Snow Business + 44 (0) 1453 840077

Quality Data Sheet

C90 and C140 (Powder Snow)

Product

Highly pure cellulose

Typical Data	C90	C140
Appearance:	fine white powder	white powder
Cellulose Content %	above 99 (dry base)	above 99 (dry base)
Loose density (g/1)	ca./approx 160	ca./approx 60
Moisture %	ca./approx 6	ca./approx 6
pH-value ca./approx 6	ca./approx 6	ca./approx 6
Brightness - Elrepho (%)	ca./approx 88	ca./approx 86
Particle Size Distribution (Alpine	Air Draught Sieve)	\
less than 200 μ (%)		ca./approx 99
less than 125 μ (%)	ca./approx 99	
less than 90 μ (%)		ca./approx 80
iess than 32 u (%)	ca./approx 65	са./арргох 30

Applications

Frost.

Snow for building detail, roofs, sensitive sites and white out.

Scale snow for models...

Washes into the soil and biodegrades

Safety Data Sheet C90 and C140

In accordance with 91/155/EEC

Identification of substances

1.1 Trade Name:

C90 or C140

Quality: see attached quality data sheet

1.2 Supplier:

Snow Business International Ltd, Fountain House, High Beeches,

Nailsworth, Glos. GL6 0AP, UK.

1.3 Contact:

David G Crownshaw

1.4 Telephone:

+44 (0) 1453 836699

Composition/Information on Ingredients

2.1 Chemical characterisation

CAS-No.,

EC-No.,

EINECS.

Material

m%-range,/ Symbol,/ R-üjrases

9004-34-6

E-460(ii)

265-995-8

Cellulose

>99 /-- /-

Remarks: The classification of a product would be indicated under item 15.

3. Hazards identification

See item 10.

4. First aid measures

4.1 Inhalation:

Leave contaminated area and provide plenty of fresh air.

In case of complaints consult physician.

4.2 Skin Contact:

Wash with water or soap and water...

4.3 Eye Contact:

Flush eyes immediately with large amounts of water with lids lifted.

Call physician if problem persists.

4.4 Ingestion:

n.ap.

4.5 Note to physician:

п.av.

4.6 Special equipment:

n.av.

4.7 Further information:

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Fire-fighting measures.

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Water spray jet.

5.2 Extinguishing media to avoid:

Water hose stream.

5.3 Fire and explosion hazards:

In case of fire product may form organic crack products

and carbon mono- and dioxide.

5.4 Protective equipment:

Wear positive pressure self contained breathing

apparatus.

Wear full protective clothing.

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6. 6.1 6.2	Accidental release measures Personal precaution measures Environmental precautions and Keep away from	:See no i metho om drait	ods for cleaning up: nage.
	Take up by m Avoid formatio		
6.3 6.4	Inform respon Further Information: None.	sible au	uthorities after accidental conduction.
7.	Handling and storage.	•	
7.1	Handling		
7.1.1	<u> </u>	Кеерк	container tightly closed and dry.
	_		precautionary measures against static discharges. formation of dust.
			container tightly closed, even when in use or empty
7.1.2	Precautions in case of fire and		
		Cool o	ontainer by water spray jet.
		Keep a	away from sources of ignition, do not smoke.
7.2	Storage	.	
7.2.1			in a cool dry place.
	Store away from:		away from explosive and oxidating substances.
	Further information on storage Storing class: n.av.	CONGIO	uris. Notie.
8.	Exposure controls/person	al neo	tection
8.1	Information on the system des	_	Provide sufficient ventilation.
5.1	mornagon on the system des	ıgı ["] .	Provision of personal protective equipment according to No. 8.3.
8.2	Exposure limits:		Ť
8.2.1	Material		Kind, value, unit:
	Cellulose		TRGS 900: 6mg/m² (general dust limiting value)
	. – .	of ingre	edients of a preparation are only conditionally
8.3	suitable) Personal protection		
8.3.1	General protection and hygien	۵.	
0.0.1			sures against the forming of inhalable dust.
	Avoid contact with eyes or skir	-	
	Do not inhale dust.		
8.3.2	Respiratory protection:		
	Respiratory protection recomm	rended	
8.3.3	Hand protection:		Protective gloves recommended.
8.3.4	- 1		Protective goggles recommended.
8.3.5	Skin protection:		n.app.

