm update firmware.

The firmware is now being uploaded to the display card. Upload % is counting from 0% to 100%. The system automatically reboots if the update is successful. Otherwise, an Update has failed! Message is displayed.



Update/Save Log (continued) - Menu structure



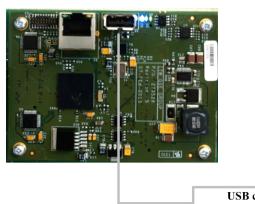
Use the the ▼/▲ to highlight the function "Update Control Card software".

Before pressing • to select "Update control card software", please remember to insert an USB stick into the USB port on the control card (located on the interface board).

Press • to select function.

Press ● to confirm update firmware.

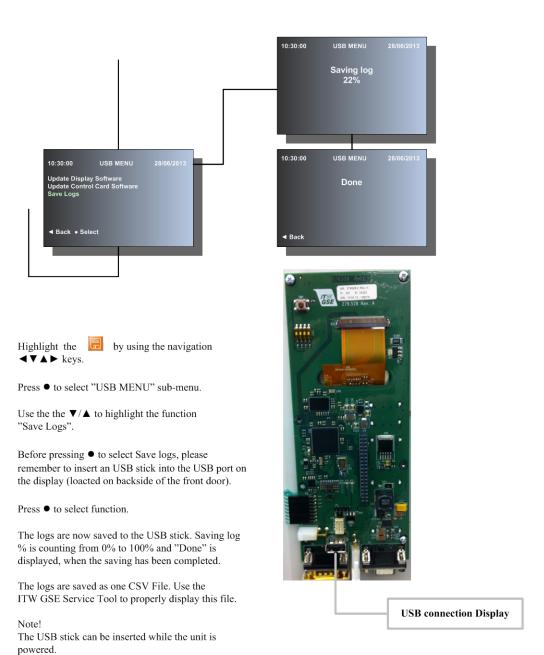
The firmware is now being uploaded to the display card. Upload % is counting from 0% to 100%. The system automatically reboots if the update is successful. Otherwise, an Update has failed! Message is displayed.



USB connection Control card



Update/Save Log (continued) – **Menu structure**





Chapter 2 Service and Troubleshooting

Section 1 Maintenance Inspection/Check

1) General

To make certain the generator set is always ready for operation, it must be inspected and maintained regularly and systematically so that defects may be discovered and corrected before they result in serious damage to components, or failure of the equipment.

WARNING

STOP operations at once, if a serious or possibly dangerous fault is discovered.

2) Maintenance Schedule

a) General

A periodic maintenance schedule should be established and maintained. A suggested schedule is provided in Figure 2-1-1 on the following pages. It may be modified, as required to meet varying operating and environmental conditions. It is suggested that generator set and vehicle inspections be coordinated as much as possible.

b) Maintenance Schedule Check Sheet

It is strongly recommended that the customer use a maintenance schedule check sheet such as the one in the engine manufacture's operation manual. The check sheet will provide a record and serve as a guide for establishment of a schedule to meet the customer's maintenance requirements for his specific operation.

c) Time Intervals.

The schedule is based on both hours of operation and calendar intervals. These two intervals are not necessarily the same. For example, in normal operation the oil change period, based on hours of operation, will be reached long before the three months calendar period. The calendar period is included to make certain services are performed regularly when the equipment is stored, or being operated infrequently. Lubricating oil standing in engines that are stored, or used very little, may tend to oxidize and may require changing although it is not dirty. Perform all services on a whichevercomes-first basis.

d) Identification of Interval Periods.

Each interval period is identified by a letter A, B, C, etc. For example, services under B schedule should be performed at the end of each 250 hours of operation, or every three months, BR service is performed during the BREAK IN period (first 50-150 hours) and AR service is performed AS REQUIRED.



Hourly Interval	AR	50-150	10	250	500	1000	2000	4500	5000
Calendar Interval		Once	Daily	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.	2 Yr.	3 Yr.	4 Yr.
Symbol	AR	BR	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G
Engine									
Change Air Cleaner Cartridge	Х								
Check Coolant Hose and Clamps	Х								
Check Crankcase Oil Level			Х						
Check DEF tank Level			Х						
Check Crankcase Breather Tube			Х						
Drain Fuel-Water Pre-Filter Elements			Х						
Check Coolant Level			Х						
Check for Leaks and Correct		Х	Х						
Check for Air Cleaner Clogged warning			Х						
Check Air Intake Piping			Х	Х					
Check After-treatment Exhaust System			Х						
Check Dust Ejection Valve			Х						
Inspect Cooling Fan			Х						
Charge-Air-Cooler (CAC) and Piping				Х					
Check Radiator Core and Hoses				Х					
Check Oil Pressure and Record				Х					
Change Lubricity Fuel Filter Element		Х			Х				
Change Crankcase Oil		Х			Х				
Change Oil Filter Element		Х			X				
Check Engine and Generator Mounts		Х			Х				
Check Coolant, Additive-Concentration		Х			Х				
Check Radiator Pressure Cap					Х				
Check Fan Hub and Drive Pulley						Х			
Check Hose Clamps on Air Intake Side			Х			Х			
Check Belt Conditions and Tensioner				Х		Х			
Check Air Compressor Discharge Line						Х			
Check Water Pump		Х				Х			

Figure 2-1-1 Maintenance Schedule (Sheet 1 of 2)



Hourly Interval	AR	50-150	10	250	500	1000	2000	4500	5000
Calendar Interval		Once	Daily	3 Mo.	6 Mo.	1 Yr.	2 Yr.	3 Yr.	4 Yr.
Symbol	AR	BR	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
Engine (continued)									
Steam Clean Engine		Х					Х		
Check Crankcase Breather (External)							Х		
Flush and Change Coolant							Х		
Check Vibration Damper							Х		
Check Crankcase Ventilation Filter							Х		
Check Fan Mounting				Spring & Fall					
Clean Cooling System				Spring & Fall					
Check Hoses				Spring & Fall					
Clean Electrical Connections				Spring & Fall					
Check Thermostats and Seals				Fall					
Change DEF Dosing Filter								Х	
Overhead Set									Х
Electrical (24 VDC System)	*		<u>, </u>			<u> </u>		'	
Check All Lights			Х						
Check Alternator Charging Rate			Х						
Check Battery					Х				
Clean Battery Terminals	Х				Х				
Check Wiring and Connections					Х				
Check All Engine Screens (when running)			Х						
Electrical (400-Hz System)	*	1		'	'			•	
Check E-F By-Pass Operation				Х					
Check Output Cable and Connectors			Х						
Check Volt, Amp & Frequency Displays			х						
Check and/or Adjust Output Voltage	Х				Х				
Inspect Wiring and Connectors					Х				
Clean and Inspect Generally					Х				

Figure 2-1-1 Maintenance Schedule (Sheet 2 of 2)



3) Inspection/Checks

a) General

See Chapter 2-2 for detailed maintenance procedures.

See Chapter 2-3 for adjustment and test procedures.

Check the Cummins Engine manual Section 2 – Maintenance Guidelines, page 2-2 for Tool Requirements. Ensure that all needed tools are available before starting any procedure.

b) "AR" Checks and Operations (As Required)

(1) Engine

a Change Air Cleaner Cartridge

Replace the air filter when the "Air Filter Clogged" warning is displayed. These filters should not be washed because washing breaks down the material inside the filters.

- b Check and tighten, as required, all coolant hose clamps, air intake hose clamps and exhaust clamps. Check all coolant hoses, air intake hoses and exhaust pipes for leaks.
- (2) Electrical System (24 VDC) Check Battery Terminals

Periodically, open the battery compartment panel in the right cable tray and visually check the battery cable connectors and battery posts. If corrosion is observed, disconnect the cables and clean battery posts and connectors with a wire brush or special battery post-cleaning tool. Coat the posts and connectors with a light film of petroleum lubricant before reconnecting the cables.

(3) Electrical (400 Hz System) -- Check Output Voltage

Check the output voltage and be sure it is set for 115 VAC \pm 1 V. Adjustment can be made using the Setup menu. (See Chapter 1-3, paragraph 4.1.)

c) "BR" Checks and Operations (Break-In Period, Once After 50-150 hrs.)

The following procedures are precautionary measures taken on most new engines. If a problem occurs with any of the following issues, be sure to recheck it after the next 50-150 hours.

(1) Engine

- a Check for leaks and correct. This involves an overall inspection of the engine and may require some maintenance if leaks are found. Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations manual for assistance.
- b Change all fuel filter elements. Shavings from the new fuel tank can clog the filter.
- c Change crankcase oil. New engines often release metal shavings more frequently. Therefore, the crankcase oil must be changed as a precautionary measure.
- d Change oil filter element. The oil filter should be changed with the oil.
- e Check engine and generator mounts to ensure they are properly installed and they have not worked loose. (Torque is set at 100 N-m, 73.7 ft-lb.).



- f Check coolant additive concentration. Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations manual for assistance.
- g Steam clean the engine to free it of oil and dirt to prevent uneven engine cooling "hot spots". The oil and dirt can also fall into the engine and fuel system when covers are removed during repair work.
- h Inspect the water pump weep hole for indication of a steady leak. If a steady flow of coolant or oil is observed, replace the water pump with a new or rebuilt unit. Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations manual for assistance.

d) "A" Checks and Operations (10 Hours or Daily).

- (1) Engine.
 - a. Check DEF tank level

Check the DEF tank level gauge and add enough DEF to bring the tank back to full.

b. Check Crankcase Oil Level.

CAUTION

DO NOT overfill. **DO NOT** operate the engine with oil level below the lower bar or above the upper bar on the dipstick.

- (i) Check oil level daily with oil gauge dipstick.
- (ii) Oil level should not be checked until 15 minutes after engine shutdown. Keep oil level as near the upper bar as possible.
- c. Check Crankcase Breather Tube

Inspect the breather tube for sludge, debris or ice in the tube. If any of these are found, clean the tube with detergent and warm water or a solvent. Dry tube with compressed air.

d. Drain Fuel Lubricity Filter/Pre-Filter Element

The life of the fuel pump and injectors can be extended if the operator drains about a cup of fuel from the fuel pre-filter element to remove water and sediment before starting the engine each day.

CAUTION

BE SURE to prime and bleed the fuel system after draining the filters, replacing filter element, or if the fuel tank has run empty. Failure to do so can cause engine-starting problems.

- (i) Provide a container for catching drained fuel.
- (ii) Open the drain valve on the fuel/water filter by turning it counterclockwise.
- (iii) Drain the filter until clear fuel is visible.



- (iv) Tighten the drain valve.
- (v) Safely dispose of drained fuel.
- (vi) Purge air from fuel system if necessary.

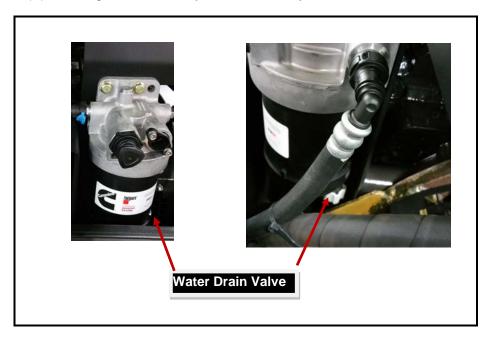


Figure 2-1-2 Fuel Lubricity Drain

e. Check Coolant Level

Check coolant level daily or at each fuel fill interval. Investigate for cause of any coolant loss.

WARNING

Cooling system is pressurized. To avoid personal injury, DO NOT remove radiator cap when engine is hot.

f. Check for Leaks and Correct

At each daily start-up, check for coolant, fuel, and oil leaks. Coolant leaks may be more noticeable when components are cold. Observe pumps, hoses, fittings, gasket connections, etc., for signs of leakage. Correct as required.

g. Check Fault Code Screen for Air Filter Clogged warning.

At each daily start-up, observe the fault screen on the display of the control panel. If the display shows "AIR FILTER CLOGGED", change the air filter. See Chapter 2-4 for other fault codes.

h. Check Air Intake Piping

Visually inspect the intake piping daily for wear points and damage to piping, loose clamps, or punctures that can damage the engine.



i. Check Exhaust System.

Visually inspect muffler and exhaust pipes for rust and signs of approaching failure. Listen for any gasket or joint leaks.

WARNING

A leaking and defective exhaust system could be a fire hazard.

j. Check Dust Ejection Valve

The dust ejection valve is a thin, flexible rubber boot located at the bottom of the pre-cleaner on the air cleaner assembly. See the Cummins manual for details (Page 3-8)

k. Check Cooling Fan

A visual inspection of the cooling fan is required daily. Check for cracks, loose rivets, and bent or loose blades. Check the fan hub to make sure it is securely fastened. Tighten the cap-screws if necessary.

(2) Electrical System (24 VDC)

a. Check All Lights.

Check all indicating lights to be sure they operate when they should. If any light fails to operate, check the indicator and insure proper power is being given. If power is present and the light does not activate, replace the light fixture.

b. Check Engine Battery Voltage.

Observe the engine volts each time the engine is started to be sure the alternator is functioning correctly and charging the batteries. If the batteries need to be replaced, be sure the replacements meet the specifications for Cold Cranking Amps (CCA) and Reserve Capacity.

c. Check the operation of all the engine screens when the engine is running to verify proper performance.

(3) Electrical (400 Hz System).

a. Check Output Cables and Connector.

Check the output cable and plug connection for damaged insulation and contacts each time the connector is detached from the aircraft.

b. Monitor screens.

Verify that the voltage, amps and frequency readings are displaying correctly (use up and down arrows) each time the unit is started.



e) "B" Check and Operations (250 Hours or 3 Months).

(1) Engine.

a Prevent Diesel Engines Wet Stacking.

All diesel engines operated for extended periods under light load may develop a condition commonly referred to as wet-stacking. This condition results from the accumulation of unburned fuel in the exhaust system. It is recognizable by fuel oil wetness around the exhaust manifold, pipes, and muffler along with an excessive amount of soot.

Wet-stacking is common, and can be expected in diesel engines operated under light loads. Light loads do not allow the engine to reach the most efficient operating temperature for complete combustion of fuel and will also increase the fuel consumption rate. The unburned fuel collects in the exhaust system to create the wet condition known as wet-stacking.

To alleviate wet-stacking in lightly loaded engines, it is recommended that the machine be connected to a load bank after each 250 hours of use and operated under full rated load for one hour. This will burn away and evaporate the accumulation of fuel and soot in the exhaust system. This clean-out procedure should be considered as a regular maintenance operation for machines operated under light loads.

Check Air Intake Piping

Visually inspect the intake piping daily for wear points and damage to piping, loose clamps, or punctures that can damage the engine.

Charge-Air-Cooler and Piping.

Inspect the charge-air-cooler for dirt and debris blocking the fins. Check for cracks, holes, or other damage.

Inspect the pipes and hoses for leaks, holes, cracks, or loose connections. Tighten the hose clamps if necessary.

d Check and record oil pressure.

After each oil change, check and record oil pressure at operating speed after oil has warmed to approximately 140° F. Record oil pressure under identical conditions at each oil change interval. A comparison of pressure at idle speed with previous readings will give an indication of progressive wear of oil pump, bearings, shafts, etc. Investigate any abnormal change in pressure readings.

Check Radiator Core and Hoses.

Inspect the radiator core for dirt and debris blocking the fins. Clean as necessary. Check for cracks, holes, or other damage.

(2) Electrical (24 VDC system).

NOTE: The battery furnished with this generator set is MAINTENANCE FREE.

Check battery terminals and clean if necessary.



- (3) Electrical (400 Hz System).
 - a Check the operation of the E-F bypass system.
- f) "C" Checks and Operations (500 Hours or 6 Months)
 - (1) Engine.
 - a Check Engine and Generator Mounts

CAUTION

An unstable or loosely mounted engine can create hazardous environment and may damage equipment.

- (i) Engine mount bolts must be torqued to 100 N-m (73.7 ft-lb.).
- (ii) Generator mount bolts must be torqued to 100 N-m (73.7 ft-lb.).
- b Change oil and oil filters.
- c Change all fuel filters.
- d Check radiator pressure cap.
- e Check Coolant Additive Concentration.

The cooling system protective liquid (nitrite-, amine- and phosphate free) provides effective protection against corrosion, cavitation, and freezing. See engine manufacturer's operation manual for ordering and mixture details.

- (2) Electrical (24 VDC system).
 - a Wiring.

Inspect all cables and leads for worn or damaged insulation.

b Connections.

Inspect connectors for damaged or corroded condition.

- (3) Electrical (400 Hz System).
 - a Protective Monitoring Circuits.

Check operation of all protective monitoring circuits to make certain they will function if a fault should occurs in the output circuit. Procedures for testing these circuits are contained in the Adjustment/Test section of this manual.

b Inspect Wiring and Connections.

Check all cables, leads, and wiring for broken, worn and damaged insulation. Check all connections for tightness.



c Clean and inspect generally.

g) "D" Checks and Operations (1000 Hours or 1 Year)

- (1) Engine.
 - a Check Fan Hub and Drive Pulley.

Inspect for loose bolts or worn features. Tighten bolts and replace parts if necessary. Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations and maintenance manual for assistance and the most update to date information.

b Check Hose Clamps on Air Intake Side.

Be sure that all clamps are properly secured to prevent leaks and all hose are in good condition.

c Check Belt Condition and Tensioner.

Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations and maintenance manual for assistance and the most update to date information.

d Check and/or Adjust Valve Clearance.

Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations and maintenance manual for assistance and the most update to date information.

e Check Air Compressor Discharge Line

All air compressors have a small amount of lubricating oil carryover that lubricates the piston rings and moving parts. When this lubricating oil is exposed to normal air compressor operating temperatures over time, the lubricating oil will form a varnish or carbon deposits. Follow the maintenance procedure outlined on page 6-11 in the Cummins manual.

f Check Water Pump.

Inspect the water pump weep hole for indication of a steady leak. If a steady flow of coolant or oil is observed, replace the water pump with a new or rebuilt unit. Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations manual for assistance.



h) "E" Checks and Operations (2000 Hours or 2 Years)

- (1) Engine.
 - a Steam Clean Engine.

There are several reasons why the engine exterior should be kept clean. Dirt on the outside will enter fuel and oil filter cases and rocker housings when covers are removed, unless dirt is removed first. A clean engine will run cooler and develop fewer hot-spots. Steam cleaning is one of the most satisfactory methods of cleaning and engine; however, there are some **CAUTIONS** to be observed.

WARNING

Exercise care to avoid injury and damage to eyes and skin.

CAUTION

- 1. If a cleaning compound is used, select one that is free from acid and will not remove paint.
- 2. Protect (or remove) all electrical accessories, such as voltage regulator, alternator, and electrical wiring.
- 3. Seal all openings. DO NOT use a flammable solvent.
- 4. **DO NOT** use mineral spirits or solvents on a hot engine.
- 5. Remove or protect bottom panel of unit (belly pan) to protect insulation.
- b Check the Crankcase Breather (External).

See engine manufacturer's operation manual for instructions (Pages 7-1 to 7-5).

c Flush and Change the Coolant.

See engine manufacturer's operation manual for instructions (Pages 7-6 to 7-7).

d Check Vibration Damper.

Check the three vibration dampers for looseness, wobble, chunking and streaking. Also verify the hub bolts are tightened to the engine manufacturer's specifications. (70 Ft-lb)

Refer to the engine manufacturer's operations and maintenance manual for assistance and the most update to date information.

e Check Crankcase Ventilation Filter.

See engine manufacturer's operation manual for instructions (Pages 8-1 to 8-3).



i) Seasonal Maintenance Checks Spring/Fall (Engine).

- (1) Check Fan Mounting.
 - a Check fan to be sure it is securely mounted.
 - b Check for fan wobble and/or broken/cracked blades.
 - c Check fan hub and crankshaft pulley for secure mounting.
- (2) Check cooling system each spring and fall. Clean if necessary.
- (3) Check All Hoses.

In addition to daily checks of hoses for leaks, inspect hoses thoroughly each time the cooling system is cleaned and serviced.

Inspect for signs of deterioration and collapse. Inspect for cracks and cuts. Inspect for cutting and deformation caused by hose clamps. Replace hoses as required.

- (4) Ensure all electrical connections are clean and corrosion free. Use an infrared thermometer to make sure all power connections are tight.
- (5) Check thermostat and seals each fall when cooling system is serviced.

j) F Checks and Operations (4500 Hours or 3 Years).

(1) Engine After treatment

Change the DEF Dosing Unit filter using Cummins procedure 102-002.

k) G Checks and Operations (5000 Hours or 4 Years).

(1) Overhead Set

Complete the Overhead Set procedure on pages 10-1 to 10-3 of the Cummins engine manual.

I) Lamps and Fuses:

- (1) Check all lamps daily.
- (2) Check fuses as required.



Section 2 Maintenance Procedures

1) General

A suggested maintenance schedule is provided in Section 1 of this Servicing Chapter. Each step of the schedule is also covered in general in Section 1. This Section covers maintenance in more detail, where necessary.

Item	Maintenance Required	
Engine Oil	Check oil level daily or after every 10 hours of use. Change oil and the oil filter after the first 50 to 150 hours of use, then at 500 hour or 6 month intervals thereafter. Engine oil capacity is approximately 11.6 quarts (11 liters).	
Fuel/water Pre Filter	Drain filters daily. Change the filter elements every 500 hours or after 6 months of use, whichever comes first.	
Coolant	Check coolant level daily. Service and maintain coolant system according to Section 2-2, paragraph 6. Engine coolant capacity is approximately 20 quarts (18.9 liters)	
Coolant hoses and connections	Check coolant hoses and connections daily for leaks.	
Air Cleaner	Change air cleaner filter as required when the fault code display on engine control panel shows the "Air" code.	
Fan Belt	Check fan belt condition and tension every 1000 hours or 1 year of use.	
Alternator	Alternator bearings are sealed and require no periodic lubrication.	
Starter	Starter motor bearings are sealed and require no periodic lubrication.	
Water Pump	The water pump is packed at assembly and requires no periodic lubrication.	
Fan Hub	The fan hub is lubricated at assembly and requires no periodic lubrication.	
AC Generator	Periodic cleaning – no lubrication or adjustment required	
Generator Controls	No periodic maintenance is required.	
Trailer	The wheel bearings should be checked annually and the 5 th Wheel every 3 years.	

Figure 2-2-1: Lubrication and Maintenance Chart

WARNING

STOP all operations at once if a serious or dangerous fault is discovered.



