2024 Tree Sale Digital Catalog

Order Deadline: Friday, April 12th

Pick-up Day: Saturday, May 4th

Munising Ice Arena Munising 9am-12noon Superior Hardware Grand Marais 2pm-4pm

*Pick up dates & times may be subject to change.

No early birds please!

Spend \$199 or more & Save 5% on your entire order

Use Code: tree199

Get 10 Fruit Trees, Save 10%

Use Code: 10fruit

The mission of the Alger Conservation District is to provide for the conservation and restoration of resources in Alger County through forestry and wildlife practices, watershed management and education. We are an equal opportunity employer and program provider.

Thank You

The Alger Conservation District Board of Directors & Staff would like to thank the residents of Alger County for your continued support of our natural resources through restoration & conservation practices. The annual tree sale is our largest fund raising event for the year. All proceeds help us continue the Conservation District programs, protecting the natural resources in Alger County. All catalog info and ordering can be done online! Algercd.com

Important Sale Information

Orders for nursery stock will be filled on a first-come, first-served basis. Nurseries reserve the right to substitute species, size & stock. ACD cannot guarantee survival of plant stock. It is unlawful for trees, shrubs & other plants to be resold with the roots attached (per PA 189 of 1931, as amended).

Survival rates are not guaranteed.

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Pick-Up Day Saturday May 4th

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Questions?

Please contact us at (906) 387-2222

Alger Conservation District Board, Staff & Partners

District Staff

Holly Wendrick - MEAEP Technician

John Highlen - Board Chair Rowan Bunce - Vice Chair Hilary Ludecke - Treasurer James DeDecker - Secretary Matt Watkeys - District Manager Alex Kolton - Program Coordinator Sara Kelso - District Forester Landen Tetil - MIOFPS Technician

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District Partners

Misa Cady - District Conservationist (NRCS)

Amy Frye - Soil Conservationist (NRCS)

Victoria Paul - Soil Conservationist (NRCS)

Michael Paling - ABC Forester (American Bird Conservancy)

Elise Desjarlais - L2L CISMA Coordinator (Invasive Species Management)

We ask that you please pick up your trees on the dates specified unless you need to make other arrangements. Trees not picked up by May 6th may be resold and no refunds will be given. A significant amount of time and care is spent readying your order.

Tree Planting Pointers

Want your trees and shrubs to have the best chance of success?

Consider the following:

- Does it make sense to plant this species here (soils, sunlight, etc.)?
- Consider spacing/density based on purpose of planting
- · Reduce competition by removing weeds around tree
- Protect from wildlife or weather, and plant as soon as possible

Reach out to our district forester if you have questions about site or species selection. Sara Kelso (906) 251-3071

Tree Protectors also available (they do not fit the large fruit trees)!

Look on the Conifer Page





Can't plant the day you receive seedlings? Store them in a cool, dark place, and keep their roots damp. One method of storage is heeling-in. Roots must be packed tightly in soil and kept moist, and the heel-in trench must be shaded and protected from the wind.

What NOT to do...



'L' ROOTS Hole shallow



'U' or 'J' ROOTS Hole shallow, root ends often exposed to air



ROOTS
Hole too narrow
and shallow



COMPACTED ROOTS Hole too narrow



TOO SHALLOW Roots exposed, hole too shallow



TOO DEEP Needles buried, hole OK, tree position poor



INADEQUATE TAMPING Roots drying likely due to depression left



PLANTED IN ROTTEN WOOD Roots not in damp mineral soil



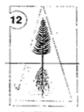
PLANTED ON MOUND Roots apt to dry out



NOT VERTICAL Tree not planted vertical to the horizontal plane



AIR POCKET Showing improper tamping



A SATISFAC-TORILY PLANTED TREE



ALGER CONSERVATION DISTRICT

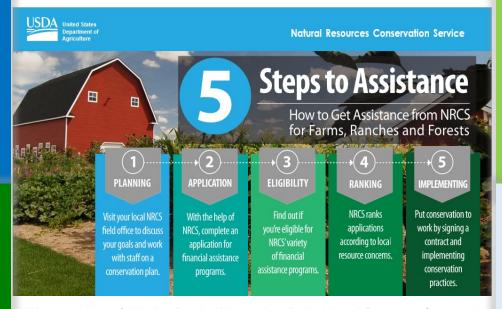
helping you manage your natural resources

