TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH NORTH CAROLINA

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governing Board
J. Alan Holden, Mayor
Mike Sullivan
Pat Kwiatkowski
Peter J Freer
Joe Butler
John Fletcher

Town Officials

David W. Hewett, Town Manager/Finance Director
Heather Finnell, Town Clerk



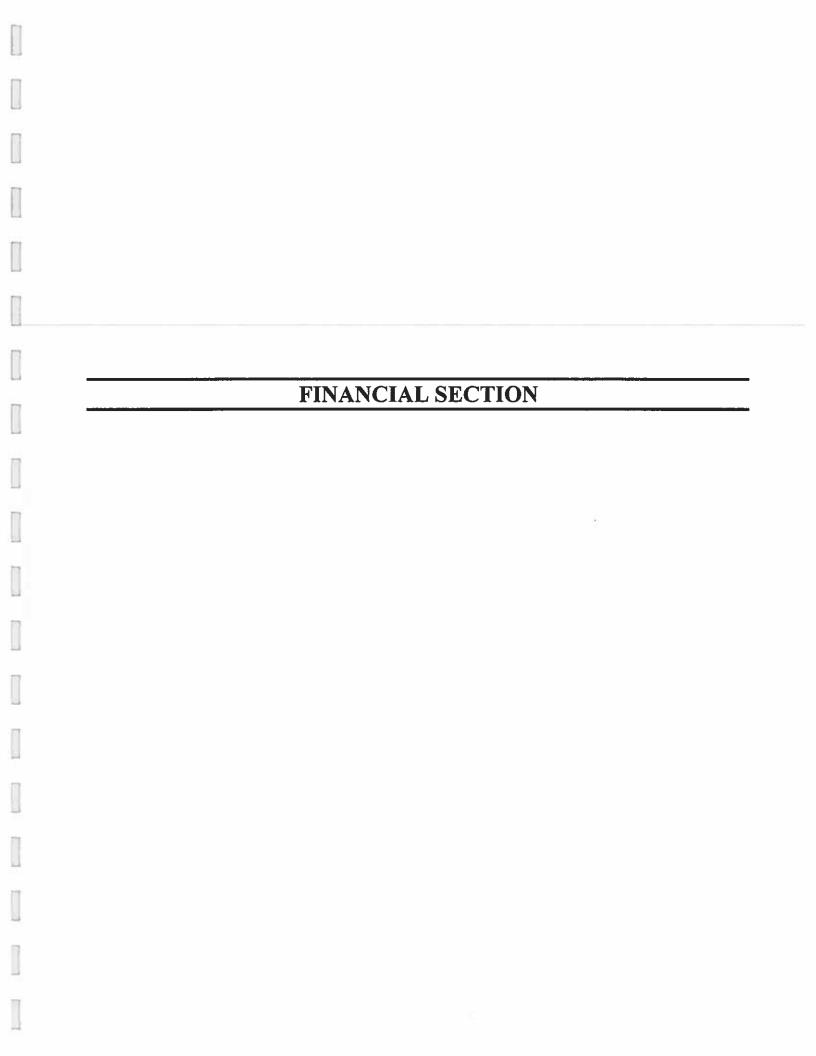
Rives & Associates, LLP
Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Table of Contents June 30, 2018

<u>Exhibit</u>		Page
	Independent Auditors' Report	
	Basic Financial Statements:	
25	Government-wide Financial Statements:	10
1	Statement of Net Position	
2	Statement of Activities	14
	Fund Financial Statements:	
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15
3	Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the	
	Statement of Net Position	16
4	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
	Balances - Governmental Funds	17
4	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
	Budget and Actual - General Fund	19
6	Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	
7	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net	
	Position – Proprietary Funds	22
8	Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	
	Notes to the Financial Statements	24
Schedule		
	Required Supplemental Financial Data:	
1	Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	53
2	Schedule of Contributions.	
3	Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability - Law Enforcement Officer's	
-	Separation Allowance	55
4	Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll – Law	
•	Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance	56

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Table of Contents June 30, 2018

Schedule		<u>Page</u>
	Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
5	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	57
6	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund – BPART Tax Fund	
7	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Canal Dredging Funds	61
8	Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) – Water and Sewer Fund	
	Other Schedules:	
9 10	Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Town-wide Levy	
	Compliance Section:	
	Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
	Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	67
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
	Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings	72





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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Holden Beach Holden Beach, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 12, the Local Government Employees' Retirement System's Schedules of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Contributions on pages 53 through 54, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance schedules of the Changes in Total Pension Liability and Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll on page 55 and 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina. The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules and other schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

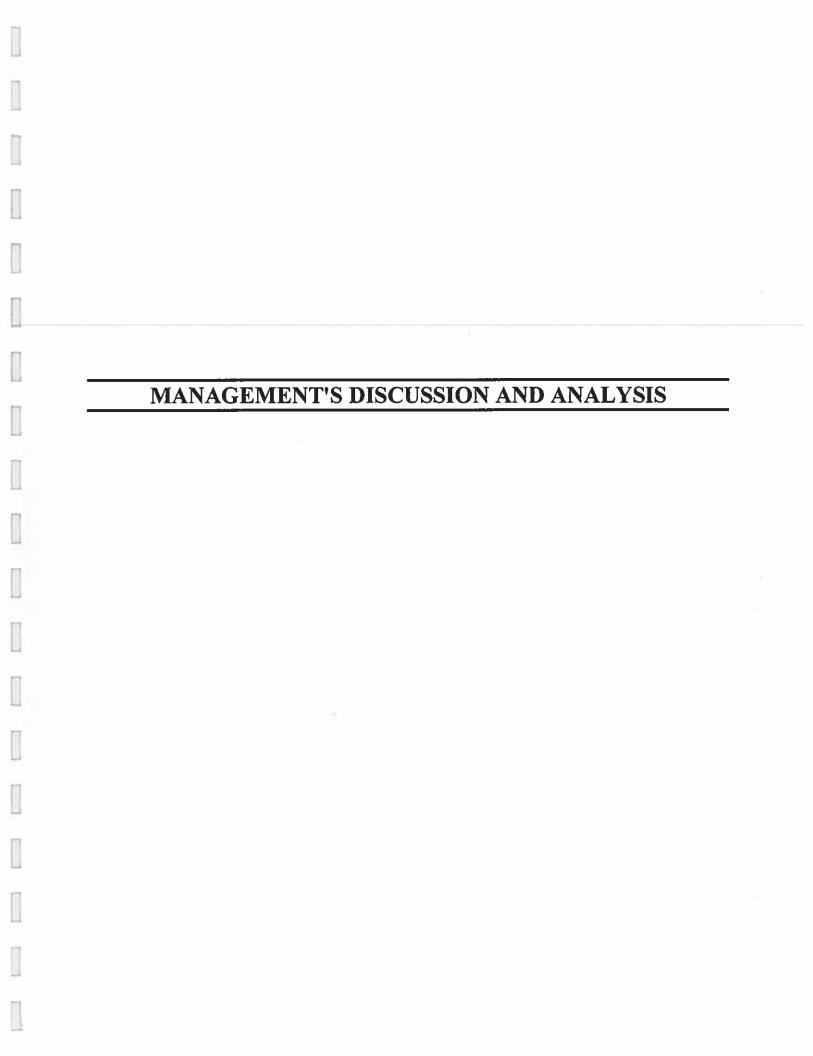
The combining and individual fund statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, the combining and individual fund statements, the budgetary schedules, and other schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 8, 2019 on our consideration of the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Town of Holden Beach's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

River & associates LIP

Raleigh, North Carolina April 8, 2019



Town of Holden Beach, North Carolina Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Town of Holden Beach, we offer readers of the Town of Holden Beach's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Holden Beach for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Holden Beach exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$25,858,808 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$2,923,305 due to an increase in the governmental activities of \$2,551,432 and increases in the business-type activities of \$371,873.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Holden Beach governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,042,673, an increase of \$1,071,877 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$1,559,188 is available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,559,188
 or 63 percent of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Holden Beach's basic financial statements. The Town of Holden Beach's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the Town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Holden Beach.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report Figure 1 Management's Discussion and Analysis Basic Financial Statements

Notes to the

Financial Statements

Basic Financial Statements — Detail

he first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the Government-wide Financial Statements. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town's financial status.

Fund

Financial

Statements

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are Fund Financial Statements. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town's government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Governmental-wide

Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Town's total assets and deferred outflows of resources and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Measuring net position is one way to gage the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide. This includes the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Holden Beach.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements (see Figure 1) provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Holden Beach, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Town of Holden Beach can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds — Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* which provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Holden Beach adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board; 2) the final budget as amended by the board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges.

Proprietary Funds – Town of Holden Beach has one proprietary fund. *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Town of Holden Beach uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as the functions shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow directly behind the basic financial statements.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning the Town of Holden Beach. Required supplementary information follows directly behind the notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Holden Beach Net Position Figure 2

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-	Type Activities	То	tal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Current and other assets	\$11,295,765	\$10,249,192	\$5,339,323	\$ 5,146,572	\$ 16,635,088	\$ 15,395,764
Capital Assets	7,774,345	7,879,426	16,589,587	17,039,683	24,363,932	24,919,109
Deferred outflows of						
resources	242,922	337,211	32,486	53,368	275,408	390,579
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows	19,313,032	18,465,829	21,961,396	22,239,623	41,274,428	40,705,452
Long-term liabilities	12,310,462	13,879,479	701,113	1,352,308	13,011,575	15,231,787
Other liabilities	1,624,591	1,748,222	736,751	732,952	2,361,342	2,481,174
Deferred inflows of						
resources	40,798	52,379	1,905	4,609	42,703	56,988_
Total Liabilities & deferred						
inflows	13,975,851	15,680,080	1,439,769	2,089,869	15,415,620	17,769,949
Net position:						
Net investment in capital						
assets	5,372,189	5,185,415	15,311,965	15,145,785	20,684,154	20,331,200
Restricted	256,810	101,590	-	-	256,810	101,590
Unrestricted	(291,818)	(2,501,256)	5,209,662	5,003,969	4,917,844	2,502,713
Total net position	\$ 5,337,181	\$ 2,785,749	20,521,627	\$20,149,754	\$ 25,858,808	\$ 22,935,503

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets and deferred outflows of the Town of Holden Beach exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$25,858,808 as of June 30, 2018. The Town's net position increased by \$2,923,305 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. However, the largest portion

(80%) of net position reflects the Town's net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The Town of Holden Beach uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Holden Beach's net investment in capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town's net position, \$256,810 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$4,917,844 is unrestricted.

A particular aspect of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

 Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes by maintaining a tax collection percentage of 99.04% which is greater than the statewide average in 2017 of 98.92%.