2) Engine Lubrication

a) General

Proper lubrication is one of the most important steps in good maintenance procedure. Proper lubrication means the use of correct lubricants and adherence to a proper time schedule. Lubrication points, frequency of lubrication, recommended lubricants and filters are indicated in Figures 2-2-1 and 2-2-2.

This section incorporates the engine maker's, engine lubrication recommendations from their Operation and Maintenance Manual.

Lubrication schedule

Time schedules indicated on the Maintenance Schedule, Figure 2-2-1, are approximate and based on average operating conditions. It may be necessary to lubricate more frequently under severe operating conditions such as: low engine temperatures, high oil temperatures, or intermittent operation. However, time intervals should not exceed those indicated in the chart without careful evaluation.

b) Oil specification

The engine lubricating oil that is recommended by the engine manufacturer is identified by an API (American Petroleum Institute) classification designation. The manufacturer does not recommend any specific brand of lubricating oil.

The use of quality lubricating oil, combined with appropriate lubricating oil drain and filter change intervals, are important factors in extending engine life.

Oil Type	Use oil specification API CF-4, HT/HS Viscosity 3.7cP minimum. Oil recommended for the diesel engines in this application is API Class CCMC. Refer to the manufacturer's operation manual.		
Capacity	Approximately 11.6 quart	s (11 liters)	
Oil Filter Replacement Part Number	ITW GSE: EC11504 Cummins: LF9135		
	VISCOSITY	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CONDITIONS	
Lube Oil Viscosity Required as per Ambient Temperatures	SAE 15W40 (Preferred) SAE 10W30 SAE 5W30 SAE 0W30	0°F (-18°C) and above for most climates -10°F to +50°F (-23°C to +10°C) Winter conditions -20°F to +50°F (-29°C to +10°C) Arctic Conditions -20°F and below to +50°F (-29°C and Below to +10°C)	
Synthetic Oils	See the engine manufacturer's operations manual for usable synthetic oils and instructions.		

Figure 2-2-2: Lubrication Specifications



c) Changing engine oil

Change the oil once after the first 50 - 150 hours of use and then every 500 hours of engine operation thereafter. The generator set is equipped with an hour meter to record actual engine operating time.

The ideal time to change engine oil is soon after a power delivery run (but only after the muffler assembly in front of the drain spigot is cool enough not to cause burns to bare flesh.), when the engine is at operating temperature. If lubricating oil is drained immediately after the unit has been run for some time, most of the sediment will be in suspension and will drain readily.

Change the oil filter element each time the oil is changed.

CAUTION

- High ash oils may produce harmful deposits on valves that can cause valve burning.
- Do not use solvents as flushing oils in running engines.
- Always use clean containers, funnels, etc.

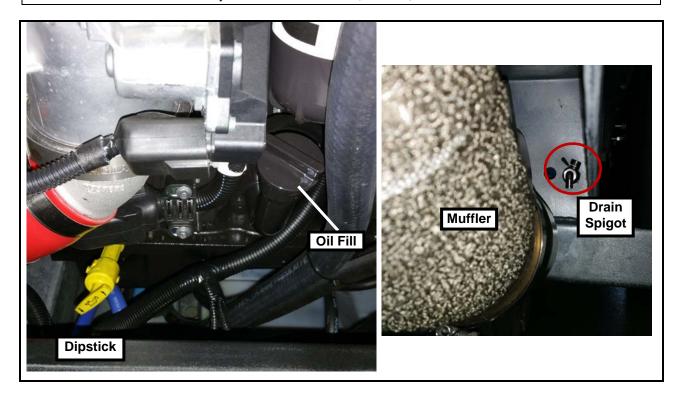


Figure 2-2-2: Oil Fill and Check Locations



Change oil as follows:

- (1) Provide an open container for catching the old oil below the oil drain plug. Container capacity must be greater than 30 quarts (28.4 liters).
- (2) The oil drain spigot can be found by the muffler at the front of the unit.

WARNING

The muffler assembly is extremely hot at operating temperatures. Allow sufficient time for it to cool down before draining the oil.

- (3) Rotate the spigot handle to start draining the oil.
- (4) While oil is draining, change the oil filter element. See instructions below.
- (5) Provide a container for catching spilled oil from the filter.
- (6) Remove the oil filter by turning it counter-clockwise and inspect it.
- (7) NOTE: The gasket can stick to the filter head. Make sure it is removed before installing a new filter.
- (8) Fill the new filter with clean lubricating oil before installation.
- (9) Apply a light coating of lubricating oil to the gasket-sealing surface and install the filter. DO NOT over tighten the filter.
- (10) Close the spigot when engine oil has completely drained.
- (11) Refill the engine with new, clean oil that meets engine manufacturer's recommendations. Use the oil fill tube by the filter or the oil fill opening at the top of the engine.

CAUTION

Remember to close the drain spigot valve and install the new oil before starting the engine.

- (12) Start engine and check oil pressure at once. Allow engine to run for 5 minutes, check for leaks, then stop the engine.
- (13)After the engine has been stopped for about 5 minutes, recheck the oil level. Add oil, if required, to bring the level up to the high bar on the oil dipstick.

CAUTION

If metal particles are found on the filter element or in the shell, the source should be determined before running the engine.

WARNING

STOP operations at once, if a serious or possibly dangerous fault is discovered.



Acceptable Lubricants

d) Engine Accessories Lubrication

(1) Alternator

Most alternators contain sealed bearings and require no periodic lubrication, however, check to make certain there are no lubrication points on your particular alternator.

(2) Starter

Most starting motors are lubricated at assembly and should be re-lubricated only when the starter is removed and disassembled, however, inspect the starter to make certain it has no lubrication points.

(3) Water Pump

The water pump is packed at assembly and requires no periodic lubrication. Replace pump if signs of lubricant leakage are found.

(4) Fan Pulley

The fan hub is also lubricated at assembly and requires no periodic lubrication. Replace hub if lubricant is leaking.

e) Trailer Lubrication

(1) Wheel bearings

Inspect each wheel bearing annually to ensure that there is sufficient grease in the assembly.

(2) Fifth Wheel Hub Bearings

Inspect the Fifth Wheel Hub bearing every three years to ensure that there is sufficient grease in the assembly.

Paragraph	Name	Specification	Notes
d) 1	Grease, General Purpose	MIL-G-3545	Excludes those of sodium or soda soap thickness.
e) 2	Grease, Wheel Bearing	ASTM D-4950	NLGI #2 Grade Lithium Complex EP Grease



Servicing the Air Cleaner

A definite time schedule for cleaning or changing the air cleaner cannot be determined because of varying operating conditions. Pull the yellow tab out (about 1 inch) then rotate the hub counter-clockwise about one inch and pull it off of the housing to access the air cleaner filter. It may be inspected either at prescribed service intervals or at any time deemed necessary.

Replacement air filter element ITW GSE part numbers:

Primary – AF55021 Secondary – AF55320

Inspect regularly.

Replace when the "Air Filter Clogged" warning appears on the display

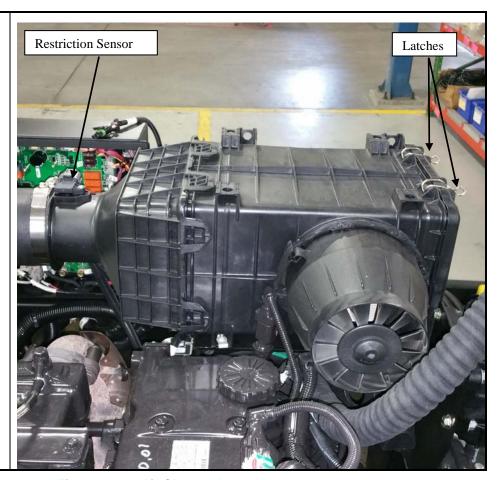


Figure 2-2-3: Air Cleaner Assembly

a) Inspecting the Air Cleaner

- (1) Make periodic checks of air cleaner inlet screen for obstructions. If any obstructions are present, remove them.
- (2) Check outlet connection for proper seal.

b) Changing the Air Filter

- (1) Pull out the latch and rotate the back cover to the unlocked position (counterclockwise as viewed from the rear). The cover has padlock symbols to show the locked and unlocked positions.
- (2) Remove the end cover of housing.



- (3) Pull out air filter elements and replace.
- (4) Replace end cover on housing, making certain that the filter is centered in the housing.
- (5) Replace the end cover and rotate it to the locking position.
- (6) Push the yellow latch back in to lock the cover.

c) Disposal

Normal trash pick-up should be acceptable. **NEVER** burn the air filter for disposal.

4) Engine Fuel

a) How to select Fuel—Quality

The quality of fuel oil used in the diesel engine is a major factor in engine performance and life. Fuel oil must be clean, completely distilled, stable and non-corrosive.

CAUTION

Due to the precise tolerances of diesel injection systems, it is extremely important that the fuel be kept clean and free of dirt or water. Dirt or water in the system can cause severe damage to both the injection pump and the injection nozzles.

CAUTION

The use of low lubricity fuels can shorten life and/or damage the engine's fuel pump. The engine manufacturer recommends only diesel fuel.

Ultra-Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) with a maximum content of 15 ppm or less must be used for Tier 4 Final engines. This is a regulatory requirement; failure to do so will result in damage to the engine and aftertreatment system within a short period of time.

For more information regarding the selection of fuel to use, refer to publication "Engine Requirements—Lubricating Oil, Fuel, and Filters" available from authorized engine maker's service outlets.

b) Cold Weather Operation

In cold weather, diesel fuel will form wax crystals, which can restrict flow and clog filters. Fuel oil suppliers approach this problem several ways. Some provide a specially refined product, while others may use flow-improving additives or winter blends. Winter blended fuel will likely contain kerosene or 1-D fuel, which provide good cloud point temperatures, but result in a lighter fuel with a lower heat content. These fuels may be used, but they may result in reduced engine power and/or fuel consumption.

In most cases, adequate resistance to cold can be obtained by adding an additive. For further assistance contact the nearest engine manufacturer's service representative.



5) Engine Fuel System

The fuel system consists of five primary components: fuel tank, lubricity filter, primary fuel filter, fuel lift pump, and the fuel return line. The following are maintenance procedures for each of these items.

a) Fuel Tank

Be sure that no foreign objects are permitted in the fuel tank. The fuel tank must be removed and flushed out if objects are found in the Fuel Water Separator or Lubricity Additive Filter.

b) Fuel Water Separator or Lubricity Additive Filter

A lubricity fuel filter, which is also a fuel/water separator, is mounted in the generator compartment above the fuel tank outlet. The filter's function is to add a lubricant to the fuel to help prolong the engine seals and fuel pump life when fuels other than diesel are used (i.e., jet fuel). The filter also removes foreign material and removes both free and emulsified water from the fuel before it enters the fuel lift pump. Daily draining of the filter is required.



Figure 2-2-4: Lubricity Filter

To drain the water:

- (1) Open drain valve (Turning the cap about 3-½ turns counterclockwise until it drops 25.4 mm (1") and draining occurs.
- (2) Drain accumulated water and contaminants until fuel becomes visible.
- (3) Close drain valve by lifting the cap and turning it clockwise until it is hand-tight.

The lubricity filter must be changed after every 500 hours of operation in order for the fuel filter to continue adding the proper amounts of the lubricity additive into the fuel system.



To change the lubricity filter:

CAUTION

When installing new element, do not over tighten it; mechanical tools may distort or crack filter head.

- (1) Place a pan underneath the fuel filter to catch spilled fuel.
- (2) Shut off fuel valve.
- (3) Drain off some fuel by opening the drain valve.
- (4) Undo fuel filter with commercial tool and spin off.
- (5) Clean any dirt from the filter carrier rim
- (6) Apply a light film of oil or diesel on the rubber seal on the new filter.
- (7) Fill new filter with diesel fuel.
- (8) Screw in the new fuel filter "snug".
- (9) Check that the cartridge is seated correctly against the gasket and tighten with a final half turn.
- (10)Make sure that all rags, or absorbent sheets, are clear of moving engine parts and cannot be drawn in to the radiator fan.
- (11)Open fuel valve.
- (12) Start the engine and check for leaks. Correct as necessary with the engine off.

c) Primary Fuel Filter

A primary fuel filter is mounted above the engine starter in the engine compartment. The filter's function is to remove foreign material from the fuel before it enters the fuel lift pump.

Replacement fuel filter part number:

Fleetguard: FF63009

Change the fuel filter after every 500 hours of operation.



Figure 2-2-5: Primary Fuel Filter



To change the fuel filter:

- (1) Shut off fuel valve.
- (2) Place a pan underneath the fuel filter to catch spilled fuel.
- (3) Undo fuel filter with commercial tool and spin off.
- (4) Catch any fuel.
- (5) Clean any dirt from the filter carrier rim
- (6) Apply a light film of oil or diesel on the rubber seal on the new filter.

CAUTION

When installing new element, do not over tighten it; mechanical tools may distort or crack filter head.

CAUTION

Make sure that all rags, or absorbent sheets, are clear of moving engine parts and cannot be drawn in to the radiator fan.

- (7) Fill new filter with diesel fuel. Screw in the new fuel filter "snug". Check that the cartridge is seated correctly against the gasket and tighten with a final half turn.
- (8) Open fuel valve.

d) Fuel Pump

The fuel pump supplies high pressure to the fuel system so the diesel fuel can circulate freely. This engine is equipped with a common rail fuel system that is under very high pressure. DO NOT attempt to crack fuel lines.

WARNING

DO NOT attempt to crack fuel lines. This engine is equipped with a common rail fuel system that is under very high pressure. Failure to follow this guideline could result in injury or death.

e) Fuel Return

The fuel return is a fuel line (tube) that takes unused fuel from the engine, and delivers it to the fuel tank. No maintenance is required.

f) Fuel Level Indicators

There are two fuel level indicators in the unit; a mechanical dial indicator on the back of the unit that is only accurate above 50% and is for the use of the refueler, and an electronic sensor in the fuel tank that is used to display the actual fuel level on the operators screen.



6) Engine Cooling System

a) General

Cooling system service requires more than maintaining the proper coolant level in the radiator and protecting the system against freezing. Water should be clean and free of any corrosive chemicals such as chloride, sulfate, and acids. It should be kept slightly alkaline with a pH value in the range of 8.0 to 9.5. Any water, which is suitable for drinking, can be used in the engine when properly treated as described in engine maker's operation manual. The engine maker's representative should be consulted regarding the selection of satisfactory brand, permanent-type antifreeze for use in the cooling system.

b) Radiator Cap

(1) General

A pressure relief valve is built into the radiator cap. It is designed to open at a pressure of approximately 15 psi (103.4 Kpa).

WARNING

When removing cap from a very hot radiator, do not turn cap past safety stop until the pressure or steam has escaped.

(2) Removal

To remove, turn the cap to the left (counterclockwise) to the safety stop. When all pressure is released, press down on the cap and continue to turn until the cap is free to be removed.

CAUTION

Allow engine to cool before adding coolant.

CAUTION

Do not attempt to repair the valve in a radiator cap in case of failure. Replace with a new cap.

(3) Installation

When installing the cap, be sure it is turned clockwise as far as it will go so that the pressure retaining valve will be functional.

c) Coolant

The preparation and maintenance of the coolant solution is important to engine life and is completely covered in the engine manufacturer's operation manual. For information regarding coolant specifications, testing equipment, antifreeze, etc., refer to engine maker's operation manual that accompanies the equipment's manual or consult the local engine maker's representative.



CAUTION

Never use soluble oil in the cooling system.

(1) General.

Permanent type antifreeze is recommended for use in the cooling system.

CAUTION

- 1. **DO NOT** use methanol or alcohol as antifreeze.
- 2. **DO NOT** mix brands or type of antifreeze. A solution containing two or more types of antifreeze is impossible to test accurately.
- (2) Selecting antifreeze.
 - a Select a permanent type antifreeze known to be satisfactory for use with chromate corrosion resistor.
 - b When it is not known if the antifreeze is satisfactory for use with chromate resistor, check with local engine manufacturer's representative for a list of compatible antifreezes.
- (3) Checking antifreeze solution.

Check the solution with a reliable tester when in doubt about antifreeze protection.

d) Draining the Cooling System

To completely empty the cooling system requires draining the radiator assembly. Ensure that the engine is cold, then follow these steps to drain the cooling system:

- (1) Slide the canopy open.
- Remove radiator cap.
- (3) Place a drain pan with at least a 40 quarts (28.4 liters) capacity under radiator to catch coolant.
- (4) Uncoil the radiator drain hose that is located on the right side of the radiator between the fan housing and chassis (below the control panel) and position it above the drain pan.
- (5) Open the radiator drain valve on the hose.
- (6) Allow the system to drain completely.

NOTE: Be sure the drain valve doesn't clog during draining.

- (7) When the system is completely drained, close the drain valve and coil the hose back up.
- (8) Replace the canopy cover.

e) Flushing the Cooling System

Flushing the cooling system should be a yearly maintenance procedure. By flushing the system, clean water is forced through the engine block to remove expired coolant and other contaminants.





f) Cleaning the Radiator Core

Blow out accumulated dirt from the radiator core air passages, using water. Bent or clogged radiator fins often cause engine overheating. When straightening bent fins, be careful not to damage the tubes or to break the bond between fins and tubes.

NOTE: Direct the water in a reverse direction to normal air flow. Normal flow on this installation is from the engine compartment out ward.

g) Filling the Cooling System

The preparation and monitoring of coolant in liquid-cooled engines is especially important because corrosion, cavitation, and freezing can lead to engine damage. For coolant system protection details see the engine manufacturer's operations manual.

(1) Install coolant

- a Remove radiator cap. Be sure that both radiator drain valves are closed.
- b Pour coolant into radiator very slowly until it reaches the bottom of fill neck. Allow time for trapped air to escape from the system then continue filling until the coolant level remains at the bottom of the fill neck.
- c Start the engine and bring up to rated speed and allow the thermostat to open. Add coolant as trapped air escapes from the system and the coolant level falls.
- d Continue to check coolant level until all trapped air escapes. Add coolant if needed to fill to the bottom of fill neck. Install radiator cap.

(2) Inspection/Check

- a Check system for evidence of leaks.
- b Inspect all hoses. Install new hoses as necessary. Tighten hose clamps as required.
- c Check the condition of fan and water pump belts. Replace belts if necessary.

NOTE: It is good practice to attach a card, indicating the cooling system contents and date serviced, to the radiator filler neck.

h) Thermostat

The thermostat should be checked each fall, or as required. Refer to engine manufacturer's operations manual for recommended instructions.



7) Engine Drive Belt

a) General

The engine cooling fan, alternator, and water pumps are driven by one serpentine belt, which must be replaced if worn or damaged.

b) Preparation for Belt Check and Adjustment

All driven assemblies must be securely mounted in operating position before checking belt tension.

c) Checking Belt Tension

WARNING

DO NOT Check belt tension with engine running

Check belt tension every 1000 hours, or once year, whichever comes first. A belt that is too tight is destructive to bearings of the driven part. A loose belt will slip and cause inefficient operation of the part being driven as well as wear to the belt.

CAUTION

Inspect and replace the belt if it has unacceptable cracks, is frayed, or has pieces of material missing.

Belt tension may be checked by hand. To do so, manually depress the belt with an index finger to determine the amount of belt deflection obtained. When a force is applied at a point halfway between pulleys on the longest span of a belt, there should be no more than 1/2 inch of deflection attained.

Refer to the engine manufacturer's operation manual for checking belt tension and changing worn belts.

8) Generator Maintenance

The 400 Hz generator requires no maintenance or service other than periodic cleaning. The unit is brushless and has bearings that are permanently lubricated and sealed.

a) Cleaning

The generator may be cleaned by careful use of compressed air and/or a good, SAFE commercial cleaner. Steam cleaning of the generator is not recommended because the use of steam and harsh chemical compounds may result in damage to insulation and other generator components.

WARNING

Never use solvents as this is a fire hazard

b) Adjustment

The generator itself requires no adjustment. Adjustment procedures for generator controls are covered in Section 2-3.

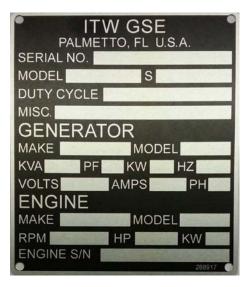


9. Preventive Maintenance

Here are the replacement filters for ACE4400 ground power unit (GPU). This list is provided as a quick reference chart for the maintenance technician or diesel mechanic in charge of routine preventative maintenance to the ground power unit.

Generator Set Model Number

Make sure your generator set is the model listed above. Identify the model number by looking on the data plate, which is located on the frame at the front right corner of the unit.



Filter Part Numbers

The table below lists the filter part numbers for your generator set.

Filter	ITW GSE Part Number
Oil Filter Element	LF3970
Engine Primary Fuel Filter Element	FF63009
Lubricity/Fuel Water Separator Element	FS1098
Air Filter Replacement Primary Element	AF55021
Air Filter Replacement Secondary Element	AF55320

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For more information about maintenance procedures, refer to Chapter 2 of the manual.

Filter Pictures



Air Cleaner



Fuel Filter



Oil Filter



Lubricity Fuel/Water Separator



Section 3 Troubleshooting Procedures

1) General

The Troubleshooting Chart located in this section covers the common faults and malfunctions that you may find during operation or maintenance of this equipment. The chart may not list all faults and malfunctions that may occur. If a fault or malfunction is not listed in the chart, start looking for the cause at the source of power in the affected circuit. Refer to the schematic and connection diagram in Chapter 5. Test the circuit systematically until the source of the malfunction is isolated.

The Troubleshooting Chart is arranged by Error code, Error text, Description and then four columns of possible corrective actions. Always try the 1st corrective action before proceeding to the next corrective action.

WARNING	Exercise extreme care to avoid contact with high voltage leads and components. High voltage can kill!
CAUTION	Maintenance personnel must be very careful when performing terminal-to-terminal checks to be certain the proper terminals are being used, especially when using jumper leads. Damage to electrical components may result from the application of improper voltage and current.

2) Equipment for Troubleshooting

A good quality multimeter is the only instrument required for troubleshooting. At least two jumper leads with alligator, or similar clips, will be required. The engine electrical system may be used as a 24 VDC power source.