THESE DISCOUNTS ARE AVAILABLE ONLINE & ON THE ORDER FORM

Spend \$199, **Get 5% off use code**: <u>tree199</u>

Get 10 Fruit Trees, Take 10% off Your Fruit Trees use code: 10fruit

Information on Natural Resource Conservation Service assistance below:



With the mission of "Helping People Help the Land", the Natural Resources Conservation Service provides conservation programs and services that enable land managers to be good stewards of our soil, water, and forested watersheds. With our help and collaboration with local conservation districts we are able to assist land managers with technical and financial assistance to implement best management practices for local farmers and forest landowners.

Practices include and are not limited to:

Forest Management Reforestation Projects
Wildlife Enhancement Activities Invasive Species Removal
Seasonal High Tunnels Grazing Management
Native Pollinator Plantings Pasture Renovation



If you are interested in hearing more about our conservation programs please contact your local Alger Conservation District at (906) 387-2222.

Coniferous Trees

Balsam Fir Abies balsamea Zones 3-5: This tree with a mature height of 45 to 75 feet prefers moist, cool, well-drained, acidic soil but will tolerate some salt. It is a popular Christmas tree choice. The seeds and buds are food for birds and small mammals.

Hemlock *Tsuga canadensis* Zones 3-8: This tree with a mature height of 40 to 70 feet grows in acidic, loamy, moist, sandy, and well-drained soils. It is not drought tolerant. Works well for screening, groupings, and foundation plantings. Provides excellent cover for deer and songbirds. Comes as plugs

Jack Pine *Pinus banksiana* Zone 2-6: This tree with a mature height of 35 to 50 feet grows in average, medium moisture, well-drained sandy loams in full sun and tolerates a wide variety of soils. This is one of the most cold-hardy trees known. Sole breeding grounds for the rare Kirtland's warbler. Plugs

Norway Spruce *Picea abies* Zone 3-7: This tree with a mature height of 40 to 60 feet grows in acidic, loamy, moist, sandy, well-drained and clay soils. It has some drought tolerance. Is the fastest growing of the spruces and works well for windbreaks. They are important as winter cover for deer and small animals. They also make a good roosting tree.

Red Cedar *Juniperus virginiana* Zones 2-9: This tree with a mature height 40 to 50 feet tall grows everywhere from dry, rocky bluffs to marshy swamps. Plant it in full sun in almost any type of soil. It tolerates clay, sand, compacted soil, and urban pollution. Wildlife benefit greatly using them heavily as a source of refuge, shelter, and food.

Red Pine Pinus resinosa Zone 2-5: This tree with a mature height of 50 to 80 feet grows in average, medium moisture, well-drained sandy loams in full sun. Very little tolerance for shade. Tolerates a wide variety of soils. They provide cover, nesting sites, and some food for many species of birds and animals. Available in plugs or bare-root.

Tamarack Larix laricina Zone 2-5: This tree with a mature height of 50 to 75 feet grows in moist, acidic, well-drained soils in full sun. Tolerates some light shade. Very cold tolerant. It is a deciduous conifer that turns bright yellow in the fall, one of only a few species that are not evergreen. Provides food for some small mammals and birds.

White Cedar *Thuja occidentalis* Zones 3-8: This tree with a mature height 40 to 50 feet tall grows naturally in wet sites and on poorly drained soils but is also adapted to well-drained sandy loams. Valuable for wildlife habitat, particularly in severe winters for white-tailed deer, which use it for both shelter and browse. These trees also provide habitats for many species of birds.

White Pine Pinus strobus Zone 3-8: This tree with a mature height of 50 to 80 feet grows in acidic, moist, well-drained and dry soils. While it does best in moist soil, this tree has been known to tolerate everything from dry, rocky ridges to bogs. It works well for wind breaks. The seeds provide food for small animals and birds. The trees also make great nesting sites. Plugs or bare-root available

White Spruce *Picea glauca* Zone 2-6: This tree with a mature height of 40 to 60 feet grows in acidic, loamy, moist, sandy, well-drained and clay soils. Can withstand wind, heat, cold, drought, crowding and some shade. Besides providing nesting sites and shelter, it also provides food for many kinds of wildlife. Plugs or bare-root.

