**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4-11
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12-13
Statement of Activities	14-15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16-17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund -	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Budget and Actual	20-21
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	22-23
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	
in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund	24
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	25-26
Notes to the Financial Statements	27-59
	<ul> <li>Management's Discussion and Analysis</li> <li>Basic Financial Statements:</li> <li>Government-Wide Financial Statements:</li> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> <li>Fund Financial Statements:</li> <li>Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</li> <li>Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds</li> <li>General Fund and Annually Budgeted Major Special Revenue Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual</li> <li>Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund</li> <li>Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund</li> </ul>

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<u>Schedule</u>		Page
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
A-1	Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System	
	Town of Holden Beach's Proportionate Share of Net	
	Pension Liability (Asset) - Last Ten Fiscal Years	60-61
A-2	Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System	
	Town of Holden Beach's Contributions	
	Last Ten Fiscal Years	62-63
A-3	Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance	
	Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability	
	Last Eight Fiscal Years	64-65
A-4	Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance	
	Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of	
	Covered Employee Payroll - Last Eight Fiscal Years	66-67
	Supplementary Financial Data:	
	Major Governmental Funds:	
1	General Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	68-70
2	BPART Tax Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	71-72
3	Canal Dredging Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	73
4	FEMA Capital Project Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
	Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	74
5	Beach Renourishment & Inlet Management Capital Reserve Fund -	
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual	75

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<u>Schedule</u>	Major Enterprise Fund:	<u>Page</u>
6	Water and Sewer Fund - Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	76-77
7	Water Capital Reserve Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	78
8	Sewer Capital Reserve Fund - Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)	79
	Supplemental Financial Data:	
9	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable	80
10	Analysis of Current Tax Levy - Town-Wide Levy	81
	Compliance Section	
	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	82-83
	Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act	84-86
	Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs	87
	Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	88
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	89

This page left blank intentionally.



## **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina

## **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Holden Beach's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and BPART Tax Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Town, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedules of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economical, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States

of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Holden Beach's basic financial statements. The budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary schedules, other schedules and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 11, 2024, on our consideration of the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina October 11, 2024 This page left blank intentionally.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Holden Beach, we offer readers of the Town of Holden Beach's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Holden Beach for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Holden Beach exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$42,043,999 (*net position*).
- The government's total net position increased by \$4,509,963, primarily due to an increase in the governmental activities of \$4,346,045 and increases in the business-type activities of \$163,918.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Holden Beach's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,759,470, an increase of \$2,752,842 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$5,347,024 is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,347,024, or 146%, of total General Fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Holden Beach's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Holden Beach.

**Required Components of the Annual Financial Report** 

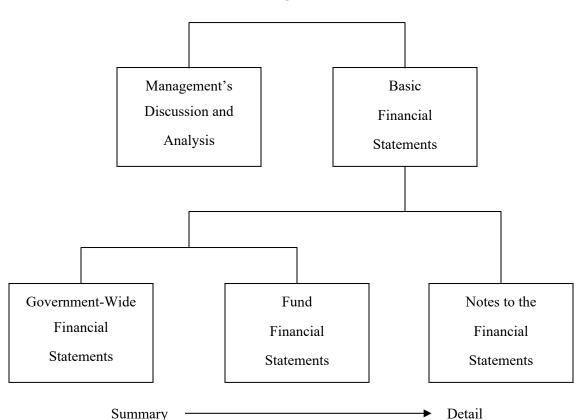


Figure 1

## **Basic Financial Statements**

The first two statements (Exhibits A and B) in the basic financial statements are the **government-wide financial statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits C through I) are **fund financial statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are four parts to the fund financial statements: (1) the governmental funds statements, (2) the budgetary comparison statements, (3) the proprietary fund statements and (4) the fiduciary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the North Carolina General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: (1) governmental activities and (2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. This includes the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Holden Beach.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits A and B of this report.

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Holden Beach, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Holden Beach can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Holden Beach adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: (1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; (2) the final budget as amended by the Board; (3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and (4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town of Holden Beach has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Holden Beach uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as the functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The Town of Holden Beach has no fiduciary funds.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow Exhibit I of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Holden Beach. Required supplementary information can be found following the notes to the financial statements in this report.

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

#### **Town of Holden Beach's Net Position**

#### Figure 2

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Assets and Deferred								
<b>Outflows of Resources:</b>								
Current and other assets	\$ 18,502,444	\$ 15,310,146	\$ 6,084,803	\$ 5,743,782	\$ 24,587,247	\$ 21,053,928		
Capital assets	11,272,513	11,545,853	17,938,440	18,477,394	29,210,953	30,023,247		
Deferred outflows of resources	773,678	727,535	86,916	81,835	860,594	809,370		
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	30,548,635	27,583,534	24,110,159	24,303,011	54,658,794	51,886,545		
Liabilities and Deferred								
Inflows of Resources:								
Long-term liabilities	6,760,416	8,525,633	2,206,180	2,544,206	8,966,596	11,069,839		
Other liabilities	2,711,431	2,303,000	387,787	347,131	3,099,218	2,650,131		
Deferred inflows of resources	103,609	127,767	445,372	504,772	548,981	632,539		
Total liabilities and deferred								
inflows of resources	9,575,456	10,956,400	3,039,339	3,396,109	12,614,795	14,352,509		
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets	7,595,802	7,152,270	15,530,106	15,745,879	23,125,908	22,898,149		
-			15,550,100	15,745,679				
Restricted - Stabilization by SS	2,593,735	3,259,443	-	-	2,593,735	3,259,443		
Beach renourishment/beach inlet	7,864,626	5,350,219	-	-	7,864,626	5,350,219		
Unrestricted	2,919,016	865,202	5,540,714	5,161,023	8,459,730	6,026,225		
Total net position	\$ 20,973,179	\$ 16,627,134	\$ 21,070,820	\$ 20,906,902	\$ 42,043,999	\$ 37,534,036		

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Holden Beach exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$42,043,999 as of June 30, 2024. The Town's net position increased by \$4,509,963 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The largest portion of net position (55%) reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, and equipment)

future spending. Although the Town of Holden Beach's net investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Holden Beach's net position, \$10,458,361 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$8,459,730 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total governmental net position:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes provided for a tax collection percentage of almost 100%.
- Interest on investments totaled in excess of \$600k.
- Large numbers of beach visitors occupying rental homes longer, extension of the "beach" season earlier in the calendar year and later into the fall, remote work and learning have all have contributed to occupancy tax revenues remaining strong and in excess of \$3.9 million.
- Paid parking produced in excess of \$820K

## Town of Holden Beach's Changes in Net Position

## Figure 3

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,365,177	\$ 947,332	\$ 2,593,249	\$ 2,396,293	\$ 3,958,426	\$ 3,343,625	
Operating grants and contributions	515,774	942,418	-	-	515,774	942,418	
Capital grants and contributions	1,531	583,898	1,456,659	1,495,831	1,458,190	2,079,729	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	3,376,524	2,837,411	-	-	3,376,524	2,837,411	
Other taxes	5,306,333	5,117,217	-	-	5,306,333	5,117,217	
Other	879,789	805,337	171,170	227,190	1,050,959	1,032,527	
Total revenues	11,445,128	11,233,613	4,221,078	4,119,314	15,666,206	15,352,927	
Expenses:							
General government	1,192,071	1,273,426	-	-	1,192,071	1,273,426	
Public safety	1,645,302	1,463,062	-	-	1,645,302	1,463,062	
Transportation	762,496	645,867	-	-	762,496	645,867	
Environmental protection	251,735	232,974	-	-	251,735	232,974	
Beach nourishment	3,023,910	3,409,188	-	-	3,023,910	3,409,188	
Interest on long-term debt	223,569	514,326	-	-	223,569	514,326	
Water and sewer	-	-	4,057,160	3,981,259	4,057,160	3,981,259	
Total expenses	7,099,083	7,538,843	4,057,160	3,981,259	11,156,243	11,520,102	
Change in net position	4,346,045	3,694,770	163,918	138,055	4,509,963	3,832,825	
Net Position:							
Beginning of year - July 1	16,627,134	12,932,364	20,906,902	20,768,847	37,534,036	33,701,211	
End of year - June 30	\$ 20,973,179	\$ 16,627,134	\$ 21,070,820	\$ 20,906,902	\$ 42,043,999	\$ 37,534,036	

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the Town of Holden Beach's net position by \$4,346,045.

**Business-Type Activities.** Business-type activities increased the Town of Holden Beach's net position by \$163,918.

## **Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds**

As noted earlier, the Town of Holden Beach uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the Town of Holden Beach's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Holden Beach's financing requirements.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Holden Beach. At the end of the current fiscal year, available fund balance of the General Fund was \$5,347,024, while total fund balance was \$5,604,331. The governing body of the Town of Holden Beach has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 40% of General Fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 146% of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 153% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2024, the governmental funds of the Town of Holden Beach reported a combined fund balance of \$17,759,470 with an increase in fund balance of \$2,752,842.

**General Fund Budgetary Highlights.** During the fiscal year, the Town had a few budgetary amendments. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: (1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; (2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and (3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The budgetary amendments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024 were due to necessary estimate adjustments once more exact information was available and increases in appropriations in order to meet and maintain service needs of the Town's departments.

**Proprietary Funds.** The Town of Holden Beach's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$5,540,714. The total change in net position in the Water and Sewer Fund was an increase of \$163,918. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Holden Beach's business-type activities.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets.** The Town of Holden Beach's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024 totals \$29,210,953 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). These assets include buildings, land, improvements, equipment, water capacity, and construction in progress.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

• No major capital assets were acquired in FY 2024.

# Town of Holden Beach's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

## Figure 4

		mental vities		ss-Type vities	To	tal	
	2024	2024 2023 2024 2023 2024		2024	2023		
Land and construction in progress	\$ 2,648,983	\$ 2,648,983	\$ 475,231	\$ 475,231	\$ 3,124,214	\$ 3,124,214	
Buildings and distribution systems	3,037,412	3,125,632	16,796,136	17,318,549	19,833,548	20,444,181	
Improvements and infrastructure	5,011,997	5,120,739	114,381	118,062	5,126,378	5,238,801	
Machinery and equipment	161,794	189,148	453,365	473,016	615,159	662,164	
Vehicles	344,099	384,995	99,327	90,483	443,426	475,478	
Leased equipment	12,696	20,035	-	-	12,696	20,035	
Subscriptions	55,532	56,321	-	2,053	55,532	58,374	
Total	\$ 11,272,513	\$ 11,545,853	\$ 17,938,440	\$ 18,477,394	\$ 29,210,953	\$ 30,023,247	

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

**Long-Term Debt.** As of June 30, 2024, the Town of Holden Beach had total debt of \$11,201,162 (excluding compensated absences). There was a net decrease in total debt of \$2,055,552. The key factor of this decrease was due to no increases in debt and large current year payments of installment purchases.

