





Our Passion for

# U.S. Agricultural Commodities Drives Everything We Do

Representing US Dry Bean Industry
Since 2018

# REGIONAL IN-MARKET REPRESENTATION



# **MARKET DEVELOPMENT**

# Our **Method**



Market Research

- Regulatory Framework
- Domestic Production
- Market Prices
- Imports & Exports
- Market Competitors
- Consumer Insights and Trends

2

Market Access

- Trade Policy Issues Analysis
- Market Access Plan
- One-on-one Meetings with qualified buyers
- Executive Visibility
- Food Trade Shows & Events
- Guaranteed Trade Leads
- Trade Missions
- In-country field Visits and Industry Tours

3

Market Promotion

- Branded Strategy and Identity
- Multichannel Campaigns and Marketing Assets
- In-store Promotions
- Digital Marketing
- Virtual Trade Events
- Video Productions and Storytelling
- Media Management and Press Releases
- Website and Content Development

4

Market Education

- Event Marketing
- Seminars
- Webinars
- On-site Training
- Workshops
- Congress
- Conferences
- Demonstrations

5

Market Results

- Exports
- Market Share
- Brand Awareness
- Success Stories
- English Narrative Reports

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# **PACKAGED WITH GOODNESS**

FREE FROM THE REST

No additives/ preservatives

> Sugar Free

2g of

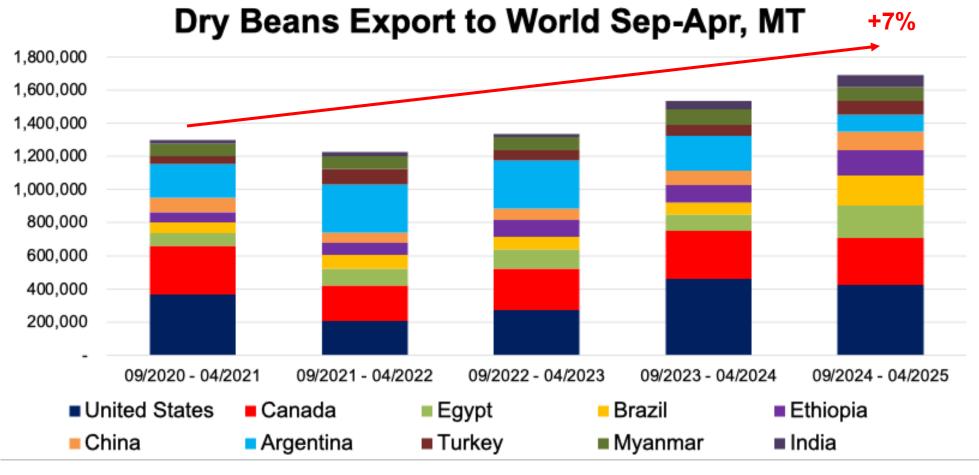
plant protein/fiber per serving

Gluten Free Vegan

Plant Based

# DRY BEANS MARKET UPDATE



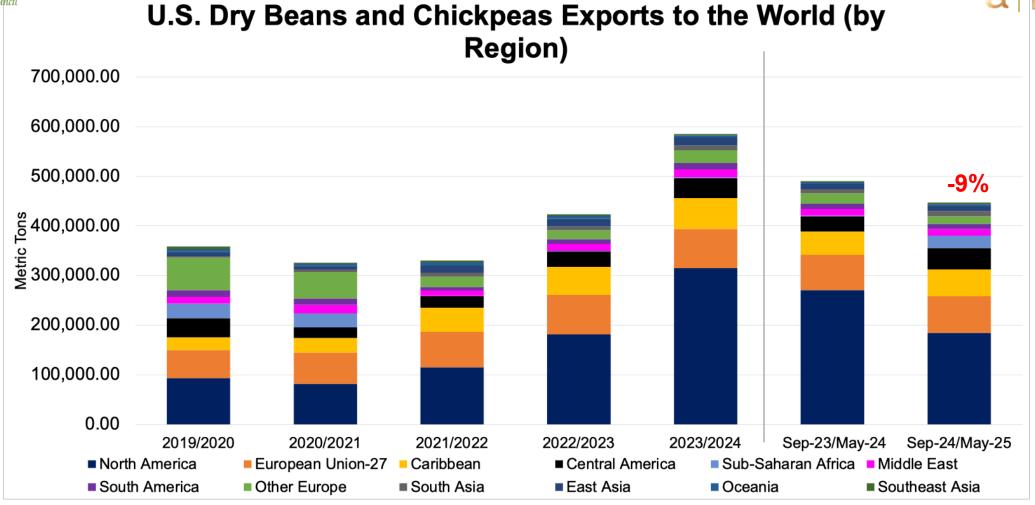


Source: TDM

Global dry bean exports reached nearly **1.9 million metric tons** from Sep 2024 to Apr 2025—marking **a 7% year-over-year** increase and signaling a recovery in global trade dynamics. Despite this overall growth, the **U.S. experienced an 9% decline in exports**, **reducing its market share to 15%**, followed by Canada with 10%