3) Parts Replacement

To lessen end item down time and to get a faulty machine back on line as quickly as possible, the black box concept of parts replacement is reflected in the Troubleshooting Chart. For example, if a component on a control box board is defective, the quickest way to remedy the situation is to replace the complete board and send the old to stock.

4) Normal Operational Parameters

The system specifications, which are listed in Chapter 1-1, provide useful information when troubleshooting abnormal operation. In particular, the Protective System Specifications and the Normal Operating Characteristics provide information about how the generator set should be operating.

5) Check Connections and Leads

ALWAYS make a check of connections and leads to a component suspected of being faulty. With the exception of a few instances, it is assumed that connections and wiring have always been checked first and that power has not been lost as a result of defective wiring or connections.



6) Engine Troubleshooting

When troubleshooting the engine, remember that the ability of the engine to start and run properly depends upon the following:

- An adequate supply of 24 VDC power reaching a good starter and control board.
- An adequate supply of air, compressed to a sufficiently high pressure
- The injection of the correct amount of clean fuel at the proper time

7) GPU Control Monitoring

The GPU control system performs complete diagnostic testing and continuous monitoring of all critical circuits and operating electrical values. If the control system senses a problem with one of the circuits or if any of the electrical values exceeds its safe operating limit, the control system will shut the GPU down, or may allow the GPU to continue operation depending on the severity of the condition.

a) Operating Modes

(1) Self-Test Mode

When power is first applied to the control circuit, the GPU performs complete self-diagnostics of the internal circuitry. If a fault is detected during the self-test, the Alert/Failure LED will be lit and the first (if there are more than one) failure will be displayed on the LED display.

(2) Engine Run Mode

When the **ENGINE** pushbutton is pushed, the blue power indicator LED and the Operating Beacon will start flashing, a few seconds later the engine's starter and the engine's ECM will be energized. After the engine reaches its rated speed (2000 rpm) the GPU is ready to supply power to the aircraft. (Note that the engine will make three 15 second attempts to start the engine. If the engine doesn't successfully start after the third attempt, the fault LED will be lit and an Engine Start Failure message will be displayed.)

(3) Engine Shutdown Mode

When shutting the GPU down, pressing the **ENGINE** pushbutton starts the 30 second delayed shutdown period. If any output contactors are closed, they will be opened and the display will start counting down from 30 seconds. The shutdown period is required to cool the engine's turbocharger.

(4) Automatic Engine Shutdown

Automatic Shutdown mode will turn off the engine after 10 minutes when all contactors are open or if they are closed and the total generator current is less than 5 amps. (This timer is internal and not visible.) After 10 minutes, it puts the engine in shutdown mode. (All contactors are opened and the generator is no longer regulating voltage.) A visible 30 second timer is displayed and the engine will turn off when the timer expires. The Automatic Engine Shutdown mode is changed in the Setup menu and the choices are enabled or disabled.



(5) Engine Stop Mode

After the 30 second delayed shutdown period, the engine stops running.

(6) System Off Mode

The power is removed from the GPU's entire control system when the battery disconnect is opened.

b) Faults

Faults result when any of the fault limits are exceeded, when an internal problem occurs, or under certain conditions that would cause injury to personnel or damage to an aircraft or the GPU. Faults are also stored in the Black Box memory as event records. (See Chapter 1-3 Paragraph 4.0.3) The fault limits and conditions are preset at the factory.

(1) Warning

Warning faults have no effect on the operation of the GPU. An example is an intake air restriction fault due to a dirty filter. Although the GPU continues to operate, the fault LED is lit and the fault text appears on the display. Pressing the **Engine** pushbutton or shutting down the GPU resets the fault.

(2) Run Mode

Run mode faults remove power form the aircraft but do not change the operating speed of the engine. An example is an over voltage fault. Although the contactors open and remove power from the aircraft, the engine remains at rated speed, the fault LED is lit and the fault text appears on the display. Pressing the **Engine** pushbutton or shutting down the GPU resets the fault.

(3) Stop Mode

Stop mode faults remove power form the aircraft and shut the engine down. An example is a low oil pressure fault. The contactors open and remove power from the aircraft, the engine shuts down, the Alert/Failure LED is lit and the fault text appears display. Pressing the **Engine** pushbutton or shutting down the GPU resets the fault.

8) Cummins Engine Fault Codes & Trouble Shooting

The best source of information to aid in trouble shooting Cummins engine issues is at the quickserve.cummins.com website. Go to this website and register up to five engine serial numbers for free. (It is recommended that if you have more than one engine type/size, that you register one serial number per type/size.) Once you are registered, this website gives you access to engine information, troubleshooting assistance by fault code, parts information and service bulletin information for each serial number/engine type that you have registered with the site.

9) Fuses

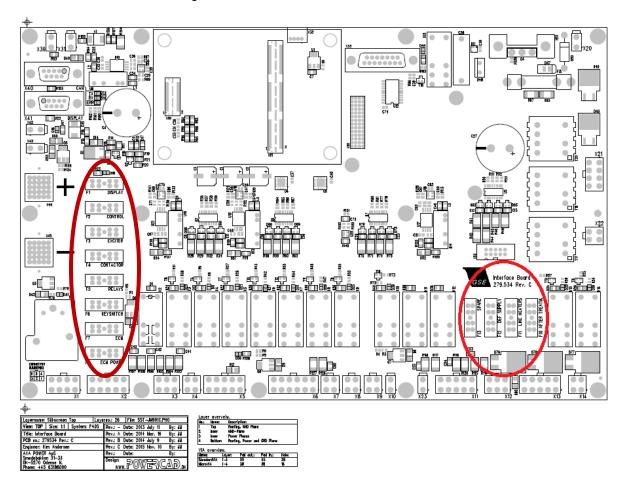
The following is a list of all of the fuses in the 4400 unit.

F1 to F14 are located on the interface board PC1.



Fuse #	Protects	rating	type	PN
F1	Display	2 amp	ATO	AP-SI2076
F2	Control Board	5 amp	ATO	AP-SI2075
F3	Exciter 24V	5 amp	ATO	AP-SI2075
F4	Contactor	5 amp	ATO	AP-SI2075
F5	Relays	15 amp	ATO	AP-SI2076
F6	Key switch (Ignition)	5 amp	ATO	AP-SI2075
F7	ECM (Dongle)	5 amp	ATO	AP-SI2075
F8	Exciter 180V (Out)	6.3 amp	600V Cylindrical fuse	AP-SI2082
F9	ECM Power	20 amp	ATO	AP-SI2083
F10	J1939 Power	<mark>5 amp</mark>	ATO	AP-SI2075
F11	After Treatment	10 amp	ATO	
F12	Line Heaters	7.5 amp	ATO	
F13	DEF Supply	7.5 amp	ATO	
F14	Spare		ATO	
F15	Intake Air Heater Fuse	150 amp	ANL-150	FU11370

Fuse F15 is located on the Engine Air Cleaner Bracket





Troubleshooting Chart

Irot	Troubleshooting Chart					
Error Code	Error Text in display	Description	1st Corrective Action			
For faul	For faults in this section: Disconnect from Aircraft (if connected). Do not stop engine (if running). Do not let engine start (if not running).					
100	LOGGING UNSUCCESSFUL	Communication Failure	Press Engine button to Reset			
201	CONTROL BOARD FAILURE	ID chip is missing or unreadable	Inspect ID chip connection for damage.			
202	WRONG SOFTWARE VERSION	The wrong software version is installed	Install correct software version			
250	FAILED SOFTWARE UPDATE	The attempt to load new software failed	Try loading the software again			
300	FUEL LEVEL < 10%	Fuel Level is too low to attempt an engine start.	Add Fuel			
400	DEF LEVEL < 15%					
500	Starter Failure	Engine rotation is not detected when starter was activated.	Press Engine button to Reset			
600	Unable to Start Engine	Engine did not start after 3 tries.	Press Engine button to Reset			
700	Battery Level Too Low	Battery voltage level is too low to attempt startup sequence.	Press Engine button to Reset			
1000	OUTPUT VOLTAGE TOO HIGH	400Hz voltage is greater than 130 volts for 250mS.	Press Output Button to Reset			
1100	OUTPUT VOLTAGE TOO HIGH	400Hz voltage is greater than 140 volts for 15mS.	Press Output Button to Reset			
1200	OUTPUT VOLTAGE TOO LOW	400Hz voltage is less than 104 volts for 6 seconds.	Press Output Button to Reset			
1300	OVERLOAD: 100% < I < 125% - 600 s	Current was between 100% and 125% for 10 minutes.	Press Output Button to Reset			
1400	OVERLOAD: 125% < I < 150% - 10 s	Current was between 125% and 150% for 10 seconds	Press Output Button to Reset			
1500	OVERLOAD: 150% < I < 175% - 2 s	Current was between 150% and 175% for 2 seconds.	Press Output Button to Reset			
1600	OVERLOAD: I > 175% - 1 s	Current was over 175% for 1 second.	Press Output Button to Reset			
2000	EF OUTPUT 1 RIPPLE TOO HIGH	Ripple on EF from the aircraft on output 1 is beyond the defined limit.	Press Output 1 button to reset			
2100	EF OUTPUT 2 RIPPLE TOO HIGH	Ripple on EF from the aircraft on output 2 is beyond the defined limit.	Press Output 2 button to reset			
2200	PLUG 1 TEMPERATURE TOO HIGH	The temperature sensor in output 1 plug has tripped.	Press Output 1 button to reset			
2300	PLUG 2 TEMPERATURE TOO HIGH	The temperature sensor in output 2 plug has tripped.	Press Output 2 button to reset			
2400	28V PLUG TEMPERATURE TOO HIGH	The temperature sensor in output 2 plug has tripped.	Press ARU button to reset			
2700	EF SIGNAL DROP OUT - OUTPUT 1	EF Signal Disappeared at Output 1	Press Output 1 button to reset			
2800	EF SIGNAL DROP OUT - OUTPUT 2	EF Signal Disappeared at Output 2	Press Output 2 button to reset			
2900	90% SIGNAL DROP OUT - OUTPUT 1	90% Signal Disappeared at Output 1	Press Output 1 button to reset			
3000	90% SIGNAL DROP OUT - OUTPUT 2	90% Signal Disappeared at Output 2	Press Output 2 button to reset			
3100	90% SIGNAL DROP OUT - 28 VDC	90% Signal Disappeared at ARU Output	Press ARU button to reset			
3200	28V OUTPUT VOLTAGE TOO HIGH	Voltage > 32V - 4s	Press ARU button to reset			
3300	28V OUTPUT VOLTAGE TOO HIGH	Voltage > 40V - 1s	Press ARU button to reset			
3400	28V OUTPUT VOLTAGE TOO LOW	Voltage < 20V - 4s	Press ARU button to reset			
3500	28V RECTIFIER TEMP TOO HIGH		Press ARU button to reset			
3600	28V TRANSFORMER TEMP TOO HIGH	ARU Transformer Temperature is too high	Press ARU button to reset			
3800	28V INTERLOCK LEVEL TOO LOW	28V F Level too low	Press ARU button to reset			
3900	SHORT CIRCUIT AT 28V OUTPUT	28V Short Circuited	Press ARU button to reset			
4000	28V OUTPUT CURRENT TOO HIGH	28V Output current is too high	Press ARU button to reset			

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	For faults in this section: Disconnect from aircraft. Shut down engine after cool down.				
6000	CONTROL BOARD FAILURE Watchdog Timeout		Press Engine Button to reset		
6100	AVR SOFTSTART ERROR	Generator AVR failed during start up	Press Engine Button to reset		
6600	ECM error code received.	Engine Error Code Received from ECM	Service Engine		
6900	AVR FAILURE	The duty cycle for the Exciter is too high	Inspect the generator and the exciter circuit for damage or bad connections.		
	For faults in this section: Disconnect from aircraft. Shut down engine immediately.				
8000	CONTROL VOLTAGE LOW	Control Voltage < 20V (Running)	Press Engine button to reset		
8200	EMERGENCY STOP ACTIVATED		Release emergency stop and press Engine button to reset		
8300	GENERATOR FAILURE	Significant voltage imbalance between phases.	Contact ITWGSE. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO RESTART ENGINE!		
8400	ECM COMMUNICATION ERROR.	J1939 Communication Failure	Check ECM Power (Replace Interface Board)		
8500	ENGINE RPM OUT OF SPEC	Engine RPM out of specification or stopped	Service Engine		

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Error Code	2nd Corrective Action	3rd Corrective Action	4th Corrective Action
For	faults in this section: Disconnect from Aircra	aft (if connected). Do not stop engine (if running). Do not le	t engine start (if not running).
100 201	Contact ITWGSE		
	Contact II WGSE		
202			
250	Replace display or control board		
300	Inspect fuel Sender wiring	Inspect fuel Sender	
500	Check starter circuit to insure that it is properly energized. (Replace Starter Solenoid)	Replace Starter	
600	Check fuel valve to ensure it is open.	Service Engine	
700	Check battery cables	Charge Battery	Replace Battery
1000	Check voltage set-up value	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
1100	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2	
1200	Check voltage set-up value	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
1300	Remove overload and re-engage output	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
1400	Remove overload and re-engage output	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
1500	Remove overload and re-engage output	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
1600	Remove overload and re-engage output	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
2000	Check set-up value	Remove load and check output cabling	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2100	Check set-up value	Remove load and check output cabling	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2200	Remove load and let plug cool down	Check connector / output cabling for any malfunction	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2300	Remove load and let plug cool down	Check connector / output cabling for any malfunction	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2400	Remove load and let plug cool down	Check connector / output cabling for any malfunction	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2700	Is output cable correctly inserted?	Check / correct installation	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2800	Is output cable correctly inserted?	Check / correct installation	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
2900	Is output cable correctly inserted?	Check / correct installation	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
3000	Is output cable correctly inserted?	Check / correct installation	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
3100	Is output cable correctly inserted?	Check / correct installation	Replace Control Boards A1 & A2
3200	Check output voltage setup value	Check ARU Module and wiring	
3300	Check output voltage setup value	Check ARU Module and wiring	
3400	Check output voltage setup value	Check ARU Module and wiring	0
3500	Let the unit cool down and reset	Check airflow / air filters / fan	Check temp. sensor at rectifier heat sink
3600	Let the unit cool down and reset	Check airflow / air filters / fan	Check temp. sensor at Transformer
3800	Verify that the output cable is correctly inserted	Check / correct installation	Replace Control Board A1 Replace Interface Board A2
3900	Remove overload and re-engage output	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
4000	Remove overload and re-engage output	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2

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	For faults in this section	n: Disconnect from aircraft. Shut down engine after	cool down.
6000	Replace Control Board A1		
6100	Check Excitation Wiring/Fuse	Replace Control Board A1	Replace Interface Board A2
6600			
6900	Check fuses F8 and F3	Replace Interface Board A2	Replace Control Board A1
	For faults in this section: Disconnect from aircraft. Shut down engine immediately.		
8000	Check Alternator	Check Battery	
8200	Check emergency stop	Check user EPO (A2:X14)	Replace Control Board A1
8300			
8400	Service Engine		
8500			

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Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy
The engine will not start, and the starter will not	a. Emergency Stop switch has been pressed.	Make sure the Emergency Stop switch is pulled out.
crank the engine.	b. Battery Disconnect switch is in the OFF position.	Make sure the battery disconnect switch is in the ON position.
	c. Battery discharged or loose battery or ground connection.	 Make sure the voltage across the batteries is approximately 25.6 VDC. Check the battery terminals. Be sure 25.6 volts DC is reaching the starter solenoid input terminal.
	d. Defective starter solenoid (SW3).	 Check if you can hear the starter solenoid activate when the start button is pressed. If not, check for voltage on the starter solenoid coil (see e. below). Temporarily connect a large-capacity jumper cable (No. 1/0 minimum) between the hot side of the starter solenoid and the starter input terminal. If starter does not crank engine, the starter may be defective
	e. No voltage at starter solenoid coil.	 Check connector X5 on the PC1 Interface board. Verify that there is 24 VDC across the starter solenoid + and - terminals when the engine start pushbutton is pressed. Check and replace (if necessary) the Interface board.
	f. Defective starter.	Remove the starter motor from engine and apply 24VDC to test it. Replace the starter if it doesn't operate.
	g. Internal seizure.	If the starter is good, attempt to hand crank the engine using a 3/4-inch square drive on the crankshaft pulley. If engine cannot be turned one complete revolution, internal seizure is indicated. Remove engine and contact the engine manufacturer and/or nearest dealer.
	i. Defective Control Panel	Replace the Control Panel.
2. Engine will not	a. Low battery output	Check the battery and recharge or replace
start. Starter clicks on and off.	b. Loose starting circuit connections or faulty cables	Check all connections and cables. Tighten or replace as required.



Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy
3. Engine will not	a. Low battery output	Check the battery and recharge or replace
start. Cranking speed is low.	b. Loose starting circuit connections or faulty cables	Check all connections and cables. Tighten or replace as required.
	c. Improper lubricating oil viscosity	Check the oil. Refer to Section 2-2. Remove and replace the oil as necessary.
4. Engine cranks but will not start.	a. Low fuel	Visually check to make sure there is sufficient fuel in the fuel tank. The gauges might not be accurate. (The digital gauge typically faults to 100%)
Caution: To prevent damage to the starting motor, wait two (2) minutes	b. Fuel line blocked	If there is sufficient fuel (> 10%) and the engine will not start, the fuel pump may be defective or the fuel lines might be plugged. Loosen the injector line nut 1 to 2 turns and verify fuel flows when the engine is cranked.
between each attempt to start.	c. Plugged or defective filter	Replace fuel filters. Also, check the gaskets for leaking or damaged condition.
	d. Loose connections, damaged hoses or fuel lines between tank and fuel pump	Tighten all fittings and connections. Replace any damaged hoses or fuel links.
5. Engine cranks, but will not start. Over-temperature indication appears	a. Defective engine temperature switch	Check wiring to engine high temperature switch (S49 on schematic), which is located on top of the engine block. If wiring is correct, remove wires and check resistance between terminals C and N.O. A resistance of less than 10 ohms indicates a defective switch. Replace switch if defective.
immediately.	b. Defective PC1 board	Replace the PC1 Interface board.
6. Engine is hard to start. Cranking speed is normal and the fuel supply is adequate.	a. Low compression, which may be caused by sticking or burned exhaust valves, worn or broken compression rings, leaking cylinder head gasket, or valve clearance adjustment.	Check the compression in accordance with instructions in the engine manufacturer's operation manual. Overhaul the engine to make repairs as necessary.
7. Engine starts but then stops after a few seconds by automatic shutdown.	a. Low oil pressure or defective oil pressure switch.	Restart the engine and observe oil pressure gauge. If oil pressure is 12 psi or more, disconnect wire from the normally-closed switch terminal on the oil pressure switch. Restart engine. If engine continues to run, the oil pressure switch is defective. Replace oil pressure switch. If engine stops, the PC1 Interface board might be defective.
	b. Defective PC1 board.	Replace PC1 Interface board.

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Engine Controls Diagnostic Checks (continued)				
Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy		
8. Engine either goes from rated speed to idle speed, or shuts down.	a. Low fuel was detected or the PC1 board could be defective.	Add No. 2 diesel fuel. Replace PC1 Interface board.		
9. Engine has slow response time when a load is applied.	a. Engine needs tune-up.	Tune-up as required. Refer to engine manufacturer's operation manual.		
10. Engine misses or runs unevenly.	a. Insufficient fuel.	Check fuel system in accordance with engine manufacturer's operation manual. Repair or replace parts as required.		
	b. Faulty injector.	Check injectors in accordance with engine manufacturer's operation manual.		
	c. Low compression pressure.	Check compression in accordance with engine manufacturer's operation manual.		
	d. Air in fuel system.	Check all fittings to be sure they are tight and the thread sealant is still present. Tighten the fittings and add new thread sealant as required.		
11. Engine lacks power	Improper engine adjustments and gear train timing.	Tune-up engine in accordance with engine manufacturer's operation manual.		
	b. Insufficient fuel.	Check low fuel level in accordance with engine manufacturer's operation manual. Repair or replace parts as required.		
	c. Insufficient inlet air due to damaged or dirty air cleaner.	Check air cleaner for plugging and/or damage.		
	d. Restricted exhaust system.	Check exhaust pipes for restrictions. Check muffler for clogged condition. Replace as required.		
12. Front clearance lights aren't ON.	a. Loose connection	 Check Interface board connector X9 terminal 3. Check Ground plate connection of wire 79 		
	b. Defective Interface board.	Replace Interface board.		
13. Rear clearance lights aren't ON.	a. Loose connection	 Check quick disconnect plug P4 Check Interface board connector X9 terminal 4. Check Interface board connector X45 wire 80. 		



Generator Diagnostic Checks				
Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy		
No (or low) generator output voltage in all phases. Generator operating at 400 Hz.	a. Defective generator or excitation circuit.	In the Setup Menu, go to the Diagnostic Mode screen (Section 1-3 Paragraph 4.20) and set it to AVR Battery Only. This applies 24 VDC from the battery to the exciter field, which should produce an indicated output voltage of 100 +/- 20 VAC line to neutral.		
	b. Verify 24 VDC across connector J6 terminals A & B.	Check X20 on the Interface board and connector J6 at the generator.		
	c. Defective connector at voltage regulator, or defective wiring from regulator to exciter field	Disconnect the exciter wires at the terminal strip J6. Using jumper leads with clip terminals, connect 24 VDC to wires. If generator produces at least 80 VAC, replace or repair the connector and wiring between voltage regulator and exciter field as required.		



Generator Diagnostic Checks				
Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy		
No (or low) voltage output	a. Shorted diode in exciter rectifier (CR2).	Check diodes in accordance with Chapter 2-3 Section 4 and 5. If diodes are good, proceed to step b.		
	b. Open or shorted exciter rotor winding (G2).	Use ohmmeter to check for open or shorted condition diodes in accordance with Chapter 2-3 Section 4 and 5. If exciter rotor windings are good, proceed to step C.		
	c. Open or shorted exciter field windings (L2).	Check field resistance. See Chapter 2-3 Section 4 for normal values.		
	d. Open or shorted generator rotor windings (L1).	Check resistance with ohmmeter to determine if open or short circuited diodes in accordance with Chapter 2-3 Section 4 and 5.		
2. Generator operates single phase.	 a. Open or short circuited winding in generator stator (G1). 	Check stator-winding resistances. See Chapter 2-3 Section 4 for normal values.		
3. Generator overheats	a. Loose connection causing high resistance.	Check all output connections. Look for discoloration caused by heat. Tighten or replace as required.		
	b. Improper or blocked ventilation.	Check for foreign material (rags, etc.) blocking airflow. Provide adequate ventilation.		
	c. Generator stator windings short circuited.	Check stator windings. See Chapter 2-3 Section 4.		
4. Unbalanced output	a. Loose connection in output circuit.	Check all output connections. Discolored connectors indicate a loose connection. Tighten or replace as required.		
	b. Open or short-circuited phase.	Check stator windings in accordance with Chapter 2-3 Section 4. Repair or replace as required.		
	c. Defective connection in output circuit.	Check the plug and receptacle connectors at aircraft. Tighten, repair, or replace as required.		
	d. Break or cut in output cable assembly.	Inspect the output cable for damage.		
	e. Unbalanced load.	Check the aircraft 400-Hz components.		



