Extra Content for Foundation GCSE



95 Recognising Equivalent Expressions to Set Up Equations

Practice Questions

- 1. A triangle has sides of length x + 2, 2x + 3, and 5 x. Its perimeter is equal to 24 cm. Find the value of x.
- 2. A rectangle has a length of 3x + 5 and a width of 2x 1. Its perimeter is equal to 40 cm. Find the value of x.
- 3. A square has a side length of x + 4. Its area is equal to 64 cm². Find the value of x.
- 4. A triangle has sides of length 2x, 3x 1, and x + 5. Its perimeter is equal to the perimeter of a square with side length x + 3. Find the value of x.
- 5. A rectangle has a length of 4x + 3 and a width of x 2. Its area is equal to the area of a square with side length 2x + 1. Find the value of x.
- 6. A square has a perimeter of 8x + 12. Its perimeter is equal to the perimeter of a triangle with sides 2x + 1, 3x 2, and 4x + 3. Find the value of x.
- 7. A triangle has sides of length x + 1, 2x 3, and 3x + 2. Its perimeter is equal to the perimeter of a rectangle with length 5x and width x + 4. Find the value of x.
- 8. A rectangle has a length of 5x 2 and a width of 3x + 4. Its perimeter is equal to the perimeter of a square with side length 2x + 5. Find the value of x.
- 9. A square has a side length of 2x + 3. Its area is equal to the area of a rectangle with length 4x and width x + 2. Find the value of x.
- 10. A triangle has sides of length x, x + 4, and 2x 1. Its perimeter is equal to the perimeter of a

Scenario Questions

- 1. **Ages**: Bob is *x* years old. Susan is 5 years older than Bob, and Jake is 3 times as old as Bob. Their total ages are 45.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find Bob's age.
- 2. **Spending**: Sarah spends x pounds on groceries. Tom spends twice as much as Sarah, and Emma spends £10 less than Sarah. Their total spending is £50.
 - $\circ~$ (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find how much Sarah spent.
- 3. Fuel: A car uses x litres of fuel for a journey. A van uses 3 times as much fuel as the car, and a motorbike uses 5 litres less than the car. The total fuel used by all three vehicles is 45 litres.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find how much fuel the car used.

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- 5. **Savings**: Amy saves x pounds each month. Ben saves £5 more than Amy each month, and Chloe saves half as much as Amy. Their total savings in a month is £60.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find how much Amy saves each month.
- 6. **Shopping**: A shop sells apples for x pence each. Oranges cost 10 pence more than apples, and bananas cost half as much as apples. A customer buys 2 apples, 3 oranges, and 4 bananas for a total of £2.50.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find the cost of one apple.
- 7. **Books**: A library has x fiction books. It has 20 more non-fiction books than fiction books, and twice as many reference books as fiction books. The total number of books is 200.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find the number of fiction books.
- 8. **Tickets**: A cinema sells adult tickets for x pounds each. Child tickets cost £5 less than adult tickets, and senior tickets cost half as much as adult tickets. A group buys 4 adult tickets, 3 child tickets, and 2 senior tickets for a total of £60.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find the cost of an adult ticket.
- 9. **Time**: A train takes x minutes to travel from Station A to Station B. A bus takes 15 minutes longer than the train, and a taxi takes half as long as the train. The total time for all three journeys is 120 minutes.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - (b) Solve the equation to find how long the train takes.
- 10. Work: John works x hours in a week. Sarah works 5 hours more than John, and Tom works twice as many hours as John. Together, they work 65 hours in a week.
 - (a) Write an equation to represent this situation.
 - $\circ~$ (b) Solve the equation to find how many hours John works.

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Practice Questions

- 1. x = 42. x = 33. x = 44. x = 25. x = 36. x = 27. x = 2
- 8. x = 3
- 9. x = 3
- 10. x = 5

Scenario Questions

1. Ages:

- (a) x + (x + 5) + 3x = 45
- $\circ~$ (b) x=8 (Bob is 8 years old)
- 2. Spending:
 - \circ (a) x + 2x + (x 10) = 50
 - $\circ~$ (b) x=15 (Sarah spent £15)
- 3. Fuel:
 - \circ (a) x + 3x + (x 5) = 45
 - $\circ~$ (b) x=10 (The car used 10 litres)
- 4. Savings:
 - \circ (a) $x + (x + 5) + rac{x}{2} = 60$
 - $\circ~$ (b) x=20 (Amy saves £20 each month)

5. Shopping:

- $\circ~$ (a) $2x+3(x+10)+4\left(rac{x}{2}
 ight)=250$
 - \circ (b) x=40 (One apple costs 40 pence)
- 6. Books:
 - \circ (a) x + (x + 20) + 2x = 200
 - $\circ~$ (b) x=45 (There are 45 fiction books)
- 7. Tickets:
 - \circ (a) $4x+3(x-5)+2\left(rac{x}{2}
 ight)=60$
 - $^\circ~$ (b) x=10 (An adult ticket costs £10)
- 8. Time:
 - \circ (a) $x + (x + 15) + rac{x}{2} = 120$
 - $\circ~$ (b) x=30 (The train takes 30 minutes)
- 9. Work:
 - \circ (a) x+(x+5)+2x=65
 - $^\circ~$ (b) x=15 (John works 15 hours)

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