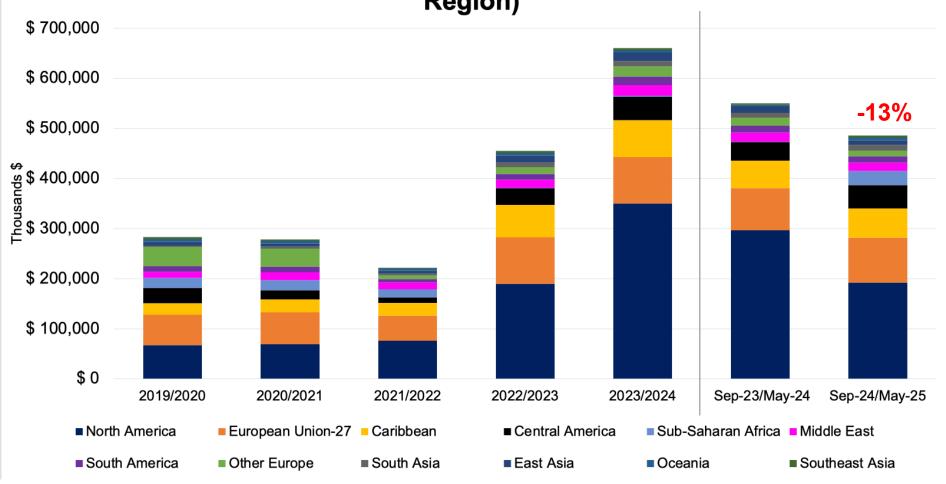
Source: USDA GATS

U.S. dry bean and chickpea exports totaled **447,504 metric tons**, reflecting a **9% decline** compared to the same period last year (**494,127 MT**)





# U.S. Dry Beans and Chickpeas Exports to the World (by Region)



Source: USDA GATS

As of May 2025, U.S. dry bean and chickpea exports totaled \$486.3 million, reflecting a 13% decline compared to the same period last year (\$555.8 million). The sharpest contractions occurred in North America (-35%), East Asia (-30%), and Europe (-32%).





	2024		2025		Period/Period %	Period/Period %
Partner	Value	Qty	Value	Qty	Change (Value)	Change (Qty)
North America	\$ 269,448	243,815	\$ 178,609	166,761	-34%	-32%
Mexico	\$ 228,837	201,445	\$ 140,943	131,062	-38%	-35%
Canada	\$ 40,610	42,370	\$ 37,666	35,699	-7%	-16%
Caribbean	\$ 54,693	46,755	\$ 57,929	53,768	6%	15%
Dominican Republic	\$ 41,507	36,297	\$ 43,222	41,984	4%	16%
Haiti	\$ 5,950	5,100	\$ 5,700	5,116	-4%	0%
Jamaica	\$ 3,046	2,571	\$ 4,387	3,474	44%	35%
French West Indies(*)	\$ 2,118	1,503	\$ 2,049	1,035	-3%	-31%
Netherlands Antilles(*)	\$ 737	454	\$ 958	709	30%	56%
Leeward-Windward Islands(*)	\$ 365	255	\$ 897	977	146%	283%
Cuba	\$ 430	244	\$ 316	128	-27%	-48%
Trinidad and Tobago	\$ 380	257	\$ 151	144	-60%	-44%
Barbados	\$ 69	25	\$ 117	116	69%	367%
Bahamas, The	\$ 38	19	\$ 85	62	125%	237%
Turks and Caicos Islands	\$ 40	21	\$ 31	18	-23%	-14%
Bermuda	\$8	8	\$ 13	5	64%	-34%
Cayman Islands	\$ 5	1	\$ 4	1	-15%	-51%





	2024		2025		Period/Period %	Period/Period %
Partner	Value	Qty	Value	Qty	Change (Value)	Change (Qty)
Central America	\$ 36,367	30,191	\$ 45,858	42,257	26%	40%
Costa Rica	\$ 23,283	18,593	\$ 27,384	24,554	18%	32%
Guatemala	\$ 6,277	5,342	\$ 10,795	9,900	72%	85%
Panama	\$ 4,450	3,587	\$ 5,380	4,577	21%	28%
El Salvador	\$ 1,799	2,189	\$ 1,909	2,874	6%	31%
Nicaragua	\$0	-	\$ 209	160		
Honduras	\$ 505	384	\$ 163	160	-68%	-58%
Belize	\$ 52	95	\$ 20	33	-63%	-65%
South America	\$ 11,002	7,997	\$ 11,404	9,035	4%	13%
Colombia	\$ 7,474	5,282	\$ 6,916	4,936	-7%	-7%
Venezuela	\$0	-	\$ 2,370	2,200		
Peru	\$ 2,961	2,340	\$ 923	957	-69%	-59%
Chile	\$ 137	103	\$ 828	632	503%	516%
French Guiana	\$ 298	154	\$ 181	80	-39%	-48%
Ecuador	\$ 125	107	\$ 164	218	31%	105%
Suriname	\$0	-	\$ 19	11		
Guyana	\$0	-	\$3	2		
Brazil	\$6	12	\$0	_		-