Coniferous Trees Prices

CONIFERS - PLUGS	10	25	50	100
Balsam Fir 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	\$60
Hemlock 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	\$60
Jack Pine 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	N/A
Red Pine 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	\$60
Tamarack 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	N/A
White Pine 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	\$60
White Spruce 6-12"	\$10	\$20	\$35	N/A
CONIFERS - BARE ROOT	10	25	50	100
Norway Spruce 18-24"	\$10	\$25	\$45	\$60
White Spruce 12-18"	\$10	\$25	\$45	\$60
Red Pine 12-18"	\$10	\$25	\$45	\$60
White Pine 12-18"	\$10	\$25	\$45	\$60
White Cedar 6-12"	\$10	\$25	\$45	N/A
Red Cedar 12-18"	\$20	\$50	N/A	N/A



Conifers are planted for a variety of reasons, including windbreaks, shelterbelts, wildlife corridors, plantations, and screens. Conifer *plugs*, are smaller and less expensive than transplants, which makes them a good choice for large scale plantings. Transplants, *or "bare roots"*, are a bit taller and much sturdier, but also a little more difficult to plant. They are an excellent choice for screens and windbreaks.

Tree shelters are very useful and sometimes necessary in deer country to deter browsing and girdling of your young trees. These are most applicable to deciduous trees and shrubs that are favored by whitetail deer. These shelters will protect your trees from wildlife damage with their 18" conical shelter with a 36" browse mesh. It will protect your seedlings from hot, drying winds, recycle available moisture inside the cone, protect from animal browse, and help to shade the rootstock from all directions. Please note: these will not fit around the fruit trees.

\$7.00 each

Deciduous Trees

American Basswood *Tilia americana* (6-12") Zones 3-9: This tree with a mature height of 60 to 120 feet likes moist soil with a relatively high pH. The flowers contain abundant nectar for pollinators and the seeds are enjoyed by small mammals.

Paper Birch Betula papyrifera (6-12") Zones 2-7: This tree with a mature height of 80 feet prefers cool moist climates. This tree grows fast, especially when young. The seeds are enjoyed by many birds and small mammals. *Note do not plant near black walnut as a chemical from the roots can be toxic to birch.

Yellow Birch Betula allegheniensis (1-2') Zones 3-7: This tree with a mature height of 60 to 75 feet is common in cool regions; often on north facing slopes, shade to part shade. This wood is extensively used for flooring and cabinetry. Its bark can be used to make wintergreen scented oil. It also attracts birds.

Black Cherry *Prunus serotina* (1-2') Zones 3-9: This tree with a mature height of 50 to 60 feet grows in moist rich soils as well as light sandy soils. The fruit is suitable for making jams and pies. Cherry timber is considered the premier timber for cabinetry. The fruit is a favorite for many bird species.

Silver Maple Acer saccharinum (1-2') Zones 3-9: This tree with a mature height of 60 to 80 feet can grow in a wide range of soils and climates. This maple grows quickly and makes a good shade tree. Many birds and mammals eat the seeds and use the tree as shelter.

Red Oak *Quercus rubra* (1-2') Zones 4-9: This tree with a mature height of 50 to 70 feet prefers slightly acidic soil but can grow in loamy, moist, sandy, well drained and clay soil. A favorite for land-scaping as well as its lumber. Their acorns are a top food preference for many mammals and birds.

White Oak Quercus alba (1-2') Zones 3-9: This tree with a mature height of 80 to 100 feet prefers full sun and can an adapt to a variety of soil textures but prefers moist well drained soil. They are great shade trees and are popular for their lumber. Their acorns are a great food source for birds and mammals.

Black Walnut *Juglans nigra* (1-2') Zones 4-9: This tree with a mature height of 70 to 100 feet can grow in a wide range of soil types and likes full sun. The wood is popular in furniture making. Their nuts provide food for small mammals.

Shagbark Hickory Carya ovata Zones 4-9: A mature height of 70-100 feet also can grow in a wide range of soil types and likes full sun. Very popular wood for woodworking projects. Nuts provide food for small mammals, and whitetail deer. The shaggy bark on mature trees provides roosting areas for native bats also!

