

## **Mastering Attunement**

## The MVE Framework

"Feeling 'heard' and 'loved' are so similar that most people can't tell the difference, when they experience it" – John Porter. Attunement is the process of being in sync with another person's emotional state. It's the foundation of deep connection, trust, and effective communication. The Mirror, Validate, Empathize (M.V.E.) framework is a simple yet powerful tool for achieving attunement in any interaction.



**Definition:** Consciously or unconsciously reflecting the other person's verbal and non-verbal cues. This includes their tone of voice, pace of speech, body language, and energy level.

Why it Works: Mirroring signals to the other person, "I see you and I am present with you." It creates a sense of shared experience and rapport, laying the groundwork for trust. Example:

- **Person A:** (Speaking quickly and with a tense posture) "I'm so overwhelmed with this project deadline!"
- **Person B:** (Slightly adjusting their posture and speaking at a similar, but not identical, pace) "Wow, that sounds incredibly stressful. Tight deadlines are tough."



**Definition:** Acknowledging the other person's emotions, thoughts, or experience as valid, even if you don't agree with them. This is about accepting their reality without judgment.

Why it Works: Validation communicates, "Your feelings make sense." It reduces defensiveness and helps the person feel heard and understood, which can deescalate tension. Example:

- Person A: "I'm frustrated because my team isn't communicating effectively."
- **Person B:** "It's completely understandable that you're frustrated. Lack of communication can make any project difficult."



**Definition:** Placing yourself in the other person's shoes to genuinely feel and understand their perspective. It goes beyond acknowledging their feelings to sharing a sense of their emotional experience.

**Why it Works:** Empathy is the ultimate expression of compassion. It says, loud and clear, "**Your feelings matter to me.**" It demonstrates that you hear what the other person is saying *and* that you care about their emotional well-being. Example:

- **Person A:** "I feel completely defeated after that client meeting. I put so much work into the proposal."
- **Person B:** "I can only imagine how that must feel. It's crushing when you invest so much and the outcome isn't what you hoped for."

## **RESEARCH REFERENCES**

- Daniel Goleman: His work on emotional intelligence highlights the importance of empathy in leadership and social interaction.
- <u>Stephen Porges:</u> The polyvagal theory, developed by Porges, explains how our nervous systems respond to safety and connection, emphasizing the physiological basis of attunement.
- <u>John Gottman:</u> His research on couples therapy identifies "turning toward" a partner's bids for connection—a process rooted in the principles of mirroring and validation—as a key to relationship success.