	2024		2025		Period/Period %	Period/Period %
Partner	Value	Qty	Value	Qty	Change (Value)	Change (Qty)
European Union-27	\$ 65,721	56,191	\$ 66,582	54,820	1%	-2%
Italy(*)	\$ 45,759	40,299	\$ 39,510	33,680	-14%	-16%
Spain	\$ 5,760	4,491	\$ 6,022	4,018	5%	-11%
Netherlands	\$ 3,350	3,049	\$ 5,753	5,365	72%	76%
Belgium-Luxembourg(*)	\$ 2,679	2,004	\$ 4,852	3,646	81%	82%
France(*)	\$ 1,884	1,415	\$ 3,574	2,784	90%	97%
Germany	\$ 2,723	2,029	\$ 3,327	2,273	22%	12%
Poland	\$ 1,624	1,376	\$ 1,662	1,530	2%	11%
Portugal	\$ 1,313	1,031	\$ 750	600	-43%	-42%
Croatia	\$ 442	363	\$ 476	389	8%	7%
Hungary	\$ 123	80	\$ 403	260	227%	225%
Greece	\$0	-	\$ 122	139		
Denmark	\$ 65	54	\$ 91	77	40%	41%
Austria	\$0	-	\$ 39	59		
Other Europe	\$ 16,301	20,997	\$ 11,302	14,900	-31%	-29%
United Kingdom	\$ 15,847	20,718	\$ 11,276	14,873	-29%	-28%
Albania	\$0	-	\$ 23	21		
Iceland	\$0	-	\$3	6		
Switzerland(*)	\$ 454	280	\$0	-		



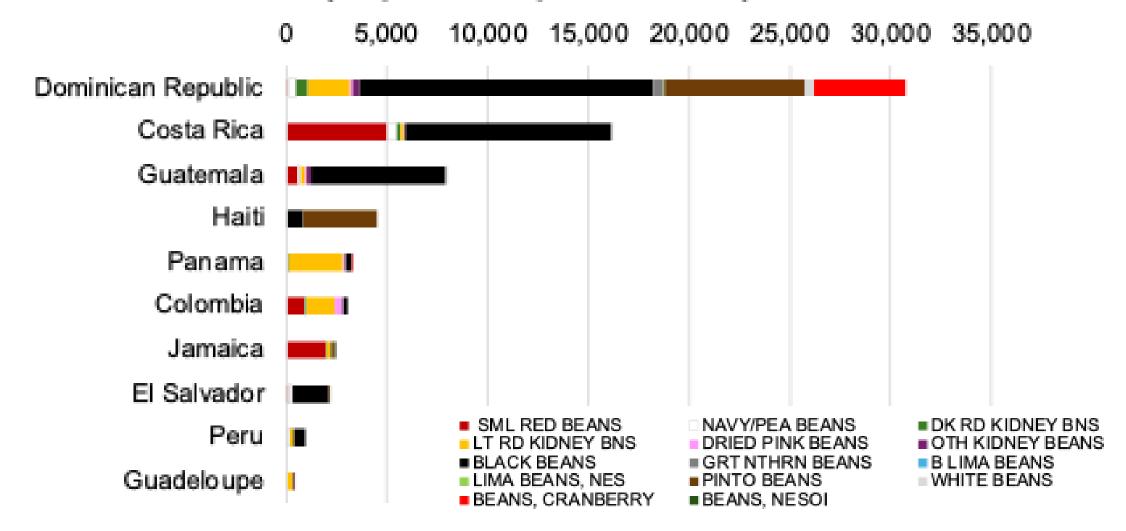


	2024		2025		Period/Period %	Period/Period %
Partner	Value	Qty	Value	Qty	Change (Value)	Change (Qty)
Sub-Saharan Africa	\$ 993	835	\$ 28,002	25,027	2720%	2896%
Middle East	\$ 8,955	6,348	\$ 4,326	3,166	-52%	-50%
United Arab Emirates	\$ 6,385	4,448	\$ 1,932	1,656	-70%	-63%
Israel(*)	\$ 292	193	\$ 1,232	849	322%	341%
Saudi Arabia	\$ 1,848	1,392	\$ 651	316	-65%	-77%
Turkey	\$ 313	201	\$ 344	263	10%	31%
Iraq	\$ 17	9	\$ 87	45	417%	429%
Kuwait	\$ 55	43	\$ 68	29	24%	-32%
Qatar	\$8	6	\$ 11	8	35%	24%
Lebanon	\$ 36	57	\$0	-		
East Asia	\$ 11,317	9,401	\$ 6,158	6,457	-46%	-31%
Korea, South	\$ 2,697	2,546	\$ 2,488	2,542	-8%	
Japan	\$ 2,423	1,989	\$ 2,336	2,026	-4%	2%
China	\$ 5,864	4,668	\$ 744	1,230	-87%	-74%
Taiwan	\$0	-	\$ 308	488		
Hong Kong	\$ 332	199	\$ 281	171	-15%	-14%
Oceania	\$ 3,051	3,044	\$ 4,643	4,204	52%	38%
Southeast Asia	\$ 2,250	1,621	\$ 3,247	2,285	44%	41%
Philippines	\$ 863	559	\$ 1,811	1,326	110%	137%
Vietnam	\$ 768	636	\$ 652	420	-15%	-34%
Malaysia	\$ 470	320	\$ 485	273	3%	-15%
Thailand	\$ 138	91	\$ 185	156	34%	73%
Laos	\$0	-	\$ 114	110		
Burma	\$ 10	15	\$0	-		
South Asia	\$ 2,240	1,891	\$ 184	185	-92%	-90%