Save the Date: Saturday, April 8th



Fruit Tree Pruning Workshop hosted by our District Forester Sara Kelso!
Can't make the event and want more information on how to prune your fruit trees? Check out our website's Forestry page to see a video created by some of our partners! www.algercd.com/forestry

Deciduous Tree Pricing

DECIDUOUS TREES -BARE ROOT	5	10	25
American Basswood 6-12"	\$20	\$35	N/A
Paper (White) Birch 12-18"	\$20	\$35	\$80
Yellow Birch 6-12"	\$20	\$35	\$80
Black Cherry 12-18"	\$20	\$35	N/A
Silver Maple 12-18"	\$20	N/A	N/A
Red Oak 12-18"	\$20	\$35	\$80
White Oak 6-12"	\$20	\$35	\$80
Black Walnut 6-12"	\$20	\$35	N/A
Shagbark Hickory 12-18"	\$20	\$35	\$80
DECIDUOUS TREES - PLUGS	5	10	25
Paper (White) Birch 12-18"	\$20	\$35	\$80
Red Oak 12-18"	\$20	\$35	\$80
White Oak- 6-12"	\$20	\$35	\$80

Feed Our Pollinators!

Flowering trees and shrubs are an important source of food for our local pollinators. American Basswood, Silver Maple, and Dogwoods are a great source of food in early spring, as access to other sources are few and far between. Serviceberries, Chokecherries, and Nannyberries are great for pollinators in mid-summer. Lastly Red Osier Dogwood, Winterberry Holly, and Ninebark are useful sources of food for pollinators in late-summer as they flower into the late season. We have identified these species as well as a couple others throughout our catalog with the bee symbol. ACD thanks MSUE for the great resources they provided on tree & shrub pollinators. Call us with any questions or find more information at: www.pollinators.msu.edu

Look for this symbol for pollinator friendly plants!



Forest Adaptation to Climate Change



We have selected a few tree species that are known to withstand stressors caused by climate change. They are identified with the symbol to the left. Please feel free to call our forester for additional information on these species and why they may be a great fit for your land. Sara Kelso (906) 251-3071

Deciduous Shrubs

American Mountain Ash Sorbus americana Zones 3-7: A mature height of 30 feet and is able to thrive in various soils and environments such as dry rocky areas to moist woods. The fruit is a favorite to many birds and wildlife.

Hawthorne *Crataegus spp.* Zones 3-9: A mature height up to 15 feet, tolerant, sturdy, and grown for their four season ornamental interest and thorns to protect upland bird species. They provide food and cover for a variety of animals, as well as beneficial for our pollinators. Also known as Thornapple.

Chokecherry *Prunus virginiana* Zones 2-7: Hardy and fast growing shrub which has a mature height of 20 feet and tolerates many types of soils including sand. They are useful for their attractive flowers and fruits. The berries are often used in pies and jellies. They provide good cover and nesting sites for birds.

Highbush Cranberry *Viburnum trilobum* Zones 2-7: A mature height of 6 to 15 feet and is found most often in moist areas but can also thrive in dryer sunny areas. The berries can be used to make pies, jellies, sauces, wines and more. They provide excellent winter food for wildlife.

Red Osier Dogwood Cornus stolonifera Zones 2-7: A mature height of 6 to 10 feet and is adaptable to many soils types. It's tolerant of dry sites but prefers wet areas. Its berries are an excellent food source for wildlife.

Gray Dogwood *Cornus racimosa* Zones 3-7: A more upright and flowering dogwood with a mature height of 20-30 feet. Tolerant of wet areas but prefers moderate sites also, and shade tolerant.

American Hazelnut (filbert) Corylus americana Zones 4-9: This fast growing shrub has a mature height of 8 to 12 feet. It adapts well to different soil types but prefers well-drained loams. Wildlife enthusiast plant these due to the nuts attracting and keeping game in the area.

Winterberry Holly *Ilex verticillate* Zones 3-9: With a mature height of 6 to 10 feet tall this shrub prefers wet areas such as swamps, ponds and wet woods with full sun. The berries persist on branches attracting winter birds.

Common Lilac Syringa vulgaris Zones 3-7: Famous for their purple, fragrant flowers this shrub has a mature height of 8 to 12 feet. They grow in a wide variety of soil types and prefer full sun. The flowers are known to attract butterflies. They also provide great cover for birds and small mammals.

