







Maghrib al Aqsá, North-West Amexem, to wit:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the Writ of Error entered on October 1, 2023, in re case number GV22-6109 in the records of the foreign de facto ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.) was truly taken and copied from the record of proceedings in the Morocco Consular Court at the Virginia commonwealth.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto affixed the seal of the Vizir of Morocco Consular Court at the Virginia commonwealth this 16th day in the month of Rabi al-Awwal, 1445 M.C.Y. [October 1, 2023 C.C.Y.].



Toni Bey, Consul agent Morocco Consular Court at the Virginia commonwealth All Rights Reserved.



Consular Jurisdiction and Venue
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Ex Parte Lamont Maurice El, first nation, in full life, in propria persona, sui juris, Moorish-American national, authorized representative, ex rel. LAMONT BUTLER-EL C/o P.O. Box 2281
Washington, District of Columbia

Complainant

vs.

Sonya L. Sacks, foreign hybrid European female (acting as)
Administrative clerk/Hearing Examiner
Marion W. Jackson, 14th Amendment U.S. corporate citizenstateless subject female (acting as) Administrative clerk
ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.)
520 King Street, Alexandria, Virginia [near. 22320]

Jessica Glajch (VSB #83924), 14th Amendment U.S. corporate citizen-stateless subject male (acting as) Attorney Edward J. Longosz II (VSB #83924), 14th Amendment U.S. corporate citizen-subject male (acting as) Attorney ECKERT SEAMANS CHERIN & MELLOTT, LLC (Inc.) 1717 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, 12th Floor, Washington District of Columbia [near. 20006]

Omar Aquino, foreign hybrid European male (acting as) Vice President
MAGNA HOSPITALITY GROUP LC (Inc.), d/b/a
MHF ALEXANDRIA OPERATING V LLC, d/b/a/
RESIDENCE INN BY MARIOTT, ALEXANDRIA OLD
TOWN SOUTH (Inc.)

Re: Case number: GV22-6109 in the records of foreign de facto ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.)

Writ of Error
International Document

Consular Jurisdiction and Venue under Treaty Law, per Articles 20 and 21 of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship of 1836 between the United States of North America and Moroccan Empire; and per Article III section 2 of the Constitution for the United States of North America – Diversity of Nationality / Citizenship Case. 300 Centerville Road, Ste. 300, Warwick, Rhode Island [near, 02886]

Defendants

WRIT OF ERROR

International Document
Notice to Agent is Notice to Principal - Notice to Principal is Notice to Agent

Morocco Consular Court at the Maryland state, North-West Amexem, to wit:

To: Sonya L. Sacks, (acting as) Chief Administrative clerk/Hearing Examiner Marion W. Jackson, (acting as) Administrative clerk ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.) 520 King Street Alexandria, Virginia [near. 22320]

Jessica Glajch (VSB #83924), (acting as) assistant state's attorney Edward J. Longosz II (VSB #83924), (acting as) State's Attorney ECKERT SEAMANS CHERIN & MELLOTT, LLC (Inc.) 1717 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, 12th Floor Washington District of Columbia [near. 20006]

Omar Aquino, foreign hybrid European male (acting as) Vice President MAGNA HOSPITALITY GROUP LC (Inc.), d/b/a
MHF ALEXANDRIA OPERATING V LLC, d/b/a/
RESIDENCE INN BY MARIOTT, ALEXANDRIA OLD TOWN SOUTH (Inc.) 300 Centerville Road, Ste. 300
Warwick, Rhode Island [near. 02886]

Re: Misrepresented instruments - bills of attainder / foreign bills of exchange titled ORDER dated March 16, 2023, and Order for Appointment of Gardian ad Litem dated February 22, 2023.

Stare Decisis

See Elliot v. Peirsol, 26 U.S. 328, 340 (1828) ("Courts are constituted by authority and they cannot act beyond the power delegated to them. If a court acts without authority, its judgments and

Page 2 of 8

orders are regarded as mullities. They are not voidable, but simply void; and form no bar to a remedy sought in opposition to them, even prior to a reversal. They constitute no justification; and all persons concerned in executing such judgments, or sentences, are considered, in law, as trespassers.").

MEMORANDUM

On or about December 21, 2022, you, Jessica Glajch, in collusion with Edward J. Longosz II and Omar Aquino, (hereinafter "defendants") filed a *collusive action* under color of law within purview of the unconstitutional 14th Amendment, i.e., the misrepresented instrument – bill of attainder / foreign bill of exchange titled PLAINTIFF'S BILL OF PARTICULARS (with attachments) against the fictitious corporate person LAMONT BUTLER-EL in case number GV22-6109 in the records of foreign de facto ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.) via a quasi-civil non-sanctioned tribunal of private foreign color of law process being contrary to due process of law.