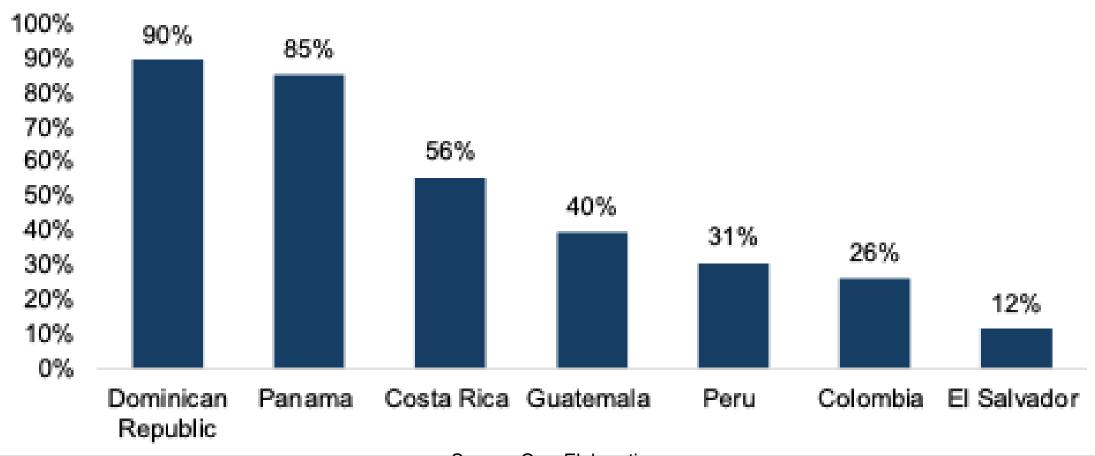
# US Dry Bean Exports, by Bean Type (Sep2024- Apr 2025, MT)







# U.S. Market Share in Top Destination Markets LATAM (Sep 2024 - Apr 2025)



Source: Own Elaboration

# ARGENTINA

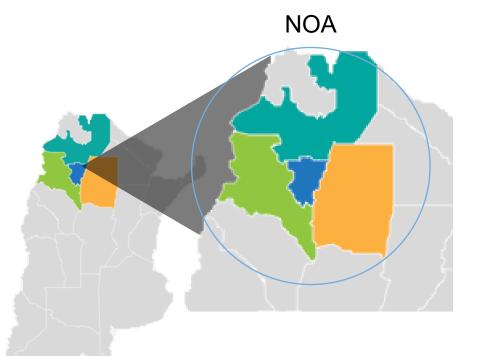
**Dry Bean Production Report 2025 Crop** 









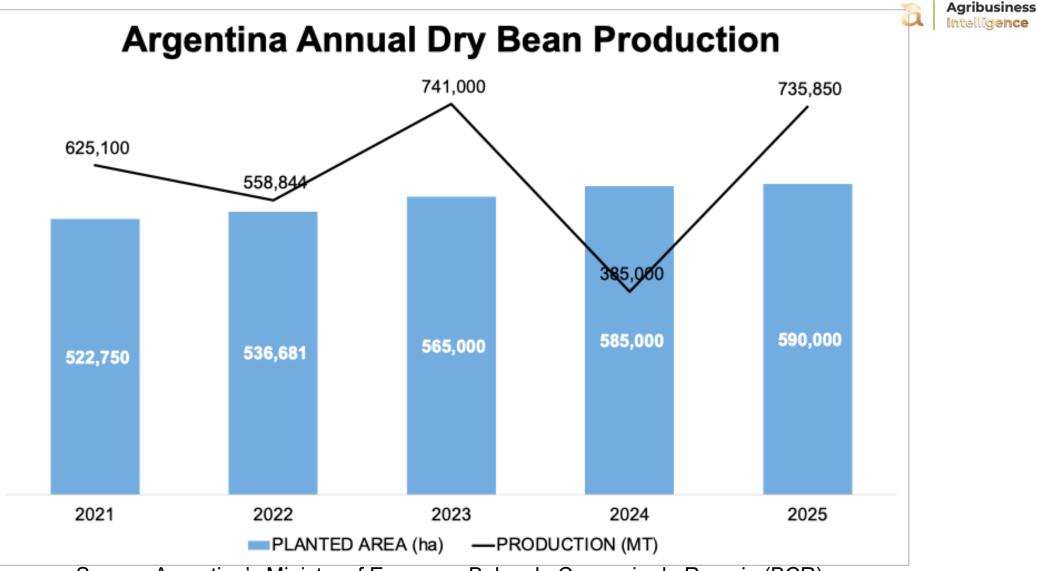


- Argentina is one of the top global exporters of dry beans, especially to Latin America, Europe, and North Africa.
- The Northwest (NOA) region—including Salta, Jujuy, Tucumán—is the heart of production, representing over 90% of national output.
- Top Varieties: Black beans, Cranberry, Light Red Kidney, and Alubias.
- Export Focus: Around 80–90% of production is exported, with black and alubia beans leading exports.