#### Town of Holden Beach's Outstanding Debt

#### Figure 5

	Governmental Activities			]	<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				Total			
	2024	2023			2024	2023		2024		2023		
Direct placement												
installment purchase	\$ 7,276,711	\$	9,193,583	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,276,711	\$	9,193,583	
Direct Placement bond												
anticipation notes	-		-		2,408,334		2,731,515		2,408,334		2,731,515	
Net pension liability (LGERS)	956,821		860,676		130,094		116,983		1,086,915		977,659	
Net pension liability (LEO)	429,202		353,957		-		-		429,202		353,957	
Compensated absences	 81,516		109,208		27,581		25,217		109,097		134,425	
Total	\$ 8,744,250	\$	10,517,424	\$	2,566,009	\$	2,873,715	\$	11,310,259	\$	13,391,139	

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Holden Beach is approximately \$182,043,469. There were no authorized bonds that had not been issued as of June 30, 2024.

Additional information regarding the Town of Holden Beach's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

## Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators impact on the potential growth and prosperity of the Town:

- Occupancy tax revenues continue to remain strong with collections exceeding \$3.9 million. Holden Beach continues to be a destination for those seeking to escape the confines of larger cities with rental property tax revenue collections continuing to spread into the traditionally off-season months.
- Construction revenues on the island grew by almost \$200k even with high interest rates people are continuing to build and make improvements to their homes.

## **Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2025**

**Governmental Activities.** The Town's ad valorem tax rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, equals 14 cents per one hundred dollars of valuation. Recruitment for human capital continues to be challenging for employers across America and is especially challenging at Holden Beach where many of the Town's positions are one deep. Vacancies continue for positions funded in previous years budgets for multiple positions in both Law Enforcement and in Public Works. These positions remain in the FY25 budget.

**Paid Parking Implementation** – On 1 May 2022 the Town implemented paid parking for approximately six hundred spaces. The FY 2024 full year actual for this new revenue stream was in excess of \$820k. With the implementation of year-round parking the FY25 budget has increased revenue projections to near \$900k.

**Business-Type Activities.** Sewer revenues and the corresponding expenditures have increased due to an increase in wholesale sewer rate increase implemented by Brunswick County. The Town intends to reengage on the lift station 2 project in FY25 in hopes of a better bid climate after securing EPA federal appropriation to augment existing and available funding that will accommodate the Town's desire to proceed with the lift station upfit expeditiously.

## **Requests for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager, P.O. Box 449, Supply, North Carolina 28462. You can also call (910) 842-6488, visit the Town's website: www.hbtownhall.com or send an email to dhewett@hbtownhall.com for more information.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Primary Government								
	Governmental Activities	Total							
Assets:									
Current assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,435,235	\$ 656,626	\$ 8,091,861						
Taxes receivable, net	83,308	-	83,308						
Accounts receivable, net	1,072,093	277,975	1,350,068						
Due from other governments	295,195	207,067	502,262						
Inventories	-	318,718	318,718						
Leases receivable	-	55,367	55,367						
Deposit - interlocal agreement	1,248,226	-	1,248,226						
Restricted cash	8,368,387	4,153,745	12,522,132						
Total current assets	18,502,444	5,669,498	24,171,942						
Non-current assets:									
Lease receivable, non-current		415,305	415,305						
Capital assets:									
Subscription assets, net of amortization	55,532	-	55,532						
Right-to-use leased assets, net of amortization	12,696	-	12,696						
Land, non-depreciable improvements									
and construction in progress	2,648,983	475,231	3,124,214						
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	8,555,302	17,463,209	26,018,511						
Total capital assets	11,272,513	17,938,440	29,210,953						
Total non-current assets	11,272,513	18,353,745	29,626,258						
Total assets	29,774,957	24,023,243	53,798,200						
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Pension deferrals	773,678	86,916	860,594						

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	P	rimary Governmen	t
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	140,688	4,791	145,479
Advance from grantor	325,000	-	325,000
Due to other governments	172,189	-	172,189
Accrued interest	89,720	23,167	112,887
Current portion of compensated absences	20,379	6,895	27,274
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,963,455	352,934	2,316,389
Total current liabilities	2,711,431	387,787	3,099,218
Long-term liabilities:			
Compensated absences	61,137	20,686	81,823
Net pension liability	956,821	130,094	1,086,915
Total pension liability	429,202	-	429,202
Due in more than one year	5,313,256	2,055,400	7,368,656
Total long-term liabilities	6,760,416	2,206,180	8,966,596
Total liabilities	9,471,847	2,593,967	12,065,814
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Prepaid taxes	10	-	10
Leases	-	444,120	444,120
Pension deferrals	103,599	1,252	104,851
Total deferred inflows of resources	103,609	445,372	548,981
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	7,595,802	15,530,106	23,125,908
Restricted for:			
Stabilization by state statute	2,593,735	-	2,593,735
Beach renourishment/beach inlet	7,864,626	-	7,864,626
Unrestricted	2,919,016	5,540,714	8,459,730
Total net position	\$ 20,973,179	\$ 21,070,820	\$ 42,043,999

This page left blank intentionally.

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Program Revenues								
	Expenses	(	Charges for Services	Gra	erating ints and ributions		Capital rants and ntributions			
Functions/Programs:										
Primary Government:										
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
General government	\$ 1,192,071	\$	2,215	\$	-	\$	-			
Public safety	1,645,302		505,346		-		-			
Transportation	762,496		1,490		49,829		-			
Environmental protection	251,735		58,801		-		-			
Beach renourishment	3,023,910		797,325		465,945		1,531			
Interest on long-term debt	 223,569		-		-		-			
Total governmental activities	 7,099,083		1,365,177		515,774		1,531			
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>										
Water and sewer	 4,057,160		2,593,249				1,456,659			
Total primary government	\$ 11,156,243	\$	3,958,426	\$	515,774	\$	1,458,190			

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	I	Net (Expense) <b>R</b>	s in N	let Position	
		Primary G			
		overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs:					
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$	(1,189,856)	\$ -	\$	(1,189,856)
Public safety		(1,139,956)	-		(1,139,956)
Transportation		(711,177)	-		(711,177)
Environmental protection		(192,934)	-		(192,934)
Beach renourishment		(1,759,109)	-		(1,759,109)
Interest on long-term debt		(223,569)			(223,569)
Total governmental activities		(5,216,601)			(5,216,601)
Business-Type Activities:					
Water and sewer		-	(7,252)		(7,252)
Total primary government		(5,216,601)	(7,252)		(5,223,853)
General Revenues:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes, levied for general purpose		3,376,524	-		3,376,524
Sales and use tax		435,581	-		435,581
Other taxes		4,870,752	-		4,870,752
Unrestricted investment earnings		531,123	108,560		639,683
Miscellaneous		348,666	62,610	_	411,276
Total general revenues		9,562,646	171,170		9,733,816
Change in net position		4,346,045	163,918		4,509,963
Net Position:					
Beginning of year, July 1		16,627,134	20,906,902		37,534,036
End of year - June 30	\$	20,973,179	\$ 21,070,820	\$	42,043,999

## Exhibit C Page 1 of 2

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	_					Major Fund	ls					
				Special Revenue Fund		(	Cap	ital Project ]	Fund	ls		
		General Fund		BPART Tax Fund		Canal Dredging Fund		FEMA Capital Project Fund		Beach Renourishment & Inlet Management Capital Reserve Fund		Total overnmental Funds
Assets:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,481,150	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,954,085	\$	7,435,235
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		-		4,822,152		3,544,652		1,583		-		8,368,387
Taxes receivable, net		83,308		-		-		-		-		83,308
Accounts receivable, net		11,741		1,048,866		11,486		-		-		1,072,093
Deposit - interlocal government												
receivable		-		1,248,226		-		-		-		1,248,226
Due from other governments	_	255,859		38,991		345		-		-		295,195
Total assets	\$	5,832,058	\$	7,158,235	\$	3,556,483	\$	1,583	\$	1,954,085	\$	18,502,444
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances: Liabilities:												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	134,116	\$	6,572	¢		\$		\$		\$	140,688
Advance from grantor	Φ	154,110	Ф	325,000	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	325,000
Due to other governments		-		172,189		-				-		172,189
Total liabilities		134,116		503,761		-	_	-		-		637,877
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		10										10
Prepaid taxes, licenses and fees		10		-		-		-		-		10
Assessments receivable		10,293		-		11,486		-		-		21,779
Property taxes receivable Total deferred inflows of resources		83,308 93,611		-		- 11,486		-		-		83,308 105,097
1 otal deferred inflows of resources		95,011		-		11,400		-		-		103,097
Fund Balances: Restricted:												
Stabilization by state statute		257,307		2,336,083		345						2,593,735
Beach renourishment/beach inlet		- 237,307		4,318,391		3,544,652		1,583		-		7,864,626
Committed:		-		4,516,551		5,544,052		1,565		-		7,804,020
Beach renourishment/beach inlet										1,954,085		1,954,085
Unassigned		5,347,024		_		_		_		1,994,005		5,347,024
Total fund balances		5,604,331		6,654,474		3,544,997		1,583		1,954,085		17,759,470
		2,00 1,001		<u>,,,,,,,,,,</u>		2,2 . 1,227		1,000		1,501,000		1,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	¢	5 922 959	¢	7 159 225	¢	2 556 402	ው	1 600	¢	1.054.005	¢	10 500 444
resources, and fund balances	\$	5,832,058	\$	7,158,235	\$	3,556,483	\$	1,583	\$	1,954,085	\$	18,502,444

#### **BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** JUNE 30, 2024

		Go	Total overnmental Funds
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) are different because:			
Total fund balances, governmental funds		\$	17,759,470
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Gross capital assets at historical cost	\$ 14,141,677		
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	 (2,869,164)		11,272,513
Accrued interest payable			(89,720)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.			773,678
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements			105,087
Long-term liabilities and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the addition of			
long-term debt and principal payments during the year).	(7,276,711)		
Compensated absences	(81,516)		
Net pension liability	(956,821)		(0.744.250)
Total pension liability	 (429,202)		(8,744,250)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds.			(103,599)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	20,973,179