On or about January 4, 2023, you, Sonya L. Sacks and Marion W. Jackson (hereinafter "defendants"), issued under color of law by color of authority the misrepresented instrument – bill of attainder / foreign bill of exchange titled SUMMONS FOR UNLAWFUL DETAINER (CIVIL CLAIM FOR EVICTION) dated January 4, 2023, in case number GV22-6109 against the fictitious corporate person LAMONT BUTLER-EL.

On or about January 24, 2023, the defendants were duly served with process at their mailing address (either directly or by their agent) with the Affidavit of Fact: Writ of Error [Exhibit: A] from Lamont Maurice El (hereinaster "complainant"), which was entered in the records of case number GV22-6109, and stand as prima facie evidence of the instruments titled PLAINTIFF'S BILL OF PARTICULARS (with attachments) and SUMMONS FOR UNLAWFUL DETAINER (CIVIL CLAIM FOR EVICTION) dated January 4, 2023, and any other attachments associated

thereto being unconstitutional, notwithstanding, null and void ab initio, and unenforceable due to fraud, lack of jurisdiction and lack of Article III judicial authorization. There was no cause to the contrary made thereto by the defendants which constitutes admission by silence.

On or about February 16, 2023, the defendants were duly served with process at their mailing address (either directly or by their agent) with the Affidavit of Fact: Writ of Quo Warranto [Exhibit: B-QUO] from the complainant, which was entered in the records of case number GV22-6109, and served as the complainant's jurisdictional challenge via special appearance, in propria persona, sui juris, as authorized representative, ex rel. LAMONT BUTLER-EL. The defendants were given three (3) days from their receipt of the Writ of Quo Warranto to answer / rebut the complainant's statement of facts asserted therein, and to prove jurisdiction and judicial authorization via delegation of authority from Congress under Article III sections 1 and 2 of the Constitution for the United States of North America, and consular jurisdiction under Articles 20 and 21 of the Treaty of Peace and Friendship of 1836 between the United States of North America and the Moroccan Empire. The defendants failed to answer and prove jurisdiction which constitutes default.

On or about February 21, 2023, the defendants were duly served with process at their mailing address (either directly or by their agent) with the Affidavit of Fact: Default Judgment [Exhibit: C-DEF] and the Affidavit of Fact: Writ of Error [Exhibit: D-ERR] from the complainant, which were entered in the records of case number GV22-6109, and ordered for the defendants to dismiss case number GV22-6109 with prejudice along with any other attachments associated thereto for lack of jurisdiction and fraud. There was no cause to the contrary made thereto by the defendants which constitutes admission by silence. However, the defendants failed to execute their duty which constitutes wanton negligence and breach of duty. The Default Judgment [Exhibit: C-

DEF and Writ of Error [Exhibit: D-ERR] stands as conclusive evidence of lack of jurisdiction and fraud due to the following:

- The foreign de facto ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.), a private
 corporation, and the representatives thereof, including the defendants, Sonya L. Sacks and
 Marion W. Jackson, were not lawfully conferred judicial authorization and jurisdiction to
 hear and decide cases or controversies in accordance with Article III of the Constitution
 for the United States of North America and, therefore, lack jurisdiction.
- 2. There was no actual plaintiff / injured party, nor was there evidence of an accusation signed under oath or affirmation by the same. See Allen v. Wright, 468 U.S. 737, 751 (1984)

 ("The requirement of standing, however, has a core component derived directly from the Constitution. A plaintiff must allege personal injury fairly traceable to the defendant's allegedly unlawful conduct and likely to be redressed by the requested relief."), and see Trinsey v. Pagliaro, 229 F.Supp. 647, ("Statements of counsel in their briefs or arguments are not sufficient for purposes of granting a motion to dismiss or for summary judgment.").
- 3. There was no evidence of a valid and verifiable contract or commercial agreement which would obligate the complainant to any specific performance or to the color of any law, statute, code, rule, regulation or custom of the private foreign de facto COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA (Inc.).

On or about February 22, 2023, the defendant, Sonya L. Sacks, issued under color of law by color of authority the misrepresented instrument – bill of attainder / foreign bill of exchange titled Order for Appointment of Guardian *ad Litem* dated February 22, 2023, in want of jurisdiction which asserted that a stranger, Ronald Stern, was appointed as attorney / representative of

LAMONT BUTLER-EL for the de facto administrative hearing scheduled for March 16, 2023, as an attempt to deprive the complainant of his due process rights under color of law by way of fraud.

