

# Valuing Bicycling's Economic and Health Impacts in Wisconsin

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# Trail Map

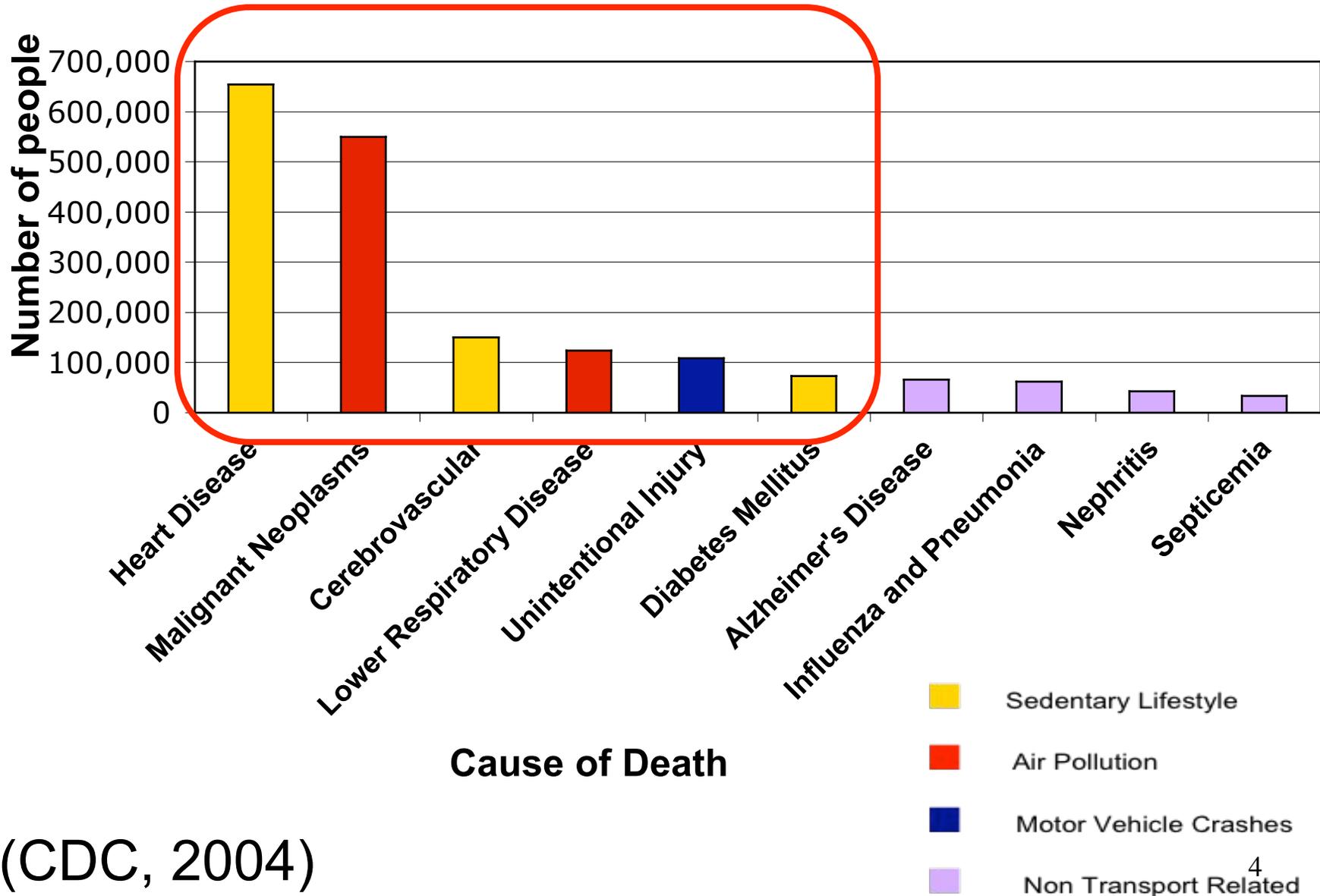
- Part I: Health, Air Quality, and Greenhouse Gas Mitigation Impact
- Part II: Economic Impact



A light green map of the state of Wisconsin with a black outline, serving as a background for the title text.