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Major Funds	5		
		Special Revenue				
Damana	General Fund	Fund BPART Tax Fund	Canal Dredging Fund	apital Project I FEMA Capital Project Fund	Beach Renourishment & Inlet Management Capital Reserve Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	¢ 2.262.552	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢ 2.262.552
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,362,552		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,362,552
Other taxes and licenses	437,523	4,191,305	378,679	-	-	5,007,507
Unrestricted intergovernmental	298,439	-	-	-	-	298,439
Restricted intergovernmental	49,829	465,945	-	1,531	-	517,305
Permits and fees	506,238	797,325	-	-	-	1,303,563
Sales and service	61,614	-	-	-	-	61,614
Investment earnings	145,290	248,980	94,824	-	42,029	531,123
Miscellaneous	11,519	177,611	146,681			335,811
Total revenues	4,873,004	5,881,166	620,184	1,531	42,029	11,417,914
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,104,490	-	-	-	-	1,104,490
Public safety	1,507,916	-	-	-	-	1,507,916
Beach renourishment	-	2,682,722	258,443	-	-	2,941,165
Transportation	537,563	212,234	-	-	-	749,797
Environmental protection Debt service:	225,419	-	-	-	-	225,419
Principal	255,264	1,725,096	-	-	-	1,980,360
Interest	32,096	200,172	-	-	-	232,268
Total expenditures	3,662,748	4,820,224	258,443			8,741,415
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,210,256	1,060,942	361,741	1,531	42,029	2,676,499
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from General Fund	-	510,000	-	198,813	610,989	1,319,802
Transfer to BPART Tax Fund	(510,000)	-	-	-	(135,741)	(645,741)
Transfers to General Fund	-	-	(41,493)	-	-	(41,493)
Transfer from Canal Dredging Fund	41,493	-	-	-	-	41,493
Transfer from Beach Renourishment Fund	_	135,741				135,741
Transfer to FEMA Capital Project Fund	(198,813)	155,741	-	-	-	(198,813)
Transfer to Capital Reserve Fund	(610,989)	-	-	-	-	(610,989)
-		-	-	-	-	
Subscription liabilities issued	63,488 12,855	-	-	-	-	63,488 12,855
Sales of capital assets	(1,201,966)	645,741	(41,493)	198,813	475,248	12,855
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,201,900)	045,741	(41,493)	190,013	473,248	76,343
Net change in fund balances	8,290	1,706,683	320,248	200,344	517,277	2,752,842
Fund Balances:	_					
Beginning of year - July 1	5,596,041	4,947,791	3,224,749	(198,761)	1,436,808	15,006,628
End of year - June 30	\$ 5,604,331	\$ 6,654,474	\$ 3,544,997	\$ 1,583	<u>\$ 1,954,085</u>	<u>\$ 17,759,470</u>

## RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)		\$ 2,752,842
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$ 179,754 (453,094)	(272, 240)
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	 (433,094)	(273,340)
Lease liability issued and subscriptions issued provides current financial		
resources to governmental funds.		(63,488)
Pension expense - LGERS		(61,528)
Pension expense - LEOSSA		(39,551)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal payments on long-term debt		1,980,360
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	27,692	
Accrued interest	 8,699	36,391
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax and assessment revenues		 14,359
Change in net position in governmental activities per Exhibit B		\$ 4,346,045

## Exhibit F Page 1 of 2

## TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

## GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		General Fund			
		geted A			Variance with Final Budget
	Origina	<u>l                                    </u>	Final	Actual	Over/Under
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 3,379	-	- ) )	\$ 3,362,552	\$ (16,522)
Other taxes and licenses		,300	390,300	437,523	47,223
Unrestricted intergovernmental		,554	279,554	298,439	18,885
Restricted intergovernmental		,000	45,000	49,829	4,829
Permits and fees		,296	334,295	506,238	171,943
Sales and services		,050	79,050	61,614	(17,436)
Investment earnings		,000	20,000	145,290	125,290
Miscellaneous	121	,250	121,250	11,519	(109,731)
Total revenues	4,648	,524	4,648,523	4,873,004	224,481
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	1,177	,187	1,147,316	1,104,490	42,826
Public safety	1,746	,514	1,711,617	1,507,916	203,701
Transportation	1,010	,018	984,534	537,563	446,971
Environmental protection	222	,761	248,245	225,419	22,826
Beach renourishment		-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal	200	,000,	255,264	255,264	-
Interest	30	,174	39,677	32,096	7,581
Total expenditures	4,386	,654	4,386,653	3,662,748	723,905
Revenues over (under) expenditures	261	,870	261,870	1,210,256	948,386
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from other funds	84	,273	84,273	41,493	(42,780)
Transfers to other funds	(783	,083)	(1,592,885)	(1,319,802)	273,083
Subscriptions		-	-	63,488	63,488
Sale of capital assets	5	,000,	5,000	12,855	7,855
Appropriated fund balance	431	,940	1,241,742		(1,241,742)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(261	,870)	(261,870)	(1,201,966)	(940,096)
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>- \$</u>		8,290	\$ 8,290
<b>Fund Balance:</b> Beginning of year - July 1				5,596,041	
End of year - June 30				\$ 5,604,331	

## Exhibit F Page 2 of 2

## GENERAL FUND AND ANNUALLY BUDGETED MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	BPART Tax Fund			
		Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	<b>Over/Under</b>
Revenues:				
Ad valorem taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other taxes and licenses	4,027,500	4,027,500	4,191,305	163,805
Unrestricted intergovernmental	-	-	-	-
Restricted intergovernmental	50,239	1,876,864	465,945	(1,410,919)
Permits and fees	503,000	598,000	797,325	199,325
Sales and services	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	46,029	46,029	248,980	202,951
Miscellaneous	24,100	29,805	177,611	147,806
Total revenues	4,650,868	6,578,198	5,881,166	(697,032)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Transportation	1,282,950	1,282,950	212,234	1,070,716
Environmental protection	-	-	-	-
Beach renourishment	3,065,925	5,084,254	2,682,722	2,401,532
Debt service:				
Principal	1,725,096	1,725,096	1,725,096	-
Interest	200,173	200,174	200,172	2
Total expenditures	6,274,144	8,292,474	4,820,224	3,472,250
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,623,276)	(1,714,276)	1,060,942	2,775,218
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers from other funds	1,130,003	1,130,003	645,741	(484,262)
Transfers to other funds				(101,202)
Subscriptions	_	_	_	-
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_
Appropriated fund balance	493,273	584,273	_	(584,273)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,623,276	1,714,276	645,741	(1,068,535)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,023,270	1,714,270		(1,000,555)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	1,706,683	\$ 1,706,683
Fund Balance:				
Beginning of year - July 1			4,947,791	
End of year - June 30			\$ 6,654,474	

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2024

	Major Enterprise Fund
	Water and Sewer Fund
Assets:	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 656,626
Accounts receivable - net	277,975
Due from other governments	207,067
Inventories	318,718
Lease receivable	55,367
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	4,153,745
Total current assets	5,669,498
Non-current assets:	
Leases receivable, net of current portion	415,305
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	475,231
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	17,463,209
Total capital assets	17,938,440
Total non-current assets	18,353,745
Total assets	24,023,243
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Pension deferrals	86,916
Liabilities: Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,791
Accrued interest	23,167
Current portion of compensated absences	6,895
Current portion of long-term debt	352,934
Total current liabilities	387,787

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2024

	Major Enterprise Fund
	Water and
	Sewer Fund
Non-current liabilities:	
Compensated absences	20,686
Net pension liability	130,094
Non-current portion of long-term debt	2,055,400
Total non-current liabilities	2,206,180
Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources:	2,593,967
Pension deferrals	1,252
Leases	444,120
Total deferred inflows of resources	445,372
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	15,530,106
Unrestricted	5,540,714
Total net position	<u>\$ 21,070,820</u>

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Major Enterprise Fund	
	Water and Sewer Fund	
Operating Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 2,374,875	
Taps and connection fees	160,492	
Other operating revenues	57,882	
Total operating revenues	2,593,249	
Operating Expenses:		
General operations	150,346	
Water and sewer operations	2,074,822	
Depreciation/amortization	640,691	
Total operating expenses	2,865,859	
Operating income (loss)	(272,610)	
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):		
Investment earnings	108,560	
Lease revenue	59,758	
Capital charges	1,456,659	
County capital charges	(1,006,571)	
Interest and other charges	(184,730)	
Sale of capital assets	2,852	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	436,528	
Change in net position	163,918	
Net Position:		
Beginning of year - July 1	20,906,902	
End of year - June 30	\$ 21,070,820	

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Major Enterprise <u>Fund</u> Water and
	Sewer Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,529,579
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,848,139)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services	(429,555)
Other operating revenues	51,493
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	303,378
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:	
Capital charges paid	(1,006,571)
Capital charges received from customers	1,456,659
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	450,088
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Principal paid on bonds/loans	(323,181)
Interest paid on bonds/loans	(176,177)
Lease revenue	59,758
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(108,585)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and	
related financing activities	(548,185)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	9,700
Investment earnings	108,560
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	118,260
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	323,541
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Beginning of year - July 1	4,486,830
End of year - June 30	\$ 4,810,371

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Major Enterprise Fund Water and	
	Sewer Fund	
<b>Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to</b>		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ (272,610)</u>	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	640,691	
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	(5,788)	
Decrease (increase in leases receivable	53,368	
Decrease (increase) in due from other governments	(30,163)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability	13,111	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,783	
Increase (decrease) in inventories	(34,897)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation	2,364	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources for leases	(59,757)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources		
for pensions	(5,081)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows of resources		
for pensions	357	
Total adjustments	575,988	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 303,378</u>	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina, (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

## A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Holden Beach is a municipal corporation, which is governed by an elected Mayor and a five-member Council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town. The Town does not have any component units.

## **B.** Basis of Presentation

*Government-Wide Statements.* The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, financed, in whole or in part, by fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements*. The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds, including the fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, and proprietary – are presented. The Town has no fiduciary funds to report. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities, such as investment earnings.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

#### **Governmental Funds**

**General Fund.** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, street maintenance, and sanitation services.

**BPART Tax Fund.** This special revenue fund is used to account for occupancy taxes collected which are used to promote tourism and beach renourishment.

**Canal Dredging Fund**. This capital project fund is used to account for assessments collected which are used for canal projects.

