

# 2017 Harley-Davidson Touring Models Electrical Diagnostics Manual

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VISIT THE HARLEY-DAVIDSON WEB SITE http://www.harley-davidson.com

# IMPORTANT NOTICE

Harley-Davidson motorcycles conform to all applicable U.S.A. Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards and U.S.A. Environmental Protection Agency regulations effective on the date of manufacture.

To maintain the safety, dependability, and emission and noise control performance, it is essential that the procedures, specifications and service instructions in this manual are followed.

Any substitution, alteration or adjustment of emission system and noise control components outside of factory specifications may be prohibited by law.

Harley-Davidson Motor Company

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#### <u>GENERAL</u>

#### A WARNING

The rider's safety depends upon proper motorcycle service and maintenance. If a procedure in this manual is not within your capabilities or you do not have the correct tools, have a Harley-Davidson dealer perform the procedure. Improper service or maintenance could result in death or serious injury. (00627b)

This electrical diagnostic manual has been prepared with two purposes in mind. First, it will acquaint the user with the construction of the Harley-Davidson product and assist in the performance of repair. Secondly, it will introduce to the professional Harley-Davidson Technician the latest field-tested and factory-approved diagnostic methods. We sincerely believe that this manual will make your association with Harley-Davidson products more pleasant and profitable.

#### HOW TO USE YOUR MANUAL

NUMBER	CHAPTER
1	Initial Diagnostics
2	Serial Data
3	Starting and Charging
4	Instruments
5	Accessories, Horn, Lighting and Security
6	Engine Management
7	ABS
8	Audio System
A	Appendix A Wiring
В	Appendix B Connector Repair
С	Appendix C Reference

Refer to the table below for the content layout of this manual.

Use the TABLE OF CONTENTS (which follows this FOREWORD) and the INDEX (at the back of this manual) to quickly locate subjects. Chapters and topics in this manual are sequentially numbered for easy navigation.

For example, a cross-reference shown as **2.2 SPECIFICATIONS** refers to chapter 2 CHASSIS, heading 2.2 SPECIFICATIONS.

For quick and easy reference, all pages contain a chapter number followed by a page number. For example, **page 3-5** refers to page 5 in Chapter 3.

A number of acronyms and abbreviations are used in this document. See the GLOSSARY (Page C-1) for a list of acronyms, abbreviations and definitions.

#### PREPARATION FOR SERVICE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

#### A WARNING

Stop the engine when refueling or servicing the fuel system. Do not smoke or allow open flame or sparks near gasoline. Gasoline is extremely flammable and highly explosive, which could result in death or serious injury. (00002a)

Good preparation is very important for efficient service work. Start each job with a clean work area. This will allow the repair to proceed as smoothly as possible. It will also reduce the incidence of misplaced tools and parts.

Clean a motorcycle that is excessively dirty before work starts. Cleaning will occasionally uncover sources of trouble. Gather any tools, instruments and any parts needed for the job before work begins. Interrupting a job to locate tools or parts is a distraction and causes needless delay.

#### NOTE

- To avoid unnecessary disassembly, carefully read all related service information before repair work begins.
- In figure legends, the number which follows the name of a part indicates the quantity necessary for one complete assembly.
- When servicing a vehicle equipped with the Harley-Davidson Smart Security System (H-DSSS), first disarm the system.
   Keep the fob close to the vehicle or use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to disable the system. Activate the system after service is completed.

#### SERVICE BULLETINS

In addition to the information presented in this manual, Harley-Davidson Motor Company will periodically issue service bulletins to Harley-Davidson dealers. Service bulletins cover interim engineering changes and supplementary information. Consult the service bulletins to keep your product knowledge current and complete.

### USE GENUINE REPLACEMENT PARTS

#### A WARNING

Harley-Davidson parts and accessories are designed for Harley-Davidson motorcycles. Using non-Harley-Davidson parts or accessories can adversely affect performance, stability or handling, which could result in death or serious injury. (00001b)

To achieve satisfactory and lasting repairs, carefully follow the service manual instructions and use only genuine Harley-Davidson replacement parts. Behind the emblem bearing the words GENUINE HARLEY-DAVIDSON stand more than 100 years of design, research, manufacturing, testing and inspecting experience. This is your assurance that the parts you are using will fit right, operate properly and last longer.

#### WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS

Statements in this manual preceded by the following words are of special significance.

#### A WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. (00119a)

#### CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. (00139a)

#### NOTICE

NOTICE indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in property damage. (00140b)

#### NOTE

Refers to important information. It is recommended that you take special notice of these items.

Proper service and repair are important for the safe, reliable operation of all mechanical products. The service procedures recommended and described in this manual are effective methods for performing service operations.

#### A WARNING

Always wear proper eye protection when using hammers, arbor or hydraulic presses, gear pullers, spring compressors, slide hammers and similar tools. Flying parts could result in death or serious injury. (00496b)

Some of these service operations require the use of tools specially designed for the purpose. These special tools should be used when and as recommended. It is important to note that some warnings against the use of specific service methods, which could damage the motorcycle or render it unsafe, are stated in this manual. However, remember that these warnings are not all-inclusive. Inadequate safety precautions could result in death or serious injury.

Since Harley-Davidson could not possibly know, evaluate or advise the service trade of all possible ways in which service might be performed, or of the possible hazardous consequences of each method, we have not undertaken any such broad evaluation. Accordingly, anyone who uses a service procedure or tool which is not recommended by Harley-Davidson must first thoroughly satisfy himself that neither his nor the operator's safety will be jeopardized as a result. Failure to do so could result in death or serious injury.

#### PRODUCT REFERENCES

#### A WARNING

Read and follow warnings and directions on all products. Failure to follow warnings and directions can result in death or serious injury. (00470b) When reference is made in this manual to a specific brand name product, tool or instrument, an equivalent product, tool or instrument may be substituted.

#### **Special Tools**

All tools mentioned in this manual with a part number beginning with "HD", "J" or "B" must be ordered through your local Harley-Davidson dealer. Special tools may only be purchased, serviced or warrantied through a Harley-Davidson dealer.

#### LOCTITE Sealing and Threadlocking Products

Some procedures in this manual call for the use of LOCTITE products. If you have any questions regarding LOCTITE product usage or retailer/wholesaler locations, contact Loctite Corp. at www.loctite.com.

#### PRODUCT REGISTERED MARKS

Apple, Alcantara S.p.A., Allen, Amp Multilock, Bluetooth, Brembo, City Navigator, Delphi, Deutsch, Dunlop, Dynojet, Fluke, G.E. Versilube, Garmin, Gunk, Hydroseal, Hylomar, iPhone, iPod, Kevlar, Lexan, Loctite, Lubriplate, Keps, K&N, Magnaflux, Marson Thread-Setter Tool Kit, MAXI fuse, Molex, Michelin, MPZ, Mulitilock, nano, NGK, Novus, Packard, Pirelli, Permatex, Philips, PJ1, Pozidriv, Road Tech, Robinair, S100, Sems, SiriusXM, Snap-on, Teflon, Threadlocker, Torca, Torco, TORX, Tufoil, Tyco, Ultratorch, Velcro, X-Acto and XM Satellite Radio are among the trademarks of their respective owners.

#### H-D U.S.A., LLC TRADEMARK INFORMATION

Bar & Shield, Boom!, Cross Bones, Cruise Drive, CVO, Digital Tech, Digital Technician, Digital Technician II, Dyna, Electra Glide, Evolution, Fat Bob, Fat Boy, Forty-Eight, Glaze, Gloss, H-D, H-Dnet.com, Harley, Harley-Davidson, HD, Heritage Softail, Iron 883, Low Rider, Milwaukee-Eight, Night Rod, Nightster, Night Train, Profile, Reflex, Revolution, Road Glide, Road King, Road Tech, Rocker, Screamin' Eagle, Seventy-Two, Softail, Sportster, Street Glide, Street Rod, Sun Ray, Sunwash, Super Glide, SuperLow, Supersmart, Switchback, SYN3, TechLink, TechLink II, Tour-Pak, Tri Glide, Twin Cam 88, Twin Cam 88B, Twin Cam 96, Twin Cam 96B, Twin Cam 103, Twin Cam 103B, Twin Cam 110, Twin Cam 110B, Twin-Cooled, Ultra Classic, V-Rod, VRSC and Harley-Davidson Genuine Motor Parts and Genuine Motor Accessories are among the trademarks of H-D U.S.A., LLC.

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All photographs, illustrations and procedures may not necessarily depict the most current model or component, but are based on the latest production information available at the time of publication.

Since product improvement is our continual goal, Harley-Davidson reserves the right to change specifications, equipment or designs at any time without notice and without incurring obligation.

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5. Speaker (+) Circuit Open Test	
6. [297C] Terminal 1 Open Test	
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<ol> <li>Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test</li></ol>	8-78 8-78 8-78 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-80
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<ol> <li>Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test</li></ol>	8-78 8-78 8-78 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81
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<ol> <li>Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test</li></ol>	8-78 8-78 8-78 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82
<ol> <li>Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test</li></ol>	8-78 8-78 8-78 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82 8-82
<ol> <li>Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test</li></ol>	8-78 8-78 8-78 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-79 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-80 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-81 8-82
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10. [297C] Terminal 1 Open Test	
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8. [297C] Terminal 2 Open Test	
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11. Speaker Pod (-) Open Test	
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25. [297B] Terminal 3 Voltage Test	
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27. [149B-1] Terminal 3 Voltage Test	
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12. Speaker Pod Shorted Test	
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# **SPECIFICATIONS**

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Table 1-1. Fue	l System	Specifications
----------------	----------	----------------

FUEL SYSTEM	TYPE
Recommended fuel	91 Octane

#### Table 1-2. Idle Speed Specifications

ADJUSTMENT	RPM
Normal idle speed	850 Nominal, non-adjustable

#### Table 1-3. Battery Specifications

BATTERY	SPECIFICATIONS
Size	12V/28 AH/405CCA
Туре	Sealed, AGM

#### Table 1-4. Spark Plug Specifications

SPARK PLUG	SPECIFI	CATIONS
Gap	.031035 in.	.8090 mm

#### Table 1-5. Spark Plug Cables

LOCA- TION	LENGTH	RESISTANCE
Left rear length	15.25 –15.75 in (387–400 mm)	3,800-11,000 ohms
Left front length	31.5 –32 in (800–812 mm)	7,800-21,500 ohms
Right front length	29.50 –30 in (749–762 mm)	7,300-20,000 ohms
Right rear length	15.25 –15.75 in (387–400 mm)	3,800-11,000 ohms

#### Table 1-6. Ignition Coil Specifications

WINDING	RESISTANCE
Primary resistance	0.3-1.5 ohm
Secondary resistance	8000-12,000 ohms

#### Table 1-7. Starter Specifications

STARTER	SPECIFICATIONS
Cranking current	250A maximum
Free current	90A maximum

#### Table 1-8. Fuel Pump Pressure Specifications

RANGE	VALUE
Normal	55–62 psi (380–425 kPa)

#### Table 1-9. Alternator Specifications

MEASUREMENT	VALUE
AC voltage output	19-28 VAC per 1000 rpm
Stator coil resistance	0.1-0.3 ohm

#### Table 1-10. Regulator Specifications

MEASUREMENT	VALUE
Amperes @ 3000 rpm	35-50A
Voltage @ 3600 rpm	14.3-14.7V @ 75 °F (24 °C)

#### Table 1-11. Fuse Specifications

ITEM	RATING (AMPERES)
Battery fuse	5
System power fuse	7.5
Radio fuse	20
Spare fuse	5
Cooling fuse	10
P&A fuse	20
Spare fuse	7.5
Spare fuse	20
Amp fuse (if equipped)	30
Main fuse	50

# **INITIAL DIAGNOSTICS**

#### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

Use initial diagnostics as a starting point to efficiently troubleshoot concerns. A basic understanding of electronics and a general knowledge of the vehicle are necessary to effectively use this manual.

#### NOTE

Certain diagnostic procedures require part removal. See the service manual for details.

Before diagnosing a concern, perform a general functional test of the vehicle to verify the concern. This will also identify any other issues that may affect diagnostics. Use the procedures in this chapter for initial diagnostics.

#### NOTE

When working through a diagnostic procedure follow the steps in the order instructed. Never jump to a test in another procedure. All "Go to test" statements refer to a test in that procedure.

#### **INITIAL DIAGNOSTICS**

#### NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

#### 1. Fuse Test

- 1. Verify all fuses are good.
- 2. Are all fuses good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Replace fuse. If fuse opens again, repair short to ground in that circuit.

#### 2. Current DTC Test

1. Check for current DTCs. See Initial Diagnostics, Odometer Self-Diagnostics (Page 1-12).

#### NOTE

Historic DTCs are not to be diagnosed unless the condition is reoccurring and intermittent.

- 2. Are current DTCs present?
  - a. **Yes.** Refer to Table 1-12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Odometer Function Test

- 1. Enter odometer self-diagnostics.
- 2. Did odometer self-diagnostics mode function properly?
  - a. Yes. Refer to Table 1-13.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Odometer Inoperative Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Does the odometer display illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Battery Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN/engine stop switch ON.
- 2. Does headlamp and/or tail lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Verify battery condition and connections. If all are good, see NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC U0140 (Page 2-18).

#### 6. Starter Test

- 1. Attempt to start vehicle.
- 2. Does starter crank?
  - a. Yes. See Instruments (Page 4-1).
  - b. No. See Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3).

#### 7. LHCM Test

- 1. With IGN ON, operate all left hand control functions.
- 2. Do any left hand controls function properly?
  - a. **Yes.** All controls are operational except the trip switch. See Trip Odometer Functions Inoperative, DTC B2255 (Page 4-10).
  - b. No. All left hand control functions are inoperative. See NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, Left Hand Controls Inoperative: DTC U0141 (Page 2-19).

#### DIAGNOSTICS

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

- The trip odometer trigger switch is located in the left hand control module. The switch signal is sent to the speedometer over the CAN bus. If there is a problem with the CAN bus, the odometer self-diagnostic mode may not function.
- For a quick check of instrument function, perform a "WOW" test by entering odometer self-diagnostics. Background lighting will illuminate, gauge needles will sweep their full range of motion and all indicator lamps controlled by the CAN circuit will illuminate.
- If the instrument fails "WOW" test, check for battery power and ground to the instrument. If any feature in the speedometer is non-functional, see Instruments (Page 4-1).

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
B1103	47	LHCM internal error	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B1153	46	RHCM internal error	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B1200	37	IM internal fault	NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 4-11)
B1212	174	Fuel signal low	FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 4-3)
B1213	175	Fuel signal high	FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 4-3)
B1300	337	Radio voltage high	AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-5)
B1301	338	Radio voltage low	AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-5)
B1302	339	Faceplate home button stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1303	340	Faceplate favorite button stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1304	341	Faceplate navigation button stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1305	342	Faceplate power/mute button stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1306	396	Rear hand controls shorted high	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1307	397	Rear hand controls shorted low	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1308	398	Rear volume up button stuck	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1309	399	Rear volume down button stuck	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1310	400	Rear mode button stuck	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1311	401	Rear PTT button stuck	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1312	402	Rear tune up button stuck	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1313	403	Rear tune down button stuck	REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-15)
B1314	343	LHCM VR PTT button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1315	344	LHCM up button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1316	345	LHCM left button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1317	346	LHCM center button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1318	347	LHCM right button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1319	348	LHCM down button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1320	349	RHCM info button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1321	350	RHCM up button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1322	351	RHCM left button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1323	352	RHCM center button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1324	353	RHCM right button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1325	354	RHCM down button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1326	355	RHCM CB squelch up button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1327	356	RHCM CB PTT button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1328	357	RHCM CB squelch down button stuck	FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-12)
B1329	358	Faceplate preset button 1 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1330	359	Faceplate preset button 2 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1331	360	Faceplate preset button 3 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1332	361	Faceplate preset button 4 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1333	362	Faceplate preset button 5 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1334	363	Faceplate preset button 6 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1335	364	Faceplate preset button 7 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
B1336	365	Faceplate preset button 8 stuck	FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-9)
B1337	366	Front left speaker shorted to- gether	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1337 B1338	367	Front left speaker open	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1339	368	Front left speaker shorted low	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1339	369	•	
В1340	309	Rear left speaker shorted to-	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1341	370	gether	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1342	371	Rear left speaker open	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1343	372	Rear left speaker shorted low	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1344	373	Rear left speaker shorted high	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1345	374	Front right speaker shorted to- gether	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1346	375	Front right speaker open	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1347	376	Front right speaker shorted low	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1348	377	Front right speaker shorted high	FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-18)
B1349	378	Rear right speaker shorted to- gether	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1350	379	Rear right speaker open	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1351	380	Rear right speaker shorted low	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1352	381	Rear right speaker shorted high	REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-26)
B1353	382	Speaker output DC offset	DTC B1353 (Page 8-33)
B1354	383	GPS antenna open	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B1355	384	GPS antenna shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B1356	385	SDARS antenna open	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B1357	386	SDARS antenna shorted	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B1358	387	Front left headset shorted high	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1359	388	Front right headset shorted high	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1360	389	Front left headset shorted low	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1361	390	Front right headset shorted low	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1362	391	Rear left headset shorted high	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1363	392	Rear right headset shorted high	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1364	393	Rear left headset shorted low	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1365	394	Rear right headset shorted low	HEADSET DTCS (Page 8-36)
B1366	395	Internal thermal shutdown error	DTC B1366 (Page 8-42)
B1401	404	Amp voltage low	AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-5)
B1402	405	Amp voltage high	AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 8-5)
B1403	406	Speaker output DC offset	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1404	407	Internal thermal shutdown error	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1405	424	EQ correlation error	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
B1406	425	Invalid or missing EQ	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
B1410	408	Channel 1 speaker open	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1411	409	Channel 1 speaker shorted low	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
B1412	410	Channel 1 speaker shorted high	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1413	411	Channel 1 speaker shorted to- gether	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1420	412	Channel 2 speaker open	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1421	413	Channel 2 speaker shorted low	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1422	414	Channel 2 speaker shorted high	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1423	415	Channel 2 speaker shorted to- gether	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1430	416	Channel 3 speaker open	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1431	417	Channel 3 speaker shorted low	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1432	418	Channel 3 speaker shorted high	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1433	419	Channel 3 speaker shorted to- gether	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1440	420	Channel 4 speaker open	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1441	421	Channel 4 speaker shorted low	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1442	422	Channel 4 speaker shorted high	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B1443	423	Channel 4 speaker shorted to- gether	AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS (Page 8-121)
B2102	4	System power output shorted high	SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-7)
B2103	5	System power output shorted low	SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-7)
B2104	6	System power output over- loaded	SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-7)
B2106	254	L4 output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2107	222	L4 output shorted high	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2108	223	L4 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2109	224	L4 output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2112	131	ACC output shorted high	Horn, Lighting and Security, ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-1)
B2113	133	ACC output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-1)
B2114	135	ACC output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-1)
B2116	91	Fuel pump output open	FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-11)
B2117	92	Fuel pump output shorted high	FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-11)
B2118	93	Fuel pump output shorted low	FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-11)
B2119	94	Fuel pump output overloaded	FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-11)
B2121	57	Starter output open	STARTER OUTPUT DTCS (Page 3-12)
B2122	58	Starter output shorted high	STARTER OUTPUT DTCS (Page 3-12)
B2123	59	Starter output shorted low	STARTER OUTPUT DTCS (Page 3-12)
B2124	60	Starter output overloaded	STARTER OUTPUT DTCS (Page 3-12)
B2127	240	E4 output shorted high	Horn, Lighting and Security, HORN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-13)
B2128	241	E4 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, HORN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-13)
B2129	242	E4 output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, HORN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-13)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
B2131	230	High beam output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2132	231	High beam output shorted high	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2133	232	High beam output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2134	233	High beam output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2136	226	Low beam output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2137	227	Low beam output shorted high	
B2138	228	Low beam output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2139	229	Low beam output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
B2141	204	Left front turn signal output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-24)
B2143	211	Left front turn signal output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-24)
B2144	212	Left front turn signal output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-24)
B2146	213	Right front turn signal output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-24)
B2148	214	Right front turn signal output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-24)
B2149	215	Right front turn signal output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-24)
B2151	216	Left rear turn signal output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-33)
B2153	217	Left rear turn signal output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-33)
B2154	218	Left rear turn signal output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-33)
B2156	219	Right rear turn signal output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-33)
B2158	220	Right rear turn signal output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-33)
B2159	221	Right rear turn signal output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-33)
B2161	195	Brake lamp output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-54)
B2163	196	Brake lamp output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-54)
B2164	197	Brake lamp output overloaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-54)
B2168	171	Running lights output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-73)
B2169	172	Running lights output over- loaded	Horn, Lighting and Security, RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-73)
B2172	234	H2 output shorted high	Horn, Lighting and Security, ALARM DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-92)
B2173	235	H2 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, ALARM DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-92)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
B2176	236	Security antenna output open	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B2177	237	Security antenna output shorted high	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B2178	238	Security antenna output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
B2183	248	G2 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, ADDITIONAL OUTPUT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-104)
B2188	251	G3 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, ADDITIONAL OUTPUT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-104)
B2193	253	H4 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, ADDITIONAL OUTPUT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-104)
B2198	256	H3 output shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, ADDITIONAL OUTPUT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-104)
B2201	52	IGN switch off w/VSS	IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-32)
B2203	50	Ignition switch input shorted low	IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-32)
B2206	51	Run/stop switch input open/shorted high	ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-35)
B2208	53	Run/stop switch input shorted low	ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-35)
B2210	54	Run/stop switch inputs both open	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2212	55	Run/stop switch inputs both closed	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2218	130	Neutral switch shorted low	Horn, Lighting and Security, NEUTRAL SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-99)
B2223	194	Rear brake switch shorted low (light on)	Horn, Lighting and Security, STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-54)
B2226	244	BAS input open	BCM not configured properly.
B2228	247	BAS input shorted low	BCM not configured properly.
B2231	309	Fork locked w/VSS	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to CVO models.
B2232	310	Fork lock shorted high	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to CVO models.
B2233	311	Fork lock shorted low	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to CVO models.
B2234	312	Fork lock detected w/option disabled	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to CVO models.
B2235	313	Fork lock configuration invalid	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to CVO models.
B2250	127	Clutch switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2251	239	Horn switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2253	225	FTP switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2254	200	Left turn switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2255	243	Trip switch stuck	Trip Odometer Functions Inoperative, DTC B2255 (Page 4-10)
B2256	205	LHCM police siren power switch stuck	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to Police models.
B2257	206	LHCM police siren wail power switch stuck	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to Police models.
B2258	207	LHCM police siren yelp switch stuck	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to Police models.

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
B2260	56	Start switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2261	201	Right turn switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2262	193	Front brake switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2263	199	Hazard switch stuck	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2264	208	RHCM police lights power switch stuck	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to Police models.
B2265	209	RHCM police lights front switch stuck	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to Police models.
B2266	210	RHCM police lights rear switch stuck	BCM not configured properly. This DTC should only apply to Police models.
B2270	27	BCM internal error	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
B2271	26	BCM voltage low	BCM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-39)
B2272	33	BCM/IM voltage high	BCM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-39)
B2274	49	Constant battery line error	Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3)
C0562	38	ABS voltage low	ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-25)
C0563	40	ABS voltage high	ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-25)
C1014	180	ABS ECU relay error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1021	188	ABS front WSS always zero	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1023	189	ABS rear WSS always zero	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1025	191	ABS front wheel speed intermit- tent	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1027	192	ABS rear wheel speed intermit- tent	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1029	190	ABS wheel speed difference too high	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1032	186	ABS front wheel speed circuit open/shorted	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1034	187	ABS rear wheel speed circuit open/shorted	WSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-6)
C1040	181	ABS pump/motor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1055	39	ABS ECU internal error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1061	182	ABS front apply solenoid circuit open/high resistance	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1062	184	ABS front release solenoid cir- cuit open/high resistance	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1065	183	ABS rear apply solenoid circuit open/high resistance	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1066	185	ABS rear release solenoid cir- cuit open/high resistance	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1071	280	Rear prime valve error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1072	281	Rear isolation valve error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1073	282	Front isolation valve error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1074	283	Front prime valve error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1075	284	Front linked inlet valve error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1076	285	Front linked outlet valve error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1077	286	Front circuit pressure sensor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
C1078	287	Rear circuit pressure sensor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1081	288	Front master pressure sensor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1082	289	Front master pressure sensor offset error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1083	290	Front wheel pressure sensor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1084	291	Front wheel pressure sensor offset error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1085	292	Rear master pressure sensor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1086	293	Rear master pressure sensor offset error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1087	294	Rear wheel pressure sensor error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1088	295	Rear wheel pressure sensor offset error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1089	296	Pressure sensor external sup- ply error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
C1159	43	ABS invalid stored VIN	INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-14)
C1178	41	ABS no VIN received from ECM	INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-14)
C1184	42	ABS invalid VIN from ECM	INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-14)
C1195	263	Wake up error	INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 7-3)
P0031	152	Front HO2S low/open	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0032	155	Front HO2S shorted high	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0051	153	Rear HO2S low/open	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0052	154	Rear HO2S shorted high	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0072	111	AAT sensor low	AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-16)
P0073	112	AAT sensor high/open	AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-16)
P0107	99	MAP sensor failed low/open	TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-19)
P0108	100	MAP sensor failed high/open port	TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-19)
P0112	122	IAT sensor shorted low	TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-19)
P0113	124	IAT sensor high/open	TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-19)
P0117	101	ET sensor shorted low	ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-24)
P0118	106	ET sensor high/open	ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-24)
P0120	75	TPS 1 range error	TCA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-27)
P0122	73	TPS 1 low	TCA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-27)
P0123	74	TPS 1 high/open	TCA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-27)
P0131	156	O2 sensor low/engine lean (front)	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0131 P0132	158	Engine running rich (front)	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0134	160	Oxygen sensor high/open (front)	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0151	157	O2 sensor low/engine lean (rear)	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0152	159	Engine running rich (rear)	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)
P0154	161	O2 sensor high/open (rear)	HO2S DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-34)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
P0220	78	TPS 2 range error	TCA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-27)
P0222	76	TPS 2 low/open	TCA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-27)
P0223	77	TPS 2 high	TCA DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-27)
P0261	95	Fuel injector low/open (front)	FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-41)
P0262	96	Fuel injector shorted high (front)	FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-41)
P0264	97	Fuel injector low/open (rear)	FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-41)
P0265	98	Fuel injector shorted high (rear)	FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-41)
P0325	138	Knock sensor front circuit open	KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-45)
P0327	139	Knock sensor front circuit low	KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-45)
P0328	140	Knock sensor front circuit high	KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-45)
P0330	141	Knock sensor rear circuit open	KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-45)
P0332	142	Knock sensor rear circuit low	KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-45)
P0333	143	Knock sensor rear circuit high	KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-45)
		CKP sensor wrong number of	
P0371	64	pulses	CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-48)
P0374	63	CKP sensor no pulses	CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-48)
P0444	146	Purge solenoid low/open	PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-50)
P0445	147	Purge solenoid shorted high	PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-50)
P0502	136	VSS failed low	VSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-53)
P0503	137	VSS failed high	VSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-53)
P0505	148	Idle speed control - unstable	IDLE SPEED CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-56)
P0522	167	Engine oil pressure sensor shorted low	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
P0523	168	Engine oil pressure sensor shorted high/open	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
P0562	126	ECM voltage low	BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 3-28)
P0572	198	Brake switch low	Horn, Lighting and Security, BRAKE SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-63)
P0577	162	Cruise control input error	Horn, Lighting and Security, Cruise Control (Page 5-10)
P0603	29	ECM EEPROM memory error	ECM INTERNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-59)
P0605	28	ECM FLASH memory error	ECM INTERNAL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-59)
P0641	61	5 Volt reference out of range	5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-61)
P0651	62	5 Volt reference 2 out of range	5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-61)
P0693	118	Chassis fan control circuit shorted low	CHASSIS FAN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-65)
P0694	119	Chassis fan control circuit shorted high	CHASSIS FAN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-65)
P1009	32	VTD disabled fuel due to bad password	DTC P1009 (Page 6-67)
P1017	102	ET indicates overheating	DTC P1017 (Page 6-69)
P1019	105	ECT difference (high temp)	ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-72)
P1270	66	TGS 2 A/D validation error	DTC P1270 (Page 6-76)
P1501	165	JSS low	JSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-77)
P1502	166	JSS high/open	JSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-77)
P1505	442	Power limit violation	HESITATION OR LOSS OF POWER (Page 6-125)
P1510	444	ETC limited performance mode	ETC MANAGMENT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-80)
P1511	445	ETC power management mode	ETC MANAGMENT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-80)

DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION
P1512	446	ETC forced idle mode	ETC MANAGMENT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-80)
P1514	86	ETC airflow error	ETC ERROR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-81)
P1600	65	ETC watchdog error	ETC ERROR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-81)
P1655	163	ACR solenoid low/open	ACR Diagnostics (Page 6-82)
P1656	164	ACR solenoid shorted high	ACR Diagnostics (Page 6-82)
P1691	114	Cooling fan left low/open	COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-86)
P1692	115	Cooling fan left shorted high	COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-86)
P1693	116	Cooling fan right low/open	COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-86)
P1694	117	Cooling fan right shorted high	COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-86)
P2100	81	ETC driver open circuit	ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-92)
P2101	82	ETC actuation error	ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-92)
P2102	83	ETC driver shorted low	ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-92)
P2103	84	ETC driver shorted high	ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-92)
P2105	443	ETC forced shutdown mode	DTC P2105, P2107 (Page 6-96)
P2107	67	ETC driver internal error	DTC P2105, P2107 (Page 6-96)
P2119	80	ETC actuator return error	DTC P2119 (Page 6-97)
P2122	68	TGS 1 low/open	TGS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-98)
P2123	69	TGS 1 high	TGS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-98)
P2127	70	TGS 2 low/open	TGS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-98)
P2128	71	TGS 2 high	TGS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-98)
P2135	79	TPS correlation error	CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-107)
P2138	72	TGS correlation error	CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-107)
P2176	85	ETC zero position learning error	DTC P2176 (Page 6-112)
P2184	120	ECT sensor low	ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-72)
P2185	121	ECT sensor high	ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-72)
P2300	87	Ignition coil driver low/open (front)	IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-114)
P2301	88	Ignition coil driver shorted high (front)	IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-114)
P2303	89	Ignition coil driver low/open (rear)	IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-114)
P2304	90	Ignition coil driver shorted high (rear)	IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-114)
P2602	103	Coolant pump "A" control circuit low	COOLING PUMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-118)
P2603	104	Coolant pump "A" control circuit high	COOLING PUMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-118)
U0001	1	CAN BUS error	Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3)
U0002	16	CAN comm bus perf error	Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3)
U0003	13	Network management monitor- ing	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)
U0011	2	CAN bus low shorted to CAN bus high	Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3)
U0100	7	Lost comm w/ECM	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)

	Table 1-12. Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs) and Fault Conditions Priority Table			
DTC	PRIORITY ORDER	FAULT CONDITION	SOLUTION	
U0121	11	Lost comm w/ABS	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U0140	3	Lost comm w/BCM	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U0141	9	Lost comm w/LHCM	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U0142	8	Lost comm w/RHCM	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U0156	10	Lost comm w/speedo	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U0158	177	Lost comm w/fuel gauge	SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-23)	
U0159	178	Lost comm w/volt gauge	SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-23)	
U0160	176	Lost comm w/fuel and volt gauges	SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-23)	
U0184	320	Lost comm w/radio	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U0185	322	Lost comm w/AMP 1	AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-29)	
U0186	323	Lost comm w/AMP 2	AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-29)	
U0300	15	Internal control module soft- ware incompatibility	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)	
U1302	321	ACC bus perf error	SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-23)	

# **RETRIEVING TROUBLE CODES**

328

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

Lost comm w/CB

There are two levels of diagnostics.

- The most sophisticated mode uses a computer-based diagnostic package called DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).
- The second mode requires using odometer self-diagnostics. Speedometer, BCM, ECM, tachometer and ABS (if equipped) DTCs can be accessed and cleared.

# **ODOMETER SELF-DIAGNOSTICS**

#### **Diagnostic Mode**

U1401

1. To enter diagnostic mode, press and hold the trip odometer trigger switch located on the left handlebar controls, while turning the IGN ON.

#### NOTE

The trip odometer trigger switch is located in the left hand control module. The switch signal is sent to the speedometer over the CAN bus. If there is a problem with the CAN bus, the odometer self-diagnostic mode may not function.

- 2. Release the trip odometer trigger switch. "diag" will appear on odometer display.
- Press and release trip odometer trigger switch. ECM will appear on odometer display. It will have either a "Y" or an "N" after it, depending if there are any ECM codes or not.

4. Quickly press and release trip odometer trigger switch to cycle through the modules. Modules include the BCM, SPDO, ABS and RAD.

SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS (Page 2-23)

- 5. Once the desired module is displayed, press and hold trip odometer trigger switch.
- 6. If any DTCs are stored in the module, the odometer will display the DTC. Quickly pressing and releasing trip odometer trigger switch will cycle through stored DTCs.
- 7. When all DTCs have been cycled the odometer will display "end".
- 8. To clear all DTCs in that module press and hold trip odometer trigger switch, while a DTC is displayed. If DTCs are not to be cleared, quickly press and release trip odometer trigger switch. The part number of the module will be displayed.
- 9. Press and release trip odometer trigger switch again to continue to next module.
- 10. Make note of all DTCs. Clear all DTCs and operate vehicle to verify DTCs set and are current. Historic DTCs are not to be diagnosed unless the condition is reoccurring and intermittent.
- 11. Turn IGN OFF to exit diagnostic mode. If IGN is not turned off, vehicle will exit diagnostics mode when vehicle starts moving.

# CODE TYPES

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

There are two types of DTCs: current and historic. If a DTC is stored, it can be read using a computer-based diagnostic package called DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) or odometer self-diagnostics.

#### NOTE

- Odometer self-diagnostics will display both current and historic DTCs. To differentiate between current and historic DTCs, use a computer-based diagnostic package called DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).
- Current DTCs reside in the memory of the ECM, BCM, instruments, radio or ABS module (if equipped) until the DTC is resolved.
- A historic DTC can be cleared by use of odometer self-diagnostics or after a total of 40 error free ignition cycles (start and run cycle) have elapsed.

#### Current

Current DTCs are those which presently disrupt motorcycle operation and are set during the current ignition cycle. To determine current DTCs are present, clear the DTCs and operate the vehicle within the parameters for setting the DTC. See the appropriate diagnostic procedures for solutions.

#### **Historic**

If a particular problem happens to resolve itself, the active status problem is dropped and it becomes a historic DTC rather than a current DTC. DTCs will also lose current status when ignition is turned off. If the problem still exists when ignition is turned on, the code will show as current.

Historic DTCs are stored for 40 ignition cycles to assist in diagnosis of intermittent faults. On the 40th error free cycle, the DTC will clear itself.

It is important to note that historic DTCs will exist whenever the system indicates existence of a current fault. See Initial Diagnostics, Multiple Trouble Codes (Page 1-13) if multiple DTCs are found.

Diagnostic procedures are designed for use with current DTCs. As a result, they frequently suggest part replacement. When diagnosing a historic DTC, the procedures can be helpful but should not lead to part replacement without verification that the part is faulty.

#### NOTE

Emissions related DTCs will illuminate the check engine lamp for three warm up cycles after the DTC has transitioned from current to historic.

# **MULTIPLE TROUBLE CODES**

All DTCs are assigned a priority number to determine the order in which they should be diagnosed. If there are multiple DTCs present, always diagnose the highest priority first. Refer to Table 1-12.

- 1. Complete the repair.
- 2. Restore connections.
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Start vehicle.

5. Perform odometer self-diagnostics test to verify repair and DTCs have been cleared. If any DTCs are still present, refer to Table 1-12.

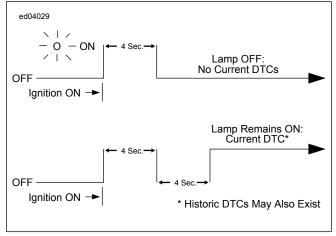
#### **CLEARING DTCS**

Clear DTCs after any diagnostic or repair procedure. The odometer is capable of displaying and clearing ECM, BCM, instruments, radio and ABS DTCs. Once DTCs are cleared perform a road test to verify DTCs do not return. It is important to perform a road test and not simply start the motorcycle since some DTCs may require vehicle speed or other inputs in order to validate repair.

#### SECURITY LAMP

See Figure 1-1. The security lamp turns on when:

- current DTCs are present in the BCM.
- non emission related DTCs are present in the ECM.



#### Figure 1-1. Security Lamp Operation CHECK ENGINE LAMP

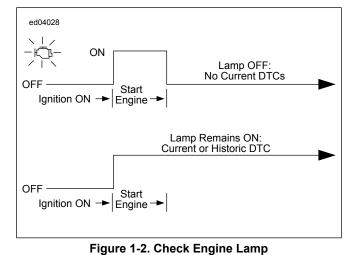
To diagnose ECM system problems, start by observing the behavior of the check engine lamp.

#### NOTE

- "IGN ON" means that the engine stop switch is set to RUN (although the engine is not running).
- When the IGN is turned ON, check engine lamp will illuminate.
- Start engine, if it fails to turn off after start up, DTC exists.
- Emissions related DTCs illuminate the check engine lamp for three warm up cycles after the DTC has transitioned from current to historic.
- 1. See Figure 1-2. After engine startup, one of two events may occur.
  - a. The lamp turns off, which indicates there are no current fault conditions or stored DTCs currently detected by the ECM.
  - b. If the lamp continues to illuminate and remains illuminated, a current or historic DTC exists.
- 2. See Initial Diagnostics, Code Types (Page 1-12) for a complete description of DTC formats.

#### NOTE

Some DTCs can only be fully diagnosed during actuation. For example, a problem with the ignition coil will be considered a current fault even after the problem is corrected. The ECM will not know of its resolution until after the coil is exercised by the vehicle start sequence. In this manner, there may sometimes be a false indication of the current DTC.



# SYMPTOMS

If no DTCs are present, address any symptoms indicating a malfunction. Refer to Table 1-13 and Table 1-14.

CHAPTER	SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Serial Data	Left hand controls inoperative	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)
	No vehicle power	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)
	Odometer self-diagnostics inop- erative	Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3)
	Speedometer inoperative	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)
	Tachometer does not function	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)
	Trigger switch functions will not enter self-diagnostics	NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13)
Starting and Charging	Battery runs down during use	CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20)
	Low battery after extended IGN OFF	CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20)
	Low or no charging	CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20)
	Nothing clicks	STARTING SYSTEM (Page 3-3)
	Overcharging	CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20)
	Starter solenoid clicks	STARTING SYSTEM (Page 3-3)
	Starter spins but does not en- gage	STARTING SYSTEM (Page 3-3)
	Starter stalls or spins too slowly	STARTING SYSTEM (Page 3-3)

#### Table 1-13. Symptom Table

#### Table 1-13. Symptom Table

CHAPTER	SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Instruments	Fuel gauge inaccurate, no DTCs	GAUGES (Page 4-29)
	Fuel gauge inoperative	GAUGES (Page 4-29)
	High beam indicator always on	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	High beam indicator inoperative	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Low fuel lamp always on	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Low fuel lamp flashes at steady rate	Fuel sender DTC set. See Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2).
	Low fuel lamp inoperative	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Neutral lamp always on	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Neutral lamp inoperative	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	No instrument power	NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS (Page 4-11)
	Odometer displays "DIAG" at IGN ON	Trip Odometer Functions Inoperative, DTC B2255 (Page 4-10)
	Oil pressure lamp always on	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Oil pressure lamp inoperative	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Trip odometer functions inoper- ative	Trip Odometer Functions Inoperative, DTC B2255 (Page 4-10)
	Turn signal indicator always on	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
	Turn signal indicator inoperative	INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17)
Accessories, Horn, Lighting and Security	Any hand control switch inoper- ative	Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68)
	Auxiliary lamps inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
	Front power outlet inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-1)
	Heated handgrips inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEATED HANDGRIPS (Page 5-6)
	High beam headlamp inoperat- ive	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
	Horn always on	Horn, Lighting and Security, HORN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-13)
	Horn inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, HORN DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-13)
	License plate lamp inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-73)
	Low beam headlamp inoperat- ive	Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41)
	P&A battery power inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-1)
	Position lamp inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-73)
	Rear auxiliary power outlet inop- erative	Horn, Lighting and Security, ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-1)
	Running lamps inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-73)
	Security fails to disarm	Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY ANTENNA DIA- GNOSTICS (Page 5-94)
	Stop lamp always on	Horn, Lighting and Security, STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-54)
	Stop lamp inoperative	Horn, Lighting and Security, STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-54)
	Will not cancel upon turn com- pletion, no DTCs	Horn, Lighting and Security, Turn Signals (Page 5-16)

Table 1-13. Symptom Table

CHAPTER	SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Engine Management	Engine cranks but will not start	Engine Cranks But Will Not Start (Page 6-120)
	Erratic idle	ERRACTIC IDLE (Page 6-133)
	Hesitation or loss of power	HESITATION OR LOSS OF POWER (Page 6-125)
	Misfire at idle or under load	Misfire at Idle or Under Load (Page 6-130)
	Side stand displayed on speedometer	JSS DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-77)
	Starts, then stalls	STARTS, THEN STALLS (Page 6-127)
ABS	ABS indicator continuously flashing, no DTCs	ABS INDICATOR ALWAYS ON, FLASHING OR INOPERATIVE (Page 7-15)
	ABS lamp always on or inoper- ative	ABS INDICATOR ALWAYS ON, FLASHING OR INOPERATIVE (Page 7-15)

#### Table 1-14. Audio Symptom Table

SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
All speakers inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
All speakers inoperative with amplifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Bluetooth device will not pair with audio system	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Both left speakers inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Both left speakers inoperative with amplifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Both right speakers inoperative with amp- lifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Both right speakers inoperative with amp- lifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
CB receiver inoperative	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
CB transmitter inoperative	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Front headset malfunction	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Left front speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Left rear speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Left rear speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Lower left speaker inoperative with ampli- fier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Lower right speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
No or low audio from XM or XM inoperat- ive	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Poor or no reception	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Radio inoperative	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Radio turns ON and OFF	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Rear audio switch malfunction	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Rear headset malfunction	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Right front speaker inoperative with ampli- fier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Right rear speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)

# Table 1-14. Audio Symptom Table

SYMPTOM	DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURE
Right rear speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Saddlebag left speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Saddlebag left speaker inoperative with amplifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Saddlebag right speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Saddlebag right speaker inoperative with amplifier 2	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)
Static present with engine running	AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55)

# HOW TO USE DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
GRX-3110HD	HD BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC STATION
HD-39617	FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE
HD-39978	DIGITAL MULTIMETER (FLUKE 78)
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II
HD-50341	WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1-P1	ABS OVERLAY
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE
HD-51724	INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT

#### **GRX-3110 HD Battery Diagnostic Station**

See Figure 1-3. Read the HD BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC STATION (PART NUMBER: GRX-3110HD) instruction manual to perform a battery test. The test results include a decision on the battery condition.

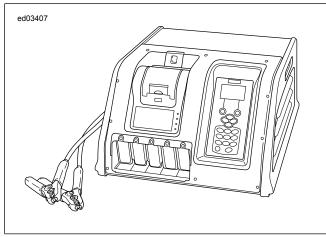


Figure 1-3. Advanced Battery Conductance and Electrical System Analyzer Kit

# HD-51724 Inline Spark Tester Kit

See Figure 1-4. The INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-51724) is used to verify adequate spark at the spark plug. Install the inline spark tester between front ignition coil cable and spark plug. Start engine and inspect tester light. The light will flash on each spark event if power is transmitted to the plug. Remove inline spark tester and install cable on plug. Repeat procedure for rear cylinder.