Nannyberry Viburnum lentago Zones 3-7: This shrub with a mature height of 20 feet prefers moist soil and can grown in both shade or sun. It's very adaptable to many sites. Fruit is persistent making it a favorite winter food for birds.

Ninebark *Physocarpus opulifolius* Zones 2-7: A mature height of 6 to 9 feet and can grown in either full sun or shade. They are drought tolerant and long lived. They are typically used as a shrub border because of their dense foliage. Their pods are a valuable winter wildlife food.

American Plum *Prunus americana* Zones 3-7: Showy white flowers in the spring, edible, large red plum later in summer to fall. Excellent food source for birds and mammals. Mature height of 20-30 feet.

Serviceberry *Amalanchier canadensis* Zones 3-7: White flowers and pendulous dark purple berries. Attractive for pollinators, birds and mammals

Deciduous Shrub Pricing

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS	5	10	25
Am. Mountain Ash 18-24"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Hawthorne 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Chokecherry 12-18"	\$15	\$25	N/A
Highbush Cranberry 6-12"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Red Osier Dogwood 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Eastern Sand Cherry 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
American Hazelnut 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Winterberry Holly 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Common Lilac 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Nannyberry 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Ninebark 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
American Plum 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Serviceberry 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Gray Dogwood 12-18"	\$15	\$25	\$60
Fragrant Sumac 6-12"	\$15	\$25	\$60

Sandcherry *Prunus pumila* Zones 3-7: Native shrub with a mature height of 20-30 feet, prefers dry sites, dunes, and well-drained soils. Early spring showy, white flowers, dark purple fruit favored by birds and mammals alike.

Fragrant Sumac *Rhus aromatica* Zones 3-9: Can spread aggressively, but also great for forest openings. The flower nectar attracts butterflies and Luna moths. Turkey, ruffed grouse, robins, and flickers, as well as small mammals like raccoons, possums, and chipmunks feed on the berries. This shrub provides cover for small mammals and birds.

Native Seed Mixes also available this year!

No-mow grass: An "eco-lawn" of native cool-season fescue grass that reaches a mature height of 8", but can be mowed if desired. Drought tolerant and low maintenance, with a dense root system that inhibits weeds. \$15 per pound, or \$12 for 20 lbs. or more. Seeding rate is 300 lbs. per acre

Pollinator seed mix: For medium wet-medium dry, partial to full sun. An all-out crazy party for bees, butterflies and others! Call for more details. \$175 per pound, seeding rate of 1 lb per 1,000 sq. ft.

PDQ seed mix: Will see results in 1-2 years of native prairie flowers and grasses, full sun to part shade, medium soils. **\$100 per pound, seeding rate of 1 lb per 1/8 acre**

Septic Safe seed mix: Rugged species that thrive in gravel over septic tanks. \$135 / lb., 13 lbs. per acre



Apple Trees



All Fruit Trees - \$44 each

Get 10 or more fruit trees, use code 10fruit online to save 10%

For the best fruit production we recommend cross pollinating with another variety that has a similar bloom time. The crabapple tree is a great cross pollinator for all apple trees.

Cortland Apple (semi-dwarf) Zone 4-7

Medium-sized and bright red with a sprightly tropical flavor. White flesh holds its color well after being cut. Excellent for eating and cooking. (Blooms: Early - Mid Season)

Goodland Apple (standard) Zone 3-7

Goodland apple trees are a hardy plant and the apples produced are large creamy yellow-green with some flushed red color. They are sweet and mildly acidic. (Early)

Honeycrisp Apple (standard) Zone 4-7

An exciting apple that is exceptionally crisp and juicy. Flavor is sweet but well-balanced. Excellent storage life. (Bloom Time: Late Season)

Liberty Apple (semi-dwarf) Zone 4-7

Liberty is a McIntosh style that is one of the most disease resistant apple trees. Prefers loamy, well drained soil and full sun for the best production of blossoms and fruit. (Late)

Red Duchess Apple (standard) Zone 3-7

A very hardy tree that produces medium to large red apples with hints of yellow. Great for eating but ideal for baking. Showy clusters of white flowers with shell pink tones. (Early)