**FEMA Capital Project Fund.** This capital project fund is used to account for various FEMA projects.

**Beach Renourishment and Inlet Management Capital Reserve Fund.** This capital reserve fund was established to provide funding for future sand projects estimated to occur nine or more years in the future.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

*Government-Wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.* The government-wide and proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

*Governmental Fund Financial Statements.* Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem property taxes are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013, and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as utilities franchise tax collected and held by the state at year-end on behalf of the Town, are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Holden Beach because the tax is levied by Brunswick County and then remitted to and distributed by the state. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant revenues.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **D.** Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, BPART Fund, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the remaining special revenue funds, capital project funds, and any enterprise capital project funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

## E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

#### **Deposits and Investments**

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the state of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The majority of the Town's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost.

The North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT) Government Portfolio is a SECregistered money market mutual fund that is certified by the Local Government Commission under the provision by G.S. 159-30(c)(8) and the North Carolina Administrative Code. The Government Portfolio is a 2a7 fund that invests in treasuries, government agencies, and repurchase agreements collateralized by treasuries. It is rated AAAm by S&P and AAAmf by Moody Investor Services and reported at fair value.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. All cash is essentially demand deposits and is considered cash and cash equivalents.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Unspent grant proceeds are classified as restricted assets in the BPART Tax fund because their use is restricted by revenue source for specific expenditures. Cash and investments are restricted in the BPART Tax Fund and Canal Dredging Fund for beach renourishment because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which they were levied, FEMA is restricted due to funding source, and the Enterprise Fund has restricted cash for the sewer capital fees.

	 Amount
Governmental Activities: BPART Tax Fund:	
Beach renourishment and unspent	
grant proceeds	\$ 4,822,152
FEMA Capital Project Fund:	
FEMA projects	1,583
Canal Dredging Fund:	
Canal dredging	 3,544,652
Total governmental activities	\$ 8,368,387
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>	
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Sewer capital fees	\$ 4,153,745

#### Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1<sup>st</sup>, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1<sup>st</sup> (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6<sup>th</sup>. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2023.

#### **Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Inventory

The inventories of the Town are valued at the lower cost of market. The inventories of the Town consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### Leases Receivable

The Town's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreements, the Town may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

## **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015, are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets' lives, are not capitalized. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	50 years
Other improvements	50 years
Infrastructure	30 years
Equipment	10 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Computer equipment	10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Miscellaneous	3 years

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Right-to-Use Assets**

The Town has recorded right-to-use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The rightto-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-to-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

#### **Subscription Assets**

The Town has recorded the right-to-use subscription assets related to subscriptions-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) as a result of implementing GASB 96. The right-to-use subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the subscription term, plus capitalizable implementation costs, less any incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term. The right-to-use subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related SBITA.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has one item that meets this criterion –pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future period and so will not be recognized as revenues until then. The Town has several items that meet this criterion for this category – property taxes receivable, assessments receivable, leases, prepaid taxes, and pension deferrals.

## **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Compensated Absences**

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours earned vacation leave, with such leave being fully vested when earned. Employees earn five days during the first year of employment, ten days during the second through third years of employment, fifteen days during the fourth through ninth year of employment, and twenty days after ten years of employment. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

#### **Net Position/Fund Balances**

#### Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through state statute.

#### **Fund Balances**

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

**Non-Spendable Fund Balance.** This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted Fund Balance.** This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

*Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute* – North Carolina G.S. 159-8 prohibits units of government from budgeting or spending a portion of their fund balance. This is one of several statutes enacted by the North Carolina State Legislature in the 1930's that were designed to improve and maintain the fiscal health of local government units. Restricted by state statute (RSS), is calculated at the end of each fiscal year for all annually budgeted funds. The calculation in G.S. 159-8(a) provides a formula for determining what portion of fund balance is available for appropriation. The amount of fund balance not available for appropriation is what is known as "restricted by state statute." Appropriated fund balance in any fund shall not exceed the sum of

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts, as those figures stand at the close of the fiscal year next preceding the budget. Per GASB guidance, RSS is considered a resource upon which a restriction is "imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation." RSS is reduced by inventories and prepaids as they are classified as non-spendable. Outstanding encumbrances are included within RSS. RSS is included as a component of restricted net position and restricted fund balance on the face of the balance sheet.

*Restricted for Beach Renourishment/Inlet* – portion of fund balance that is restricted by laws and grantors for beach renourishment and inlet management projects.

**Committed Fund Balance.** This classification represents the portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Holden Beach's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revised limitation.

*Committed for Beach Renourishment/Inlet* – portion of fund balance that has been committed by the Board for beach renourishment and beach inlet.

Assigned Fund Balance. Assigned fund balance is the portion of fund balance that the Town intends to use for specific purposes.

**Unassigned Fund Balance.** Unassigned fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, state funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and, lastly, unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 40% of budgeted expenditures.

#### F. Defined Benefit Cost Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

in which the contributions are due. The Town's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS and the State Health Plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

## G. Revenues, Expenditures, and Expenses

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. Detail Notes on All Funds

#### A. Assets

#### **Deposits**

All deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town and in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for noninterest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and the risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that depositories are properly secured.

At June 30, 2024, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$16,035,742 and a bank balance of \$16,446,174. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by the collateral held under the Pooling Method. At June 30, 2024, the Town's petty cash totaled \$100.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the Town has the following investments and maturities:

	Valuation					
Investment Type	Measurement Method	_	ook Value at 6/30/24	_	ess than months	1-3 Years
North Carolina CLASS NC Capital Management Trust -	Fair Value Level 1 Fair Value	\$	884,005	\$	884,005	\$ -
Government Portfolio	Level 1		3,694,146		3,694,146	 
Total		\$	4,578,151	\$ 4	4,578,151	\$ -

Because the NCCMT Government Portfolio has a weighted average maturity of less than 90 days, it is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than 6 months. The NCCMT Government Portfolio has an AAAm rating from S&P and AAA-mf by Moody's Investor Service.

All investments are measured using the market approach: using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or a group of assets.

*Level of Fair Value Hierarchy: Level 1:* Debt securities valued using directly observable, quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets. Level 2 debt securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' benchmark quoted prices.

*Interest Rate Risk.* The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

*Credit Risk*. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. The Town's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's and AAA-mf by Moody's Investors Service as of June 30, 2024.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Receivables

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2024, are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

	Taxes	Accounts	_	oue from Other vernments	Total
<b>Governmental Activites:</b>					
General Fund	\$ 88,495	\$ 15,174	\$	255,859	\$ 359,528
BPART Tax Fund	-	1,048,866		38,991	1,087,857
Canal Dredging Fund	-	11,486		345	11,831
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(5,187)	 (3,433)		-	 (8,620)
Total governmental activities	\$ 83,308	\$ 1,072,093	\$	295,195	\$ 1,450,596
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>					
Water and Sewer Fund:					
Total receivables	\$ -	\$ 280,671	\$	207,067	\$ 487,738
Allowance for doubtful accounts	 -	 (2,696)		-	 (2,696)
Total business-type activities	\$ -	\$ 277,975	\$	207,067	\$ 485,042

Due from other governments that is owed to the Town consists of the following:

Local option sales tax	\$ 98,959
Sales tax	357,457
Franchise tax	43,173
Other governments	 2,673
Total	\$ 502,262

#### **Leases Receivable**

The Town entered into a 161-month lease which commenced on July 1, 2021, as lessor for the use of property for Brunswick Avenue. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$468,882. At June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable was \$387,210. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$2,888. The lease has an interest rate of 1.9660%. The infrastructure estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024, was \$364,039, and the Town recognized lease revenue of \$34,948 during the fiscal year. The lessee has two extension options, each for 60 months.

The Town entered into a 74-month lease which commenced on July 1, 2021, as lessor for the use of property for 120 Rothschild Street. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$154,510. At June 30, 2024, the value of the lease receivable was \$83,462. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,985. The lease has an interest rate of 1.3350%. The land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2024, was \$80,081, and the Town recognized lease revenue of \$24,810 during the fiscal year. The lessee has one 60-month extension option.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Busi	vities			
Year Ending June 30	Principal Payments		Interest Payments		Pa	Total ayments
2025	\$	55,367	\$	8,305	\$	63,672
2026		57,436		7,359		64,795
2027		59,578		6,373		65,951
2028		42,015		5,435		47,450
2029		37,407		4,706		42,113
2030-2034		201,194		11,953		213,147
2035-2036		17,675		87		17,762
Total	\$	470,672	\$	44,218	\$	514,890

# **Capital Assets**

# **Governmental Capital Assets**

A summary of changes in the Town's governmental capital assets follows:

	J	uly 1, 2023	Inc	creases	Decreases	Ju	ine 30, 2024
Governmental Activities: Non-Depreciable Assets: Land	\$	2,648,983	\$	_	\$ -	\$	2,648,983
Land	Ψ	2,010,705	Ψ	<u> </u>	Ψ	Ψ	2,010,705
Depreciable Assets:							
Buildings and structures		4,410,987		-	-		4,410,987
Other improvements and		5,437,099		-	-		5,437,099
Equipment		497,503		-	20,796		476,707
Vehicles		1,003,271		99,340	92,696		1,009,915
Leased equipment		27,374		5,011	-		32,385
Subscriptions		83,458		75,403	33,260		125,601
Total depreciable assets		11,459,692		179,754	146,752		11,492,694
Less Accumulated							
<b>Depreciation/Amortization:</b>							
Buildings and structures		1,285,355		88,220	-		1,373,575
Other improvements and		316,360		108,742	-		425,102
Equipment		308,355		27,354	20,796		314,913
Vehicles		618,276		140,236	92,696		665,816
Leased equipment		7,339		12,350	-		19,689
Subscriptions		27,137		76,192	33,260		70,069
Total accumulated							
depreciation/amortization		2,562,822		453,094	146,752		2,869,164
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	11,545,853				<u>\$</u>	11,272,513

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 208,760
Public safety	80,578
Transportation	11,008
Beach renourishment & recreational	127,785
Environmental protection	24,963
Total	\$ 453,094