# ***Part I: Health Benefits of Bicycling in Wisconsin***

# Ten Leading Causes of US Deaths per Year



(CDC, 2004)



**50% of Americans  
do not meet  
physical activity  
recommendations**

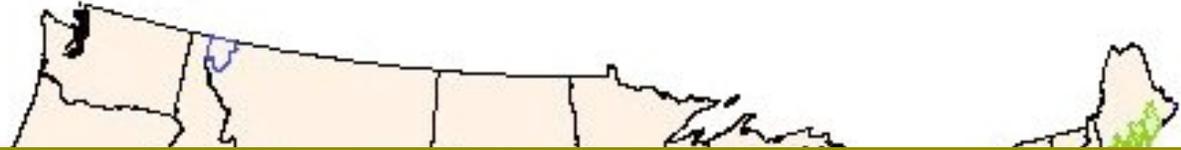
**2/3 of Americans  
are overweight or  
obese**



**CDC, BRFSS 2005**



## 100+ cities in nonattainment-- EPA 8-hour Ozone Standards



**CARS: substantial emitters of  
particulate matter and  
precursors to ozone**



## 50+ cities in nonattainment-- EPA PM<sub>2.5</sub> Standards



# Asthma and Air Pollution

- Natural experiment during 1996 Summer Olympic games in Atlanta
- Peak morning traffic decreased 23% and peak ozone levels decreased 28%



- Asthma-related emergency room visits by children decreased 42%
- Children's emergency visits for non-asthma causes did not change during same period

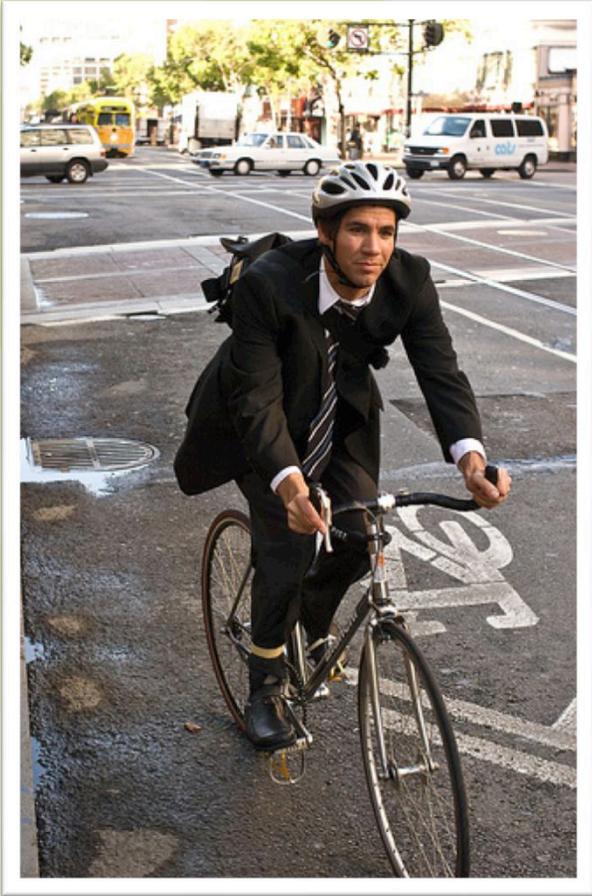


**1/3 of Wisconsin CO<sub>2</sub> emissions come from transportation sector**



## In the United States...

- **40%** of all car trips in the US are **two miles or less**



- **50%** of the working population commutes **five miles or less** to work
- more than **82%** of trips **five miles or less** are made by personal motor vehicle 9



NHTS 2001

# THE FACTS

- **OBESITY** - a problem of EPIDEMIC proportions
- **PHYSICAL INACTIVITY** increasing
- Cities failing to meet **AIR QUALITY** standards
- **GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS** rising



**What does this mean for our health and the economy?**

**Personal Fitness and Health**

**Air Quality and Human Health**

**Biking for  
Co-Benefits:  
Health & \$\$**

**Greenhouse Gas Mitigation**



# Personal Fitness and Human Health

if sedentary people  
meet recommended  
physical activity  
standards...