Wolf River Apple (standard) Zone 3-8

The tree is strong and disease resistant. The apples they produce are large and great for cooking and sauces . (Mid-late Season)

Yellow Transparent Apple (standard) Zone 3-8

Pale-yellow skin and flesh to match. They are crisp, light, and sweet. Cold hardy and disease resistant! (Early Season Blooms)

Whitney Crabapple (standard) Zone 3-7

Small, sweet crabapples. Fruit is yellow with red stripes. Good for eating and pickling. Hardy, vigorous, heavy bearing tree. Short storage life. (Blooms: Mid Season)



Fruit Trees

All Fruit Trees - \$44 each



Get 10 or more fruit trees, use code 10fruit online to save 10%

Evans Bali Cherry (standard) Zone 3-8

Deep, dark red fruit 1" in diameter and excellent for baking and fresh eating. The fruit is much sweeter than other sour cherries. Extremely hardy buds. Self pollinating

Stella Cherry (standard) Zone 5-9

Stella cherry produces juicy red cherries from beautiful white blossoms. They are resistant to cracking and moderately resistant to disease. They are great for snacking, canning, freezing, or drying. Self pollinating

Early Gold Pear (standard) Zone 3-8

A sweet, tender pear with a similar flavor to a Bartlett pear. They are very good for fresh eating, baking, desserts, and storing. It may possibly produce fruit without a second cultivar but a second is strongly recommended.

Juicy Jewel Pear (standard) Zone 3-7

Juicy Jewel® Asian Pear has crisp, yet juicy apple-like texture, strong disease resistance, and an early harvest date in mid-August that will make it a popular choice for cool-climate growers. Juicy Jewel® produces attractive oval-to-elliptical-shaped fruit with yellow-green skin and the occasional orange-pink blush. Cross-pollination needed.

Contender Peach (standard) Zone 5-8

A freestone peach with bright yellow flesh. Matches 'Reliance' in cold-hardiness and tolerance of spring frosts. Sweet, extra-juicy fruit is an absolute delight for fresh eating, canning, baking, and freezing. Self-pollinating. 'Contender' ripens mid-to-late August.

Pembina Plum (standard) Zone 4-7

Pembina plum is hardy and produces fat, red fruit with gold fresh. The sweet, juicy fruit ripens in September. Pembina matures to 15-20' tall. This tree is also self pollinating.

Toka Plum (standard) Zone 3-8

Fruit is known for being sweet like candy with a delicious and unique taste. It makes a great orchard addition as a great pollinator partner. Toka is also self pollinating!

Paw Paw trees (New this year!)- Bundle of 5 Trees \$25.00 (Limited quantity available) **PAW PAW NOT ELIGIBLE FOR BULK DISCOUNT

(Asimina triloba) This is a bundle of 5 bareroot 18-24" Paw Paw seedlings. Sometimes called the "Indian Banana", paw paws are the largest edible fruit trees in North America, and can grow up to 30' tall, with fruits up to 35", starting yellowish-green and turning to brown in autumn. Paw Paw can form wild patches by growing shallow outward stems, and prefers slightly acidic soil. Full sun or part shade, also works well as a screen!



Berries & Small Fruit



Blackberries \$5 each

Chester Thornless: Zone 5-8

Trailing, thornless blackberry with high yields. Fruit is medium sized, firm and very sweet. Due to dense foliage the ripe fruit does not suffer sun scald like others. Ripens in August.

Blueberries \$9 each

Little Giant: Zone 4-7

Highbush cultivar that combines the sweet taste of wild blueberries and the high yield of commercial highbush (up to 15lbs/bush). In fall it has nice crimson autumn colors. Mature height is 4'.

Brunswick: Zone 3-8

Good groundcover. It is a native lowbush that has a mature height of 6". The fruit is large for a wild-type blueberry. They are plentiful and sweet. The foliage turns brilliant red in the fall.

Wild Grapes \$5 each, or 5 for \$20

Purple smaller grape in large clusters that are great for wine making, and also for our wildlife.

