

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. 2024 ANNUAL MEETING June 6, 2024 10:30AM (ET)

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. 2024 ANNUAL MEETING & ELECTION OF DIRECTORS JUNE 6, 2024

<u>AGENDA</u>

- 1. Call to Order / Certification of Quorum
- 2. Introductions of Board, Staff and Special Guests
- 3. Approval of 2023 Annual Meeting Minutes
- 4. Financial Report
- 5. Club Management Report
- 6. Election Results
- 7. Adjournment
- 8. Q&A / Open Forum

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dave Evans, President (Owner Elected by Owners)

Jeff Pank, Vice President

Jodi Rogers, Secretary & Treasurer

OTHER OFFICERS & PRESENTERS

Amy Bornmann, Assistant Secretary & Association Manager

Robert Peck, Manager – Club Wyndham Club Management

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

ANNUAL MEETING & ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

JUNE 8, 2023 – CLUB WYNDHAM CYPRESS PALMS – KISSIMMEE, FL

MINUTES

The Annual Meeting and Election of Directors (the "Meeting") of PTVO Owners Association, Inc. (the "Association") was called to order by President Dave Evans at 10:00 AM (ET). There was one owner in attendance in person and 90 owners listening to the broadcast on Zoom. The following members of the Board of Directors and Management Staff presenters were in attendance:

Board: Dave Evans, President; Jeff Pank, Vice President; Jodi Rogers, Secretary & Treasurer

<u>Management Staff</u>: Richard Scinta, VP Club & Association Governance; Amy Bornmann, Director Club & Association Governance (Assistant Secretary); Robert Peck, Club Program Manager; Annie Roberts, SVP Club & Owner Services; Kevin Maciulewicz, SVP Resort Operations; Desiree Elzey, Regional Vice President – Resort Operations – Florida and Caribbean

Certification of Quorum

With 23.4% of the voting interests present in person and by proxy, quorum was achieved.

Approval of Prior Minutes

A copy of the draft minutes of the 2022 Annual Meeting was distributed to Members in attendance and made available to owners attending online. Mr. Evans motioned to dispense with their reading and approve the minutes of the 2022 Annual Meeting as presented. The motion was seconded and carried unanimously.

<u>Reports</u>

Ms. Jodi Rogers presented the Financial Report.

Mr. Robert Peck presented the Club Update.

Election of Directors

At this year's Meeting, there was an election of ONE director, which was to be elected by all of the voting interests. Only one nomination was received. As such, Ms. Jodi Rogers was re-elected by acclimation.

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Adjournment

There being no further business, Mr. Evans motioned to adjourn the Meeting. The motion was seconded and carried unanimously. The meeting was adjourned.

<u>Q&A</u>

Management responded to Owner questions.

Amy Bornmann, Assistant Secretary Approved by Members on:

Recorded by:

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors PTVO Owners Association, Inc. Las Vegas, Nevada

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of PTVO Owners Association, Inc., which comprise the balance sheet as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of PTVO Owners Association, Inc. as of December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of PTVO Owners Association, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about PTVO Owners Association, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of PTVO Owners Association, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about PTVO Owners Association, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Board of Directors PTVO Owners Association, Inc.

Disclaimer of Opinion on Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the accompanying schedule of future major repairs and replacements on page 14 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Las Vegas, Nevada April 29, 2024

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2023

ASSETS	Operating Fund	Replacement Fund	Total All Funds
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Assessments Receivable, Net of Allowance Net Receivable from Related Parties Prepaid Expenses and Other Due from Operating Fund	\$ 5,177,827 6,771,903 7,958,193 53,938,314 -	\$ 2,464,547 28,651,722 - 170,659 2,759,194	\$ 7,642,374 28,651,722 6,771,903 7,958,193 54,108,973 2,759,194
Total Assets	\$ 73,846,237	\$ 34,046,122	\$ 107,892,359
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
LIABILITIES Maintenance Fees Payable Other Accrued Expenses Due to Replacement Fund Total Liabilities	\$ 18,108,255 3,363,957 2,759,194 24,231,406	\$ 37,507 37,507	\$ 18,108,255 3,401,464 2,759,194 24,268,913
FUND BALANCE	49,614,831	34,008,615	83,623,446
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 73,846,237</u>	\$ 34,046,122	<u>\$ 107,892,359</u>