**\$318,589,585**

(in Milwaukee and Madison)

- Breast cancer (34%)
- Colorectal cancer (43%)
- Diabetes Type II (31%)
- Heart Disease (47%)
- Stroke (39%)



# Air Quality and Human Health



Reducing 20% of urban short car trips (5 mi or less) with bicycle trips in Milwaukee and Madison

Total Economic Benefit from reduced  $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ :  
\$85,807,200

+

Total Economic Benefit from reduced  $\text{O}_3$ :  
\$3,407,000

= \$89,214,200

# Greenhouse Gas Mitigation

Reducing CO<sub>2</sub> emissions  
by commuting by bike  
instead of by car

20% Madison bikers ≈ \$336,577 value\*\*

20% Milwaukee bikers ≈ \$821,282 value\*\*

**Total value: \$1,157,859\*\***

\*\*Based on European Climate Exchange, November<sup>14</sup> 2009



# Equivalent Wind Turbines for Avoided Emissions

- average WI wind turbine offsets **4,141 tons CO<sub>2</sub>** annually
- biking in Madison and Milwaukee could offset **57,405 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>** annually
- equal to nearly **14 wind turbines** -- just from increased biking in Milwaukee and Madison



# Summary and Implications

- Value of Additional Physical Activity:  
**\$318,589,585**

- Value of Air Quality Improvement:  
**\$89,214,200**

- Value of Greenhouse Gas Reductions:  
**\$1,157,859**

- Significant Implications for the State and Region

- Co-Benefits of Replacing Short Car Trips with Bicycling





***Part II: Economic  
Impact of  
Bicycle Recreation***

# Determining how much cyclists contribute to the economy:

## Key Questions:

1. What kind of cycling do people do for recreation?
2. How many cyclists in each category?
3. How much do they spend?



# What kind of cycling?



Courtesy of CowaLUNGa Bike Tour, an event of Respiratory Health Association of Metro Chicago



# How many road cyclists?



Arnold Reinhold Wikipedia Commons



# How many trail cyclists?



Chequamegon Area Mountain Bike Association

# Single-day Events and Tours



Eric Schramm



# Multi-day Tours



Sharon Main Street Association



BFW WDOT, 2006

# How much do they spend?

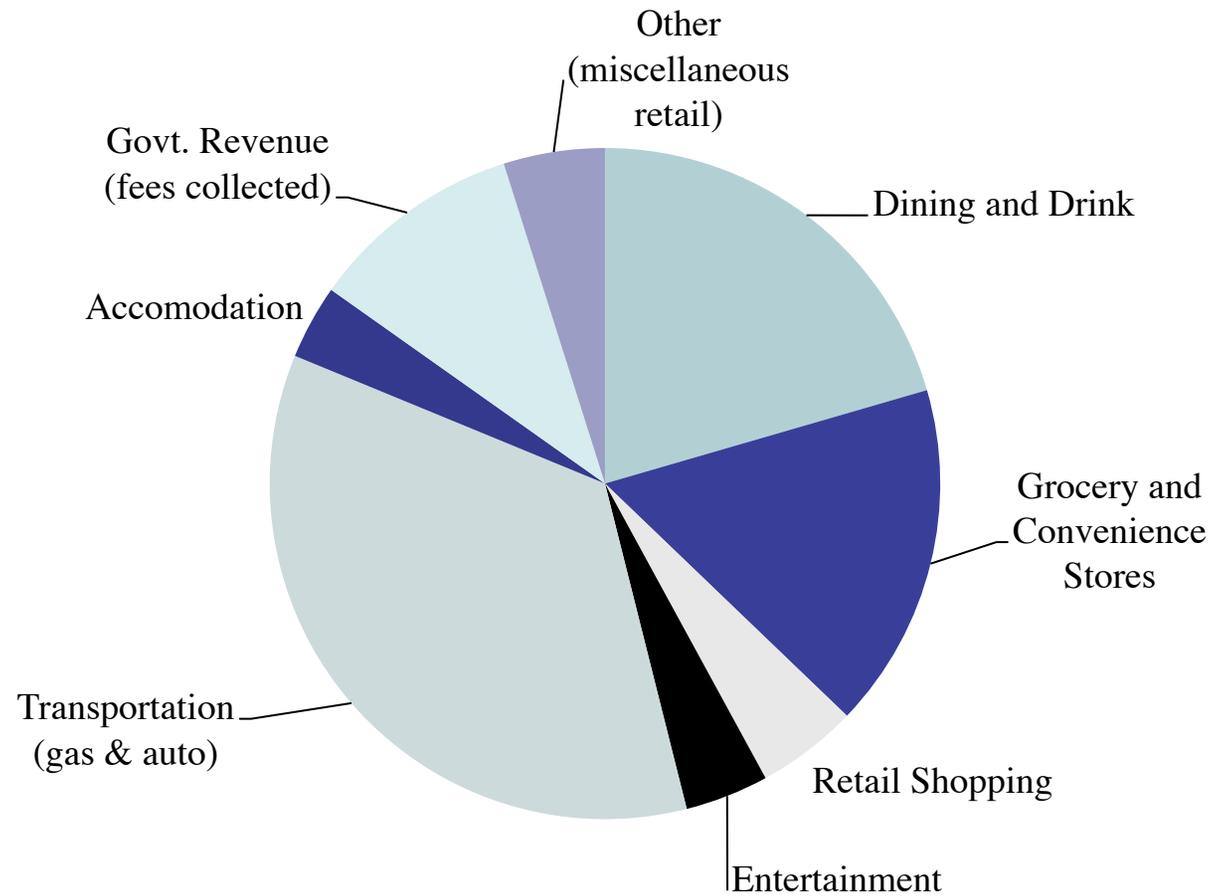
Expenditures		
Bicycling Activity	Resident Daily Expenditure	Non-Resident Daily Expenditure
Roadways	\$39.57	\$53.55
Trails	\$17.99	\$33.95
Single-Day Bike Events/ Tours	\$76.17	\$76.17
Multi-Day Tours	\$80.84	\$80.84