Town of Holden Beach Changes in Net Position Figure 3

		LiAnte 2				
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
Revenues:	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Program Revenues:						_
Charges for services	\$ 321,054	\$ 291,877	\$ 2,181,252	\$ 2,044,362	\$ 2,502,306	\$ 2,336,239
Operating grants and contributions	257,060	3,443,965	-	-	257,060	3,443,965
Capital grants and contributions	-	-	1,579,905	1,556,626	1,579,905	1,556,626
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	2,745,690	2,662,717	-	-	2,745,690	2,662,717
Other Taxes	2,916,210	2,581,258	-	-	2,916,210	2,581,258
Other	93,380	53,702	206	8,956	93,586	62,658
Total revenues:	6,333,394	9,033,519	\$ 3,761,363	3,609,944	\$ 10,094,757	12,643,463
Expenses:	_					
General government	939,886	843,439		-	939,886	843,439
Public Safety	912,401	998,432	-	-	912,401	998,432
Transportation	298,277	314,340	-	-	298,277	314,340
Environmental protection	106,264	109,819	-	-	106,264	109,819
Beach renourishment	1,388,739	17,502,692	13	-	1,388,739	17,502,692
Interest on long-term debt	229,730	300,117	-	-	229,730	300,117
Water and sewer		-	3,296,155	3,189,323	3,296,155	3,189,323
Total expenses	3,875,297	20,068,839	3,296,155	3,189,323	7,171,452	23,258,162
Increase in net positon before transfers	2,458,097	(11,035,320)		420,621	2,923,305	(10,614,699)
Transfers	93,335	46	-93335	-	-	-
Increase in net position	2,551,432	(11,035,320)	371,873	420,621	2,923,305	(10,614,699)
Net position, July 1	2,785,749	13,520,185	20,149,754	19,729,133	22,935,503	33,249,318
Restatement	2,100,170	(178,905)		, ,		(178,905)
Prior Period Adjustment	_	479,789		_		479,789
Net position, restated	_	13,821,069	_	19,729,133	-	33,550,202
Het position, residied	\$5,337,181	\$ 2,785,749	\$ 20,521,627	\$20,149,754	\$ 25,858,808	\$22,935,503
	+ 0,001,101	# E,100,173	+ 10,021,021	WAR 170,107	+ -0,000,000	+,000,000

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net position by \$2,551,432.

Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Holden Beach's net position by \$371,873. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Increase in charges for services.

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Holden Beach uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Holden Beach governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Holden Beach financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Holden Beach. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was a \$1,559,188, while total fund balance of the general fund was \$2,170,670. The Governing Body of the Town of Holden Beach has determined that the Town should maintain an available fund balance of 25% of general fund expenditures in case of unforeseen needs or opportunities, in addition to meeting the cash flow needs of the Town. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 59% of general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 84% of the same amount.

At June 30, 2018, the governmental funds of Town of Holden Beach reported a combined fund balance of \$11,042,673 with an increase in fund balance of \$1,071,877.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town had a few budgetary amendments. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

The budgetary amendments for FY 17-18 were due to necessary increases in appropriations in order to meet and maintain service needs of the Town's departments.

Proprietary Funds. The Town of Holden Beach's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government- wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$5,209,662. The total change in net position in the Water and Sewer fund was \$371,873. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Holden Beach's business-type activities.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Holden Beach's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business—type activities as of June 30, 2018, totals \$24,363,932 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, land, construction in progress, machinery and equipment, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Purchase of Police Vehicles
- Generators

Town of Holden Beach Capital Assets (net of depreciation) Figure 4

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Land & Constr. in Progress	\$2,648,983	\$3,280,010	\$ 140,296	\$ 140,296	\$ 2,789,279	\$ 3,420,306
Buildings and distribution systems	3,944,646	4,045,443	15,975,257	16,421,606	19,919,903	20,467,049
Improvements and infrastructure	1,027,083	337,895	136,467	140,148	1,163,550	478,043
Machinery and equipment	54,094	66,124	300,000	337,633	354,094	403,757
Vehicles	99,539	149,954	37,567	-	137,106	149,954
Total	\$7,774,345	\$7,879,426	\$ 16,589,587	\$ 17,039,683	\$ 24,363,932	\$ 24,919,109

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 3.A of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2018, the Town had total debt of \$14,477,779 (excluding compensated absences). There was a net decrease in total debt of \$2,201,268.

Additional information regarding the Town's debt can be found in Note 3B.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators impact on the potential growth and prosperity of the Town.

- Unemployment rates. The Town of Holden Beach's unemployment rate of 5.2% which
 is slightly higher than the State average of 3.8%.
- The Town does continue to have a steady revenue stream of tourism dollars despite the overall sluggish economy in Southeastern North Carolina.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2018

Governmental Activities: The Town's ad valorem tax rate for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 will remain at 22 cents per one hundred dollars of valuation. Fund balance in the BPART fund was appropriated to balance the budget for the year ended June 30, 2018 in the amount of \$123,500.

Business –Type Activities: Almost a year after increasing both water and sewer rates, revenues continue to trend upward as conservation seems to be down. Concerns over the viability of the sewer lift stations have been addressed by the Sewer Vulnerability Committee and an independent engineer. It is recommended to fund the rehabilitation of sewer lift stations 4, 3, and 2 over the course of three years. The appropriation in this year's budget is for station 4 in the amount of \$1,413,000. Additional fund balance appropriation amounts reflect water and sewer capital expenses requested for FY 17-18.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Town Manager, Town of Holden Beach, P.O. Box 449, Supply, NC 28462. You can also call (910)-842-6488, visit our website www.hbtownhall.com or send an email to dhewett@hbtownhall.com for more information.

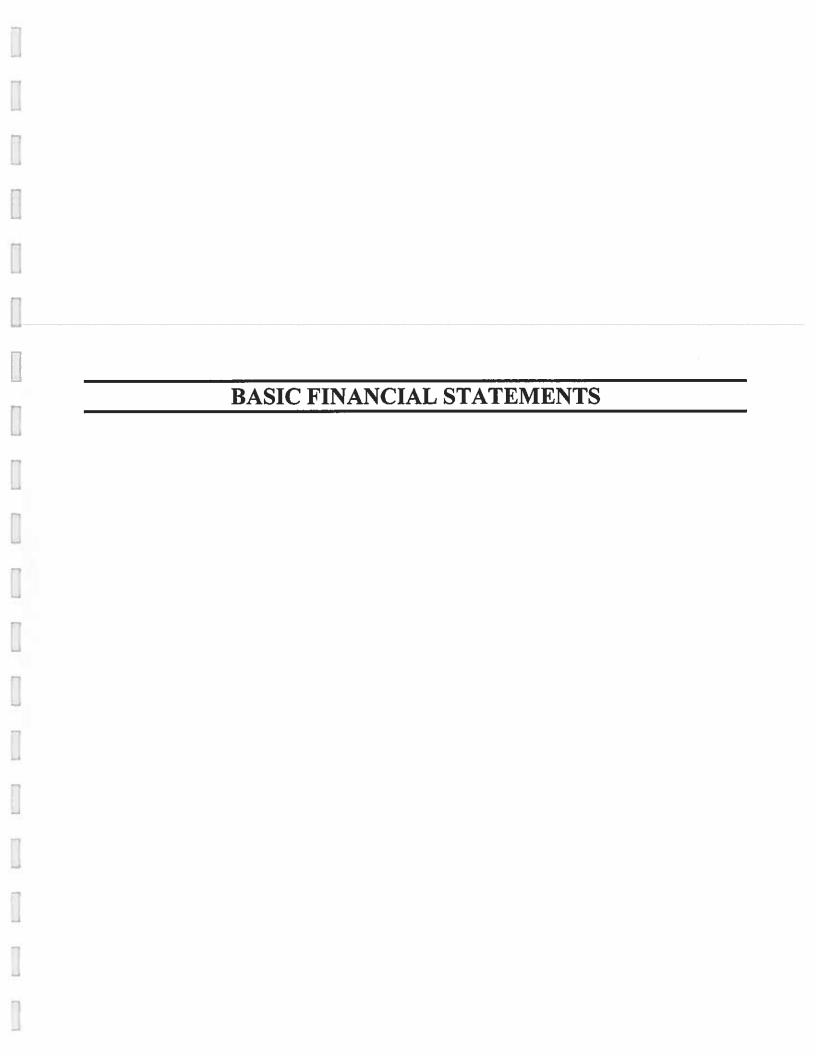


Exhibit 1

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		Primary Governme	ent
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS		Activities	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,042,833	\$ 4,596,213	\$ 13,639,046
Taxes receivables (net)	99,028	-	99,028
Accounts receivable	613,785	567,710	1,181,495
Due from other governments	78,519	41,951	120,470
Inventories	-	123,796	123,796
Deposit - interlocal agreement	1,461,600		1,461,600
Restricted cash	•,,	9,653	9,653
Total current assets	11,295,765	5,339,323	16,635,088
Non-current assets: Capital assets: Land, non-depreciable improvements			
and construction in progress	2,648,983	140,296	2,789,279
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	5,125,362	16,449,291	21,574,653
Total capital assets	7,774,345	16,589,587	24,363,932
Total assets	19,070,110	21,928,910	40,999,020
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension deferrals	242,922	32,486	275,408
Total deferred outflows of resources	242,922	32,486	275,408
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	20,879 83,988	81,685	102,564 83,988
Accrued interest		21,369	21,369
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,519,724	633,697	2,153,421
Total current liabilities	1,624,591	736,751	2,361,342
Long-term liabilities:	CB 700	0.350	79.050
Compensated absences	68,709 294,317	9,350	78,059 339,155
Net pension liability	240,004	44,838	240,004
Total pension liability	11,707,432	646,925	12,354,357
Due in more than one year Total liabilities	13,935,053	1,437,864	15,372,917
	13,933,033	1,437,604	13,372,717
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10.010		10.010
Prepaid taxes	18,010	1.005	18,010
Pension deferrals	22,788	1,905	24,693
Total deferred inflows of resources	40,798	1,905	42,703
NET POSITION	5 250 100	15 311 065	20.604.154
Net investment in capital assets	5,372,189	15,311,965	20,684,154
Restricted for:			
Stabilization by State Statue	256,810	-	256,810
Unrestricted	(291,818)	5,209,662	4,917,844_
Total net position	\$ 5,337,181	\$ 20,521,627	\$ 25,858,808

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA For the Year Ended June 30, 2018 Statement of Activities