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9.	Physical and chemical prope	erties
9.1	Appearance:	see item 16.
9.1.1	Odour:	characteristic
9.2	Safety- relevant data	SIMI MOTOR STO
9.2.1	Boiling point/Boiling range (°C)	n.av., Melting point/Melting range(°C) n.av.
9.2.2	Flash point, c.c. (°C)	n.av.
	• • •	n.ap. see item 16.
9.2.3	pH-value, undiluted:	-
9.2.4	Flammability (EC A10/A13):	n.av.
9.2.5	Ignition temperature:	n.av.
	Autoflammability (EC A16):	n.av.
9.2.7	Oxidising properties:	n.av.
	Explosion hazard:	n.av.
9.2.9	Explosion limits (vol.%) lower	n.av. upper n.av.
	Thermal decomposition (°C)	see item 10.
9.3	Other data:	3 45
9.3.1	Density (g/ml):	see item 16.
	Solubility:	see item 16.
	Vapour pressure:	n.av.
	Vapour density (Air = 1)	n.av.
	Partition coefficient, n-octanol/wa	_
9.3.6	Viscosity:	n.ap.
	Caluant apparation toot:	
	Solvent separation test:	n.av
9.3.8	Solvent content: (m%):	none
	•	
9.3.8 9.3.8	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate:	none
9.3.8 9.3.8 ———————————————————————————————————	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity	none n.av.
9.3.8 9.3.8	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials	none n.av. s to avoid:
9.3.8 9.3.8 ———————————————————————————————————	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses
9.3.8 9.3.8 ———————————————————————————————————	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7.	none n.av. s to avoid: itures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7.	none n.av. s to avoid: itures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information:	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 11.	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 11. 11.1 11.1.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h):	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10.1 10.2 10.3 11.1 11.1.1 11.1.2	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h): Ingestion, LD50 rat, oral (mg/kg)	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None. n.av. : n.av.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 11. 11.1 11.1.1 11.1.2 11.1.3	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h): Ingestion, LD50 rat, oral (mg/kg) Skin contact, LD50 rat, dermal (mg/kg)	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None. n.av. : n.av. : n.av. ng/kg): n.av.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 11. 11.1 11.1.1 11.1.2 11.1.3	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h): Ingestion, LD50 rat, oral (mg/kg) Skin contact, LD50 rat, dermal (mg/kg) Contact, LD50, rat, dermal (mg/kg) Contact, LD50, rat, dermal (mg/kg)	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None. n.av. : n.av. : n.av. ng/kg): n.av.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10.1 10.2 10.3 11.1 11.1.1 11.1.2 11.1.3 11.1.4 11.2	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h): Ingestion, LD50 rat, oral (mg/kg) Skin contact, LD50 rat, dermal (notate) Eye contact, LD50, rat, dermal (notate) Subacute or chronic toxicity:	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None. n.av. n.av. ng/kg): n.av. mg/kg): n.av. mg/kg): n.av.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 11. 11.1.1 11.1.2 11.1.3 11.1.4 11.2 11.2.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h): Ingestion, LD50 rat, oral (mg/kg) Skin contact, LD50 rat, dermal (notate contact, LD50,	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None. n.av. : n.av. mg/kg): n.av. mg/kg): n.av. n.av.
9.3.8 9.3.8 10. 10.1 10.2 10.3 11. 11.1.1 11.1.2 11.1.3 11.1.4 11.2.1 11.2.1	Solvent content: (m%): Evaporation rate: Stability and reactivity Conditions to avoid and materials Product decomposes at tempera May form explosive dust-air mixts See also No. 7. Hazardous decomposition product Further information: Toxicological information Acute health effects Inhalation, LC50 rat (mg/1/4h): Ingestion, LD50 rat, oral (mg/kg) Skin contact, LD50 rat, dermal (notate) Eye contact, LD50, rat, dermal (notate) Subacute or chronic toxicity:	none n.av. s to avoid: tures higher than 200°C releasing harmful gasses ure. cts: None. None. n.av. n.av. ng/kg): n.av. mg/kg): n.av. mg/kg): n.av.