#### Month Activity

March-April Soil moisture allows **planting**April-June **Vegetative growth**, pod filling (50–75 days to maturity)
June-July **Harvest**, with main activity June-mid-July and final late July



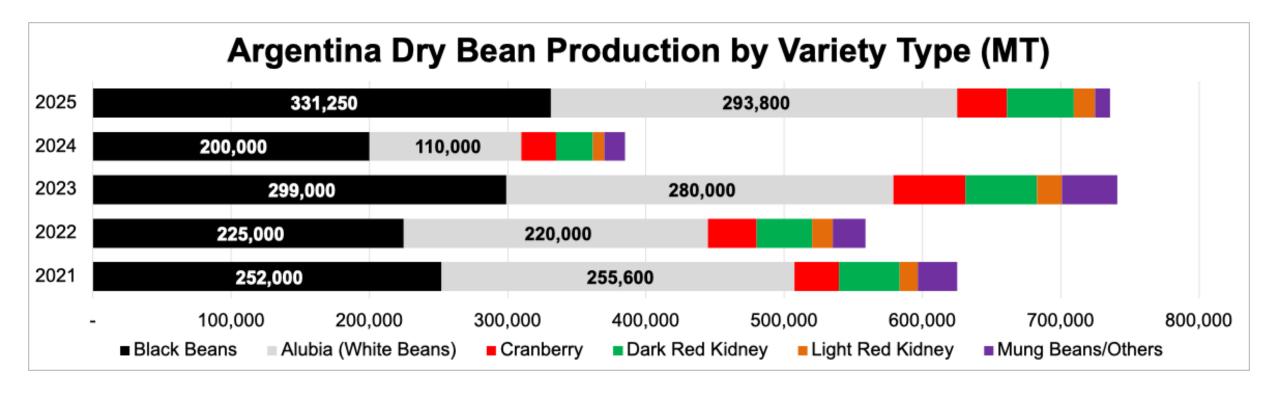


Source: Argentina's Ministry of Economy, Bolsa de Comercio de Rosario (BCR).

Argentina's dry bean production **is projected to 735,850 metric tons in 2025**, nearly doubling last season's drought-impacted output of **385,000 MT**.







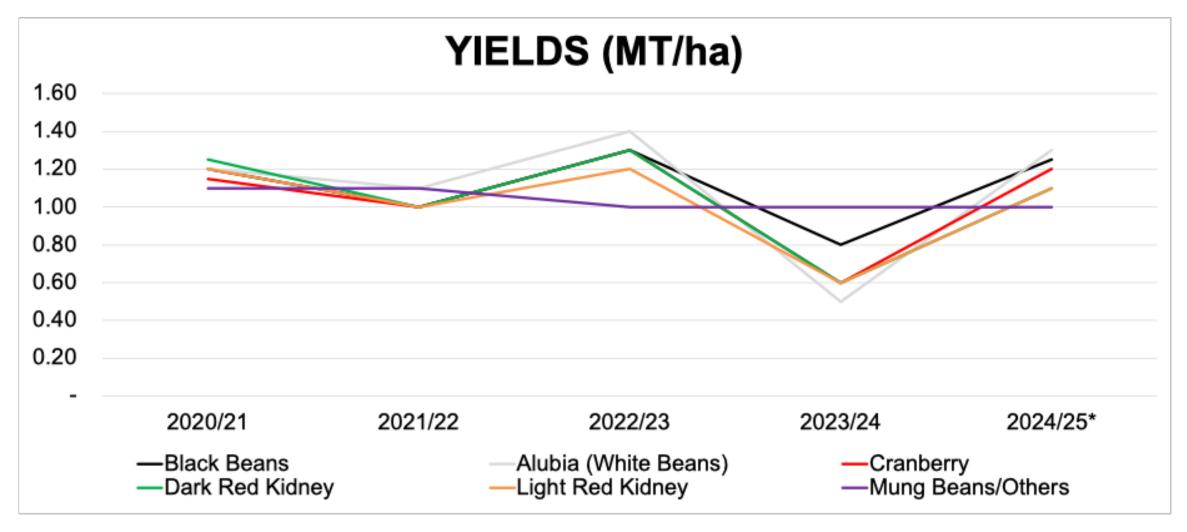
Source: Argentina's Ministry of Economy, Bolsa de Comercio de Rosario (BCR).

Black beans and alubia are driving Argentina's 2025 dry bean recovery, with production reaching 331,250 MT and 293,800 MT, **up 66% and 167%**, respectively, compared to 2024. Other key varieties such as Dark Red Kidney and Light Red Kidney also rebounded sharply, both growing **by 83%** 









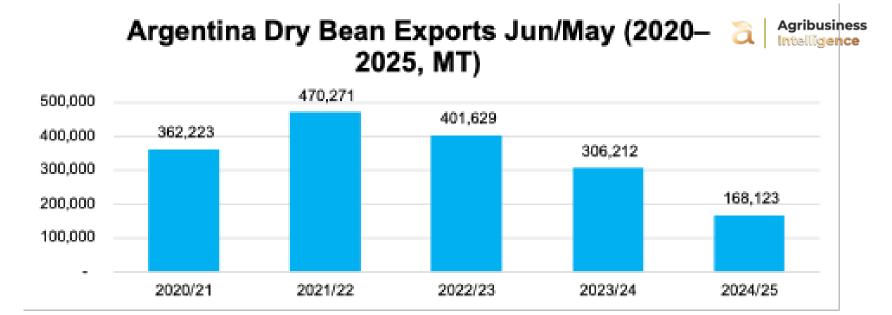
Source: Argentina's Ministry of Economy, Bolsa de Comercio de Rosario (BCR).