			Program Revenues	5 9	Net (Expense) R	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	s in Net Position
			Operating	Capital	Д	Primary Government	
;	£	Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	E T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T
Functions/Frograms Primary government:	Expenses	Services	Collicipations	Collection	Acuvilles	Activities	LOURI
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 939,886	\$ 2,742	· •	, S	\$ (937,144)	~	\$ (937,144)
Public safety	912,401	276,943	•	•	(635,458)	•	(635,458)
Transportation	298,277	•	35,071	•	(263,206)	•	(263,206)
Environmental protection	106,264	24,840	•	•	(81,424)	•	(81,424)
Beach nourishment	1,388,739	16,529	221,989	•	(1,150,221)	•	(1,150,221)
Interest on long-term debt	229,730		•	•	(229,730)	•	(229,730)
Total governmental activities	3,875,297	321,054	257,060	,	(3,297,183)		(3,297,183)
Business-type activities: Water and sewer	3.296.155	2.181.252	•	1.579,905	•	465,002	465,002
Total business-type activities		2,181,252	1	1,579,905	1	465,002	465,002
Total primary government	\$ 7,171,452	\$ 2,502,306	\$ 257,060	\$ 1,579,905	(3,297,183)	465,002	(2,832,181)
	General revenues:	••					
	Property taxe	Property taxes, levied for general purpose	l purpose		2.745.690	•	2.745.690
	Sales and use tax	tax			168,389	1	168,389
	Other taxes				2,747,821	•	2,747,821
	Unrestricted inv	Unrestricted investment earnings			32,089	206	32,295
	Gain/(Loss) on	Gain/(Loss) on sale of capital assets	ts		15,832	•	15,832
	Miscellaneous				45,459	•	45,459
	Transfers				93,335	(93,335)	•
	Total general	Total general revenues and transfers	fers		5,848,615	(93,129)	5,755,486
	Change in net position	t position			2,551,432	371,873	2,923,305
	•						
	Net position, beg	Net position, beginning, previously reported	reported		2,785,749	20,149,754	22,935,503
	Net position, ending	gu			\$ 5,337,181	\$ 20,521,627	\$ 25,858,808

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit 3

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

		Major Funds			
	General Fund	BPART Tax Fund	Canal Dredging Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$2,090,959	\$4,950,973	\$2,000,901	\$	9,042,833
Taxes receivable - net	99,028	-	-		99,028
Accounts receivable	43,340	539,258	31,187		613,785
Deposit - interlocal agreement		1,461,600			1,461,600
Due from other governments	67,599	10,920			78,519
Total assets	\$2,300,926	\$6,962,751	\$2,032,088	\$	11,295,765
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 13,218	\$ 7,661	\$ -	\$	20,879
Due to other governments	_	83,988	-		83,988
Total liabilities	13,218	91,649			104,867
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Prepaid taxes, licenses and fees	18,010	-	-		18,010
Assessments receivable	-	-	31,187		31,187
Property taxes receivable	99,028	-	-		99,028
Total deferred inflows of resources	117,038		31,187		148,225
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted					
Stabilization by State Statute	256,810	-	_		256,810
Streets - Powell Bill	34,512	-	-		34,512
Beach nourishment	-	6,871,102	2,000,901		8,872,003
Assigned					
Subsequent year's expenditures	34,977	-	-		34,977
General government debt	285,183	-	-		285,183
Unassigned	1,559,188	-	-		1,559,188
Total fund balances	2,170,670	6,871,102	2,000,901		11,042,673
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$2,300,926	\$6,962,751	\$2,032,088	\$	11,295,765

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit 3

Balance Sheet (Continued) Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (exhibit 1) are different because:

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 11,042,673
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Gross capital assets at historical cost	9,736,826	
Accumulated depreciation	(1,962,481)	7,774,345
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		158,572
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position		84,350
Earned revenues considered deferred inflows of resources in fund statements.		130,215
Long-term liabilities used in governmental activities are not financial uses and therefore are not reported in the funds		
Long-term debt included as net position below (includes the addition of long-term debt and principal payments during the year). Net pension liability Total pension liability	(13,295,865) (294,317) (240,004)	(13,830,186)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds		(18,346)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not reported in the funds - LEOSSA		(4,442)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,337,181

Exhibit 4

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Major Fund		
	General Fund	BPART Tax Fund	Canal Dredging Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Ad valorem taxes	\$2,719,163	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,719,163
Other taxes and licenses	168,389	2,138,047	358,729	2,665,165
Unrestricted intergovernmental	269,644	-	-	269,644
Restricted intergovernmental	35,071	221,989		257,060
Permits and fees	270,804	-	- ,	270,804
Sales and service	30,979	-	-	30,979
Investment earnings	-	26,947	5,142	32,089
Miscellaneous	16,648	45,340		61,988
Total revenues	3,510,698	2,432,323	363,871	6,306,892
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	755,100	-	-	755,100
Public safety	917,898	-	-	917,898
Beach nourishment	-	953,854	77,335	1,031,189
Transportation	296,777	-	-	296,777
Environmental protection	105,265	-	-	105,265
Debt service:				-
Principal	291,855	1,200,000	-	1,491,855
Interest	94,281	248,084	-	342,365
Capital outlay		66,654		66,654
Total expenditures	2,461,176	2,468,592	77,335	5,007,103
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	1,049,522	(36,269)	286,536	1,299,789
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer to BPART Fund	(806,576)	-	-	(806,576)
Transfer from Water and Sewer Fund	93,335	-	-	93,335
Transfer to Brunswick County	-	(357,550)	-	(357,550)
Transfer from general fund	•	806,576	•	806,576
Sales of capital assets	15,832	-	-	15,832
Proceeds from loan	20,471			20,471
Total other financing sources (uses)	(676,938)	449,026		(227,912)
Net change in fund balance	372,584	412,757	286,536	1,071,877
Fund balances, beginning	1,798,086	6,458,345	1,714,365	9,970,796
Fund balances, ending	\$2,170,670	\$6,871,102	\$2,000,901	\$ 11,042,673

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit 4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances- total governmental funds		\$ 1,071,877
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This		
is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	\$ 66,654	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(171,735)	(105,081)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		83,528
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Decrease in accrued interest payable	92,164	
Principal payments on long-term debt	1,491,855	1,584,019
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(6,569)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	22,556	
Pension expense	(116,137)	(93,581)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in unavailable revenue for tax and assessment revenues		17,239
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,551,432

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Gener	General Fund			BPAI	BPART Tax Fund	
	1			Variance with Final Budget -				Variance with Final Budget -
£	Buc Original	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)	Budget	get Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Kevenues:					•			
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes and licenses	3, 2,000,821 148,185	\$ 2,000,821 148,185	3 2,719,153 168,389	20,204	1,800,250	1,800,250	2,138,047	337,797
Unrestricted intergovernmental	214,637	214,637	269,644	55,007	. •		. •	. •
Restricted intergovernmental	34,303	34,303	35,071	768	6,119,727	6,119,727	221,989	(5,897,738)
Permits and fees	224,085	224,085	270,804	46,719	93. GP	8	. •	
Sales and services	17,740	17,740	30,979	13,239	•	•	•	
Investment earnings	•	. •	. '	•	5.000	5,000	26,947	21.947
Miscellaneous	22,000	22,000	16,648	(5,352)	113,553	113,553	45,340	(68,213)
Total revenues	3,327,771	3,327,771	3,510,698	182,927	8,038,530	8,038,530	2,432,323	(5,606,207)
Expenditures:								
Current:				;				
General government	793,579	793,579	755,100	38,479		1	•	
Fublic safety	1,013,925	1,013,925	70,716	720.027	•	•	•	•
Favicamental profection	118 681	118 681	105 265	13.416) (• •	• •
Beach nourishment	•		ì	. 1	7,353,961	7,287,307	953,854	6,333,453
Debt service								
Principal	292,801	292,801	291,855	946	1 448 520	1,200,436	1,200,000	436
Interest	•	1	94,281	(94,281)		248,084	248,084	•
Capital outlay	•				•	66,654	66,654	
Total expenditures	2,572,135	2,572,135	2,461,176	110,959	8,802,481	8,735,827	2,468,592	6,333,889
Revenues over (under) expenditures	755,636	755,636	1,049,522	293,886	(763,951)	(697,297)	(36,269)	727,682
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers from other funds	50,940	50,940	93,335	42,395	806,576	806,576	806,576	
Transfers to other funds	(806,576)	(806,576)	(806,576)		•			
Transfer to Brunswick County	•	•	•		(295,500)	(295,500)	(357,550)	(62,050)
Sales of capital assets	•		15,832	15,832	•	4	•	•
Proceeds from loan	•	,	20,471	20,471	,		•	•
Fund balance appropriated Total other feneralize courses frees.	(355,337)	(353 237)	1876 979)	809 86	252,875	252,875	300 078	(252,875)
ו סומו מווים וווים ווים מחוכר לכיכה (כיכה ביים לכיכה (כיכה ביים היים לכיכה (כיכה ביים ביים לכיכה (כיכה ביים לכיכה ((000,001)	(neater)	(017,010)	0,0,01	102,501	102,001	070,277	(77,717)
Net change in fund balance	· S		372,584	\$ 372,584	-	\$ 66,654	412,757	\$ 412.757
Fund balance, beginning			1,798,086				6,458,345	
Fund balance, ending			\$ 2,170,670				\$ 6,871,102	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Variance with Final Budget -	Positive		· ·	(12,570)	•	,	•	4,342	(134,987)	(143,215)			•	•	•		2,048,947		20	•	2,048,947	1,905,732		51,168		(1.670,364)	(1,619,196)	\$ 286,536			
Canal Dredging Fund		Actual Amounts		,	358,729	1	1	•	5,142	:	363.871							77,335			•	77,335	286,536	5					286,536	1,714,365	\$ 2,000,901	
		Final		,	371,299	•	,	•	800	134,987	507,086		,				•	2,126,282				2,126,282	(1,619,196)		(51,168)	1	1,670,364	1,619,196	-			
		Original		· •	371,299	•	•	•	800	134,987	507.086		,				•	2,126,282				2,126,282	(1,619,196)		(51,168)	•	1,670,364	1,619,196	·			
			Revenues	Ad valorem taxes	Other taxes and licenses	Unrestricted intergovernmental	Restricted intergovernmental	Permits and fees	Investment earnings	Miscellaneous	Total revenues	Expenditures;	Current: General povernment	Public safety	Public works	Transportation	Environmental protection	Beach renourishment	Debt service:	Principal	Interest	Total expenditures	Revenues over (under) expenditures	Other financing sources (uses):	Transfers to other funds	Insurance recovery	Fund balance appropriated	Total other financing sources (uses)	Net change in fund balance	Fund balance, beginning	Fund balance, ending	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Exhibit 6