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11.2.4 Teratogenicity: n.av. 11.2.5 Narcosis: n.av. 11.3 Human experience n.av. 11.4 Additional toxicological information: None 12. Ecological information Elimination (persistence and degradability): 12.1 n.av. 12.2 Behaviour in sewage works: n.av. 12.3 Aquatic Toxicity: n.av. 12.4 Other ecological information: 12.4.1 COD value, mg/g; n.av. 12,24 BOB value, mg/g: n.av. 12.4.3 ACX-remaric: n.av. 12.4.4 Significant components: None.

13. Disposal considerations

- 13.1 Residues:
- 13.1:1 Recommendation: Please comply with the national or regional authorities.
- 13.1.2 Safe handling: Please refer to items 7, and 15.
- 13.2 Contaminated packaging:
- 13.2.1 Recommendation: Please comply with the national or regional authorities.
- 13.2.2 Safe handling: As described under residues.

Transport information

14.1.1 Classification for transportation by road or railway - ADR/GGVS and RID/GGVE:

No hazardous material according to GGVS/ADR. Remark:

Class/Division:

14.1.2 Instructions for transportation in tanks: Hazard No: UN No:

14.1.3 Instructions concerning shipper's declaration and packaging.

Volume or mass Description of goods Article No.

Risk label

Packing code or marginal

n.av.

- 14.1.4 Listed cargo as per Appendix B.8.
- 14.1.5 Remark: The description of dangerous goods must be supplemented by the appropriate class and division and the addition "GGVS/ADR", unless the dangerous cargoes are exempted therefrom.

Additional designation in the shipper's declaration: Inscription on packaging:

14.2.1 Classification for transportation by inland navigation ADNR/GGVBinSch:

Remark:

Class: Division: Category:

- 14.2.2 Description of goods:
- 14.2.3 Remark: None.

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14.3.1 Classification for transportation by vessels:

IMDG/GGVSee:

Remark:

No hazardous material according to GGVSee/IMDG-Code.

Class:

Packaging group:

MFAG table:

14.3.2 EmS-No:

14.3.3 Marine pollutant:

14.3.4 Instruction for the responsible declaration and labelling:

(Without consideration of packing sizes for possible exemptions.)

Proper shipping name / Risk label.

14.3.5 Remark: None

14.4.1 Classification for transportation by air IATA-DGR/ICAO-TI

Remark:

No hazardous material according to IATA-DGRGGVSee/IMDG-Code.

Class:

UN No:

Packaging group:

14.4.2 Instruction for the responsible declaration and labelling:

(Without consideration of packing sizes for possible exemptions.)

Proper shipping name / Risk label.

Packing instructions, Cargo.

Passenger:

14.4.3 Remarks: None

15. Regulatory information:

Data on classification according to the GefStoffV/EEC-regulations: 15.5

Classification regulated by GefStoffV:

No. Hazard identification:

Applicable exemptions:

Hazard symbol(s):

Component(s):

R-phrases:

S-phrases:

Additional markings:

15.1.1 Remark: The classification with respect to forms and possible exemptions according to GefStoffV are given in the present regulation. The national regulations mentioned below can prescribe additional markings.

15.2 National regulations:

> For the distribution or handling please comply with the national (regional) regulations or any other national measures that may be relevant.

16. Other information

For additional information kindly refer to the attached quality data sheet. P1.

The statements in this bulletin were made to the best of our knowledge and are as accurate as possible. They are given for information only. They do not constitute a contractual guarantee of a product's properties. They must neither be altered nor transferred to other products.

David G Crownshaw
Snow Business International Limited
The Snow Mill
Bridge Road
Ebley, Stroud
Gloucestershire
GL5 4TR

Phone: + 44 (0) 1453 840077

Document date: 17 April 2002

Revision number 2000

Snow effects safety data sheet and risk assessment - C 90'

supplied by:- Snow Business, The Snow Mill, Bridge Road, Ebley, Stroud, Gloucestershire, GL5 4TR. Tel/ Fax: + 445 (0)1453 840077

Material:

C 90 is a micro fine, pure cellulose powder supplied in clear plastic sacks each weighing 25 kg.

Equipment involved:

Electric C 90 snow blower, with water pump and flexible delivery hoses of up to 200 m length. Water hoses for clearing where applicable.