#### NOTE

The coil will not produce spark voltage with both spark plugs removed. When checking for spark, use the inline spark tester with both plugs installed.

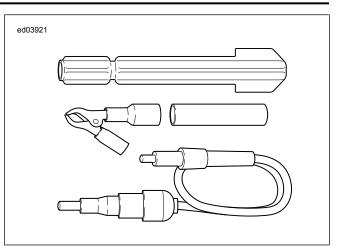


Figure 1-4. Spark Tester

#### HD-39978 Digital Multimeter (Fluke 78)

See Figure 1-5. DIGITAL MULTIMETER (FLUKE 78) (PART NUMBER: HD-39978) is used for various tests throughout this manual.

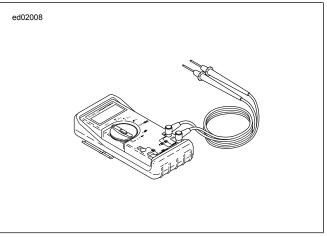


Figure 1-5. Digital Multimeter (Fluke 78)

# HD-39617 Fluke AC/DC Current Probe

See Figure 1-6. FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (PART NUMBER: HD-39617) is used to measure current draw. Use in conjunction with DIGITAL MULTIMETER (FLUKE 78) (PART NUMBER: HD-39978).

- 1. Connect current probe to positive (+) and negative (-) input terminals on the multimeter.
- 2. Position rotary switch to mV dc (millivolt direct current).
- 3. Push ON/OFF button and ON indicator will illuminate.
- 4. With inductive jaws empty, turn the zero adjust so that multimeter reads 0.000 mV.
- 5. Clamp inductive jaws around the conductor that is being tested.
- 6. With circuit activated read multimeter display, 1 mV = 1 A.

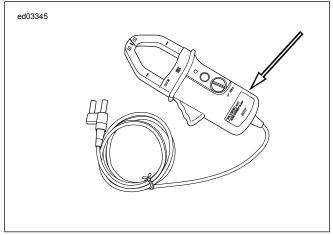


Figure 1-6. Fluke AC/DC Current Probe

#### HD-41404 Harness Connector Test Kit

TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404) contains pin and socket terminals and stackable banana jack patch cords used to test circuits. Pin and socket terminals are used to connect to various connectors. See tool instruction sheet for specific terminal usage.

#### NOTE

- · Insert probe tip straight into the terminal cavity.
- Do not wiggle or move the probe tip once it is inserted into the terminal.
- Do not use more than one probe per terminal or cavity at one time.

#### HD-50341 Wheel Speed Sensor Test Lead

See Figure 1-7. WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD (PART NUMBER: HD-50341) is a stackable banana jack patch cord with a built in resistor to test the wheels speed sensor circuit. Used in conjunction with TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), connect test lead in place of WSS when required during diagnostics.

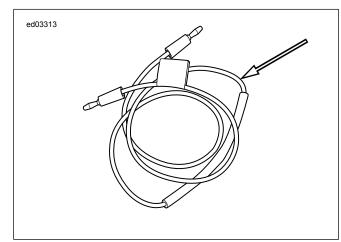
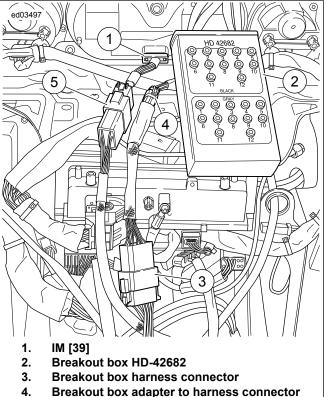


Figure 1-7. Wheel Speed Sensor Test Lead

#### HD-42682 Breakout Box (Instruments)

BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) and BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) connect to the IM [39]. Used in conjunction with a multimeter, it allows circuit diagnosis of wiring harness and connections without having to probe with sharp objects. Install BOB in series using black connectors as follows:

- 1. Access IM [39].
- 2. See Figure 1-8. Press latch and disconnect [39B].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: 3 HD-46601) to [39A] and [39B].
- 4. Attach black connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601). All tests will be performed using black side of BOB.
- When testing is complete, remove BOB and jumper 5. harness and restore connections.



- 4.
- 5. Breakout box adapter HD-46601 to IM [39]

Figure 1-8. Breakout Box Connection

#### HD-50390-1 Breakout Box (ECM)

BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) splice into the main harness. Used in conjunction with a multimeter, it allows circuit diagnosis of wiring harness and connections without having to probe with sharp objects. Install BOB in series as follows:

#### NOTE

See wiring diagrams for ECM terminal functions. ECM is located under left side cover.

- 1. Access ECM.
- 2. Press latch and disconnect ECM connectors [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3].
- 3. See Figure 1-9. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to connectors.
- 4. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.

5. When testing is complete, remove BOB and restore connections.

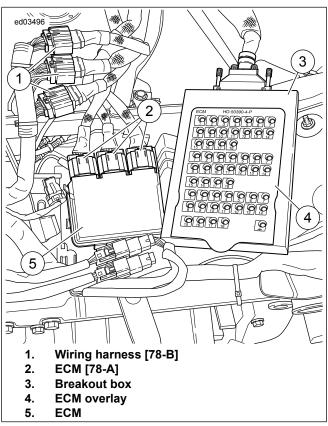


Figure 1-9. ECM Breakout Box Connection

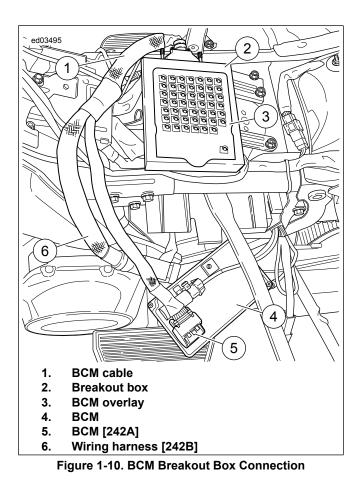
#### HD-50390-1 Breakout Box (BCM)

BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) splice into the main harness. Used in conjunction with a multimeter, it allows circuit diagnosis of wiring harness and connections without having to probe with sharp objects. Install BOB in series as follows:

#### NOTE

See wiring diagrams for BCM terminal functions. BCM is located under left side cover.

- 1. Access BCM.
- 2. Press latch and disconnect BCM [242B].
- 3. See Figure 1-10. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to connectors.
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. When testing is complete, remove BOB and restore connections.



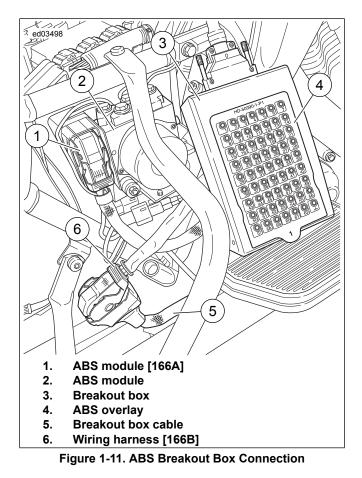
#### HD-50390-1 Breakout Box (ABS)

See Figure 1-11. BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) splice to the ABS harness. Used in conjunction with a multimeter, it allows circuit diagnosis of wiring harness and connections without having to probe with sharp objects. Install BOB in series as follows:

#### NOTE

See wiring diagrams for ABS module terminal functions. ABS module is located under right side cover.

- 1. Access ABS module.
- 2. Press latch and disconnect ABS module [166B].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to [166].
- 4. Verify ABS OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1-P1) is in position on BOB.
- 5. In some cases it is necessary to leave ABS module disconnected.
- 6. When testing is complete remove BOB and restore connections.



#### HD-48650 Digital Technician II

#### NOTE

If DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) is connected to DLC [91] and communicating with the vehicle, then odometer self-diagnostics will not function properly. Disconnect DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) before entering odometer self-diagnostics.

DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) is a computer based diagnostic device used to communicate/diagnose and program systems/modules.

Diagnostics in this manual are developed under the assumption that DTII is not available.

#### HD-50390-1 Breakout Box (Radio)

BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) splice into the main harness. Used in conjunction with a multimeter, it allows circuit diagnosis of wiring harness and connections without having to probe with sharp objects. Install BOB in series as follows:

#### NOTE

See wiring diagrams for radio terminal functions. Radio is located under fairing.

- 1. Access the radio.
- 2. Press latch and disconnect radio [27B].
- See Figure 1-12. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to connectors.

- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. When testing is completed, remove the BOB and restore connections.

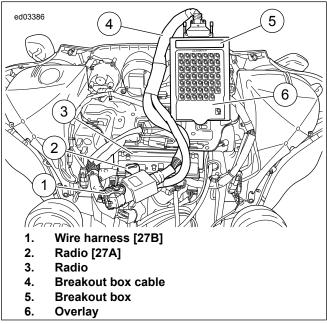


Figure 1-12. Radio Breakout Box Connection

# HD-47918 Advanced Audio System Breakout Box

The ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) connects to amplifier at [149]. Used in conjunction with a multimeter, it allows circuit diagnosis of wiring harness and connections without having to probe with sharp objects. Install BOB in series as follows:

- 1. Locate amplifier:
  - a. Amplifier 1: Remove upper fairing and windshield.
  - b. Amplifier 2: Remove left saddlebag amplifier cover.
- 2. Press latch and disconnect amplifier [149].
- 3. See Figure 1-13. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to connectors.
- 4. When testing is complete remove BOB and restore connections.
- 5. Install upper fairing and windshield.

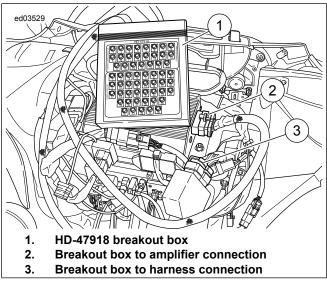


Figure 1-13. Advanced Audio System Breakout Box

# DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

# VOLTAGE DROP

Voltage drop test:

- Helps locate poor connections or components with excessive resistance.
- Measures the difference in potential or actual voltage dropped between source and destination.
- Checks integrity of the wiring, switches, fuses, connectors and contacts between source and destination.
- · Identifies poor grounds.

A voltage drop test measures the difference in voltage between two points in a circuit. The amount of voltage dropped over any part of a circuit is directly related to the amount of resistance in that part of the circuit and the current flowing through it.

Components such as wires, switches and connectors are designed to have very little resistance and very little voltage drop. A voltage drop greater than 1.0V across these components indicates a high resistance and possible fault.

The benefits of testing this way are:

- · Readings are not as sensitive to real battery voltage.
- Readings show the actual voltage dropped not just the presence of voltage.
- · System is tested as it is actually being used.
- Testing is more accurate and displays hard-to-find poor connections.
- Starting circuits, lighting circuits and ignition circuits can be tested with this approach. Start from the most positive and go to the most negative destination or component.

When testing a typical power circuit, place positive (red) meter lead on most positive part of circuit or positive battery post. There is nothing more positive than the positive post of the battery.

Place negative (black) meter lead at positive side of connector in question. Activate circuit. Move negative meter lead through the circuit until high voltage drop is found.

When testing a typical ground circuit, place negative lead on most negative part of circuit or negative battery post. There is nothing more negative than the negative post of the battery.

Place positive meter lead at negative side of connector in question. Activate circuit. Move positive meter lead through the circuit until high voltage drop is found.

The following steps demonstrate a typical starter circuit voltage drop test:

- 1. Disconnect CKP [79] to prevent engine from starting.
  - a. See Figure 1-14. Set meter to VDC. Connect red meter lead to positive battery post.
  - b. Connect black meter lead to terminal 2 of starter solenoid. Observe meter reading.
  - c. Crank starter and observe meter reading. A reading higher than 1V indicates excessive voltage drop.

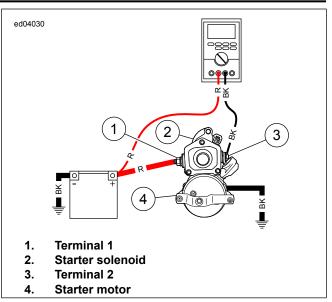


Figure 1-14. To Starter Solenoid Starter Terminal

2. See Figure 1-15. Move black meter lead to terminal 1 on starter solenoid. Crank starter. Observe voltage drop.

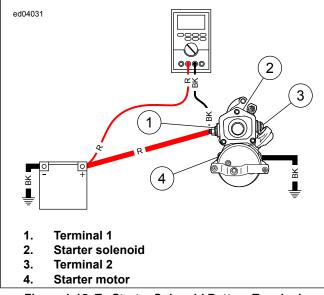
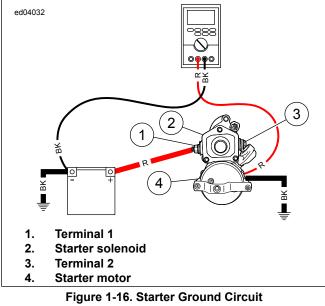


Figure 1-15. To Starter Solenoid Battery Terminal

3. See Figure 1-16. Move black meter lead to negative battery post and red meter lead to starter mounting bolt. Crank starter. Observe voltage drop.



# WIGGLE TEST

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-39978	DIGITAL MULTIMETER (FLUKE 78)
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

Wiggle test checks for the presence of intermittents in a wiring harness. If available, use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to perform wiggle test.

- See Figure 1-17. Connect DIGITAL MULTIMETER (FLUKE 78) (PART NUMBER: HD-39978) to wiring harness between suspect connections. When diagnosing ECM connections, use BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1), ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) and ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) to simplify the procedure. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Set the multimeter to read voltage changes.
- 3. Start motorcycle engine and run at idle.
- 4. Shake or wiggle harness to detect intermittents. If intermittents are present, radical voltage changes register on multimeter.

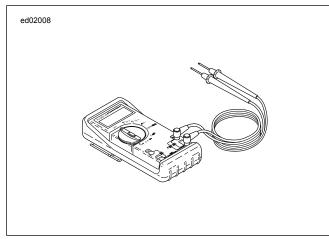
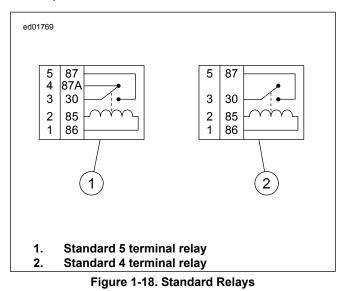


Figure 1-17. Digital Multimeter (Fluke 78)

# **RELAY DIAGNOSTICS**

#### **Relay Variation**

See Figure 1-18. Relays normally have four or five terminals. Circuitry inside relays are very similar with the exception of normally closed contact being eliminated in four terminal relays. Some relays have five terminals at the base, even though internally 4 or 87A are not connected.



#### **Relay Test**

A relay can be tested using the motorcycle's 12V battery and a multimeter.

- 1. Unplug relay from relay block.
- 2. See Figure 1-19 and Figure 1-20 to energize the relay. Connect relay terminal 85 to negative battery terminal and relay terminal 86 to positive battery terminal.

#### NOTE

Some relays contain internal diodes. If the applied voltage is not the correct polarity, the diode could be damaged.

- 3. Test for continuity between terminals 30 and 87.
  - a. A good relay shows continuity (continuity tester lamp on or a zero ohm reading on the ohmmeter).
  - b. A malfunctioning relay will not show continuity and must be replaced.

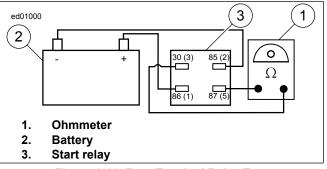


Figure 1-19. Four Terminal Relay Test

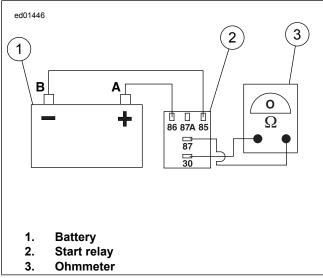


Figure 1-20. Five Terminal Relay Test

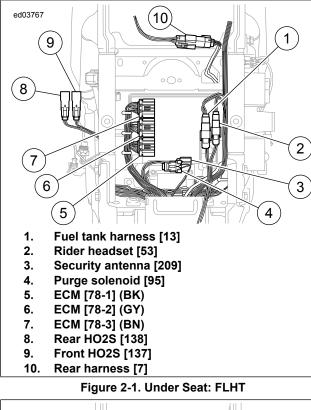
SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
2.1 CAN COMMUNICATION	2-1
2.2 ODOMETER SELF-DIAGNOSTIC INOPERATIVE: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011,	B2274 2-3
2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS	2-13
2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS	2-23
2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS	2-29

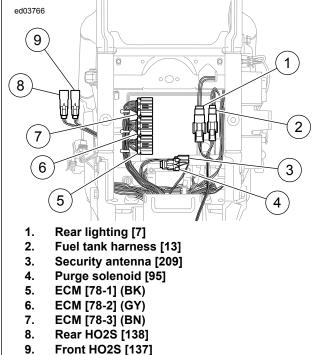
# CAN COMMUNICATION

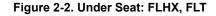
# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

See Figure 2-1, Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3. CAN bus circuits are used by modules and diagnostic tools to share information.







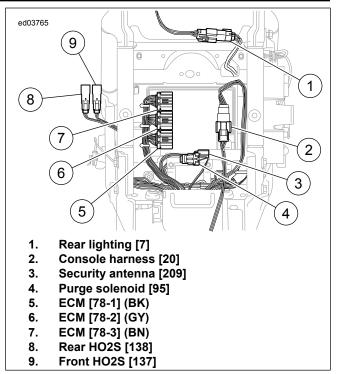


Figure 2-3. Under Seat: FLHR

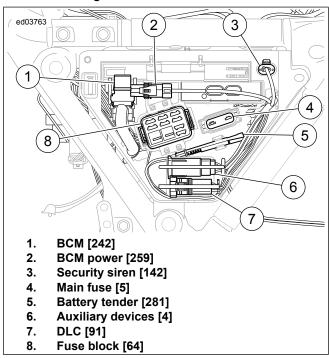


Figure 2-4. Behind Left Side Cover

The instruments, ECM, BCM, hand controls, ABS (if equipped), radio and amplifier(s) all communicate on the CAN bus. CAN communication uses a (W/BK) and (W/R) wire in a twisted pair that runs to all the modules. It is used to transfer data from one module to the other. It also runs to the DLC [91] and is used to communicate with the modules using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).

# **COMPONENTS**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

# **Electronic Control Module (ECM)**

See Figure 2-1, Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3. The ECM is located under the seat. The ECM monitors the engine sensors to enhance performance and driveability. This is done by adjusting the fuel and spark delivery based on the information provided by the sensors.

#### Instruments

The instruments contain some indicator and warning lamps for the motorcycle. It uses CAN communication to receive information from the other modules to know which lamps to illuminate at any given time. Vehicle speed is also sent to the instruments over the CAN bus.

On non-fairing models, LEDs in the indicator bar are directly wired to the speedometer. The speedometer turns the indicators on and off based off commands from the BCM over the CAN bus.

On fairing models, fuel and voltmeter gauges get their information from the IM using a proprietary data link called HD-Link. HD-Link uses one (V/W) wire to communicate. These gauges also contain turn signal, battery and low fuel indicators.

#### BCM

See Figure 2-4. The BCM is located under the left side cover. The BCM supplies ignition and accessory power to most of the vehicle and controls the power mode of the electrical system. It controls lighting and other outputs by using switches as inputs. The BCM is also connected to the CAN bus and shares information with the other modules.

#### **ABS Module (If Equipped)**

The ABS ECU is located under the right side cover. The ECU receives input from front and rear WSS, and controls the HCU accordingly. The ABS ECU communicates over the CAN bus to the speedometer to control the ABS indicator.

# **Hand Control Modules**

Left and right hand control modules control all switches and controls on the handlebars. The engine stop switch has a redundant wire directly to the BCM. In the event of a communication malfunction, this redundant circuit is used to keep the engine from shutting off until the switch is turned off.

# Radio (If Equipped)

The radio is located under the fairing and is connected to the CAN bus. It shares information with the other modules. It also functions as a display for information such as the ambient air temperature and receives information from the ECM over the CAN bus.

# Amplifier(s)

There can be up to two amplifiers on a vehicle. AMP 1 is located under the fairing. AMP 2 is located in the left saddlebag. The amplifier(s) are connected to the CAN bus to communicate with the radio. An issue with the amp(s) may affect the performance of the CAN bus.

# Data Link Connector (DLC)

The DLC is located under the left side cover. The DLC is used to connect DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to the motorcycle.

# COMMUNICATION DTCS AND ERROR MESSAGES

#### Lost BUS Communication

There are several DTCs that may set due to an issue with CAN bus communication. Different DTCs are set by different modules. If a module loses communication with the rest of the system it will set DTC U0001, but the DTC can not be retrieved until the CAN lines to that module are restored. If a module goes OFF line due to loss of PWR or GND, a loss of communication to that module, the module will not set a code, but the other modules will set DTCs indicating they are not able to communicate with it. When the speedometer or IM recognizes a problem on the CAN bus, it may display "BUS Err" on the odometer.

#### **VIN Errors**

"VINERR" may also be displayed in the odometer if the instruments and ECM are not seeing the same VIN in both modules. This will usually occur after replacing one of the two modules. The two modules must have the VINs match before they can share odometer mileage. Both the ECM and instruments retain the odometer value. If the speedometer or IM is replaced, it will display the odometer value stored in the ECM. The replacement instrument will become locked to the ECM after 31.1 mi (50 km) have been accumulated. The trip B odometer will display the countdown mileage. Once the countdown reaches zero, the instrument is locked to the ECM. If installed on another vehicle, the odometer will display "VINERR". If the speedometer or IM is removed from the vehicle before the countdown reaches zero, it has not been locked to the ECM. This mileage countdown allows for a road test to verify that speedometer or IM replacement was the proper repair.

# **Diagnostic Tips**

Modules must have power and be grounded in order to communicate. When checking any communication DTC be sure to check the power and ground connections on the suspect module. Bus Err may show on the odometer if the following are present:

- · CAN wires shorted together.
- CAN wire shorted to PWR or GND.
- · CAN transceiver on some module failed shorted.
- Non-compliant module connected to the CAN bus.

# ODOMETER SELF-DIAGNOSTIC INOPERATIVE: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 2.2

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

CAN communication uses a set of wires in a twisted pair. These two wires are designated as CAN low and CAN high circuits. Both circuits are connected to the ECM, BCM, instruments, both hand control modules, the ABS module (if equipped), radio and amplifiers (if equipped). There are two 120 ohm terminating resistors in the CAN system, one in the RHCM and another in the right side cover. Typical resistance between the two circuits is approximately 60 ohms.

- DTC U0001 indicates there is a fault on the CAN bus circuits. This code can be set by the ECM, BCM, instruments, ABS module (if equipped) and radio. This code is usually accompanied by other "U" codes, due to it causing a loss of communication between the modules on the CAN bus.
- DTC U0011 indicates the high and low CAN circuits are shorted together. This fault will be accompanied by other "U" codes and may cause the odometer display not to function.
- DTC B2274 indicates a fault with the battery fuse or (R/O) wire.

#### NOTE

Always start from Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2) before proceeding with this test.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
U0001	CAN BUS error
U0002	CAN comm bus perf error

#### Table 2-1. Code Description

#### Table 2-1. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
U0011	CAN bus low shorted to CAN bus high
B2274	Constant battery line error

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

The instruments do not have an ignition input. They receive a message over the CAN bus, indicating the IGN is ON. Also, the trip odometer trigger switch is a CAN communication to the instruments. Therefore, CAN bus errors can cause odometer self-diagnostics to be completely inoperative or to only partially function. The instruments backlighting may not function along with hand control switches and indicators. The odometer may read "BUS Err" in this condition, prior to becoming inoperative.

#### NOTE

If DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) is connected to the DLC [91] and communicating with the vehicle, the odometer self-diagnostics will not function properly. Disconnect DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) before entering odometer self-diagnostics.

The BCM supplies power to several systems. When testing for a short to voltage, perform all tests before disconnecting the BCM to keep from powering down systems on the vehicle. If the short to voltage goes away when the BCM is disconnected, test for continuity between the circuit in question and BCM [242B] terminals F4, J3, L3, L4 and M2 to verify the tested circuit is not shorted to one of these circuits. If continuity is present, repair short to circuit instead of replacing the BCM.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

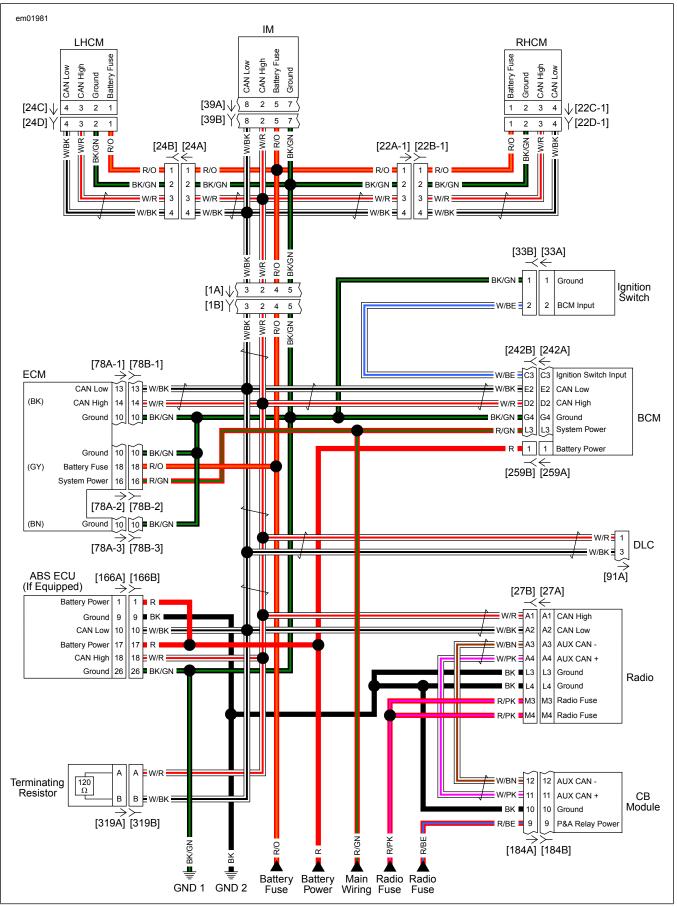


Figure 2-5. CAN Bus Circuit: FLH with Fairing

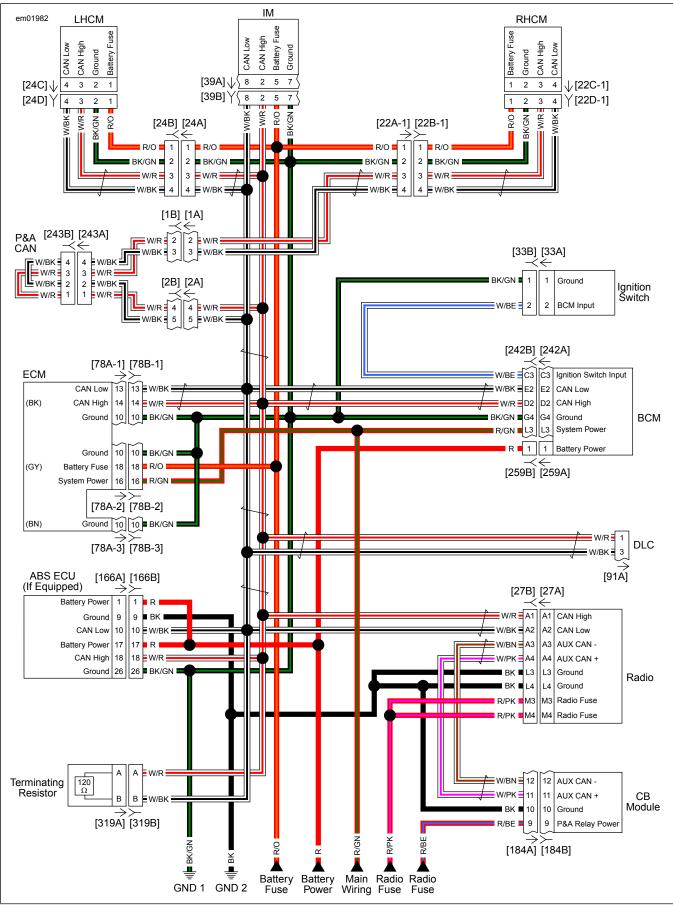


Figure 2-6. CAN Bus Circuit: FLT

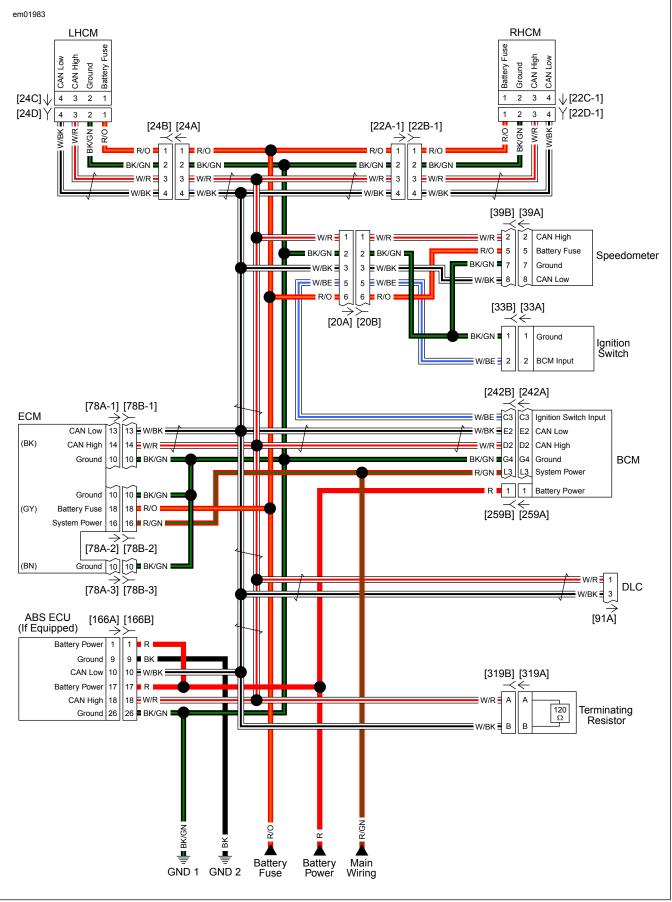


Figure 2-7. CAN Bus Circuit: FLHR

#### ODOMETER SELF-DIAGNOSTIC INOPERATIVE: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

# Table 2-2. Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative DiagnosticFaults: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short between CAN low and high circuits
Open in CAN high circuit
Open in CAN low circuit
Short to ground on CAN high circuit
Short to ground on CAN low circuit
Short to voltage on CAN high circuit
Short to voltage on CAN low circuit

#### NOTE

When measuring resistance (ohms), compensate for test lead resistance before performing the measurement. Select the ohms position and touch the test leads together. Refer to the multimeter user's manual to either zero the display or manually subtract the test lead resistance from the measured circuit's value.

# 1. Battery Fuse

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Check battery fuse in fuse block [64].
- 3. Is fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery fuse.

# 2. Speedometer System Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect instrument [39].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.

- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Connect [39]. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

# 3. CAN Bus Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse.
- 3. Test resistance between DLC [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 4. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No, resistance less than 50 ohms. Go to Test 4.
  - c. No, resistance more than 70 ohms. Go to Test 13.

# 4. Speedometer Test

- 1. Disconnect instrument [39A].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes, non-fairing models. Replace speedometer.
  - b. Yes, fairing models. Replace IM.
  - c. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. BCM Test

- 1. Disconnect BCM [242].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No, with ABS. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, without ABS. Go to Test 7.

# 6. ABS Test

- 1. Disconnect ABS module [166].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. **Yes.** Replace ABS module.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

# 7. LHCM Test

- 1. Disconnect LHCM [24].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace LHCM.
  - b. No, with fairing. Go to Test 8.
  - c. No, without fairing. Go to Test 9.

# 8. Radio Test

- 1. Disconnect radio [27].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.

- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No, with 2 or more amplifiers. Go to Test 9.
  - c. No, with 1 amplifier. Go to Test 10.
  - d. No, without amplifier. Go to Test 11.

#### 9. Amplifier 2 or More Test

NOTE

If system contains more that 2 amplifier, repeat test on each additional one if needed.

- 1. Disconnect amplifier 2 [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

#### 10. Amplifier 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier 1 [149].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier 1.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

#### 11. ECM Test

- 1. Disconnect ECM [78B-1].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-70 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

#### 12. RHCM Test

- 1. Disconnect RHCM [22-1].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance between 110-130 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

#### 13. Terminating Resister Test

- 1. Disconnect terminating resistor [319].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance greater than 500 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace terminating resistor.
  - b. No. Repair short between (W/R) and (W/BK) wires.

#### 14. CAN Circuit Open Test

1. While watching resistance between DLC [91A] terminals 1 and 3, disconnect ECM [78-1].

- 2. Did resistance change?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

#### **15. CAN High Circuit Resistance to RHCM Test**

- 1. Disconnect RHCM [22-1].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and [22A-1] terminal 3.
- 3. Is resistance greater than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair (W/R) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 16. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to RHCM Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and [22A-1] terminal 4.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair (W/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

#### 17. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to ECM Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected.
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB [78-1] terminal 13.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair (W/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

#### **18. CAN High Circuit Resistance to ECM Test**

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB [78-1] terminal 14.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair (W/R) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

#### 19. CAN High Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 30.

#### 20. Speedometer Test

- 1. Disconnect instrument [39].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.

- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 21.
  - b. No, non-fairing models. Replace speedometer.
  - c. No, fairing models. Replace IM.

#### 21. ECM Test

- 1. Disconnect ECM [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 22.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

#### 22. LHCM Test

- 1. Disconnect LHCM [24].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes, with fairing. Go to Test 23.
  - b. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 26.
  - c. No. Replace LHCM.

#### 23. Radio Test

- 1. Disconnect radio [27].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes, with 2 or more amplifiers. Go to Test 24.
  - b. Yes, with 1 amplifiers. Go to Test 25.
  - c. Yes, with no amplifier. Go to Test 26.
  - d. No. Replace radio.

#### 24. Amplifier 2 or More Test

#### NOTE

If system contains more than 2 amplifiers, repeat test on each additional one if needed.

- 1. Disconnect amplifier 2 [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier 2.

#### 25. Amplifier 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier 1 [149].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier 1.

#### 26. BCM Test

- 1. Disconnect BCM [242].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes, with ABS. Go to Test 27.
  - b. Yes, without ABS. Go to Test 28.
  - c. No. Replace BCM.

#### 27. ABS Test

- 1. Disconnect ABS module [166].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 28.
  - b. No. Replace ABS module.

#### 28. RHCM Test

- 1. Disconnect RHCM [22-1].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/R) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 29.

#### 29. CAN Low Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

#### 30. CAN High Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Install main fuse.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 31.
  - b. No. Go to Test 41.

#### **31. Speedometer Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect instrument [39].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 32.
  - b. No, non-fairing models. Replace speedometer.
  - c. No, fairing models. Replace IM.

#### 32. ECM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78B-1].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes, with fairing. Go to Test 33.
  - b. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 36.
  - c. No. Replace ECM.

# 33. Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect radio [27].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes, with 2 or more amplifiers. Go to Test 34.
  - b. Yes, with 1 amplifiers. Go to Test 35.
  - c. Yes, no amplifier. Go to Test 36.
  - d. No. Replace radio.

# 34. Amplifier 2 or More Test

NOTE

If system contains more that 2 amplifier, repeat test on each additional one if needed.

- 1. Disconnect amplifier 2 [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 35.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier 2.

# 35. Amplifier 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier 1 [149].
- 2. Test resistance between [91A] terminals 1 and 3.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 36.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier 1.

# 36. LHCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect LHCM [24].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes, with ABS. Go to Test 37.
  - b. Yes, without ABS. Go to Test 38.

c. No. Replace LHCM.

# 37. ABS Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ABS module [166].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 38.
  - b. No. Replace ABS module.

# 38. BCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM [242].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 39.
  - b. No. Replace BCM. See diagnostic tips.

# 39. RHCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect RHCM [22-1].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/R) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 39.

# 40. CAN Low Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between [91A] terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

# 41. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to BCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM [242].
- 3. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB terminal E2.
- 6. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/BK) wire between [91A] terminal 3 and [242B] terminal E2.

## 42. CAN High Circuit Resistance to BCM Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB terminal D2.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/R) wire between [91A] terminal 1 and [242B] terminal D2.
  - b. No, with ABS. Go to Test 43.
  - c. No, without ABS. Go to Test 45.

# 43. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to ABS Module Test

- 1. Remove cables and BCM BOB. Connect BCM [242].
- 2. Disconnect ABS [166].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to wiring harness connector [166B]. Leaving [166A] disconnected, test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB terminal 10.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/BK) wire between [91A] terminal 3 and [166B] terminal 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 44.

# 44. CAN High Circuit Resistance to ABS Module Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB terminal 18.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/R) wire between [91A] terminal 1 and [166B] terminal 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 45.

# 45. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to Speedometer Test

- 1. Remove cables and ABS BOB, connect ABS module [166].
- 2. Disconnect instrument [39].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) and BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to wiring harness connectors [39B]. Leave [39A] disconnected.
- 4. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB terminal 8.
- 5. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/BK) wire between [91A] terminal 3 and [39B] terminal 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 46.

#### 46. CAN High Circuit Resistance to Speedometer Test

1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB terminal 2.

- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/R) wire between [91A] terminal 1 and [39B] terminal 2.
  - b. No, with fairing. Go to Test 47.
  - c. **No, without fairing.** Concern is intermittent. Perform wiggle test and verify all connectors are properly connected. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

#### 47. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to Radio Test

- 1. Remove cables and BOB, connect instrument [39].
- 2. Disconnect radio [27].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [27B], leaving [27A] disconnected.
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB terminal A2.
- 6. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/BK) wire between [91A] terminal 3 and [27B] terminal A2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 48.

## 48. CAN High Circuit Resistance to Radio Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB terminal A1.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes, with 2 or more amplifiers. Go to Test 49.
  - b. Yes, with 1 amplifiers. Go to Test 51.
  - c. **No.** Concern is intermittent. Perform wiggle test and verify all connectors are properly connected. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

# 49. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to Amplifier 2 or More Test

#### NOTE

If system contains more than 2 amplifiers, repeat test on each additional one if needed.

- 1. Remove cables and BOB, connect radio [27].
- 2. Disconnect amplifier 2 [149B-2].
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918), leaving [149A-2] disconnected.
- 4. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB terminal 18.
- 5. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/BK) wire between [91A] terminal 3 and [149B-1] terminal 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 50.

## 50. CAN High Circuit Resistance Amplifier 2 Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB terminal 11.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/R) wire between [91A] terminal 1 and [149B-2] terminal 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 51.

# 51. CAN Low Circuit Resistance to Amplifier 1 Test

- 1. Remove cables and BOB.
- 2. Disconnect amplifier 1 [149].
- 3. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918), leaving [149A] disconnected.
- 4. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire and BOB terminal 18.
- 5. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/BK) wire between [91A] terminal 3 and [27B] terminal 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 52.

# 52. CAN High Circuit Resistance to Amplifier 1 Test

- 1. Test resistance between [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire and BOB terminal 11.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (W/R) wire between [91A] terminal 1 and [149] terminal 11.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. Perform wiggle test and verify all connectors are properly connected. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The CAN bus circuit provides a means for the ECM, instruments, BCM, hand control modules, the ABS module (if equipped), radio and amps (if equipped) to communicate their current status. When all operating parameters on the CAN bus are within specification, a state of health message is sent between the components.

The CAN bus is made up of two circuits. The (W/R) is the CAN bus high circuit and the (W/BK) is the CAN bus low circuit. Both of these circuits show around 2.5V when measured between each of the circuits and ground with the IGN ON. These circuits are connected to each module on the CAN bus network. A fault on either one of these circuits will cause several modules to set "U" codes and may cause a complete loss of communication between all modules.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
U0003	Network management monitoring
U0100	Lost comm w/ECM
U0121	Lost comm w/ABS
U0140	Lost comm w/BCM
U0141	Lost comm w/LHCM
U0142	Lost comm w/RHCM
U0156	Lost comm w/speedometer
U0184	Lost comm w/radio
U0300	Internal control module software incompatibility

#### Table 2-3. Code Description

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

Modules must have power in order to communicate on the CAN bus. It is important to check for battery power and ground

on any module that is not communicating on the CAN bus network.

At least two modules will set a lost communication DTC when one module has lost the ability to communicate on the CAN bus.

- When two or more modules are setting the same U-code, this indicates a problem with the device the code is set against.
- If two or more modules are intermittently setting the same U-code, it indicates an intermittent problem with the device the code is set against or intermittent CAN, power or ground wires to the device.

See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24) to test wiring to the component.

The BCM supplies power to several systems. When testing for a short to voltage, perform all tests before disconnecting the BCM to keep from powering down systems on the vehicle. If the short to voltage goes away when the BCM is disconnected, test for continuity between the circuit in question and BCM [242B] terminals F4, J3, L3, L4 and M2 to verify the tested circuit is not shorted to one of these circuits. If continuity is present, repair shorted circuit instead of replacing the BCM.