Load Contactor Operating Circuits Diagnostic Checks

Output 1: Contactor K1
Output 2: Contactor K2

Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy
Load contactor will not close when the corresponding	 a. Blown contactor fuse (F3) on regulator board. 	Check the fuse and replace if blown. If it blows again, check the contactor.
Output pushbutton is pressed. Generator is running at normal voltage.		Check to make sure that the other pushbuttons on the control panel work. Replace the display board and test all buttons again.
2. Load contactor closes when the Output pushbutton is pressed, but opens within 10	The plug interlock EF circuit on Interface board could be defective.	Set 400 Hz Interlock to Bypassed. If load contactor remains closed, proceed to step b .
seconds.	b. 28.5 VDC is not reaching the plug interlock EF circuit from aircraft for following reasons:	Proceed as follows to find the cause of this malfunction.
	c. Generator-to-aircraft cable connector defective or not plugged into aircraft receptacle connector	Inspect cable connector plug thoroughly for damaged E and F terminals. Be sure plug is fully mated with aircraft receptacle connector and making good contact.
	d. Aircraft rejecting power.	Check aircraft on-board electrical equipment and controls.
	e. Defective contacts in switch mounted on side of contactor.	Connect a jumper lead between terminals of the normally-open auxiliary switch. If the contactor now remains closed, replace the auxiliary switch or the entire contactor.



Protective Circuit Diagnostic Checks

NOTE: Protective monitoring is not completely functional until the load contactor is CLOSED. Since it is not advisable to vary voltages for test purposes while delivering power to an aircraft, the GPU should be connected to a load bank for trouble shooting protective circuits.

Trouble, Symptom, Condition	Probable Cause	Test, Check, and/or Remedy
Load contactor opens during power delivery. Over voltage fault indicated.	a. Over-voltage condition may have been the result of a sudden drop in load and may have been a normal action.	Press appropriate Output pushbutton and resume power delivery. Observe voltmeter to be certain voltage is normal (115 VAC). Adjust to normal if necessary. If load contactor is opened again and the fault message indicates an over-voltage condition, proceed to step b .
	b. Defective Interface or control board.	With load bank at no load, use the Output Voltage screen in the Setup menu (Chapter 1-3 Paragraph 4.1) to reduce the voltage to 110 VAC. Observe the voltmeter on the load bank and gradually increase voltage. If the load contactor opens at any value less than 125 VAC replace the interface and processor board.
2. Load contactor opens during power delivery. Under voltage fault indicated.	a. Under-voltage condition may have been result of a sudden shock load, or possible tampering with REG potentiometer, and may have been a normal action.	Press appropriate Output pushbutton and resume power delivery. Observe voltmeter to be certain voltage is normal (115 VAC). Adjust to normal if necessary. If load contactor is opened again and the fault message indicates an under-voltage condition, proceed to step b .
	b. Defective Interface or Control board.	With load bank at no load, use the Output Voltage screen in the Setup menu (Chapter 1-3 Paragraph 4.1) to slowly reduce the voltage to 100 VAC. If the load contactor opens at any value above 104 VAC, replace the interface and processor board.



Illustrated Parts List Section 2

1) Explanation of Parts List Arrangement

The parts list is arranged so that the illustration will appear on a left-hand page and the applicable parts list will appear on the opposite right-hand page. Unless the list is unusually long, the user will be able to look at the illustration and read the parts list without turning a page.

2) Symbols and Abbreviations

The following is a list of symbols and abbreviations used in the parts list:

	*	-	Item not illustrated
	#	-	Number or Part Number
	A, or AMP	-	Ampere
	AC	-	Alternating current
	AR	-	As required
	DC	-	Direct current
	DIA		Diameter
	Deg	-	Degree
	Fig	-	Figure
	hd.	-	Head
	hex	-	Hexagon
	Hz	-	Hertz (cycles-per-second)
	ID	-	Inside diameter
	IN	-	Inch
	kVA	-	Kilovolt-ampere
	lg		Long
	uF	-	Microfarad
	No Number		Not supplied by Hobart
	No.	-	Number
	NHA	-	Next higher assembly
	OD		Outside Diameter
	PRV	-	Peak reverse voltage
	PSI	-	Pounds per square inch
	Ref	-	Reference (the item has been listed previously)
	RH	-	Right Hand
	LH	-	Left Hand
	TM	-	Technical Manual
	T-R	-	Transformer-rectifier
	V	-	Volt or used as a prefix indicating vendor code
a	t does not reflec	t an inde	ex number is an assembly that is not illustrated in

NOTE: An item tha n its assembled state, or it is similar (right-hand, left-hand, top, etc.) to an item that is illustrated.

3) Hierarchy

Part Number column lists the part number assigned. Sub- and /sub-assemblies are indicated by indenture level (., .., ..., etc.) to the component next higher assembly (NHA). Line items with no part number assigned are listed as Non Applicable (No Number).



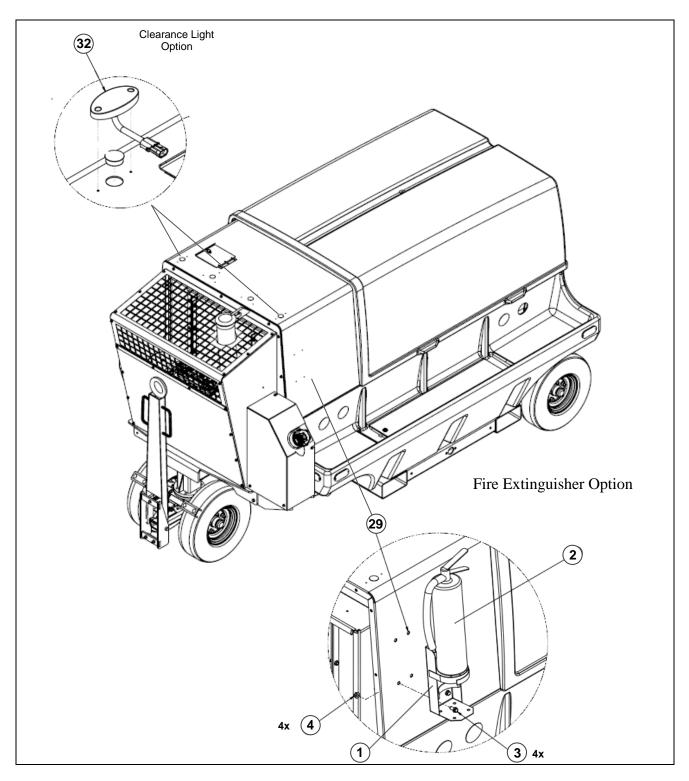


Figure 3-1. 4400-T4, 60-90 kVA, Generator Set (Sheet 1 of 5).



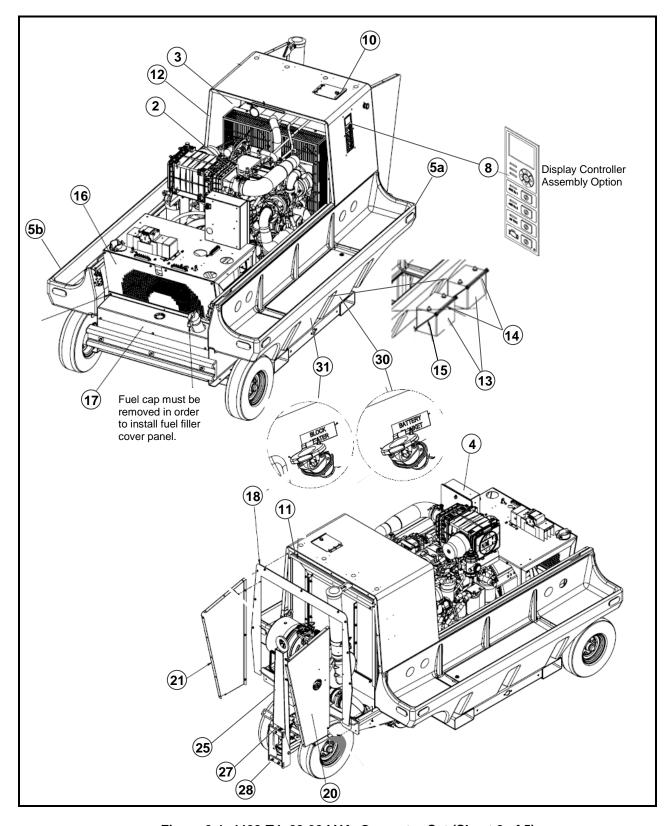


Figure 3-1. 4400-T4, 60-90 kVA, Generator Set (Sheet 2 of 5).

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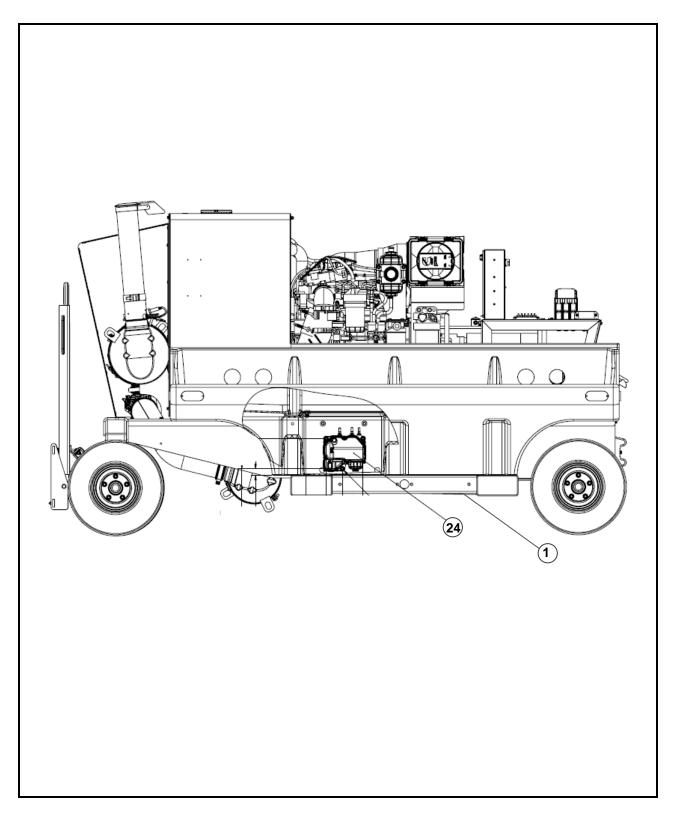


Figure 3-1. 4400-T4, 60-90 kVA, Generator Set (Sheet 3 of 5).



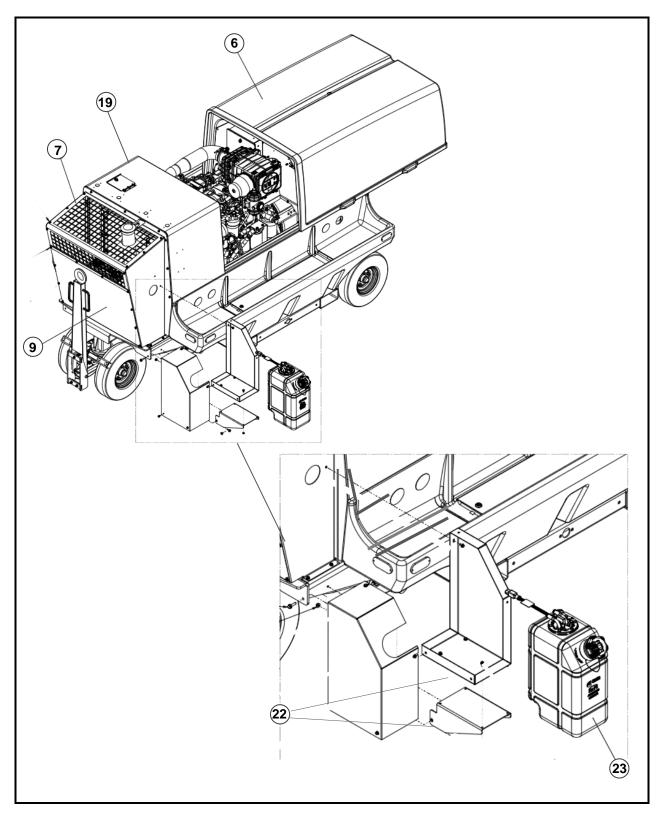


Figure 3-1. 4400-T4, 60-90 kVA, Generator Set (Sheet 4 of 5).



	JRE - I NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-1-		4400-T4	Tier 4 60-90 kVA		REF
3-1-	1	293292	.Trailer Assembly		REF
3-1-	2	293178-XX	.Genset/Fuel Tank Install, 60-90 kVA (See Figure 3-2)		1
3-1-	3	293183	.Radiator/After-Treatment Installation (See Figure 3-5)		1
3-1-	4	293184	.Electrical System Installation (See Figure 3-1)		1
3-1-	5a	293086	.Cable Tray Assy Left Side (See Figure 3-1)		1
3-1-	5b	293087	.Cable Tray Assy RightSide (See Figure 3-1)		1
3-1-	6	293084	.Top Canopy, Composite, Assy (see Figure 3-)		1
3-1-	7	293261	Panel, Top, Front Canopy		1
3-1-	8	293329	Display Controller, Output Assembly Option		1
3-1-	8a	*275190	Option, Membrane Single 400 hz Output		1
3-1-	8b	*275191	Option, Membrane for Single 400 hz plus 28 VDC Output		1
3-1-	8c	*275192	Option, Membrane for Dual 400 hz Output		1
3-1-	8d	*275193	Option, Membrane for Dual 400 hz plus 28 VDC Output		1
3-1-	9	293260	Panel Front, Front Canopy		1
3-1-	10	288023	Wing Latch Knob		1
3-1-	11	IN5156	Bulb Seal, Edge Grip, 3/4"		1 ^/D
3-1- 3-1-	12 13	IN5066 281881-001	Closed Cell Sponge W/Adhesive, 1/2" x 1/8"		A/R
3-1-	14	293008	Battery, 12V Battery Retainer		2 2
3-1-	15	494295	Battery Hold Down, J-Hook		4
3-1-	16	293238	Panel, Gen. Access		1
3-1-	17	293081	Panel, Fuel Filler Cover		1
3-1-	18	293167	Panel, Front, Intermediate		1
3-1-	19	293047	Front Canopy		1
3-1-	20	293259-01	Panel, Left Side		1
3-1-	21	293259-02	Panel, Right Side		1
3-1-	22	293188	Bracket/Housing DEF Tank		1
3-1-	23	A051Y802	Tank, DEF		1
3-1-	24	A052B705	Module Pump, DEF		1
3-1-	25	293224	Towbar, Running Gear		1
3-1-	26	*293148	Towbar, Din40 Eye (Optional)		1
3-1-	27	293067	Braking Pad Assembly		1
3-1-	28	288469-001	Towbar Leveler Support Kit		1
3-1-	29	293171	Fire Extinguisher Option		1
3-1- 3-1-	29-1 29-2	293172 GA11436	Bracket, Fire Extinguisher, 5 LBSFire Extinguisher, Class ABC, 5 LBS		1 1
3-1-	29-2 29-3	HGF1020	M10-1.5 x 20 Lg, Hex Flange Bolt, Gr 10.9		4
3-1-	29-3 29-4	286472-004	M10-1.5 X 20 Eg, Nex Flange Bolt, Gr 10.9 M10-1.5, Serrated Nut Hex Flange		4
3-1-	30	293230-XX	Battery Heater Blanket Option		1
3-1-	31	293125-XX	Block Heater Option		1
3-1-	32	293098	Clearance Light Option		1
		*Not Illustrated			

Figure 3-1. 4400-T4, 60-90 kVA, Generator Set (Sheet 5 of 5).



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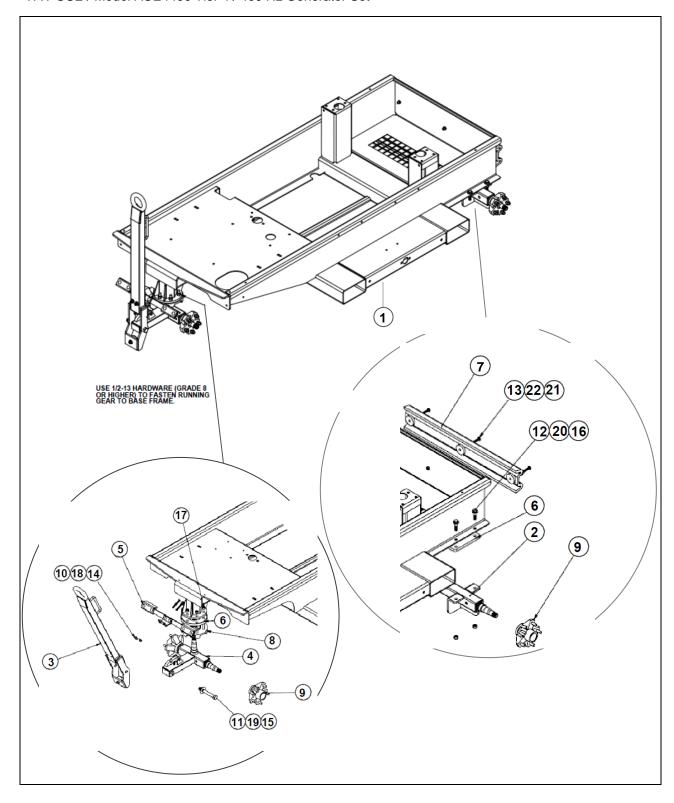


Figure 3-2. Assy, Chassis/Running Gear 60-90 kVA T-4 (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGUI		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-2-		293292	Trailer Assembly 4400-T4		1
		293363	*Running Gear		1
3-2-	1	293162	Base Frame, 4400		1
3-2-	2	293292-02	Rear Axle Assy		1
3-2-	3	293292-03	Towbar Assy		1
3-2-	4	293292-04	Front Axle Assy		1
3-2-	5	293292-05	Parking Brake Assy		1
3-2-	6	293292-06	Running Gear Spacer		1
3-2-	7	293292-07	Rear Rubber Bumper		1
3-2-	8	293292-08	Pivot Hub "5 th Wheel"		1
3-2-	9	293292-09	Wheel Hub "Rolling"		4
3-2-	10	293292-10	Carriage Bolt 3/8" x 3" Zinc		2
3-2-	11	293292-11	Hex Head Bolt 3/4" x 6.00" A-36		1
3-2-	12	293292-12	Hex Head Bolt 1/2" x 2.25" T316		4
3-2-	13	293292-13	Hex Head Bolt, M10 x 40mm A325 Galv.		3
3-2-	14	293292-14	Lock Nut 3/8", Zinc Plated		2
3-2-	15	293292-15	Lock Nut 3/4", Zinc Plated		1
3-2-	16	293292-16	Lock Nut 1/2-13, Zinc Plated		4
	17	293292-17	Lock Nut 1/2-20, Zinc Plated		6
	18	293292-18	Washer, Flat, 3/8" Zinc Plated		2
	19	293292-19	Washer, Flat, 3/4" Zinc Plated		1
	20	293292-20	Washer, Flat, 1/2" Zinc Plated		4
	21	293292-21	Washer, Flat, M10		3
	22	293292-22	Washer, Lock, M10		3
		*Item not illustrated			

Figure 3-2. Assy, Chassis/Running Gear 60-90 kVA T-4 (Sheet 1 of 2).



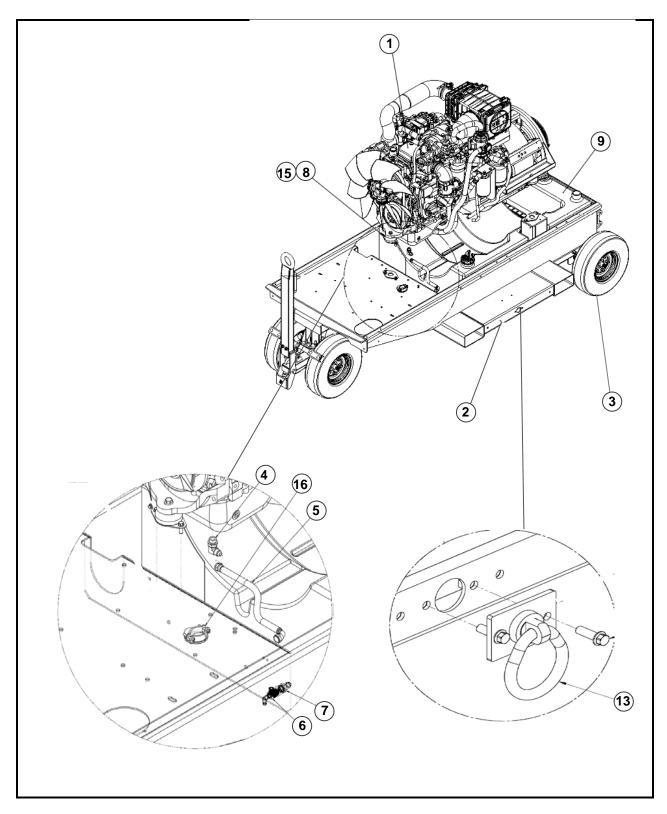


Figure 3-3. Genset/Fuel Tank Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 3).