# **Proprietary Capital Assets**

The capital assets of the proprietary fund at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024
Water and Sewer Fund: Non-Depreciable Assets: Land	\$ 475,231	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 475,231</u>
Depreciable Assets:				
Plant and distribution systems	26,120,667	-	-	26,120,667
Infrastructure	184,026	-	-	184,026
Furniture and maintenance				
equipment	948,870	65,610	-	1,014,480
Vehicles	211,083	42,975	34,242	219,816
Subscriptions	5,132			5,132
Total depreciable capital assets	27,469,778	108,585	34,242	27,544,121
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization:				
Plant and distribution systems	8,802,118	522,413	-	9,324,531
Infrastructure	65,964	3,681	-	69,645
Furniture and maintenance				
equipment	475,854	85,261	-	561,115
Vehicles	120,600	27,283	27,394	120,489
Subscriptions	3,079	2,053		5,132
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	9,467,615	640,691	27,394	10,080,912
Capital assets, net	\$ 18,477,394			\$ 17,938,440

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### B. Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are composed of the following amounts at June 30, 2024:

	 Vendors	I	nterest	 aries and Benefits	 Total
Governmental Activities	\$ 114,370	\$	89,720	\$ 26,318	\$ 230,408
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b> Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 1,393	\$	23,167	\$ 3,398	\$ 27,958

#### **Pension Plan and Post-Employment Obligations**

#### Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

**Plan Description.** The Town of Holden Beach is a participating employer in the state-wide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the state Treasurer and state Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

**Benefits Provided.** LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

**Contributions.** Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Holden Beach employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Holden Beach's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 14.04% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 12.85% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Holden Beach were \$249,075 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

**Refunds of Contributions**. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the Town reported a liability of \$1,086,915 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's longterm share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023 (measurement date), the Town's proportion was 0.01641%, which was an decrease of 0.00092% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension expense of \$318,995. At June 30, 2024, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred Inflows of		
	Ou	tflows of			
	Re	esources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	121,114	\$	2,606	
Changes of assumptions		46,188		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension plan investments		290,906		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		19,186		7,956	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		249,075		-	
Total	\$	726,469	\$	10,562	

\$249,075 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	Total
2025	173,773
2026	85,289
2027	195,467
2028	12,303
2029	-
Thereafter	
Total	\$ 466,832

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increase	3.25 percent to 8.25 percent, including
-	inflation and productivity factor
Investment rate of return	6.50 percent, net of pension plan
	investment expense, including inflation

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study, prepared as of December 31, 2019 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on January 28, 2021.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are, therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	<b>Expected Real</b>
Asset Class	Allocation	<b>Rate of Return</b>
Fixed income	33.0%	0.9%
Global equity	38.0%	6.5%
Real estate	8.0%	5.9%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.2%
Opportunistic fixed income	7.0%	5.0%
Inflation sensitive	<u>6.0</u> %	2.7%
Total	100.0%	

The information above is based on 30-year expectations developed with an investment consulting firm as part of a study that was completed in early 2022, and is part of the asset, liability and investment policy of the North Carolina Retirement Systems. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%. Return projections do not include any excess return expectations over benchmark averages. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.50%. This discount rate is in line with the long-term nominal expected return on pension plan investments. The calculation of the net pension liability is a present value calculation of the future net pension payments. These net pension payments assume that contributions from plan members will be made at the current statutory contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at the contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.50%) or one percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease (5.50%)	Rate (6.50%)	Increase (7.50%)
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,883,037	<u>\$ 1,086,915</u>	\$ 431,472

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina.

#### Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

**Plan Description.** The Town administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2022, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	1
Terminated plan members entitled to,	
but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active plan members	8
Total	9

#### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Basis of Accounting.* The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay-as-you-go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statements 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age normal actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2022 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increase	3.25 to 7.75 percent, including
	inflation and productivity factor
Discount rate	4.0 percent

The discount rate used to measure TPL is the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an experience study completed by the Actuary for the Local Governmental Employee's Retirement System for the five-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Mortality Assumption: All mortality rates use Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables.

*Mortality Projection*: All mortality rates are projected from 2010 using generational improvement with Scale MP-2019.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

*Deaths After Retirement (Healthy):* Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Retirees. Rates for all members are multiplied by 97% and Set Forward by 1 year.

*Deaths After Retirement (Disabled Members at Retirement)*: Mortality rates are based on the Non-Safety Mortality Table for Disabled Retirees. Rates are Set Back 3 years for all ages.

*Deaths After Retirement (Survivors of Deceased Members):* Mortality rates are based on the Below-Median Teachers Mortality Table for Contingent Survivors. Rates for male members are Set Forward 3 years. Rates for female members are Set Forward 1 year. Because the contingent survivor tables have no rates prior to age 45, the Below-median Teachers Mortality Table for Employees is used for ages less than 45.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: Mortality rates are based on the Safety Mortality Table for Employees.

**Contributions.** The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operation budget. There were no contributions made by the employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this Plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$13,335 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$429,202. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023 based on a December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2023 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Town recognized pension expense of \$47,244.

	Ou	eferred Itflows of esources	In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	62,544	\$	23,813
Changes of assumptions and other inputs Town benefit payments and plan administrative		70,555		70,476
expense made subsequent to the measurement date		1,026		-
Total	\$	134,125	\$	94,289

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

\$1,026 paid as benefits came due and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date have been reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	A	mount
2025	\$	16,827
2026		13,822
2027		13,822
2028		(7,742)
2029		(4,716)
Thereafter		6,797
Total	\$	38,810

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.00 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.00 percent) or 1-percentage point higher (5.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	D	iscount	1%
	ecrease 3.00%)	(	Rate (4.00%)	ncrease (5.00%)
Total pension liability	\$ 476,261	\$	429,202	\$ 386,422

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separatio	2024
Beginning balance	\$ 353,957
Service cost	15,215
Interest on the total pension liability	14,968
Differences between expected and actual experience	
in the measurement of the total pension liability	45,557
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	12,840
Benefit payments	 (13,335)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 429,202

#### Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

# Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

	 LGERS	I	EOSSA	 Total
Pension expense Pension liability	\$ 318,995 1,086,915	\$	47,244 429,202	\$ 366,239 1,516,117
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.01641%		n/a	-
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources:</b>				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 121,114	\$	62,544	\$ 183,658
Changes of assumptions	46,188		70,555	116,743
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments	290,906		-	290,906
Changes in proportion and differences				
between Town contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	19,186		-	19,186
Benefit payments and administrative costs				
paid subsequent to the measurement date	 249,075		1,026	 250,101
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 726,469	\$	134,125	\$ 860,594
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 2,606	\$	23,813	\$ 26,419
Changes of assumptions	-		70,476	70,476
Changes in proportion and differences				
between Town contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	7,956		-	7,956
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 10,562	\$	94,289	\$ 104,851

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

**Plan Description.** The Town makes contributions to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (the "Plan"), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the state of North Carolina. The state's ACFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retiremental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

**Funding Policy.** Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent (5%) of each officer's salary, and all amounts are vested immediately. Law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$41,909, which consisted of \$30,379 from the Town and \$11,530 from the law enforcement officers. No amounts were forfeited.

#### **Other Employment Benefits**

#### Death Benefit Plan

The Town has also elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, state-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within one hundred eighty (180) days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump-sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources reported on the Statement of Net Position are comprised of the following:

Source	A	Amount
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$	726,469
Pension deferrals - LEOSSA		134,125
Total	\$	860,594

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Source	neral Fund ance Sheet	Statement of Net Position		
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$ -	\$	10,562	
Pension deferrals - LEOSSA	-		94,289	
Leases	-		444,120	
Assessments receivable	21,779		-	
Property taxes receivable	83,308		-	
Prepaid taxes	 10		10	
Total	\$ 105,097	\$	548,981	

## **Risk Management**

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in two self-funded risk financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability, public officials' liability and auto liability coverage, property coverage up to the total insurance values of the property policy, and workers' compensation coverage up to the statutory limits. These pools are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance and excess policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the Town is in an area of the state that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake, or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage \$500,000 per structure through the NFIP.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The Finance Officer is bonded for \$1,000,000 and the Tax Collector is bonded for \$50,000 through a commercial surety bond. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000.

## **Claims, Judgments, and Contingent Liabilities**

At June 30, 2024, the Town was not involved in any civil or legal actions which in the opinion of the Town's management and the Town's attorney would have an adverse or material effect on the Town's financial position.

## **Long-Term Obligations**

#### Leases

The Town has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

On July 1, 2021, the Town Holden Beach entered into a 46-month lease as Lessee for the use of Xerox Copier - Town. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$14,162. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$3,123. Holden Beach is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$314. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0110%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2024 was \$14,162 with accumulated amortization of \$11,083.

On February 21, 2022, the Town Holden Beach entered into a 60-month lease as Lessee for the use of PB - Tax Postage Meter. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,222. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability is \$9,284. Holden Beach is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$953. The lease has an interest rate of 1.9120%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2024 was \$18,222 with accumulated amortization of \$8,605.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities								
June 30	Principal		Int	erest	Total				
2025	\$	6,784	\$	166	\$	6,950			
2026		3,731		81		3,812			
2027		1,892		14		1,906			
Total	\$	12,407	\$	261	\$	12,668			

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Subscriptions**

The Town has entered into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The SBITAs qualify as other than short-term SBITAs under GASB 96 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum subscription payments as of the date of their inception.

On December 9, 2022, the Town of Holden Beach entered into a 24-month subscription for the use of Focus Voip Door Security. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,208. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$1,751. The Town of Holden Beach is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$353. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.3470%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2024 was \$8,208 with accumulated amortization of \$6,407.

On July 1, 2022, the Town of Holden Beach entered into a 32-month subscription for the use of ATMC WiFi. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,036. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$1,960. The Town of Holden Beach is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$220. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.3540%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2024 was \$7,186 with accumulated amortization of \$5,384.

On April 14, 2023, the Town of Holden Beach entered into a 36-month subscription for the use of DebtBook Platform. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$34,805. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$12,683. The Town of Holden Beach is required to make annual fixed payments of \$9,750. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.5030%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2024 was \$34,805 with accumulated amortization of \$14,083.

On November 30, 2023, the Town of Holden Beach entered into a 48-month subscription for the use of Harris Smartfusion. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$63,488. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$47,616. Town of Holden Beach is required to make annual fixed payments of \$15,872. The subscription has an interest rate of 0.0000%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2024 was \$75,402 with accumulated amortization of \$44,195 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below. Town of Holden Beach has 1 extension option(s), each for 36 months.