Historic U-codes may be found if battery power has been lost for any reason or if the main or battery fuse have been disconnected and reconnected. This may also happen during diagnostics using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) if the diagnostics connector has been disconnected before vehicle has been powered down. This is not an indication of a problem and does not cause any loss of functionality.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

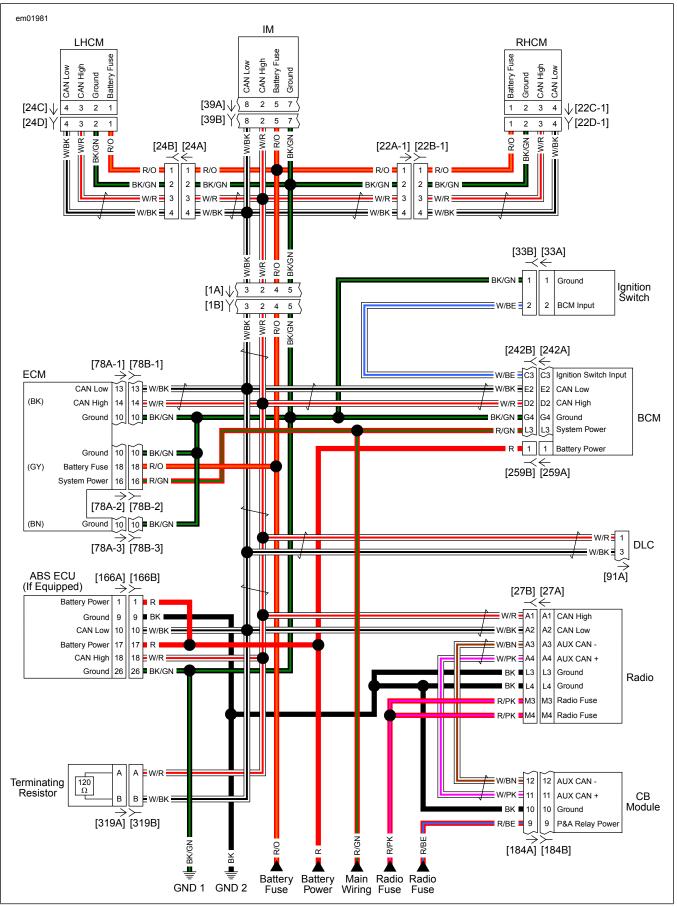


Figure 2-8. CAN Bus Circuit: FLH with Fairing

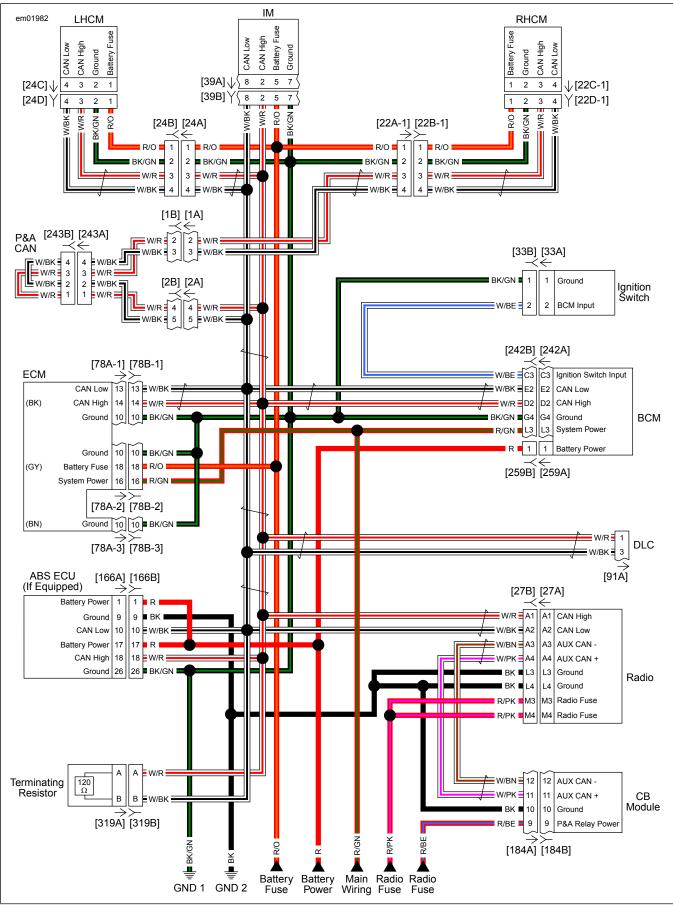


Figure 2-9. CAN Bus Circuit: FLT

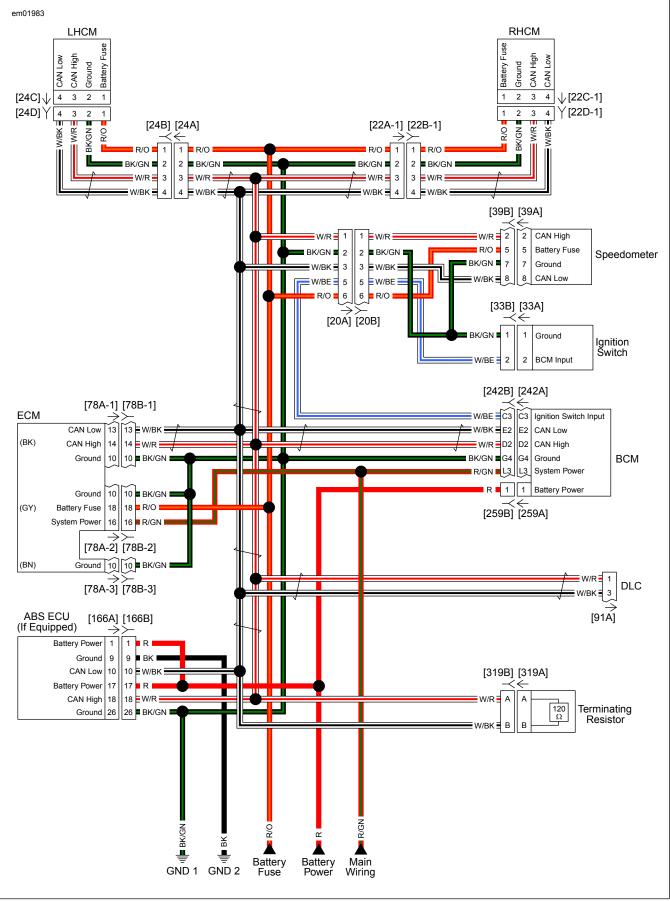


Figure 2-10. CAN Bus Circuit: FLHR

# Table 2-4. DTC U0003 Diagnostic Faults POSSIBLE CAUSES

ABS ECU fault or malfunction

#### 1. ABS ECU DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC U0003 reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ABS module.
  - b. No. ABS system working properly.

#### **DTC U0100**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 2-5. DTC U0100 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in CAN high circuit to the ECM	
Open in CAN low circuit to the ECM	
Open in ECM system power circuit	
Open in ECM ground circuit	

#### 1. DTC Test

- 1. Check for additional DTCs.
- 2. Are DTCs B2102, B2103, or B2104 also set?
  - a. Yes. Diagnose those DTCs first.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Module Test

- 1. View odometer.
- 2. Is only BCM setting DTC?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No, ABS module only. Go to Test 8.
  - c. No, instruments only. Go to Test 9.
  - d. No, multiple modules. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. System Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness connectors [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GN) wire.

### 4. ECM [78-1] Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 10 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 5. ECM [78-2] Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 10 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 6. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 14 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

#### 7. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 13 and [91A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

#### 8. Verify ABS Module Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Replace ABS module with a known good ABS module.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Attempt to start vehicle.
- 5. Check DTC.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. **Yes.** Check vehicle for any accessories connected to the CAN bus.
  - b. No. Replace ABS module.

## 9. Verify Speedometer/IM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Non-fairing models: Replace speedometer with known good speedometer. Fairing models: Replace IM with known good IM.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Attempt to start vehicle.
- 5. Check DTC.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. **Yes.** Check vehicle for any accessories connected to the CAN bus.
  - b. No, non-fairing models. Replace speedometer.
  - c. No, fairing models. Replace IM.

#### 10. Verify BCM Test

- 1. Replace BCM with a known good BCM.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Attempt to start vehicle.
- 4. Check DTC.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. **Yes.** Check vehicle for any accessories connected to the CAN bus.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

#### **11. System Power DTC Test**

- 1. Remove BOB.
- 2. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Verify DTCs.
- 4. Did B2102, B2103 or B2104 set?
  - a. **Yes.** See SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-7).
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GN) wire.

## DTC U0121

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1-P1	ABS OVERLAY
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

#### Table 2-6. DTC U0121 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- Open in CAN high circuit to the ABS ECU
- Open in CAN low circuit to the ABS ECU
- Open in ABS system power circuit
- Open in ABS ground circuit

## 1. ABS Voltage Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to wiring harness [166B], leaving [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ABS OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1-P1) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 17 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present on both?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R) wire.

#### 2. ABS Ground Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminals 1 and 9.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 3. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 18 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

#### 4. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 10 and DLC [91A] terminal 3.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace ABS module.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

# NO VEHICLE POWER: DTC U0140

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 2-7. No Vehicle Power Diagnostic Faults: DTC U0140

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in CAN high circuit to the BCM	
Open in CAN low circuit to the BCM	
Open in ignition switch circuit	
Short to ground in ignition switch circuit	

#### Table 2-7. No Vehicle Power Diagnostic Faults: DTC U0140

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in ignition switch circuit

Ignition switch malfunction

Open in BCM battery power circuit

Open in BCM ground circuit

#### 1. Ignition Switch Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition switch [33].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [33B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) ground wire.

## 2. Ignition Switch Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test resistance between [33A] terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-500 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Replace the ignition switch.

## 3. Ignition Switch Accessory Test

- 1. Turn IGN to ACC.
- 2. Test resistance between [33A] terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance between 400-1900 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace ignition switch.

## 4. Ignition Switch Signal Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [33B] terminal 2 (W/BE) wire and BOB terminal C3.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BE) wire.

#### 5. Switch Signal Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [33B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. Ignition Switch Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect [242B].
- 2. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal C3 from [242B].
- 3. Connect [242B] to BOB.
- 4. Test voltage between [33B] terminal 2 (W/BE) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. BCM Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [33].
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal G4 (BK/GN) wire and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

#### 8. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal D2 and DLC [91A] terminal 1 (W/R) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

#### 9. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal E2 and [91A] terminal 3 (W/BK) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

#### 10. BCM Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect BCM power [259B].
- 2. Test voltage between [259B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R) wire.

## LEFT HAND CONTROLS INOPERATIVE: DTC U0141

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

# Table 2-8. Left Hand Controls Inoperative, DTC U0141Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in CAN high circuit to the LHCM	
Open in CAN low circuit to the LHCM	
Open in LHCM battery power circuit	
Open in LHCM ground circuit	

## 1. LHCM Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect LHCM [24D].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [24D] terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

## 2. LHCM Test

- 1. Test voltage between [24D] terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 3. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [24D] terminal 3 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

## 4. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [24D] terminal 4 and [91A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace LHCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

#### DTC U0142

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 2-9. DTC U0142 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Open in CAN high circuit to the RHCM	
Open in CAN low circuit to the RHCM	
Open in RHCM battery power circuit	
Open in RHCM ground circuit	

## 1. RHCM Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect RHCM [22D-1].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [22D-1] terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

#### 2. RHCM Test

- 1. Test voltage between [22D-1] terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 3. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [22D-1] terminal 3 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

## 4. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [22D-1] terminal 4 and [91A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

# **SPEEDOMETER INOPERATIVE: DTC U0156**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 2-10. Speedometer Inoperative: DTC U0156 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in CAN high circuit to the speedometer
Open in CAN low circuit to the speedometer
Open in speedometer battery power circuit
Open in speedometer ground circuit

#### 1. Speedometer Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) and BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to wiring harness [39B], leaving [39A] disconnected.

- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

## 2. Speedometer Ground Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminals 5 and 7.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 3. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

## 4. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [91A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes, non-fairing models. Replace speedometer.
  - b. Yes, fairing models. Replace IM.
  - c. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

# DTC U0184

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 2-11. DTC U0184 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in CAN high circuit to the radio	
Open in CAN low circuit to the radio	
Open in radio system power circuit	
Open in radio ground circuit	

## 1. Radio Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [27B], leaving [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal M3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/PK) wire.

### 2. Radio Ground Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminals L3 and M3.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

## 3. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal A1 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

## 4. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal A2 and DLC [91A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

## DTC U0300

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

#### Table 2-12. DTC U0300 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

ECM software error

#### 1. Verify DTC

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF for 30 seconds.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. System working properly.

#### 2. Reflash ECM

- 1. Using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) reflash ECM.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF for 30 seconds.
- 4. Check DTCs.

- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System working properly.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The fuel and voltmeter gauges send their information to the IM using a proprietary data link called HD-Link. HD-Link uses one (V/W) wire.

The CB module uses a proprietary AUX CAN bus. The AUX CAN bus is only for the CB module and radio to communicate. The AUX CAN bus is made up of two circuits. The (W/PK) is the AUX CAN bus high circuit and the (W/BN) is the AUX CAN bus low circuit.

#### Table 2-13. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
U0158	Lost comm w/fuel gauge
U0159	Lost comm w/volt gauge
U0160	Lost comm w/fuel and volt gauges
U1302	ACC bus perf error
U1401	Lost comm w/CB

## **Diagnostic Tips**

Modules must have power in order to communicate on HD-Link or AUX CAN bus. It is important to check for battery power and ground on any module that is not communicating on HD-Link or AUX CAN bus network.

The BCM supplies power to several systems. When testing for a short to voltage, perform all tests before disconnecting the BCM to keep from powering down systems on the vehicle. If the short to voltage goes away when the BCM is disconnected, test for continuity between the circuit in question and BCM [242B] terminals F4, J3, L3, L4 and M2 to verify the tested circuit is not shorted to one of these circuits. If continuity is present, repair shorted circuit instead of replacing the BCM.

Historic U-codes may be found if battery power has been lost for any reason or if the main or battery fuses have been disconnected and reconnected. This may also happen during diagnostics using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) if the diagnostics connector has been disconnected before vehicle has been powered down. This is not an indication of a problem and does not cause any loss of functionality.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

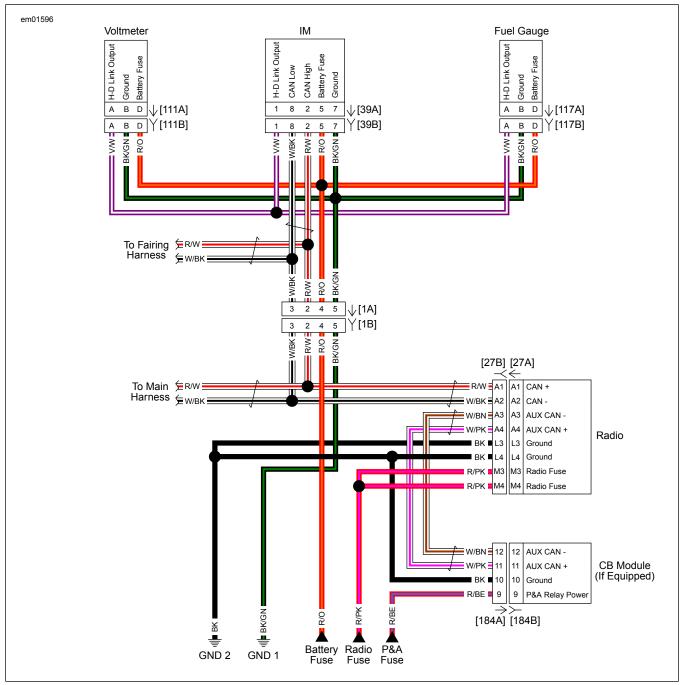
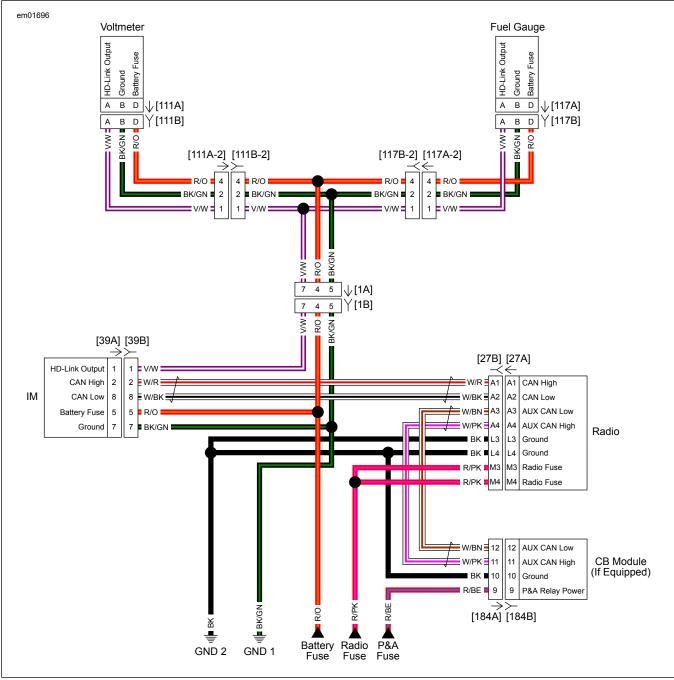
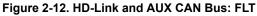


Figure 2-11. HD-Link and AUX CAN Bus: FLH with Fairing





# DTC U0158

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 2-14. DTC U0158 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in HD-Link circuit to the fuel gauge	
Open in fuel gauge battery power circuit	
Open in fuel gauge ground circuit	

## 1. Fuel Gauge Voltage Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [117B] terminal D and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

# 2. Ground Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [117B] terminal B and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 3. HD-Link Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Disconnect IM [39].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Test resistance between [117B] terminal A and BOB terminal 1.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel gauge.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/W) wire.

## DTC U0159

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 2-15. DTC U0159 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in HD-Link circuit to the voltmeter	
Open in voltmeter battery power circuit	
Open in voltmeter ground circuit	

#### 1. Voltmeter Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect voltmeter [111].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [111B] terminal D and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

## 2. Ground Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [111B] terminal B and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 3. HD-Link Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Disconnect IM [39].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Test resistance between [111B] terminal A and BOB terminal 1.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace voltmeter.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/W) wire.

# PART NUMBER TOOL N

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 2-16. DTC U0160 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage in HD-Link circuit	
Open in HD-Link circuit	
Short to ground in HD-Link circuit	

#### 1. HD-Link Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Disconnect voltmeter [111].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [111B] terminal A and BOB terminal 1.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/W) wire.

#### 2. HD-Link Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. Fuel Gauge Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (V/W) wire.
  - b. No. Replace fuel gauge.

#### 4. HD-Link Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 5. Fuel Gauge Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].

- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (V/W) wire.
  - b. No. Replace fuel gauge.

#### 6. Voltmeter Short to Ground Test

- 1. Connect voltmeter [111].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace voltmeter.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 7. Voltmeter Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace voltmeter.
  - b. No. Replace IM.

## DTC U1302

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 2-17. DTC U1302 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Module shorted to ground or voltage

#### 1. Accessory Bus Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to radio wire harness [27B], leaving [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal A3 and ground.
- 5. Test continuity between BOB terminal A4 and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present on either circuit?
  - a. Yes, with CB. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **Yes, without CB.** Repair short to ground in (W/PK) or (W/BN) wire.
  - c. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 2. CB Module Test

1. Disconnect CB module [184].

- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal A3 and ground.
- 3. Test continuity between BOB terminal A4 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present on either circuit?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/PK) or (W/BN) wires.
  - b. No. Replace CB module.

#### 3. Accessory Bus Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal A3 and ground.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal A4 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage present on either circuit?
  - a. Yes, with CB. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **Yes, without CB.** Repair short to voltage in (W/PK) or (W/BN) wire.
  - c. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 4. CB Accessory BUS Test

- 1. Disconnect CB module [184].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal A3 and ground.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal A4 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/PK) or (W/BN) wire.
  - b. No. Replace CB module.

#### 5. Accessory BUS Shorted Together Test

- 1. Disconnect CB module [184].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal A3 and A4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (W/PK) or (W/BN) wires.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

## DTC U1401

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 2-18. DTC U1401 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open in both Aux CAN high and low circuit to CB module

#### 1. Aux CAN High Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to radio wire harness [27B], leaving [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal A3 and [184A] terminal 12.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open aux CAN high circuit (W/BN) wire.

#### 2. Aux CAN Low Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal A4 and [184A] terminal 11.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Test for intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No. Repair open aux CAN low circuit (W/PK) wire.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II	

The amplifiers use the CAN bus to communicate their current status. The CAN bus circuit also provides a means for the ECM, instruments, BCM, hand control modules, ABS module (if equipped) and radio to communicate their current status. When all operating parameters on the CAN bus are within specification, a state of health message is sent between components.

The CAN bus is made up of two circuits. The (W/R) is the CAN bus high circuit and the (W/BK) is the CAN bus low circuit. Both circuits show around 2.5V when measured between each of the circuits and ground with the IGN ON. These circuits are connected to each module on the CAN bus network. A fault on either one of these circuits will cause several modules to set "U" codes and may cause a complete loss of communication between all modules.

Table 2-19. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION	
U0185	Lost comm w/AMP 1	
U0186	Lost comm w/AMP 2	
U0187	Lost comm w/AMP 3	
U0188	Lost comm w/AMP 4	

## **Diagnostic Tips**

Modules must have power in order to communicate on the CAN bus. It is important to check for battery power and ground on any module that is not communicating on the CAN bus network. Only the radio is capable of setting these codes. If the radio is intermittently setting the same U-code, it indicates an intermittent problem with the device the code is set against or intermittent CAN, power or ground wires to the device. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24) to test wiring to the component.

The BCM supplies power to several systems. When testing for a short to voltage, perform all tests before disconnecting the BCM to keep from powering down systems on the vehicle. If the short to voltage goes away when the BCM is disconnected, test for continuity between the circuit in question and BCM [242B] terminals F4, J3, L3, L4 and M2 to verify the tested circuit is not shorted to one of these circuits. If continuity is present, repair shorted circuit instead of replacing the BCM. Historic U-codes may be found if battery power has been lost for any reason or if the main or battery fuses have been disconnected and reconnected. This may also happen if during diagnostics using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650). The diagnostics connector has been disconnected before vehicle has been powered down. This is not an indication of a problem and does not cause any loss of functionality.

For DTC U0187, if more than two amplifiers are present, use DTC U0186 diagnostics by replacing the following:

- AMP 2 for AMP 3.
- AMP 2 fuse for AMP 3 fuse.
- Between [149-2] for between [149-3].
- Disconnect AMP 2 [149-2] for disconnect AMP 3 [149-3].

For DTC U0188, if more than two amplifiers are present, use DTC U0186 diagnostics by replacing the following:

- AMP 2 for AMP 4.
- AMP 2 fuse for AMP 4 fuse.
- Between [149-2] for between [149-4].
- Disconnect AMP 2 [149-2] for disconnect AMP 4 [149-4].

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

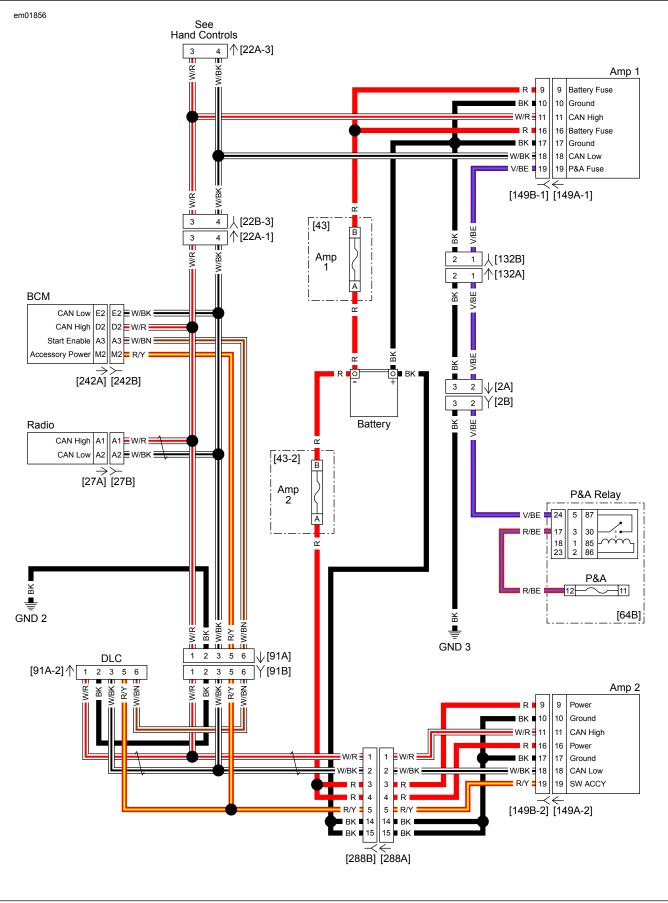


Figure 2-13. AMP 1 and AMP 2 CAN Bus

## DTC U0185

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 2-20. DTC U0185 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- Open in CAN high circuit to AMP 1
- Open in CAN low circuit to AMP 1
- Open in AMP 1 switched power circuit
- Open in AMP 1 ground circuit
- Open in AMP 1 battery power circuit

#### 1. Fuse Test

- 1. Check AMP 1 fuse.
- 2. Is fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair as needed, replace fuse.

## 2. AMP 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect AMP 1 [149-1].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [149B-1] terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R) wire.

## 3. AMP 1 Ground Test

- 1. Test voltage between [149B-1] terminals 9 and 10.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 4. Switched Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [149B-1] terminal 19 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 5. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [149B-1] terminal 11 and DLC [91A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.

b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

## 6. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [149B-1] terminal 18 and DLC [91A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace AMP 1.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

## 7. Switched Power Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between [149B-1] terminal 19 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground on [149B-1] terminal 19 (V/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. BCM Test

- 1. Connect [149-1].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

#### 9. P&A Relay Test

- 1. Disconnect [149-1].
- 2. Remove P&A relay.
- 3. Test resistance between [149B-1] terminal 19 and fuse block [64] terminal 24.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace P&A relay.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/BE) wire.

## DTC U0186

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 2-21. DTC U0186 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in CAN high circuit to AMP 2
Open in CAN low circuit to AMP 2
Open in AMP 1 switched power circuit
Open in AMP 1 ground circuit
Open in AMP 2 battery power circuit

#### 1. Fuse Test

- 1. Check AMP 2 fuse.
- 2. Is fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair as needed, replace fuse.

## 2. AMP 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect AMP 2 [149-2].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [149B-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R) wire.

#### 3. AMP 2 Ground Test

- 1. Test voltage between [149B-2] terminals 9 and 10.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 4. Switched Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [149B-2] terminal 19 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 5. CAN High Circuit Continuity Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between [149B-2] terminal 11 and BOB terminal D2.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/R) wire.

#### 6. CAN Low Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [149B-2] terminal 18 and BOB terminal E2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace AMP 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/BK) wire.

#### 7. Switched Power Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between [149B-2] terminal 19 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. BCM Test

- 1. Connect [149-2].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open in (R/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
3.1 BATTERY TESTING	
3.2 STARTING SYSTEM	
3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS	
3.4 TESTING STARTER ON MOTORCYCLE	3-17
3.5 TESTING STARTER ON BENCH	3-18
3.6 CHARGING SYSTEM	
3.7 ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS	
3.8 BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS	3-28
3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS	
3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS	3-35
3.11 BCM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS	3-39

# **BATTERY TESTING**

#### **GENERAL**

Test battery condition by using a voltage, charging or load test.

Always fully charge battery prior to load testing.

#### NOTE

An automatic, constant monitoring battery charger/tender with a charging rate of 5 amps or less at less than 14.6V is recommended. The use of constant current chargers (including trickle chargers) to charge sealed AGM batteries is not recommended. Any overcharge will cause dry-out and premature battery failure.

## **VOLTMETER TEST**

The voltmeter test provides a general indication of battery state of charge or condition. Check the voltage of the battery to verify that it is in a 100% fully charged condition. Refer to Table 3-1.

If the open circuit (disconnected) voltage reading is below 12.6V, charge battery and then check voltage after battery has set for 1-2 hours. If voltage reading is 12.7V or above, perform a load test. See BATTERY TESTING, Load Test (Page 3-1).

Table 3-1. Voltmeter Test For Battery Charge Conditions

VOLTAGE	STATE OF CHARGE
12.7	100%
12.6	75%
12.3	50%
12.0	25%
11.8	0%

#### **BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC TEST**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
GRX-3110HD	HD BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC STATION	

Test battery using the HD BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC STATION (PART NUMBER: GRX-3110HD).

#### A WARNING

Disconnect negative (-) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00049a)

- 1. Disconnect and remove battery.
- 2. Read GRX instruction manual before performing a battery test.
- Connect HD BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC STATION (PART NUMBER: GRX-3110HD) leads to the battery terminals.
- Test results will include a decision on battery condition and measured state of charge. See Figure 3-1. The GRX printer will provide a printout including test results:
  - a. GOOD BATTERY Return battery to service.
  - b. REPLACE BATTERY Replace battery.



Figure 3-1. Battery Test Results Printout (Typical)

#### A WARNING

Disconnect negative (-) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00049a)

#### NOTE

Always fully charge battery before testing or test readings will be incorrect. Load testing a discharged battery can also result in permanent battery damage.

 With vehicle battery on a bench, charge battery using an automatic, constant monitoring battery charger approved for AGM batteries.

#### A WARNING

Turn battery load tester OFF before connecting tester cables to battery terminals. Connecting tester cables with load tester ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00252a)

#### NOTE

To avoid load tester and/or battery damage, do not leave load tester switch turned ON for more than 20 seconds.

2. See Figure 3-2. Connect tester leads to battery posts and place induction pickup over negative (black) cable.

#### A WARNING

Turn battery load tester OFF before disconnecting tester cables to battery terminals. Disconnecting tester cables with load tester ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00253a)

#### A WARNING

Connect positive (+) battery cable first. If positive (+) cable should contact ground with negative (-) cable connected, the resulting sparks can cause a battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00068a)

#### NOTICE

Do not over-tighten bolts on battery terminals. Use recommended torque values. Over-tightening battery terminal bolts could result in damage to battery terminals. (00216a)

 Load battery at 50 percent of CCA rating using load tester. Voltage reading after 15 seconds should be 9.6V or more at 70 °F (21 °C). Refer to Table 3-2.

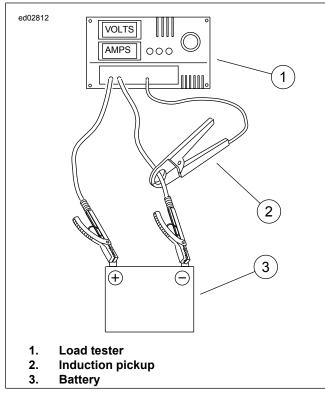


Figure 3-2. Load Test Battery

Table	3-2.	Battery	Load	Test
-------	------	---------	------	------

COLD CRANKING AMPERAGE (CCA)	100%	50%
Touring models	405	200

Battery voltage is supplied to the BCM at all times through the main fuse. The BCM provides and monitors a voltage signal to the ignition switch. This signal changes depending on the position of the IGN switch.

When the engine stop switch is in the RUN position, a CAN message is sent, signaling the BCM that the switch is in the RUN position. If CAN communication is interrupted while the engine is running, the BCM checks for the signal from the redundant engine stop switch circuit.

When the start switch is pressed, a CAN message is sent to the BCM. The BCM provides power to the starter solenoid. This energizes the solenoid and full battery power is sent to the starter. The BCM disables the starter solenoid if the start switch is pressed for more than 10 seconds.

## **COMPONENTS**

#### Starter

The starter receives power from the battery through the starter solenoid and is grounded through the starter case. When the starter solenoid is energized, two events happen:

- The plunger pulls inward which allows current to flow to the starter motor.
- The pinion gear engages with the ring gear on the clutch shell.

With the starter motor turning, the rotation is transferred:

- The starter armature gear transfers rotation to the idler gear.
- The idler gear transfers rotation to the starter clutch.
- The starter clutch transfers rotation through a spline gear to the starter drive shaft which also drives the pinion gear.
- The pinion gear transfers its rotation to the ring gear on the clutch shell.
- The primary chain drives the alternator rotor sprocket on the end of the crankshaft.

The starter clutch has a one-way clutch. When the engine starts, it allows the clutch shell and sprocket to spin freely without causing any damage to the starter motor. After the engine starts and the start switch is released, the plunger returns to its normal position, disengaging the pinion gear from the clutch shell and sprocket.

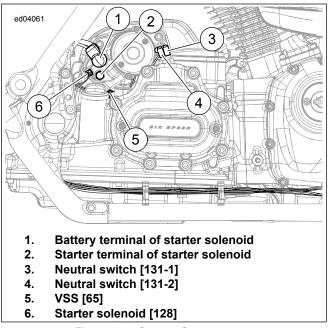


Figure 3-3. Starter Components

#### **Starter Solenoid**

See Figure 3-3. The starter solenoid provides power to the starter. The solenoid is a means of controlling a high amperage device with a low amperage switch. The low amperage switch in this circuit is the BCM. The BCM sends voltage to the starter solenoid making a magnetic field that pulls a larger circuit closed, allowing voltage to the starter.

#### **Engine Stop Switch**

The engine stop switch is located on the right hand controls. With the engine stop switch in the RUN position, a CAN message is sent, signaling the BCM that the switch is in the RUN position. If CAN communication is interrupted while engine is running, a redundant engine stop switch circuit allows communication to the BCM.

#### **Start Switch**

The start switch is a push button switch located in the right hand controls. When the start switch is pressed, a CAN message is sent to the BCM.

#### BCM

The BCM supplies ignition and accessory power to most of the vehicle. It controls the lighting along with other functions by using the switches as inputs and the power circuits for the lights and other electrical loads as outputs.

#### **Ignition Switch**

The BCM provides and monitors a voltage signal to the ignition switch, which is an open circuit in the OFF position. The ignition switch routes the signal through a 200 ohm resistor to ground in the IGN position or through a 800 ohm resistor to ground in the ACC position. The difference in resistance in the ignition switch informs the BCM of the switch position.

#### A WARNING

Batteries contain sulfuric acid, which could cause severe burns to eyes and skin. Wear a protective face shield, rubberized gloves and protective clothing when working with batteries. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00063a)

#### A WARNING

Never remove warning label attached to top of battery. Failure to read and understand all precautions contained in warning, could result in death or serious injury. (00064a)

#### A WARNING

Explosive hydrogen gas, which escapes during charging, could cause death or serious injury. Charge battery in a well-ventilated area. Keep open flames, electrical sparks and smoking materials away from battery at all times. KEEP BATTERIES AWAY FROM CHILDREN. (00065a)

## A WARNING

If battery becomes hot, gassing or spewing of electrolyte can occur, which could cause death or serious injury. Unplug or turn OFF the charger until battery cools. (00412b)

#### A WARNING

Batteries, battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, and other chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Wash hands after handling. (00019e)

#### NOTICE

If battery releases an excessive amount of gas during charging, decrease the charging rate. Overheating can result in plate distortion, internal shorting, drying out or damage. (00413b)

The AGM batteries are permanently sealed, maintenance-free, valve-regulated, lead/calcium and sulfuric acid batteries.

The battery is recharged by the alternator and kept from overcharging by the regulator during use.

Battery condition can be determined by a voltage test, a charging and a load test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).

The battery must be fully charged to perform a conductance test or a load test.

## **Grinding Noise or Erratic Starting**

- 1. Remove starter.
- 2. Inspect starter mounting surface and mating area on inner primary for arcing and pitting. This condition is caused by insufficient ground and or clamp load.
- 3. Clean mating surfaces.
- Inspect starter pinion gear. Replace starter clutch assemblies with cracked or missing teeth. Rounding of pinion gear teeth is considered normal. If replacing pinion gear, inspect ring gear on clutch. Replace clutch ring gear if damaged.
- 5. Install starter.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

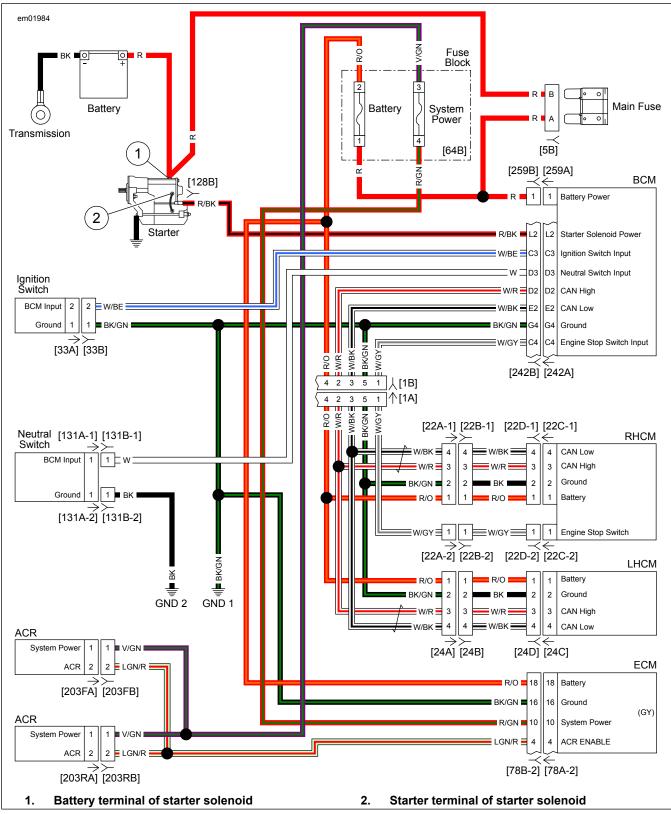


Figure 3-4. Starting Circuit: FLH with Fairing

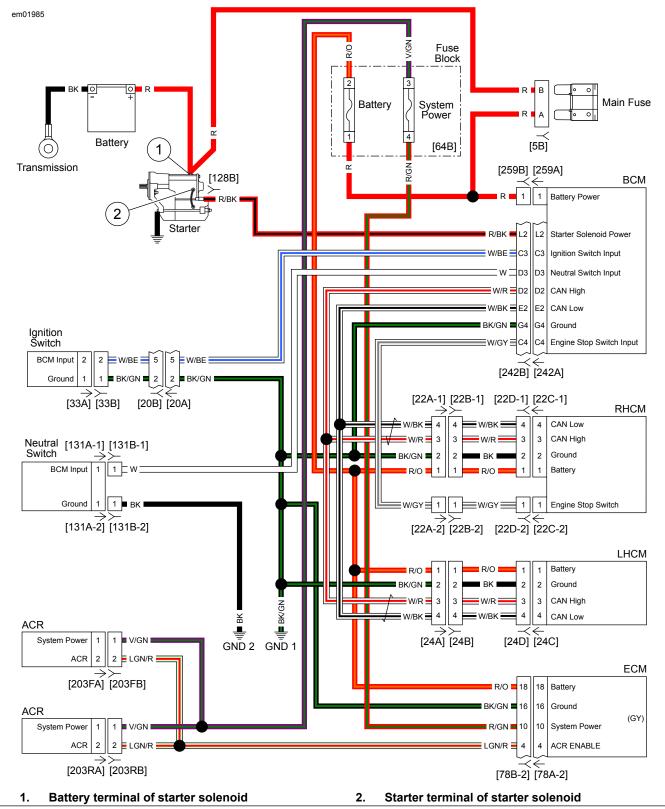
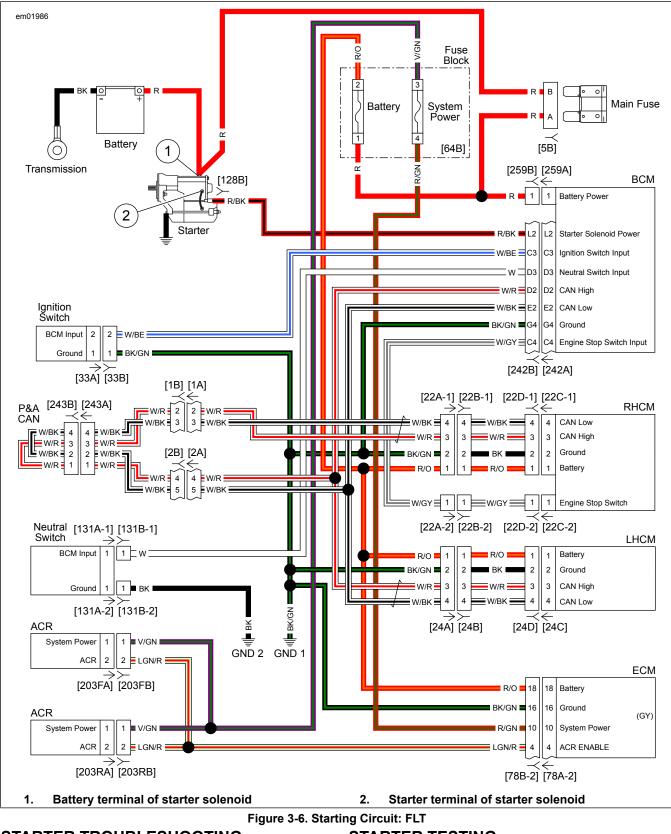


Figure 3-5. Starting Circuit: FLH without Fairing



## STARTER TROUBLESHOOTING

# STARTER TESTING

Troubleshooting tables contain detailed procedures to solve and correct problems. Follow STARTING SYSTEM (Page 3-3) to diagnose starting system problems. The DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Voltage Drop (Page 1-23) procedure will help you to locate poor connections or components with excessive voltage drops.

#### Table 3-3. Starter Testing Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage at starter solenoid	
Start switch malfunction	
Short to voltage on BCM supply circuit	

## 1. Starting System Operational Test

- 1. Press start switch.
- 2. Does starter spin?
  - a. Yes, starter spins but does not engage. See STARTING SYSTEM, Starter Spins But Does Not Engage (Page 3-10).
  - b. Yes, starter stalls or spins too slowly. See STARTING SYSTEM, Starter Stalls or Spins Too Slowly (Page 3-10).
  - c. Yes, starter runs on. Go to Test 3.
  - d. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Noise Test

- 1. While listening for clicking noise from starter solenoid, press start switch.
- 2. Is there a click?
  - a. Yes, starter solenoid clicks. See STARTING SYSTEM, Starter Solenoid Clicks (Page 3-9).
  - b. No. See STARTING SYSTEM, Nothing Clicks (Page 3-8).

#### 3. Starter Solenoid Test

- 1. Disconnect starter solenoid [128].
- 2. Does starter stop?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.

#### 4. Checking DTCs Test

- 1. Check DTCs.
- 2. Is DTC B2122 present?
  - a. Yes. See STARTER OUTPUT DTCS (Page 3-12).
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## **NOTHING CLICKS**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-4. Nothing Clicks Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES		
Low battery		
Open fuse		
Neutral switch malfunction		
Open neutral circuit		
Open ignition switch circuit		
Open starter solenoid power circuit		
Poor starter housing ground		

#### NOTE

- Verify that vehicle is in neutral.
- Check that key fob is present and in working order (if security equipped).
- · Verify the engine stop switch is in RUN position.

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

#### 2. Ignition Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Do odometer, headlamp and tail lamps illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No, odometer is inoperative, but headlamp and tail lamps illuminate. See Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3).
  - c. No, odometer, headlamp and tail lamps inoperative. See NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC U0140 (Page 2-18).

#### 3. Starter Solenoid Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect starter solenoid [128].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), during the first 4-5 seconds, while start button is pressed, test voltage between [128B] (R/BK) wire and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 4. Starter Ground Test

- 1. Remove starter attaching bolts.
- 2. Clean bolts and starter base, install starter bolts.
- 3. Does engine crank?
  - a. Yes, engine cranks at normal speed. Repair complete.
  - b. Yes, engine cranks, but at a slower speed. See TESTING STARTER ON MOTORCYCLE, Starter Current Draw Test (Page 3-17).
  - c. No. Replace starter assembly.

#### 5. Neutral Switch Test

1. Observe neutral lamp.

- 2. Is neutral lamp illuminated?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. See INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative (Page 4-26).

#### 6. Starter Solenoid Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and BCM [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal L2 and [128B].
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/BK) wire.

#### 7. BCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5].
- 3. Disconnect BCM and replace with known good BCM.
- 4. Install main fuse.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Attempt to start vehicle.
- 7. Does engine crank?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

## STARTER SOLENOID CLICKS

#### Table 3-5. Starter Solenoid Clicks Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Low battery		
Starter malfunction		
Starter solenoid malfunction		
Poor battery cable connections		
Mechanical binding		

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

# 2. Starter Solenoid Voltage Drop Starter Side Test

1. Perform voltage drop test from battery (+) terminal to starter solenoid terminal 2 (BK) wire.

- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. Starter Solenoid Battery Side Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test from battery (+) terminal to starter solenoid terminal 1 (BK) wire.
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair or replace (BK) wire from starter solenoid terminal 1 to battery (+) terminal.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.

## 4. Starter Ground Circuit Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test from battery (-) terminal to chassis ground.
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Inspect (BK) wire for damage from battery (-) terminal to chassis ground, repair or replace if necessary. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 5. Starter Ground Test

- 1. Remove starter attaching bolts.
- 2. Clean bolts and starter base, install starter bolts.
- 3. Does engine crank?
  - a. Yes, engine cranks at normal speed. Repair complete.
  - b. Yes, engine cranks, but at a slower speed. See TESTING STARTER ON MOTORCYCLE, Starter Current Draw Test (Page 3-17).
  - c. No. Replace starter.

#### 6. Starter Draw Test

- Perform Starter Current Draw Test on motorcycle. See TESTING STARTER ON MOTORCYCLE, Starter Current Draw Test (Page 3-17).
- Perform Starter Motor Free Running Current Draw Test on bench. See TESTING STARTER ON BENCH, Free Running Current Draw Test (Page 3-18).
- 3. Are test results within range?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Replace starter.

#### 7. Mechanical Binding Test

- 1. Remove spark plugs and place transmission in sixth gear.
- 2. Raise vehicle.
- 3. Rotate rear wheel.
- 4. Check for engine binding in the primary and/or crankshaft.
- 5. Is engine binding?
  - a. Yes. Repair as needed.

## STARTER SPINS BUT DOES NOT ENGAGE

Table 3-6. Starter Spins But Does Not Engage Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Starter clutch assembly

Clutch shell and/or starter pinion damage

#### 1. Pinion Gear and Clutch Shell Test

- 1. Remove primary cover.
- 2. Inspect for damage to starter pinion gear and clutch shell and sprocket.