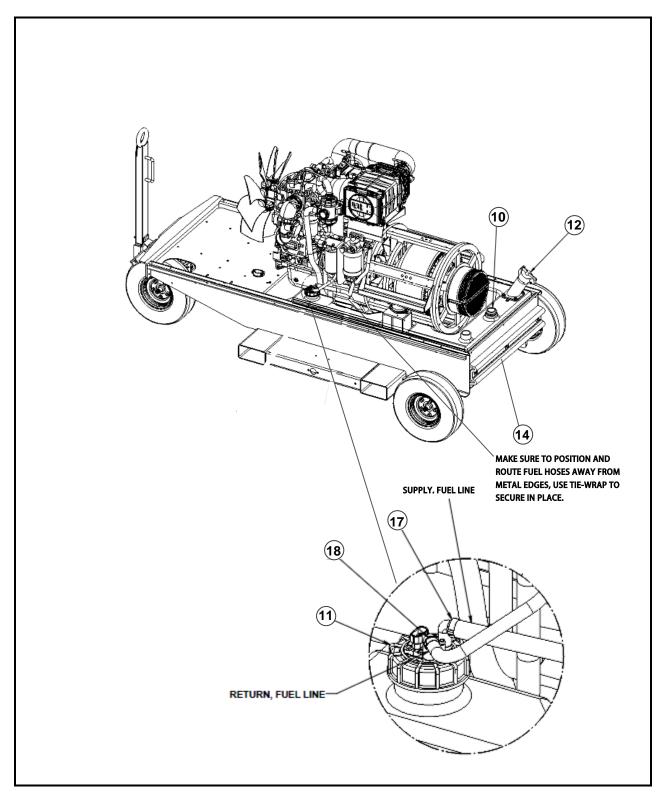


Figure 3-3. Genset/Fuel Tank Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 3).



FIGUI		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.	
3-3-		293177-XX	T4-Genset/Fuel Tank Installation, 60/90kVA		REF	
3-3-	1a	*293178-01	Genset Assembly, 60 kVA (See Figure 3-3)			
3-3-	1b	*293178-02	Genset Assembly, 90kVA (See Figure 3-3)			
3-3-	2	293292	.Trailer Assembly		REF	
3-3-	3	293182	Tire, Super Grip GSE 500/570-8 ply Tubeless 18.5 OD		4	
3-3-	4	FI11399	Elbow, 90 De. W/O-Ring, 3/4-16 X M22X1.5 Male		1	
3-3-	5	293080	Oil Drain Hose Assembly		1	
3-3-	6	VA11479	Valve, Oil Drain		1	
3-3-	7	TS11478	Adapter, SAE 37 DEG. Male Flare Bulkhead		1	
3-3-	8	HGF1030	Hex Flg Bolt, M10-1.5 x 30 LG, GR10.9		6	
3-3-	9	293091	Fuel Tank Composite Assembly, (See Figure 3-4)		1	
3-3-	10	IL11359	Mechanical Fuel Gauge		1	
3-3-	11	293335	Fuel Sender with Coupling Cap		1	
3-3-	12	EB11439	Protectoseal, Fuel Cap Green		1	
3-3-	13	293192	Tie-Down Ring Option		1	
3-3-	14	TA11449	Bumper Guard, Heavy Duty Rubber		1	
3-3-	15	286472-004	M10-1.5, Serrated Nut Hex Flange		6	
3-3-	16	CO5040	Connector, Clamp 2"		1	
3-3-	17	EC11611	Clamp, One-Ear Stepless, 0.76 – 0.89 OD Grip		1	
3-3-	18	EC11613	Clamp, One-Ear Stepless, 052 – 0.62 OD Grip		1	
*Ite	*Item not illustrated					

Figure 3-3. Genset/Fuel Tank Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 3 of 3).



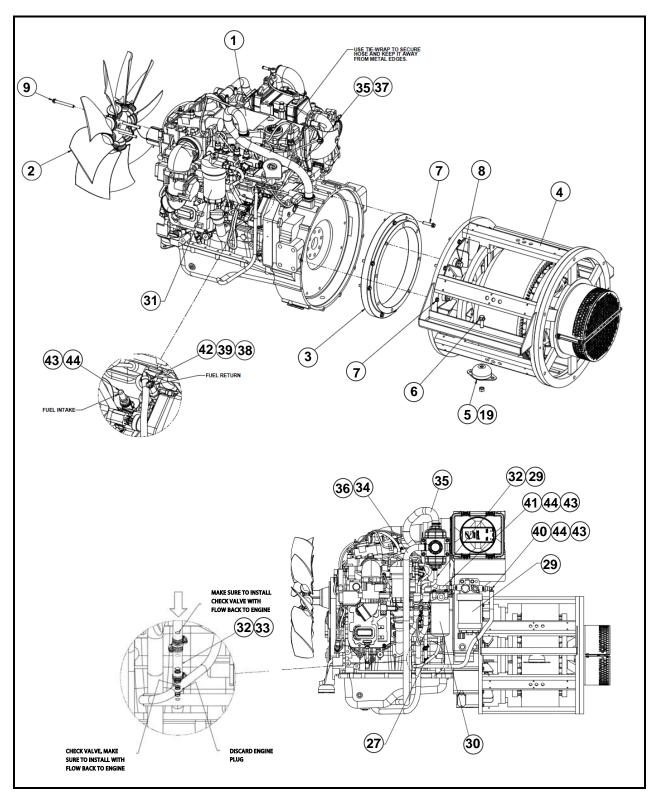


Figure 3-4. T4 Genset Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 4).



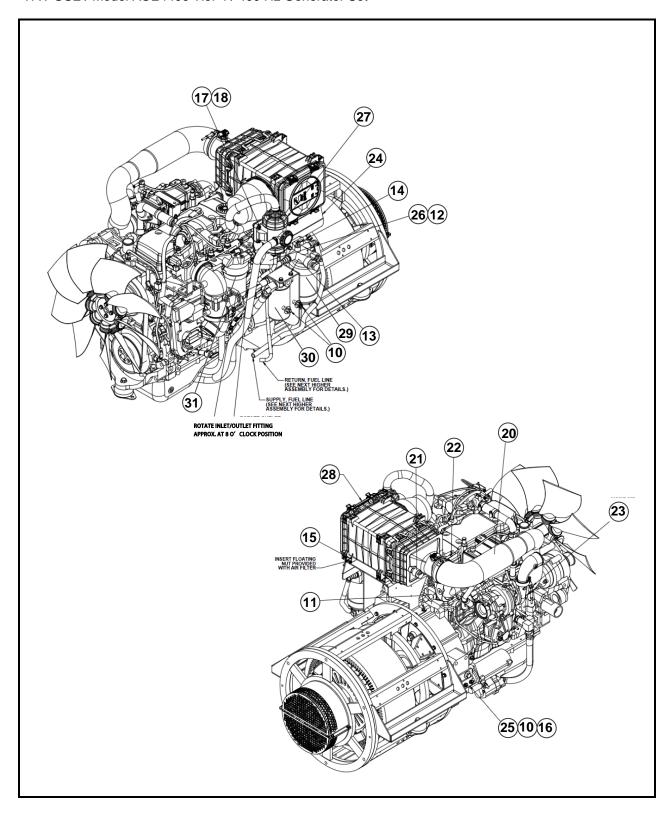


Figure 3-4. T4 Genset Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 4).



FIGUI		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-4-		293178-XX	T4 Genset Assembly 60- 90 kVA		Ref.
3-4-	1A	293282	Engine, Cummins 90kVA QSB4.5 Tier 4		1
3-4-	1B	TBD	Engine, Cummins QSB4.5 Tier 4, 60kVA		1
3-4-	2	FB11360	Radiator Fan		1
3-4-	3	293004	Flywheel Spacer Ring		1
3-4-	4	288460-004	Generator Assembly, 2000 RPM		1
3-4-	5	VM11349	Engine/Generator Mount		3
3-4-	6	HGKF150	Hex Flg Bolt, 1/2-13 x 1.50 lg, GR8		3
3-4-	7	HGF1045	M10-1.5 x 45 Long, Hex Flange Bolt, GR10.9		20
3-4-	8	HGRF300	Hex Flg Bolt, 5/8-11 x 3 lg, Zinc GR8		8
3-4-	9	HGF1090	Hex Flg Bolt, M10-1.5 x 90 lg, GR10.9		4
3-4-	10	HGF1625	Hex Flg Bolt, M16-2 x 25 lg, GR8		4
3-4-	11	HGF0612	Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 12 LG, GR10.9		2
3-4-	12	HGF0820	Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 20 LG, GR10.9		2
3-4-	13	HGF0812	Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 12 LG, GR10.9		2
3-4-	14	HGF1030	Hex Flg Bolt, M10-1.5 x 30 LG, GR10.9		2
3-4-	15	HGF0620	Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 20 LG, FLG BOLT GR10.9		4
3-4-	16	HR11474	Serr Flg Nut, 3/8-16, SS		3
3-4-	17	HGF0830	Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 30 LG, GR10.9		4
3-4-	18	286473-004	Hex Flg Nut, M8-1.25, GR10.9		4
3-4-	19	HRKBA1	1/2-13 Hex Nut		3
3-4-	20	293217	Tube Air Intake, Rubber		1
3-4-	21	282918	Indic-ator, Restrictor, Elec.		1
3-4-	22	290597-006	Clamp, T-Bolt, 4.50 Dia		1
3-4-	23	290597-007	Clamp, T-Bolt, 3.50 Dia		1
3-4-	24	293179	Bracket, Oil / Fuel / Air Filter		1
3-4-	25	293191	Grounding Plate		1
3-4-	26	293229	Bracket, Crankcase Breather		1
3-4-	27	EC11501	Breather, Crankcase, Kit		1
3-4-	28	EC11498	Air Cleaner, Direct Flow		1
3-4-	29	EC11503	Fuel Separator Assembly		1
3-4-	30	EC11504	Oil Filter Assembly		1
3-4-	31	EC11502	Fuel Filter Assembly		1
3-4-	32	056535	Hose, 3/8 ID x 5/8 OD		As Req
3-4-	33	W10869-014	Clamp, Hose, Grip 7/32 – 5/8		4

Figure 3-4. T4 Genset Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 3 of 4).

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FIGUE		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-4-	34	FM5059	Heater Hose, 1" x 4 ft		1
3-4-	35	CY11609	Hose, High-Vac,Rubber Duct, 1" IDx1-3/8"ODx3 FT		1
3-4-	36	W10869-001	Clamp, Hose Grip, 11/16 – 1-1/4		1
3-4-	37	W10869002	Clamp, Hose Grip, 13/16 – 1-3/4		2
3-4-	38	EC11378	Washer, Sealing		1
3-4-	39	EC11379	Connector, Quick Disconnect		1
3-4-	40	293342-01	Fuel Hose Assembly, Supply, QSB4.5-T4		1
3-4-	41	293342-02	Fuel Hose Assembly, Intake, QSB4.5-T4		1
3-4-	42	293343	Fuel Hose Assembly, Return, 5/16 ID		1
3-4-	43	TBD	Washer, Sealing 14mm (3963988)		3
3-4-	44	TBD	Fitting, M14x1.5, 12mm Quick Disconnect		3

Figure 3-4. T4 Genset Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 4 of 4).



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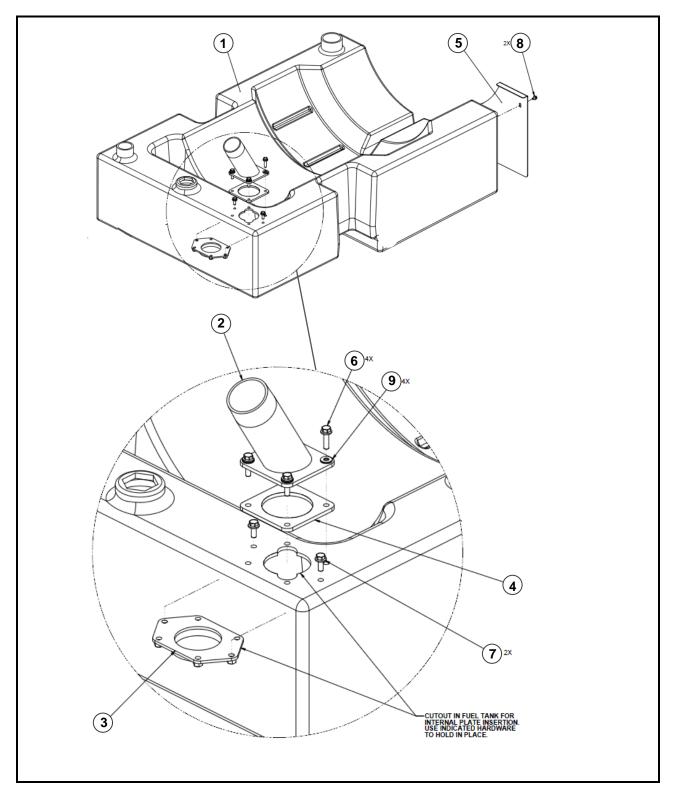


Figure 3-5. Fuel Tank Composite Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGUR		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-5-		293091	Fuel Tank Assembly Composite, Common Platform 4400		REF
3-5-	1	293090	.Fuel Tank, Machining, Composite CP		1
3-5-	2	293094	Fuel Filler Neck, 2-1/2" NPT, Weldment		1
3-5-	3	293092	Plate, Fuel Neck, Internal		1
3-5-	4	293093	Gasket, Fuel Neck		1
3-5-	5	293108	Heat Shield, Fuel Tank		1
3-5-	6	HGF0830	Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 30 LG, GR10.9		4
3-5-	7	HGF0820	Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 20 LG, GR10.9		2
3-5-	8	HGF0610	Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 10 LG, GR10.9		2
3-5-	9	282182-005	Washer, Sealing, 5/16", 18-8 SS/Neoprene		4

Figure 3-5. Fuel Tank Composite Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).

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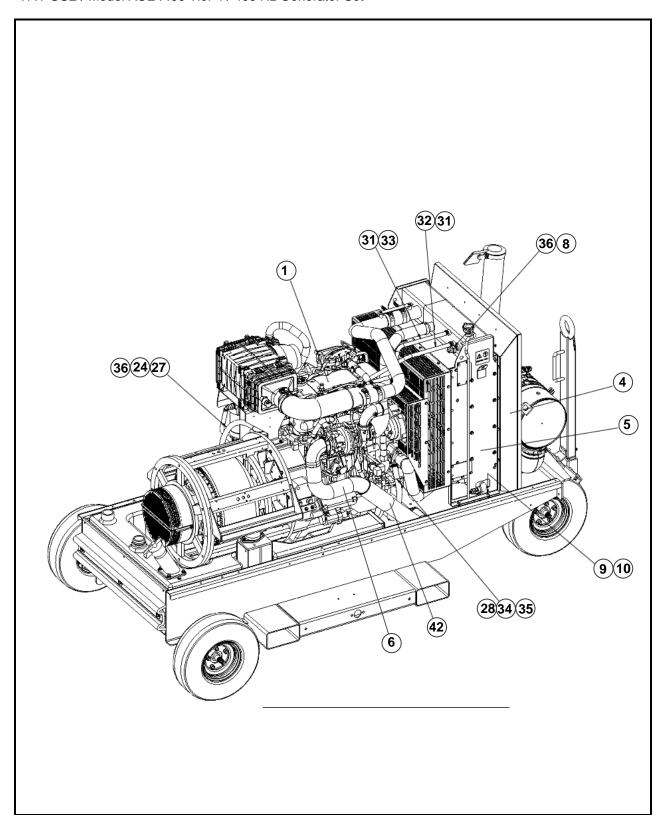


Figure 3-6. Radiator/After-Treatment Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 4).



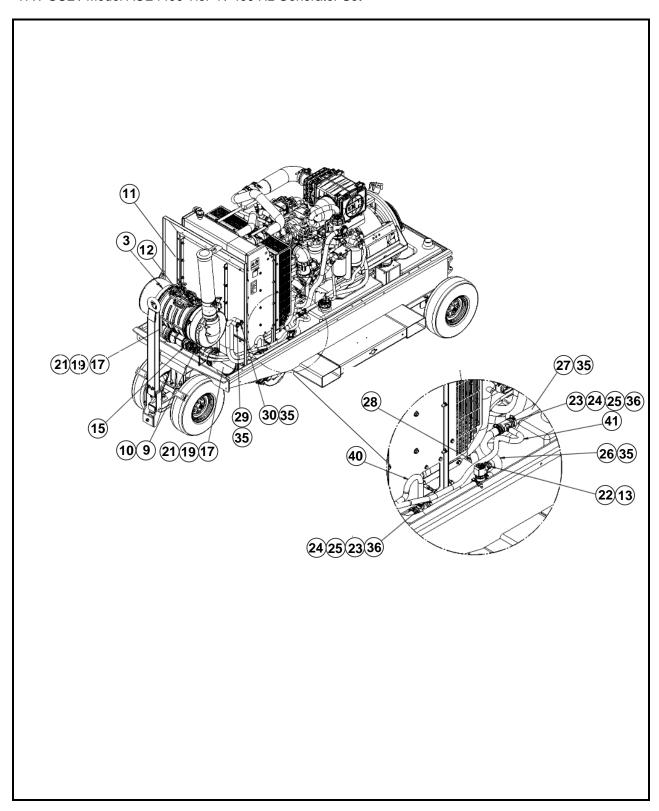


Figure 3-6. Radiator/After-Treatment Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 4).



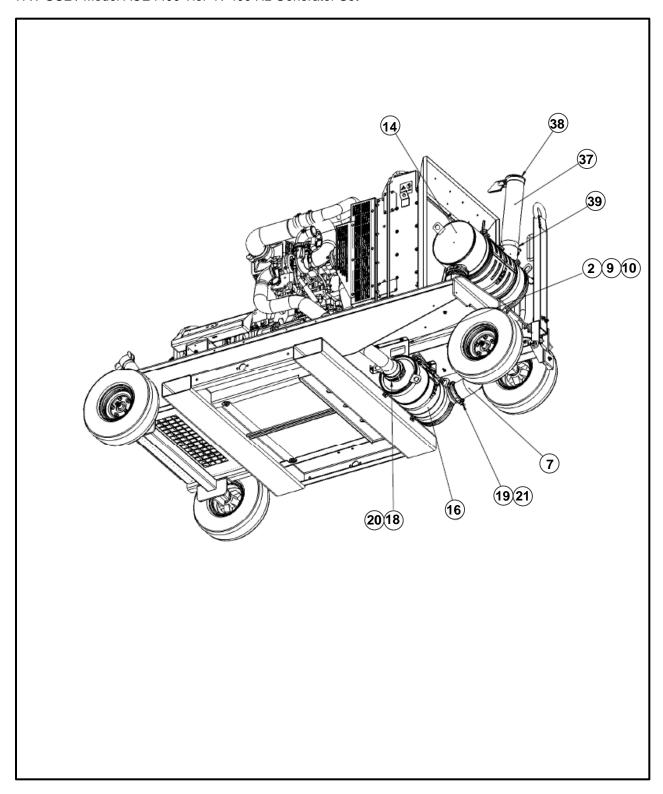


Figure 3-6. Radiator/After-Treatment Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 3 of 4).



FIGUR ITEM N		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	E F F.	QTY.
3-6-		293183	Radiator/Exhaust Installation, 4400		REF
3-6-	1A	293177-01	Genset/Fuel Tank Installation, 60 kVA		REF
3-6-	1B	293177-02	Genset/Fuel Tank Installation, 90 kVA		REF
3-6- 3-6-	2 3	293139 293187	DOC Bracket, T4 Bracket, SCR, T4		2 1
3-6-	4	293189	Shroud, Radiator Exhaust, T4		1
3-6-	5	293277	Radiator, T4		1
3-6-	6	293294	3" Exhaust Pipe		1
3-6-	7	293297	Elbow 30 Dg, Spherical Marmon MF		1
3-6-	8	AA6380	Sensor, Coolant Level, 3 Pin		1
3-6-	9	HDW	M10-1.5 x 20 Lg. Hex Flg Bolt, Gr10.9		14
3-6- 3-6-	10 11	HDW HDW	M10-1.5, Serrated Nut Hex Flg M6-1 x 12 Lg, Hex Flg Bolt, Gr10.9		14 14
3-6-	12	HDW	Spacer, Hex, M/F		2
3-6-	13	HDW	M5-0.8 x 12mm, PH Flat HD		2
3-6-	14	EC11494	SCR Device, Ater-Treatment		1
3-6-	15	EC11495	DRT Decomposition Reactor Tube		1
3-6-	16	293377	DOC, Diesel Oxidation Catalyst		1
3-6-	17	EC11489	ELBOW, 90 dg, 4" SINGLE BEND		2
3-6-	18	EC11490	Clamp, V Band DOC Inlet		1
3-6-	19	EC11491	Clamp, DOC Outlet, DRT/SCR I/O		5
3-6-	20	EC11492	Gasket, DOC Inlet		1
3-6-	21	EC11493	Gasket DOC Outlet, DRT/SCR I/O		5
3-6-	22	EC11497	Valve, DEF Coolant		1
3-6-	23	TS11511	Tee, Inline, Reducing, 3/4 NPT x 1/4 NPT		2
3-6-	24	TS11513	Hose Barb, 5/8 Dia x 3/4 NPTM x 5/8 Dia		5
3-6-	25	288187	Barb, Hose,1/4-18 NPT x 3/8 Dia		3
3-6-	26	HDW	Coolant Hose, 5/8 ID x 1" OD		A/R
3-6-	31	W10869-014	Clamp, Hose, Grip 7/32 - 5/8		4
3-6-	32	HDW	Hose, L/P.Lube Oil, 3/8 ID x 11/16 OD, Sil.Rubber		A/R
3-6-	34	FI5978	Barb, Hose,1/2" NPTM x 5/8" Dia		1
3-6-	35	W10869-002	Clamp, Hose, Grip 13/16 - 1-3/4		10
3-6-	36	HDW	Sealant, Thread, Loctite 565		A/R
3-6-	37	293264	4" Exhaust Pipe, 4400-T4		1
3-6-	38	EB5243	Rain Cap, 4"		1
3-6-	39	CY5124	Clamp, Wide Band Exhaust Pipe		1
3-6-	41	293309-01	Coolant Hose, 3/8 ID x 3 Ft Long		A/R
3-6-	42	293309-02	Coolant Hose, 3/8 ID x 5 Ft Long		A/R
3-6-	43	IN11366	Thermo Jacket		1

Figure 3-6. Radiator/After-Treatment Installation, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 4 of 4).