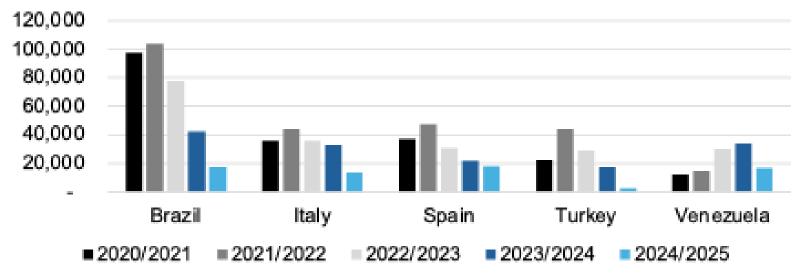


Argentina's dry bean exports in 2024 fell to **168,123 MT,** marking the lowest level in five years. This sharp decline was a direct consequence of the 2024 harvest, severely impacted by frost, drought and heat stress.

Argentina's top five dry bean export destinations declined. Brazil, which fell from over 100,000 MT to under **20,000** MT in **2024**.



Top 5 Argentina Export Markets Jun/May (2020–2025) in MT



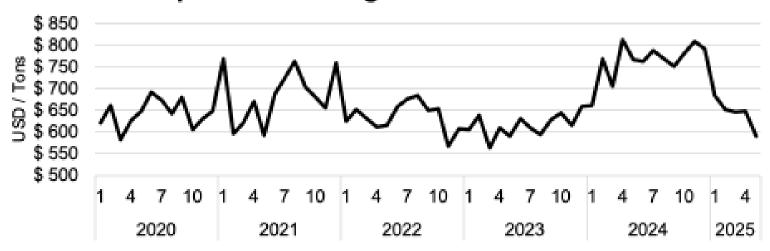
Source: TDM



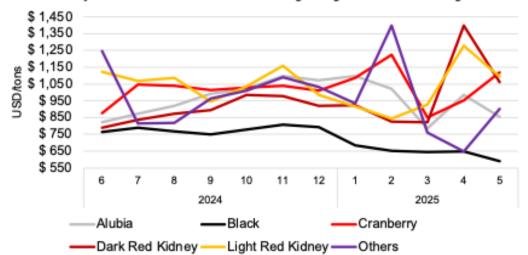




#### Implicit Price - Argentine Black Beans



#### Implicit Price 2024/2025 by Dry Bean Variety



Prices for different bean varieties in Argentina showed notable fluctuations, **Alubia** peaking in January 2025 **(\$1,096). Black beans** saw a steady downtrend, **dropping to \$589 by May 2025**.