NOTE

Inspect ACR operation (if equipped) before installation of **new** starter clutch assembly.

- 3. Is damage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace clutch assembly or clutch shell and sprocket.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.

# STARTER STALLS OR SPINS TOO SLOWLY

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-7. Starter Stalls or Spins Too Slowly Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES		
Low battery		
Starter malfunction		
Starter solenoid malfunction		
Poor connections at starter ground		
Poor battery cable connections		

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

#### 2. Starter Stud Voltage Drop Test

- Perform voltage drop test from battery (+) terminal to starter solenoid terminal 2. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Voltage Drop (Page 1-23).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.

b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Starter Ground Circuit Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test between battery (-) terminal and starter attaching bolts.
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 4. Chassis Ground Circuit Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test from battery (-) terminal to chassis ground.
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Inspect (BK) wire for damage from battery (-) terminal to chassis ground, repair or replace if necessary.
  - b. No. Clean bolts and starter base, install starter bolts.

## 5. ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wire harness [78B-1], [78B-2], [78B-3] and [78A-1], [78A-2], [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between BOB [78-2] terminals 4 and 10.
- 6. Do ACRs click?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace front and rear ACR solenoids.

#### 6. Starter Draw Test

- 1. Perform Starter Current Draw Test on motorcycle. See TESTING STARTER ON MOTORCYCLE, Starter Current Draw Test (Page 3-17).
- 2. Perform Starter Motor Free Running Current Draw Test (on bench). See TESTING STARTER ON BENCH, Free Running Current Draw Test (Page 3-18).
- 3. Are test results within range?
  - a. **Yes.** With the spark plugs removed and transmission in 6th gear, rotate rear wheel. Check for engine, primary and/or crankshaft bind.
  - b. No. Replace starter.

# 7. Starter Solenoid Battery Side Voltage Drop Test

1. Perform voltage drop test between battery (+) terminal and starter solenoid terminal 1 (R) wire.

- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 1.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair or replace connection between battery (+) terminal and starter solenoid terminal 1 (R) wire.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.

The starter solenoid circuit is controlled and monitored by the BCM. The BCM receives a CAN message from the start switch in the RHCM to engage the starter. Voltage is sent from the BCM to the starter solenoid [128] (R/BK) wire. The BCM disables the starter solenoid if the start switch is pressed for more than 10 seconds.

#### Table 3-8. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2121	Starter output open
B2122	Starter output shorted high
B2123	Starter output shorted low
B2124	Starter output overloaded

## **Conditions for Setting**

- · DTC B2121 will set if starter solenoid circuit draws less than 600 milliamps.
- · DTC B2124 will set if starter solenoid circuit draws more than 12 Amps.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

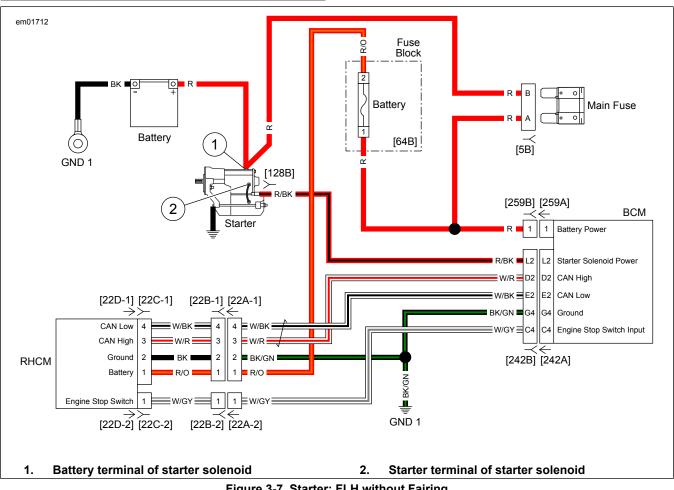
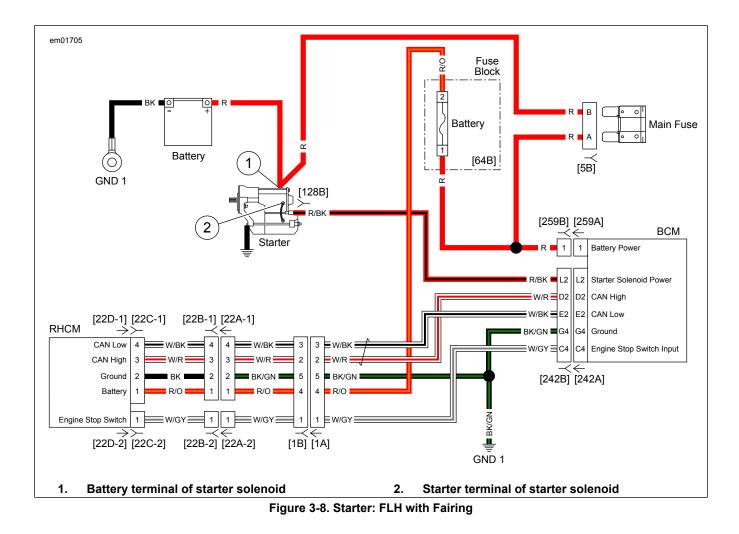
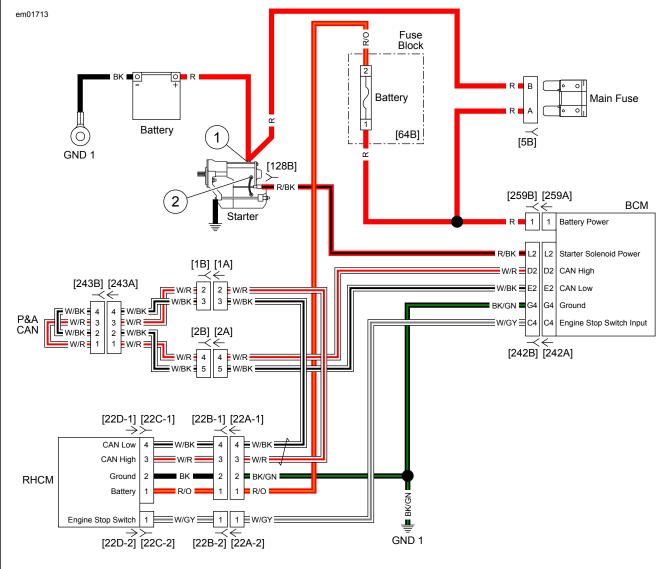


Figure 3-7. Starter: FLH without Fairing





Battery terminal of starter solenoid 1.

#### Starter terminal of starter solenoid

Figure 3-9. Starter: FLT

## **DTC B2121**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

## Table 3-9. DTC B2121 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in starter circuit
Open in starter solenoid

## **1. Starter Solenoid Circuit Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect starter solenoid [128].
- Turn IGN ON. 3.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: 4. HD-41404), during first 4-5 seconds, while start button is pressed, test battery voltage between [128B] (R/BK) and ground.

# 2.

- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace starter assembly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Starter Solenoid Supply Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) 3. is in position on BOB.
- During first 4-5 seconds, while start button is pressed, test 4. voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (R/BK) wire between [242B] terminal L2 and [128B].
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## DTC B2122

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-10. DTC B2122 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short in starter circuit	
--------------------------	--

Short in starter solenoid

#### 1. Starter Solenoid Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect starter solenoid [128].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [128B] (R/BK) and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.

#### 2. Starter Solenoid Supply Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Without pressing start button, test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage in (R/BK) wire between [242B] terminal L2 and [128B].
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## DTC B2123

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-11. DTC B2123 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Sh	nort in starter circuit
Sh	nort in starter solenoid

## 1. Starter Solenoid Supply Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in (R/BK) wire between [242B] terminal L2 and [128B].
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## DTC B2124

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-12. DTC B2124 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short in starter circuit	
Starter solenoid malfunction	
Corrosion at connector	

#### 1. Starter Solenoid [128] Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect starter solenoid [128].
- 3. Inspect [128] and (R/BK) wire for damage or corrosion.
- 4. Is any present?
  - a. Yes. Repair or replace [128] and (R/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Starter Solenoid Circuit Test

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [128B] (R/BK) wire and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.

#### 3. Starter Solenoid Supply Continuity Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- 3. Test continuity between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in (R/BK) wire between [242B] terminal L2 and [128B].
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## STARTER CURRENT DRAW TEST

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-39617	FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE

NOTE

- Engine temperature should be stable and at room temperature.
- Battery should be fully charged.

Check starter current draw with FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (PART NUMBER: HD-39617). See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 1. Verify that transmission is in neutral.
- 2. Disconnect CKP sensor [79].
- 3. Clamp FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (PART NUMBER: HD-39617) around positive battery cable to starter solenoid.

NOTE

After the start button has been pressed for 10 seconds, the BCM will stop voltage to the starter solenoid automatically.

- 4. With IGN ON, press start button and read ammeter. Disregard initial high current reading. This is normal when engine is first turned over.
- 5. Did starter current draw exceed 250A?
  - a. Yes. Perform a bench test. See TESTING STARTER ON BENCH, Free Running Current Draw Test (Page 3-18).
  - b. No. Starter current is within specification.

# **TESTING STARTER ON BENCH**

# FREE RUNNING CURRENT DRAW TEST

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-39617	FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE

- 1. Place starter in vise. Use a clean shop towel to prevent scratches or other damage.
- 2. See Figure 3-10. Attach one heavy jumper cable (6 gauge minimum).
  - a. Connect one end to starter mounting flange.
  - b. Connect the other end to battery (-) terminal of a fully charged battery.
- 3. Connect a second heavy jumper cable (6 gauge minimum).
  - a. Connect one end to battery (+) terminal of battery.
  - b. Connect other end to battery terminal on starter. Clamp FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (PART NUMBER: HD-39617) around cable.

#### ▲ CAUTION

Keep fingers and clothing away from starter gear to prevent personal injury. (00613b)

- 4. Connect a smaller jumper cable (14 gauge minimum).
  - a. Connect one end to positive (+) terminal of battery.
  - b. Connect other end to solenoid relay terminal [128A].
- 5. Check ammeter reading.
  - a. Ammeter should show 90A maximum.
  - b. If reading is higher, replace starter.
  - c. If starter current draw on vehicle was over 250A and this test was within specification, possible causes may be ACR malfunction, engine modifications, or powertrain binding.

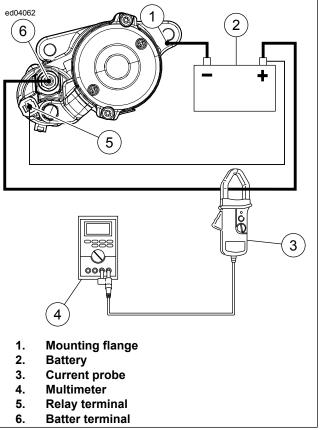
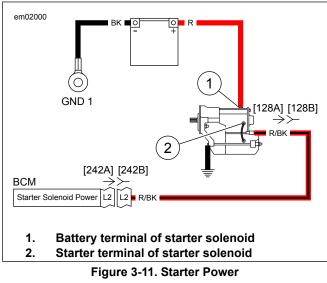


Figure 3-10. Free Running Current Draw Test

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

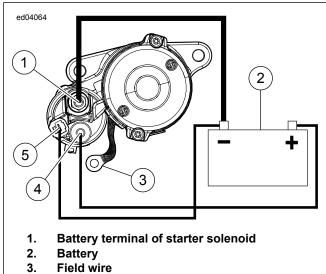


## STARTER SOLENOID TEST

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

Do not disassemble the starter assemble. Perform the test for only 1-2 seconds to prevent damage to the starter assembly. See Figure 3-12. Using a 12V battery, connect three separate test leads as follows:

- 1. Remove field wire from starter terminal of starter solenoid, terminal 2.
- 2. Attach one heavy jumper cable (6 gauge minimum) from negative battery post to battery terminal of start solenoid, terminal 1.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404) attach smaller jumper cable (14 gauge minimum) between positive battery post and starter terminal of starter solenoid washer, terminal 2.
- 4. Using red probe, attach smaller jumper cable (14 gauge minimum) between starter solenoid power [128A] terminal 1 and negative battery post.
- 5. Observe starter shaft.
- 6. Does starter shaft extends strongly?
  - a. Yes. Solenoid is working properly.
  - b. No. Replace starter assembly.



- 4. Starter terminal of starter solenoid
- 5. Starter solenoid [128A]

Figure 3-12. Starter Solenoid Test

# CHARGING SYSTEM

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The charging system is the source of electric current that supplies power to run the ignition, lights, accessories and charges the battery.

- AC voltage is generated by an alternator assembly driven by the crankshaft.
- A rotor supplied with a magnetic field spins around a stator.
- A rectifier (located in the regulator) converts the voltage from AC to DC.
- A regulator matches the output voltage to the battery voltage as engine speed varies.

Even though the alternator provides additional voltage at all engine speeds, avoid idling the engine for extended periods of time.

## Alternator

The alternator consists of two main components:

- · The rotor which mounts to the primary side of the crankshaft.
- · The stator which is attached to the crankcase half.

## **Voltage Regulator**

See Figure 3-13. The voltage regulator is a series regulator. The circuit combines the functions of rectifying and regulating.

## TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Battery

Test for a weak or dead battery. Battery must be fully charged in order to perform a battery diagnostic test, load test or starting or charging tests. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).

### Wiring

The stator connections must be clean and tight.

Check for corroded or loose connections in the charging system circuit.

## **Voltage Regulator Inspection**

The voltage regulator must be clean and tight. Verify both AC and DC connectors are fully inserted and locked with the regulator latch.

## **Connector Information**

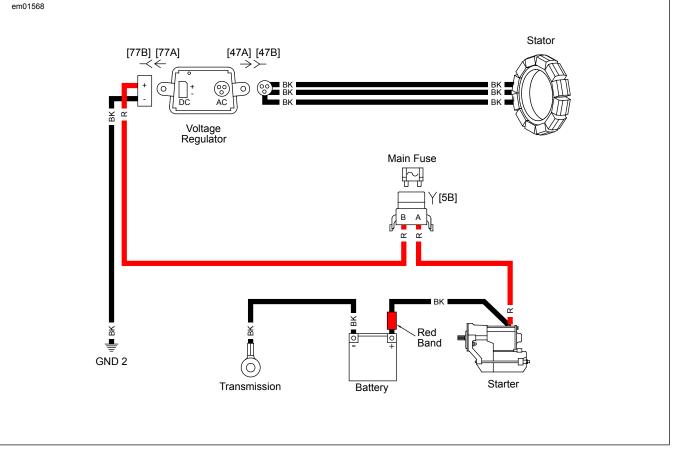


Figure 3-13. Charging System Circuit

## LOW OR NO CHARGING

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 3-13. Low or No Charging Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Battery
Stator malfunction
Rotor malfunction
Voltage regulator malfunction
Open voltage regulator circuit
Stator shorted to ground
AC wire shorted to ground

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

#### 2. Off Idle Voltage Test

- 1. Start engine and run at 3000 rpm for 30 seconds.
- 2. With the engine still running at 3000 RPM, test battery voltage.
- 3. Is voltage above 14V?
  - a. Yes. Charging system working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. AC Output Test

- 1. Perform AC output test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Battery Charging Tests (Page 3-22).
- 2. Did output test pass?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Stator Test

- 1. Perform stator test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Battery Charging Tests (Page 3-22).
- 2. Is the stator good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace stator.

#### 5. Rotor Inspection Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect rotor magnets for damage.
- 3. Remove compensator assembly and inspect rotor and shaft splines for excessive wear.
- 4. Verify stator bolts have not backed out and contacted rotor.

- 5. Is rotor in good condition?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace rotor.

#### 6. Voltage Regulator Power Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect voltage regulator [77].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [77B] terminal (+) and battery.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair open wire between voltage regulator [77B] terminal (+) and battery.

#### 7. Voltage Regulator Ground Circuit Test

#### NOTE

*Voltage regulator ground must have a clean, tight connection for proper grounding.* 

- 1. Test resistance between [77B] terminal (-) and ground 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace voltage regulator.
  - b. No. Repair open wire between voltage regulator [77B] terminal (-) and ground 2 (BK) wire.

## **OVERCHARGING**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 3-14. Overcharging Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Voltage regulator malfunction	
Open in ground circuit	

#### 1. Battery Voltage Test

- 1. Start engine and run at 3000 rpm, test battery voltage.
- 2. Is voltage above 15.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Charging system working properly.

#### 2. Voltage Regulator Ground Circuit Test

#### NOTE

Voltage regulator ground must have a clean and tight connection for proper grounding.

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect voltage regulator [77].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [77B] terminal (-) and ground 2.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace voltage regulator.

b. **No.** Repair open wire between [77B] terminal (-) and ground 2 (BK) wire.

## LOW BATTERY AFTER EXTENDED IGN OFF

Table 3-15. Low Battery After Extended IGN OFF Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Battery

Accessories improperly wired to stay on at all times

Excessive draw from electrical component with IGN OFF

Battery discharged because motorcycle was not operated for a long period

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

#### 2. Amp Draw Test

- 1. Perform milliampere draw test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Battery Charging Tests (Page 3-22).
- 2. Did test exceed maximum draw?
  - a. Yes. Repair excessive draw and run test again.
  - b. No. System is working properly.

## BATTERY RUNS DOWN DURING USE

#### Table 3-16. Battery Runs Down During Use Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Battery
Excessive accessory draw
Accessories on when idling or low rpm riding for extended period

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

#### 2. Total Current Draw Test

- 1. Perform total current draw and output test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Battery Charging Tests (Page 3-22).
- 2. Does charging system exceed current draw by 3.5A?
  - a. Yes. System is working properly.

b. **No.** System accessory power requirements exceed charging system capability.

## BATTERY CHARGING TESTS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Milliampere Draw Test

#### NOTE

Be sure accessories are not wired so they stay on at all times. This condition could drain battery completely if vehicle is parked for a long time.

- 1. **Security system:** Enable service mode before performing test.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.

5.

- 3. Verify all lights and accessories are OFF.
- 4. Disconnect the security siren (if equipped).
  - Remove main fuse.

#### NOTE

With IGN OFF, an initial current draw will occur directly after connecting meter. This should drop to the values shown in Table 3-17 in less than 30 seconds.

- See Figure 3-14. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), connect ammeter to main fuse socket terminals. With this arrangement, you will also pick up any regulator drain.
- 7. Observe current reading.
  - a. Add the maximum draw values found in table for the components equipped on the vehicle being tested. If the reading observed on the ammeter is less than the sum of the maximum draw for the components, the draw is within specification. Refer to Table 3-17.
  - b. A higher ammeter reading indicates excessive current draw. Locate the component or accessory with high draw by unplugging one at a time while observing the meter reading.

#### Table 3-17. Milliampere Draw Test

ITEM	MAXIMUM DRAW IN MILLI- AMPERES
LHCM	0.5
RHCM	0.5
Speedometer/IM	0.5
Regulator	1.0
ABS (if equipped)	1.0
BCM	1.0
ECM	1.0
Security siren (optional)	20.0*
Radio	0.5
Amplifier	0.5

#### Table 3-17. Milliampere Draw Test

ITEM	MAXIMUM DRAW IN MILLI- AMPERES
CB module	0.5
* Siren will draw for 2-24 hours from time motorcycle battery	

is connected and 0.05 mA once siren battery is charged. Disconnect siren during milliampere draw test.

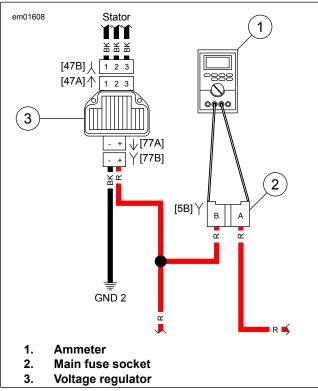


Figure 3-14. Milliampere Draw Test (Ignition Turned to OFF)

## **Total Current Draw and Output Test**

If battery runs down during use, the current draw of the motorcycle components and accessories may exceed output of the charging system.

#### NOTE

If a load tester is unavailable, use an ammeter with current probe.

#### A WARNING

Turn battery load tester OFF before connecting tester cables to battery terminals. Connecting tester cables with load tester ON can cause a spark and battery explosion, which could result in death or serious injury. (00252a)

- 1. See Figure 3-15. Connect load tester.
  - a. Connect negative and positive leads to battery terminals.
  - b. Place load tester induction pickup over battery negative cable.
- 2. With IGN OFF, disconnect voltage regulator [77].
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Turn all continuously running lights and accessories ON (headlamp on high beam).

- 5. Run engine at 3000 rpm and make note of the current draw.
- 6. Turn IGN OFF.
- 7. Connect voltage regulator [77].
- 8. Remove the induction pickup from the battery negative cable.
- 9. Place induction pickup over positive regulator cable.
- 10. Start engine and run at 3000 rpm.

#### NOTE

Do not leave any load switch turned on for more than 20 seconds or overheating and tester damage are possible.

- 11. Increase the load as required to obtain a constant 13.0V.
- 12. Current output should be 35-50A. Make note of current output.

#### NOTE

Rider's habits may require output test at lower rpm.

- 13. Compare both of these readings.
  - a. The current output should exceed current draw by 3.5A minimum.
  - b. If output does not meet specifications, there may be too many accessories for the charging system to handle.

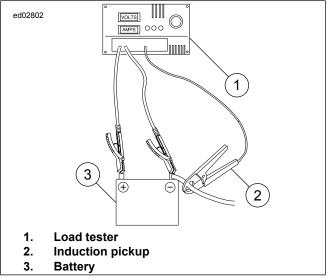


Figure 3-15. Check Current Draw (Ignition On)

#### **Stator Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. See Figure 3-16. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), connect an ohmmeter.
  - a. Disconnect voltage regulator [47] from alternator stator wiring.
  - b. Insert one ohmmeter lead into a stator connector socket.
  - c. Attach the other lead to a suitable ground.
- 3. Test continuity.
  - a. A good stator will show no continuity (open circuit) between all stator sockets and ground.

- b. Any other reading indicates a grounded stator which must be replaced.
- 4. See Figure 3-17. Remove ground lead. Test resistance across stator [47B] terminals 1-2, 2-3 and 3-1.
  - a. Resistance across all stator terminals should be 0.1-0.3 ohm.
  - b. If resistance is out of range, replace stator.

#### NOTE

When testing resistance (ohms), compensate for test lead resistance before performing the measurement. Select the ohms position and touch the test leads together. See the multimeter user's manual to zero display or manually subtract test lead resistance from the measured circuit's value.

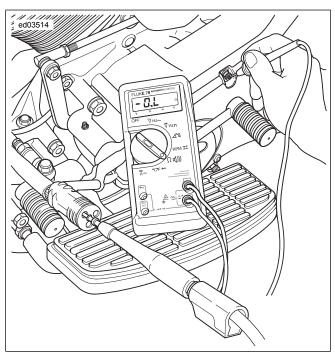


Figure 3-16. Test for Grounded Stator (Typical)

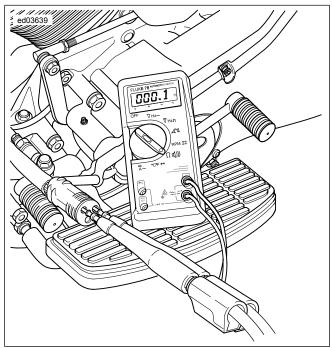


Figure 3-17. Check for Stator Resistance (Typical)

## AC Output Test

- 1. See Figure 3-18. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test AC output.
  - a. Disconnect voltage regulator [47] from alternator stator wiring.
  - b. Test for VAC across stator [47B] terminals 1 to 2.
  - c. Run the engine at 2000 rpm. The VAC output should be 40-55 VAC (approximately 19-28 per 1000 rpm).
  - d. Repeat test using terminals 2 to 3 and 1 to 3.
- 2. Compare test results to specifications.
  - a. If the output is below specifications, charging problem could be a faulty rotor or stator.
  - b. If output is within specifications, charging problem might be faulty voltage regulator. Replace as required.

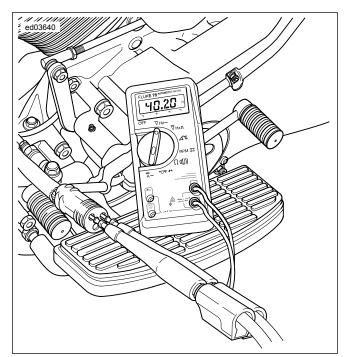


Figure 3-18. Check Stator AC Voltage Output (Typical)

# **ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS**

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

Battery voltage is monitored by the ABS module.

- If the battery voltage fails to meet normal operating parameters, the ABS indicator is illuminated.
- If the voltage remains out of normal operating parameters and the vehicle speed is above 4 mph (6 km/h), a DTC is set.

## DTC C0562 and C0563

Battery voltage is monitored by the ABS module on both terminals 9 and 18.

- DTC C0562 is displayed when the ABS ECU falls below 9.4V during a non-ABS event or the ABS ECU falls below 9.2V during an ABS event.
- DTC C0563 is displayed when the ABS ECU exceeds 16.8V during a non-ABS event.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
C0562	ABS voltage low
C0563	ABS voltage high

#### Table 3-18. Code Description

## **DIAGNOSTICS**

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

Any of the following conditions could cause these DTCs to set:

- The charging system is malfunctioning.
- There is excessive battery draw.
- Extended idling in heavy traffic.
- A faulty system ground is present.
- Shorted ABS actuator circuit.

Low voltage generally indicates a loose wire, corroded connections, battery or a charging system problem.

High voltage DTC may set when the vehicle is placed on an unapproved constant current battery charger for a long period of time.

#### **Connector Information**

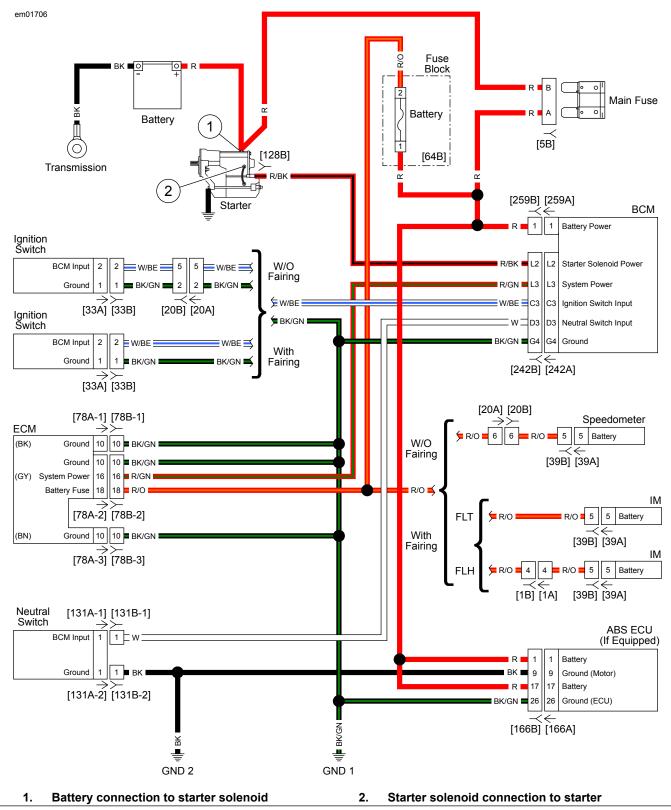


Figure 3-19. High and Low Voltage Modules

## DTC C0562

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1-P1	ABS OVERLAY
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

Table 3-19. DTC C0562 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Low battery
Open ABS ECU ground circuit
Open ABS ECU battery circuit

#### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

## 2. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Low or No Charging (Page 3-21).
- 2. Is charging system working properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

## 3. ABS ECU Battery Voltage Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to wiring harness [166B], leaving [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ABS OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1-P1) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminals 1 and 26.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. ABS ECU Battery Voltage Terminal 17 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminals 17 and 26.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between terminal 1 of [166B] and terminal A of main fuse [5B] (R wire).

## 5. Repair Validation Test

- 1. Connect [166A].
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start vehicle.
- 4. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ABS module.
  - b. No. System working properly.

## DTC C0563

#### Table 3-20. DTC C0563 Diagnostic Faults

## POSSIBLE CAUSES

Charging system malfunction

## 1. Charging System Test

- Perform charging system tests. See CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20).
- 2. Is charging system good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

## 2. Repair Validation Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start vehicle.
- 3. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ABS ECU.
  - b. No. System working properly.

## DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

Battery voltage is monitored by the ECM on the system power terminal 16 of [78-2]. The system power is supplied to the ECM from the BCM system power terminal L3.

DTC P0562 is displayed when system power is less than 12.2V at idle and voltage does not increase when engine speed is greater than 2000 rpm.

#### Table 3-21. Code Description

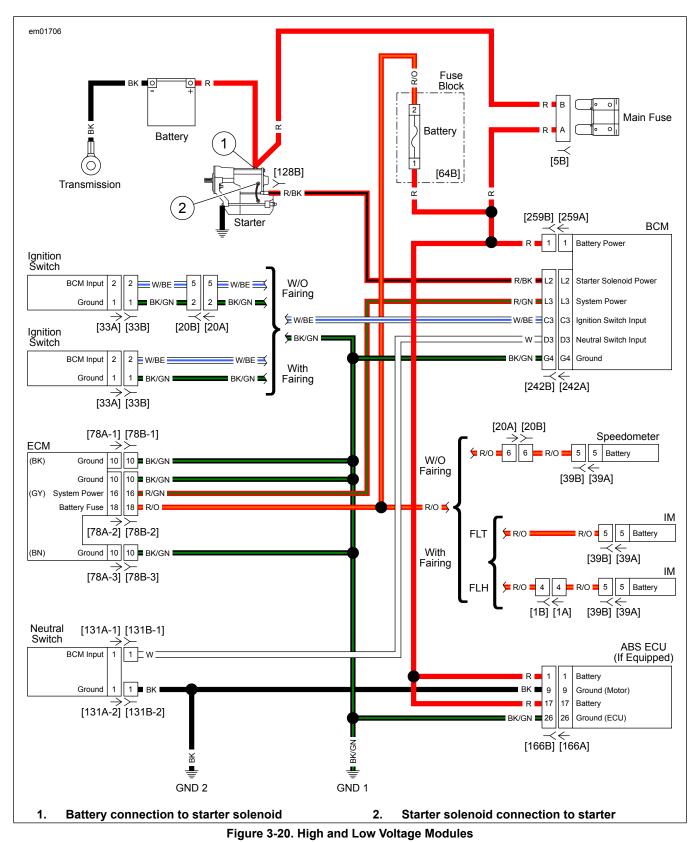
DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0562	ECM voltage low

## **Diagnostic Tips**

Any of the following conditions could cause these DTCs to set:

- · The charging system is malfunctioning.
- There is excessive battery draw and/or extended idling in heavy traffic.
- A faulty system ground is present. Low voltage generally indicates a loose wire, corroded connections, battery and/or a charging system problem.

#### **Connector Information**



## **DTC P0562**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-22. DTC P0562 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Low battery
Open ECM ground circuit
Open ECM system power circuit

## 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

## 2. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Low or No Charging (Page 3-21).
- 2. Is charging system working properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

## 3. ECM Switched Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3] and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Start vehicle.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 16 and 10.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 12.2V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. ECM System Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 12.2V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 5. ECM Ground [78-1] Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 10 of [78-1] and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair wiring between ECM [78B-1] terminal 10 and ground.

## 6. ECM Ground [78-2] Circuit Test

1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 10 and ground.

- 2. Is resistance greater than 1 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair wiring between ECM [78B-2] terminal 10 and ground.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. ECM Ground [78-3] Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 10 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 1 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair wiring between ECM [78B-3] terminal 10 and ground.
  - b. **No.** Problem may be intermittent. Locate and repair bad connection. Perform DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Voltage Drop (Page 1-23). If no problem is found, then continue with tests. Go to Test 13.

## 8. BCM System Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove BOB from ECM.
- 3. Connect [78A] to [78B].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 5. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 6. Start vehicle.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB terminal L3 and ground.
- 8. Is voltage greater than 12.2V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (R/GN) wire between [242B] terminal L3 and [78B-2] terminal 16.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. BCM Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM power [259].
- 3. Test voltage at [259B].
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

## 10. Main Fuse Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [259].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Leaving main fuse in place, perform a voltage drop test between main fuse [5B] socket terminal B and battery (+).
- 4. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. **No.** Repair or replace (R) wire between main fuse [5B] terminal B and [259B].

## 11. Main Fuse Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Leaving main fuse in place, perform a voltage drop test between [5B] socket terminal A and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Repair or replace [5B] socket terminals A and B.

## 12. Main Fuse Supply Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform a voltage drop test between starter terminal 1 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair or replace (R) wire between starter terminal 1 and battery (+).
  - b. **No.** Repair or replace (R) wire between starter terminal 1 and main fuse [5B] socket terminal A.

## 13. Repair Validation Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start vehicle.
- 3. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 4. Did code reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System working properly.

## DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

The ignition switch turns on the BCM and the BCM then turns on all the other components. The ignition switch has three positions: OFF, IGN and ACC. However, there are only two wires coming from the ignition switch. There is a ground wire and a signal wire that runs to the BCM.

There are two resistors built into the ignition switch:

- 200 ohms for the IGN position.
- 800 ohms for the ACC position.

The BCM will see a different voltage depending on position of ignition switch.

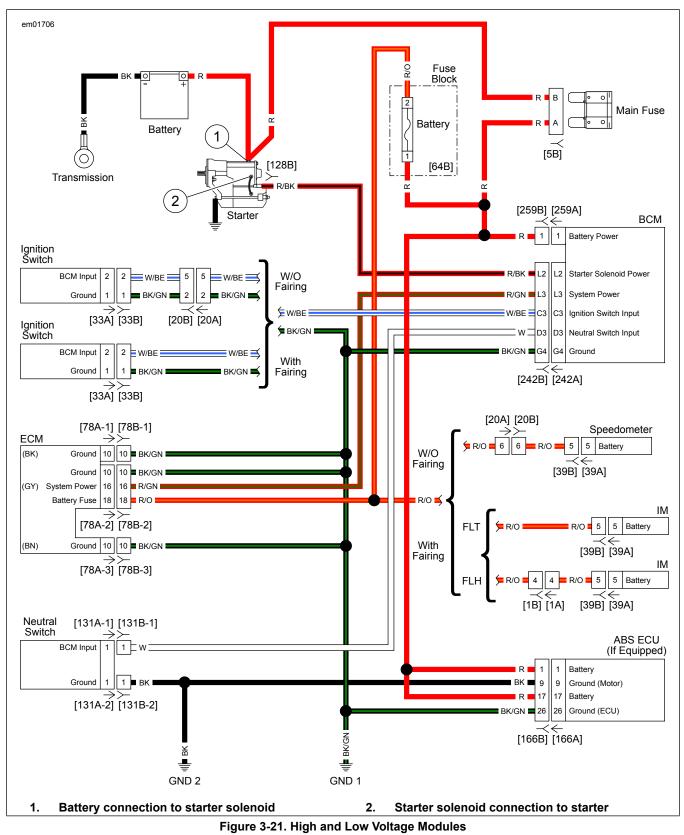
DTC B2201 is set when the BCM detects vehicles speed and indicates an open circuit between [242B] and [33B] in the (W/BE) wire.

DTC B2203 is set when the BCM indicates a short to ground between [242B] and [33B] in the (W/BE) wire.

Table 3-23. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2201	IGN switch off w/VSS
B2203	Ignition switch input shorted low

#### **Connector Information**



## DTC B2201

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

Table 3-24	. DTC	B2201	<b>Diagnostic Faults</b>
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POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open ignition switch feed circuit
Ignition switch malfunction

Open ignition circuit

#### NOTE

Verify the vehicle is in neutral, the key fob is present and in working order (if security equipped), and the engine stop switch is in RUN position.

## 1. Ignition Circuit Test

- 1. Observe headlamp.
- 2. Does headlamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Ignition Switch Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition switch [33].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [33B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [33B] terminal 1 and ground (BK/GN) wire.

## 3. Ignition Switch to BCM Test

- 1. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B], leaving BCM [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal C3 and [33B] terminal 2.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (W/BE) wire between [242B] terminal C3 and [33B] terminals 2.

## 4. Ignition Switch Test

- 1. Perform wiggle test. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
- 2. Check DTCs.
- 3. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ignition switch.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

## DTC B2203

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-25. DTC B2203 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short in ignition switch

Ignition switch malfunction

## 1. Ignition Continuity [242B] Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition switch [33].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving BCM [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal C3 and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Ignition Switch Run Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test resistance between [33A] terminals 1 (BK/GN) wire and 2 (W/BE) wire.
- 3. Is resistance between 50-400 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace ignition switch.

## 3. Ignition Switch ACC Test

- 1. Turn IGN ACC.
- 2. Test resistance between [33A] terminals 1 (BK/GN) wire and 2 (W/BE) wire.
- 3. Is resistance between 500-1900 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace ignition switch.

## 4. Ignition Switch OFF Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between [33A] terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace ignition switch.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

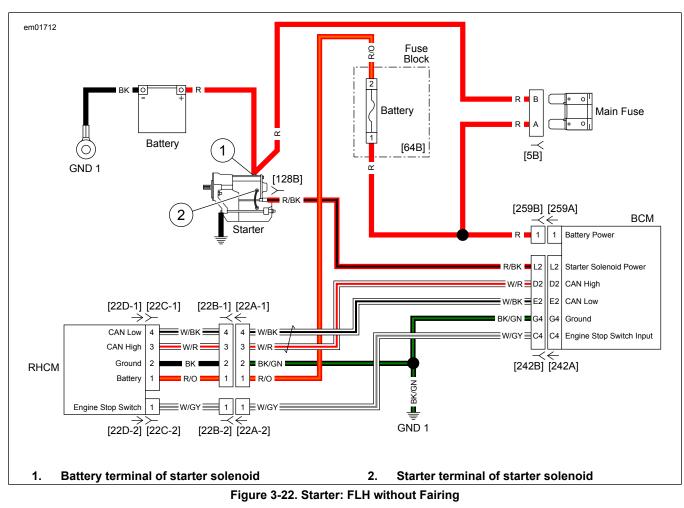
The RHCM is monitored by the BCM. Any communication failures between both modules sets a DTC.

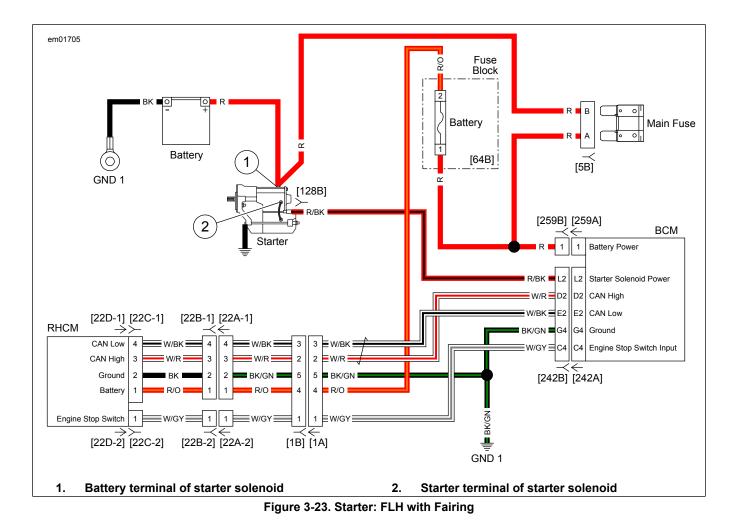
These DTCs only refer to the redundant engine stop switch (W/GY) wire from the RHCM.

- DTC B2206 is set when the BCM indicates an open between [242B] terminal C4 and the engine stop switch.
- DTC B2208 is set when the BCM indicates a short to ground between [242B] terminal C4 and the engine stop switch.

#### Table 3-26. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2206	Engine stop switch input open/shorted high
B2208	Engine stop switch input shorted low





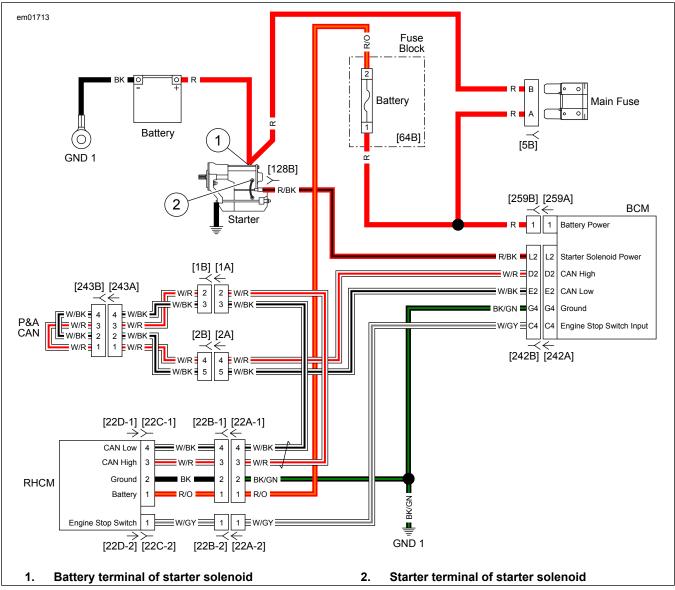


Figure 3-24. Starter: FLT

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

## DTC B2206

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-27. DTC B2206 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Open in engine stop circuit

## 1. BCM Supply Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect RHCM [22C-2].

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [22A-2] terminal 1 (W/GY) wire and ground during the first 4-5 seconds after IGN ON.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. BCM Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. During the first 4-5 seconds after IGN ON, test voltage between BOB terminal C4 and ground.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.

- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [242B] terminal C4 and [22D-2] (W/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## DTC B2208

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 3-28. DTC B2208 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in engine stop circuit

## 1. BCM to Ground Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test continuity between BOB terminal C4 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## 2. RHCM to Ground Continuity Test

- 1. Disconnect RHCM [22D-2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal C4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [242B] terminal C4 and [22D-2] (W/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

# **BCM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS**

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

Battery voltage is constantly monitored by the BCM and speedometer/IM. Any voltage readings outside of normal parameters set a DTC.

## DTC B2271

The BCM monitors [259] terminal 1 for battery power.

DTC B2271 is displayed when battery voltage is less than 9.0V.

## **DTC B2272**

The BCM monitors [259] terminal 1 and the speedometer/IM monitors terminal 5 for battery power.

- DTC B2272 (BCM) is displayed when battery voltage is greater than 16.1V for longer than 5 seconds.
- DTC B2272 (Speedometer/IM) is displayed when battery voltage is greater than 16.0V for longer than 5 seconds.

NOTE

ECM, ABS, ECU and/or BCM may also set a battery voltage DTC.

#### Table 3-29. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2271	BCM voltage low
B2272	BCM voltage high
B2272	Speedometer/IM voltage high

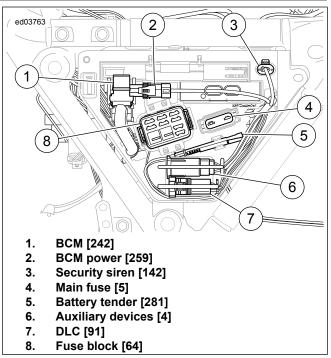
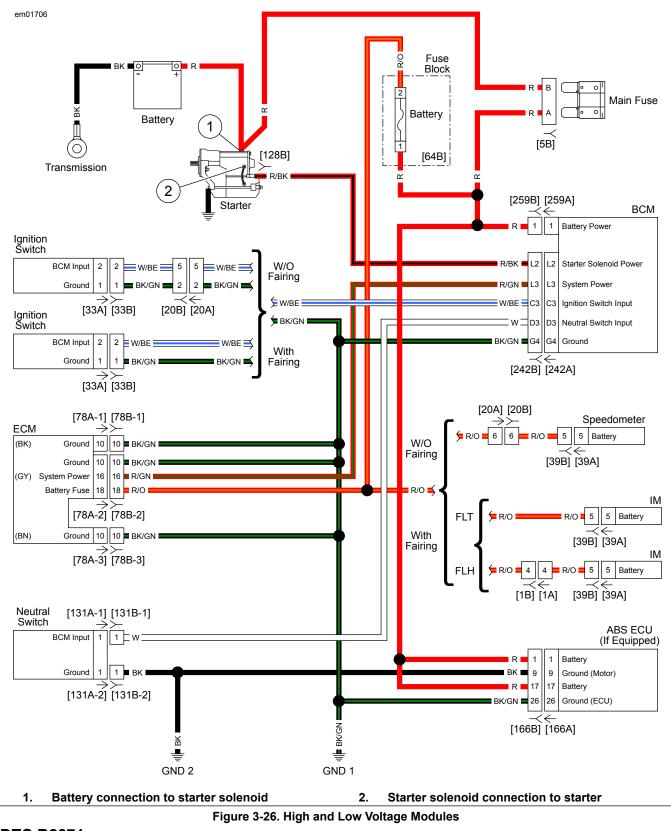


Figure 3-25. Behind Left Side Cover

## **Diagnostic Tips**

High voltage DTC may set when the vehicle is placed on an unapproved constant current battery charger, on fast charge, for a long period of time.