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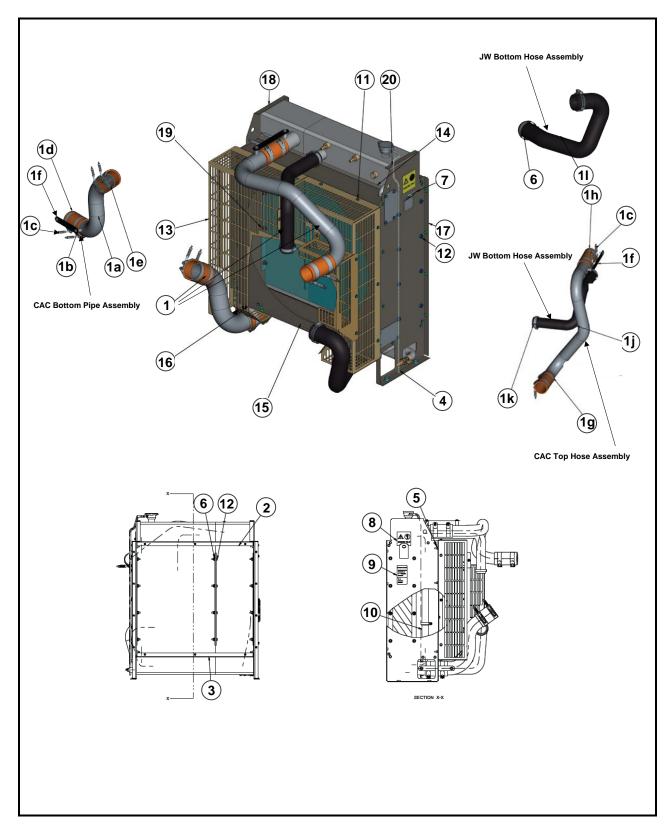


Figure 3-7. Coolpack, Radiator Assy 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGURE		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-7-		293277	Coolpack, Radiator Assy		REF
3-7-	1	803001185	.Assy, Complete Pipework Kit – JW + CAC		1
3-7-	1a	890001152	CAC, Bottom Pipe		1
3-7-	1b	849001017	84mm Spring Loaded T-Bolt CAC Bottom Pipe Assy		4
3-7-	1c	849001021	71mm Spring Loaded T-Bolt CAC Bottom Pipe Assy		4
3-7-	1d	851001002	Silicone Connector, 086mm, x 86mm x 5mm 4 Ply		1
3-7-	1e	851001007	Silicone Connector, 076mm x 100mm x 5mm 4 Ply		1
3-7-	1f	877001009	Plate, Restraint, 6.8"		2
3-7-	1g	890001153	CAC Top Pipe		1
3-7-	1h	851001042	Silicone Connector, 063.5mm x 130mm, 5mm 4 Ply		2
3-7-	1i	876001011	Clip, Jubilee, 50mm-70mm		2
3-7-	1j	888001169	JW Top Hose		1
3-7-	1k	888001170	JW Bottom Hose		1
3-7-	2	835001210	Assy, Top Anti-Recirculation Bracket		1
3-7-	3	835001212	Assy, Bottom Anti-Recirculation Bracket		1
3-7-	4	857021081	Overflow Hose		1
3-7-	5	859001005	M6 Serrated Flange Nut		10
3-7-	6	859001006	M8 Serrated Flange Nut		24
3-7-	7	860001022	Standard Lifting Eye (Small)		2
3-7-	8	862001004	Label, Lifting, "Radiator Only" – 80mm x 80mm		2
3-7-	9	862001005	Label, Logo and Serial Number		1
3-7-	10	869001150	Assy, Fill Line		1
3-7-	11	879001004	M6-1 x 25mm Hex Serrated Flanged Bolt		45
3-7-	12	879001013	M8-1.25 x 25mm Hex Serrated Flanged Bolt		24
3-7-	13	896001380	Assy, Complete Fan Guard		1
3-7-	14	897001468	Assy, Top Cowl Section		1
3-7-	15	897001470	Assy, Bottom Cowl Section		1
3-7-	16	899001342	Assy, Fan Cowl		1
3-7-	17	900001701	Assy, RHS Side-Member		1
3-7-	18	900001702	Assy, LHS Side-Member		1
3-7-	19	911001115	Assy, CAC Slab – Plate & Bar		1
3-7-	20	912001234	Assy, JW Slab – Plate & Bar		1

Figure 3-7. Coolpack, Radiator Assy 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).



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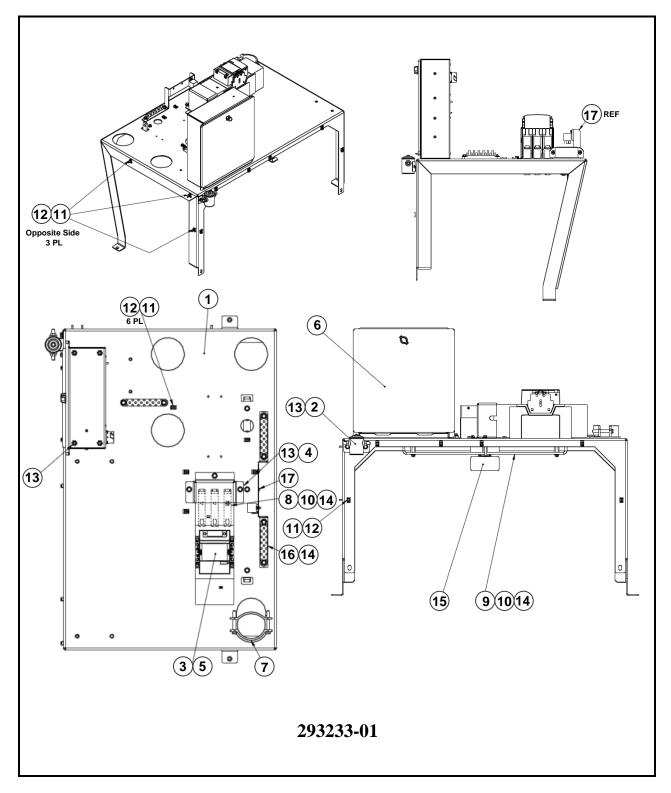


Figure 3-9. Single Output, Table Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGURE - ITEM NO.		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-9-		293233-01	Single Output, Table Assembly, 4400-T4		REF
3-9-	1	293234	Output Stand		1
3-9-	2	CA11386	Contactor, Starter, 24VDC		1
3-9-	3	CA11372	Contactor, 400Hz [Fasten with supplier hardware]		1
3-9-	4	293218	Guard, Single Contactor		1
3-9-	5	CA11474	Terminal Shroud [Fasten with supplier hardware]		2
3-9-	6	293248	Control Module Box Assembly		1
3-9-	7	CY11387	Strain Relief		1
3-9-	8	293050	Busbar, Contactor		3
3-9-	9	293051	Busbar, Grounded		1
3-9-	10		Hex Standoff, M6 x 40mm, Nylon		6
3-9-	11		Tie-Down, Black		15
3-9-	12		Screw, FLT HD Hex SOC, M4 x 16 mm		15
3-9-	13		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 12 LG, GR10.9		9
3-9-	14		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 20 LG, GR10.9		18
3-9-	15	293116	Busbar, Finger Guard		2
3-9-	16	293202	Harness, Output Table		1
3-9-	17	*293197	Schematic, Engine Drive, 4400-T4		REF
3-9-	18	*293288-01	Kit, Relay Output (Single Output)		1
*Item N	Not III	ustrated			

Figure 3-9. Single Output, Table Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).



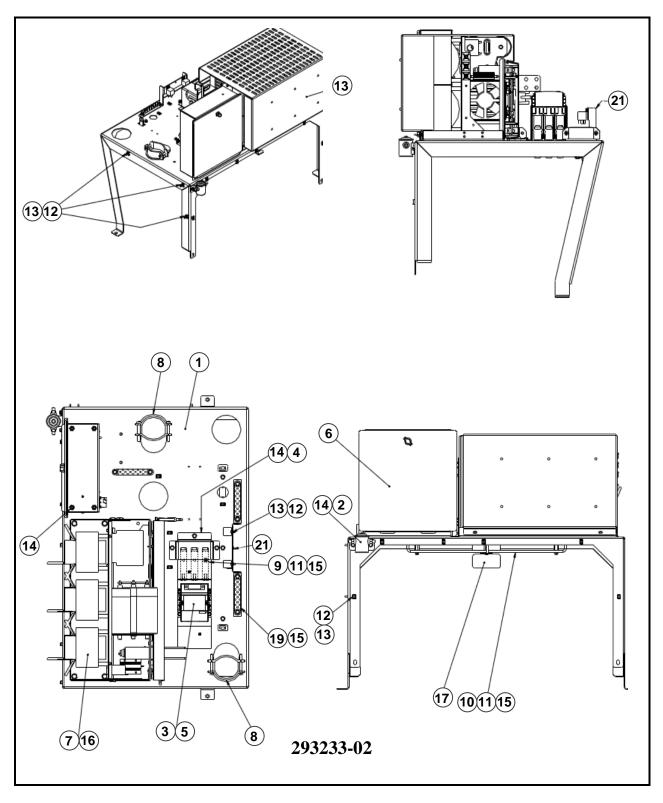


Figure 3-10. Single Output Table Assembly, W/28VDC ARU 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGURE ITEM NO.		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATIER		QTY.
3-10-		293233-02	Single Output, Table Assembly, W/28VDC ARU, 4400-T4		REF
3-10-	1	293234	.Output Stand		1
3-10-	2	CA11386	Contactor, Starter, 24VDC		1
3-10-	3	CA11372	Contactor, 400Hz [Fasten with supplier hardware]		1
3-10-	4	293218	Guard, Single Contactor		1
3-10-	5	CA11474	Terminal Shroud, [Fasten with supplier hardware]		2
3-10-	6	293248	.Control Module Box Assembly		1
3-10-	7	543280	Rectifier Assembly		1
3-10-	8	CY11387	Strain Relief		2
3-10-	9	293050	Busbar, Contactor		3
3-10-	10	293051	Busbar, Ground		1
3-10-	11		Hex Standoff, M6 x 40 mm Nylon		6
3-10-	12		Tie-Down, Black		15
3-10-	13		Flt Hd Hex Soc Screw, M4-16mm		15
3-10-	14		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 12 LG, GR10.9		9
3-10-	15		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 20 LG, GR10.9		18
3-10-	16		Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 20 LG, GR10.9		4
3-10-	17	293116	Finger Guard, Busbar		2
3-10-	18	293154	Guard Front, ARU		1
3-10-	19	293201-02	Harness, Output Table		1
3-10-	20	293113	Cable Assembly, ARU		1
3-10-	21	293288-02	Kit, Output Relay		1
3-10-	22	293197	Schematic, Engine Drive, 4400-T4		1
3-10-	23	293288-02	Kit, Relay Output (Single Output & ARU)		1

Figure 3-9. Single Output Table Assembly, W/28VDC ARU 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).



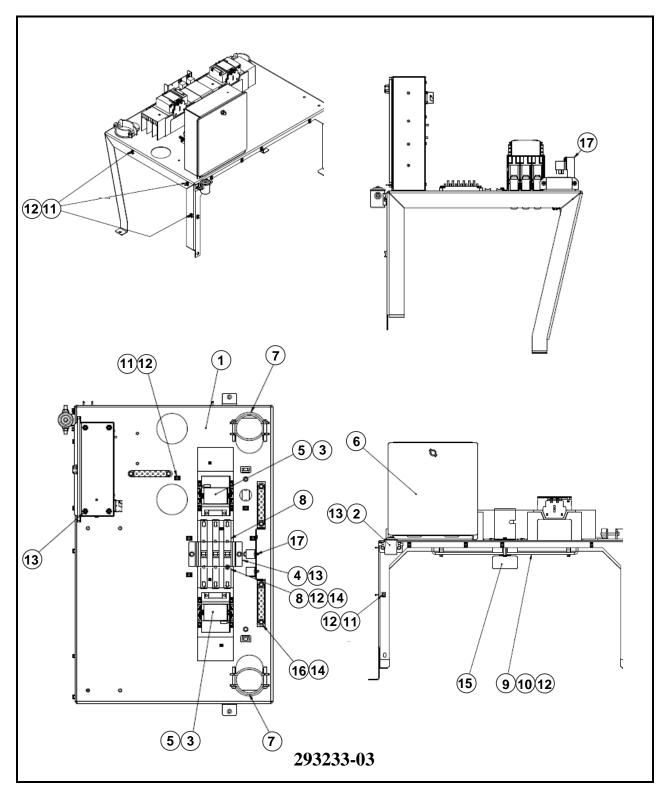


Figure 3-11. Dual Output, Table Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.			
3-11-	293233-03	Dual Output, Table Assembly, 4400-T4		REF			
3-11- 1	293234	.Output Stand		1			
3-11- 2	CA11386	Contactor, Starter, 24VDC		1			
3-11- 3	CA11372	Contactor, 400Hz		2			
3-11- 4	293219	Guard, Dual Contactor		1			
3-11- 5	CA11474	Terminal Shroud		4			
3-11- 6	293248	Control Module Box Assembly (See Figure 3-)		1			
3-11- 7	CY11387	Strain Relief		2			
3-11- 8	293050	Busbar, Contactor		6			
3-11- 9	293051	Busbar, Ground		1			
3-11- 10		Hex Standoff, M6 x 40mm, Nylon		6			
3-11- 11		Tie-Down, Black		15			
3-11- 12		Flt Hd Hex Soc Screw, M4-16mm		15			
3-11- 13		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 12 LG, GR10.9		8			
3-11- 14		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 20 LG, GR10.9		18			
3-11- 15	293116	Finger Guard, Busbar		2			
3-11- 16	293202	Harness, Output Table		1			
3-11- 17	*293197	Schematic, Engine Drive, 4400-T4		REF			
3-11- 18	*293288-03	Kit, Relay Output (Dual Output)		1			
* Maria Nijak IIII. sakasaka d							

^{*} Item Not Illustrated

Figure 3-11. Dual Output, Table Assembly, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).



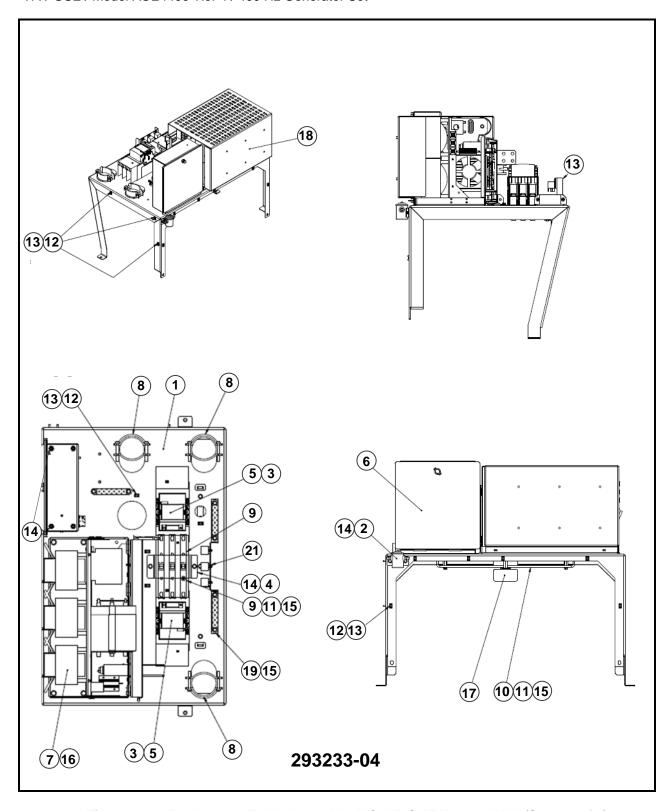


Figure 3-12. Dual Output, Table Assembly, W/28VDC ARU, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).



FIGURE ITEM NO.		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-12-		293233-04	Dual Output Table Assembly, W/28VDC ARU, 4400-T4		REF
3-12-	1	293234	.Output Stand		1
3-12-	2	CA11386	Contactor, Starter, 24VDC		1
3-12-	3	CA11372	Contactor, 400Hz		2
3-12-	4	293219	Guard, Dual Contactor		1
3-12-	5	CA11474	Terminal Shroud		4
3-12-	6	293248	Control Module Box Assembly (See Figure 3-)		1
3-12-	7	AP-543280	Rectifier		1
3-12-	8	CY11387	Strain Relief		3
3-12-	9	293050	Busbar, Contactor		6
3-12-	10	293051	Busbar, Ground		1
3-12-	11		Hex Standoff, M6 x 40mm, Nylon		6
3-12-	12		Tie-Down, Black		18
3-12-	13		Flt Hd Hex Soc Screw, M4-16mm		15
3-12-	14		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 12 LG, GR10.9		8
3-12-	15		Hex Flg Bolt, M6-1 x 20 LG, GR10.9		18
3-12-	16		Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 20 LG, GR10.9		4
3-12-	17	293116	Finger Guard, Busbar		2
3-12-	18	293154	Guard, Front, ARU		1
3-12-	19	293202	Harness, Output Table		1
3-12-	20	*293197	Schematic, Engine Drive, 4400-T4		REF
3-12-	21	*293113	Cable Assembly, ARU		1
3-12-	22	*293233-04	Kit, Relay Output (Dual Output & ARU)		1
* Item I	Not III	ustrated			

Figure 3-12. Dual Output, Table Assembly, W/28VDC ARU, 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).



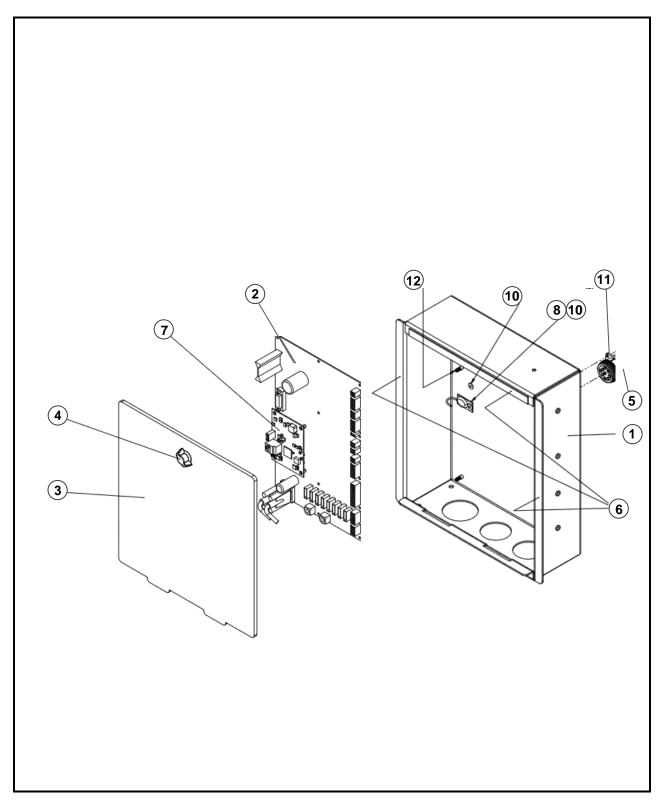


Figure 3-13. Control Module Box Assembly 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).

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FIGUR ITEM N		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-13-		293248	Control Module Box Assembly		REF
3-13-	1	293249	.Control Box		1
3-13-	2	579534	Diesel Interface Board		1
3-13-	3	293026	Control Box Cover		1
3-13-	4	288023	Knob Wing Latch		1
3-13-	5	293198	Harness, Cummins Dongle		1
3-13-	6	IN5066	Closed Cell Sponge with Adhesive, ½" X 1/8"		A/R
3-13-	7	579526-44	Control Board		1
3-13-	8	579533	EEPROM Board		1
3-13-	9	*293197	.Schematic, Engine Drive		REF
3-13-	10	KH0118	Pop Rivet, 3/16 Dia, (1/8-1/4 Grip)		1
3-13-	11	WI1223-002	#6-32 x 3/8 PH PAN HD T/C		4
3-13-	12	SSC-4-12-SSA	Snap-On Standoff		1

Figure 3-13. Control Module Box Assembly 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).

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^{*} Item Not Illustrated



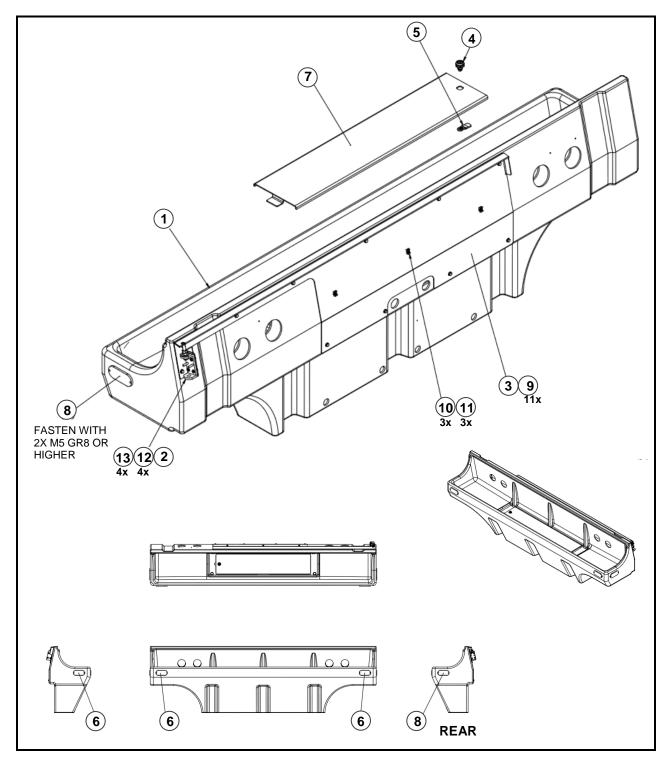


Figure 3-14. Cable Tray Assembly, Left Side 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).

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	FIGURE ITW GSE ITEM NO. PART NO.		NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-14-	1	293086	Cable Tray, Assembly, Left Side		REF
3-14-	2	293193	Compression Latch, Modified		1
3-14-	3	293077-01	Heat Shield, Cable Tray		1
3-14-	4	KH11192	Cam Latch, Hex Head 8-32; NEMA 4		1
3-14-	5	KH11191	Cam Grip Latch		1
3-14-	6	408665-02	Reflector, Amber, Oblong		3
3-14-	7	293013	Battery Cover		1
3-14-	8	408665-01	Reflector, Red, Oblong		1
3-14-	9	HV5225	#14 x 1 Hex Washer TEK Screw		11
3-14-	10	FF11389	Tie-Down Black		3
3-14-	11	HM0620	M6-1 x 20mm LG PH FLT HD		3
3-14-	12	203494-007	M5 x 0.8 x 16 LG PH PN HD M/S		4
3-14-	13	286472-001	M5 x 0.8 Nut Hex Flange		4

Figure 3-14. Cable Tray Assembly, Left Side 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).