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

	Major Enterprise Fund
	Water and Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,596,213
Accounts receivable - net	567,710
Due from other governments	41,951
Inventories	123,796
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	9,653
Total current assets	5,339,323_
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	140,296
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	16,449,291
Total capital assets	16,589,587
Total noncurrent assets	16,589,587
Total assets	21,928,910
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Contributions to pension plan in current fiscal year	32,486
	32,486
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	81,685
Accrued interest	21,369
Compensated absences, current	3,000
Current portion of long-term debt	630,697
Total current liabilities	736,751
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Compensated absences	9,350
Net pension liability	44,838
Non-current portion of long-term debt	646,925
Total noncurrent liabilities	701,113
Total liabilities	1,437,864
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension deferrals	1,905
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	15,311,965
Unrestricted	5,209,662
Total net position	\$ 20,521,627
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit 7

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Major Enterprise Fund				
	Water and Sewer Fund				
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,880,214				
Taps and connections fees	71,724				
Impact fees	56,748				
Share fees	45,125				
Other operating revenues	127,441				
Total operating revenues	2,181,252				
OPERATING EXPENSES					
General operations	112,632				
Water and sewer operations	1,463,479				
Depreciation	519,510				
Total operating expenses	2,095,621				
Operating income (loss)	85,631				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment earnings	206				
Capital charges	1,579,905				
City capital charges	(1,156,217)				
Interest and other charges	(44,317)				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	379,577				
Income (loss) before contributions	-9				
and transfers	465,208				
Transfer from other funds	•				
Transfer to other funds	(93,335)				
Change in net position	371,873				
Total net position, previously reported	20,149,754				
Total net position, ending	\$ 20,521,627				

Exhibit 8

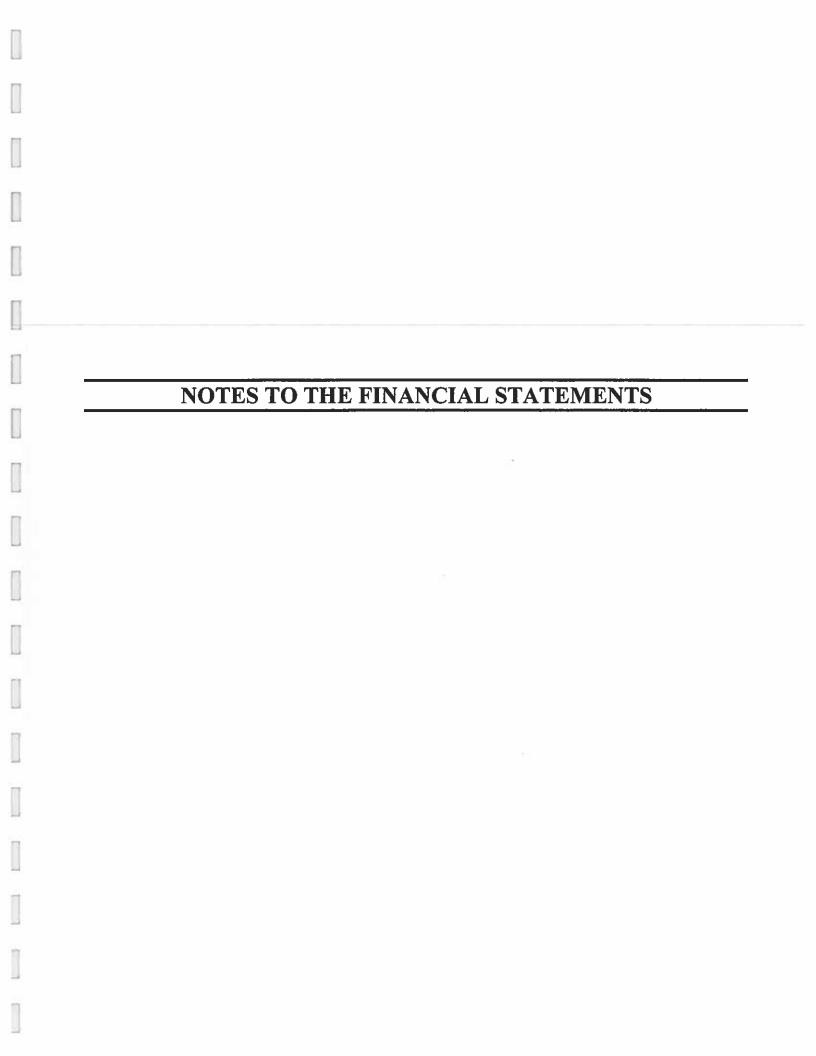
TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

		or Enterprise Fund
	Wat	er and Sewer
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Fund
Cash received from customers	\$	2,048,235
Cash paid for goods and services	Ф	(1,279,741)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services		(292,565)
Other operating revenues		127,441
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		603,370
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital charges paid		(1,156,217)
Capital charges received from customers		1,579,905
Transfer (to) from other funds		(93,335)
Total cash flow from noncapital financing activities	-	330,353
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Principal paid on bonds/loans		(616,276)
Interest paid on bonds/loans		(44,317)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(69,414)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		(730,007)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		ăi.
Interest on investments		206
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		206
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		203,922
Balances, beginning		4,401,944
Balances, ending	\$	4,605,866
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities		
Operating income (loss)	\$	85,631
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating ac	tivities:	
Depreciation		519,510
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		14,406
Decrease (increase) in due from other governments		(19,982)
Increase in net pension liability		(17,510)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(10,637)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		16,747 (2,973)
Increase (decrease) in accrued vacation (Increase) decrease in deferred outflows of resources for pensions		20,882
Decrease (increase) in deferred inflows of resources - pensions		(2,704)
Total adjustments		517,739
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	603,370



I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Holden Beach ("the Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Holden Beach is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a five-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town. The Town does not have any component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements, including the fiduciary fund, provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for general government, public safety, street maintenance and construction and sanitation services.

BPART Tax Fund. This special revenue fund is used to account for occupancy taxes collected which are used to promote tourism and beach renourishment.

Canal Project Fund. This fund is used to account for assessments collected which are used for canal projects.

Central Beach Fund. This fund is used to account for beach renourishment projects.

The Town reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water and Sewer Fund. This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable for the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Holden Beach because the tax is levied by Brunswick County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then general revenues.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund, BPART Fund, Canal Dredging Fund, Central Reach Project, and the Enterprise Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. Project ordinances are adopted for the remaining Special Revenue Funds and any Enterprise Capital Project Funds, which are consolidated with the operating funds for reporting purposes. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for the multi-year funds. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G.S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the City and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The City's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

All cash is essentially demand deposits and is considered cash and cash equivalents.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. Restricted Assets

Cash and investments are restricted in the Enterprise Fund for the customer deposits held by the Town for payments on the sewer system, future capital projects, and utility deposits. These deposits are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. Powell Bill funds are also classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes of maintain, repairing, constructing, reconstructing or widening of local streets per G.S. 136-41.1 through 136-41.4.

Town of	Holden	Beach	Restricted	Cash
v				

Governmental Activities:		
General Fund:		
Streets	_\$	-
Total governmental activities		-
Business-type Activities:		
Water and Sewer Fund:		
Sewer Share		9,653
Total Business-type Activities		9,653
Total Restricted Cash	\$	9,653

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with State law [G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

6. Inventory

The inventories of the Town are valued at the lower of cost or market. The inventories of the Town consist of materials and supplies held for subsequent use. The cost of these inventories is expensed when consumed rather than when purchased.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and estimated life in excess of two years. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The Town defines capital assets as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Assets	Useful Lives
Building	50 years
Other Improvements	50 years
Infrastructure	30 years
Equipment	10 years
Furniture & Fixtures	10 years
Computer equipment	10 years
Vehicles	6 years
Miscellaneous	3 years

8. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has two items that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2018 fiscal year and pension deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Inflows of Resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

8. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> (Continued)

The Town has several items that met this criterion for this category – prepaid property taxes, property taxes receivable and pension deferrals.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred. Prepaid insurance costs are expensed over the life of the debt.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to 240 hours earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. Employees earn five days during the first year of employment, ten days during the second through third years of employment, fifteen days during the fourth through ninth year of employment and twenty days after ten years of employment. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through State Statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Inventories – portion of fund balance that is <u>not</u> available resource because it represents the yearend balance of ending inventories, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 159-8(a)].

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

Restricted for Beach Renourishment – Portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source.

Committed Fund Balance -portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Holden Beach's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal of specific purpose requires majority action by the governing body. The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that the Town of Holden Beach intends to use for specific purposes.

Assigned for General Government Debt – portion of fund balance that has been budgeted by the Board for debt payment.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation; however the budget ordinance authorizes the manager to modify the appropriations by resource or appropriation within funds up to \$100,000.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Holden Beach has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-Town funds, and Town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Holden Beach's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Holden Beach has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the expenditures made for the Town's General Fund debt service function exceeded authorized appropriations made by the governing board by \$94,281. The Town changed the budgeting process for the EOC debt payments during the current year by changing the budgeting expenditure from the General Fund to the Water & Sewer Fund. However, the debt itself remained in the governmental activities. The Town did not account for the transfer needed between funds which led to the General Fund having an over expenditure in debt service. Management and the Board will more closely review the budget reports to ensure compliance in future years and will make sure all debt payments are accounted for in the correct fund.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's names Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town and in its name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits.

Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2018, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$12,742,180 and a bank balance of \$12,940,889. Of the bank balance, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by the Dedicated Method and monitored by the State Treasurer. At June 30, 2018, the Town's petty cash fund totaled \$100.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

2. Investments

At June 30, 2018, the Town of Holden Beach had \$906,420 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk of its investments.

3. Receivables - Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The amount of taxes receivable presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position includes penalties levied and outstanding in the amount of \$827.