## **Connector Information**





PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

Table 3-30. DTC B2271 Diagnostic Faults
POSSIBLE CAUSES

Charging system malfunction	
BCM power circuit	
Open in battery power circuit	

#### 1. Battery Test

- Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Charge or replace battery as needed. Verify repair.

## 2. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Low or No Charging (Page 3-21).
- 2. Is charging system working properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair charging system. Go to Test 7.

#### 3. BCM Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM power [259].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [259B] and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Main Fuse Voltage Test

- 1. Perform a voltage drop test between main fuse [5B] socket terminal B and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. **No.** Repair or replace (R) wire between main fuse [5B] socket terminal B and [259B].

## 5. Fuse Block Voltage Test

- 1. Perform a voltage drop test between fuse block [64B] socket terminal A and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair or replace main fuse [5B] socket terminals A and B.

### 6. Fuse Block Supply Voltage Test

- 1. Perform a voltage drop test between starter terminal 1 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair or replace (R) wire between starter terminal 1 and battery (+).
  - b. **No.** Repair or replace (R) wire between starter terminal 1 and main fuse [5B] socket terminal A.

#### 7. Repair Validation Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start vehicle.
- 3. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. System working properly.

#### **DTC B2272**

#### Table 3-31. DTC B2272 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Charging system malfunction

#### 1. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system tests. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Overcharging (Page 3-21).
- 2. Is charging system good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

#### 2. Repair Validation Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start vehicle.
- 3. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes, DTC set by speedometer. Replace speedometer.
  - b. Yes, DTC set by BCM. Replace BCM.
  - c. No. System working properly.

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
4.1 INSTRUMENTS	
4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS	
4.3 TRIP ODOMETER FUNCTIONS INOPERATIVE, DTC B2255	4-10
4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS	
4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS	
4.6 GAUGES	

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

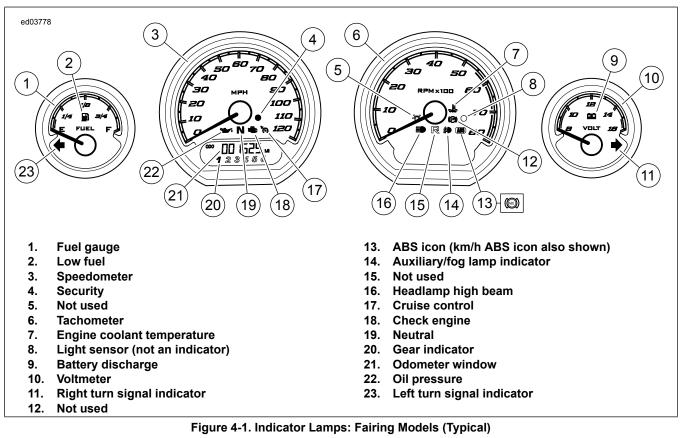
See Figure 4-1. In all fairing models, the IM contains several indicators. These indicators include the security, cruise control, check engine, oil pressure, ABS, auxiliary/fog lamp, headlamp high beam, neutral and engine coolant temperature depending on vehicle configuration. The low fuel and left turn indicators are located in the fuel gauge. The battery discharge lamp and right turn indicators are located in the voltmeter.

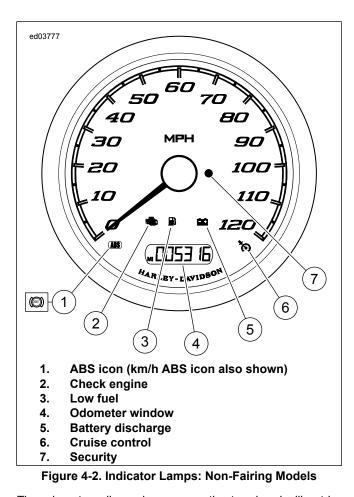
See Figure 4-2. For non-fairing models, the speedometer contains several indicators. These indicators include the check engine, security, battery discharge and cruise control indicators. Oil pressure, neutral, headlamp high beam and right/left turn signal indicators are located in an indicator bar.

## **Trip Odometer Trigger Switch Operation**

Pressing the trip odometer trigger switch, located on the left hand controls, provides the following functions:

- Change the odometer display between total mileage, trip odometer A and trip B, fuel range values, 12/24 hour clock and tachometer with gear indication.
- Reset the trip odometer (press and hold 2-3 seconds).
- Gain access to self-diagnostic mode and clear diagnostic codes. See Initial Diagnostics, Odometer Self-Diagnostics (Page 1-12).





The odometer mileage is permanently stored and will not be lost when electrical power is turned off or disconnected. The trip odometer trigger switch allows switching between the odometer, trip odometer and fuel range displays.

To zero the trip odometer, have the odometer display visible, press and keep the trip odometer trigger switch depressed. The trip odometer mileage will be displayed for 2-3 seconds and then the trip mileage will return to zero.

## SPEEDOMETER THEORY OF OPERATION

The speed sensor is mounted at the back of the transmission case. The sensor circuitry is a Hall-Effect sensor that is triggered by the gear teeth of 5th gear on the transmission mainshaft.

The output from the sensor is a series of pulses that are interpreted by ECM circuitry, converted into CAN bus data and then sent to the speedometer/IM. The speedometer converts the data to control the position of the speedometer needle. It also provides input to the BCM for turn signal cancellation.

## TACHOMETER THEORY OF OPERATION

The CKP sensor, located on the left front of the lower crankcase half, is a variable reluctance device that generates AC voltage as the teeth on the crankshaft pass by the sensor. The signal is routed to the ECM where it is used to determine crankshaft position, engine speed (rpm) and engine phase (TDC compression). The ECM converts CKP signal to CAN data where it is sent to the IM.

## **INSTRUMENT DIAGNOSTICS**

The speedometer/IM monitors direct inputs from sensors and switches, along with receiving information from the other modules over the CAN bus lines. It sets codes when the parameters for the inputs are out of range.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1200	Internal fault
B1210	Fuel level sender shorted low/open
B1211	Fuel level sender shorted high
B1212	Fuel signal low
B1213	Fuel signal high
B2255	Trip switch stuck

# FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 4-3. The fuel level is monitored by the speedometer/IM [39] at terminal 9 (W/Y) wire. The low fuel warning lamp serves two functions. It is used to indicate a low fuel condition and to communicate a circuit problem with the fuel sender circuit. The low fuel warning lamp will flash on and off at a steady rate when a current fuel level sender DTC is set.

- If the voltage on terminal 9 exceeds the lower limit for greater than or equal to 15 seconds, a DTC B1210 or B1212 will be set. The low fuel warning lamp will flash on and off at a steady rate.
- If the voltage on terminal 9 exceeds the upper limit (or is open) for greater than or equal to 15 seconds, a DTC B1211 or B1213 will set. The low fuel warning lamp will flash on and off at a steady rate.

Voltage is supplied to the fuel level sender on the (W/Y) wire from the fuel gauge on non-fairing models and from the IM on fairing models. As the fuel level changes the resistance of the sender changes. The fuel gauge and the low fuel lamp are controlled through the (W/Y) wire based off the change in the resistance of the fuel level sender.

Table 4-2. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1210	Fuel level sender shorted low/open
B1211	Fuel level sender shorted high
B1212	Fuel signal low
B1213	Fuel signal high/open

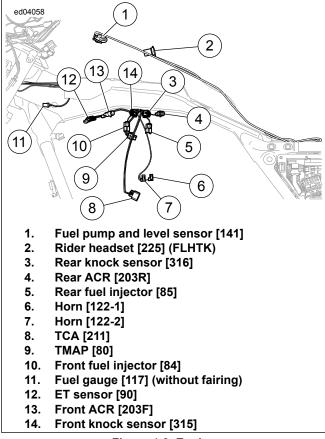


Figure 4-3. Engine

#### **Connector Information**

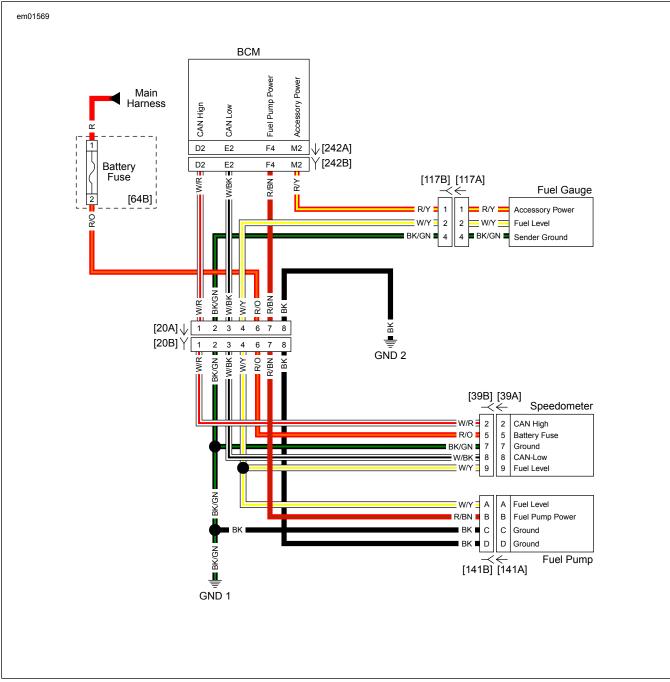


Figure 4-4. Fuel Sensor Circuit without Fairing

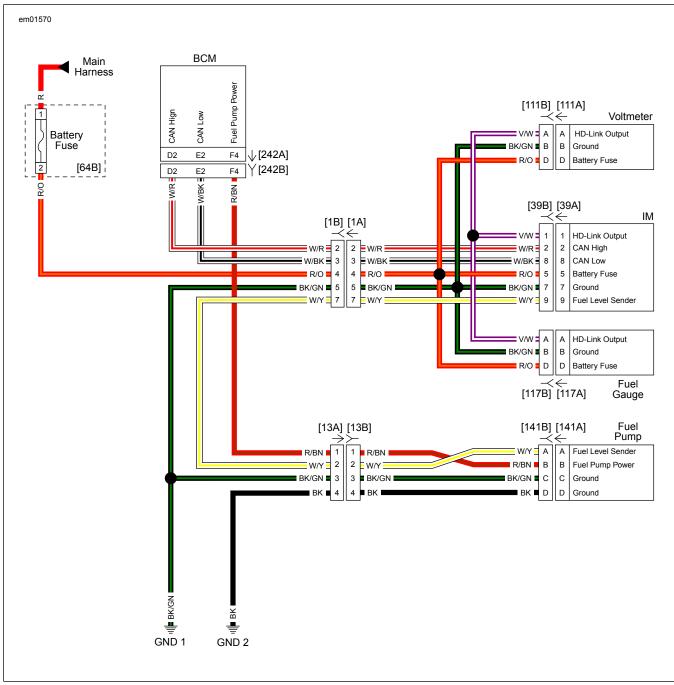
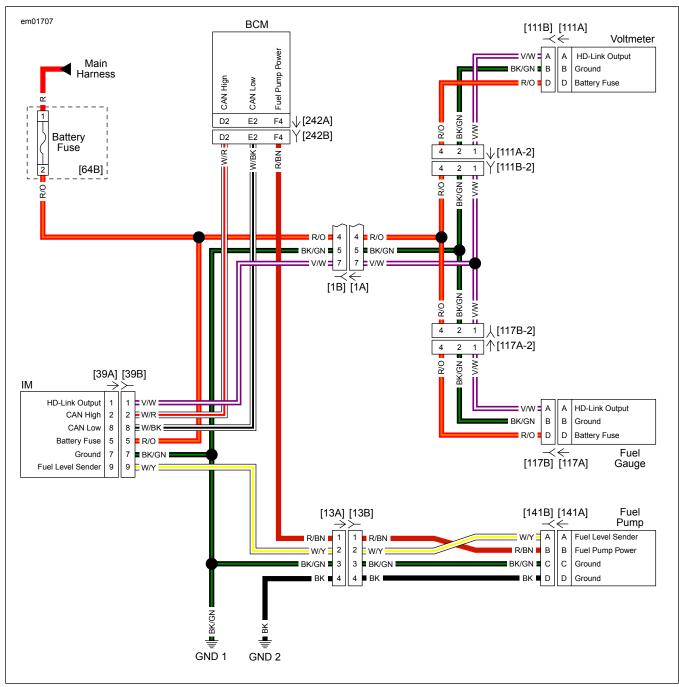


Figure 4-5. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLH with Fairing



#### Figure 4-6. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLT

# DTC B1210

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 4-3. DTC B1210 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to ground in fuel level sender circuit	
Fuel level sender assembly malfunction	

#### Table 4-3. DTC B1210 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open fuel gauge circuit	
Fuel gauge malfunction	

#### 1. BCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.

- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

#### 2. Fuel Gauge Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal M2 and [117B] terminal 1 (R/Y) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [117B] terminal 1 and [242] terminal M2 (R/Y) wire.

#### 3. Fuel Level Sender Voltage Test

- 1. Connect fuel gauge [117].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Fuel Pump and Sender Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel pump and sender assembly [141].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel pump and sender assembly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Fuel Gauge Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- 3. Test resistance between [117B] terminal 2 and BOB terminal 9.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/Y) wire between fuel gauge and speedometer.

# 6. Fuel Gauge Circuit Short to Ground Test

1. Test continuity between [117B] terminal 2 and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Replace fuel gauge.

#### DTC B1211

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 4-4. DTC B1211 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open ground circuit	
Short to voltage in fuel level sensor circuit	
Fuel gauge malfunction	
Fuel level sender malfunction	
Open fuel level sender circuit	

#### 1. Fuel Level Sender Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 8.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, voltage between 2-8V. Replace speedometer.
  - c. No, voltage below 2V. Go to Test 8.

#### 2. Fuel Pump and Sender Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 8.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. Fuel Level Sender Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel level sender [141].
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 8.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage on (W/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Replace fuel pump and sender assembly.

# 4. Fuel Level Sender Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel level sender [141].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [117B] terminal 2 and [141B] terminal A.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (W/Y) wire between fuel gauge and fuel level sendor.

# 5. Fuel Level Sender Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between [141B] terminal C and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

#### 6. Fuel Gauge Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between [117B] terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open between [117] terminal 4 (BK/GN) wire and ground.

#### 7. Fuel Sender Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between [141A] terminals B and terminal C.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 260 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel level sender.
  - b. No. Replace fuel gauge.

#### 8. Fuel Gauge Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [117B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (R/Y) wire between fuel gauge terminal 1 and BCM.

#### 9. Fuel Gauge Test

- 1. Test resistance between [117B] terminal 2 and BOB terminal 9.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel gauge.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (W/Y) wire between fuel gauge and speedometer.

# PART NUMBERTOOL NAMEHD-41404TEST CONNECTOR KITHD-42682BREAKOUT BOXHD-46601BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 4-5. DTC B1212 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in fuel level sender circuit

Fuel level sender assembly malfunction

#### 1. Fuel Level Sender Voltage Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace IM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Fuel Pump and Sender Test

- 1. Disconnect fuel pump and sender assembly [141].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel pump and sender assembly.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground in (W/Y) wire.

#### DTC B1213

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 4-6. DTC B1213 Diagnostic Faults

Open ground circuit hort to voltage in fuel level sensor circuit	
hort to voltage in fuel level sensor circuit	
uel level sender malfunction	
pen fuel level sender circuit	

# 1. Fuel Level Sender Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.

# DTC B1212

- 4. Is voltage greater than 7.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace IM.

#### 2. Fuel Level Sender Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect fuel level sender [141].
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [141B] terminal C and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

#### 3. Fuel Level Sender Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 9 and [141B] terminal A.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/Y) wire.

#### 4. Fuel Sender Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between [141A] terminals A and C.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 260 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel level sender.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Fuel Gauge Voltage Test

- 1. Disconntect IM [39A].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [141B] terminal A and BOB terminal 9.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Replace fuel level sender.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

#### Trip Odometer Trigger Switch Closed

DTC B2255 sets if the trip odometer trigger switch is closed for more than two minutes. This code can be set by the speedometer or the BCM. It will normally be set by both if there is a concern with the trip odometer trigger switch.

Odometer self-diagnostics will not function if the switch is stuck. It will not be possible to toggle the switch to navigate through the different diagnostic steps in the odometer.

- A stuck trip odometer trigger switch disables odometer self-diagnostics.
- If DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) is connected to the DLC [91] and communicating with the vehicle then the odometer self-diagnostics will not function properly.
- Disconnect DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) before entering odometer self-diagnostics.

#### Table 4-7. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2255	Trip switch stuck

#### TRIP ODOMETER FUNCTIONS INOPERATIVE, DTC B2255

#### Table 4-8. Trip Odometer Functions Inoperative Diagnostic Faults: DTC B2255

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Instrument malfunction	
Trip odometer trigger switch malfunction	

#### 1. Trip Switch Test

- 1. Check trip switch for damage or obstruction.
- 2. Is switch moving freely?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Remove obstruction. If switch will not move freely, replace LHCM.

#### 2. Odometer Test

- 1. Press and release the trip odometer trigger switch.
- 2. Does odometer cycle through different odometer counters?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. Speedometer "WOW" Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Turn IGN ON, while pressing trip odometer trigger switch.

- 3. Does speedometer needle sweep its full range of motion?
  - a. **Yes.** System functioning properly. Test for intermittent condition. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No. Replace speedometer/IM.

#### 4. LHCM Test

- 1. Operate other switches on LHCM.
- 2. Do any switches operate?
  - a. Yes. Replace LHCM.
  - b. **No.** See NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, Left Hand Controls Inoperative: DTC U0141 (Page 2-19).

See Figure 4-7. The speedometer/IM receives battery power at terminal 5. This is supplied through the battery fuse located in fuse block [64]. The speedometer/IM receives a message from the BCM over the CAN bus to know if the ignition switch is in the IGN or ACC position. When the ignition switch is in the ACC position, the speedometer/IM illuminates the backlighting, the odometer and the security lamp.

When the ignition switch is in the IGN position, the speedometer/IM illuminates the check engine, low fuel level,

security and ABS lamp (if equipped). The backlighting, odometer, neutral lamp and low oil lamp also illuminate with the IGN ON.

The speedometer/IM uses DTC B1200 as an internal fault code. The speedometer/IM will set this code if it detects a malfunction inside the speedometer.

#### Table 4-9. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1200	Internal fault

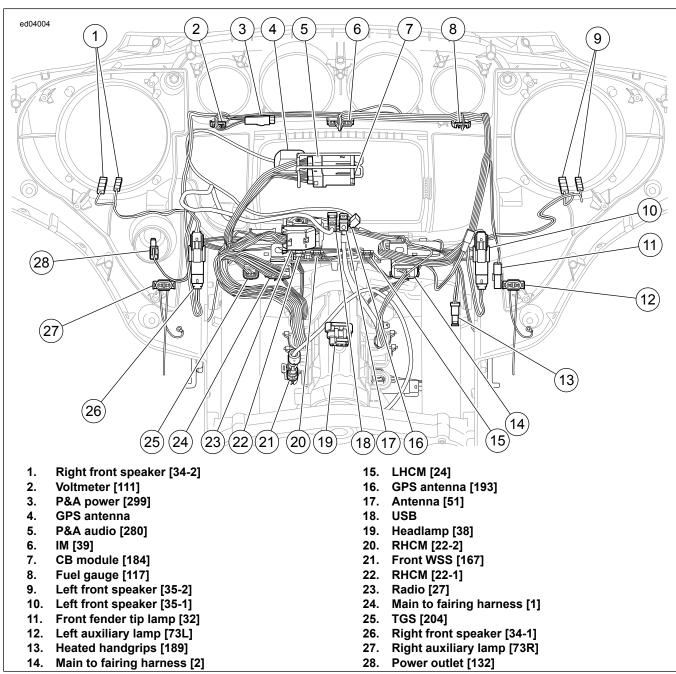
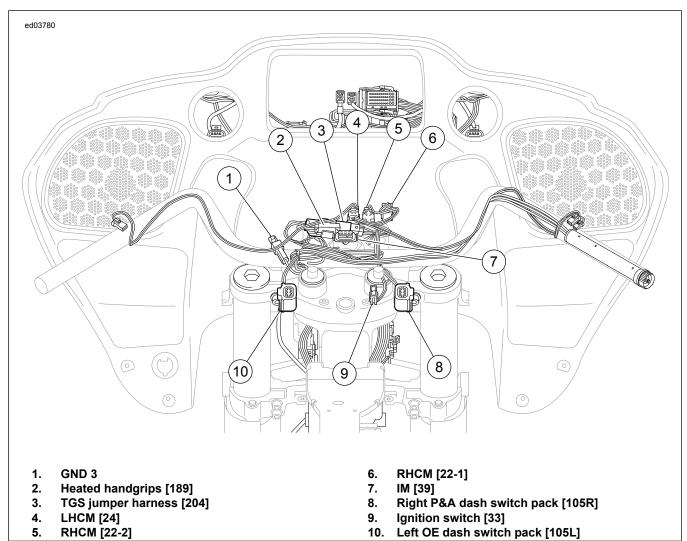
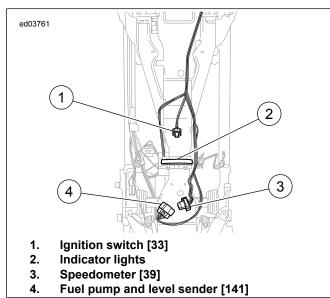


Figure 4-7. Behind FLH Fairing







# Figure 4-9. Console: without Fairing

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

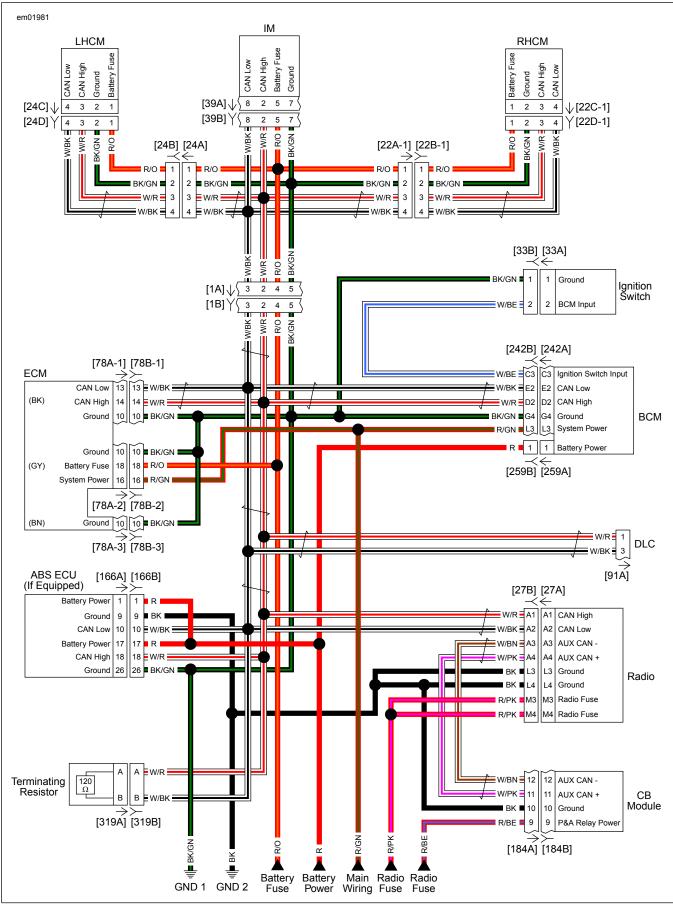


Figure 4-10. CAN Bus Circuit: FLH with Fairing

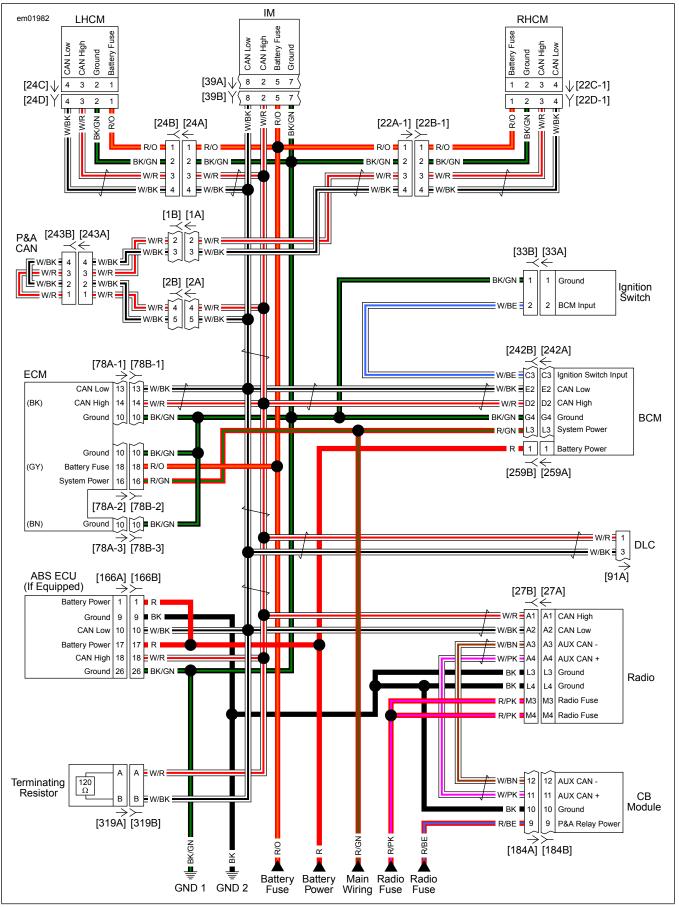


Figure 4-11. CAN Bus Circuit: FLT

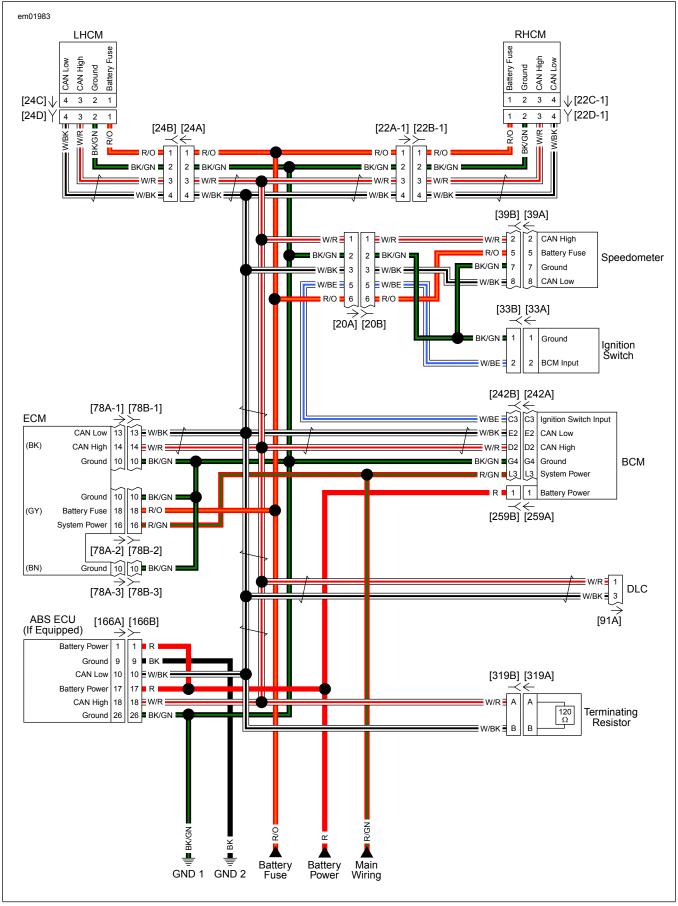


Figure 4-12. CAN Bus Circuit: FLHR

# NO INSTRUMENT POWER

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 4-10. No Instrument Power Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open battery circuit
Open ground circuit
Open in CAN bus circuit to speedometer

#### 1. Battery Circuit Test

- 1. Observe headlamp.
- 2. Does headlamp or tail lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. See NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC U0140 (Page 2-18).

#### 2. Accessory Function Test

- 1. Attempt to start vehicle.
- 2. Does engine crank?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. See Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 (Page 2-3).

#### 3. Battery Circuit to Speedometer Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters leaving [39A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

#### 4. Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

#### DTC B1200

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 4-11. DTC B1200 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open in speedometer battery power circuit	
Open in speedometer ground circuit	

#### 1. Speedometer Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) and BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to wiring harness [39B], leaving [39A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/O) wire.

#### 2. Speedometer Ground Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminals 5 and 7.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Repair open in ground circuit.

See Figure 4-13 and Figure 4-16. The instruments are significantly different between a fairing and non-fairing model. Models with fairings have several gauges with indicators in each gauge. These are integral to the gauges and are controlled through messages over the CAN bus and the HD-Link communication systems.

The non-fairing models have some of the indicators in the speedometer which are controlled by the speedometer based

on messages or inputs it receives. The rest of the indicators are located in the indicator bar and are controlled by the speedometer by supplying a ground path for the indicators.

Table 4-12. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0522	Engine oil pressure sensor shorted low
	Engine oil pressure sensor shorted high/open

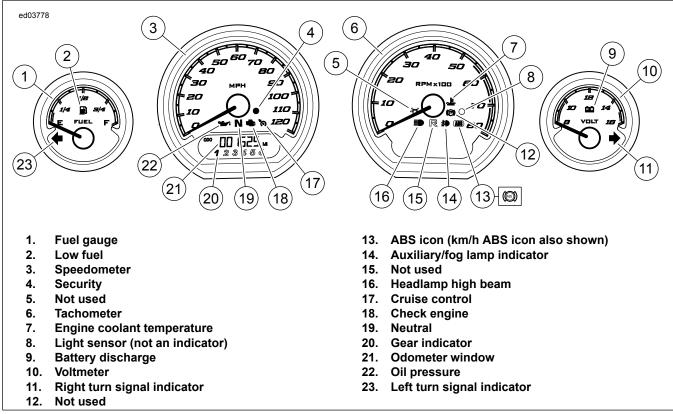


Figure 4-13. Indicator Lamps: Fairing Models (Typical)

# **ABS Indicator**

The instruments illuminate the ABS indicator when:

- The ECU detects an ABS disabling malfunction. The ECU sends a serial data message to the instrument requesting illumination.
- · The speedometer performs a bulb check.
- The speedometer detects a loss of communication with the ECU.
- See Figure 4-14. The ABS light may flash when the IGN is turned on. This will continue until the vehicle is driven to verify WSS operation.

The ECU sends a message to the instruments when a malfunction that disables ABS operation is detected. Depending on the fault, the ABS indicator may stay on even after the malfunction is corrected. The indicator will not go off until the vehicle is operated at speeds greater than 10 mph (16 km/h). It is important to verify that this is not the cause of an ABS indicator, which is illuminated when no DTCs are set, before attempting to diagnose other possible causes.

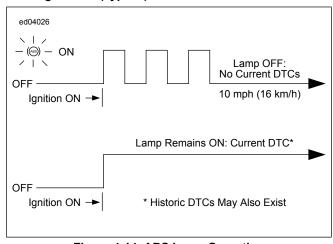


Figure 4-14. ABS Lamp Operation

#### Security Lamp

See Figure 4-15. When the IGN is turned ON, the security lamp will illuminate for approximately four seconds and then turn off. The BCM and ECM controls the security lamp by sending a CAN message to the speedometer. The ECM uses the security

lamp for non-emissions related DTCs. After the security lamp turns off following the first four second illumination period, one of two events may occur.

- The lamp remains off. This indicates there are no current or historic DTCs currently detected by the BCM or ECM.
- If the lamp illuminates again and remains lit, a current or historic DTC exists.

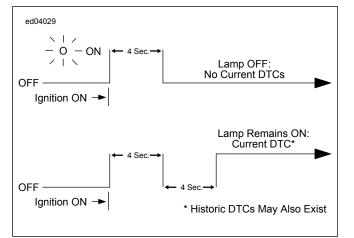
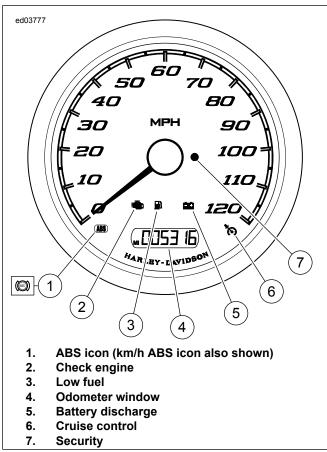
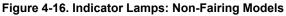


Figure 4-15. Security Lamp Operation





# **Check Engine Lamp**

When the IGN is ON, the check engine lamp will illuminate and stay illuminated until the engine is started. After engine startup, one of two events may occur.

- See Figure 4-17. The lamp turns off. This indicates there are no current or historic stored DTCs currently detected by the ECM.
- If the lamp continues to illuminate and remains illuminated, a current or historic DTC exists.

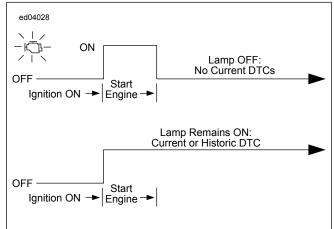


Figure 4-17. Check Engine Lamp

#### Low Battery Lamp

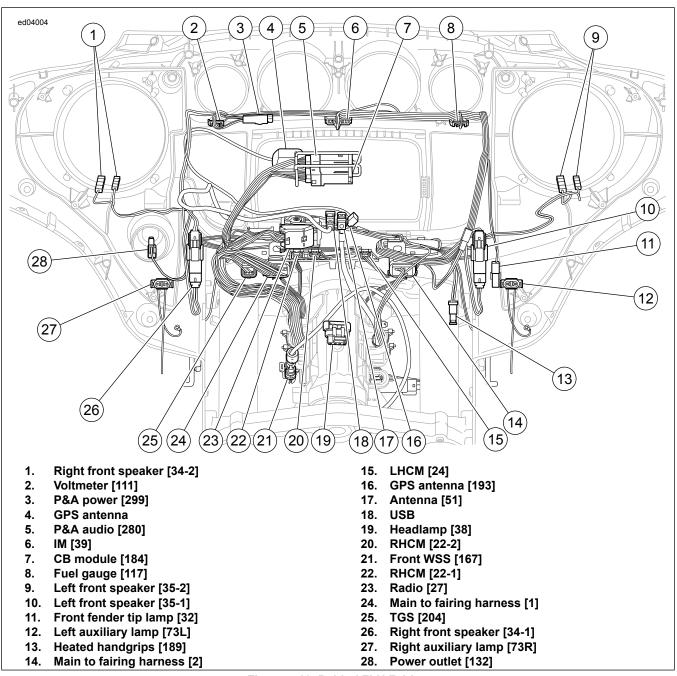
**Non-fairing models:** The BCM sends a message to the speedometer to control the low battery lamp. The speedometer will turn the lamp on if the BCM identifies a low voltage condition on [259] terminal 1.

**Fairing models:** The BCM sends a message to the IM. The IM sends a message to the voltmeter to control the low battery lamp. The voltmeter will turn the lamp on if the BCM identifies a low voltage condition on [259] terminal 1.

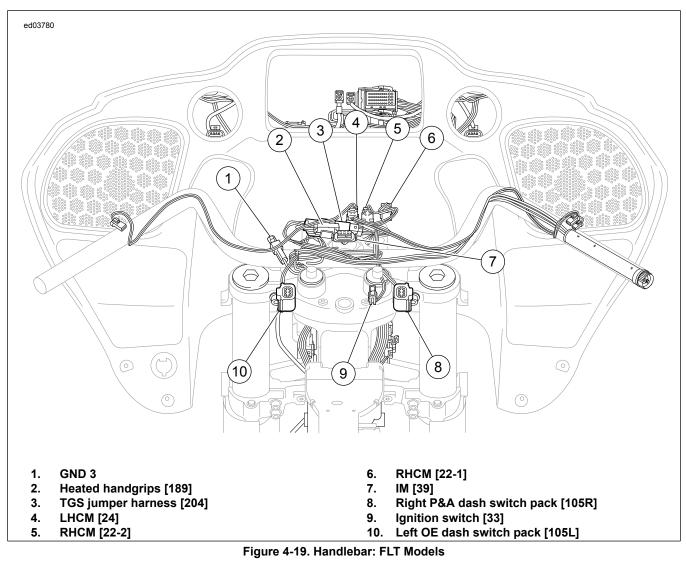
# Low Fuel Indicator

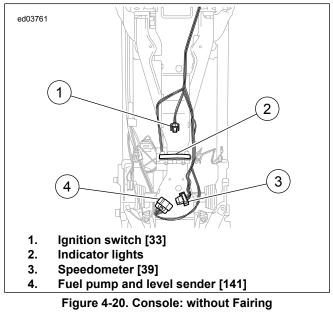
**Non-fairing models:** See Figure 4-16. The low fuel indicator is controlled at terminal 9 (W/Y) of the speedometer. The fuel gauge sends voltage on the (W/Y) wire to the low fuel lamp and fuel level sender. When the fuel drops below 1.0 USgal (3.8 L), the resistance in the fuel level sender reaches a point that causes enough of a change in the voltage on the (W/Y) wire and it signals the speedometer to activate the low fuel lamp.

**Fairing models:** See Figure 4-13. The low fuel indicator is controlled by the IM. The IM sends voltage on terminal 9 (W/Y) wire to the fuel level sender. When the fuel drops below 1.0 USgal (3.8 L), the resistance in the fuel level sender reaches a point that causes enough of a change in the voltage on the (W/Y) wire and it signals the IM to send a message to the fuel gauge to activate the low fuel lamp.









# the transmission is in neutral. The speedometer/IM supplies ground to the neutral indicator causing it to illuminate.

# **Neutral Indicator**

See Figure 4-21. The neutral indicator is controlled through the (W) wire connected to the speedometer/IM. When the transmission is in neutral, the neutral switch closes and supplies a ground to the BCM on terminal D3. The BCM then sends a message to the speedometer/IM over the CAN bus indicating

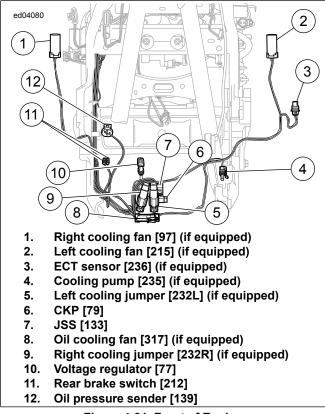


Figure 4-21. Front of Engine

#### **Oil Pressure Indicator**

See Figure 4-21. The oil pressure indicator is connected to the speedometer. The switch closes when oil pressure is low and supplies ground to the ECM. The ECM then sends a message to the speedometer over the CAN bus indicating the oil pressure is low. The speedometer supplies ground to the oil pressure indicator. This ground causes the indicator to illuminate with the IGN ON and the engine OFF.

# **Turn Signal Indicators**

**Non-fairing models:** The turn signal indicators are controlled by the speedometer. When the BCM receives a CAN bus message from the left or right turn signal switch, it flashes the correct turn signals. At the same time, the BCM sends a message to the speedometer over the CAN bus indicating which turn signal to operate. The speedometer supplies ground to the corresponding turn signal indicator causing it to illuminate.

**Fairing models:** The turn signal indicators are controlled by the IM. When the BCM receives a CAN bus message from the left or right turn signal switch, it flashes the correct turn signals. At the same time, the BCM sends a message to the IM over the CAN bus, indicating which turn signal to operate. The IM sends a message to either the fuel gauge (left turn signal) or voltmeter (right turn signal), causing the corresponding turn signal to illuminate.

# **High Beam Indicator**

This circuit is controlled by the speedometer/IM. When the BCM receives a CAN bus message that the headlamp switch is placed in the high beam position, a message is sent over the CAN bus to the speedometer/IM and the BCM. The speedometer/IM controls the indicator and the BCM controls the headlamp.

# **Diagnostic Tips**

After replacing a component in the fuel circuit, verify the tank is full of fuel and that the main fuse is removed for 2 minutes and reinstalled to turn low fuel lamp off.

Some aftermarket fuel gauges not made by Harley-Davidson may cause the fuel circuit to report inaccurate readings.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

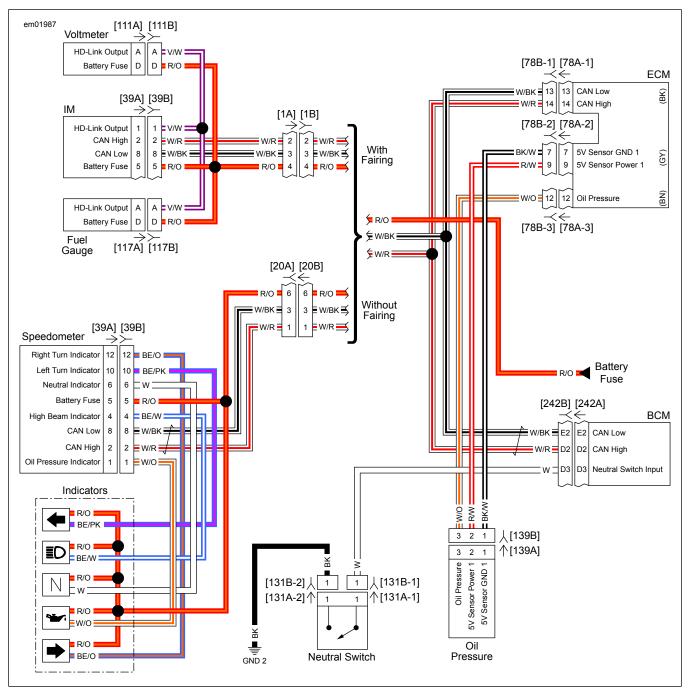


Figure 4-22. FLH Indicator Lamps

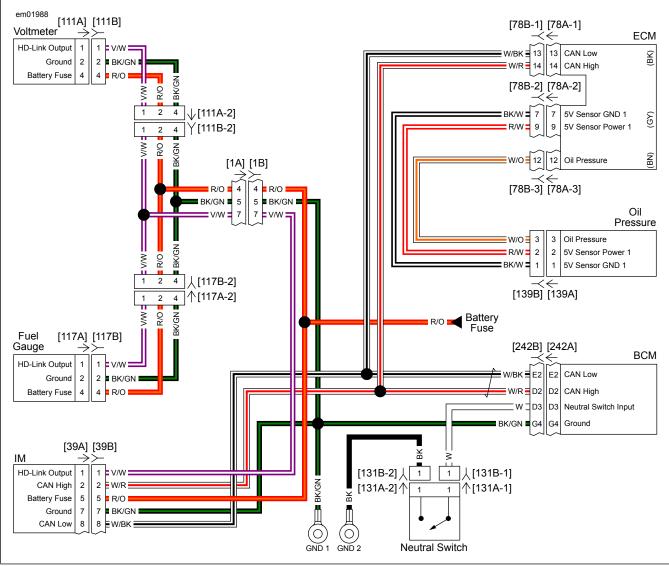


Figure 4-23. FLT Indicator Lamps

# DTC P0522

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 4-13. DTC P0522 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Oil pressure sensor malfunction
Oil pressure circuit shorted to ground
No or low oil pressure

NOTE

This DTC can be set due too low or no oil pressure. Verify before testing circuit.