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Operating Fund	Replacement Fund	Total All Funds
	¢ 064 407 700	¢ 0.407.050	¢ 070.004.000
Maintenance Fee Assessments	\$ 364,427,732	\$ 8,437,256	\$ 372,864,988
Interest Income	871,689	855,525	1,727,214
Other Revenue	1,929,544	-	1,929,544
Total Revenues	367,228,965	9,292,781	376,521,746
EXPENSES			
Maintenance Fees	295,132,804	-	295,132,804
Unit Expenses	36,392,904	2,277,049	38,669,953
Bad Debt	22,877,873	-	22,877,873
Management Fees	2,961,397	-	2,961,397
Collections	1,402,644	-	1,402,644
Accounting	727,439	-	727,439
Taxes, Insurance, and Trustee Fees	479,919	-	479,919
Administrative Fees	262,745	300	263,045
Total Expenses	360,237,725	2,277,349	362,515,074
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	6,991,240	7,015,432	14,006,672
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	198,774	195,045	393,819
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	6,792,466	6,820,387	13,612,853
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	42,822,365	27,188,228	70,010,593
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 49,614,831	\$ 34,008,615	\$ 83,623,446

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Operating Fund	Replacement Fund	Total All Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		.	<u> </u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses Adjustments to Reconcile Excess of Revenues Over	\$ 6,792,466	\$ 6,820,387	\$ 13,612,853
Expenses to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Bad Debt	22,877,873	-	22,877,873
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:	,- ,		, - ,
Assessments Receivable	(20,087,795)	-	(20,087,795)
Net of Receivable from Related Parties	(1,330,904)	-	(1,330,904)
Prepaid Expenses and Other	(7,720,680)	(167,426)	(7,888,106)
Maintenance Fees Payable	1,056,515	-	1,056,515
Other Accrued Expenses	450,957	37,507	488,464
Deferred Revenue	(2,177,531)	-	(2,177,531)
Due to/from Operating/Replacement Fund	1,034,831	(1,034,831)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	895,732	5,655,637	6,551,369
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net Purchases of Investments		(16,840,488)	(16,840,488)
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(16,840,488)	(16,840,488)
NET INCREASE(DECREASE) IN CASH AND			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	895,732	(11,184,851)	(10,289,119)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	4,282,095	13,649,398	17,931,493
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,177,827	\$ 2,464,547	\$ 7,642,374

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

PTVO Owners Association, Inc. (the Association) is a nonstock, nonprofit corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the state of Delaware for the purpose of administering the property that is subject to the Declaration of Covenants. Conditions and Restrictions, and Grant and Reservation of Easements for the Club Wyndham Access (CWA) Vacation Ownership Club (the Club) dated January 3, 2008. The Association is a perpetual club-based timeshare association that was created to represent the membership interests in the resort inventory. Wyndham Vacation Resorts (WVR or the Developer) is the developer of the Club and deeds resort inventory into the Club in exchange for points that represent ownership in the deeds and membership interest in the Association. The Developer may either deed in fractional timeshare inventory or whole unit accommodations not subject to a timeshare regime. As of December 31, 2023, the Developer had deeded a total of 782 units into the Association. The property in the Club is held by the Association. The points represent a membership interest in the Association, which includes the perpetual right to participate in the Club and related timeshare property. Members in the Association purchase an allotment of CWA points from WVR. The Club allows members advance reservation priority at multiple Wyndham Vacation Resorts that are a part of the Club. As of December 31, 2023, the property in the Club held by the Association equaled a point value of 51,665,398,449, of which WVR owned 8,727,475,131; the other points had been sold to other members. The Association has an affiliation agreement with the Fairshare Vacation Plan Use Management Trust (the Trust) to provide billing, collection, and reservation services on behalf of the Association.

Fund Accounting

To ensure and facilitate the fiduciary responsibility required of the Association regarding restrictions placed on the use of resources available to it, the accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. The purpose of the various funds and the restrictions on the use of their assets are as follows:

Operating Fund – This fund is used to account for financial resources available for the general operations of the Association.