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2018 is net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

					e from Other	
	Taxes	A	Accounts	Gov	ernments	Total
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	\$ 99,028	\$	44,790	\$	67,599	\$ 211,417
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-		(1,450)		-	(1,450)
Total governmental activities	\$ 99,028	\$	43,340	\$	67,599	\$ 209,967
Business-Type Activities:						
Water and Sewer Fund:						
Total receivables	-		674,346		41,951	716,297
Allowance for doubtful accounts	-		(106,636)		-	(106,636)
Total business-type activities	\$ -	\$	567,710	\$	41,951	\$ 609,661

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	<u>Increases</u>	Decreases	June 30, 2018
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,648,983	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,648,983
Construction in progress	631,027	66,654	697,681	
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	3,280,010	66,654	697,681	2,648,983
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and structures	5,039,883	-	-	5,039,883
Other improvements & infrastructure	424,664	697,681	-	1,122,345
Equipment	344,174	-	4,450	339,724
Vehicles	585,891			585,891
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,394,612	697,681	4,450	7,087,843
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings and structures	994,440	100,797	_	1,095,237
Other improvements & infrastructure	86,769	8,493	-	95,262
Furniture, equipment, and machinery	278,050	12,030	4,450	285,630
Vehicles	435,937	50,415		486,352
Total accumulated depreciation	1,795,196	171,735	4,450	1,962,481
Total capital assets being depreciated,				
net	4,599,416			5,125,362
Governmental activities capital assets,				
net	\$ 7,879,426			\$ 7,774,345

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 103,926
Public safety	54,625
Transportation	4,108
Beach renourishment & recreational	9,076
	\$ 171,735

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

4. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2017	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>June 30, 2018</u>
Water and Sewer Fund				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 140,296	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 140,296
Total capital assets not being depreciated	140,296			140,296
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Plant and distribution systems	22,317,453	-	-	22,317,453
Infrastructure	184,026	-	-	184,026
Furniture and maintenance equipment	729,847	29,870	4,450	755,267
Vehicles	78,847	39,544	10,268	108,123
Total capital assets being depreciated	23,310,173	69,414	14,718	23,364,869
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Plant and distribution systems	5,895,847	446,349	-	6,342,196
Infrastructure	43,878	3,681	-	47,559
Furniture and maintenance equipment	392,214	67,503	4,450	455,267
Vehicles	78,847	1,977	10,268	70,556
Total accumulated depreciation	6,410,786	519,510	14,718	6,915,578
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	16,899,387			16,449,291
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 17,039,683			\$ 16,589,587

Construction Commitments

The government does not have any active projects/commitments as of June 30, 2018.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- B. Liabilities
- 1. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations
- a. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers (LEOs) of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town of Holden Beach employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Holden Beach's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 8.25% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.50% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Holden Beach were \$99,235 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Refunds of Contributions. Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported a liability of \$339,155 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension asset was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Town's proportion was 0.0222%, which was an increase of 0.0007% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$108,166. At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,538	\$	9,600	
Changes of assumptions	48,436		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments	82,347		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between Town				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,313		11,287	
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 99,235	_		
Total	\$ 250,869	\$	20,887	

\$99,235 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ 11,946
2020	95,664
2021	48,084
2022	(24,946)
2023	_
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Salary increases	3.5 to 8.10 percent, including inflation and
	productivity factor
Investment rate of return	7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current-and-historical-capital-markets-data, sell-side-investment-research, consultant-whitepapers, and-historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.4%
Global Equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real Estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation Protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.20 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.20%)	(7.20%)	(8.20%)
Town's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,018,149	\$ 339,155	\$ (227,592)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. The Town of Holden Beach administers a public employee retirement system (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85 percent of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance.

At December 31, 2017, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	0
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active plan members	8
Total	

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Basis of Accounting. The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Actuarial Assumptions. The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity

factor

Discount rate 3.16 percent

The discount rate is based on the yield of the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index determined at the end of each month.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2000 Mortality tables with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

Contributions. The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There were no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid \$0 as benefits came due for the reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$240,004. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 based on a December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$24,196.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	5,184	\$	-
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		19,355		4,442
Town benefit payments and plan administrative expense made subsequent to the measurement date		-		-
Total	\$	24,539	\$	4,442

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ 3,758
2020	3,758
2021	3,758
2022	3,758
2023	3,758
Thereafter	 1,307
	\$ 20,097

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease	Disc	count Rate	1%	b Increase
	(2.16%)	(3.16%)	((4.16%)
Total pension liability	-\$	267,597	\$	240,004	\$	215,381

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

	2018
Beginning balance	\$ 190,466
Service Cost	13,086
Interest on the total pension liability	7,352
Changes of benefit terms	•
Differences between expected and actual experience in the	
measurement of the total pension liability	6,147
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	22,953
Benefit payments	•
Other changes	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 240,004

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources of Related to Pensions

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

Pension Expense Pension Liability Proportionate share of the net pension liability	LGERS \$ 108,166 339,155 0.02220%	LEOSSA \$ 24,196 240,004 n/a	Total \$ 132,362 579,159
Deferred of Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	19,538	<i>5</i> ,184	24,722
Changes of assumptions	48,436	19,355	67,791
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	82,347	-	82,347
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,313	2	1,313
Benefit payments and administrative costs paid subsequent to			
the measurement date	99,235	-	99,235
Deferred of Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	9,600	-	9,600
Changes of assumptions	-	4,442	4,442
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan			
investments	-	-	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions			
and proportionate share of contributions	11,287	-	11,287

c. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$30,871, which consisted of \$22,191 from the Town and \$8,680 from the law enforcement officers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The Town has several deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources is comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Contributions to pension plan in the current year	\$ 99,235
Pension deferrals - LGERS	151,634
Pension deferrals – LEOSSA	24,539
Total	<u>\$ 275,408</u>

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end are comprised of the following:

Source	Amount
Pension deferrals - LGERS	\$ 20,887
Pension deferrals – LEOSSA	4,442
Assessments receivable	31,187
Property taxes receivable	99,028
Prepaid taxes	18,010
Total	<u>\$ 173,554</u>

4. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town participates in two self-funded risk-financing pools administered by the North Carolina League of Municipalities. Through these pools, the Town obtains general liability, public officials' liability and auto liability coverage, property coverage up to the total insured values of the property policy and workers' compensation coverage up to statutory limits.

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

4. Risk Management (Continued)

These pools are reinsured through commercial carriers for claims in excess of retentions as selected by the Board of Trustees each year. Specific information on the limits of the reinsurance and excess policies purchased by the Board of Trustees can be obtained by contacting the Risk Management Services Department of the NC League of Municipalities. The pools are audited annually by certified public accountants, and the audited financial statements are available to the Town upon request.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town carries flood insurance through National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP). Because the Town is in an area of the State that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage of \$500,000 per structure through the NFIP. The Town also is eligible to and has purchased commercial flood insurance for another \$5,000,000 of coverage per structure.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer, town and tax collector are all bonded for \$50,000 each through a commercial surety bond. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$25,000.

5. Claims, Judgments and Contingent Liabilities

As of June 30, 2018, the Town was not involved in any civil or legal actions which in the opinion of management and the Town's attorney would have an adverse or material effect on the Town's financial position.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds</u> (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Governmental & Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt

Governmental	Activities:
CHOVELLINGINAL	ACHVILLES.

2.420% note, payable in annual installments of \$93,335 including interest, final payment due July 2024; secured by real estate	\$ 594,428
3.81% note, payable in annual installments of \$200,000, plus interest; final payment due March 2027; secured by real estate	1,791,954
Installment purchase, payable in annual installments of \$16,908, including interest, final payment due September 2018; secured by 1 Dodge vehicle	15,774
2.18% note, payable in annual installments of \$1,200,000, plus interest; final payment due October 2026; secured by pledged sources Total governmental activities notes payable	10,800,000 \$ 13,202,156
Business-type Activities: Water and Sewer Fund	
3.79% note, payable in annual installments of \$459,635, including interest; final payment due November 2019; secured by real estate	\$ 871,622
3.79% note, payable in annual installments of \$219,090, including interest; final payment due November 2019; secured by real estate	405,961
Total business-type activities notes payable	\$ 1,277,623

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

6. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

A. Governmental & Business-type Activities Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Town's long-term obligations are as follows:

	Go	verr	mental Activiti	es			Busin	ess	-type Activitie	S	
Fiscal Year Ended	Principal		Interest		Total	Pr	incipal		Interest		Total
2019	\$ 1,494,724	\$	306,123	\$	1,800,847	\$	630,697	\$	29,896	\$	660,592
2020	1,480,860		269,328		1,750,188		646,926		13,666		660,592
2021	1,482,817		233,591		1,716,408		-		-		-
2022	1,484,821		263,207		1,748,028		-		-		-
2023	1,486,874		161,974		1,648,848		-		-		-
2024-2027	5,772,060		290,818		6,062,878		-		-		-
Total	\$ 13,202,156	\$	1,525,041	\$	14,727,197	\$	1,277,623	\$	43,562	\$	1,321,184

At June 30, 2018, the Town of Holden Beach had a legal debt margin of \$83,659,991. There were no authorized bonds that had not been issued as of June 30, 2018.

B. Changes in Long - Term Liabilities

Governmental activities:	1	Beginning Balance	In	creases	г	Decreases	Ending Balance	 rent Portion f Balance
Notes Payable	<u>s</u>	14,663,466		-	\$	1,477,084	\$ 13,186,382	\$ 1,478,950
Installment/Lease Purchases	•	30,545	•	_	_	14,771	15,774	15,774
Net pension liability (LGERS)		393,954		-		99,637	294,317	•
Total pension liability (LEOSSA)		190,466		49,538		-	240,004	-
Compensated absences		116,265		-		22,556	93,709	25,000
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	\$	15,394,696	\$	49,538	\$	1,614,048	\$ 13,830,186	\$ 1,519,724
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund	_					96		·
Notes Payable	\$	1,893,898	\$	-	\$	616,275	\$ 1,277,623	\$ 630,697
Net pension liability (LGERS)		62,348		-		17,510	44,838	-
Compensated absences		15,323		-		2,973	12,350	3,000
Water Sewer Fund long-term liabilities	\$	1,971,569	\$	-	\$	636,758	\$ 1,334,811	\$ 633,697
Business activity long-term liabilities	\$	1,971,569	\$	-	\$	636,758	\$ 1,334,811	\$ 633,697

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

III. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

Transfers to/from other funds at June 30, 2018, consist of the following:

From General Fund to BPART Fund to allocate funding \$806,576 From Water and Sewer Fund to General Fund to cover EOC debt service \$93,335

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts providing matching funds for various grant programs.

D. Net Investment in Capital Assets

	(Governmental	Busii	ness-Type
Capital Assets	\$	7,774,345	\$	16,589,587
Less Long Term Debt		(13,202,156)		(1,277,622)
(add back debt not related to capital assets)		10,800,000		-
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	5,372,189	\$	15,311,965

E. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General Fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total fund balance-General Fund	\$ 2,170,670
Less:	
Stabilization by State Statute	256,810
Streets - Powell Bill	34,512
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2019 budget	34,977
General government debt	285,183
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 1,559,188

The Town has also adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the general fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the Town in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 25% of budgeted expenditures.