Year Ending	Governmental Activities							
June 30	Principal		Ir	nterest	Total			
2025	\$	32,265	\$	351	\$	32,616		
2026		15,872		-		15,872		
2027		15,873		-		15,873		
Total	\$	64,010	\$	351	\$	64,361		

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# **Installment Notes Payable**

# **Governmental Activities:**

3.81% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$200,000, plus interest; final payment due March 2027; secured by real estate	\$ 591,954
3.18% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$191,072, including interest; final payment due September 2037; secured by real estate	2,675,006
3.18% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$333,333, plus interest; final payment due March 2025; secured by real estate	333,334
2.18% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$1,200,000, plus interest; final payment due October 2026; secured by pledged sources	 3,600,000
Total governmental activities notes payable	\$ 7,200,294
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund:	
2.420% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$93,335 including interest; final payment due July 2024; secured by real estate	\$ 91,130
2.100% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$64,770, plus	00 572
interest; final payment due January 2026; secured by pledged sources	90,572
interest; final payment due January 2026; secured by pledged sources 1.920% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$119,245, plus interest; final payment due October 2036; secured by real estate	90,572
1.920% direct placement note, payable in annual installments of \$119,245, plus	

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$591,954 is secured by real estate. Upon default, the bank shall proceed by appropriate court action and take possession of the mortgaged property.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$2,675,006 is secured by real estate. Upon default, the bank shall proceed by appropriate court action and take possession of the mortgaged property.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$333,334 is secured by real estate. Upon default, the bank shall proceed by appropriate court action and take possession of the mortgaged property.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$3,600,000 is secured by pledged sources. Upon default, interest shall accrue at the default rate specified in the debt agreement and principal of and interest on this note shall be payable in immediately available funds.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to business-type activities of \$91,130 is secured by real estate. Upon default, the bank shall proceed by appropriate court action and take possession of the mortgaged property.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to business-type activities of \$90,572 is secured by pledged sources. Upon default, interest shall accrue at the default rate specified in the debt agreement and principal of and interest on this note shall be payable in immediately available funds.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to business-type activities of \$1,550,188 is secured by real estate. Upon default, the bank shall proceed by appropriate court action and take possession of the mortgaged property.

The Town's outstanding note from direct placements related to business-type activities of \$676,444 is secured by real estate. Upon default, the bank shall proceed by appropriate court action and take possession of the mortgaged property.

Year Ending	Gove	ernmental Acti	vities	Business-Type Activities				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2025	\$ 1,924,406	\$ 180,581	\$ 2,104,987	\$ 352,934	\$ 47,920	\$ 400,854		
2026	1,591,072	130,125	1,721,197	171,279	37,033	208,312		
2027	1,583,026	90,268	1,673,294	171,279	36,552	207,831		
2028	191,072	63,798	254,870	171,279	33,071	204,350		
2029	191,072	57,723	248,795	171,279	29,589	200,868		
Thereafter	1,719,646	246,078	1,965,724	1,370,284	94,227	1,464,511		
Total	\$ 7,200,294	\$ 768,573	\$ 7,968,867	\$ 2,408,334	\$ 278,392	\$ 2,686,726		

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's long-term obligations are as follows:

At June 30, 2024, the Town had a legal debt margin of approximately \$182,043,469. There were no authorized bonds that had not been issued as of June 30, 2024.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# **Changes in Long-Term Debt**

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	J	uly 1, 2023	I	ncreases	I	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2024	P	Current ortion of Balance
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
Direct placement notes payable	\$	9,124,699	\$	-	\$(	1,924,405)	\$	7,200,294	\$	1,924,406
Lease liabilities		19,712		-		(7,305)		12,407		6,784
Subscription liabilities		49,172		63,488		(48,650)		64,010		32,265
Net pension liablity (LGERS)		860,676		96,145		-		956,821		-
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		353,957		75,245		-		429,202		-
Compensated absences		109,208		67,176		(94,868)		81,516		20,379
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	10,517,424	\$	302,054	\$(	(2,075,228)	\$	8,744,250	\$	1,983,834
<b>Business-Type Activities:</b>										
Water and Sewer Fund:										
Direct placement notes payable	\$	2,729,444	\$	-	\$	(321,110)	\$	2,408,334	\$	352,934
Subscription liabilities		2,071		-		(2,071)		-		-
Net pension liablity (LGERS)		116,983		13,111		-		130,094		-
Compensated absences		25,217		37,320		(34,956)		27,581		6,895
Business-type										
long-term liabilities	\$	2,873,715	\$	50,431	\$	(358,137)	\$	2,566,009	\$	359,829

For governmental activities, compensated absences, and net pension obligation liabilities are liquidated by the General Fund. For business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the respective business-type fund.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Interfund Balances and Activity**

#### **Transfers to/from Other Funds**

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

Transfer to the GF from the Canal Dredging Fund for administrative cost and executing dredging project	\$ 41,493
Transfer from GF to BPART Fund for various capital projects and debt service	510,000
Transfer from GF to Beach Renourishment & Inlet Management Capital Reserve Fund to transfer excess fund balance according to fund balance policy	610,989
Transfer from GF to FEMA Capital Project Fund to close out project and pay for nonreimbursable expenses	198,813
Transfer from Beach Renourishment & Inlet Management Capital Reserve Fund to BPART Fund to pay for inlet dredging project	135,741

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

	G	overnmental Activities	Business-Type Activities			
Capital assets	\$	11,272,513	\$	17,938,440		
Less: Long-term debt		(7,276,711)		(2,408,334)		
(Debt not related to capital assets)		3,600,000		-		
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,595,802	\$	15,530,106		

#### **Fund Balance**

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 5,604,331
Less:	
Stabilization by state statute	 257,307
Remaining fund balance	\$ 5,347,024

The Town has also adopted a fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 40% of budgeted expenditures.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 3. Jointly Governed Organization

The Town, in conjunction with other local governments, participates in the Cape Fear Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing boards. The Town paid memberships fees of \$467 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### 4. Contracted Service Agreement

The Town is party to a sewer service agreement with Brunswick County for the East/West Brunswick Regional Wastewater Project. The term of the agreement is from July 2002 for thirty (30) years or five years after the last maturity of the bonds issued to finance the project. Brunswick County has financed, constructed, and is operating a regional sewer system and the Town, which is using this system for transmission and treatment of the Town's sewage, has agreed to participate with the County in financing the capital and operating costs of the project. The Town is responsible for assisting in paying for a portion of the operation and maintenance of the system based on its consumption, and the Town also has to pay its pro rata share of the financing of capital costs the County incurred for construction. The total amounts that the Town is responsible for are approximately 22.43% of the County's 2004A Revenue Bond of \$31,540,000, 33.33% of the County's 2005 Revolving Loan of \$10,000,000. The Town also has to pay the same percentages of the interest on these debts. The notes payable amount to Brunswick County in the year ending 30 June 2023 was \$3,771,826. The subsequent years' payment will decrease gradually over the 25-year life span of the debt with final payout in 2029. The Town levies a capital charge authorized by special legislation to residents in order to fund the payments.

#### 5. Interlocal Agreement with Brunswick County

The Town entered into an interlocal agreement with Brunswick County to assist in financing a beach renourishment project; aka "Central Reach Project". The Town borrowed \$12,000,000 to finance the project. Per the agreement, the Town was required to deposit with the County for the largest debt service payment required over the subsequent 10 years of the loan. In each fiscal year that the special obligation bonds are outstanding, the County will include in its budget and agrees to appropriate the total amount of debt service due in each fiscal year. On each date that debt service is due on the special obligation bonds, the County agrees to pay the Town the amount of debt service due on the special obligation bonds. The Town expects to make the payment of debt service due on special obligations binds from its other available funds and, to the extent that it does, the County will not be required to make any payment to the Town of such date. The County is only required to make its payment on or after any date the payment of debt service on the special obligation bonds is due if the Town has not made a payment. The Town remitted \$1,461,600 to the County on October 20, 2016, and this payment is reflected on the general ledger as a Deposit – Brunswick County Interlocal Agreement. At the end of each fiscal year, the County will remit back to the Town any amount in its Reserve Fund in excess of the remaining maximum annual debt service on the special obligation bonds.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### 6. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

#### **Federal and State-Assisted Programs**

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

## 7. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

The upfit of Lift Station 2 (Greensboro St) was not executed in FY 2024 and is in the FY 2025 budget. The Emergency Operations Center debt will be paid off in FY 2025.

The Town acquired additional real estate "Block Q properties" during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Purchase price was \$2 million with \$1 million down and the residual owner financed for three years at 3.84%. This debt will be paid off in FY 2025.

This page left blank intentionally.

This page left blank intentionally.

# TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System								
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020			
Holden Beach's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.01641%	0.01733%	0.01803%	0.01762%	0.01764%			
Holden Beach's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 1,086,915	\$ 977,659	\$ 276,507	\$ 629,638	\$ 481,735			
Holden Beach's covered payroll*	\$ 1,654,484	\$ 1,459,798	\$1,424,752	\$1,268,586	\$ 1,293,634			
Holden Beach's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	65.70%	66.97%	19.41%	49.63%	37.24%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	82.49%	84.14%	95.51%	88.61%	90.86%			

\* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

\*\* This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

# TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS \*

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System								
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015			
Holden Beach's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.02020%	0.02220%	0.02150%	0.02241%	0.02219%			
Holden Beach's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 479,213	\$ 339,155	\$ 456,302	\$ 100,575	\$ (130,865)			
Holden Beach's covered payroll*	\$ 1,278,751	\$1,310,048	\$1,244,202	\$1,169,403	\$1,122,226			
Holden Beach's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	37.04%	26.52%	34.83%	8.08%	( 11.19%)			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	91.63%	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	98.79%			

# TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System										
		2024	_	2023	_	2022		2021	_	2020
Contractually required contribution	\$	249,075	\$	204,996	\$	172,232	\$	147,789	\$	116,711
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		249,075		204,996		172,232		147,789		116,711
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	_
Holden Beach's covered payroll	\$	1,882,309	\$	1,654,484	\$	1,459,798	\$	1,424,752	\$	1,268,586
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.23%		12.39%		11.80%		10.37%		9.20%

## TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH'S CONTRIBUTIONS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System										
		2019		2018		2017		2016	_	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	103,877	\$	99,231	\$	98,475	\$	85,145	\$	84,691
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		103,877		99,231		98,475		85,145		84,691
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	_
Holden Beach's covered payroll	\$	1,293,634	\$	1,278,751	\$	1,310,048	\$	1,244,202	\$	1,169,403
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		8.03%		7.76%		7.52%		6.84%		7.24%