Replacement Fund – This fund represents funds collected by the Association from the members to fund future replacement, major repairs, and purchases of commonly owned assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Association considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of one to three months when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

The investment account reflects certificates of deposit and U.S. Treasury bills with a maturity of one to 24 months.

Methodology Used to Determine Allowance for Credit Losses

The Association uses a combination of historical loss experience, current economic conditions, and forward-looking information to estimate credit losses for financial assets. The Association considers various factors such as borrower creditworthiness and projections of removal of delinquent accounts from the Association to estimate credit losses.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of the Association's financial instruments, including cash, cash equivalents, receivables, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued expenses, approximate fair value due to the immediate or short-term maturity of these instruments.

Property and Equipment

In conformity with industry practice, the Association's policy for recognizing common property as assets in its balance sheet is to recognize: (a) common personal property and (b) real property to which it has title and that it can dispose of for cash while retaining the proceeds or that is anticipated to generate significant cash flows from members on the basis of usage or from nonmembers. The Association defines as common property, property where the title or other evidence of ownership is held directly by a common interest realty association. All timeshare property is held by the Association because the Developer transfers the real and personal property directly to the Association when it is placed in service.

The primary purpose of the timeshare property is for use by members. The timeshare property is not held for sale by the Association, nor does it generate significant cash flows on the basis of usage for the Association.

Accordingly, timeshare property transferred from the Developer, and the related furnishings, are not recorded in the financial statements because of the restrictions imposed by the bylaws related to disposal of common properties. The bylaws specify that the board of directors may exchange a timeshare property for another provided that the properties are comparable and there is no dilution of members' rights.

Revenue Recognition

The Association collects maintenance fees from each member to fund the operations of the Association. Fees are recognized ratably over the assessment period. Any amounts received in advance of the due date are deferred until due. The Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Code 606 requiring deferral of the recognition of income until the services are rendered. The Association has determined ASC 606 does not apply to the Association as no customer relationship exists as it is defined by the Code. The Association does not defer the recognition of any portion of revenue as a contract liability.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Other Revenue consists mainly of housekeeping income and is recognized as the related performance obligation is satisfied. The Association's performance obligation related to its housekeeping income, which is to provide additional cleaning services in a given week for lodging accommodations, is satisfied over time and revenue is recognized on a daily basis as the accommodations are occupied. As compensation for providing additional housekeeping services, the Association receives a cleaning fee which is received after checkout of the guest.

Maintenance Fees

The Association is responsible for paying all maintenance fees and assessments to the property owners associations (POA) that represent the real estate interests deeded to the Association as part of CWA. The Association pays these maintenance fees and assessments as they become due to the POA. All maintenance fees are expensed and paid monthly, except for maintenance fees for fixed week inventory where the fees are paid annually and amortized over the period of available property use.

Income Taxes

The Association files as a homeowners' association in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 528, using Form 1120-H. Under that Section, the Association excludes from taxation exempt function income, which generally consists of revenue from uniform assessments to owners. The Association's nonexempt income was subject to tax.

Additional Developer Assessments

WVR deeds fixed week timeshare resort inventory into the Club during the year in exchange for points that represent membership interests in the Association. Once the points are issued a monthly membership based on 1/12th of the annual maintenance fee is billed to the owner of the inventory. The Club has a year-to-year agreement with WVR that provides that WVR will pay a conversion fee to the Association upon conversion from fixed week timeshare inventory to points that is intended to supplement the cash needed to pay the next annual maintenance fee to the POA when it comes due. The conversion fee is determined by approximating the difference between the subsequent year maintenance fee cost, on such fixed week timeshare units transferred to the Club, and the membership assessments that will be paid to the Association for the remainder of the year in which the inventory is deeded. The Association recognizes the fee charged to WVR under this agreement as a Developer conversion fee within revenues in the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund balance.