Trialing and spreading vines

Aronia Berry \$9 each, 5 for \$35

A versatile shrub/small tree. Also known as chokeberry. It produces beautiful spring blooms and berries that are nutritious super fruit for juice, wine, marmalade or tea. Viking variety

Bearberry \$9 each, 5 for \$35

Michigan: Zone 3-7

Excellent woody ground cover for poor soils, with glossy evergreen leaves and red berries

Raspberries \$5 each, or 5 for \$20

Jewel (Black): Zone 5-8

Produces many black raspberries that ripen in the spring. Great for several uses.

Fall Gold (Yellow): Zone 3-8

Bright yellow and honey sweet fruit, late season producer and vigorous grower!

Jaclyn (Red): Zone 3-8

Earliest ripening of all commercial cultivars in early summer. Deep red with excellent firmness, conical shape and sweet. Fungus and disease resistant.

Anna or Beta Groundcover (Purple): Zone 1-7

Sprawling and thornless. Both are mid-summer producers and gives good fall colors. Useful for ground cover and erosion control.

Strawberries \$3 each, 5 for \$12

Frais de Bois: Zone 4-8

French for "strawberries of the woods", produces tasty fruits much sweeter and more acidic than store bought strawberries.

Flamingo: Zone 4-8

Juicy and aromatic! Perfect for small scale growers. 4 week harvest period starting in June

Huckleberries \$9, 5 for \$35

Michigan (Black): Zone 4-7

Low bush berry with bell shaped pinkish flowers.

The fruits are blue-black and tart. They are a
great groundcover and easy to grow.



More Berries, Small Fruit, Asparagus and others!



Lingonberries \$9, 5 for \$35

These plants are partially self-fertile. Choose both varieties of lingonberry for cross pollination and better crop yields.

Red Sunset: Zone 3-7

Berries are on the larger size and sweeter than other Lingonberry varieties

Magenta: Zone 3-7

Thrives in cold temperatures and packs a nutritional punch

Elderberries \$9, 5 for \$35

Wild (Common): Zone 3-7

A vigorous, fast-growing and prolific species. It blossoms little white flowers in mid-summer which give way to loose clusters of tasty, black fruits which are high in nutrient and antioxidants.

Thimbleberries (New this year!) \$5 each, or 5 for \$20

Michigan native red raspberry, but thimble shaped. High in acidity with a hint of sweetness. Perfect for jellies, marmalades and garnishes!

Asparagus \$5, 5 for \$20

Purple Passion: Zone 3-9

Tender spears that are more tender and sweet than standard varieties. This plant is vigorous and productive. The asparagus is ready to harvest a year earlier than most varieties.

Jersey Knight: Zone 3-8

Cold hardy and disease resistant, very productive with thick, delicious spears.

Harvest is in early spring



Haskap Berries \$10, 5 for \$45 (Honeyberry)

Aurora: Zone 2-7

Tundra: Zone 2-7

Cold tolerant plants that produce firm fruit with intense, melt-in-your-mouth flavor. They are also high in nutrients. The two varieties are needed for pollination

Cranberries \$9, 5 for \$35

Pilgrim: Zone 2-8

The brightest red and largest fruited variety.

Many of the fruits are larger than a nickel and easy to harvest.

Rhubarb (New this year!) \$5 each, or 5 for \$20



Thrives in cool climates, and easy to grow! Ornamental with edible red stalks.

Stickers, hats, and more online! www.algercd.com



Terra-Sorb \$2.00 per ounce

(1 oz/1,000 seedlings) - Retains moisture for young



seedlings & bare root plants. Holds 150x its



For Birds, Bees, and Butterflies



Butterfly House \$50

Attractive and fun, butterfly houses provide shelter for many small critters and can be used by our migrating butterfly species.

The top opens for cleaning and so you can add bark or other attractants.



Bat Houses

1 Chamber \$35, 2 Chamber \$40



Provides a safe environment for bats in your area who protect your yard from pest insects. Bat populations grow very slowly so having a safe, warm place to raise their young is helpful.

Bird Feeders



4 corner hanging bird feeder. Top hinged flap for filling, and 4 corners for bird to find seed. \$40

Oriole Feeder. Pegs for orange slices, and a dish for jelly. A preferred diet for orioles is fruit! \$40



Bird Houses

Wren and Chickadee

These small bird houses are great for wrens and chickadees. Easy open front flap for cleaning

\$30



Woodpecker





Bluebird

Dimensions and shape make it great for bluebirds and easy to clean! \$30



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