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance									
		2024		2023		2022		2021	
Beginning balance	\$	353,957	\$	434,258	\$	457,185	\$	268,329	
Service cost		15,215		19,955		22,476		15,683	
Interest on the total pension liability		14,968		9,621		8,695		8,533	
Differences between expected and actual									
experience in the measurement of the total pension liability		45,557		(10,896)		(25,288)		44,417	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		12,840		(85,646)		(15,475)		133,408	
Benefit payments		(13,335)		(13,335)		(13,335)		(13,185)	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	429,202	\$	353,957	\$	434,258	\$	457,185	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance									
		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Beginning balance	\$	216,140	\$	240,004	\$	190,466	\$	178,905	
Service cost		11,215		12,632		13,086		11,222	
Interest on the total pension liability		7,600		7,552		7,352		6,387	
Differences between expected and actual									
experience in the measurement of the total pension liability		37,806		(30,214)		6,147		-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		10,251		(11,782)		22,953		(6,048)	
Benefit payments		(14,683)		(2,052)		-		-	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	268,329	\$	216,140	\$	240,004	\$	190,466	

#### SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance									
		2024		2023		2022		2021	
Total pension liability	\$	429,202	\$	353,957	\$	434,258	\$	457,185	
Covered employee payroll		494,323		434,116		447,362		482,781	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		86.83%		81.54%		97.07%		94.70%	

#### Notes to the Schedules:

The Town of Holden Beach has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

#### SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED EMPLOYEE PAYROLL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance									
		2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total pension liability	\$	268,329	\$	216,140	\$	240,004	\$	190,466	
Covered employee payroll		452,570		471,772		489,842		380,126	
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		59.29%		45.81%		49.00%		50.11%	

#### Schedule 1 Page 1 of 3

## TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024				
	Budget		Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:					
Ad Valorem Taxes:					
Current year	\$ 3,328,074	\$	3,331,159	\$ 3,085	
Prior year	36,000		18,157	(17,843)	
Interest and penalties	15,000		13,236	(1,764)	
Total	3,379,074		3,362,552	(16,522)	
Other Taxes and Licenses:					
Local option sales tax	390,000		435,581	45,581	
Other taxes and licenses	300		1,942	1,642	
Total	390,300		437,523	47,223	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:					
Beer and wine tax	2,600		4,931	2,331	
Telecommunications tax	4,000		5,331	1,331	
Franchise tax	228,454		244,368	15,914	
Video program tax	37,000		43,809	6,809	
Sales tax refund	7,500		-	(7,500)	
Total	279,554		298,439	18,885	
Restricted Intergovernmental:					
Powell Bill allocation	45,000		49,829	4,829	
Permits and Fees:					
Building permits	322,595		494,198	171,603	
CAMA permits and reimbursements	7,800		8,015	215	
Other permits and fees	3,900		4,025	125	
Total	334,295		506,238	171,943	
Sales and Services	79,050		61,614	(17,436)	
Investment Earnings	20,000		145,290	125,290	
Miscellaneous	121,250		11,519	(109,731)	
Total revenues	4,648,523		4,873,004	224,481	

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024					
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under			
Expenditures:						
General Government:						
Governing Body:						
Salaries and employee benefits	8,399	8,074	325			
Operating expenses	201,519	191,398	10,121			
Total	209,918	199,472	10,446			
Administration:						
Salaries and employee benefits	614,260	596,330	17,930			
Operating expenses	247,735	233,285	14,450			
Capital outlay	75,403	75,403				
Total	937,398	905,018	32,380			
Total general government	1,147,316	1,104,490	42,826			
Public Safety:						
Inspections, Zoning, and Safety:						
Salaries and employee benefits	381,868	347,061	34,807			
Operating expenses	89,522	55,485	34,037			
Capital outlay	51,240	50,240	1,000			
Total	522,630	452,786	69,844			
Police:						
Salaries and employee benefits	1,051,016	952,281	98,735			
Operating expenses	137,971	102,849	35,122			
Total	1,188,987	1,055,130	133,857			
Total public safety	1,711,617	1,507,916	203,701			
Transportation:						
Streets and Highways:						
Salaries and employee benefits	116,827	113,428	3,399			
Operating expenses	867,707	424,135	443,572			
Total transportation	984,534	537,563	446,971			

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		2024	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Environmental Protection:			
Sanitation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	92,301	83,598	8,703
Operating expenses	155,944	141,821	14,123
Total environmental protection	248,245	225,419	22,826
Debt Service:			
Principal	255,264	255,264	-
Interest	39,677	32,096	7,581
Total	294,941	287,360	7,581
Total expenditures	4,386,653	3,662,748	723,905
Revenues over (under) expenditures	261,870	1,210,256	948,386
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>			
Transfers from Canal Dredging Fund	84,273	41,493	(42,780)
Sale of capital assets	5,000	12,855	7,855
Subscriptions	-	63,488	63,488
Transfers (to) from other funds	(1,592,885)	(1,319,802)	273,083
Appropriated fund balance	1,241,742	-	(1,241,742)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(261,870)	(1,201,966)	(940,096)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	8,290	\$ 8,290
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1	-	5,596,041	
End of year - June 30	<u>\$</u>	5,604,331	

## MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BPART TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	2024					
	Budget			Actual		Variance ver/Under
Revenues:						
Occupancy tax receipts	\$	4,027,500	\$	4,191,305	\$	163,805
CAMA Grant		50,239		40,945		(9,294)
NCDWR Grant		1,826,625		425,000		(1,401,625)
Off street parking		588,000		760,121		172,121
Camp site fees		10,000		37,204		27,204
Investment earnings		46,029		248,980		202,951
Miscellaneous		29,805		177,611		147,806
Total revenues		6,578,198		5,881,166		(697,032)
Expenditures:						
Beach renourishment:						
Salaries and employee benefits		266,924		226,522		40,402
Operating expenditures		3,118,988		1,631,367		1,487,621
Lockwood Folly Dredging and						
Beach Nourishment		1,009,250		135,741		873,509
County's share of occupancy tax		689,092		689,092		_
Total beach renourishment expenditures		5,084,254		2,682,722		2,401,532
Transportation:						
Pier		1,282,950		212,234		1,070,716
Debt Service:						
Principal		1,725,096		1,725,096		-
Interest		200,174		200,172		2
Total debt service		1,925,270		1,925,268		2
Total expenditures		8,292,474		4,820,224		3,472,250
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,714,276)		1,060,942		2,775,218

## MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BPART TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in	1,130,003	645,741	(484,262)
Appropriated fund balance	584,273		(584,273)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,714,276	645,741	(1,068,535)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$                                    </u>	1,706,683	<u>\$ 1,706,683</u>
<b>Fund Balance:</b> Beginning of year - July 1		4,947,791	
End of year - June 30		\$ 6,654,474	

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - CANAL DREDGING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Project	Prior	Current	Total To	Variance	
	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	Over/Under	
Revenues:						
Assessments HBH	\$ 139,421	\$ 1,235,160	\$ 138,089	\$ 1,373,249	\$ 1,233,828	
Assessments HHC	136,656	686,219	121,182	807,401	670,745	
Assessments HAC	-	274,554	-	274,554	274,554	
Assessments HA	114,087	306,882	115,671	422,553	308,466	
Prior Year Assessments HBH	1,163,000	36,399	-	36,399	(1,126,601)	
Prior Year Assessments HHC	672,097	32,548	3,213	35,761	(636,336)	
Prior Year Assessments HA	1,145,650	31,537	524	32,061	(1,113,589)	
Interest - HBH	-	38,913	33,991	72,904	72,904	
Interest - HHC	-	36,953	29,651	66,604	66,604	
Interest - HA	-	46,671	31,182	77,853	77,853	
Miscellaneous revenue - HBH	-	336,667	-	336,667	336,667	
Miscellaneous revenue - HHC	-	387,209	-	387,209	387,209	
Miscellaneous revenue - HA	-	148,051	146,681	294,732	294,732	
Total revenues	3,370,911	3,597,763	620,184	4,217,947	847,036	
Expenditures:						
Holden Beach Harbor Project:						
Administration	10,933	5,474	-	5,474	5,459	
Professional services	80,236	48,255	16,256	64,511	15,725	
Construction	976,816	11,172	-	11,172	965,644	
Construction management	201,875	3,767	-	3,767	198,108	
Total Holden Beach Harbor Project	1,269,860	68,668	16,256	84,924	1,184,936	
Heritage Harbor Canal Project:						
Administration	1,061	7,300	-	7,300	(6,239)	
Professional services	15,115	24,681	15,115	39,796	(24,681)	
Construction	772,358	455,350	1,141	456,491	315,867	
Total Heritage Harbor Canal Project	788,534	487,331	16,256	503,587	284,947	
Heritage Access Canal Project:						
Administration	10,079	6,265	-	6,265	3,814	
Professional services	15,115	24,682	15,114	39,796	(24,681)	
Construction	1,203,050	67,717	210,817	278,534	924,516	
Total Heritage Access Canal Project	1,228,244	98,664	225,931	324,595	903,649	
Total expenditures	3,286,638	654,663	258,443	913,106	2,373,532	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	84,273	2,943,100	361,741	3,304,841	3,220,568	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers from General Fund	-	324,429	-	324,429	324,429	
Transfer to General Fund	(84,273)	(42,780)	(41,493)	(84,273)		
Total	(84,273)	281,649	(41,493)		324,429	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ 3,224,749	\$ 320,248	\$ 3,544,997	\$ 3,544,997	