The Association's performance obligation related to Developer conversion fees is satisfied as the expense related to the next annual maintenance fee to the underlying POA comes due. No revenues were recognized for the year ended December 31, 2023 as no inventory was converted from fixed week timeshare inventory to points during 2022.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

The Association has adopted the current expected credit losses (CECL) methodology for estimating credit losses on financial assets, effective January 1, 2023, utilizing the modified retrospective transition method. The adoption of CECL resulted in changes to the association's accounting policies, including the recognition of credit losses based on expected future credit losses rather than incurred credit losses. The adoption of CECL did not have a material impact on the Association's financial statements. The association also updated its accounting policies for determining the recoverability of member assessment receivables.

NOTE 2 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As defined by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques, the Association is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 – Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Level 1 also includes U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and federal agency mortgage-backed securities, which are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities. The certificates of deposit and U.S. Treasury bills held by the Association are Level 1.

Level 2 – Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third-party pricing services for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The Association has no Level 2 assets or liabilities.

Level 3 – Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker-traded transactions. The Association has no Level 3 assets or liabilities.

NOTE 2 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Association holds investments in multiple certificates of deposit at various banks throughout the United States as well as U.S. Treasury bonds. Rates of return range from 0.375% to 4.8% during the year ended December 31, 2023. The fair value of investments included in the balance sheet at December 31, 2023 is summarized as follows:

Certificates of Deposit and U.S. Treasury Bonds:Maturities 1 to 3 Months\$ 7,609,402Maturities 4 to 12 Months8,456,935Maturities 13 to 24 Months12,585,385Total\$ 28,651,722

NOTE 3 ASSESSMENTS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

Assessments receivable consist primarily of noninterest-bearing amounts due from members for member assessments and other fees for services. The Association does not permit a member to make a reservation if their account is delinquent. A valuation allowance is provided for all receivables for the amount the Association does not expect to collect based on expected credit losses. The Association uses historical loss information based on aging of receivables as the basis to determine expected credit losses for receivables. Management believes the composition of receivables at year-end is consistent with historical conditions as credit terms and quality, practices and the customer base has not changed significantly. During 2023, management reviewed and removed delinquent accounts from the Association. Additionally, management has reviewed projections for future delinquent account removals. Based on these reviews, management did not adjust the credit loss percentages to calculate the valuation allowance as there is no significant change in expected delinquent account activity. The allowance for credit losses as of December 31, 2023 is summarized as follows:

Allowance - Beginning of Year	\$ 26,489,897
Bad Debt	22,877,873
Receivables Charged Off	(23,865,454)
Allowance - End of Year	\$ 25,502,316

NOTE 4 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Developer serves as the Club manager and provides accounting and other administrative services for the Association. The Association recorded expenses of \$7,529,640 related to these services during the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Association bills the Developer a member's assessment on any CWA points that are unsold each month at the same rate as any other member. The Association recognized revenue of \$68,505,690 related to these assessments during the year ended December 31, 2023.

NOTE 4 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The Fairshare Vacation Plan Use Management Trust (the Trust), an affiliate of WVR, provides collection and reservation services for the Association. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Association recorded net expenses of \$1,402,644 related to these services.

The net due from related parties as of December 31, 2023 consisted of the following:

Payable to Related Parties:	
Payable to Developer - Unit Expenses	\$ (26,585)
Receivable from Related Parties:	
Receivable from Developer - Maintenance Fees	6,007,072
Assessments on Delinquent Inventory	75,832
Receivable from Trust - Other Revenues	151,019
Receivable from Trust - Maintenance Fees	 1,750,855
Total Net Receivable from Related Parties	\$ 7,958,193

NOTE 5 INCOME TAXES

The Association has elected to take advantage of the tax benefits provided by IRC Section 528 by filing as a Homeowners Association for the year ended December 31, 2023. As a result of the 2023 filing election, no income tax provision or benefit has been recognized during the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Association did not have any material unrecognized tax benefits under ASC 740, *Income Taxes*, as of December 31, 2023. The Association does not anticipate any material change in the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits to occur within the next 12 months.