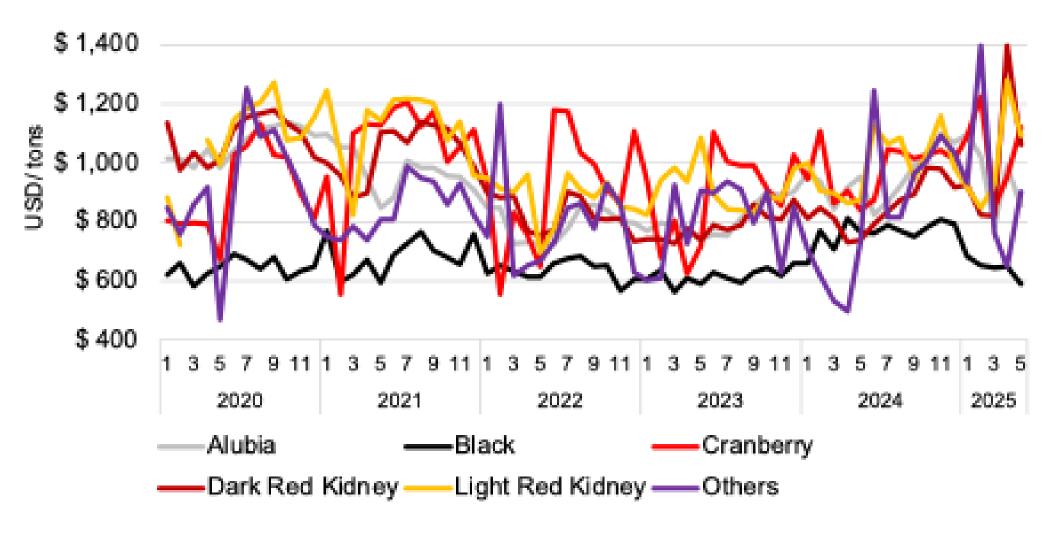
Source: Own Elaboration







## Implicit Price 2020-2025 by Dry Bean Variety



Source: Own Elaboration











# BRAZIL

Dry Bean Production Report 2024/2025 Crop











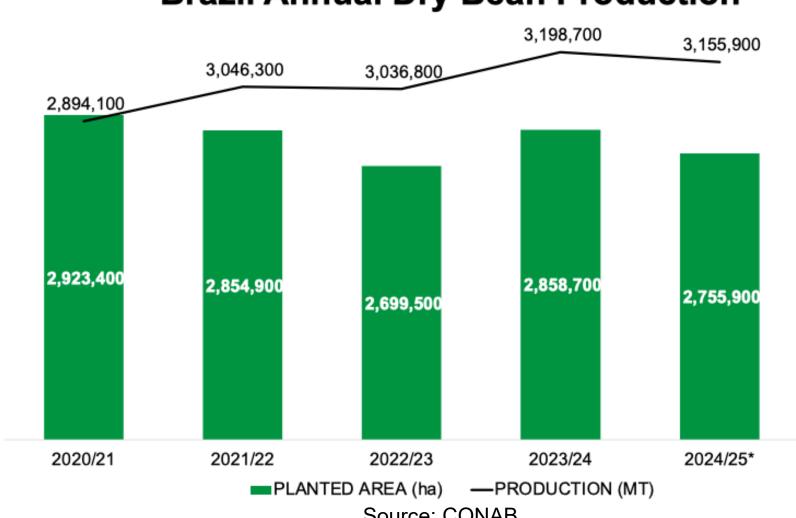
- Brazil is one of the world's top producers and consumers of dry beans, with strong domestic demand and a growing export footprint.
- Production is spread across multiple regions, with key producing states including Paraná, Minas Gerais, Goiás, São Paulo, and Bahia.
- Brazil has three annual crops, known as:
   1st Crop (Primavera): Planted September—
   December, harvested December—February.
   2nd Crop (Safrinha): Planted January—March, harvested April—June.
   3rd Crop (Irrigated/Winter): Planted May—July, harvested August—September.
- Top Varieties include: Carioca beans (a type of pinto), Black beans, and smaller volumes of Rajado and White beans.
- Export Focus: While Brazil prioritizes domestic consumption, black beans dominate exports.







### **Brazil Annual Dry Bean Production**



Source: CONAB

Brazil's dry bean production for 2024/25 is projected at **3.16 million metric tons**, showing a slight decrease of 4% and a moderate reduction in planted area to 2.76 million hectares.

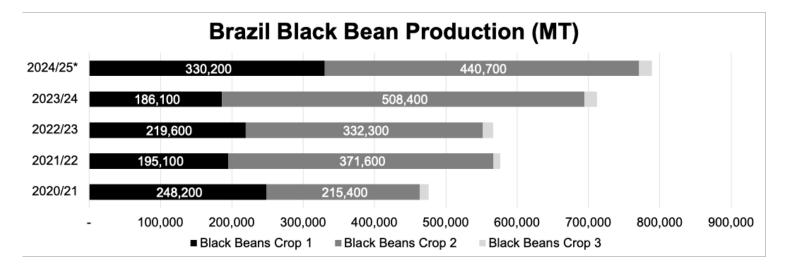






#### PRODUCTION (MT)

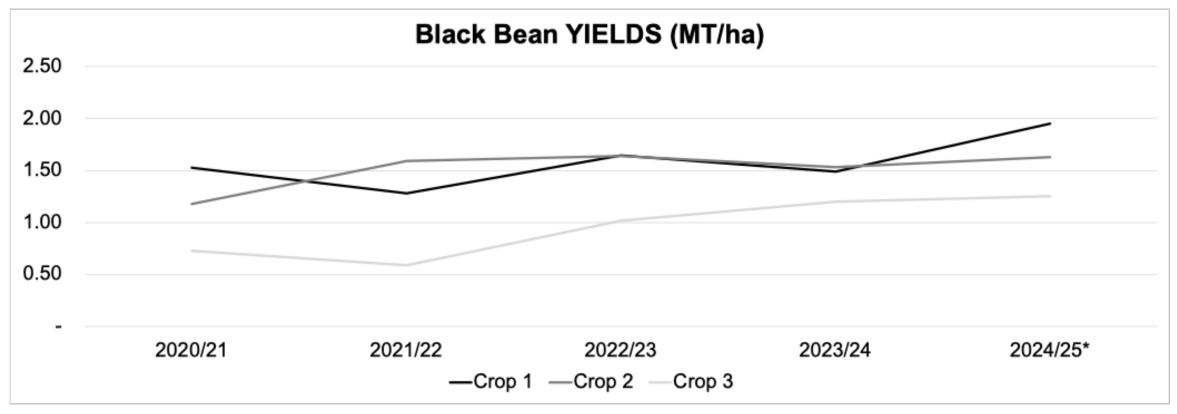
Bean Type	Crop	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25*	GWT
	Crop 1	119,900	188,700	151,700	184,900	139,700	-24%
Caupi Beans	Crop 2	468,600	430,500	365,900	427,500	470,400	10%
	Crop 3	35,300	37,700	37,000	34,700	38,000	10%
	Crop 1	248,200	195,100	219,600	186,100	330,200	77%
Black Beans	Crop 2	215,400	371,600	332,300	508,400	440,700	-13%
	Crop 3	12,000	9,700	14,600	17,400	18,200	5%
	Crop 1	608,400	555,100	585,500	571,400	592,800	4%
Others	Crop 2	454,000	557,300	577,500	530,400	467,200	-12%
	Crop 3	732,300	700,600	752,700	737,900	658,700	-11%
	Total	2,894,100	3,046,300	3,036,800	3,198,700	3,155,900	-1%
Caupi Beans		623,800	656,900	554,600	647,100	648,100	0%
Black Beans		475,600	576,400	566,500	711,900	789,100	11%
Others		1,794,700	1,813,000	1,915,700	1,839,700	1,718,700	<b>-7</b> %