# 1. Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect oil pressure [139].

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [139A] terminal 3 and ground.
- 4. Start engine.
- 5. Is resistance less than 5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace oil pressure sensor.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Sensor Signal Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 12 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/O).

b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. System Test

- 1. Connect [139].
- 2. Remove BOB and connect ECM to main harness.
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF for 1 minute.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# DTC P0523

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 4-14. DTC P0523 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open oil pressure circuit
Oil pressure circuit shorted to voltage

#### NOTE

A low battery condition may cause this DTC. Verify a low battery condition did not cause the DTC before continuing diagnostic.

# 1. Connector Test

- 1. Verify oil pressure [139] is seated properly.
- 2. Disconnect and connect [139].
- 3. Is connector seated properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Properly seat [139].

# 2. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF for 1 minute.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# 3. Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect oil pressure [139].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between [139B] terminal 3 (W/O) and ground.

- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace oil pressure sensor.

# 4. Sensor Test

- 1. Test voltage between [139B] terminal 3 (W/O) and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Sensor Wire Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [139B] terminal 3 (W/O) and BOB [78-3] terminal 13.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/O).

# 6. System Test

- 1. Connect [139].
- 2. Remove BOB and connect ECM to main harness.
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF for 1 minute.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# **OIL PRESSURE LAMP ALWAYS ON**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-96921-52D	OIL PRESSURE TEST GAUGE KIT

# Table 4-15. Oil Pressure Lamp Always On Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in oil pressure circuit

- Indicator malfunction
- Mechanical issue

Oil pressure switch malfunction

# 1. Oil Pressure Lamp Function Test

- 1. Observe oil pressure lamp.
- 2. Does oil pressure lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** See INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp Inoperative (Page 4-25).

# 2. Engine Running Test

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Does oil pressure lamp turn OFF and stay off?
  - a. **Yes.** Oil pressure lamp is operating properly. Test for intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Oil Pressure Sensor Test

- 1. Disconnect oil pressure switch [120] or oil pressure sender [139].
- 2. Does oil pressure lamp turn OFF while engine is running?

a. Yes. Go to Test 5.

b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. Oil Pressure Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal E3 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# 5. Mechanical Test

- 1. Inspect engine for any issues that impact oil pressure.
- 2. Using OIL PRESSURE TEST GAUGE KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-96921-52D), verify engine oil pressure.

- 3. Is oil pressure within specification?
  - a. Yes. Replace oil pressure switch.
  - b. No. Repair as needed.

# 6. Oil Pressure Switch Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect [242A].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal E3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground.
  - b. No, without fairing. Go to Test 7.
  - c. No, with fairing. Replace IM.

# 7. Speedometer Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove BCM BOB.
- 3. Connect [242].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 5. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/O) wire.
  - b. No. Replace speedometer.

# OIL PRESSURE LAMP INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### Table 4-16. Oil Pressure Lamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open oil pressure circuit	
Indicator malfunction	

# 1. Oil Pressure Lamp Function Test

- 1. Observe oil pressure lamp.
- 2. Does oil pressure lamp illuminate?
  - a. **Yes.** Test for intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Speedometer Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters leaving [39A] disconnected.

- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between BOB terminal 1 to ground.
- 5. Does oil pressure lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Repair or replace indicator harness assembly.

# NEUTRAL LAMP ALWAYS ON

#### Table 4-17. Neutral Lamp Always On Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in neutral switch circuit
Short to ground in neutral indicator circuit

#### **1. Neutral Lamp Function Test**

- 1. With vehicle in neutral, turn IGN ON.
- 2. Does neutral lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 2.
  - b. Yes, with fairing. Go to Test 3.
  - c. **No.** See INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative (Page 4-26).

#### 2. Indicator Harness Test

- 1. Disconnect speedometer [39].
- 2. Did neutral lamp turn OFF?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground in (W) wire between neutral indicator and speedometer.

#### 3. Neutral Switch Harness Test

- 1. Shift transmission out of neutral.
- 2. Did neutral lamp turn OFF?
  - a. **Yes.** Test for intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No. Replace IM.

# **NEUTRAL LAMP INOPERATIVE**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 4-18. Neutral Lamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Neutral switch malfunction	
Open ground circuit	

#### Table 4-18. Neutral Lamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Open neutral switch circuit

Indicator malfunction

#### 1. Neutral Lamp Function Test

- 1. Observe neutral lamp.
- 2. Does neutral lamp illuminate?
  - a. **Yes.** Test for intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. BCM Message Test

- 1. Verify transmission is in neutral.
- 2. With clutch lever released, start engine.
- 3. Does engine start?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 6.
  - b. Yes, with fairing. Replace IM.
  - c. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Neutral Switch Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect neutral switch [131].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between [131B-1] (W) wire and [131B-2] (BK) wire.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Does neutral lamp turn ON?
  - a. Yes. Replace neutral switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Ground Wire Test

- 1. Jumper between [131B-1] (W) wire and ground.
- 2. Does neutral lamp turn on?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Neutral Switch Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test resistance between BOB terminal D3 and [131B-1] (W) wire.

- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (W) wire between indicators and neutral switch.

#### 6. Speedometer Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between BOB terminal 6 to ground.
- 5. Does neutral lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Repair or replace console harness.

#### HIGH BEAM INDICATOR ALWAYS ON

#### Table 4-19. High Beam Indicator Always On Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Indicator malfunction

# Short to ground in high beam indicator circuit

#### 1. High Beam Indicator Function Test

- 1. Operate headlamp switch.
- 2. Do high and low beam headlamps function correctly?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 2.
  - b. Yes, with fairing. Replace IM.
  - c. No. See Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41).

# 2. High Beam Indicator Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speedometer [39].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Does high beam indicator illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Repair or replace console harness.
  - b. No. Replace speedometer.

# HIGH BEAM INDICATOR INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Indicator malfunction

Open high beam indicator circuit

#### 1. High Beam Indicator Function Test

- 1. Operate headlamp switch.
- 2. Do high and low beam headlamps function correctly?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 2.
  - b. Yes, with fairing. Replace IM.
  - c. **No.** See Horn, Lighting and Security, HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-41).

#### 2. High Beam Indicator Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between BOB terminal 4 to ground.
- 5. Does high beam indicator illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Repair or replace console harness.

# TURN SIGNAL INDICATOR ALWAYS ON

#### Table 4-21. Turn Signal Indicator Always On Diagnostic Faults

	POSSIBLE CAUSES
Indicator malfunction Short to ground turn signal circuit	

#### 1. Turn Signal Function Test

- 1. Operate turn signals.
- 2. Do turn signals operate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. See Horn, Lighting and Security, Turn Signals (Page 5-16).

#### 2. Turn Signal Indicator Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speedometer [39].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Does turn signal indicator illuminate?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Repair or replace console harness.
  - b. **Yes, with fairing.** Replace voltmeter or fuel gauge depending on which turn signal is always on.

# TURN SIGNAL INDICATOR INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS

Table 4-22. Turn Signal Indicator Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Indicator malfunction	
Open turn signal circuit	

#### 1. Turn Signal Function Test

- 1. Operate turn signals.
- 2. Do turn signals operate?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **Yes, with fairing.** Replace gauge with inoperative indicator.
  - c. No. See Horn, Lighting and Security, Turn Signals (Page 5-16).

# 2. Turn Signal Indicator Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-46601) to [39]. Attach connectors from BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) to harness adapters, leaving [39A] disconnected.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper BOB terminal 10 (left) or terminal 12 (right) to ground.
- 5. Does turn signal indicator illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace speedometer.
  - b. No. Repair or replace console harness.

# LOW FUEL LAMP ALWAYS ON

#### Table 4-23. Low Fuel Lamp Always On Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Fuel level sensor malfunction	
Fuel gauge malfunction	

# 1. Fuel Level Sensor Test

NOTE

Test must be performed with a full fuel tank.

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.

- 5. View low fuel lamp and fuel gauge.
- 6. Is fuel gauge accurate?
  - a. Yes, without fairing. Replace speedometer.
  - b. Yes, with fairing. Replace fuel gauge.
  - c. No. See GAUGES, Fuel Gauge Inoperative: Non-Fairing Models (Page 4-32).

# LOW FUEL LAMP INOPERATIVE

#### Table 4-24. Low Fuel Lamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Fuel level sensor malfunction	
Fuel gauge malfunction	

# 1. Speedometer Test

#### NOTE

Test must be performed with fuel level in tank less than 1.0 USgal (3.8 L).

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. View low fuel lamp and fuel gauge.
- 6. Is the fuel gauge inoperative?
  - a. **Yes.** See GAUGES, Fuel Gauge Inoperative: Non-Fairing Models (Page 4-32).
  - b. No, without fairing. Replace speedometer.
  - c. No, with fairing. Replace fuel gauge.

# THEORY OF OPERATION

See Figure 4-24 and Figure 4-25. With IGN ON, the fuel gauge receives 12V through the accessory power circuit. Current flows through the gauge and variable resistor in the fuel gauge sending unit to ground. The sending unit float controls the amount of resistance in the variable resistor.

Inoperative gauges occur if:

- Sender or fuel gauge not grounded.
- · Malfunction in sender or fuel gauge.
- Inoperative or disconnected wire to fuel gauge.
- · Corroded connections at fuel gauge.

The voltmeter and tachometer gauges are controlled through the IM over the vehicle communication bus. If either of the instruments are inoperative and no DTCs are set, then replace the instrument.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

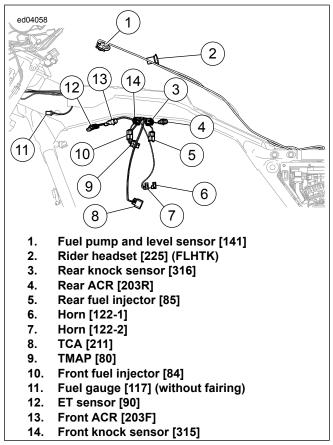


Figure 4-24. Engine

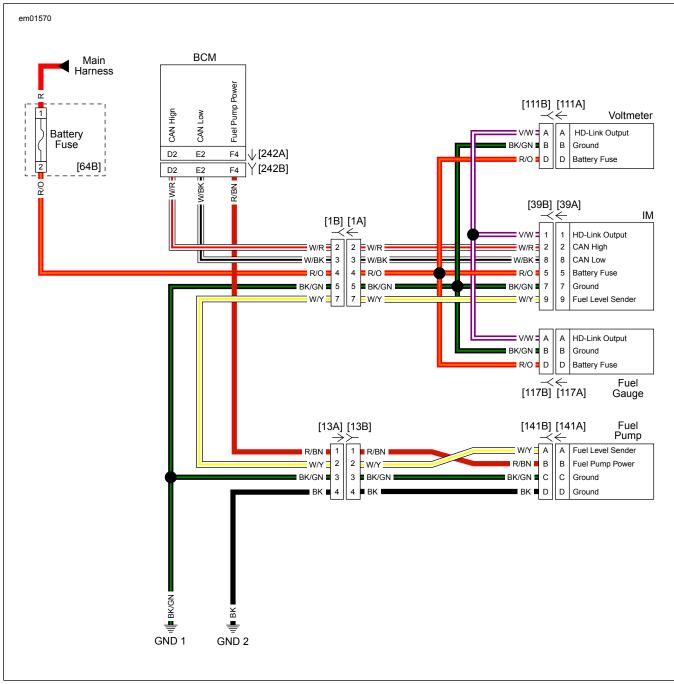
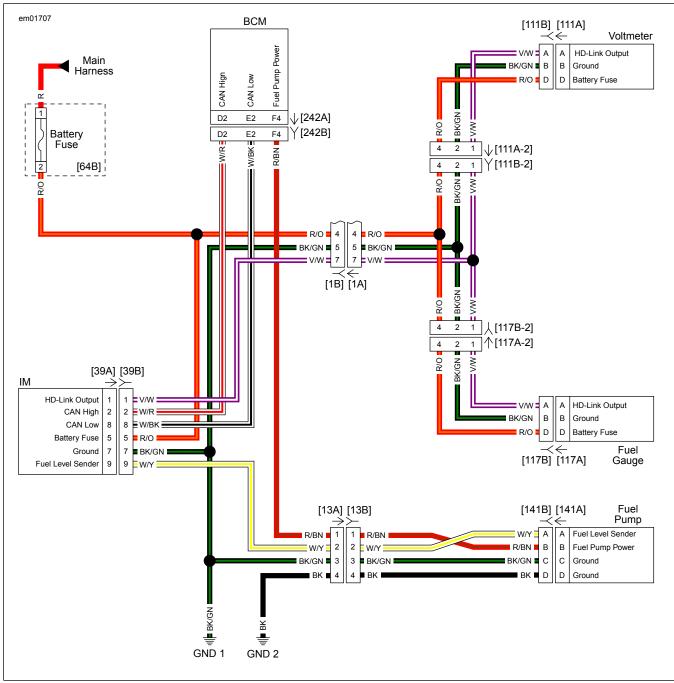


Figure 4-25. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLH with Fairing



#### Figure 4-26. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLT

# FUEL GAUGE INACCURATE, NO DTCS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 4-25. Fuel Gauge Inaccurate, No DTCs Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- Open in fuel gauge power circuit Open in fuel gauge ground circuit

# Fuel sender malfunction

Fuel gauge malfunction

# 1. Fuel Gauge Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect fuel pump and sender [141].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between [141B] terminal A to ground.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Does fuel gauge indicate full?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, without fairing. Go to Test 3.
  - c. No, with fairing. Replace fuel gauge.

#### 2. Sending Unit Test

- 1. Test resistance between [141A] terminals A and C.
- 2. Is resistance within specified range? Refer to Table 4-26.
  - a. Yes. System operating properly.

b. No. Replace fuel sender.

#### Table 4-26. Fuel Sender Resistance Values

FUEL LEVEL	RESISTANCE
Full	27-40 ohms
Half-full	97-118 ohms
Empty	240-264 ohms

#### 3. Fuel Gauge Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [117B] terminals 1 and 4.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel gauge.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/Y) or (BK/GN) wire.

# FUEL GAUGE INOPERATIVE: NON-FAIRING MODELS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 4-27. Fuel Gauge Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open in power circuit

Open in ground circuit

Fuel gauge malfunction

#### NOTE

The diagnostic applies to the non-fairing models. Models with fairings should replace the fuel gauge if it is inoperative.

# 1. Ignition Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel gauge [117].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [117B] terminals 1 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/Y) wire.

# 2. Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [117B] terminals 1 and 4.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace fuel gauge.
  - b. No. Repair open in ground circuit.

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS	
5.2 HEATED HANDGRIPS	
5.3 CRUISE CONTROL	
5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS	
5.5 TURN SIGNALS	
5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS	
5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS	5-33
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5.17 ALARM DIAGNOSTICS	
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5.20 ADDITIONAL OUTPUT DIAGNOSTICS	5-104

See Figure 5-1. The accessory power circuit from the BCM terminal M2 runs to the rear lighting, DLC connector and the P&A relay. This circuit is energized by the BCM when the IGN is in the ACC or ON position.

With IGN in the ACC or ON position the BCM terminal M2 is energized. This supplies power to the coil side of the P&A relay. When the P&A relay is energized by the BCM, it supplies power to the P&A circuit through the P&A fuse.

#### Table 5-1. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2112	ACC output shorted high
B2113	ACC output shorted low
B2114	ACC output overloaded

# **Conditions for Setting**

The accessory circuit normally has power when the IGN is ON or in the ACC positions. If the accessory circuit has power when the IGN is OFF, then DTC B2112 will set.

DTC B2114 will set if the accessory circuit draws more than 20 Amps.

The other accessory circuit DTCs will set if the BCM identifies them with the IGN ON or in the ACC position.

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

This circuit may be used for aftermarket accessories or systems. If a code is set and cannot be duplicated, check for aftermarket devices.

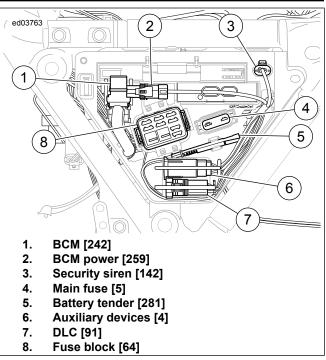


Figure 5-1. Behind Left Side Cover

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

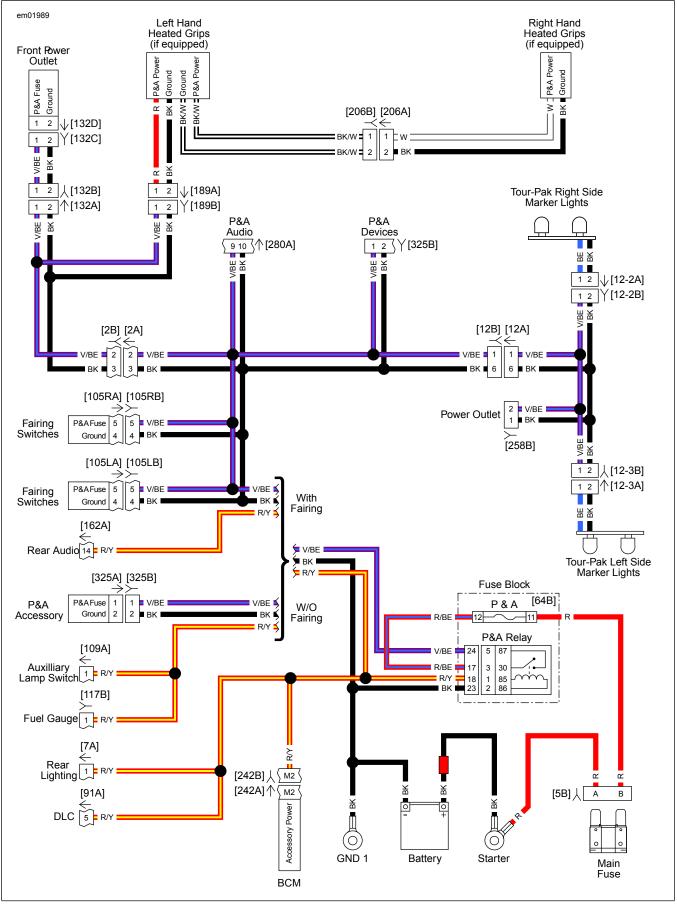


Figure 5-2. FLH P&A Power

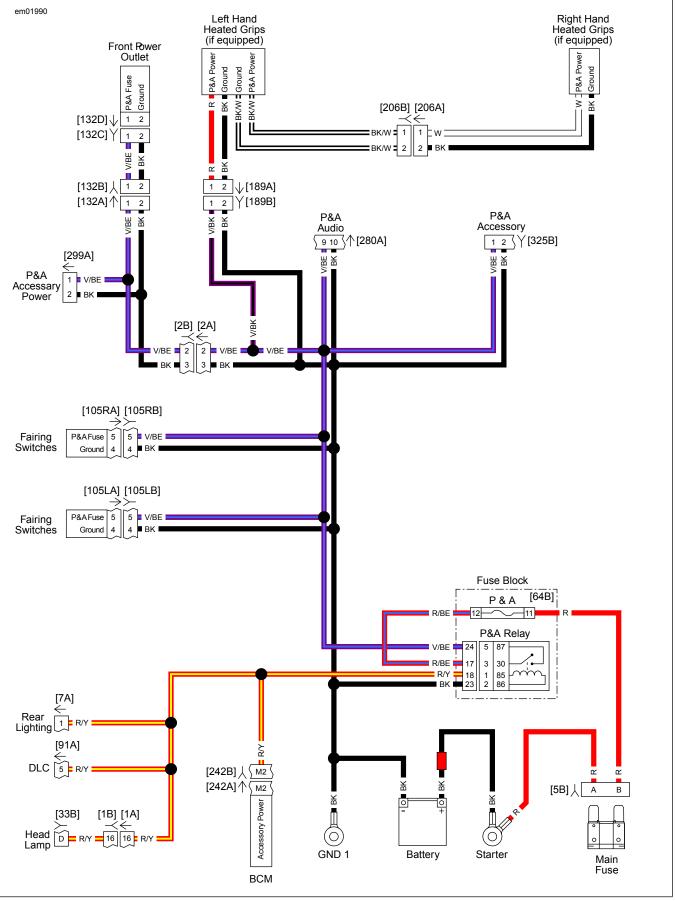


Figure 5-3. FLT P&A Power

# DTC B2112

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 5-2. DTC B2112 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to battery in the accessory power circuit

# **1. Accessory Power Circuit Short to Voltage Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between DLC [91A] terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage on (R/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. BCM Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Turn IGN ON, then OFF.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Concern is intermittent. Accessory devices may have caused DTC to set. Inspect and repair as needed.

# DTC B2113, B2114

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-3. DTC B2113, B2114 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Excessive current draw in accessory power circuit	
Short to ground in the accessory power circuit	

# 1. Accessory Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B] leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal M2 and ground.

- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

#### 2. Accessory Circuit Test

- 1. Inspect for any accessories connected to the accessory circuit.
- 2. Disconnect any accessories on the circuit.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. BCM Test

- 1. Leave all aftermarket accessories disconnected.
- 2. Connect BCM [242A].
- 3. Clear DTC.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Accessory devices may have caused DTC to set. Inspect and repair as needed.

#### REAR AUXILIARY POWER OUTLET INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

Table 5-4. Rear Auxiliary Power Outlet Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Power outlet malfunction
Open in the ground circuit
Open in the power circuit
Short to ground in the power circuit
Malfunction in the device attached to the power outlet

#### 1. Power Outlet Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect power outlet [258].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [258B] terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace auxiliary power outlet.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Power Outlet Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [258B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/BE) wire.

# FRONT POWER OUTLET INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 5-5. Front Power Outlet Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in the ground circuit	
Open in the power circuit	
Short to ground in the power circuit	

# 1. Front Power Outlet Test

- 1. Disconnect front power outlet [132].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [132B] terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace defective part of front power outlet.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Cigar Lighter Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [132B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/BE) wire.

See Figure 5-4. The heated handgrips are controlled by the rotating switch located at the end of the left handgrip. The switch can be turned from an OFF position through 6 increasingly warm settings.

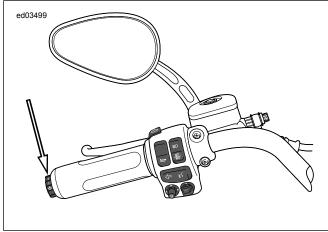


Figure 5-4. Heated Handgrip Control Switch

# **Diagnostic Tips**

If the heating element controller, located in the left grip, detects an open or short between the left and right grip circuit, the system is disabled. To enable the heating element control circuit, cycle the ignition switch after the problem is resolved.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

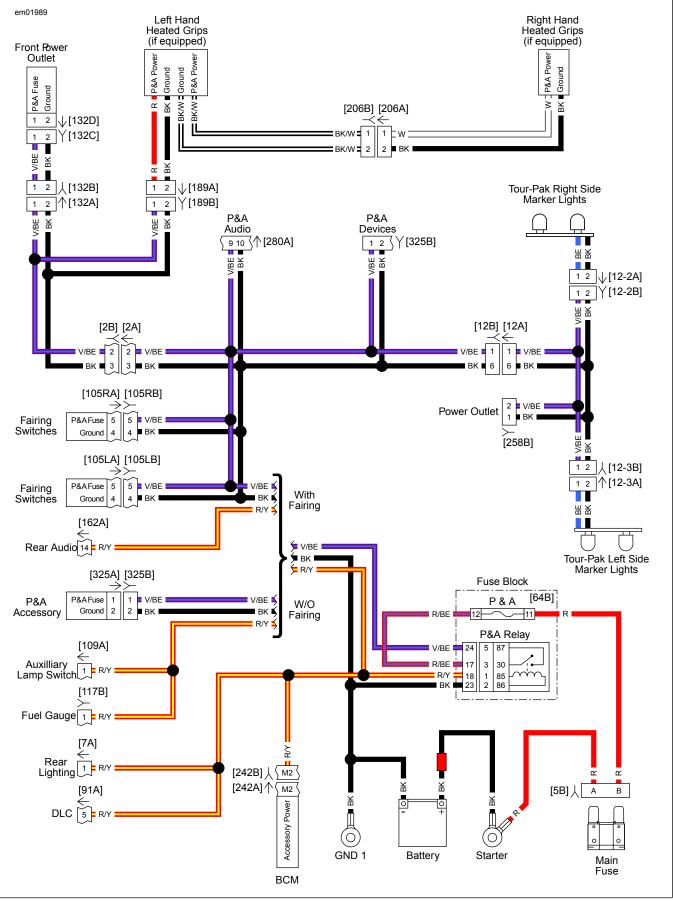


Figure 5-5. FLH P&A Power

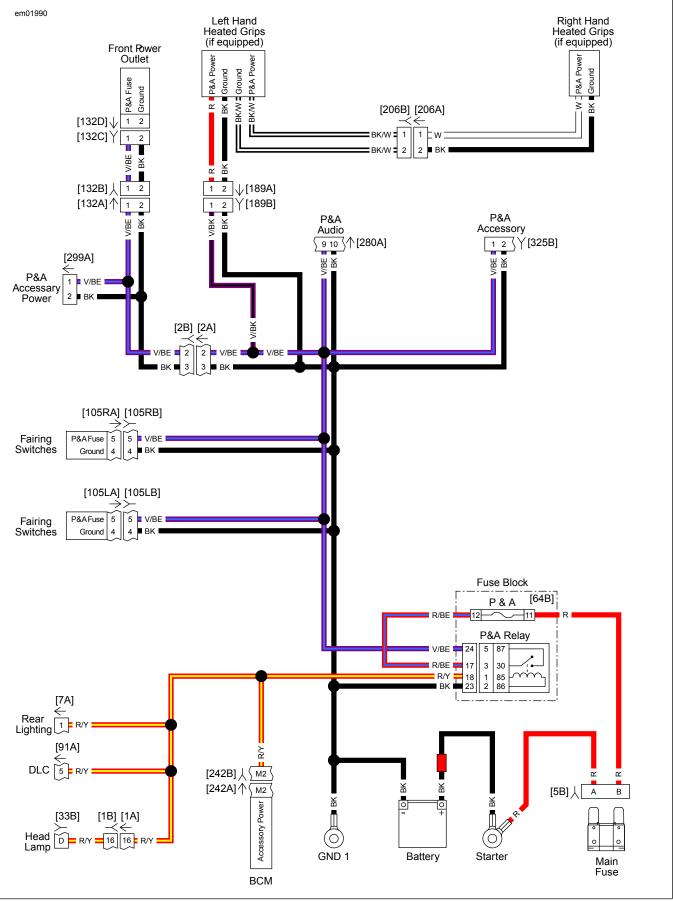


Figure 5-6. FLT P&A Power

# HEATED HANDGRIPS INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 5-6. Heated Handgrips Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in the ground circuit	
Open in the power circuit	
Short to ground in the power circuit	
Right heated grip malfunction	
Left heated grip malfunction	

#### 1. Current Draw Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove P&A fuse.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. With heated handgrips off, using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test current draw across fuse block [64B] socket terminals 11 and 12.
- 5. Turn heated handgrips control to maximum setting while watching current draw.
- 6. Does current draw increase to approximately 3.5A above original reading?
  - a. Yes. System functioning normally.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Power Supply Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Install P&A fuse.
- 3. Disconnect heated grips [189].
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between [189B] terminals 1 and 2.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Heated Grips Power Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [189B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/BK) wire.

#### 4. Heated Grips Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between [189B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 5. Heated Grips Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect right heated handgrip [206].
- 2. Test continuity between [206B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?

#### a. Yes. Go to Test 6.

 b. No. Repair short to ground between [237B] terminal 1 and [206A] terminal 1.

# 6. Heated Grip Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect heated handgrip to main harness [189].
- 2. Test continuity between [189B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (V/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Replace left handgrip.

#### 7. Heated Grips Resistance Test

- 1. Disconnect right heated handgrip [206].
- 2. Test resistance between [237A] terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance between 7-12 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace left heated grip.
  - b. No. Replace right heated grip.

The ECM controls and monitors the operation of the vehicle cruise control. The cruise switch allows the control circuit to be enabled or disabled and, when enabled, the lamp in the switch illuminates.

The CRUISE/SET/RESUME switch automatically regulates the speed of the vehicle. It is located on the LHCM and is a three position momentary switch, spring loaded to the center position.

- **CRUISE:** Press the CRUISE switch to enable cruise control. The cruise control indicator lights orange. Pressing the CRUISE switch again turns off cruise control.
- **SET/-:** With cruise control enabled, press SET/- to set cruise to current vehicle speed. The cruise control indicator lights green. While at cruising speed, press SET/- to reduce speed.
- RESUME/+: While at cruising speed, press RESUME/+ to increase speed. If cruise control is disengaged (such as a braking event), press RESUME/+ to resume the previous cruising speed.

Table 5-7. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0577	Cruise control input error

# SYSTEM OPERATION

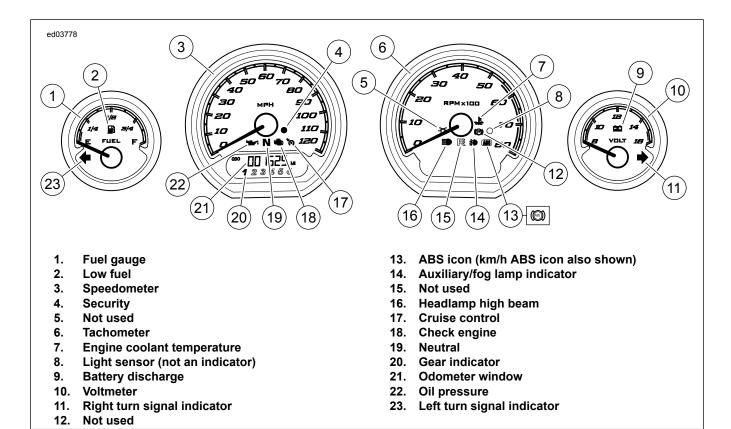
To engage and disengage the cruise control system, proceed as follows:

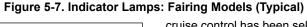
 While riding in second through sixth gear, press straight in on the CRUISE/SET/RESUME switch to turn the cruise ON. The cruise enabled/engaged lamp in the instrument turns orange to indicate the system is activated.

- With the motorcycle traveling at the desired cruise speed, 25–90 mph (48–145 km/h) and cruise control enabled, press SET/- to set the cruising speed.
- 3. The ECM monitors the VSS to establish the desired vehicle speed. The ECM then modulates the throttle control actuator to maintain vehicle speed. The cruise enabled/engaged lamp in the instrument turns from orange to green to indicate the cruising speed is locked in.
- 4. The ECM monitors both the engine rpm and the VSS output speed signal. The ECM signals the throttle control actuator to open or close the throttle to keep the speedometer output speed signal constant. The engine rpm is monitored to detect engine overspeed, a condition which automatically causes cruise disengagement.
- 5. The ECM automatically disengages cruise mode whenever the ECM receives one of the following inputs:
  - a. Front or rear brake is applied.
  - b. Throttle is rolled forward past closed, thereby actuating throttle roll off (disengage) command.
  - c. Motorcycle clutch is disengaged or wheel slip detected. (ECM senses too great an increase in rpm).
  - d. Pressing the CRUISE switch again turns off cruise control. The cruise enabled/engaged lamp in the instrument turns off to indicate the system is not activated.
  - e. Handlebar-mounted engine stop switch placed in the off position.
  - f. The SET/- switch is pressed and held in that position until vehicle speed drops below 25 mph (48 km/h) or press the RESUME/+ switch until vehicle speed exceeds 93 mph (150 km/h).

#### NOTE

If the vehicle speed is above 25 mph (48 km/h) when the cruise RESUME/+ switch is released, then the cruise system automatically re-engages.





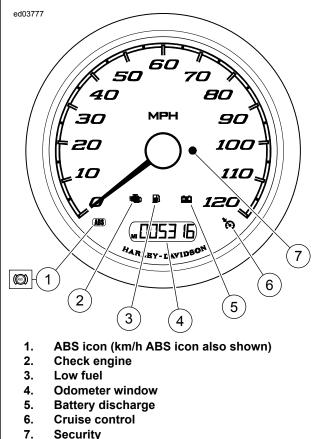


Figure 5-8. Indicator Lamps: Non-Fairing Models TROUBLESHOOTING

Cruise control switch interactive diagnostics are provided to allow testing of the cruise control inputs without the use of a service tool. Note that the diagnostic mode is only available if cruise control has been selected. The cruise engaged lamp is used to verify that each switch is activating properly.

#### **Diagnostic Mode Entry**

To enter diagnostic mode:

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Press cruise enable to turn on the orange cruise enable lamp.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Hold the cruise SET switch ON while switching IGN ON.

# **Switch Verification**

In the diagnostic test mode, the green cruise engaged lamp is illuminated whenever any of these inputs are actuated:

- SET switch.
- RES switch.
- Front brake.
- Rear brake.
- Twist grip in "Cruise Rolloff" position.
- Clutch lever is pulled in.

#### NOTE

The cruise enable switch is automatically tested with the cruise power indicator light. No special test mode is needed.

# **Diagnostic Mode Exit**

The diagnostic mode is exited for any of these conditions:

• Turn IGN OFF.

- The cruise enable switch is turned off.
- The engine is turning.

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

- An intermittent may be caused by poor connection, rubbed through wire insulation or an inoperative wire inside the insulation.
- Poor connection: Inspect component and harness connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses.

# CRUISE CONTROL INOPERATIVE CONDITIONS

The cruise control will become inoperative under the following conditions:

- · Engine stop switch is off.
- · Loss of ignition voltage.
- Throttle position faults P0120 and P0220.
- VSS faults P0501 and P0502.
- · Cruise control switch or brake switch failure P0577.
- TPS correlation error P2135.
- Flash memory error P0605.
- Brake switch fault.
- ETC limited performance mode P1510.
- · Cruise control set speed is too low.
- · Cruise control set speed is too high.
- Vehicle cannot increase to cruise control set speed (uphill).
- Vehicle cannot decrease to cruise control set speed (downhill).
- Brake is applied.
- Twist grip roll-off.
- Engine has not been running long enough.
- · Clutch lever is pulled in.
- Vehicle acceleration rate is too high.
- · Vehicle deceleration rate is too high.
- · Vehicle speed is too high.
- Vehicle speed is too low.
- · Engine rpm is too high.
- Engine rpm is too low.
- Engine rpm acceleration is too high.
- Transmission is first gear or in neutral.

# CRUISE CONTROL

The cruise control system is monitored and controlled through the ECM. The CRUISE/SET/RESUME switch send signals from the LHCM to the ECM. If the ECM sees the same signal with no interruptions for more than two minutes, DTC P0577 will set.

#### **Conditions for Setting**

If the switch is held or stuck for over 2 minutes with the engine stop switch ON, the stuck switch code will set for that switch.

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

Pressing the switch for an extended period of time can set the stuck switch DTCs. These codes should be cleared and operate the vehicle to see if they return. Stuck switch codes will take over two minutes to set.

#### DTC P0577

#### Table 5-8. DTC P0577 Diagnostic Faults

## POSSIBLE CAUSES

LHCM malfunction

#### 1. Switch Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Turn engine stop switch ON, wait three minutes.
- 3. Operate vehicle to meet conditions for setting DTC.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace LHCM.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. Switch may have been pressed for an extended period of time.

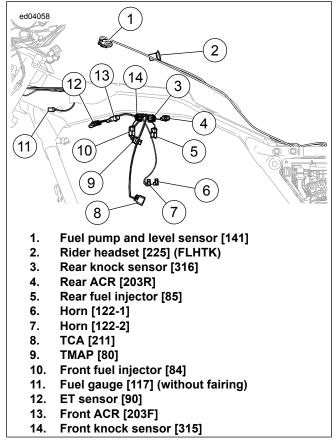
The horn is powered by the BCM from terminal E4 and grounded through GND 2. When the horn switch is pressed, a CAN signal is sent to the BCM. The BCM then supplies power to the horn over the (R/V) wire.

The LHCM sends a signal to the BCM over the CAN bus when the horn switch is pressed. The horn switch is diagnosed with the other switches in the hand controls. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68).

#### NOTE

If the horn button is pressed for more than 10 seconds, the BCM deactivates the horn to protect it from damage. Checking horn output from the BCM has to be done within 10 seconds of pressing the horn button.

See Figure 5-9. The horn is located on the left side of the vehicle between the cylinders.





#### Table 5-9. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2127	E4 output shorted high
B2128	E4 output shorted low
B2129	E4 output overloaded

## **Conditions for Setting**

The horn switch may have to be pressed attempting to activate the horn in order to set these DTCs.

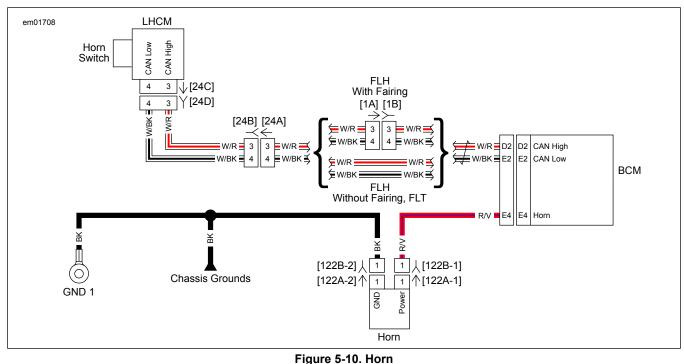
- DTC B2127 will set if the horn button is pressed for more than 10 seconds.
- DTC B2129 will set if the horn circuit draws more than 5
   Amps.

# **Diagnostic Tips**

There will not be a code set if the horn switch is always open. If the horn will not function when the switch is pressed but the other switches on the LHCM work normally, see Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68).

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



# DTC B2126

	1
PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-10. DTC B2126 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in horn ground circuit
Open in horn power circuit
Horn malfunction

# 1. Horn Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect horn [122-1] and [122-2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [122B-1] and [122B-2] while pressing horn switch.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace horn.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Ground Circuit Open Test

1. While pressing horn switch, test voltage between [122B-1] terminal 1 and ground.

#### NOTE

If the horn button is pressed for more than 10 seconds, the BCM deactivates the horn to protect it from damage. Checking horn output from the BCM has to be done within 10 seconds of pressing the horn button.

- - 2. Is battery voltage present?
    - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) ground circuit.
    - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. While pressing horn switch, test voltage between BOB terminal E4 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (R/V) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# DTC B2127

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 5-11. DTC B2127 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in horn power circuit

# 1. Horn Power Circuit Short to Voltage Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal E4 (R/V) wire from BCM harness connector [242B].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between extracted terminal E4 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage in horn power circuit (R/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

# DTC B2128, B2129

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 5-12. DTC B2128, B2129 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Accessory horn overloading circuit
Short to ground in horn power circuit
Horn malfunction

#### 1. Horn Circuit Test

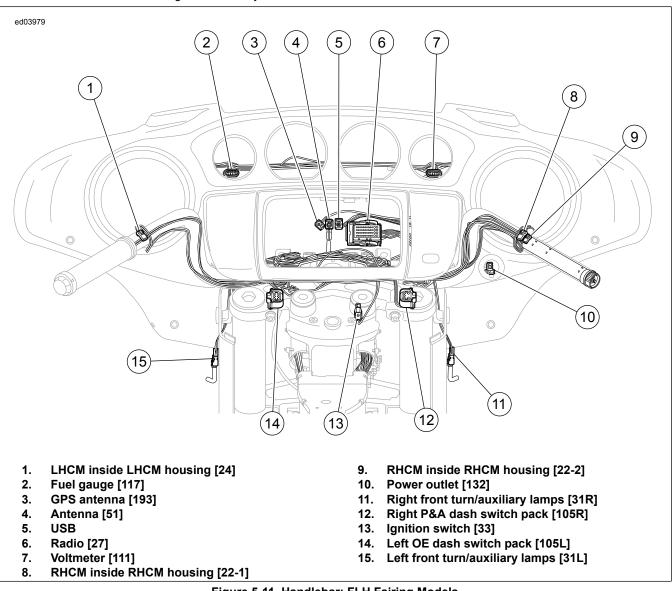
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect horn [122].
- 3. Disconnect BCM [242].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [122B-1] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

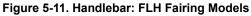
#### 2. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242].
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 94000395

- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Press horn switch.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- Did DTC reset?
   a. Yes. Replace horn.
  - b. No. Concern is intermittent.

The BCM controls the turn signal functions, including the hazard lamps and turn signal cancellation feature. The BCM has separate controls for each of the turn signals. This allows the BCM to set DTCs for each turn signal individually. See Figure 5-11 and Figure 5-13. The BCM controls the front turn signals, as well as the rear turn signals. The BCM sends power to the turn signals directly over the specific wire for each signal.





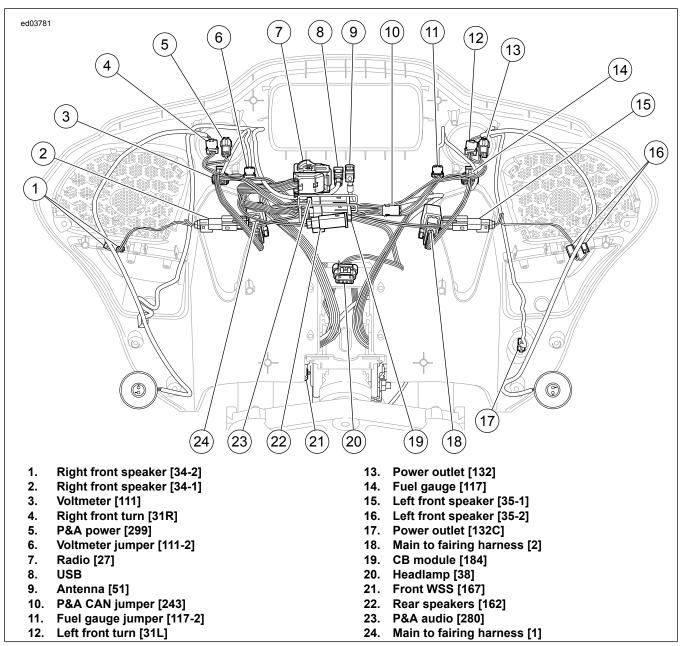
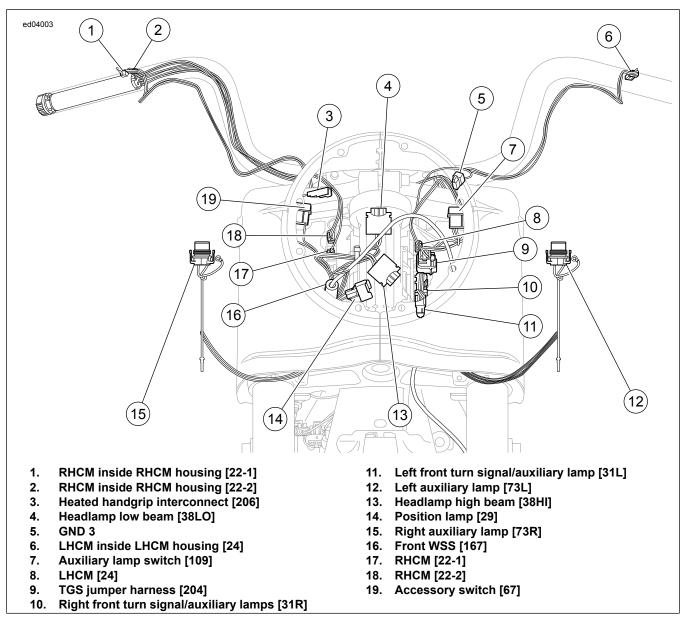


Figure 5-12. Behind FLT Fairing



#### Figure 5-13. Headlamp Nacelle without Fairing

The LHCM and RHCM send messages to the BCM over the CAN bus when either of the turn signal switches or hazard warning switch are pressed. The BCM will also set codes if it determines a switch is stuck in the pressed position for longer than two minutes. The switch DTCs are diagnosed with the other hand control module switches. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68).

