

How do you start the conservation? Talking to immigrant families about mental health.

Before you start: How do you "show up"?

How are you presenting yourself? What message (verbal and nonverbal) are you sending?

□ Note your own biases.

- Are you placing your own values on the client?
- What assumptions are you making?
- What is the core 'task' that needs to be accomplished?
 - Do you have a game plan for multiple possible outcomes?
- Are you curious, asking questions and prepared to have your assumptions challenged?

□ Are you prepared?

- Do you know the facts (correct pronunciation of names, age, language)
- Do you know the background about the situation you are addressing (avoid having to 'phone a friend' and consult with someone else at the agency mid conversation)
- Do you know about the community you are engaging with? How might they perceive a person in your role? What meaning might they make or explanation may they have of the situation or presenting problem? (Do they consider it a problem?)
- Do you have background about the client/student? (how long they have been here, who guardians are, has there been a family separation?)
- Do you have supplies that you need? (consent forms, referral information, pens, fidget items, coloring pages for kids, snacks?)

□ Are you present?

- Do you have time?
- Are you engaged and focused on the conversation?
- Are you observing and listening for what's not being said?
- Are you balancing safety with meeting needs?
- Are you authentic and genuine?
- Are you taking good notes- collecting the relevant information?

□ Are you effectively meeting needs?

- Have you explained your role and why you are meeting?
- Are you asking meaningful questions?
- What can you offer the client/family/student? What creative solutions are there?
- What you can you comprise on?
- Are you prepared if the situation escalates?
- Are you prepared with local, appropriate resources and support?

Remember to keep the conversation brief, direct but kind and solution-focused.

Humor and sarcasm are often lost in cross cultural communication.

Remember to use best practices with an interpreter if interpretation is required (avoid using younger children to translate!)



What do you say?

	My name is I work for, my job is to
Defining your role	Example: My name is Ms. Sarah. I am the social worker at <u>Las Americas</u> . Do you know what a social worker does? Yes, I do thatI am a special social worker/I have the best job in the whole world because, I get to listen when you are having a bad day and help solve problems together.
	Role: My most important job is to help keeps <u>students</u> safe so that they can learn, grow
	Clear boundaries: The things we talk about our private, but I have to keep you and your child/family safe so sometimes I have to ask other helpers I do not ever report things to immigration. I do not have any contact with immigration. A school is a safe place.
Clarifying and validating:	I have worked with families from other countries for many years. I would love to learn more about your family. I understand that many families are new to the country and may feelor may beor may need
Clarify your role	I can: • Accompany • Support • Navigate • Help • Teach • "fight for" or advocate My job is to keep you and your family safe. What I can do is Lets figure out what steps we can take
On mental health	 I know that mental health is different in many different cultures and countries. People in the United States also have many different thoughts and beliefs about mental health. However/but, this is about safety. OR However, what we are talking about is dangerous behavior or behaviors that can have serious consequences.
On behavior:	 Behavior and expectations are different in different cultures and countries. In the United States However, this is about The things that is doing, will have consequences.