NOTE 6 CONCENTRATIONS

Cash and cash equivalents are maintained at various financial institutions which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per institution. The Association places its funds with high credit quality financial institutions and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

NOTE 7 REPLACEMENT FUND

The Association's replacement fund is utilized to accumulate funds for future major repairs and replacements, by an allocation of the assessment charged to each member, and specifically designated for the fund in the annual budget. The Association uses the cash flow method to develop its reserve funding plan. Deductions from the fund are recorded at cost, as incurred, which are determined by the board of directors to meet the objective for which the fund was established. The Association's policy is to retain the investment income earned on such funds in the replacement fund. The 2024 proposed budgeted funding is \$11,020,717, as shown in the unaudited supplementary information. The components' actual replacement costs, useful lives, and investment income may vary from the estimated amounts and the variation may be material. Therefore, the Association's replacement fund may not be adequate to meet all future needs for major repairs and replacements. If additional funds are needed, the Association has the right to increase regular assessments, pass special assessments, or delay major repairs and replacements until funds are available. The internal analysis shown in the unaudited supplementary information was prepared by management as of March 1, 2024.

NOTE 9 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Club has evaluated subsequent events through April 29, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There were no subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure.

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC. FUTURE MAJOR REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023 (UNAUDITED) (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

The following table is based on an internal analysis that was prepared as of March 1, 2024, and it presents an estimated breakout by resort for unit interiors to be funded through reserves as well as exteriors for Owls III, Kestrels, and Tamaracks VII. Amounts are based on normal operation and without the effect of potential catastrophic occurrences. All expenditures require board review and approval to ensure project scope and cost comply with the established reserve model.

CWA Unit Location	Average Estimated Useful Life	Average Estimated Remaining Useful Life	Estimated Current Replacement Costs
Reunion	16 Years	6 Years	\$ 9,717,762
Anaheim	13 Years	7 Years	2,362,947
Angels Camp	16 Years	5 Years	5,602,458
Bison Ranch	16 Years	6 Years	2,454,965
Grand Lake	19 Years	7 Years	3,700,996
Indio	16 Years	8 Years	14,003,622
Lake of the Ozarks	20 Years	5 Years	3,286,585
Las Vegas Tropicana	12 Years	6 Years	5,651,173
Pinetop	17 Years	13 Years	2,295,885
Taos	21 Years	11 Years	2,425,794
Rancho Vistoso	17 Years	14 Years	2,395,678
Galena	16 Years	6 Years	3,425,595
Steamboat Springs	17 Years	11 Years	3,820,916
Tamaracks VII	21 Years	12 Years	3,658,041
Austin	16 Years	9 Years	15,322,347
Kestrels	15 Years	6 Years	1,977,694
Owls III	15 Years	8 Years	6,024,310
Portland	16 Years	11 Years	1,772,758
Desert Blue	17 Years	13 Years	13,022,767
Limetree	17 Years	13 Years	440,988
Total			\$ 103,363,281

The 2024 Proposed Budgeted Funding is \$11,020,717. Estimated current replacement costs are based on the assumption that the rate of investment income earned on replacement funds is reinvested, and that the rate of inflation is 3.0%.

PTVO OWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

2024 CANDIDATE STATEMENTS

CANDIDATES ARE LISTED IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER BY LAST NAME. **DENOTES INCUMBENT

Kay Georgiana

HASTINGS, NE

Why I would like to serve: I currently serve on two boards with Wyndham - Wyndham Canterbury and Royal Sea Cliff. The experience I'd bring to the board includes budgeting, which is what controls our maintenance fees. I have a master's degree in financial services and have worked as an agent in the financial services business since 1986. I love my Wyndham experiences and hope I can be part of the Access board.

Jeff Pank**

ANAHEIM, CA

Jeff is a Regional Vice President with Wyndham Destinations and oversees the operations of all California Resorts representing multiple brands in Wyndham's portfolio. Jeff currently serves on five boards of directors including Little Sweden Condominium Association, Inc. in Wisconsin, Phase 2 Kona Coast Owners Association in Hawaii, Pacific Plaza Condominium Association in San Francisco California, Mountainside Lodge in Whistler, British Columbia, Canada and Shell Owners Association West.