IV. Jointly Governed Organization

The Town, in conjunction with other local governments, participates in the Cape Fear Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and State agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing boards. The Town paid membership fees of \$412 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

The Town, in conjunction with Brunswick County and six other municipalities was a member of the Brunswick Beaches Consortium (Consortium). The participating governments established the Consortium to plan and implement programs and projects directed toward preservation and maintenance of the ocean beaches. Each participating government appointed one representative to the policy board. The Town contributed \$0 to the Consortium during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

V. Contracted Service Agreement

The Town has entered into a sewer service agreement with Brunswick County for the East/West Brunswick Regional Wastewater Project. The term of the agreement is from July 2002 for thirty (30) years or five years after the last maturity of the bonds issued to finance the project. Brunswick County has financed, constructed, and is operating a regional sewer system and the Town, which is using this system for transmission and treatment of the Town's sewage, has agreed to participate with the County in financing the project. The Town is responsible for assisting in paying for a portion of the operation and maintenance of the system, and the Town also has to pay its share of the financing costs the County incurred for construction. The total amounts that the Town is responsible for are approximately 22.43% of the County's 2004A Revenue Bond of \$31,540,000, 33.33% of the County's 2004 Revolving Loan of \$20,000,000, and 33.33% of the County's 2005 Revolving Loan of \$10,000,000. The Town also has to pay the same percentages of the interest on these debts. The payments made in the current year for the capital charges to Brunswick County totaled \$1,156,217. The subsequent years' payment will decrease gradually over the 25 year life span of the debt to a final payment of \$606,451 in 2029. The Town levies a capital charge to residents in order to fund the payments.

VI. Interlocal Agreement with Brunswick County

The Town entered into an interlocal agreement with Brunswick County to assist in financing a beach renourishment project. The Town borrowed \$12,000,000 to finance the project. Per the agreement, the Town was required to write a check to the County for the largest Debt Service payment required over the subsequent 10 years of the loan. In each fiscal year that the Special Obligation Bonds are outstanding, the County will include in its budget and agrees to appropriate the total amount of Debt Service due in each fiscal year. On each date that Debt Service is due on the Special Obligation Bonds, the County agrees to pay the Town the amount of the Debt Service due on the Special Obligation Bonds. The Town expects to make the payment of debt service due on the Special Obligation Bonds from its other available funds and, to the extent that it does, the County will not be required to make any payment to the Town on such date. The County is only required to make its payment on or after any date the payment of Debt Service on the Special Obligation Bonds is due if the Town has not made the payment. The Town remitted \$1,461,600 to the County on October 20, 2016, and this payment is reflected on the general ledger as a Deposit - Brunswick County Interlocal Agreement. At the end of each fiscal year, the County will remit back to the Town any amount in the reserve fund in excess of the remaining maximum annual Debt Service on the Special Obligation Bonds.

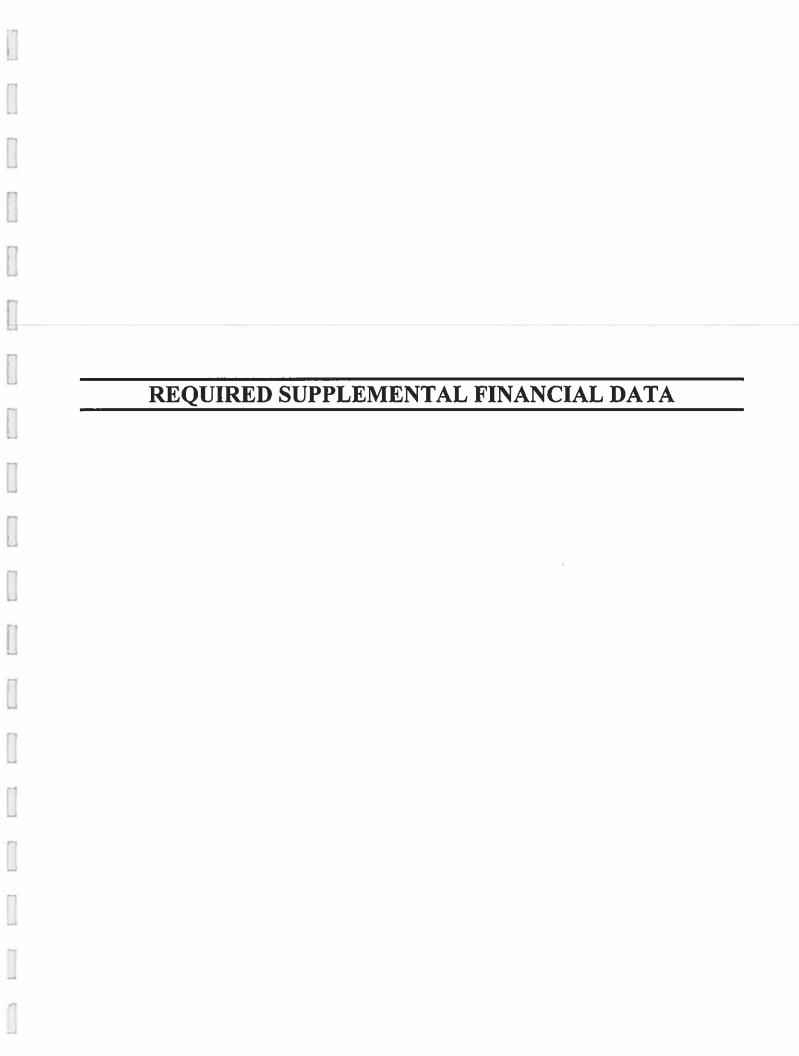
VII. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

VIII. Significant Effects of Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 8, 2019, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no recognized events meriting disclosure.



TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Town of Holden Beach's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
Required Supplementary Information
Last Five Fiscal Years *

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Holden Beach's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.0222%	0.02150%	0.02241%	0.02219%	0.02290%
Holden Beach's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 339,155	\$ 456,302	\$ 100,575	\$ (130,865)	\$ 276,033
Holden Beach's covered-employee payroll	\$1,310,048	\$1,244,202	\$1,169,403	\$1,122,226	\$1,113,573
Holden Beach's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	25.89%	36.67%	8.60%	-11.66%	24.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability **	94.18%	91.47%	%60.86	94.35%	94.35%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Town of Holden Beach's Contributions Required Supplementary Information Last Five Fiscal Years

Local Government Employees' Retirement System

	2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 99,231		\$ 98,475	€9	\$ 85,145		\$ 84,691	69	\$ 80,189	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	99,231		98,475		85,145		84,691		80,189	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	۰ جع	 	•	69	,	↔	•	69		
Holden Beach's covered-employee payroll	\$1,278,751	£1,	\$1,310,048	\$1,	\$1,244,202	\$1,	\$1,169,403	. + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	\$1,122,226	
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	7.76%	\ 0	7.52%		6.84%		7.24%		7.15%	

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability

Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2018

	_	2018	 2017
Beginning balance	\$	190,466	\$ 178,905
Service Cost		13,086	11,222
Interest on the total pension liability		7,352	6,387
Changes of benefit terms		-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement			
of the total pension liability		6,147	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		22,953	(6,048)
Benefit payments		-	-
Other changes		-	
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$	240,004	\$ 190,466

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending December 31

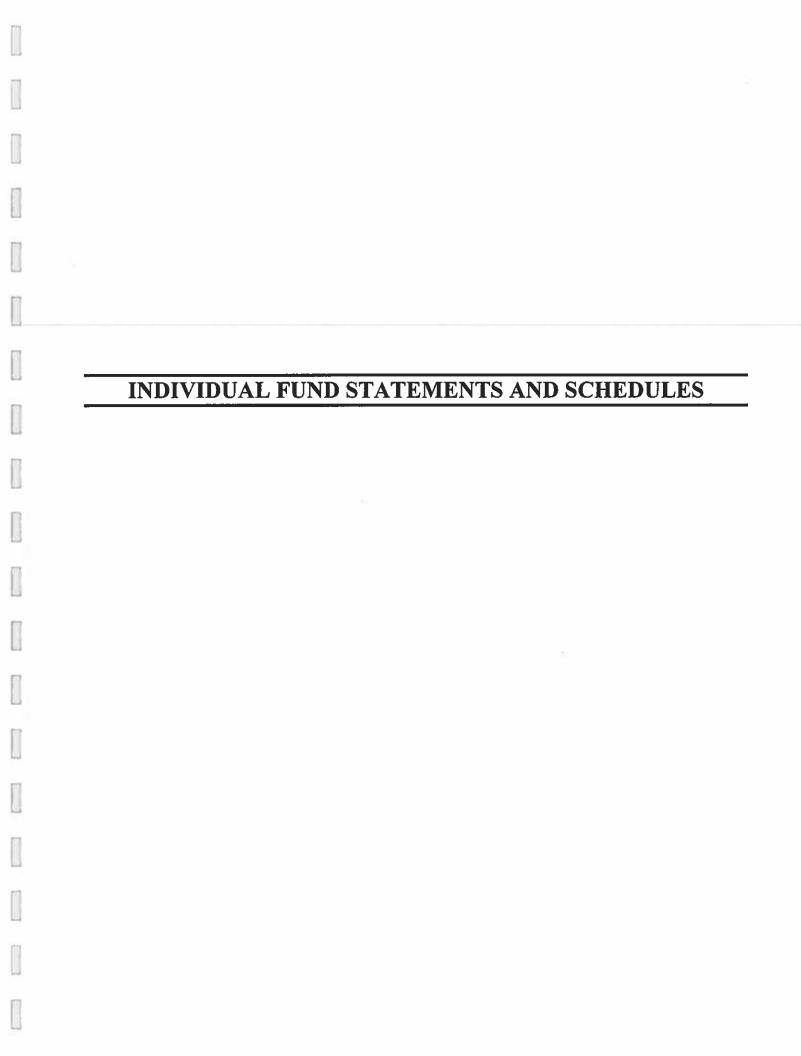
Schedule 4

Schedule of Total Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll Law Enforcement Officer's Special Separation Allowance June 30, 2018

	_	2018	_	2017
Total pension liability	\$	240,004	\$	190,466
Covered payroll		489,842		380,126
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		49.00%		50.11%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Holden Beach has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.



TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Duaget	Actual	(Ivegative)
Ad valorem taxes:			
Current year	\$ 2,639,221	\$ 2,683,352	\$ 44,131
Prior year	20,100	25,004	4,904
Interest and penalties	7,500	10,807	3,307
Total	2,666,821	2,719,163	52,342
Other taxes and licenses:			
Local option sales tax	148,185	168,389	20,204
Privilege licenses		450,500	-
Total	148,185	168,389	20,204
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Beer and wine tax	2,600	2,742	142
Telecommunications tax	8,550	7,793	(757)
Franchise tax	157,850	212,456	54,606
Video program tax	38,137	37,645	(492)
Sales tax refund	7,500	9,008	1,508
Total	214,637	269,644	55,007
Restricted intergovernmental:			
FEMA grant	-	25.051	=======================================
Powell Bill allocation	34,303	35,071	768
Total	34,303	35,071	768
Permits and fees:			
Building permits	213,343	260,494	47,151
CAMA permits and reimbursements	8,442	7,235	(1,207)
Cable franchise fees	-	•	-
Other permits and fees	2,300	3,075	775
Total	224,085	270,804	46,719
Investment earnings	•		
Sales and services	17,740	30,979	13,239
Miscellaneous	22,000	16,648	(5,352)
Total revenues	3,327,771	3,510,698	182,927

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

	2018				
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Expenditures:					
General government:					
Governing body:	\$ 8,400	e 0.20 7	e 2		
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 8,400 151,036	\$ 8,397 155,541	\$ 3 (4,505)		
Operating expenses Total	159,436	163,938	(4,502)		
Administration:					
Salaries and employee benefits	469,143	455,935	13,208		
Operating expenses Capital outlay	165,000	135,227	29,773		
Total	634,143	591,162	42,981		
Total general government	793,579	755,100	38,479		
Public safety:					
Inspections, zoning and safety:					
Salaries and employee benefits	220,236	216,129	4,107		
Operating expenses	58,350	52,407	5,943		
Capital outlay	-	-	- 10.050		
Total	278,586	268,536	10,050		
Police:					
Salaries and employee benefits	616,113	586,894	29,219		
Operating expenses	76,500	62,468	14,032		
Capital outlay	42,726	•	42,726		
Total	735,339	649,362	85,977		
Total public safety	1,013,925	917,898	96,027		
Transportation:					
Streets and highways:					
Salaries and employee benefits	85,130	80,753	4,377		
Operating expenses	268,019	216,024	51,995		
Total	353,149	296,777	56,372		
Total transportation	353,149	296,777	56,372		
Environmental protection:					
Sanitation:	=A A-A	40.000	100		
Salaries and employee benefits	58,978	58,872	106		
Operating expenses	59,703	46,393	13,310		
Total	118,681	105,265	13,416		
Total environmental protection	118,681	105,265	13,416		

Schedule 5

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 (Continued)

		2018	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Debt service:			
Principal	\$ 292,801	\$ 291,855	\$ 946
Interest	-	94,281	(94,281)
Total	292,801	386,136	(93,335)
Total expenditures	2,572,135	2,461,176	110,959
Revenues over (under) expenditures	755,636	1,049,522	293,886
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers from canal dredging fund	50,940	-	(50,940)
Transfers from Water and Sewer Fund	-	93,335	93,335
Sale of capital assets	-	15,832	15,832
Transfers (to) from other funds:	(806,576)	(806,576)	-
Long-term debt issued		20,471	20,471
Total	(755,636)	(676,938)	78,698
Fund balance appropriated	<u> </u>		-
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	372,584	\$ 372,584
Fund balance, beginning		1,798,086	
Fund balance, ending		\$ 2,170,670	

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Special Revenue Fund - BPART Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2018		2017
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues:				
Occupancy tax receipts	\$ 1,800,250	\$ 2,138,047	\$ 337,797	\$ 1,887,106
FEMA grants and DENR	6,119,727	221,989	(5,897,738)	3,322,051
Investment earnings	5,000	26,947	21,947	6,690
Sales tax refund	112.662	45.240	((0.012)	44.400
Miscellaneous	113,553	45,340	(68,213)	44,498
Total	8,038,530	2,432,323	(5,606,207)	5,260,345
Expenditures:				
Salaries and employee benefits	206,636	191,047	15,589	236,514
Operating expenditures	934,444	613,227	321,217	560,042
FEMA expenditures	5,996,227	65,580	5,930,647	1,337,711
Capital outlay	66,654	66,654	-	-
Lockwood Folly Dredging and				
Beach Nourishment	150,000	84,000	66,000	98,500
County's share of occupancy tax	295,500	357,550	(62,050)	312,427
Total	7,649,461	1,378,058	6,271,403	2,545,194
Debt service	1,448,520	1,448,084	436	130,800
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,059,451)	(393,819)	665,632	2,584,351
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers (to) from other funds:	806,576	806,576		(2,120,864)
Total	806,576	806,576	-	(2,120,864)
Fund balance appropriated	252,875		252,875	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	412,757	\$ 412,757	\$ 463,487
Fund balance, beginning		6,458,345		
Fund balance, ending		\$ 6,871,102		

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Canal Dredging Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP)
From Inception and For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	_		Actual		Variance
	Final	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
	Budget	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)
Revenues:					
Assessments HBH	\$ 139,280	\$ 780,459	\$ 142,072	\$ 922,531	\$ 783,251
Assessments HBH (Balance Forward)	576,197	92,792	-	92,792	(483,405)
Assessments HHC	136,518	357,473	119,079	476,552	340,034
Assessments HHC (Balance Forward)	237,446	180,215	-	180,215	(57,231)
Assessments HAC	-	1,087,030	-	1,087,030	1,087,030
Assessments HAC (Balance Forward)	•	120,990	-	120,990	120,990
Assessments Blockade Runner	_	23,044	-	23,044	23,044
Assessments HA	92,801	151,640	93,871	245,511	152,710
Assessments HA (Balance Forward)	860,971	-		-	(860,971)
Prior Year Assessments HBH	900	24,845	2,210	27,055	26,155
Prior Year Assessments HH	1,500	15,527	54	15,581	14,081
Prior Year Assessments HA	300	17,583	1,443	19,026	18,726
Interest - HBH	250	5,742	1,470	7,212	6,962
Interest - HH	250	4,430	3,139	7,569	7,319
Interest - HA	300	6,839	533	7,372	7,072
Miscellaneous revenue - HBH	47,264	11,273		11,273	(35,991)
Miscellaneous revenue - HH	24,779	168,197	_	168,197	143,418
Miscellaneous revenue - HA	62,944	.00,177	_	-	(62,944)
111120110110000 14 401100 111 6	02,517				(02.51.7
Total revenues	2,181,700	3,048,079	363,871	3,411,950	1.230.250
Expenditures:					
Holden Beach Harbor Project:					
Administration	7,166	13,596	101	13,697	(6,531)
Professional services	60,913	165,983	22,844	188,827	(127,914)
Construction	584,734	261,909	,	261,909	322,825
Administration	501,751	338	_	338	(338)
Professional services		32,863		32,863	(32,863)
Construction management	93,162	77,831	7,080	84,911	8,251
Total Holden Beach Harbor Project	745,975	552,520	30,025	582,545	163,430
Total Holden Beach Haibor Project	143,513	332,320	30,023	302,343	007,001
Heritage Harbor Canal Project:					
Administration	_	69		69	(69)
Professional services	_	120,796		120,796	(120,796)
Construction	_	255,363	_	255,363	(255,363)
Administration	3,757	431	101	532	3,225
Professional services	3,757	23,836	101	23,836	(20,079)
Construction	379,336	86,830	20,401	107,231	272,105
Total Heritage Harbor Canal Project	386,850	487,325	20,502	507,827	(120,977)
Total Heritage Harbor Callar Hoject	360,630	467,323	20,502	507,027	(120,577)
Harbor Acres Canal Project:					
Administration		193	_	193	(193)
Professional services	_	48,520		48,520	(48,520)
Construction		31,666		31,666	(31,666)
Administration	9,544	2,269	248	2,517	7,027
Professional services	9,544	57,865	210	57,865	(48,321)
Construction	974,369	412,713	26,560	439,273	535,096
Total Harbor Acres Canal Project	993,457	553,226	26,808	580,034	413,423
rotal fraibol Actes Canal Project	773,431		20,000	200,037	712,743
Blockade Runner Project:					
Administration	-	275	-	275	(275)
Professional services	-	15,800	-	15,800	(15,800)
Construction		50,637		50,637	(50,637)
Total Blockade Runner Project	-	66,712		66,712	(66,712)
	_				

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Canal Dredging Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP) From Inception and For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	_		Actual		Variance
	Final	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
	Budget	<u>Years</u>	Year	Date	(Negative)
Debt service	•	3,576		3,576	(3,576)
Total expenditures	2,126,282	1,663,359	77,335	1,740,694	385,588
Revenues over (under) expenditures	55,418	1,384,720	286,536	1,671,256	1,615,838
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfer from General Fund	•	358,529	•	358,529	358,529
Transfer from General Fund	-	13,144	-	13,144	13,144
Transfer from Capital Project Funds	-	343,192		343,192	343,192
Transfer to Dredging Special Revenue	•	(343,192)	-	(343,192)	(343,192)
Transfer to General Fund	(55,418)	(42,028)	-	(42,028)	13,390
Fund balance appropriated	16301				-
Total other financing uses	(55,418)	329,645	-	329,645	385,063
Net change in fund balance	<u>s</u> -	\$1,714,365	\$ 286,536	\$2,000,901	\$ 2,000,901

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Water and sewer charges	\$ 1,734,835	\$ 1,880,214	\$ 145,379
Tap and connection fees	79,250	71,724	(7,526)
Impact fees	42,765	56,748	13,983
Share fees	45,000	45,125	125
Other operating charges	100,609	127,441	26,832
Total operating revenues	2,002,459	2,181,252	178,793
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest earnings	1,500	206	(1,294)
Capital charges	1,582,616	1,579,905	(2,711)
Total revenues	3,586,575	3,761,363	174,788
Expenditures:			
Water and sewer administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	57,406	55,394	2,012
Operating expenditures	74,750	57,114	17,636
Total expenditures	132,156	112,508	19,648
Operations:			
Salaries and employee benefits	247,225	233,553	13,672
Operating expenses	1,206,003	1,033,766	172,237
Capital outlay	1,931,000	268,002	1,662,998
Total expenditures	3,384,228	1,535,321	1,848,907
Non-Operating:			
City capital charges	1,156,218	1,156,217	1
Total expenditures	1,156,218	1,156,217	
Debt services:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Principal retirement	616,276	616,276	-
Interest and other charges	137,652	44,317	93,335
	753,928	660,593	93,335
Total expenditures	5,426,530	3,464,639	1,961,891
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,839,955)	296,724	2,136,679