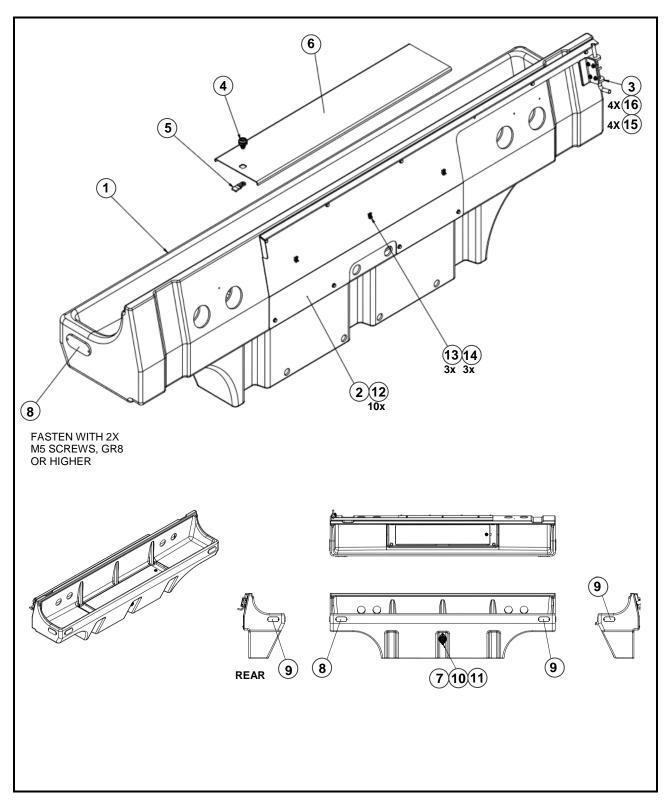


Figure 3-15. Cable Tray Assembly, Right Side 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).

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	FIGURE ITW GSE ITEM NO. PART NO.		NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	QTY.
3-15-	1	293087	Cable Tray Assembly, Right Side		REF
3-15-	2	293077-02	Heat Shield, Cable Tray		1
3-15-	3	KH11401	Compression Latch		1
3-15-	4	KH11192	Cam Latch, Hex Head 8-32; NEMA 4		1
3-15-	5	KH11191	Cam Grip Latch		1
3-15-	6	293013	Battery Cover		1
3-15-	7	SR11446	Battery Switch Disconnect		1
3-15-	8	408665-002	Reflector, Amber, Oblong		3
3-15-	9	408665-001	Reflector, Red, Oblong		1
3-15-	10	HGF0830	Hex Flg Bolt, M8-1.25 x 30 LG, GR10.9		2
3-15-	11	286473-004	Hex Nut W/Spring Washer, M8 x 1.25		2
3-15-	12	HV5225	#14 x 1 Hex Washer TEK Screw		11
3-15-	13	FF11389	Tie-Down Black		3
3-15-	14	HM0620	M6-1 x 20mm LG PH FLT HD		3
3-15-	15	203494-007	M5 x 0.8 x 16 LG PH PN HD M/S		4
3-15-	16	286472-001	M5 x 0.8 Nut Hex Flange		4

Figure 3-15. Cable Tray Assembly, Right Side 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).

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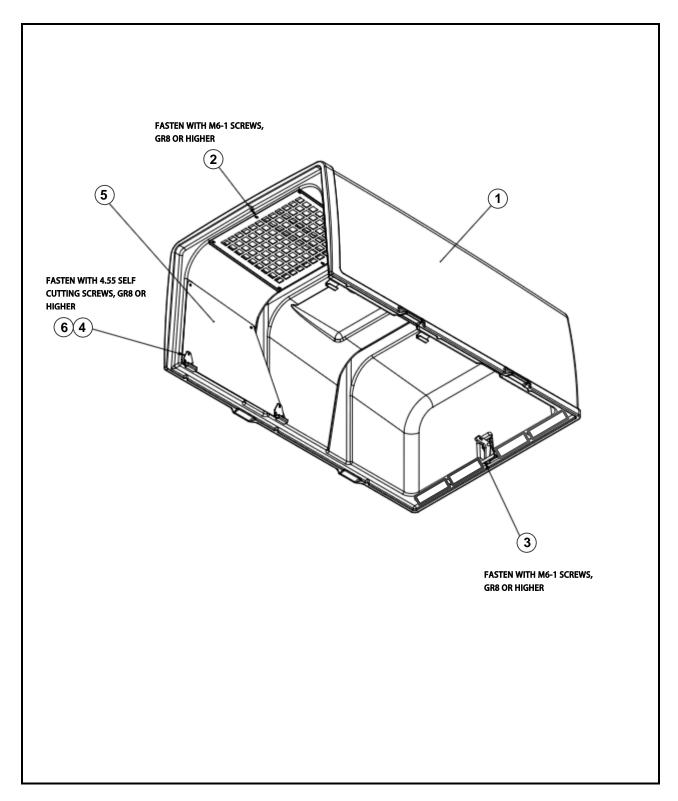


Figure 3-16. Top Canopy, Composite, Assembly 60-90 kVA (Sheet 1 of 2).

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FIGURE ITW GSE NOMENCLATURE ITEM NO. PART NO.		ITW GSE PART NO.	NOMENCLATURE	EFF.	
3-16-	1	293084	Top Canopy, Composite, Assembly		REF
3-16-	2	293020	Panel, Top Grid		1
3-16-	3	293078	Latch Assembly, Top Canopy		1
3-16-	4	293018	Hook Slide, Main Canopy		4
3-16-	5	293019	Heat Shield, Side, Top Canopy		1

Figure 3-16. Top Canopy, Composite Assembly 60-90 kVA (Sheet 2 of 2).

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Section 3 Numerical Index

1) Explanation of Numerical Index

The purpose of this index is to assist the user in finding the illustration and description of a part when the part number is known. Part numbers are arranged in alphanumerical sequence.

FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.
3-1-1	293292	3-1-9	293260
3-1-2	293178-XX	3-1-10	288023
3-1-3	293183	3-1-11	IN5156
3-1-4	293184	3-1-12	IN5066
3-1-5a	293086	3-1-13	281881-001
3-1-5b	293087	3-1-14	293008
3-1-6	293084	3-1-15	494295
3-1-7	293261	3-1-16	293238
3-1-8	293329	3-1-17	293081
3-1-8a	275190	3-1-18	293167
3-1-8b	275191	3-1-19	293047
3-1-8c	275192	3-1-20	293259-01
3-1-8d	275193	3-1-21	293259-02



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO
3-1-22	293188	3-2-1	293162
3-1-23	A051Y802	3-2-2	293292-02
3-1-24	A052B705	3-2-3	293292-03
3-1-25	293224	3-2-4	293292-04
3-1-26	293148	3-2-5	293292-05
3-1-27	293067	3-2-6	293292-06
3-1-28	288469-001	3-2-7	293292-07
3-1-29	293171	3-2-8	293292-08
3-1-29-1	293172	3-2-9	293292-09
3-1-29-2	GA11436	3-2-10	293292-10
3-1-29-3	HGF1020	3-2-11	293292-11
3-1-29-4	286472-004	3-2-12	293292-12
3-1-30	293230-XX	3-2-13	293292-13
3-1-31	293125-XX	3-2-14	293292-14
3-1-32	293098	3-2-15	293292-15
3-2-	293363	3-2-16	293292-16



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO
-2-17	293292-17	3-3-9	293091
3-2-18	293292-18	3-3-10	IL11359
3-2-19	293292-19	3-3-11	293335
3-2-20	293292-20	3-3-12	EB11439
3-2-21	293292-21	3-3-13	293192
3-2-22	293292-22	3-3-14	TA11449
3-3-	293177-XX	3-3-15	286472-004
3-3-1a	293178-01	3-3-16	CO5040
3-3-1b	293178-02	3-3-17	EC11611
3-3-2	293292	3-3-18	EC11613
3-3-3	293182	3-4-1a	293282
3-3-4	FI11399	3-4-1b	
3-3-5	293080	3-4-2	FB11360
3-3-6	VA11479	3-4-3	293004
3-3-7	TS11478	3-4-4	288460-004
3-3-8	HGF1030	3-4-5	VM11349



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW (
3-4-6	HGF150	3-4-22	290597-0
3-4-7	HGF1045	3-4-23	290597-0
3-4-8	HGRF300	3-4-24	293179
3-4-9	HGF1090	3-4-25	293191
3-4-10	HGF1625	3-4-26	293229
3-4-11	HGF0612	3-4-27	EC11501
3-4-12	HGF0820	3-4-28	EC11498
3-4-13	HGF0812	3-4-29	EC11503
3-4-14	HGF1030	3-4-30	EC11504
3-4-15	HGF0620	3-4-31	EC11502
3-4-16	HR11474	3-4-32	056535
3-4-17	HGF0830	3-4-33	W10869-01
3-4-18	286473-004	3-4-34	FM5059
3-4-19	HRKBA1	3-4-35	CY11609
3-4-20	293217	3-4-36	W10869-00
3-4-21	282918	3-4-37	W10869-00



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ı
3-4-38	EC11378	3-6-1a	2931
3-4-39	EC11379	3-6-1b	2931
3-4-40	293342-01	3-6-2	2931
3-4-41	293342-02	3-6-3	29318
3-4-42	293343	3-6-4	29318
3-5-	293091	3-6-5	29327
3-5-1	293090	3-6-6	293294
3-5-2	293094	3-6-7	293297
3-5-3	293092	3-6-8	AA6380
3-5-4	293093	3-6-9	HDW
3-5-5	293108	3-6-10	HDW
3-5-6	HGF0830	3-6-11	HDW
3-5-7	HGF0820	3-6-12	HDW
3-5-8	HGF0610	3-6-13	HDW
3-5-9	282182-005	3-6-14	EC1149
3-6-	293183	3-6-15	EC1149



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO
3-6-16	293377	3-6-37	293264
3-6-17	EC11489	3-6-38	EB5243
3-6-18	EC11490	3-6-39	CY5124
3-6-19	EC11491	3-6-41	293309-01
3-6-20	EC11492	3-6-42	293309-02
3-6-21	EC11493	3-6-43	IN11366
3-6-22	EC11497	3-7-	293277
3-6-23	TS11511	3-7-1	803001185
3-6-24	TS11513	3-7-1a	890001152
3-6-25	288187	3-7-1b	849001017
3-6-26	HDW	3-7-1c	849001021
3-6-31	W10869-014	3-7-1d	851001002
3-6-32	HDW	3-7-1e	851001007
3-6-34	FI5978	3-7-1f	877001009
3-6-35	W10869-002	3-7-1g	890001153
3-6-36	HDW	3-7-1h	851001042



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE
3-7-1i	876001011	3-7-15	897001470
3-7-1j	888001169	3-7-16	899001342
3-7-1k	555001170	3-7-17	900001701
3-7-2	835001210	3-7-18	900001702
3-7-3	835001212	3-7-19	911001115
3-7-4	857021081	3-7-20	912001234
3-7-5	859001005	3-9-	293233-01
3-7-6	859001006	3-9-1	293234
3-7-7	860001022	3-9-2	CA11386
3-7-8	862001004	3-9-3	CA11372
3-7-9	862001005	3-9-4	293218
3-7-10	869001150	3-9-5	CA11474
3-7-11	879001004	3-9-6	293248
3-7-12	879001013	3-9-7	CY11387
3-7-13	896001380	3-9-8	293050
3-7-14	897001468	3-9-9	293051



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PA
3-9-10	HDW	3-10-7	543280
3-9-11	HDW	3-10-8	CY11387
3-9-12	HDW	3-10-9	293050
3-9-13	HDW	3-10-10	293051
3-9-14	HDW	3-10-11	HDW
3-9-15	293116	3-10-12	HDW
3-9-16	293202	3-10-13	HDW
3-9-17	293197	3-10-14	HDW
3-9-18	293288-01	3-10-15	HDW
3-10-	293233-02	3-10-16	HDW
3-10-1	293234	3-10-17	293116
3-10-2	CA11386	3-10-18	293154
3-10-3	CA11372	3-10-19	293201-02
3-10-4	293218	3-10-20	293113
3-10-5	CA11474	3-10-21	293288-02
3-10-6	293248	3-10-22	293197



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART N
-10-23	293288-02	3-11-15	293116
3-11-	293233-03	3-11-16	293202
3-11-1	293234	3-11-17	293197
3-11-2	CA11386	3-11-18	293288-03
3-11-3	CA11372	3-12-	293233-04
3-11-4	293219	3-12-1	293234
3-11-5	CA11474	3-12-2	CA11386
3-11-6	293248	3-12-3	CA11372
3-11-7	CY11387	3-12-4	293219
3-11-8	293050	3-12-5	CA11474
3-11-9	293051	3-12-6	293248
3-11-10	HDW	3-12-7	AP-543280
3-11-11	HDW	3-12-8	CY11387
3-11-12	HDW	3-12-9	293050
3-11-13	HDW	3-12-10	293051
3-11-14	HDW	3-12-11	HDW

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FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO
3-12-12	HDW	3-13-5	293198
3-12-13	HDW	3-13-6	IN5066
3-12-14	HDW	3-13-7	579526-44
3-12-15	HDW	3-13-8	579533
3-12-16	HDW	3-13-9	293197
3-12-17	293116	3-13-10	KH0118
3-12-18	293154	3-13-11	WI1223-002
3-12-19	293202	3-13-12	SSV-4-12-SSA
3-12-20	293197	3-14-1	293086
3-12-21	293113	3-14-2	293193
3-12-22	293233-04	3-14-3	293077-01
3-13-	293248	3-14-4	KH11192
3-13-1	293249	3-14-5	KH11191
3-13-2	579534	3-14-6	408665-02
3-13-3	293026	3-14-7	293013
3-13-4	288023	3-14-8	408665-01



FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.	FIGUR ITEM N
3-14-9	HV5225	3-15-12
3-14-10	FF11389	3-15-13
3-14-11	HM0620	3-15-14
3-14-12	203494-007	3-15-15
3-14-13	286472-001	3-15-16
3-15-1	293087	3-16-1
3-15-2	293077-02	3-16-2
3-15-3	KH11401	3-16-3
3-15-4	KH11192	3-16-4
3-15-5	KH11191	3-16-5
3-15-6	293013	
3-15-7	SR11446	
3-15-8	408665-002	
3-15-9	408665-001	
3-15-10	HGF0830	
3-15-11	286473-004	

FIGURE ITEM NO.	ITW GSE PART NO.
3-15-12	HV5225
3-15-13	FF11389
3-15-14	HM0620
3-15-15	203494-007
3-15-16	286472-0001
3-16-1	293084
3-16-2	293020
3-16-3	293078
3-16-4	293018
3-16-5	293019



Chapter 4 Manufacturer's Literature

Vendor Literature

Туре	Diagram Description
Engine	Operation and Maintenance Manual (Cummins Bulletin # 4021531)
	Parts Catalog (Cummins Bulletin # 4056563) - not Included purchased separately from Cummins.

Diagram Number	Diagram Description
293197	Diagram, Schematic & Connection (These are located on 11x17 sheets at the back of the manual)

Contact ITW GSE if copies of these drawings or manuals are not with this manual (unless otherwise noted above). Refer to Appendix A for specific information on the ITW GSE 4400, 400 Hz. Generator Set, optional equipment.



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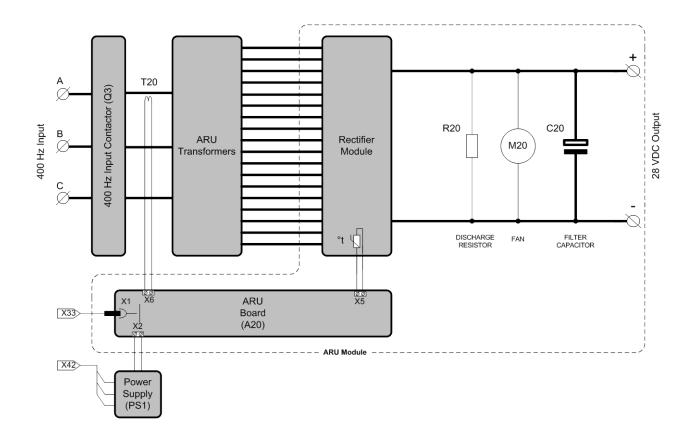


Appendix A Active Rectifier Unit (ARU)

All ITW GSE 4400 units can be equipped with a 28 VDC Active Rectifier Unit (ARU) output.

Both 400 Hz & 28 VDC outputs can be used simultaneously. The total continuous amount of power from the unit is calculated as the sum of 400 Hz and 28 VDC output and cannot exceed the total 400 Hz power rating of the unit.

A.1 General Description



A-1-1 Principle of 28 VDC ARU

The 28 VDC module is an Active Rectifier Unit which is supplied from the 400 Hz generator, where the 28 VDC output voltage is controlled regardless of the 400 Hz output voltage. The DC output current is calculated very precisely on the basis of the 400 Hz parameters using the current transformer T20, located on phase A at the power input.

Input Contactor (Q3):

The 400 Hz input power to the ARU is supplied and controlled via Q3. When this contactor is closed, 28.5 VDC power is supplied to the aircraft.



Power Supply (PS1):

The power to the ARU control board (A20) is isolated from the unit using a DC/DC power supply (PS1) which is rated at 24 VDC / 1 A. This module receives its power from the PC1 interface board, terminal X42.

ARU Transformers (T20):

The ARU transformers steps down the 3 phased 400 Hz voltage (3 x 200 Vac) to an appropriate level for obtaining 28 VDC at the output.

ARU Rectifier (PM20):

The output voltage is kept at 28 VDC by using thyristors, regardless of the input voltage level and the load.

ARU Board (A20):

The ARU Board interfaces with the processor board and the rest of the 28 VDC unit.

- Supplied from PS1 (X2)
- Connection to ARU control input on A2 (X1)
- Control of thyristors.
- Measures the output voltage.
- Opens and closes the 400 Hz Input Contactor Q3
- Interface for heatsink thermostat (X5)
- Input for current transformer T20 (X6)

Resistor (R20):

The discharge resistor R20 is part of the output filter stage and discharges the capacitor C20, when the unit is turned off.

Filter Capacitors (C20)

The output filter capacitors are also part of the output filter stage and secures that the AC ripple is kept to a minimum, less than 2% at the output.

Fan (M20)

The fan M20 is part of the total forced cooling of the unit, the primary task for the fan is to cool down the rectifier module.



A.2 Connection of Cables



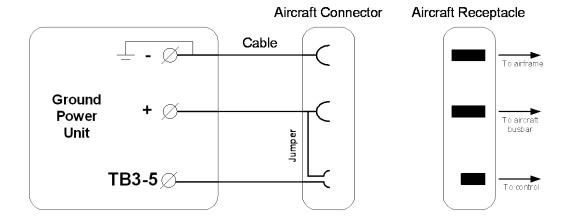
Fig. A-2-1 Connection of Cables

Recommended output cable to the aircraft is 2 x 4/0 (95 mm²) for continuous loads up to 400 amps (as shown above) and 4 x 4/0 (95 mm²) for higher continuous loads.

A.3 Safety Interlock

To ensure personnel health and safety, the converter is equipped with an interlock system.* The system ensures that the output only stays engaged as long as the plug is inserted into the aircraft receptacle. (As long as 28 VDC is present at terminal strip TB3 lug 5.)

*This option requires a "split-C" connector, which is typically a special order from most aircraft cable manufacturers.



A-3-1 Standard wiring diagram



For service, maintenance and test purposes, the interlock system can be by-passed via the display setup. To ensure personnel health and safety, the converter automatically returns into normal mode once it receives a 28 VDC voltage at terminal TB3-5. (e.g. when the plug is connected to an aircraft.)

Note!

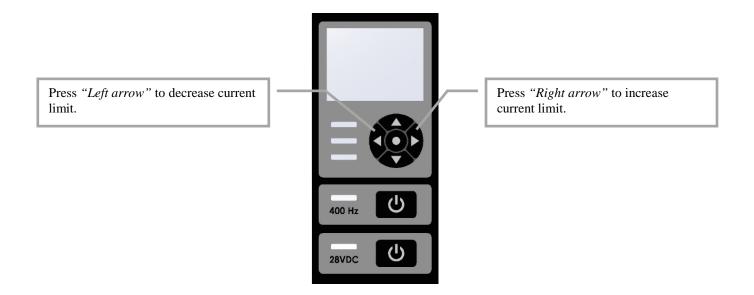
In order for the interlock to work correctly, the negative busbar <u>must</u> have a connection to the ground block. (The ARU comes equipped with this connection already made, but it might have been removed to meet other requirements.) If the interlock is not going to be used, a minimum of an 18AWG wire should be connected from the + busbar to Terminal 3 lug 5 (wire 34).

A.4 Operator's Instruction

The 28 VDC ARU is operated by means of the Display / Keyboard Interface. Please refer to Chapter 1-3 section 3 (ARU Operators Instructions).

A.5 Operating the unit

- To adapt the 28 VDC output power to different types of aircraft, it is possible to set a maximum DC current level in selectable steps of 50, 100, 200 and 300 A. The actual step size is selected in the Setup Menu.
- NOTE! The unit remembers the last current limit value that was selected. Make sure this value
 is not too high for the aircraft being powered.



Insert the aircraft cable into the aircraft. Make sure the cable is inserted till you feel a natural
resistance. The plug may be equipped with an Aircraft Connector switch (Split-C or micro-switch). In
this case, the ARU will not turn on if the plug is not fully inserted.