Jeff has been serving the California hospitality and vacation ownership industry for the past thirty-five years. He is a Certified Manager of Community Associations (CMCA) and a Registered Resort Professional (RRP) with ARDA (American Resort Development Association.) Jeff has taught Hospitality Management Operations at Cypress College in Cypress, California. He is also a Certified Tourism Ambassador for the City of Anaheim, CA.

Jeff is a graduate of Southeastern Academy in Kissimmee, Florida and has a degree in Airline/International Travel Industry Program.

FAQs

Q: What does "PTVO" stand for?

A: It stands for **P**roperty **T**rust **V**acation **O**wners. Initially, the association name was going to be Property Trust Vacation Owners Association, Inc. Somewhere along the way between the initial plan and the filing of the Articles of Incorporation, the name was changed to PTVO Owners Association, Inc. PTVO Owners Association, Inc. is an independent third-party entity, not a subsidiary or affiliate of Wyndham Destinations.

Q: How are the annual maintenance fees determined?

A: The Club Wyndham[®] Access ("CWA") budget is developed on an annual basis and always starts with first determining what our expected expenses are for the upcoming year. Expenses for CWA consist of maintenance fees on intervals and points owned by CWA, unit related costs associated with units wholly owned by CWA as well as administrative costs (i.e. management and accounting fees, annual meeting election and correspondence costs, trustee fee, taxes, audit and tax preparation fees, reservations, and insurance) for management of CWA.

Over 90% of those expenses are related to the costs associated with the maintenance fees on the intervals and points owned by CWA and the unit expenses related to maintaining and servicing our members at those resorts that CWA owns whole units. All of the intervals / points / units that make up the CWA plan are located in resorts which have an underlying owners association. Just like a deeded owner at those resorts, CWA is charged a maintenance fee on the intervals / points / units in each of those underlying associations. (It should be noted that CWA pays the same maintenance fee as any other deeded owner for each interval / point / unit that is part of CWA.) *For example, if CWA has 10 weeks at a specific property and the maintenance fee passed by that property's board of directors is \$500 per week, CWA pays \$5000 to that underlying association.* In addition to the pass through maintenance fees of the underlying associations, the CWA maintenance fee includes reserves contributions for repairs and replacements of the assets associated with the whole units that are part of CWA (those units wherein all 52 weeks are part of CWA).

Once we determine the total expenses for the next year, we offset those costs with any ancillary revenues that CWA generates (i.e. conversion, reservation, housekeeping and interest income). The Net Expense (Total Expenses – Ancillary Revenues) is divided by the total number of points divided by 1000, to arrive at the maintenance fee amount paid by our members. For example the 2024 CWA Maintenance Fee was calculated as follows:

Total Expenses - \$387,286,860

Total Ancillary Revenues – \$2,740,356

Total Reserves Contribution - \$11,020,717

Total Points – 51,708,133,449 (includes sold and unsold points committed to CWA)

Calculation:

\$387,286,860 (Total Expenses) - \$2,740,356 (Ancillary Revenues) + \$11,020,717 (Reserves) = \$395,567,221 (Total Net Expenses)

\$395,567,221 / (51,708,133,449 (Points)/1000) = \$7.65

It should be noted that all owners of CWA points, including Wyndham on its unsold points, pay the same maintenance fee per 1,000 points.

Q: What is the "Bad Debt" line item of the budget?

A: The Bad Debt line item of the budget is the estimated amount of annual maintenance fees that won't be paid by CWA owners. As you are aware, every owner, Wyndham included, pays an annual maintenance fee based on the number of points owned. (Wyndham pays the same maintenance fee as any other CWA owner, which is currently \$7.65 per thousand points.) The association is a not-for-profit, which means the association's budgeted revenue is equal to its budgeted expenses. So, when owners don't pay, it creates a shortfall. Rather than face a shortfall, which could result in a dreaded special assessment, most boards budget for unpaid maintenance fees through a Bad Debt line item. In a perfect world, every owner would pay their annual maintenance fees and bad debt would not occur. Since that is not a realistic expectation, the board continues to work with management on ways to offset the bad debt expense, up to and including cancelation/foreclosure.

Q: How is Club Wyndham Access related to Club Wyndham?