Schwecke Sprehn & Hamilton 1988, Stynes & White 2006,  
Velo Quebec 2006, BFW & WDOT 2006



# How do they spend it?

## Wisconsin Resident Trail Cyclists



Stynes 2006



# Direct Economic Impact



# Direct Economic Impact

	Person Days	Direct Economic Impact	
Bicycling Activity	Total Number of Bicycle Person Days	Direct Impact Residents	Direct Impact Non-Residents
Roadways	8,324,916	\$168,990,884	\$217,104,236
Trails	3,691,034	\$32,045,462	\$64,835,708
Single-Day Bike Events/Tours	61,289	\$2,420,987	\$2,596,764
Multi-Day Tours	38,834	\$1,281,572	\$1,477,229
<b>Total</b>	12,116,073	\$204,738,904	\$286,013,937
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>		<b>\$532,883,557</b>	



# What sectors are affected?

**Economic Interlinkages:**  
Many industries affected through intermediate supplies



## Agricultural Products

- Purchased Inputs (seeds, fertilizer, equipment)
- Employees
- Taxes

## Wholesale Food Processors/ Distributors

- Purchased Inputs (ag produce)
- Employees
- Real Estate
- Taxes

## Restaurants

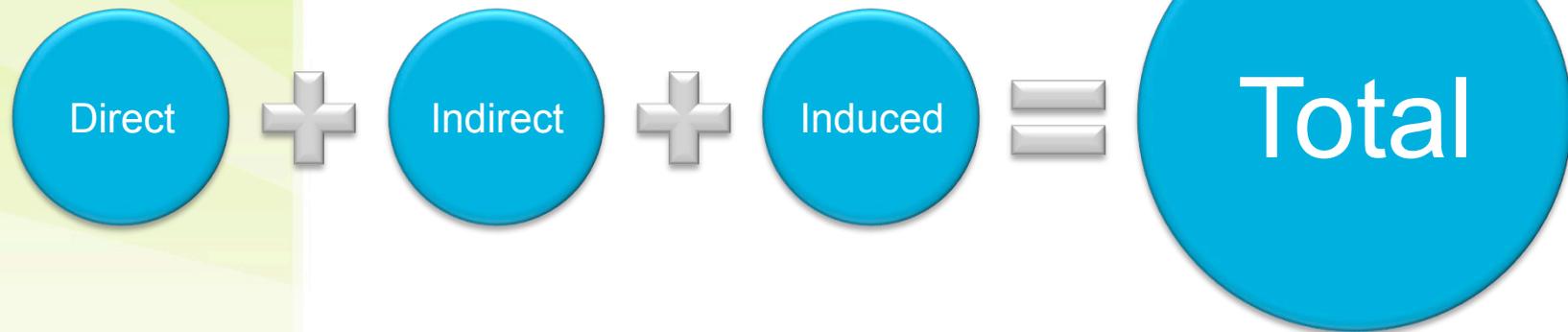
- Purchased Inputs (Ingredients, appliances, etc.)
- Employees
- Real Estate (Rent, buildings)
- Taxes