• Press the 28 VDC Start/Stop button



The unit is now in operation and ready to supply the aircraft with power. This is also

indicated via the green LED located close to the 28 VDC Start/Stop button

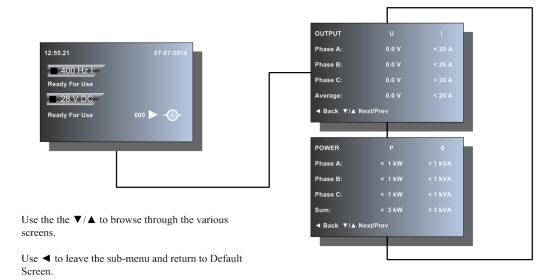




- If the unit shuts off and no longer is supplying power to the aircraft, this is reported in clear text in the display. Also a corrective action is displayed.
- During operation, various parameters can be viewed via the display. Use the navigation keys ▼ ▲
 to browse through the available screens:



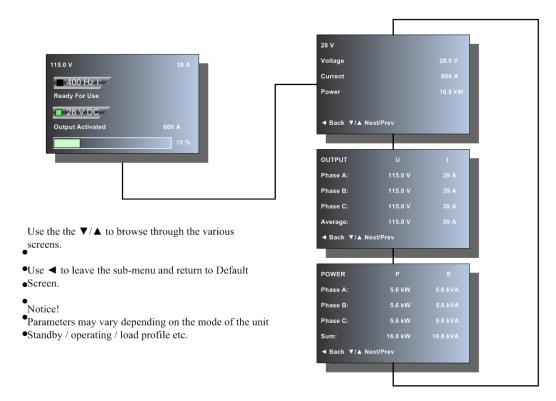
Default Display Screen Standby



Notice!

Parameters may vary depending on the mode of the unit Standby / operating / load profile etc.

Default Display Screen Operating





• After operation, the unit has to be turned off before removing the aircraft plug.

Press the 28 VDC Start/Stop button



• The aircraft cable can now be removed from the aircraft and placed at the cable rest position.

Note!

Please note that the 28 VDC Start/Stop button

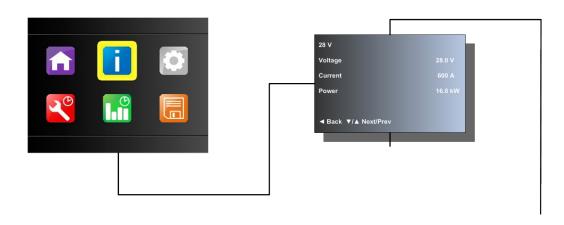


also functions as a Reset push button.

If, for some reason, the unit stops due to an error / failure, press the Start/Stop/Reset to reset the unit, once the fault number and message have been recorded and reported to maintenance. Note that this will remove the fault message from the screen if it is no longer active. (The Black Box will still have a record of the actual fault)

A.6 Additional menu items for ARU

Parameters - ARU additional parameters



Use the the ∇/Δ to browse through the various screens.

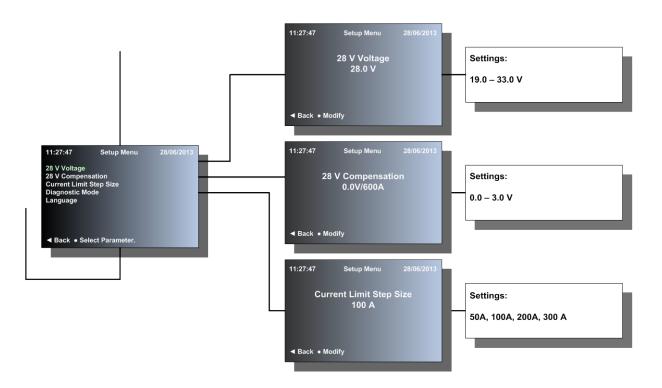
Use ◀ to leave the sub-menu and return to basic Icon Menu.

Notice!

Parameters may vary depending on the mode of the unit Standby / operating / load profile etc.



Setup - ARU additional parameters



A.7 ARU Default Factory Settings:

28 V Voltage (V): 28.0

28 V Compensation (V/600 A): 0.0 (Set if GPU is supplied with cable)

28 V Current Limit (A): 800 A

Output Mode: Simultaneous

Fan Control: Normal

Plug Temperature: Normally Open

A.8 28V Voltage:



This Setup submenu allows the 28 volt output to be adjusted between 19.0 VDC and 33.0 VDC using the UP and DOWN navigation buttons. (Please note that the acceptable voltage range for all commercial DC powered aircraft is 26V to 29V.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the 28V Voltage submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

A.9 28V Compensation:

DC voltage drops quickly as the current increases over a given length of cable. This Setup submenu allows the 28 volt output to be automatically adjusted as the load increases. The allowed setting is between 0.0 and 3.0 VDC at the rated continuous load of the unit. Note that the maximum output voltage of the unit is 33 VDC.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the 28V Compensation submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.

A.10 Current Limit Step Size:

If too much current is supplied to an engine, it is possible for the engine to shear the engines propeller shaft. This Setup submenu is used to set the default limit for the amount of current that the 28 VDC module will supply to start the aircrafts engine. Typically this value is set to the maximum current of the smallest aircraft the unit will service. If more current is required for larger aircraft, then the operator can adjust the current limit using the UP and Down buttons at the bottom of the operator panel. The current limit settings are from 300 amps to 2000 amps in steps of 50/100/200/300 amps. This menu selects the size of the steps that the operator uses to adjust the current limit before turning on the 28 VDC to the aircraft.

Enter the Setup Menu and then scroll up or down to the Current Limit Step Size submenu. Press the center ● button to enter the submenu, and then press the ● button again to allow the value to be changed. Press the up or down arrow buttons to change the selection. Press the center ● button to record the new value. Press the LEFT arrow button to exit the submenu and return to the submenu list.



A.11 Specifications

Output:

Voltage : 28 VDC

Current : 600 A continuously

Voltage regulation : < 0.5% Voltage ripple : < 2%

Voltage transient recovery : Complies with ISO 6858 / MIL-704F

Overload capability : 1200 A for 30 seconds

1800 A for 10 seconds 2000 A for 5 seconds

To protect the aircraft, the output voltage is decreased by 1 V per 300 A in the overload range (400-2400 A).

Setup:

: 19-33 V Output voltage

Voltage compensation : 0-3 V per 600 A

Current limit : 300-2000 A in selectable steps of 50A, 100A, 200A or 300A

Protections:

Rectifier temperature to high

Short circuit at output

Over-and under voltage at output in case:

U < 20 VDC for more than 4 seconds

U > 32 VDC for more than 4 seconds

U > 40 VDC for more than 150 ms

Physical:

Additional weight to unit: 137 kg (300 pounds)

Appendix A August 5, 2016



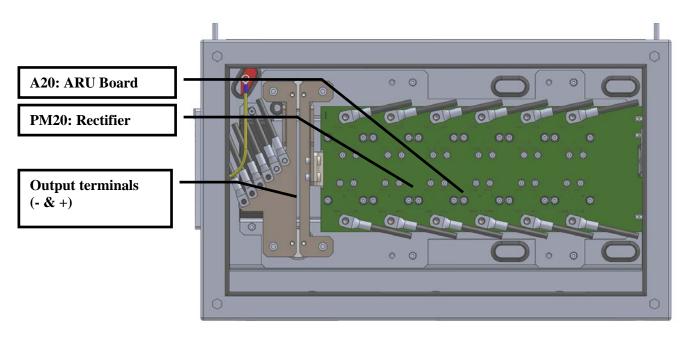


Figure A13-1 Front View (ARU)

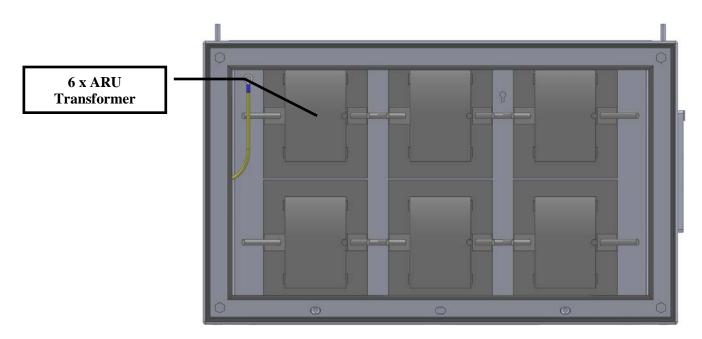


Figure A13-2 Rear View (ARU)



Appendix B Options

The following is a list of options available for the ITW GSE 4400, 400 Hz. Tier 4F Generator Set. This chart contains the description and part number of the option. The description of each option follows on the pages below.

Option/Features Available	
Description	Part Number
Kit, Battery Blanket, 120V	293230-001
Kit, Battery Blanket 240 Volt	293230-002
Kit, Wheel Chock	289105
Kit, Clearance Lights	293098
Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Amber	293109-001
Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Blue	293109-002
Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Clear	293109-003
Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Red	293109-004
Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Amber	293100-001
Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Blue	293100-002
Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Clear	293100-003
Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Red	293100-004
Military Interlock	293104
Kit, Block Heater 120 V	293125-001
Kit, Block Heater 240V	293125-002
DIN40 Towbar	293148
Tie-Down Ring Option	293192

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293230-001 Kit, Battery Blanket, 120V

This option adds an independently powered 120 VAC powered battery blanket on top of the batteries in the right cable tray.

293230-002 Kit, Battery Blanket, 240V

This option adds an independently powered 240 VAC powered battery blanket on top of the batteries in the right cable tray.

289105 Kit, Wheel Chocks

This option adds two wheel chocks with cables to the unit.

293098 Kit, Clearance Lights

This option adds a blue clearance light to the four top corners of the canopy.

293109-001	Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Amber
293109-002	Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Blue
293109-003	Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Clear
293109-004	Kit, Beacon, Unit Operating, Red

This option adds the selected color beacon light to the top of the front canopy. These beacons are delivered with a flashing light. If a steady light is desired, the jumper in the bottom of the light should be cut.

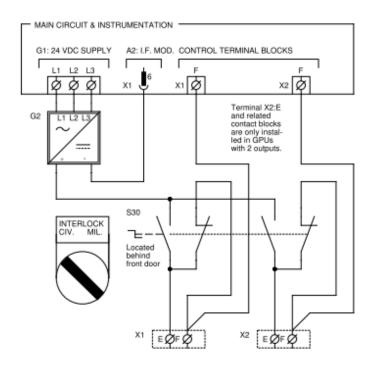
293100-001	Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Amber
293100-002	Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Blue
293100-003	Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Clear
293100-004	Kit, Beacon, Low Fuel, Red

This option adds the selected color beacon light to the top of the front canopy. These beacons are delivered with a flashing light. If a steady light is desired, the jumper in the bottom of the light should be cut.



293104 Kit, Military Interlock

For military aircraft, the interlock system must be switched from civilian interlock to military interlock by means of selector switch (S30) behind the front door. The GPU thereafter delivers 28 VDC on the E pin and this voltage is returned to the F pin by the aircraft.



Standard wiring diagram for military interlock

Note!

This option requires a 400 Hz cable **without** the E&F jumper in the connector head.

293125-001 Kit, Block Heater, 120V

This option adds an independently powered 120 VAC powered block heater to the engine.

293125-002 Kit, Block Heater, 240V

This option adds an independently powered 240 VAC powered block heater to the engine.

293143 DIN40 Tow bar

This option replaces the standard towbar with a 40mm diameter eye version.



Appendix C Wet Stacking in Generator Set

Diesel Engines

All diesel engines operated for extended periods under light load may develop a condition commonly referred to as wet stacking. This condition results from the accumulation of unburned fuel in the exhaust system. It is recognizable by fuel oil wetness around the exhaust manifold, pipes, and muffler, as well as, excessive soot around the exit point area. Liquid fuel, in the form of droplets, may be also be spewed from the exhaust outlet.

Wet stacking is common, and may be expected in diesel engines operated under light load. Light loads do not allow the engine to reach the most efficient operating temperature for complete combustion of fuel. The unburned fuel collects in the exhaust system to create the wet condition known as wet-stacking.

To alleviate wet stacking in lightly loaded engines, it is recommended that the machine be connected to a load bank after each 200 hours of use and operated under full rated load for one hour. This will burn away and evaporate the accumulation of fuel in the exhaust system. This clean-out procedure should be considered as a regular maintenance operation for machines operated under light loads. The time schedule of 200 hours may be changed as required to suit each user's particular needs and operating conditions.



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Appendix D Operating in Unusual Service Conditions

This information is a general guideline and cannot cover all possible conditions of equipment use. The specific local environments may be dependent upon conditions beyond the manufacturer's control. The manufacturer should be consulted if any unusual conditions of use exist which may affect the physical condition or operation of the equipment or safety to surrounding personnel.

Among such conditions are:

1) Exposure to:

- a) Combustible, explosive, abrasive or conducting dusts.
- b) Environments where the accumulation of lint or excessive dirt will interfere with normal ventilation.
- c) Chemical fumes, flammable, or explosive gases.
- d) Nuclear radiation.
- e) Steam, salt-laden air, or oil vapor.
- **f)** Damp or very dry locations, radiant heat, vermin infestation, or atmospheres conducive to fungus growth.
- g) Abnormal shock, vibration or mechanical loading from external sources during equipment operation.
- h) Abnormal axial or side thrust imposed on rotating equipment shafts.
- i) Low and/or high ambient temperatures.
- j) High electromagnetic fields

2) Operation at:

- a) Voltages above or below rated voltage.
- **b)** Speeds other than rated speed.
- **c)** Frequency other than rated frequency.
- **d)** Standstill with rotating equipment windings energized.
- e) Unbalanced voltages.
- f) Operation at loads greater than rated.

3) Operation where low acoustical noise levels are required.

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4) Operation with:

- a) Improper fuel, lubricants or coolant.
- **b)** Parts or elements unauthorized by the manufacturer.
- **c)** Unauthorized modifications.
- 5) Operation in poorly ventilated areas.

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Appendix E Initial Software Installation Procedure

Introduction:

The Hobart 4400 GPU contains two circuit boards that may need to be programmed if they are replaced. (The Control Board (P/N AP-579526) and the Display Board (P/N AP-579536). This document instructs you how to perform this task. Make sure to program the boards with the correct software number and revision. (This software should have been supplied by the Technical Support group.) Install the Control Board software first, then the Display Board software.

First time programming of the Control Board (P/N AP-579526):

- 1) Make sure the Control Board is installed onto the Interface Board (P/N AP-279534), and the GPU is powered.
- 2) Copy the correct Control Board software onto a USB stick. The file must be located in the root folder of the USB stick, and the filename must be *XXXXX.itw*. Other files, e.g. the Display Board software, may also be on the USB stick.
- 3) Inspect the blue LED next to the USB socket on the Control Board. The blue LED must be flashing in a sequence of two rapid flashes, then a pause, then two rapid flashes, and so on.
- 4) Insert the USB stick into the USB socket on the Control Board. Check that the blue LED turns off. Wait until the blue LED turns on (this may take some time).
- 5) When the blue LED turns constantly on, the software has been programmed into the Control Board. Remove the USB stick from the Control Board.

If the blue LED is constantly on, the Control Board has already been programmed. Use the update function on the Display Board to program the Control Board. (The Display Board must be programmed first)

If the blue LED is flashing slowly in a sequence of one flash, a pause, one flash and so on, the microcontroller on the Control Board has lost its internal programming, most likely due to a faulty or missing battery. Contact Hobart technical support and request a replacement control board.

First time programming of the Display Board (P/N AP-579536):

- 1) Make sure that switch 1 on DIP-switch SW2 is in the ON position. This allows access to the Display Board menu.
- Copy the correct Display Board software onto a USB stick. The Display Board software
 consists of two files: a XXXXX.itw file, and a file like AAxxxxxx.pbe, where xxxxxx is a
 number.
- 3) Do not change the filenames. The two files will only work together.
- 4) The files must be located in the root folder of the USB stick. Other files, e.g. the Control Board software, may also be on the USB stick.

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- 5) Insert the USB stick into the USB socket on the Display Board.
- 6) Press and hold the center navigation key on the GPU to access the update function.
- 7) Press the center navigation key again to confirm the software update.
- 8) Wait for the software update to complete. Press the center navigation key when instructed to reset the Display Board.
- 9) If the software update does not complete, start over from step 4.

Verify the software is installed correctly.

- 1) Hold the center navigation key to access the menu on the Display Board.
- 2) Access the Parameter Info, and navigate up/down to the Unit Information page.
- 3) Verify that the display reports the expected software number and revision for both Display Board (Display FW) and Control Board (Control FW).

Possible issues that may be encountered during this procedure:

- Error 201 "CRITICAL: Memory Error. Call Technician".
 This is caused by the Control Board being unable to read the GPU configuration from the EEprom Board (P/N 579.533). The error should disappear after the configuration step. If the error persists even after configuring the GPU (remember to save), the EEprom Board may be defective.
- Error 250 "Update Failed". This is caused by an issue that may happen during the Display Board software update. Perform the software update again.
- The Setup Tool is unable to connect to the GPU. Using the Display Board menu, make sure the GPU Ethernet settings are set correctly. The correct settings are:

Ethernet mode: Manual
IP Address: 192.168.1.100
Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway: No significance
DNS 1: No significance

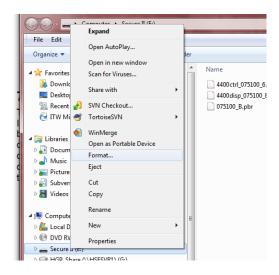
- The displays shows the "COMMUNICATION ERROR" screen.
 - This is caused by a failure in CAN-bus communication between the Control Board and the Display Board, usually because the Control Board is not programmed or has halted its execution. Check for faulty/un-programmed Control Board (flashing blue LED), and replace or program if necessary. Check that the cable from the Display Board to the Interface Board is fully seated at both ends, and try restarting the GPU. If the issue persists, try replacing the Control Board even if the blue LED is not flashing.
- The unit can't detect the USB stick or read any files on it. Reformat the USB stick using the below procedure and then copy the needed files back into the root folder.

1. Insert the USB stick into a computers USB port.

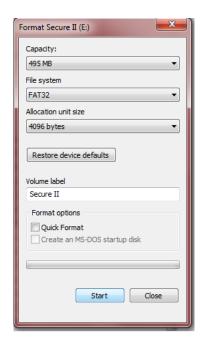
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- 2. Open the File Explorer window and right click on the drive for the USB stick.
- 3. select, 'Format...'.



Another window will come up.

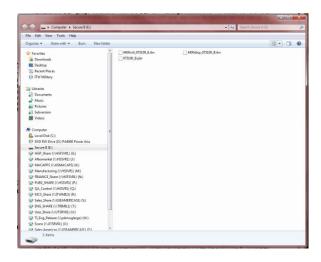


4. Set File system to FAT32 and make sure that Quick Format is NOT clicked. Press start.



(The USB should function without issue after the format is complete. This may take several minutes to complete on larger drives.)

5. Copy the files into the root drive and it is ready.



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HOBART 4400

Mobile diesel-driven 60 & 90 kVA GPU Cummins QSB4.5 diesel engine ITW GSE Generator TIER 4 Final / EU STAGE 4



Specifications

HOBART 4400 mobile diesel-driven 60 kVA & 90 kVA GPU

Engine

- Cummins QSB4.5 diesel engine operating at 2000 RPM
- · Tier 4 Final / EU Stage 4 compliant
- Turbocharged 4-stroke, inline 4 cylinder common rail fuel system
- Full application approval by Cummins
- 24 VDC battery system
- Electronic governor system (via the engine's ECM)
- Intake manifold pre-heater for cold weather starting
- HP: 155 (90 kVA), HP 110 (60 kVA)

Engine Protection

- Low oil pressure shutdown
- High coolant temperature shutdown
- · Low coolant level warning
- · Intake air restriction indication
- Low fuel warning

Environmental

- Operating temperature: -25°F to +125°F (-32°C to +52°C)
- Relative humidity: 10-95% non-condensing
- No altitude derating required up to 12,000 ft. (3,658 meters) when running in normal operating range

Performance

- Continuous rating: 60 kVA (48 kW)
 90 kVA (72 kW), 3 phase, 4 wire, 115/200 V
- Meets or exceeds MIL-STD-704F, SAE ARP5015A and ISO 6858 power quality requirements
- Line drop compensation assures proper voltage at aircraft plug

Dimensions & Weight

- Length: 110.9" (2817 mm)
 Width: 66.2" (1681 mm)
 Height: 64.5" (1639 mm)
- 4200 lbs. (1905 kgs) dry weight, no cables, no ARU
- 4500 lbs. (2041 kgs) dry weight, no cables, with ARU

Color

 White canopy, black cable trays, galvanized chassis. Other colors available on request.

Specifications are subject to change without prior notice

HOBART is part of ITW GSE

- the world's leading supplier of Ground Support Equipment

Instrumentation

- Icon based ITW GSE user interface
- 5-Button directional menu arrow keypad
- Multiple language capability
- Simple operation / status / prompts
- Setup functions
- Engine data
- Output power data
- Fault data
- Memory recall

Electrical Characteristics

- Voltage regulation: ±1% no load to full load
- Voltage adjustment: ± 15 volts
- Max. line drop compensation: 5%
- Individual harmonic distortion:
 1% of the fundamental (RMS) voltage
- Total harmonic distortion:
 <2% of the fundamental (RMS) voltage
- Voltage & frequency transients meet MIL-STD-704F, SAE ARP5015A, and ISO 6858 (BS2G219)
- Phase voltage balance not to exceed 1% on a 3-phase balanced load and does not exceed 4% with 33% unbalanced load
- Frequency regulation: ± 2 Hz steady state

Protection

- Per MIL-STD-704F, SAE ARP5015, and ISO 6858
- 'Over / under voltage
- Over / under frequency
- Overload

Overload

- 80% load at PF > 0.8 1.0 Continuous
- 100% load at PF > 0.7 0.8 Continuous
- 100% load at PF > 0.8 1.0 5 Minutes
- 100% to 120% load (PF 0.7 0.8) 10 Seconds
- 120% to 150% load (PF 0.7 0.8) + 2 Seconds
- Individual outputs: 217/325 amps, 5 minutes (60/90 kVA)

Standard Features

- ITW GSE designed and manufactured generator
- ITW GSE user interface
- Fifth wheel steering
- No load shut down
- 53 gallon fuel tank (200 L) with at least 8 hrs. run time at max full load
- Fork lift pockets
- Tow bar with parking brake
- Sliding canopy for ease of access

Standards

- EPA Tier 4(f)/CARB Tier 4
- EU Stage IV
- MIL-STD-704F, SAE ARP5015 and ISO 6858
- BS2G219
- ISO 9001-Certified manufacturer
- CE certified

Options

- 28.5 VDC Active rectifier (simultaneous operation with 400 Hz), 600 amps continuous, 2000 amps peak
- Unit operating beacon
- Low fuel beacon
- Clearance lights
- · Block heater
- · Battery blanket
- Second 400 Hz output
- DIN40 towing eye
- Military Interlock
- Towbar Interlock
- Tie down rings