On or about March 15, 2023, the defendants were duly served with process at their mailing address (either directly or by their agent) with the Affidavit of Fact: Writ of Error [EXHIBT: F-ERR] from the complainant, which were entered in the records of case number GV22-6109, and stand as conclusive evidence of the collusive action and de facto administrative proceedings in case number GV22-6109, including the de facto administrative hearing scheduled for March 16, 2023, being unconstitutional, notwithstanding, null and void ab initio, and unenforceable for lack of jurisdiction and fraud. There was no cause to the contrary made thereto by the defendants which constitutes admission by silence.

On or about March 16, 2023, the defendant, Sonya L. Sacks, issued by color of authority a void misrepresented instrument – bill of attainder / foreign bill of exchange titled ORDER dated March 16, 2023, against the fictitious corporate person LAMONT BUTLER-EL in want of jurisdiction as an attempt to deprive the complainant of his nationality and his treaty secured right to inherit his ancestral estate in reversion known as 2345 Mill Road, Alexandria, Virginia, in collusion with defendants, Marion W. Jackson, Jessica Glajch, Edward J. Longosz II, and Omar Aquino under color of law by way of fraud, and absent of due process of law. See United States v.

Throckmorton, 98 U.S. 61, 25 L.Ed. 93 ("Fraud vitiates the most solemn contracts, documents, and even judgments."), and see Kolovrat v. Oregon, 366 U. S. 187, 194, 81 S.Ct. 922 (1961) ("A state cannot refuse to give foreign nationals their treaty rights because of fear that valid international agreements may possibly not work completely to the satisfaction of state authorities. Under the supremacy clause of the United States Constitution Art. VI, clause 2, state policies as to the rights of aliens to inherit must give way to overriding federal treaties and conflicting arrangements.").

Wherefore, it is this ______ day in the month of _______ , 2023, in the Morocco Consular Court at the Virginia Commonwealth,

ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that a writ of error be and the same is hereby entered against the defendants, Sonya L. Sacks, Marion W. Jackson, Jessica Glajch, Edward J. Longosz II, and Omar Aquino;

It is further ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the misrepresented instrument – bill of attainder / foreign bill of exchange titled ORDER March 16, 2023, and any other attachments associated thereto are UNCONSTITUTIONAL, NOTWITHSTANDING, NULL and VOID AB INITIO and are UNENFORCEABLE for lack of jurisdiction and fraud;

It is further ORDERED AND ADJUDGED that the collusive action and de facto administrative proceedings under color of law in case number GV22-6109 in the records of the foreign de facto ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.) and any other attachments associated thereto are UNCONSTITUTIONAL, NOTWITHSTANDING, NULL and VOID AB INITIO and are UNENFORCEABLE and CLOSED for lack of jurisdiction and fraud;

DONE AND ORDERED at Maghrib Al-Aqṣá, North-West Amexem.

WITNESS the hand and official seal of the honorable Consul General of Morocco.

Scall

Lamont Maurice El, Consul General / Judicial Officer Morocco Consular Court at the Virginia commonwealth All Rights Reserved.

Affidavit of Fact Certificate of Service

Marion W. Jackson, (acting as) Administrative clerk ALEXANDRIA GENERAL DISTRICT COURT (Inc.) 520 King Street Alexandria, Virginia [near. 22320]

Jessica Glajch (VSB #83924), (acting as) assistant state's attorney ECKERT SEAMANS CHERIN & MELLOTT, LLC (Inc.) 1717 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, 12th Floor Washington District of Columbia [near. 20006]

Omar Aquino, foreign hybrid European male (acting as) Vice President MAGNA HOSPITALITY GROUP LC (Inc.), d/b/a MHF ALEXANDRIA OPERATING V LLC, d/b/a/ RESIDENCE INN BY MARIOTT, ALEXANDRIA OLD TOWN SOUTH (Inc.) 300 Centerville Road, Stc. 300 Warwick, Rhode Island [near. 02886]

C.C.: Kelly Gee, Maryland Secretary of State

Antony Blinken, United States Secretary of State

Monty Wilkinson, United States Attorney General

Uttam Dhillon, Director of INTERPOL Washington

Michelle Bachelet Jeria, United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights

Embassies and Consulates of the International Community and other interested persons

Consulate General of Morocco at the Maryland state republic