**Assessment Policy**

Beacon Independent School

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# Aims

This policy aims to:

* Support school improvement and the raising of standards of achievement and attainment for all of our pupils.
* Provide clear guidelines on our approach to formative and summative assessment in order to:

° Develop effective, efficient and consistent methods through which a child’s progress is monitored and used to inform decisions about future curriculum developments for that child

° Establish a consistent and coherent approach to recording summative assessment outcomes and reporting to parents

° Clearly set out how and when assessment practice will be monitored and evaluated

° Ensure reports, based on records, will give accurate and meaningful information

# Legislation and guidance

Since the removal of National Curriculum levels in 2014, schools have been free to develop their own approaches to assessment.

This policy refers to the recommendations in the [Final Report of the Commission on Assessment without Levels.](https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/483058/Commission_on_Assessment_Without_Levels_-_report.pdf)

It also refers to statutory reporting requirements set out in [the Education (Pupil Information) (England) Regulations 2005: schedule 1.](http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2005/1437/schedule/1/made)

# Assessment Principles

**Assessment is at the heart of teaching and learning**

* Assessment provides the evidence to guide teaching and learning
* Assessment provides the opportunity for students to demonstrate and review their progress

**Assessment is fair**

* Assessment is inclusive of all abilities
* Assessment is free from bias towards factors that are not relevant to what the assessment intends to address

**Assessment is honest**

* Assessment outcomes are used in ways that minimise undesirable effects
* Assessment outcomes are conveyed in an open, honest and transparent way to assist pupils with their learning
* Assessment judgements are moderated by experienced professionals to ensure their accuracy

**Assessment is ambitious**

* Assessment places achievement in context against nationally standardised criteria and expected standards
* Assessment embodies, through objective criteria, a pathway of progress and development for every child
* Assessment objectives set high expectations for learners

**Assessment is appropriate**

* The purpose of any assessment process should be clearly stated
* Conclusions regarding pupil achievement are valid when the assessment method is appropriate – to age, task and to the desired feedback information
* Assessment should draw a wide range of evidence to provide a complete picture of student achievement
* Assessment should demand no more procedures or records than are practically required to allow pupils, teachers and parents to plan future learning

**Assessment is consistent**

* Judgements are informed according to common principles
* The results are easily understood by third parties
* Results are easily comparable with other schools, both locally and nationally

**Assessment outcomes provide meaningful and understandable information for**

* Pupils in developing their learning
* Teachers in planning teaching and learning
* Parents in supporting children with their learning
* School leaders in planning and allocating resources
* Government and agents of government

**Assessment feedback should inspire greater effort and a belief that, through hard work and practice more can be achieved.**

# Assessment: Approaches and Methods

Assessment as an integral part of teaching and learning and is inextricably linked to our curriculum. It helps us to ensure that our teaching is appropriate.

We use three broad overarching forms of assessment: day-to-day in-provision formative assessment; in-provision summative assessment; and nationally standardised summative assessment.

## In-school formative assessment

Effective in-school formative assessment enables:

* Teachers to identify how pupils are performing on a continuing basis and to use this information to provide appropriate support or extension, evaluate teaching and plan future lessons to meet learner’s next steps in their learning journey.
* Pupils to measure their knowledge and understanding against learning objectives, and identify the next steps in their learning; and receive feedback about progress
* Parents to gain a broad picture of where their child’s strengths and weaknesses lie, and what the next steps are in their learning

Formative assessment is used to continually review learning and next steps. It involves teachers and TA’s giving feedback to pupils that relates to what they have achieved and the next steps in learning.

Research shows (Education Endowment 2018) that feedback is a powerful tool and is an essential part of teaching and learning. Feedback comes in a variety of ways both written and verbal:

* Pupil to Teacher/TA
* Teacher/TA to Pupil
* Self-assessment

Pupils can reflect on their achievement measured against the learning intention or question set; this may be with faces to show whether they have achieved well or need more help – smiley, straight mouth and sad. Pupils can show this physically using thumbs – up, down or sideways. This provides pupils an opportunity to reflect on their own learning and gives the adult working with them an insight into how they have felt about their learning and achievement.

Pupils can also use a checklist to see how successful they have been to help make their self assessment. Checking work for sense and accuracy also supports the development of independent learning and improvement skills.

### **Marking and Feedback** –

Work must be titled with the learning intention and the level of support for this work is added to the work.

Written feedback relates to the Learning Intention of the lesson or a pupil’s ongoing curriculum target. Written feedback should be completed before the next lesson otherwise its relevance and importance is decreased. At the start of the next lesson pupils are given time to reflect on the feedback.