# Input-Output Model

- Indirect Impacts: For every \$ spent in one sector, it accounts for the impacts of this on supplying sectors, and on the labor force.
- Induced Impacts: For every \$ of output in an industry, a worker is paid. Workers then respend some of their earnings in the economy.



# Total Economic Impact



# Total Economic Impact: \$924 million

## Output Impact

	Direct	Indirect	Induced	Total
Wisconsin Resident	\$204,738,560	\$69,782,528	\$80,255,232	\$354,776,064
Non-Resident	\$286,013,440	\$98,398,976	\$112,129,536	\$496,541,696
<b>TOTAL</b>	\$490,752,000	\$168,181,504	\$192,384,768	924,211,000

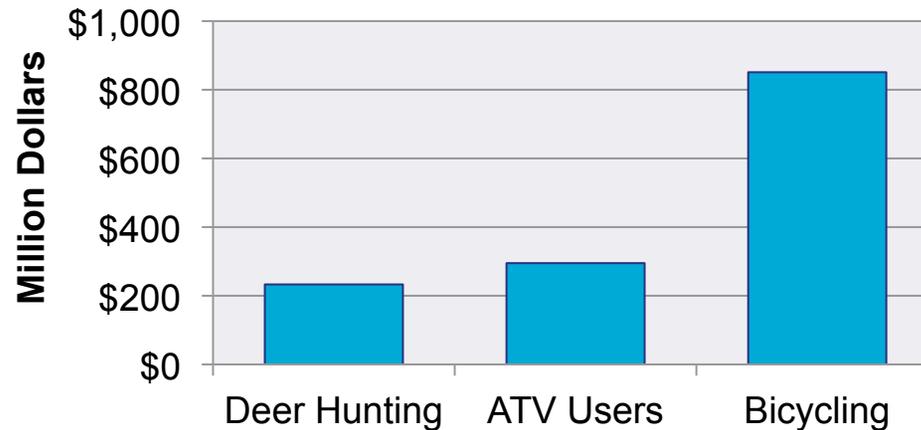
## Employment Impact

	Direct	Indirect	Induced	Total
Wisconsin Resident	3,797	543	717	5,058
Non-Resident	5,319	763	1,002	7,083
<b>TOTAL</b>	9,116	1,306	1,719	13,193



# Implications

- How do our results compare?



- Non-resident bicycle tourism economic impact: \$496 million
- Total tourism in Wisconsin: \$12.8 billion
  - Small fraction, but still important
- Accuracy? Need for a more comprehensive survey.
- So...Build a paved multi-use bike path at \$115,000 per mile?

Payback < 2.5 Years 32

# Recreation + Manufacturing, Sales, & Service

Economic Impact of Manufacturing, Sales, & Services*	\$593,787,990
Economic Impact of Tourism & Recreation	\$924,211,000
<b>TOTAL Economic Impact</b>	<b>\$1,517,998,990</b>



\*BFW & WDOT, 2006,  
adjusted for inflation

# Summary of Findings

<b>Economic Impact of Manufacturing, Sales, &amp; Services*</b>	<b>\$593,787,990</b>
<b>Economic Impact of Tourism &amp; Recreation</b>	<b>\$924,211,000</b>
<b>Value of Additional Physical Activity</b>	<b>\$318,589,585</b>
<b>Value of Air Quality Improvement</b>	<b>\$89,214,200</b>
<b>Value of Greenhouse Gas Reductions</b>	<b>\$1,157,859</b>

- Significant Implications for the State and Region
- Co-Benefits of Replacing Short Car Trips with Bicycling
- Invest in infrastructure to encourage more bicycling in future

\*BFW & WDOT, 2006<sup>34</sup>



# Thank You

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[http://sage.wisc.edu/IGERT/download/bicycling\\_Final\\_Report.pdf](http://sage.wisc.edu/IGERT/download/bicycling_Final_Report.pdf)