#### **Manual Cancellation**

To stop the turn signals from flashing, briefly press the turn signal switch a second time.

If signaling to turn in one direction, pressing the switch for the opposite turn signal will cause the first signal to cancel and the opposite side to begin.

#### **Automatic Cancellation**

Press the left or right turn switch to activate automatic turn signal cancellation. There is no need to hold the turn switch in when approaching the turn. The BCM will not cancel the signal before the turn is actually completed.

- When the turn signal switch is released, the system starts a 20 count. As long as the vehicle is traveling above 8 mph (13 km/h), the directional will always cancel after 20 flashes if the system does not recognize any other input.
- If the vehicle speed drops to 8 mph (13 km/h) or less, including stopped, the directionals will continue to flash. Counting will resume when vehicle speed reaches 8 mph (13 km/h) and will automatically cancel when the count total equals 20 as stated above.
- The turn signals may cancel within two seconds upon turn completion depending on vehicle lean angle during turn. An accelerometer inside the BCM cancels the signal after the vehicle has been returned to an upright position.

#### NOTE

The bank angle cancellation function has an automatic calibration feature. Ride the vehicle for 0.25 mi (0.4 km) at steady speeds (upright) to calibrate the system. This calibration process optimizes the performance of the bank angle function. This automatic calibration is performed automatically every time the vehicle is started and ridden.

#### **Four-Way Flashing**

Use the following method to activate the four-way flashers:

1. With the ignition switch ON or in ACC, press the hazard warning switch.

#### NOTE

To activate or deactivate hazards on vehicle equipped with security system, the fob must be within range of the vehicle.

- 2. Turn the ignition switch OFF (the security system will arm if equipped). The four-way flashers will continue for two hours.
- 3. To cancel four-way flashing, disarm the security system if equipped, turn the ignition switch ON or to ACC and press the hazard warning switch.

#### NOTE

To activate or deactivate hazards on vehicle equipped with security system, the fob must be within range of the vehicle.

This system allows a stranded vehicle to be left in the four-way flashing mode and secured until help is found.

If the security system is disarmed while the four-way flashers are active, the lights will flash as follows:

- 1. BCM stops four-way flashing mode. Vehicle sits for one second with turn signals off.
- 2. BCM performs disarming confirmation (one flash).
- 3. Vehicle sits for one second with turn signals off.
- 4. Vehicle restarts four-way flashing mode.

#### **Tip Over Detection Operation**

The BCM uses an internal accelerometer to monitor vehicle position. Under normal driving conditions, the BCM uses the accelerometer along with speed input provided from the ECM to know when to automatically cancel the turn signals after a turn. The BCM will disable turn signal lamps, accessory power and starter activation and will shut down the ignition and the fuel pump if the vehicle is tipped over. The odometer will display "TIP" when a tip-over condition is present.

#### **Tip Over Reset**

- 1. Return the vehicle to an upright position.
- 2. Cycle the IGN OFF-ON before restarting the vehicle.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

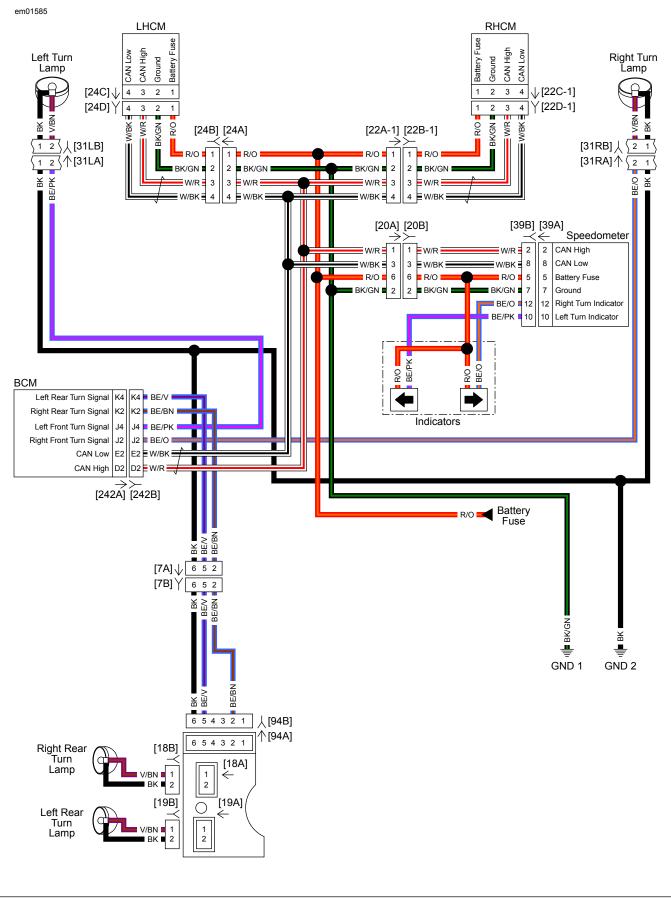


Figure 5-14. Turn Signals without Fairing

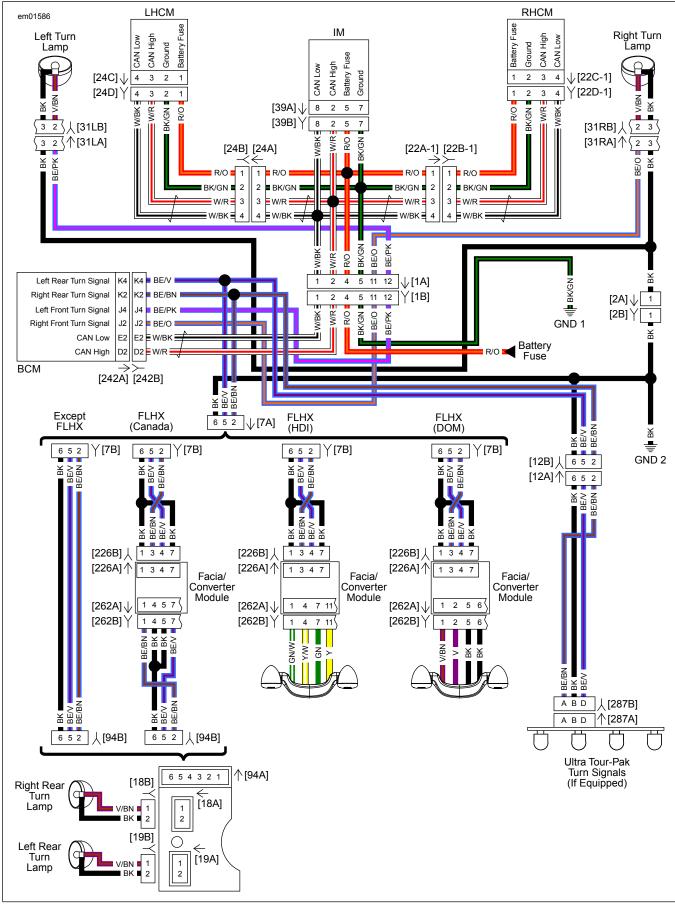


Figure 5-15. Turn Signals: FLH with Fairing

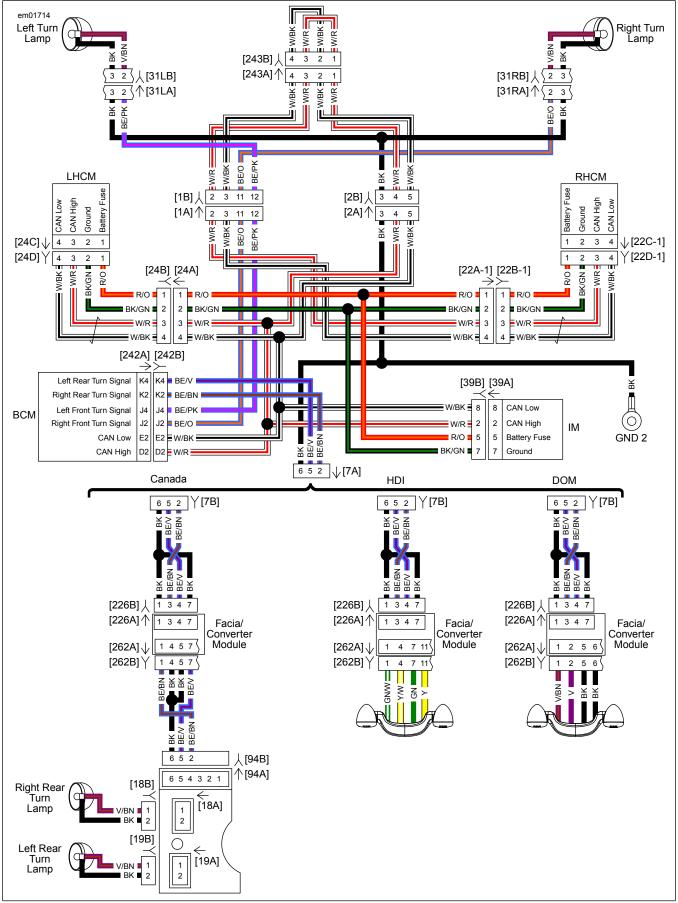


Figure 5-16. Turn Signals: FLT with Fairing

# WILL NOT CANCEL UPON TURN COMPLETION, NO DTCS

# Table 5-13. Will Not Cancel Upon Turn Completion, No DTCs Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Conditions to self-cancel not met

Improper configuration

#### 1. BCM Mounting Test

- 1. Verify BCM is mounted correctly.
- 2. Is BCM mounted correctly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Mount correctly.

#### 2. Correct Configuration Test

- 1. Check if BCM is configured correctly. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SERVICE AND EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS (Page 5-90).
- 2. Is BCM configured correctly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Select proper vehicle configuration.

#### 3. Turn Signals Cancel Test

- 1. Operate vehicle at a speed greater than 8 mph (13 km/h) in a straight line.
- 2. Activate either turn signal.
- 3. Turn signals should cancel after 20 flashes.
- 4. Do turn signals cancel?
  - a. Yes. System operating properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Speedometer Test

- 1. Does speedometer register vehicle speed?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. See Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2).

See Figure 5-17, Figure 5-18 and Figure 5-19. The turn signals are controlled by the BCM. The BCM supplies power to the turn signals and controls the flash rate of the turn signals through the turn signals individual power circuit.

When the turn signal or hazard warning lamp switch is pressed, the hand control module sends a message over the CAN bus to the BCM. The BCM then controls the power to the turn signal. The turn signals have a constant ground.

Before troubleshooting errors after relocating front turn signals, perform following steps:

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Activate hazard lights for 10 flashes.
- 3. Deactivate hazards.
- 4. Activate hazard lights for 10 flashes.
- 5. Deactivate hazards.
- 6. Clear DTCs.
- 7. Turn IGN OFF, ON, activate hazard lights.
- 8. Verify DTCs.

#### NOTE

This is necessary for the BCM to validate the proper front lighting configuration and which module is actually controlling them.

#### Table 5-14. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2141	Left front turn signal output open
B2143	Left front turn signal output shorted low
B2144	Left front turn signal output overloaded
B2146	Right front turn signal output open
B2148	Right front turn signal output shorted low
B2149	Right front turn signal output overloaded

#### **Conditions for Setting**

After clearing DTCs, test inoperative turn signal. Verify DTC does not return.

- DTC B2141 or B2146 sets if the corresponding front turn signal circuit draws less than 120 milliamps.
- DTC B2144 or B2149 sets if the corresponding front turn signal circuit draws more than 3 Amps.

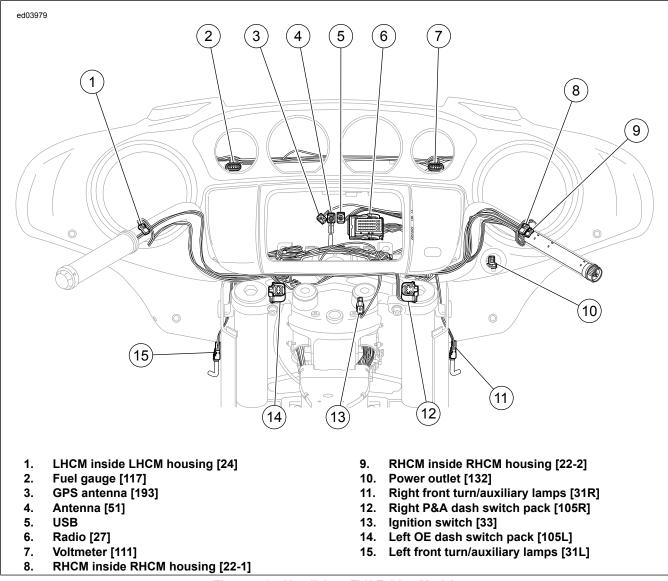


Figure 5-17. Handlebar: FLH Fairing Models

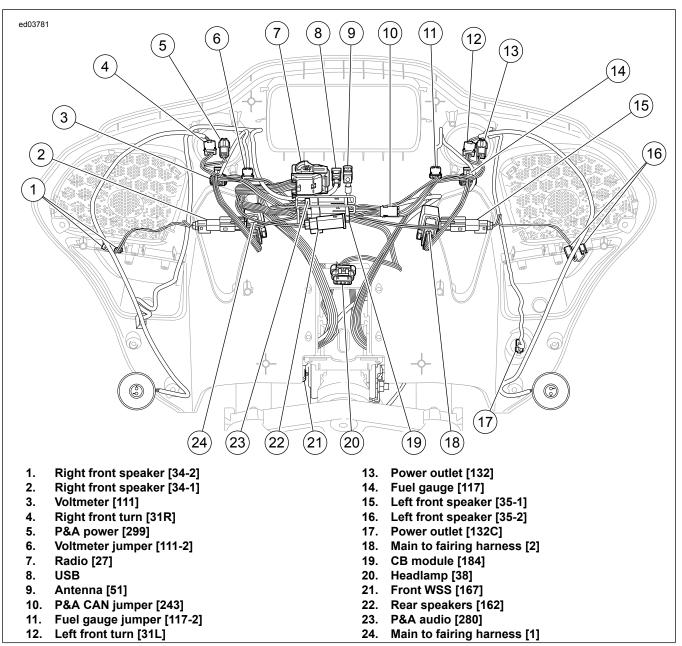
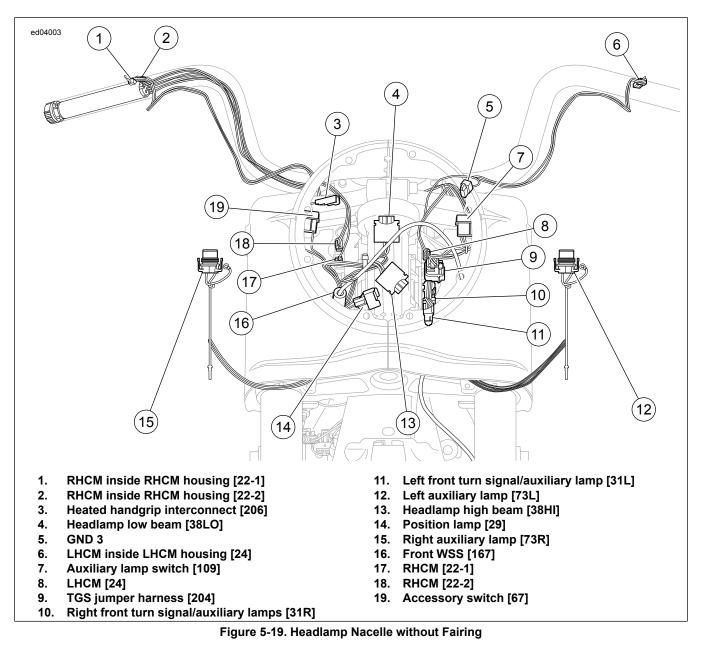


Figure 5-18. Behind FLT Fairing



#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

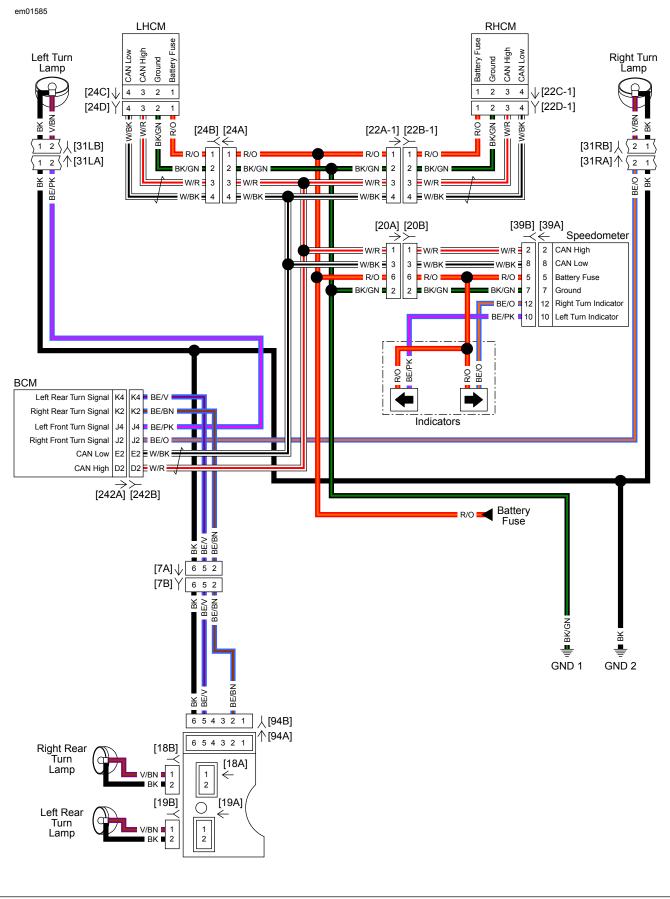


Figure 5-20. Turn Signals without Fairing

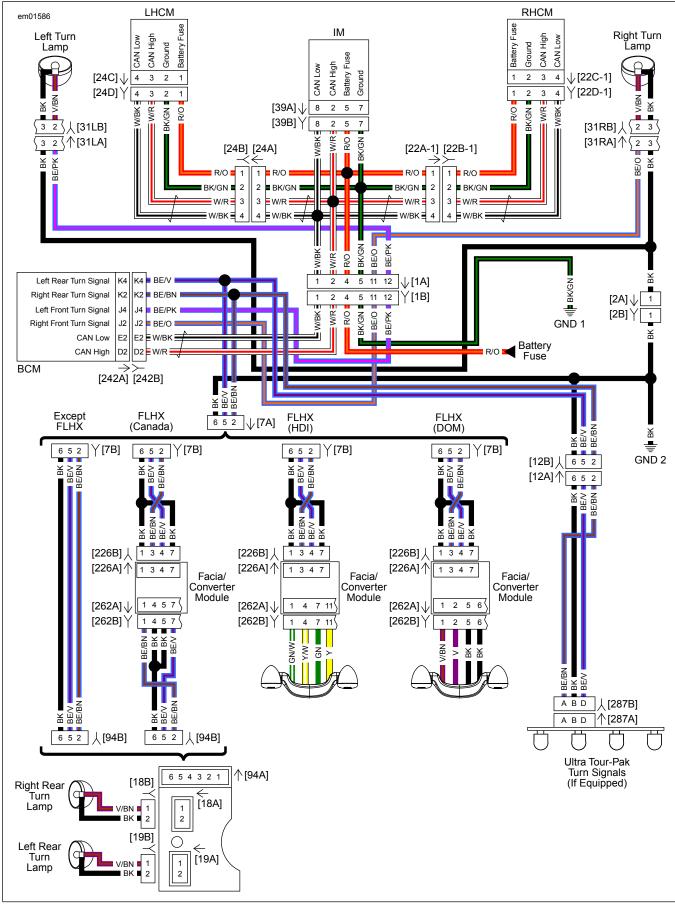


Figure 5-21. Turn Signals: FLH with Fairing

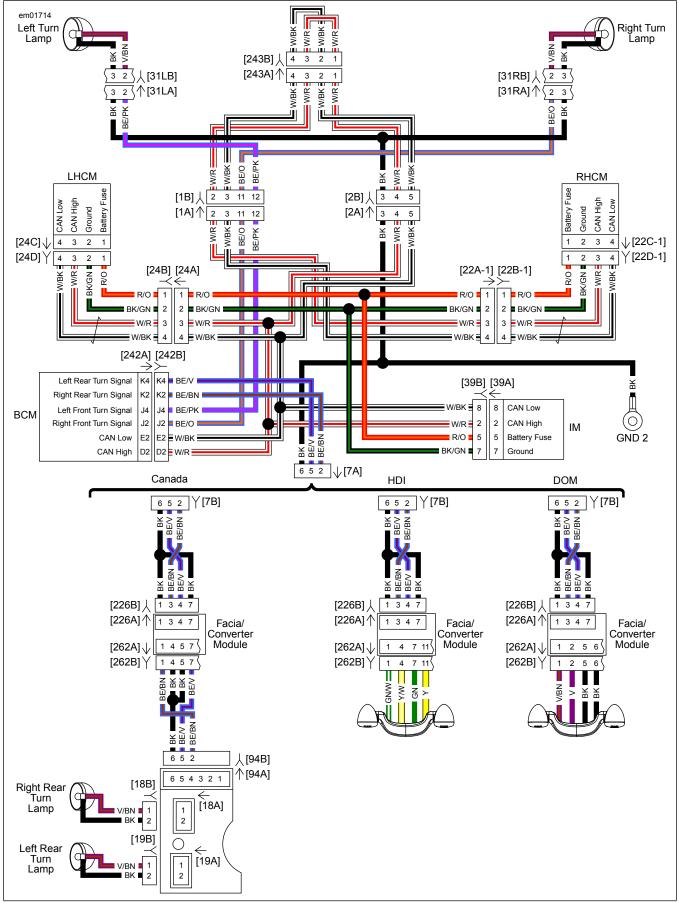


Figure 5-22. Turn Signals: FLT with Fairing

# DTC B2141

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-15. DTC B2141 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in left front turn signal ground circuit
Open in left front turn signal power circuit
Short to voltage in left front turn signal power circuit
Bulb malfunction

#### 1. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect left front turn signal bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

#### 2. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between bulb socket ground and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 3. Power Circuit Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal J4 and left front turn signal bulb socket terminal.
- 4. Is resistance less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in left front turn signal power circuit (BE/PK) wire.

# DTC B2143, B2144

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-16. DTC B2143, B2144 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Left front turn signal bulb current exceeds 3.0A

Accessory lighting overloading circuit

Short to ground in left front turn signal power circuit

#### 1. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect left front turn signal bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

#### 2. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), with bulb out, test continuity between BOB terminal J4 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in left front turn signal power circuit (BE/PK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242A].
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn on left turn signal.
- 5. With bulb out, check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC B2143 or B2144 reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace turn signal bulb.

# DTC B2146

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-17. DTC B2146 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in right front turn signal ground circuit
Open in right front turn signal power circuit

#### Table 5-17. DTC B2146 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to voltage in right front turn signal power circuit Bulb malfunction

# 1. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect right front turn signal bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

# 2. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between bulb socket ground and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

# 3. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal J2 and right front turn signal bulb socket terminal.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in right front turn signal power circuit (BE/O) wire.

# DTC B2148, B2149

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 5-18. DTC B2148, B2149 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Right front turn signal bulb current exceeds 3.0A	
Accessory lighting overloading circuit	
Short to ground in right front turn signal power circuit	

# 1. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect right front turn signal bulb.

- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

# 2. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), with bulb out, test continuity between BOB terminal J2 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in right front turn signal power circuit (BE/O) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242A].
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn on right turn signal.
- 5. With bulb removed, check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC B2148 or B2149 reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace turn signal bulb.

See Figure 5-23, Figure 5-24 and Figure 5-25. The rear turn signals are controlled by the BCM. The BCM supplies power to the rear turn signals and controls the flash rate of the turn signals through the power circuit.

#### Table 5-19. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2151	Left rear turn signal output open
B2153	Left rear turn signal output shorted low
B2154	Left rear turn signal output overloaded
B2156	Right rear turn signal output open
B2158	Right rear turn signal output shorted low
B2159	Right rear turn signal output overloaded

# **Conditions for Setting**

After clearing the DTCs, operate the inoperative turn signal to verify if the DTC has returned.

- DTC B2151 or B2156 will set if the corresponding rear turn signal circuit draws less than 120 milliamps.
- DTC B2154 or B2159 will set if the corresponding rear turn signal circuit draws more than 3 Amps.

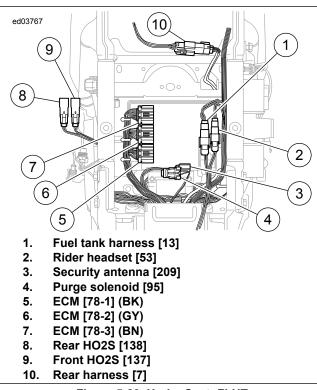
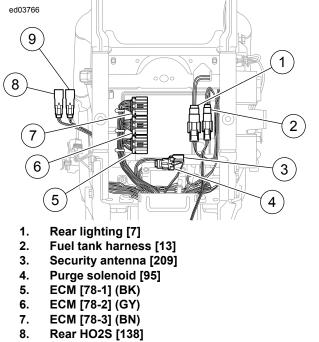


Figure 5-23. Under Seat: FLHT



9. Front HO2S [137]

Figure 5-24. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

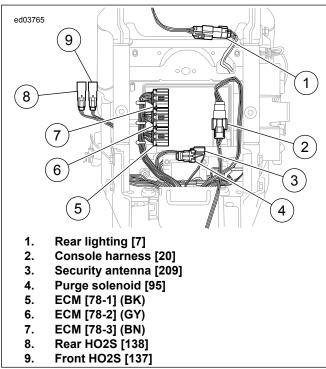


Figure 5-25. Under Seat: FLHR

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

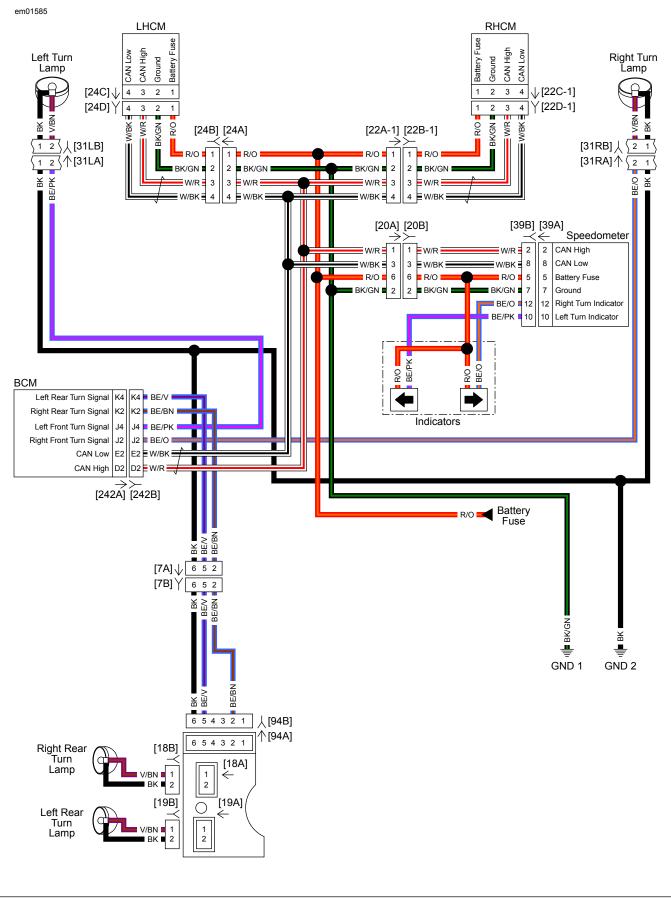


Figure 5-26. Turn Signals without Fairing

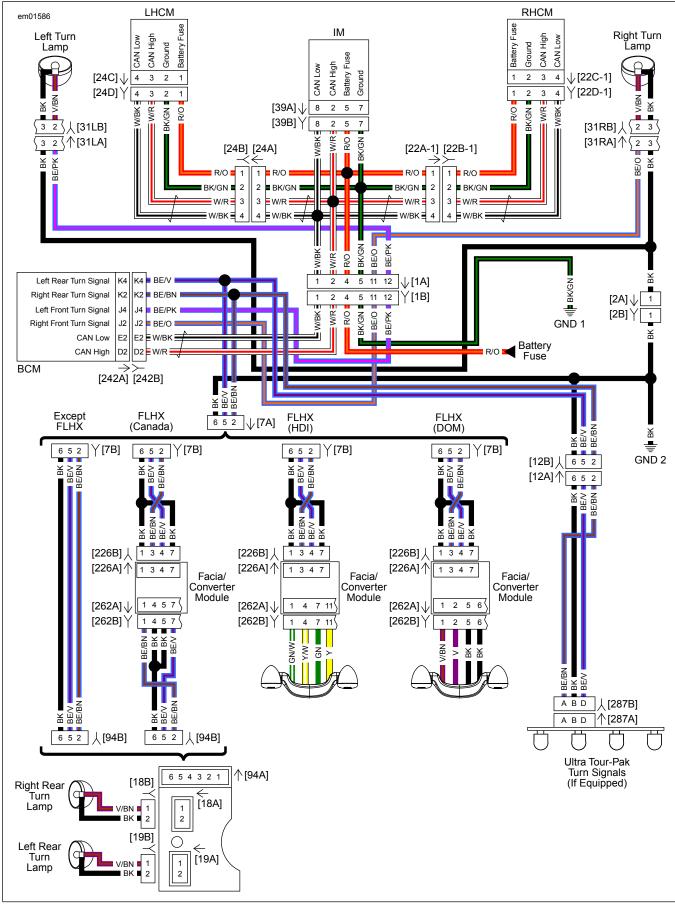


Figure 5-27. Turn Signals: FLH with Fairing

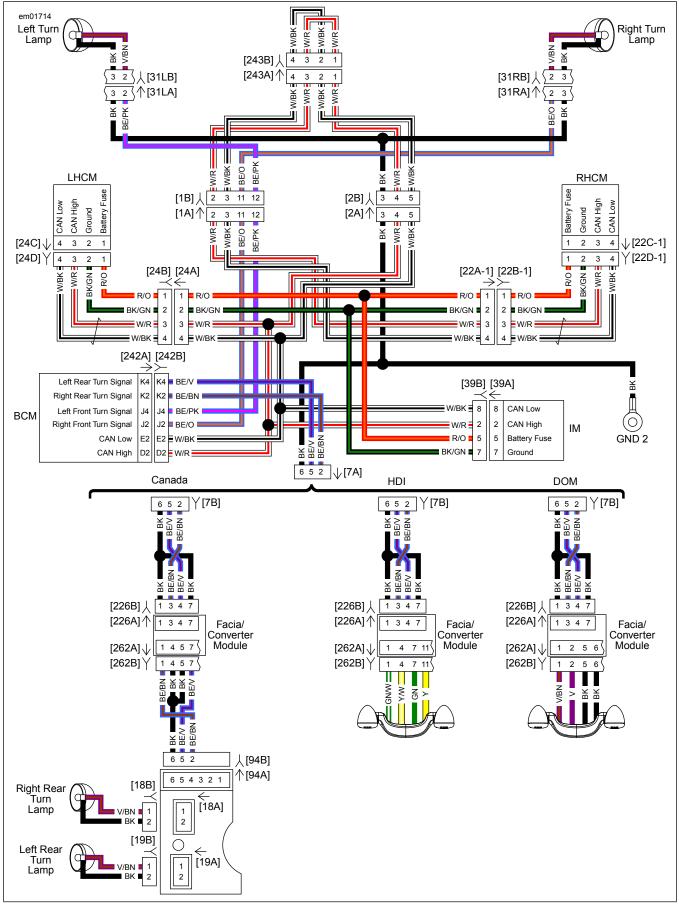


Figure 5-28. Turn Signals: FLT with Fairing

# DTC B2151

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-44687	IGNITION COIL CIRCUIT TEST ADAPTER
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-20. DTC B2151 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in left rear turn signal ground circuit	
Open in left rear turn signal power circuit	
Short to voltage in left rear turn signal power circuit	
Bulb malfunction	

#### 1. Left Rear Turn Signal Bulb Test

- 1. Remove left rear turn signal bulb.
- 2. Inspect bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, lamp is LED in Tour-Pak. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, bulb does not work. Replace bulb.

# 2. Left Rear Turn Signal Circuit Test: Except LED Lights

- 1. Disconnect left rear turn signal [19] (except FLHX/S) or rear lighting jumper harness [262] (FLHX/S).
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), connect test light to:
  - a. Except FLHX/S: [19A] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. Except FLHX/S Canada: [262A] terminals 5 and 7.
  - c. FLHX/S HDI: [262A] terminals 7 and 11.
  - d. FLHX/S DOM: [262A] terminals 2 and 5.
- 3. Press left turn signal switch.
- 4. Does test light flash?
  - a. Yes, lamp is bulb. Replace left rear turn signal.
  - b. Yes, lamp is LED. Replace lightbar.
  - c. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Left Rear Turn Signal Component Test

- Connect test light to [94B] (except FLHX/S) terminals 5 and 6 or [226B] (FLHX/S) terminals 1 and 4.
- 2. Press left turn signal switch.
- 3. Does test light flash?
  - a. Yes, FLHX/S. Replace facia/converter module.
  - b. Yes, except FLHX/S. Replace circuit board.
  - c. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. Left Rear Turn Signal Ground Circuit Test

- Connect test light to [94B] terminal 5 or [226B] terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Press left turn signal switch.
- 3. Does test light flash?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal K4 and [94B] terminal 5 or [226B] terminal 4.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/V) wire.

#### 6. Ground Circuit Open LED Test

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [287B] terminal B and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 7. Power Circuit Open LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal K4 and [287B] terminal D.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in left rear turn signal power circuit (BE/V).

#### 8. Left Turn Signal LED Test

- Using IGNITION COIL CIRCUIT TEST ADAPTER (PART NUMBER: HD-44687) connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E) between BOB terminals G4 and K4.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn on left turn signals.

- 4. Does light flash?
  - a. Yes. Replace ultra Tour-Pak rear marker/stop lights/turn signals.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# DTC B2153, B2154

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-21. DTC B2153, B2154 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Left rear turn signal bulb current too high	
Accessory lighting overloading circuit	
Short to ground in left rear turn signal power circuit	

# 1. Left Rear Turn Signal Bulb Test

- 1. Remove left rear turn signal bulb.
- 2. Inspect bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, lamp is LED in Tour-Pak. Go to Test 4.
  - c. No, bulb does not work. Replace bulb.

#### 2. Left Rear Turn Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See **DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).**
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K4 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# 3. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- Disconnect [94] or [226]. 1.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal K4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in left rear turn signal power circuit (BE/V) wire.
  - b. No, FLHX/S. Replace facia/converter module.
  - c. No, except FLHX/S. Replace circuit board.

# 4. LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Clear DTCs. 2.
- 3. Disconnect Tour-Pak turn signals [287].
- 4. Activate left turn signal.
- 5. Did DTC B2153 or B2154 reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace Ultra Tour-Pak rear marker/stop lights/turn signals.

## 5. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See **DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).**
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K4 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in Left rear turn signal power circuit (BE/V) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# **DTC B2156**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-44687	IGNITION COIL CIRCUIT TEST
	ADAPTER
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-22. DTC B2156 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Open in right rear turn signal ground circuit

Open in right rear turn signal power circuit

Short to voltage in right rear turn signal power circuit

Bulb malfunction

# 1. Right Rear Turn Signal Bulb Test

- 1. Remove right rear turn signal bulb.
- 2. Inspect bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, lamp is LED in Tour-Pak. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, bulb does not work. Replace bulb.

#### 2. Right Rear Turn Signal Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect right rear turn signal [18] (except FLHX/S) or rear lighting jumper harness [262] (FLHX/S).
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), connect test light to:
  - a. Except FLHX/S: [18A] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. Except FLHX/S Canada: [262A] terminals 1 and 5.
  - c. FLHX/S HDI: [262A] terminals 1 and 4.
  - d. FLHX/S DOM: [262A] terminals 1 and 6.
- 3. Press right turn signal switch.
- 4. Does test light flash?
  - a. Yes, lamp is bulb. Replace right rear turn signal.
  - b. Yes, lamp is LED. Replace lightbar.
  - c. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Right Rear Turn Signal Component Test

- 1. Connect test light to [94B] (except FLHX/S) terminals 2 and 6 or [226B] (FLHX/S) terminals 1 and 3.
- 2. Press right turn signal switch.
- 3. Does test light flash?
  - a. Yes, FLHX/S. Replace facia/converter module.
  - b. Yes, except FLHX/S. Replace circuit board.
  - c. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Right Rear Turn Signal Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Connect test light to [94B] terminal 2 or [226B] terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Press right turn signal switch.
- 3. Does test light flash?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [94B] terminal 2 or [226B] terminal 3.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/BN) wire.

# 6. Ground Circuit Open Test

 Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [278B] terminal B and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

#### 7. Power Circuit Open LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [287B] terminal A.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in right rear turn signal power circuit (BE/BN).

#### 8. Right Turn Signal LED Test

- Using IGNITION COIL CIRCUIT TEST ADAPTER (PART NUMBER: HD-44687) connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E) to BOB terminals G4 and K2.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn on right turn signals.
- 4. Does light flash?
  - a. **Yes.** Replace Ultra Tour-Pak rear marker/stop lights/turn signals.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

#### DTC B2158, B2159

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-23. DTC B2158, B2159 Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES Right rear turn signal bulb current too high Accessory lighting overloading circuit

Short to ground in right rear turn signal power circuit

#### 1. Right Rear Turn Signal Bulb Test

- 1. Remove right rear turn signal bulb.
- 2. Inspect bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, lamp is LED in Tour-Pak. Go to Test 4.
  - c. No, bulb does not work. Replace bulb.

# 2. Right Rear Turn Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

#### 3. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect [94] or [226].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in right rear turn signal power circuit (BE/BN) wire.
  - b. No, FLHX/S. Replace facia/converter module.
  - c. No, except FLHX/S. Replace circuit board.

#### 4. LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Disconnect Tour-Pak turn signals [287].
- 4. Activate right turn signal.
- 5. Did DTC B2158 or B2159 reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. **No.** Replace Ultra Tour-Pak rear marker/stop lights/turn signals.

#### 5. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in right rear turn signal power circuit (BE/BN) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

See Figure 5-29, Figure 5-30 and Figure 5-31. The headlamp switch activates either the high beam or the low beam headlamps. When the ignition is turned ON, the BCM defaults to the low beam position. Pressing the upper part of the switch toggles to the high beam headlamp and the lower part of the switch toggles to the low beam headlamp.

- In the low position, the BCM supplies power to illuminate the low beam headlamp.
- Push the low position again, the BCM supplies power to the high beam headlamp to provided a flash to pass feature.
- In the high position, BCM supplies power to the high beam headlamp and sends a message to the speedometer over the CAN bus to illuminate the high beam indicator.

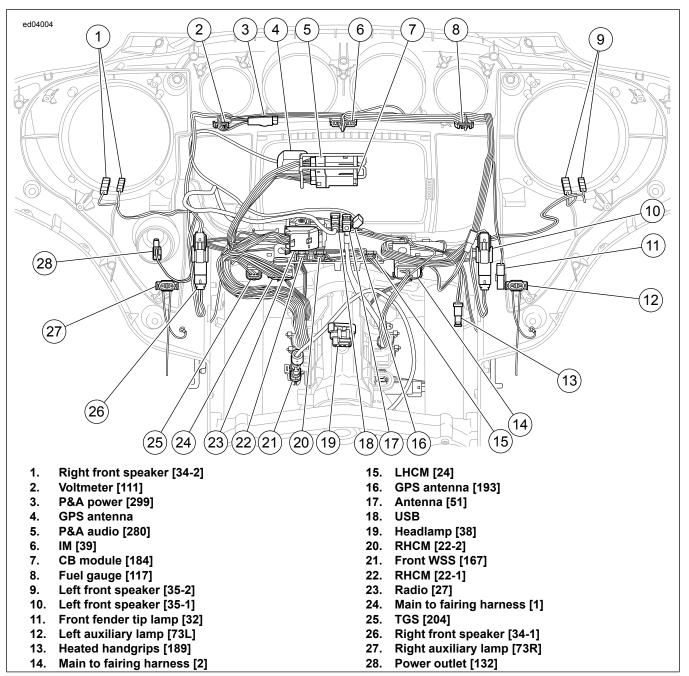


Figure 5-29. Behind FLH Fairing

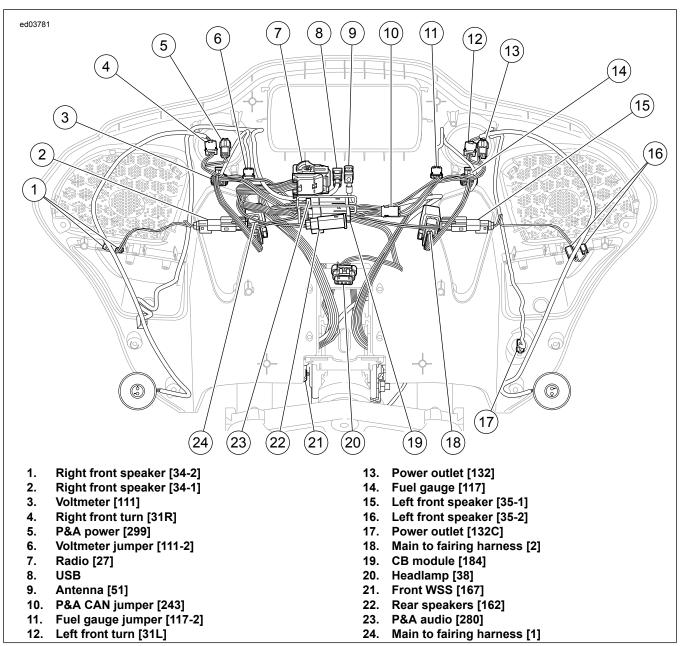
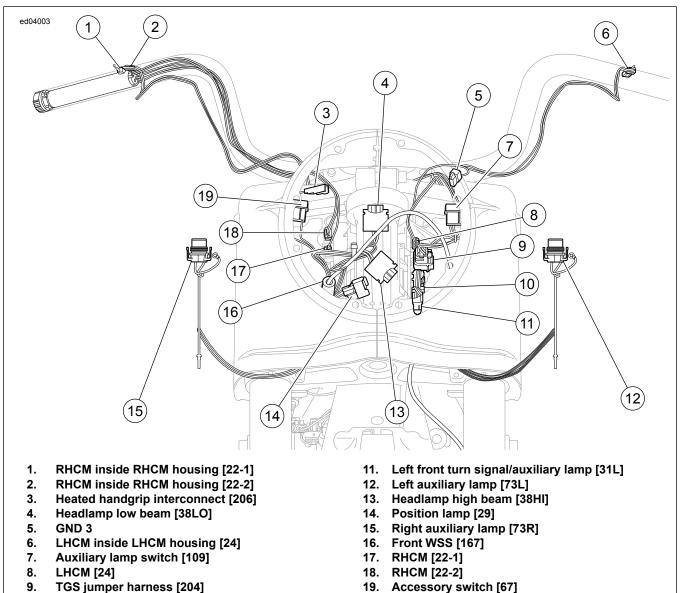


Figure 5-30. Behind FLT Fairing



- 10. Right front turn signal/auxiliary lamps [31R]
  - Figure 5-31. Headlamp Nacelle without Fairing

## Table 5-24. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2106	L4 output open
B2107	L4 output shorted high
B2108	L4 output shorted low
B2109	L4 output overloaded
B2131	High beam output open
B2132	High beam output shorted high
B2133	High beam output shorted low
B2134	High beam output overloaded
B2136	Low beam output open
B2137	Low beam output shorted high
B2138	Low beam output shorted low
B2139	Low beam output overloaded

# **Conditions for Setting**

The headlamp DTCs may require either the high or low beam headlamp be activated in order to set the DTC. Toggle back and forth between the high and low beam headlamp positions to check DTCs on both circuits.