Equipment involved:

Electric C 90 snow blower, with water pump and flexible delivery hoses of up to 200 m length. Water hoses for clearing where applicable.

Visual properties:

A soft white powder that sticks to everything that has been pre-wet forming a micro fine layer of white. In the foreground this registers as frost allowing the texture and detail of the object covered to show through. On stone and building detail it registers as snow, as it does in the background where it creates a white out effect.

Advantages:

The material is laid very quickly. It is bio-degradable and 'disapears' easily when washed into pourous ground. It does not damage or 'burn' vegitation and is not absorbed into pourous stone. The material does not effect grazing.

Disadvantages:

When being blow, material can be lost to the wind which increases cost and can cause a nuisance to adjacent properties. The material is designed to wash away so where large areas are dressed, rain, particularly with wind, can wash the set clean before shooting is complete.

Potential Hazards and risks:

The material is a dust. People with eye or respitary problems may experience discomfort if downwind from the area being dressed. During wet down in freezing conditions ice may form. Open windows in buildings being dressed can allow dust inside causing major cleaning liabilities.

Recommendations:

Precautions should be taken where ice may pose a hazard. Buildings should be checked for open windows. Neighbours should be forewarned of possible dust overspill.

Additional information: Conforms to BS 5852 part 2, schedule 2, part 1,/ Schedule 5 part 3 of Furniture and Furnishings (fire) (safety) regulations as amended 1989.

Name: David G Crownshaw

Date: 09/09/99

Signature

Position: Snow Effects Designer

Risk assessment for C90 Cellulose powder page 1 of 2

Location Address

Date 1998

Snow Effects Designer David G Crownshaw

Description of Effect

A soft white micro fine powder comprised of pure cellulose.

The powder gives the effect of laid snow on solid surfaces such as roads and paths. On grass or soil it appears as a heavy frost to foreground and whites out to a snow covering in the background.

It stands close scrutiny and is suitable for small scale model sets.

C90 is a very fine powder and there are larger variations such as the more coarse C140 which can be used in poor weather conditions or where more bonding is required.

Setting up

C90 is distributed over the set via an electric snow blower with a rotary air valve that delivers the powder down a 3" flexible tube of up to 200 m length. As the powder exits the tube it looks like a cloud of white smoke. The powder coats everything it touches with a micro fine layer of white. If the area is sprayed with water first the powder adheres better giving a heavier and more durable coating. The effect will last the duration of the shoot day unless rain and winds prevail. As the material is a dust, care has to be taken to assess prevailing winds as the dust can be carried for hundreds of meters downwind. Windows must be closed, neighbors who may be effected should be warned and nuisance dust masks should be available to anyone who wants one.

The dressing crew should all wear dust masks and eye protection if desired.

Care must be exercised where delivery lines trail, where these cross public footpaths 'Locations' may wish to place ramps or warning signs.

The snow is laid at high speed, when the equipment is operational other unit members must respect the working area by keeping themselves and their equipment clear or covered. Attention must be paid to prevailing winds as snow will travel downwind.

C90 can be used up to the edge of rivers but care must be exercised to avoid pollution in streams and rivers as any biodegradable material deoxygenates water as it breaks down.

On set

When the water used to bond the C90 dries, the powder will remain in place until physically removed.

When there is strong wind the whipping action of the trees or grass will slowly remove the powder, wind and rain combined will accelerate that removal severely.

Where the powder is dry the effect is prone to let a trail of dust rise behind action which is unrealistic and the area should be kept damped down to prevent this.

Clearing

C90 can be left for the elements to clean. If a site has to be clean on wrap the effect can be dispersed using air or water spray. The powder is so fine that it will be easily absorbed into porous surfaces such as soil, lawn and dirt. making it relatively easy to return the site back to its original appearance.

On non porous surfaces the dust tends to collect as a white sludge wherever the water pools and will require physical lifting. Non porous surfaces are best cleaned using road sweeping devices.

Care should be taken to avoid excessive amounts of the powder being washed into drains or water courses.

The material is pure cellulose and is fully bio-degradable.

Full COSHH assessments are available on request from Snow Business.

Snow Business International Ltd The Snow Mill Bridge Road Ebley, Stroud Gloucestershire GL5 4TR United Kingdom

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