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - FEMA CAPITAL PROJECT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Project Authorization	Prior Years	Current Year	Total To Date	Variance Over/Under
Revenues:					
FEMA Florence PW 674 (0) CAT G	\$ 15,861,220	\$ 8,680,726	\$ -	\$ 8,680,726	\$ (7,180,494)
FEMA Michael PW 11 (0) CAT G	8,547,506	5,314,195	-	5,314,195	(3,233,311)
FEMA Florence PW 2547 (0) CAT Z	798,855	10,979	966	11,945	(786,910)
FEMA Michael PW 158 (0) CAT Z	427,376	10,979	390	11,369	(416,007)
FEMA Dorian PW 00221 (0) CAT G	15,496,802	7,210,421	-	7,210,421	(8,286,381)
FEMA Dorian PW 494 CAT Z	775,835	10,979	87	11,066	(764,769)
FEMA Isaias PW 50 CAT G	3,838,038	2,354,787	-	2,354,787	(1,483,251)
FEMA Isaias PW 238 CAT Z	198,387	6,812	88	6,900	(191,487)
Interest income		8,031		8,031	8,031
Total revenues	45,944,019	23,607,909	1,531	23,609,440	(22,334,579)
Expenditures:					
FEMA Florence PW 674 (0) CAT G	15,861,220	8,635,340	-	8,635,340	7,225,880
FEMA Michael PW 11 (0) CAT G	8,547,506	5,212,879	-	5,212,879	3,334,627
FEMA Florence PW 2547 (0) CAT Z	798,855	88,792	-	88,792	710,063
Administration	25,560	-	-	-	25,560
FEMA Michael PW 158 (0) CAT Z	427,376	88,521	-	88,521	338,855
FEMA Dorian PW 00221 (0) CAT G	15,496,802	7,050,523	-	7,050,523	8,446,279
FEMA Dorian PW 494 CAT Z	775,835	87,328	-	87,328	688,507
FEMA Isaias PW 50 CAT G	3,838,038	2,315,806	-	2,315,806	1,522,232
FEMA Isaias PW 238 CAT Z	198,387	83,138		83,138	115,249
Total FEMA expenditures	45,969,579	23,562,327		23,562,327	22,407,252
Debt Service:					
Principal	27,628,909	27,628,909	-	27,628,909	-
Interest	244,344	244,343		244,343	1
Total debt service	27,873,253	27,873,252		27,873,252	1
Total expenditures	73,842,832	51,435,579		51,435,579	22,407,253
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(27,898,813	) (27,827,670)	1,531	(27,826,139)	72,674
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers from General Fund	198,813	-	198,813	198,813	-
Loan proceeds	27,700,000	27,628,909		27,628,909	(71,091)
Total	27,898,813	27,628,909	198,813	27,827,722	(71,091)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (198,761)</u>	\$ 200,344	<u>\$ 1,583</u>	<u>\$ 1,583</u>

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND -BEACH RENOURISHMENT & INLET MANAGEMENT CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FROM INCEPTION AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

				Actual						
	A	Project 1thorization			Current Year		Total To Date			Variance )ver/Under
Revenues:										
Interest	\$	1,375,110	\$	45,913	\$	42,029	\$	87,942	\$	(1,287,168)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers to other funds		(1,986,099)		(1,336,286)		(135,741)		(1,472,027)		514,072
Transfers from other funds		610,989		2,727,181		610,989		3,338,170		2,727,181
Total		(1,375,110)		1,390,895		475,248		1,866,143		3,241,253
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	1,436,808		517,277	\$	1,954,085	\$	1,954,085
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year - July 1						1,436,808				
End of year - June 30					\$	1,954,085				

#### WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under	
Revenues:				
Operating revenues:				
Water and sewer charges	\$ 2,891,175	\$ 2,377,954	\$ (513,221)	
Tap and connection fees	76,000	160,492	84,492	
Other operating charges	164,500	120,464	(44,036)	
Total operating revenues	3,131,675	2,658,910	(472,765)	
Non-operating revenues:				
Interest earnings	7,212	85,260	78,048	
Sale of capital assets	-	9,700	9,700	
EPA Stag	2,690,000	-	(2,690,000)	
Capital charges	1,112,478	1,456,659	344,181	
Total non-operating revenues	3,809,690	1,551,619	(2,258,071)	
Total revenues	6,941,365	4,210,529	(2,730,836)	
Expenditures:				
Water and sewer administration:				
Salaries and employee benefits	72,321	74,561	(2,240)	
Operating expenditures	88,517	76,043	12,474	
Total water and sewer administration	160,838	150,604	10,234	
Operations:				
Salaries and employee benefits	385,074	351,335	33,739	
Operating expenditures	1,839,565	1,712,053	127,512	
Capital outlay	3,920,365	107,440	3,812,925	
Total operations	6,145,004	2,170,828	3,974,176	
Non-operating:				
County capital charges	1,006,571	1,006,571		
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	324,000	323,181	819	
Interest and other charges	186,990	186,990		
Total debt service	510,990	510,171	819	
Total expenditures	7,823,403	3,838,174	3,985,229	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(882,038)	372,355	1,254,393	

#### Schedule 6 Page 2 of 2

## TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

#### WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget	Actual	Variance Over/Under
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	Buuget	Actual	Over/Under
Transfers (to) from other funds:			
Capital reserve funds (intrafund, net)	(184,279)	(175,457)	8,822
Loan proceeds	1,000,000	(1/3,437)	(1,000,000)
Appropriated fund balance	66,317	-	(1,000,000) (66,317)
••••		(175 457)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	882,038	(175,457)	(1,057,495)
Revenues and other financing sources over			
(under) expenditures and other financing uses	<u>\$ -</u>	196,898	\$ 196,898
Reconciliation from Budgetary Basis			
(Modified Accrual) to Full Accrual:			
Reconciling items:			
Principal retirement		323,181	
Depreciation and amortization		(640,691)	
Net revenue from capital reserve consolidation		13,359	
Capital reserve transfers - intrafund		175,457	
Capital items charged to operating expenses		1,145	
Change in deferred outflows of resources - pensions		5,081	
Loss on disposal of capital asset		(6,848)	
Change in compensated absences		2,364	
Change in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(357)	
Change in net pension liability		(13,111)	
Capital outlay	-	107,440	
Change in net position	<u>\$</u>	163,918	

## WATER CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budget			Actual	Variance Over/Under		
Revenues:							
Interest income	\$	162,571	\$	3,833	\$	(158,738)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfer to other funds		(212,571)		-		212,571	
Transfer from other funds		50,000		41,178		(8,822)	
Total		(162,571)		41,178		203,749	
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>			45,011	\$	45,011	
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year - July 1				52,921			
End of year - June 30			\$	97,932			

## SEWER CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	 Budget	Actual	/ariance /er/Under
Revenues:			
Interest income	\$ 228,063	\$ 9,526	\$ (218,537)
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>			
Transfer to other funds	(358,063)	-	358,063
Transfer from other funds	 130,000	 134,279	 4,279
Total	 (228,063)	 134,279	 362,342
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	143,805	\$ 143,805
Fund Balance:			
Beginning of year - July 1		 155,120	
End of year - June 30		\$ 298,925	

## SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE JUNE 30, 2024

Year Ended June 30	В	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2023				ollections 1d Credits		ncollected Balance 1e 30, 2024
2023-2024	\$	-	\$	3,355,249	\$	3,324,423	\$	30,826
2022-2023		22,717		-		4,314		18,403
2021-2022		5,322		-		2,990		2,332
2020-2021		25,652		-		3,259		22,393
2019-2020		-		1,775		1,775		-
2018-2019		-		1,537		1,537		-
2017-2018		-		1,586		1,586		-
2016-2017		8,375		-		2,990		5,385
2015-2016		8,231		-		-		8,231
2014-2015		925		-		-		925
2013-2014		2,817		-		2,817		-
Total	\$	74,039	\$	3,360,147	\$	3,345,691		88,495
Less: Allowance for Ad valorem taxes rea			n taxes	receivable			\$	(5,187) 83,308
<b>Reconcilement with</b> Ad valorem taxes - C							<u>\$</u>	3,362,552
Reconciling items:								
Penalties and interes	t collected							(13,236)
Other								(808)
Write-offs								(2,817)
Total reconciling iter	ms							(16,861)
Total collections and	l credit						\$	3,345,691

#### ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY TOWN-WIDE LEVY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

						Total Levy			
		Tow	n-Wide			Property Excluding Registered		R	egistered
	Property Valuation		Rate	Amount of Levy		Motor Vehicles		Motor Vehicles	
Original Levy:									
Property taxed at current year's rate	\$ 2,396,606,429	\$	0.1400	\$	3,355,249	\$	3,320,629	\$	34,620
Total property valuation	\$ 2,396,606,429								
Net Levy					3,355,249		3,320,629		34,620
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2024					(30,826)		(30,826)		
Current Year's Taxes Collected				\$	3,324,423	\$	3,289,803	\$	34,620
Current Levy Collection Percentage					<u>99.08%</u>		<u>99.07%</u>	<u>]</u>	100.00%

This page left blank intentionally.

# MARTIN & STARNES & ASSOCIATES, CPAS, P.A.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 11, 2024.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Holden Beach's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is not detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Holden Beach's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & associates, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina October 11, 2024



#### Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program**

#### **Opinion on Each Major State Program**

We have audited the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina's, compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Town of Holden Beach's major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Town of Holden Beach's major state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings, Responses, and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the Town of Holden Beach complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Town of Holden Beach and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Holden Beach's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Town of Holden Beach's state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Town of Holden Beach's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act will always detect material non-compliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material non-compliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Non-compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Town of Holden Beach's compliance with the requirements of each major state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material non-compliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Town of Holden Beach's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over* 

*compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Martin Starnes & associated, CPas, P.a.

Martin Starnes & Associates, CPAs, P.A. Hickory, North Carolina October 11, 2024 This page left blank intentionally.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS, RESPONSES, AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

## **Financial Statements**

	Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP:	Unmodified
	Internal control over financial reporting:	
	• Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None reported
	Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
	State Awards	
	Internal control over major state programs:	
	• Material weakness(es) identified?	No
	• Significant deficiency(s) identified?	None reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state programs	Unmodified
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act?	No
	Identification of major state programs:	
	Program Name	
	Water Resources Development Project Grant Program	
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
2.	Financial Statement Findings	
	None reported.	
3.	State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	

None reported.

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

None reported.

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program Title</u>	Federal Assistance Listing Number	State Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-Through to Subrecipients
Federal Awards:					
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency Passed through N.C. Department of Public Safety: Disaster Grants- Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters) Disaster Grants- Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)	97.036 97.036 97.036 97.036	4412-DR-NC 4393-DR-NC 4568-DR-NC 4465-DR-NC	\$ 390 966 <u>88</u> <u>87</u>	\$ - - - -	\$
Total			1,531		
State Grants:					
<u>N.C. Department of Environmental Quality</u> Division of Coastal Management Public Beach and Coastal Waterfront Access Program				40,945	<u>-</u>
Water Resources Development Project Grant Program				146,681	
Water Resources Development Project Grant Program				425,000	
<u>N.C. Department of Transportation</u> Powell Bill				49,829	<u> </u>
Total federal grants			<u>\$ 1,531</u>		
Total state grants				\$ 662,455	

#### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

#### (1) Basis of Presentation:

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of the Town of Holden Beach under the programs of the federal government and the state of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Town of Holden Beach, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the Town of Holden Beach.

#### (2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

#### (3) Indirect Cost Rate

The Town of Holden Beach has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

This page left blank intentionally.