Written feedback can include:

* A question to extend (the pupil is given time at the beginning of the next lesson to respond)
* A motivational comment
* A comment to show progress – this may just be a tick
* A scaffold
* A reminder prompt

### **Verbal Feedback**

This is given throughout the lesson. For pupils who are unable to access written feedback, verbal feedback is the main method of feedback to pupils, although for some pupils this may still be recorded in their books.

## In-school summative assessment

Effective in-school summative assessment enables:

* School leaders to monitor the performance of pupil cohorts, identify where interventions may be required, and work with teachers to ensure pupils are supported to achieve sufficient progress and attainment. Through working with other schools, we will compare our performance with that of others.
* Teachers to evaluate learning at the end of a unit or period and the impact of their own teaching and how we can improve.
* Pupils to understand how well they have learned and understood a topic or course of work taught over a period of time. It should be used to provide feedback on how they can further improve.
* Parents to stay informed about the achievement, progress and wider outcomes of their child across a period.

We assess pupils against assessment criteria which are discrete, qualitative and concrete descriptions of what a pupil is expected to know and be able to do.

Assessment for periodic assessment is arranged into a hierarchy, setting out what children are expected to achieve at the end of each stage, which is recorded as a colour. These relate to a year group expectation and are colour coded in order to ensure progress can be seen although pupils may not be working at the age-related expectation. These criteria take account of formal accreditations to ensure learners are prepared.

The achievement of each pupil is assessed at each stage or colour as emerging, developing or secure; with a plus at each stage to reflect movement within one phase; allowing for small steps of progress to be seen.

Assessment judgements are recorded and backed by evidence created using observations, records of work and testing.

Assessment judgements will be moderated by colleagues in school to make sure our assessments are fair, reliable and valid.

Assessment is an essential ingredient of effective teaching and learning.

## Nationally standardised summative assessment

Nationally standardised summative assessment enables:

* School leaders to monitor the performance of pupil cohorts, identify where interventions may be required, and work with teachers to ensure pupils are supported to achieve sufficient progress and attainment
* Teachers to understand national expectations and assess their own performance in the broader national context
* Pupils and parents to understand how pupils are performing in comparison to pupils nationally

Nationally standardised summative assessments take the form of GCSEs and vocational qualifications at the end of Key Stage 4.

# Collecting and using data including Review of Progress

Data is collected on a Progress Review document which holds the annual data for a class which clearly indicates the starting point for pupils and the end of year target. These are put into context with teacher comments as well as highlighting what interventions have been used or required. This is a working document that is used by teachers as a record of progress and any need for further support or intervention.

Data is collected for Reading, Writing, Speaking and listening, Math’s and life skills for all pupils. When pupils are taught by a specialist teacher data is also recorded on the Progress Review document.

Data from here is recorded in the school’s data management system. Data can then be interrogated and analysed to identify trends as a whole school, classes and groups. This is in order to support pupil’s next steps in their learning as well as identify areas for school improvement.

Progress Review Meetings between teachers take place termly so that progress can be discussed and any interventions or barriers are overcome. Teachers are expected to discuss pupil progress and next steps as well as different strategies to utilise to support pupil progress or highlight the need for therapies or intervention provided by other members of staff.

# Reporting to parents

Reporting to parents is focused on pupil’s achievements and next steps.

Biannual reports to parents include:

* Brief details of achievements in all subjects and activities forming part of the school curriculum, highlighting strengths and areas for development
* Comments on general progress

Formal accreditations are acknowledged separately as they take place at different times throughout the year not only when reports are written.

# Training

Our school regularly revisits assessment practices. We also hold moderation meetings to review accuracy of assessment which include teachers.

A member of the leadership team is responsible for assessment ensuring that good practice and national developments are shared and acted upon as required.

Progress Review meetings also include an element of review of assessment as teachers bring evidence of assessment to the meeting.

# Roles and responsibilities

**Headteacher**

The headteacher is responsible for:

* Ensuring that the policy is adhered to
* Monitoring standards in core and foundation subjects
* Analysing pupil progress and attainment, including individual pupils and specific groups
* Prioritising key actions to address underachievement

## Teachers

Teachers are responsible for following the assessment procedures outlined in this policy.

# Monitoring

This policy will be reviewed annually by the Headteacher.

All teaching staff are expected to read and follow this policy. The Headteacher is responsible for ensuring that the policy is followed.

The Headteacher will monitor the effectiveness of assessment practices across the school, through:

• Lesson observations, book and observation scrutinises, Progress Review Meeting, learning walks.

# Links with other policies

This assessment policy is linked to:

* Curriculum policy