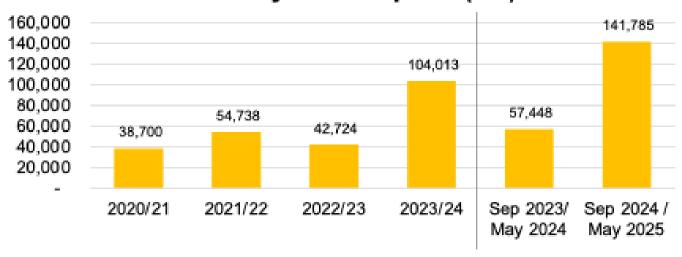




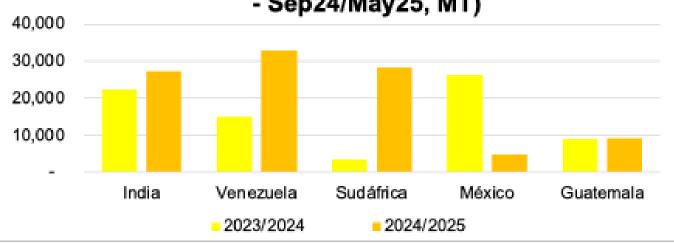
Brazilian dry bean exports reached 141,785 tons in 2024/25, representing a 147% increase in the comparable period.

Brazil's dry bean exports were led by Venezuela (32,928.30 t), followed by South Africa (28,533.20 t) and India (27,927.61 t) together accounting for over 60% of total shipments. Secondary markets included Guatemala (9,041.91 t) and Portugal (8,620.47 t), while Pakistan (7,048.14 t) and Mexico (4,609.20 t).

#### **Brazil Dry Bean Exports (MT)**



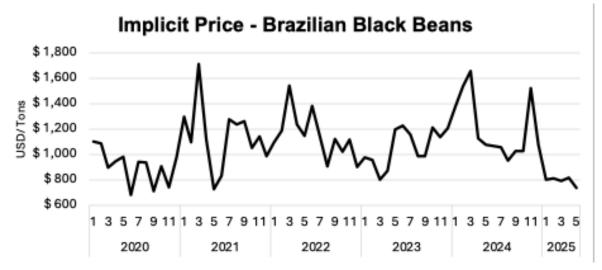
# Brazil Exports to Top 5 Markets (Sep23/May24 - Sep24/May25, MT)









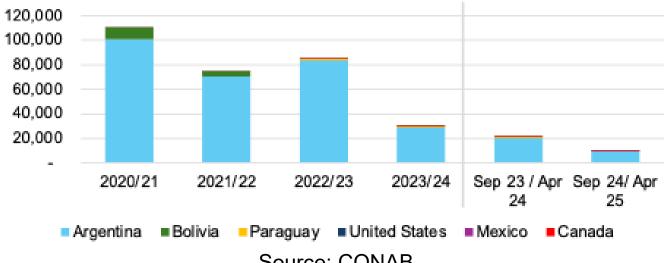


Yearly volatility was significant, with monthly fluctuations exceeding 60% in some periods. Early 2025 figures suggest around 800 USD/ton - 600 USD/ton.

Source: Own Elaboration

In 2024/2025, dry bean imports from Argentina fell to 168,123 MT, marking a 45% year-overyear decline and the lowest volume in the five-year period.

#### Brazil Dry Bean Imports from Top Suppliers (MT)









# What the U.S. Dry Bean Industry Must Know







#### AR ARGENTINA

## **Production Recovery Confirmed, but Not Without Risk**

- Stakeholders across Salta and Tucumán confirmed that dry bean production for 2024/25 will nearly double year-on-year, reaching over 700,000 MT, especially in black, alubia, and DRK beans.
- However, quality variability is expected due to non-uniform pod development, delayed rainfall, and variable moisture at harvest.

## **Exporters Are in Urgent Need of Cash Flow**

- Argentine exporters uniformly acknowledged their intent to sell aggressively during June—August to recover liquidity.
- Offers are already as low as \$850–\$1,050/MT FOB for black beans and even lower for small reds and LSKs. This creates high downward pressure on global pricing.





### Structural Gaps in Quality Management Persist

- Companies do not always standardize moisture or color sorting preexport. Some lots presented grain stains, chalkiness, or size variability.
- Exporters rely on the buyer to specify technical standards—this creates an opportunity for the U.S. to differentiate based on consistency and traceability.

# Stakeholders See the U.S. as a Premium Benchmark, But Inflexible

 Argentine traders respect U.S. beans but perceive them as too expensive and slow-moving. In institutional tenders, Argentina's price and flexible terms are winning—even when U.S. quality is superior.





#### **BR BRAZIL**

# Brazil's Small Red Beans Are Entering Export Channels

- Processors in Paraná and Santa Catarina are actively contracting small red bean production and investing in cleaning and polishing equipment.
- Brazilian companies aim to establish year-round export capability, particularly to Central America and Caribbean markets.

## Three-Crop System Gives Brazil a Competitive Edge

- Brazil's Safrinha crop (April–June) and irrigated 3rd crop (Aug– Sept) allow flexible market timing.
- Exporters are well-positioned to respond faster to price signals and supply gaps than Argentina or the U.S.





# Domestic Market Still Prioritized—But Cracks Are Opening

 While Brazil remains a heavily domestic market, processors are seeking new export outlets as internal demand plateaus.

## **Export-Grade Infrastructure Remains Inconsistent**

 Not all Brazilian processors meet export documentation or spec consistency. However, larger firms are now hiring QC managers and modernizing post-harvest handling—especially in Santa Catarina.



José Barrios Türk jose@usdrybeans.com +57 350 266 6626

"We Make It Possible"