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

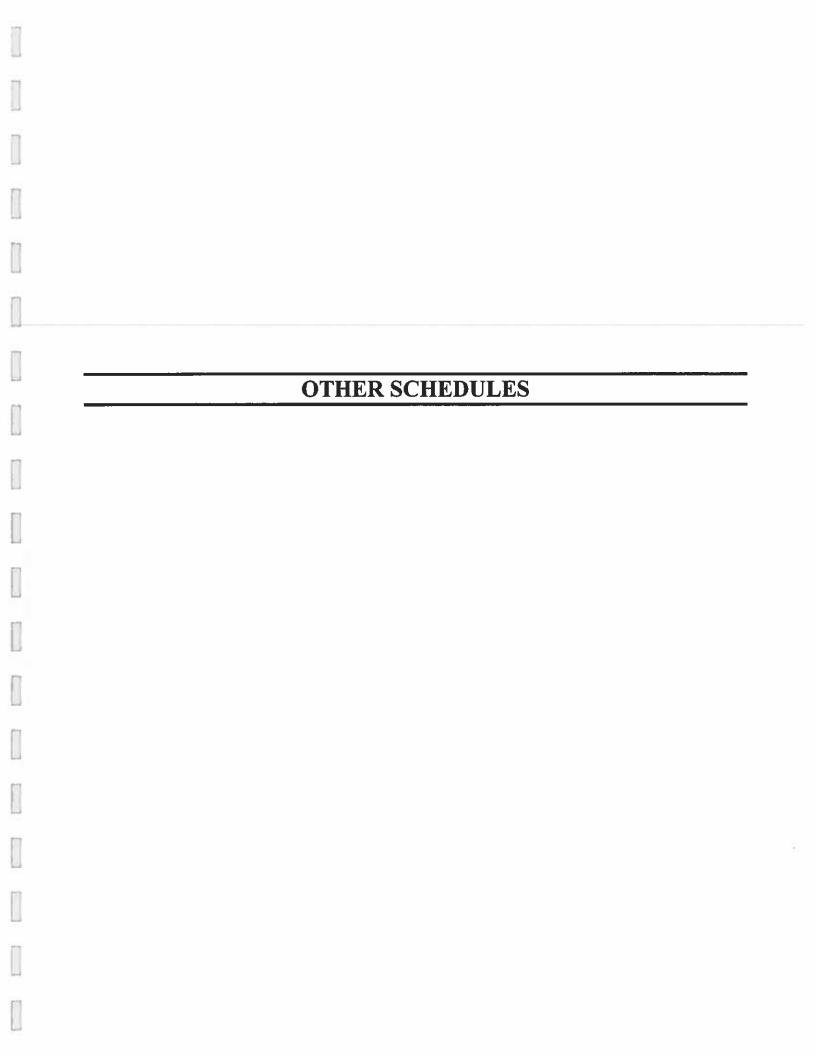
Water and Sewer Fund

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures (Continued)

Budget and Actual (Non - GAAP)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

		2018			
	Final Budget		Actual	1	Variance Positive Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers (to) from other funds:					
General fund	\$	-	\$ (93,335)	\$	(93,335)
Appropriated fund balance		1,839,955	 -		(1,839,955)
Total		1,839,955	 (93,335)		(1,933,290)
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures					
and other uses	\$	-	203,389		203,389
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:					
Reconciling items:					
Principal retirement			616,276		
Depreciation			(519,510)		
Deferred outflows of resources for contributions made					
to pension plan in the current year			32,486		
Pension expense			(30,181)		
Capital outlay			 69,413		
Change in net position			 371,873		



TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable June 30, 2018

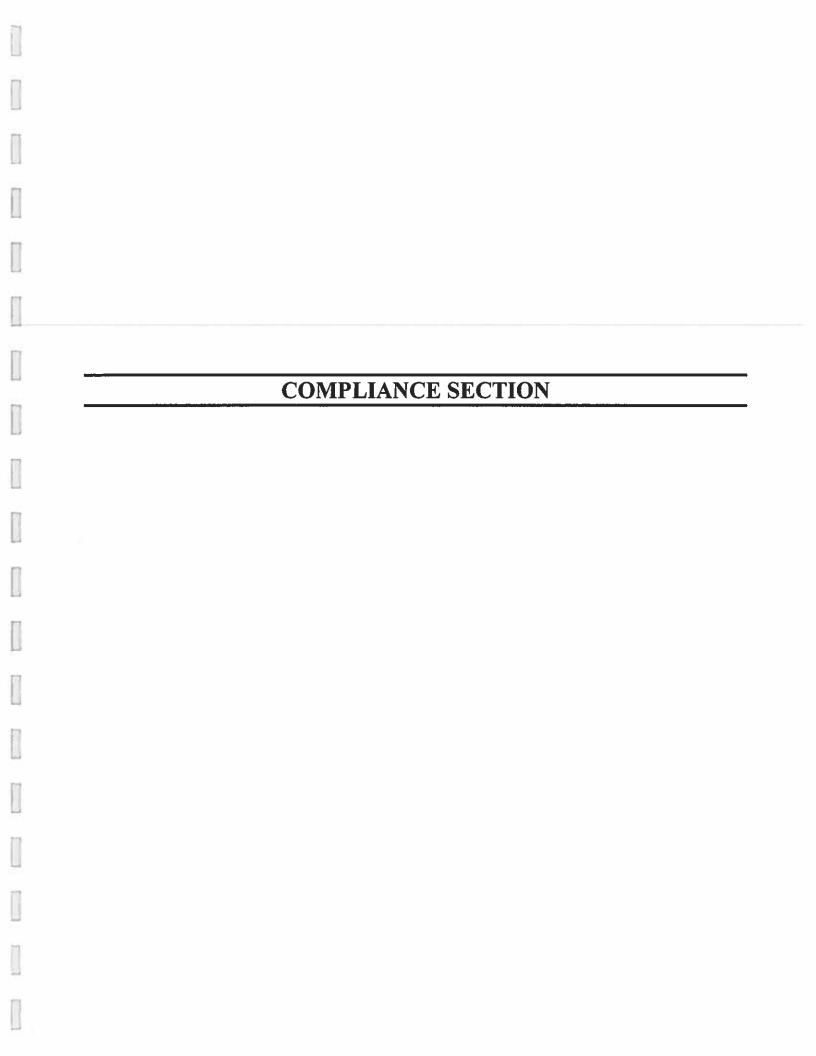
Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Collections And Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2018
2017-2018	\$ -	\$2,687,011	\$2,661,419	\$ 25,592
2016-2017	38,511	-	13,363	25,148
2015-2016	18,905	-	3,694	15,211
2014-2015	11,974	-	1,565	10,409
2013-2014	10,237		1,298	8,939
2012-2013	8,918	-	1,682	7,236
2011-2012	8,684	**	1,904	6,780
2010-2011	8,766	-	576	8,190
2009-2010	6,690	•	-	6,690
2008-2009	4,625	-	604	4,021
2007-2008	622	-	-	622
2006-2007	-	-	-	-
	\$ 117,932	\$2,687,011	\$2,686,105	118,838
	Less: allowance to General Fund	for uncollectible a	ccounts:	(19,810)
	Ad valorem taxes	receivable - net		\$ 99,028
	Reconciliation wi	th revenues:		
	Ad valorem taxes	- General Fund		\$ 2,719,163
	Reconciling item			/10 00=\
		nterest collected		(10,807)
	Other			(22,251)
	Subtotal			(33,058)
	Total collections	and credits		\$ 2,686,105

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA

Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town-Wide Levy

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Total Levy		
	To	wn-Wide		Property excluding Registered	Registered
	Property		Total	Motor	Motor
	Valuation	Rate	Levy	Vehicles	Vehicles
Original levy: Property taxed					
at current rate	\$1,210,776,841	0.2200	\$2,687,011	\$2,663,709	\$ 23,302
Net levy			2,687,011	2,663,709	23,302
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 20	18		(25,592)	(25,592)	
Current year's taxes collected			\$2,661,419	\$2,638,117	\$ 23,302
Current levy collection percentage	ge		99.05%	99.04%	100.00%





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Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Commissioners Town of Holden Beach Holden Beach, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Holden Beach ("the Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 8, 2019

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be a material weaknesses and significant deficiencies [2018-001 and 2018-002].

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2018-001 and 2018-002.

Town of Holden Beach's Response to Finding

The Town of Holden Beach's responses to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Town's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rives & associates UP

Raleigh, North Carolina April 8, 2019

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS						
Financial Statements Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial Unmodified	statements	were prepar	ed in accordance to GAAP:			
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weaknesses identified?	x_	yes	no			
Significant deficiency(s) identified that are						
not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>x</u>	yes	none reported			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	x	. yes	no			
Federal Awards						
Identification of major federal programs:						
There are no major Federal awards.						
State Awards						
Identification of major State programs:						
There are no major State awards.						



TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2018-001 SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCY

Criteria: The Town should have someone who is familiar with governmental accounting principles that can review its financial statements each year and determine if they have been prepared accurately.

Condition: The Town's staff has the ability to perform daily functions to operate the finance department. However, their expertise is limited in the area of financial statement preparation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, specifically with full accrual basis statements as required by GASB 34.

Effect: The Town's auditor must prepare the financial statements.

Cause: The Town's budget limits the number of personnel it can hire for various functions and training of these personnel.

Recommendation: The Town should designate and train an individual responsible for the review of the annual financial statements.

Name of Contact Person: David Hewett, Town Manager

Corrective Action/Management Response:

Management has increased the administration budget for travel and training. This increase will allow the finance staff to attend classes on government finance and reporting.

Management has also acquired part time services to perform financial reporting, train and assist current staff in preparation of the town's financial reports.



TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2018-002 MATERIAL WEAKNESS

Criteria: The Town is not accounting for its finances on a full accrual basis.

Condition: The Town's finance department is not recording all transactions on the accrual basis of accounting, especially at year-end. The Town has relied on the auditor to convert many of its receivable and payable/accruals to the full accrual basis. In addition, the Town has not properly corrected auditor adjustments from previous audits; therefore fund balance is continually incorrect.

Effect: The Town's financials are incorrect during the year and reports given to management and the Town Board may be incorrect and fully reliance cannot be placed on them. In addition, this led to material adjusting journal entries by the auditor.

Cause: The Town's finance staff records many transaction as the cash is received or paid and not when the revenue is earned or liability incurred.

Recommendation: The Town should implement a system that closes out the books on a monthly and annual basis under full accrual accounting. The Town should reconcile its trial balances to the audited financial statements to ensure all balances agree and beginning fund balance is correct.

Name of Contact Person: David Hewett, Town Manager

Corrective Action/Management Response:

The town is recording all transactions in the Business Type Funds on the accrual basis of accounting during the fiscal year and year-end. The Town is recording all transactions in all other funds on the modified accrual basis Pursuant to North Carolina General Statute (NCGS) 159.26.c.

Management has acquired part time services to perform financial reporting, train and assist current staff in preparation of the town's financial report and to reconcile its trial balances to the audited financial statements to ensure all balances agree and beginning fund balances are correct.

TOWN OF HOLDEN BEACH, NORTH CAROLINA Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Finding For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding 2017-001

Status:

Repeated finding as 2018-001

Finding 2017-002

Status:

Corrected.