DTC B2134 or B2139 will set if the corresponding headlamp circuit draws more than 12 Amps.

# **Diagnostic Tips**

If the headlamp cannot be switched from one position to the other with no codes it could be an open switch causing the problem. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS (Page 5-68).

Turn IGN to ACC.

- If low beam illuminates, this circuit is shorted to voltage.
- If high beam illuminates, this circuit is shorted to voltage.

## **Connector Information**

diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

For additional information about the connectors in the following

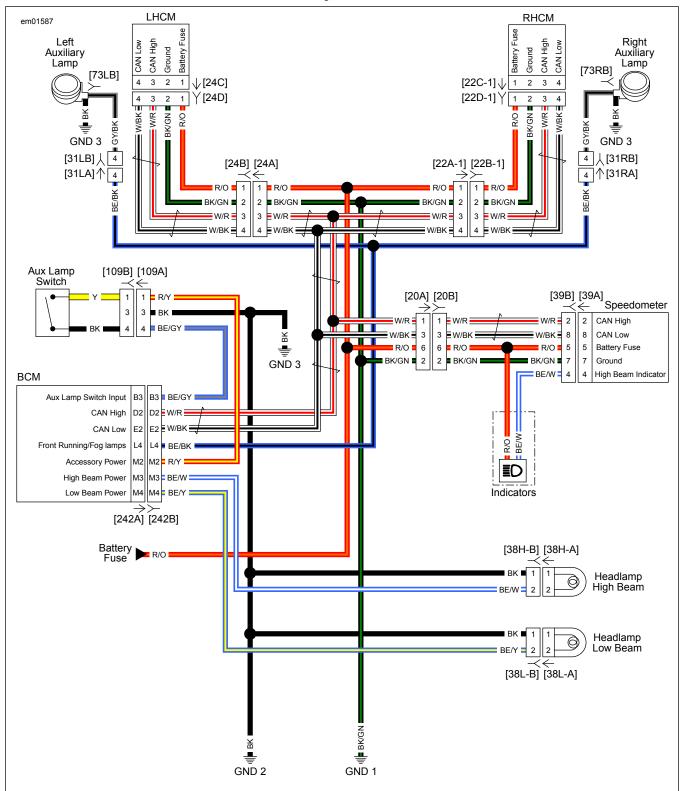


Figure 5-32. Headlamp without Fairing

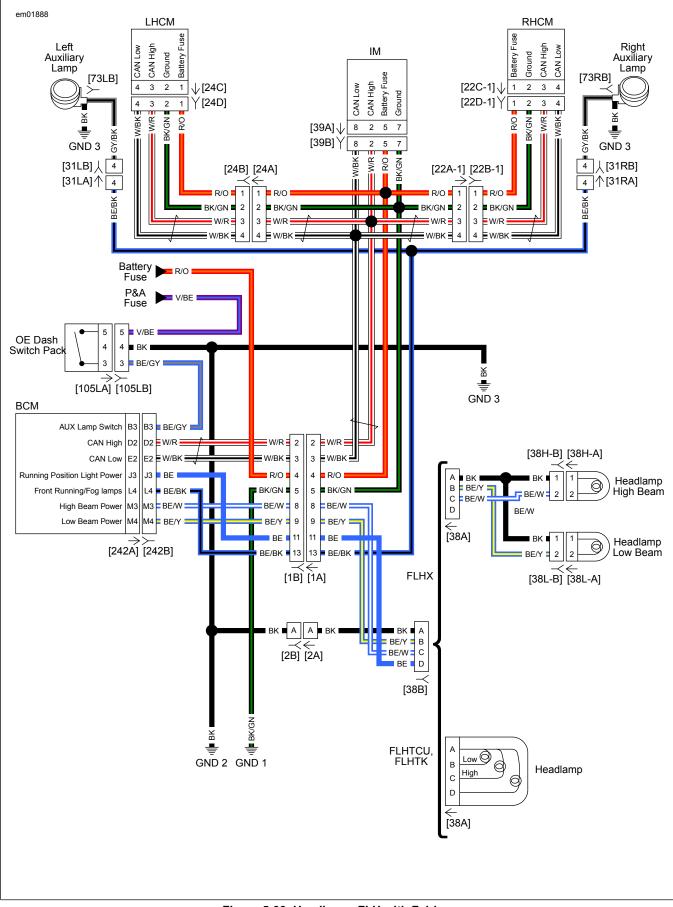
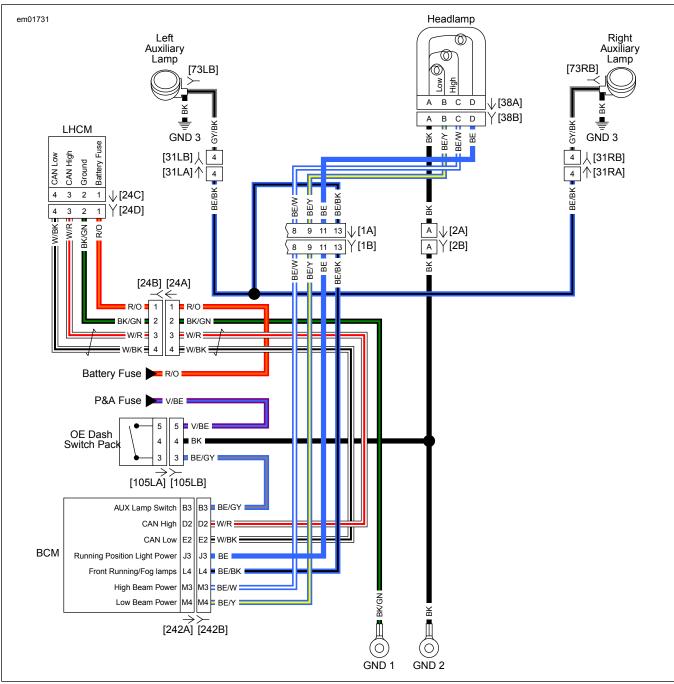


Figure 5-33. Headlamp: FLH with Fairing



## Figure 5-34. Headlamp: FLT with Fairing

# **AUXILIARY LAMPS INOPERATIVE**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-25. Auxiliary Lamps Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Auxiliary lamp malfunction	
Auxiliary lamp switch malfunction	
Open in auxiliary power circuit	
Open in auxiliary ground circuit	

NOTE

The auxiliary lamps can be configured with Digital Technician II one of three ways. They will either be on only when the low beam headlamp is on, only when the high beam headlamp is on or when both are on. Verify operation before diagnosing.

## 1. Auxiliary Lamps Operation Test

- 1. Turn on auxiliary lamps.
- 2. Do auxiliary lamps illuminate?
  - a. **Yes.** System operating properly. Intermittent perform wiggle test. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No, only one auxiliary lamp is operative. Go to Test 2.
  - c. No, both auxiliary lamps are inoperative. Go to Test 5.

## 2. Auxiliary Bulb Test

- 1. Inspect bulb.
- 2. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No, auxiliary lamp is LED. Go to Test 3.
  - c. No, auxiliary lamp is a bulb. Replace bulb.

## 3. Auxiliary Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect auxiliary lamps [73].
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [73B] terminal B and ground.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn on auxiliary lamps.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace inoperative auxiliary lamp.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Auxiliary Lamp Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between inoperative circuit at [73B] terminal A and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (GY/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

# 5. Auxiliary Lamp Switch Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Disconnect auxiliary lamp switch [109] (non-fairing models) or [105L] (fairing models).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper [109A] terminals 1 and 4 (non-fairing models) or [105LB] terminals 3 and 5 (fairing models) together.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Do auxiliary lamps illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace auxiliary lamp toggle switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. Auxiliary Lamp Switch Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between [109A] terminal 1 (non-fairing models) or [105LB] terminal 5 (fairing models) and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (R/Y) wire (non-fairing models) or (V/BE) wire (fairing models).

# 7. Auxiliary Lamp Input Circuit Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal B3 and ground.
- 5. Reconnect [109A] (non-fairing models) or [105LB] (fairing models).
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Turn on auxiliary lamps.
- 8. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/GY) wire.

## 8. Auxiliary Lamp BCM Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal L4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## 9. Auxiliary Lamp Power Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect auxiliary lamps [73].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [73LB] or [73RB] terminal B and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in GND 3 connections.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/BK) wire.

# DTC B2106, B2107

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50424	1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL

## Table 5-26. DTC B2106, B2107 Diagnostic Faults

	POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to power in	auxiliary lamp circuit
Open in auxiliary lamp power circuit	

## 1. Auxiliary Lamp Bulb Test

- 1. Inspect auxiliary lamp.
- 2. Are both bulbs good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

# 2. Auxiliary Lamp Open Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect auxiliary lamps [73].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal L4 and [73B] terminal B.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in the auxiliary lamp circuit (BE/BK) wire.

## 3. Auxiliary Lamp Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect [242B].
- Using 1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50424), remove terminal L4 from [242B].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal L4 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage in auxiliary lamp circuit (BE/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242].
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Condition not currently present.

# DTC B2108, B2109

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-27. DTC B2108, B2109 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to ground in auxiliary lamp circuit

High current in auxiliary lamp circuit

Auxiliary lamp circuit overloading circuit

## 1. Auxiliary Lamp Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect both auxiliary lamps [73].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal L4 and ground.
- 6. Is resistance less than 500 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BE/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242].
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Condition not currently present.

# HIGH BEAM HEADLAMP INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 5-28. High Beam Headlamp Inoperative DiagnosticFaults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in high beam ground circuit	
Open in high beam power circuit	
Headlamp malfunction	

## 1. Headlamp Inspection Test

- 1. Visually inspect headlamp.
- 2. Does headlamp have a separate connector for high and low beam?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 2. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect high beam headlamp.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace high beam headlamp.

## 3. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Disconnect headlamp [38H].
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [38H-B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

## 4. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal M3 and [38HB] high beam terminal 2 (BE/W) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/W) wire between BCM and headlamp.

## 5. BCM Test

- 1. Connect [38H-B].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Jumper BOB terminal M2 to M3.
- 4. Does high beam headlamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace high beam headlamp.

## 6. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect headlamp [38].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [38B] terminal A and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

## 7. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal M3 and [38B] terminal C (BE/W) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/W) wire between BCM and headlamp.

## 8. BCM Test

- 1. Connect [38B].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Jumper BOB terminal M2 to M3.
- 4. Does high beam headlamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace headlamp.

## HIGH BEAM HEADLAMP INOPERATIVE, DTC B2131

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 5-29. High Beam Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2131 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in high beam ground circuit	
Open in high beam power circuit	
Headlamp malfunction	

## **1. Power Circuit Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect headlamp [38-2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Switch headlamp to HI beam.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [38B-2] terminal HI (W) and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Ground Circuit Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Test resistance between [38B-2] terminal GND (BK) and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace headlamp.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

# 3. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A].
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal M3 and [38-2] terminal HI (W).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (W) or (BE/W) wire between BCM and headlamp.

# DTC B2132

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50424	1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL

## Table 5-30. DTC B2132 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in headlamp high beam circuit

# 1. Headlamp Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM [242].
- Using 1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50424), remove terminal M3 from [242B].
- 4. Connect [242].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between extracted terminal M3 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (BE/W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. DTC Test

- 1. Install terminal M3 from [242B].
- 2. Connect [242].
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Observe headlamp in high and low beam positions.
- 6. Check DTCs.

- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Condition is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

# DTC B2133, B2134

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

## Table 5-31. DTC B2133, B2134 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in high beam headlamp circuit
Accessory lighting overloading circuit
Headlamp malfunction

# 1. High Beam Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Disconnect headlamp [38H] (dual connector headlamp) or [38] (single connector headlamp).
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal M3 and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BE/W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242].
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace high beam headlamp.

# LOW BEAM HEADLAMP INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 5-32. Low Beam Headlamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in low beam ground circuit	
Open in low beam power circuit	

Headlamp malfunction

## 1. Headlamp Inspection Test

- 1. Visually inspect headlamp.
- 2. Does headlamp have separate connectors for high and low beam?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 2. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect low beam headlamp.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace low beam headlamp.

# 3. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Disconnect headlamp [38L].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [38L-B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

## 4. Power Circuit Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal M4 and [38L-B] low beam terminal 2 (BE/Y) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/Y) wire between BCM and headlamp.

## 5. BCM Test

- 1. Connect headlamp [38L-B].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Jumper BOB terminal M2 to M4.
- 4. Does low beam headlamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.

b. No. Replace low beam headlamp.

## 6. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect headlamp [38].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [38B] terminal A and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

## 7. Power Circuit Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal M4 and [38B] terminal B (BE/Y) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/Y) wire between BCM and headlamp.

## 8. BCM Test

- 1. Connect [38B].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Jumper BOB terminal M2 to M4.
- 4. Does low beam headlamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace headlamp.

# LOW BEAM HEADLAMP INOPERATIVE, DTC B2136

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-33. Low Beam Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2136 Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open in low beam ground circuit

Open in low beam power circuit

Headlamp malfunction

# 1. Power Circuit Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect headlamp [38-2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Switch headlamp to low beam.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [38B-2] terminal low (Y) and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between [38B-2] terminal GND (BK) and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace headlamp.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

## 3. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A].
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal M4 and [38-2] terminal low (Y).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (Y) or (BE/Y) wire between BCM and headlamp.

# DTC B2137

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50424	1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL

#### Table 5-34. DTC B2137 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in headlamp low beam circuit

## 1. Headlamp Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM [242].
- Using 1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50424), remove terminal (M4) from [242B].
- 4. Connect BCM [242].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between removed terminal (M4) and ground.

- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (BE/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. DTC Test

- 1. Install terminal M4 from [242B].
- 2. Connect [242].
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Observe headlamp in high and low beam positions.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Condition is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

## DTC B2138, B2139

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-35. DTC B2138, B2139 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in low beam headlamp circuit
Accessory lighting overloading circuit
Headlamp malfunction

## 1. Low Beam Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect headlamp [38L] (dual connector headlamp) or [38] (single connector headlamp).
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal (M4) and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BE/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242].
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.

- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace low beam headlamp.

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

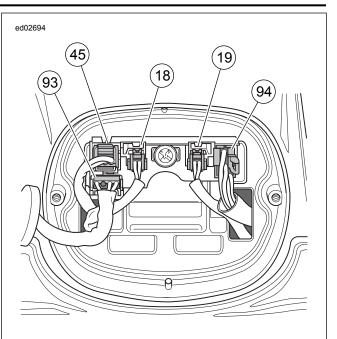
See Figure 5-35 and Figure 5-36. The BCM controls the stop lamp based off inputs from the front and rear stop lamp switches. The front stop lamp switch is a mechanical switch. When the front brake lever is applied, the lever presses a mechanical switch and closes the contacts on the switch. The front stop lamp switch is part of the RHCM. When the switch is pressed, the RHCM sends a message to the BCM over the CAN bus and the BCM supplies power to the stop lamp.

The rear stop lamp switch is a pressure switch. When the rear brake is applied, it generates pressure in the brake fluid. This pressure in the fluid closes the contacts for the rear stop lamp switch. The BCM supplies power to the rear stop lamp switch. When the rear stop lamp switch is closed, it grounds the circuit from the BCM. This signals the BCM to supply power to the stop lamp.

Some models have no center stop lamp. Instead the turn signals are used for stop, turn and tail lamp functions. If DTCs B2161, B2163, B2164 set on a model with no center stop lamp, it means the vehicle is improperly configured. Use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to configure properly.

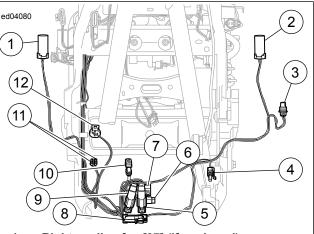
#### Table 5-36. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2161	Brake lamp output open
B2163	Brake lamp output shorted low
B2164	Brake lamp output overloaded
B2223	Rear brake switch shorted low (light on)



- 1. Tail lamp [93]
- 2. Rear fender tip lamp [45]
- 3. Left rear turn signal [19]
- 4. Right rear turn signal [18]
- 5. Rear fender lights harness in circuit board [94]

Figure 5-35. Rear Fender Lights Assembly



- 1. Right cooling fan [97] (if equipped)
- 2. Left cooling fan [215] (if equipped)
- 3. ECT sensor [236] (if equipped)
- 4. Cooling pump [235] (if equipped)
- 5. Left cooling jumper [232L] (if equipped)
- 6. CKP [79]
- 7. JSS [133]
- 8. Oil cooling fan [317] (if equipped)
- 9. Right cooling jumper [232R] (if equipped)
- 10. Voltage regulator [77]
- 11. Rear brake switch [212]
- 12. Oil pressure sender [139]

Figure 5-36. Front of Engine

## **Conditions for Setting**

The stop lamp circuit needs to see activation to set DTCs. Apply the front and rear brakes to verify stop lamp DTCs do not return.

- DTC B2161 is set when the stop lamp circuit current draw is less than 120 milliamps.
- DTC B2164 is set when the stop lamp circuit current draw is above 4 Amps.
- DTC B2223 is set when the brake switch input circuit is grounded for 120 seconds and the vehicle speed is above 45 mph (72 km/h).

The brake switch is normally open and supplies a path to ground when closed. In order to set a shorted brake switch

code, the vehicle needs to be operated over 30 mph (48 km/h) for at least two minutes. DTC B2161 will only set when all loads on the circuit are inoperable.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

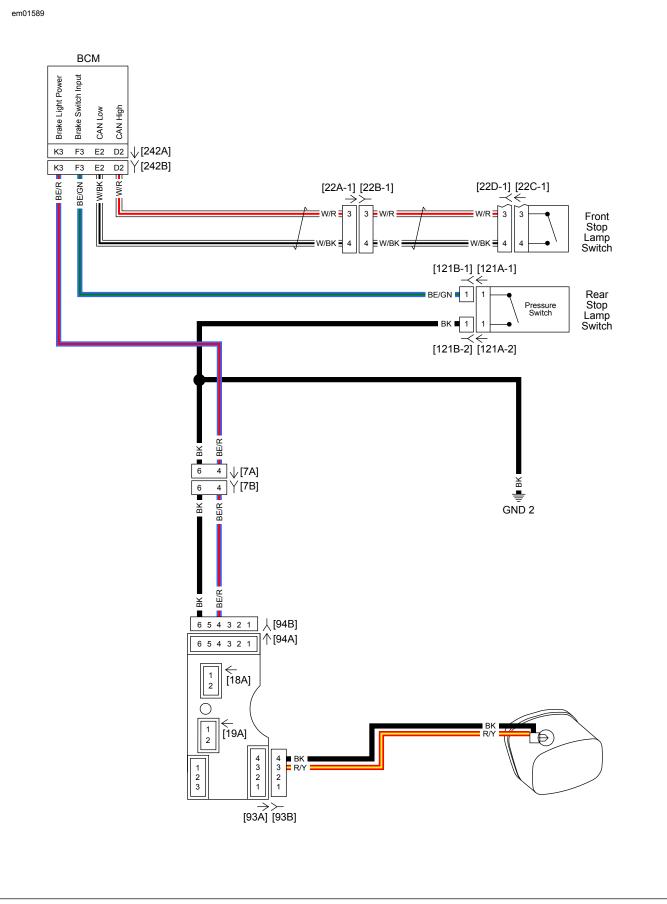


Figure 5-37. Stop/Tail Lamps without Fairing

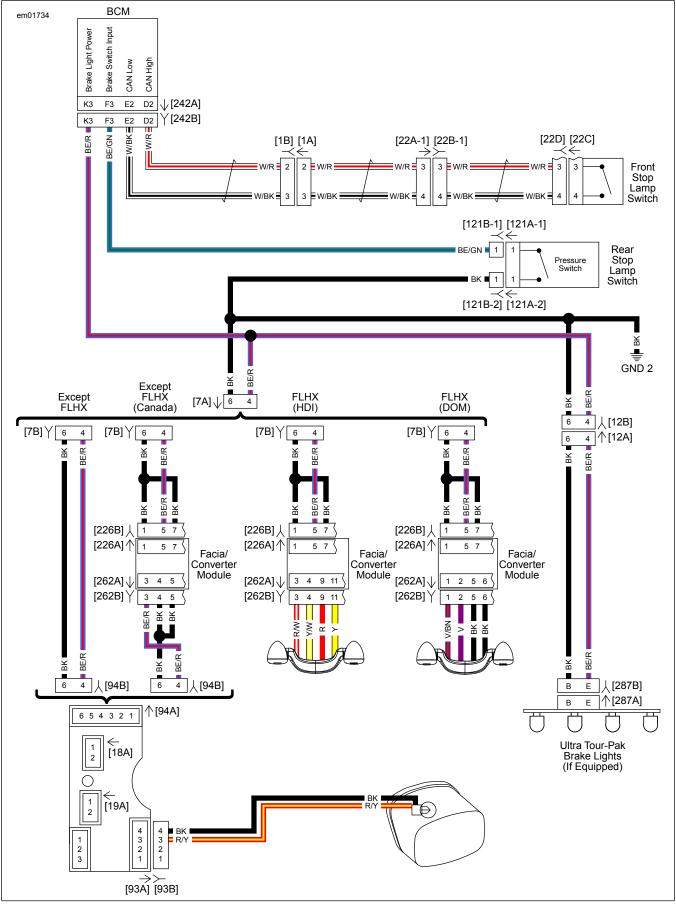


Figure 5-38. Stop Lamps: FLH with Fairing

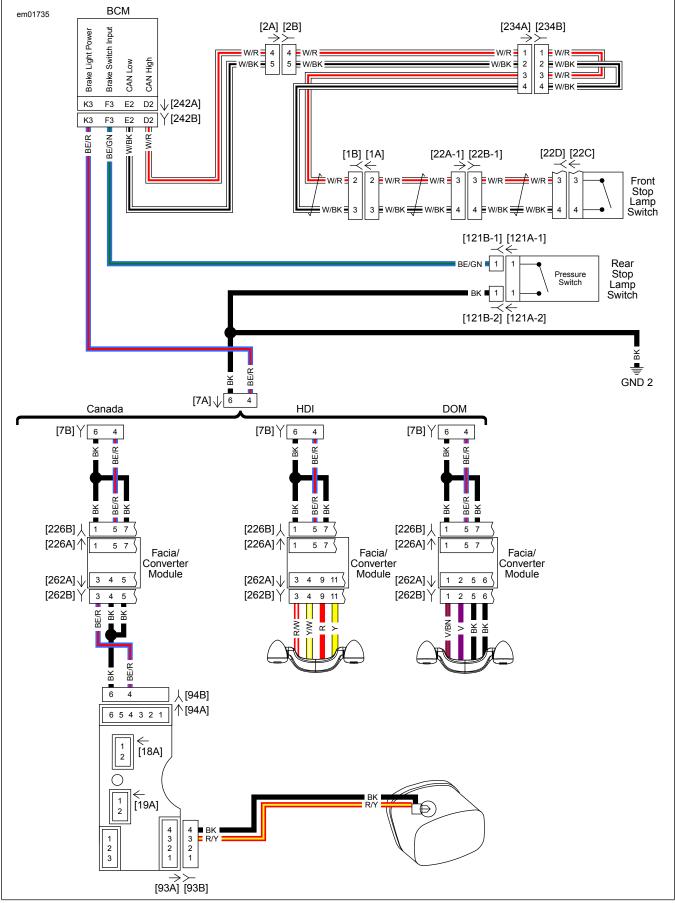


Figure 5-39. Stop Lamps: FLT with Fairing

# STOP LAMP INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

 Table 5-37. Stop Lamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open fuse
Open power to switch circuit
Open ground circuit
Open stop lamp circuit
Stop lamp malfunction
Rear stop lamp switch malfunction

RHCM malfunction

## 1. Stop Lamp Switch Test

- 1. Apply front brake while observing stop lamp.
- 2. Apply rear brake while observing stop lamp.
- 3. Does stop lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes, stop lamp illuminates only with front brake applied. Go to Test 2.
  - b. Yes, stop lamp illuminates only with rear brake applied. Go to Test 5.
  - c. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Brake Switch Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear stop lamp switch [121-1] and [121-2].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between [121B-1] and [121B-2].
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Is stop lamp on?
  - a. Yes. Replace stop lamp switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Brake Switch Ground Test

- 1. Jumper between [121B-1] (BE/GN) wire and ground.
- 2. Is stop lamp on?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [121B-2] (BK) wire and ground.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Brake Switch Input Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal F3 and [121B-1] (BE/GN) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open between [242B] terminal F3 and [121B-1] (BE/GN) wire.

## 5. RHCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect known good RHCM to vehicle.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Apply front brake lever.
- 5. Does stop lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## STOP LAMP ALWAYS ON: DTC B2223

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 5-38. Stop Lamp Always On, DTC B2223 Diagnostic Faults

## POSSIBLE CAUSES

Brake switch malfunction Short to voltage on stop lamp output circuit

## 1. Brake Switch Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear brake switch [121-1] (BE/GN) wire.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Does stop lamp go out?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear brake switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Brake Switch Input Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal F3 and ground.

- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [242B] and [121B-1] (BE/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Stop Lamp Power Test

- 1. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal K3 from [242B] (BE/R) wire.
- 2. Connect [242A].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Is stop lamp on?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on stop lamp power circuit.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. DTC Test

- 1. Remove BOB.
- 2. Insert terminal K3 into [242B] (BE/R) wire.
- 3. Connect [242].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Operate system in the conditions for setting DTCs.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

# DTC B2161

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

## Table 5-39. DTC B2161 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short in stop lamp circuit
Open ground circuit
Open stop lamp circuit
Stop lamp malfunction

# 1. Stop Lamp Bulb Test

- 1. Remove stop lamp bulb.
- 2. Inspect bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, lamp is LED. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, lamp is LED in Tour-Pak. Go to Test 10.
  - d. No, bulb does not work. Replace bulb.

# 2. Stop Lamp Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect tail lamp [93].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), with brake applied, test voltage between [93A] terminals 3 and 4.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace stop lamp assembly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Circuit Board Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear fender lights [94].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. With brake applied, test voltage between [94B] terminals 4 and 6.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace circuit board.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. Stop Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. With brake applied, test voltage between [94B] terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Connect [93] and [94].
- 5. Install stop lamp bulb.
- 6. Jumper BOB terminals M2 and K3.
- 7. Turn IGN ON.
- 8. Does stop lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in in (BE/R) wire.

# 6. Light Bar Circuit Test

## NOTE

Only follow this test if the turn signals in the light bar also function as the stop lamps.

1. Disconnect rear lighting jumper harness [226].

- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), with brake applied, test voltage between [226B] terminals 5 and 7.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. Stop Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. With brake applied, test voltage between [226B] terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB K3 and [226] terminal 5.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in in (BE/R) wire.

## 9. Facia/Converter Module Test

- 1. Connect rear lighting [226].
- 2. Disconnect rear lighting [262].
- 3. Test voltage between:
  - a. [262A] terminals 3 and 4 right and terminals 5 and 9 left. (FLHX/S HDI)
  - b. [262A] terminals 1 and 6 right. And terminals 2 and 5 left. (FLHX/S U.S.)
- 4. Apply brakes.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace lightbar.
  - b. No. Replace facia/converter module.

## 10. Ground Circuit Open LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect Tour-Pak Lighting [287].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [287B] terminal B and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

## 11. Power Circuit Open LED Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal K3 and [287B] terminal E.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Repair open (BE/R) wire.

## 12. Stop Lamp Signal LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Apply brakes.
- 3. Test voltage between [287B] terminal E and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Replace ultra Tour-Pak rear marker/stop lights/turn signals.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# DTC B2163, B2164

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-40. DTC B2163, B2164 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Accessory tail lamp overloading circuit
Short to ground in stop lamp power circuit
Bulb malfunction

## 1. Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Inspect bulb.
- 3. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

# 2. Stop Lamp Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K3 and ground.

- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BE/R) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

There are two stop lamp switches.

- The front stop lamp switch is a mechanical switch located on the right hand controls.
- The rear stop lamp switch is a pressure switch located in the brake line under the exhaust pipes.

During an ignition cycle, the ECM must receive a valid brake switch input. During the same ignition cycle the vehicle has to reach 31 mph (50 km/h) in third gear or higher and return to a

stop three times without any brake switch signals in order to set DTC P0572.

#### Table 5-41. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION	
P0572	Brake switch low	

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

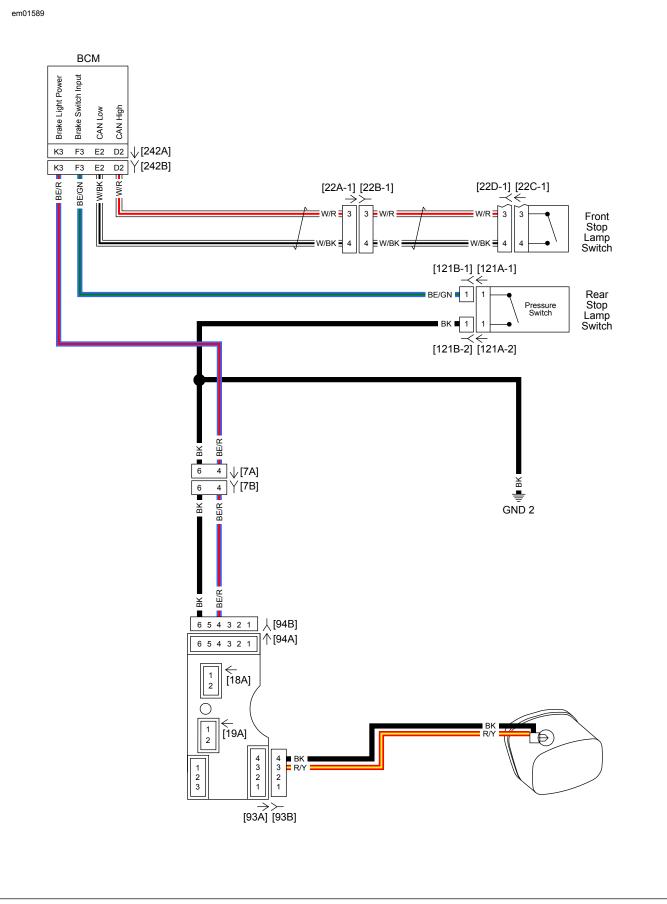


Figure 5-40. Stop/Tail Lamps without Fairing

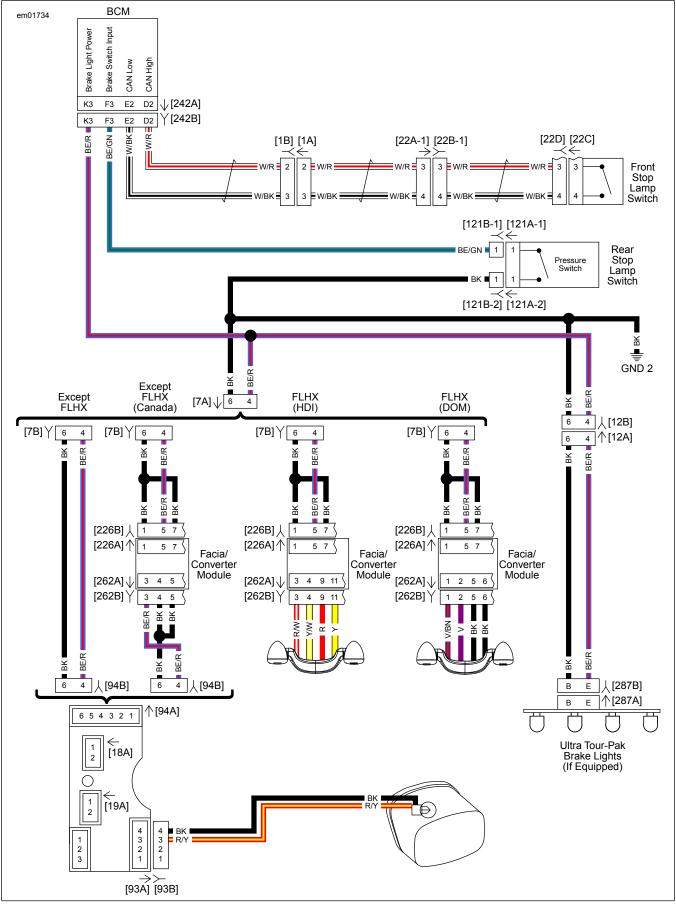


Figure 5-41. Stop Lamps: FLH with Fairing

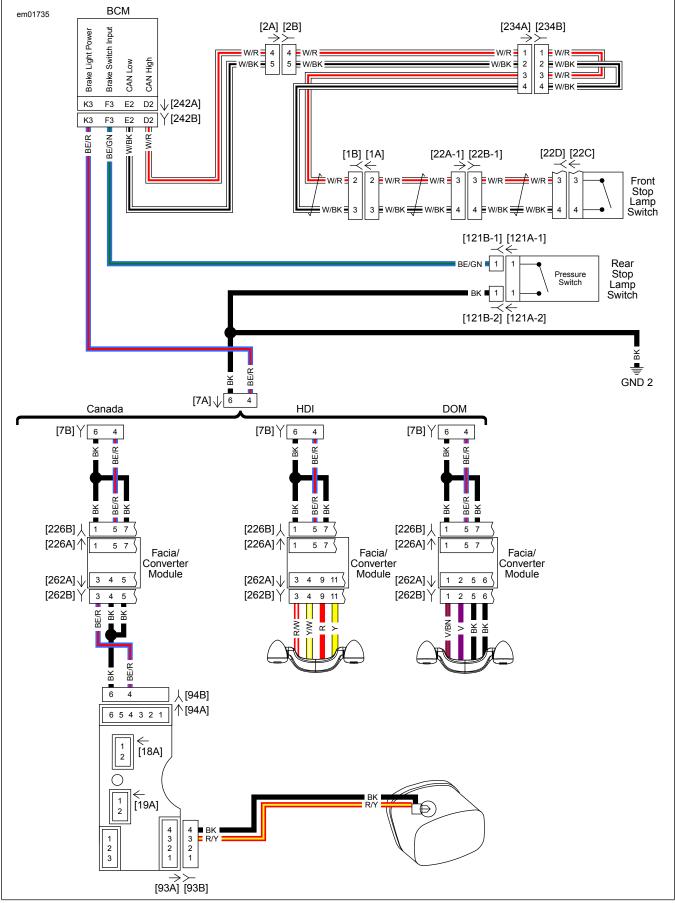


Figure 5-42. Stop Lamps: FLT with Fairing

# DTC P0572

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-42. DTC P0572 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

RHCM malfunction
------------------

Rear brake switch malfunction

Short to ground in rear brake circuit

## 1. Stop Lamp Test

- 1. Verify stop lamp is illuminated.
- 2. Is stop lamp illuminated?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Rear Brake Switch Test

- 1. Activate rear brake.
- 2. Does stop lamp illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Brake Switch Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect rear stop lamp switch [121B-1].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal F3 and [121B-1] (BE/GN) wire.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear brake switch.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE/GN) wire.

## 4. Brake Switch Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal F3 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

## 5. Brake Switch Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect rear stop lamp switch [121B-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal F3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in [242B] terminal F3 (BE/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Replace rear brake switch.

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 5-43, Figure 5-44 and Figure 5-45. All of these DTCs pertain to stuck switches or an internal fault in the LHCM, RHCM or BCM. If the switches are open they will not set DTCs. In most cases, there will be symptoms depending on which switch is malfunctioning.

## Table 5-43. Switch Symptoms

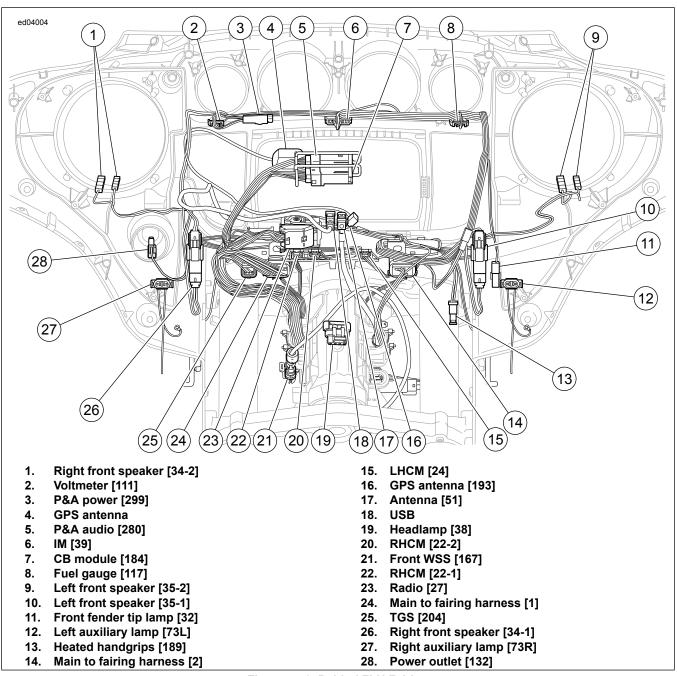
OPEN SWITCH	SYMPTOM
High beam	Headlamp will not toggle to high beam
Low beam	Headlamp will not toggle to low beam
Left turn signal	Left turn signals will not function, PIN cannot be entered
Right turn signal	Right turn signals will not function, PIN cannot be entered
Trip	Odometer will not cycle through different settings
Front brake	Stop lamp will not function with brake lever pulled in
Clutch	Vehicle will not start unless in neutral
Horn	Horn will not sound
Hazard	Hazard lamps will not function

## Table 5-43. Switch Symptoms

<b>OPEN SWITCH</b>	SYMPTOM
Start switch	Vehicle will not start (nothing clicks)
Engine stop switch	Vehicle will not start (nothing clicks)

## Table 5-44. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1103	LHCM internal error
B1153	RHCM internal error
B2210	Engine stop switch inputs both open
B2212	Engine stop switch inputs both closed
B2250	Clutch switch stuck
B2251	Horn switch stuck
B2253	FTP switch stuck
B2254	Left turn switch stuck
B2260	Start switch stuck
B2261	Right turn switch stuck
B2262	Front brake switch stuck
B2263	Hazard switch stuck
B2270	BCM internal error





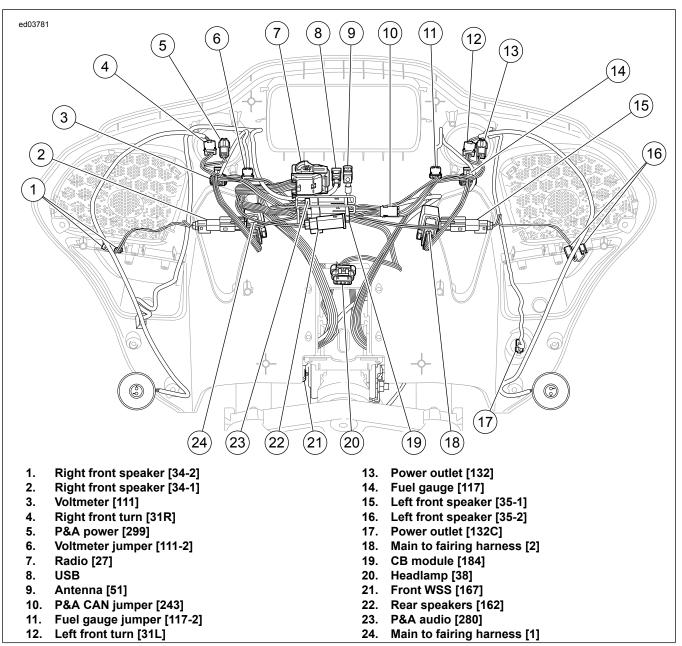
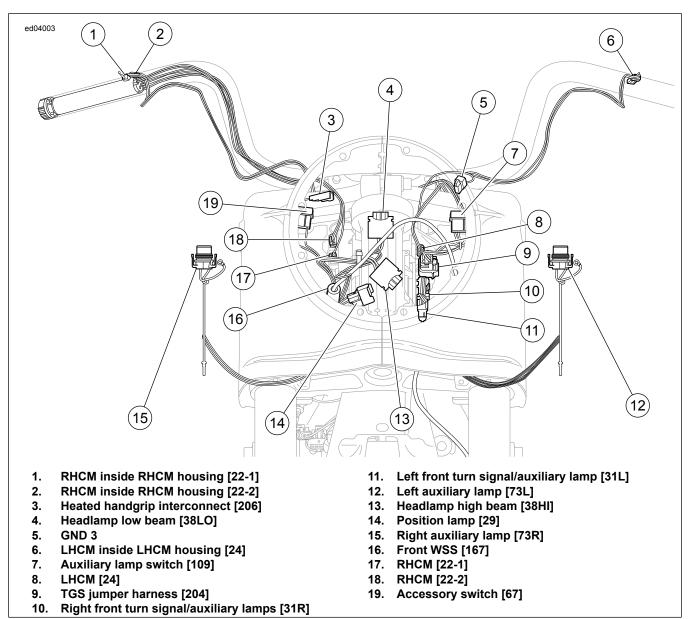


Figure 5-44. Behind FLT Fairing



## Figure 5-45. Headlamp Nacelle without Fairing

## **Conditions for Setting**

If any of the switches are held or stuck for over two minutes with the IGN ON, the stuck switch code will set for that switch. The engine stop is either in the run or the stop position. If the RHCM does not see either input or both inputs at the same time, DTC B2210 or B2212 will set.

For DTC B2262 and B2250 to be set, the vehicle has to be in operation for more than two minutes at speed above 30 mph (48 km/h). Historic codes may indicate the rider continually applies the brake or clutch. For example, coasting downhill with the clutch lever pulled in for more than two minutes will set codes.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

Clear the DTCs and operate the vehicle to verify the DTCs are current. Stuck switch codes will take over two minutes to set.

#### Table 5-45. DTC B1103, B1153 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in hand control module ground circuit
Open in hand control module power circuit

## 1. Switch Test

DTC B1103, B1153

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and wait 1 minute.
- 3. Turn IGN ON and wait 3 minutes.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace LHCM or RHCM.
  - b. No. Condition not currently present.

# DTC B2210, B2212, B2250, B2251, B2253, B2254, B2260, B2261, B2262, B2263

Table 5-46. DTC B2210, B2212, B2250, B2251, B2253, B2254, B2260, B2261, B2262, B2263 Diagnostic Faults

## **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Damaged switch cap

## 1. Switch Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Turn IGN ON and wait three minutes.
- 3. Operate vehicle to meet conditions for setting DTC.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes, except DTC B2250 or B2262. Replace LHCM or RHCM.
  - b. Yes, DTC B2250 or B2262. Replace clutch or brake switch.
  - c. Yes, DTC B2210 or B2212. Replace run/stop key cap.
  - d. **No.** Concern is intermittent. Switch may have been pressed for an extended period of time.

## DTC B2270

#### Table 5-47. DTC B2270 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in BCM battery circuit
Open in BCM ground circuit

## 1. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Condition not currently present.

## ANY HAND CONTROL SWITCH INOPERATIVE

#### Table 5-48. Any Hand Control Switch Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Clutch switch malfunction
Brake switch malfunction

## 1. Switch Operation Test

- 1. Operate inoperative switch.
- 2. Does switch operate correctly?
  - a. Yes. Condition not currently present.
  - b. No. Replace LHCM or RHCM.

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 5-46, Figure 5-47, Figure 5-48 and Figure 5-49. The running lamps consist of the front position lamp (HDI), located in the headlamp housing, the front running lamps, the license plate lamp and the tail lamp. The running lamps are powered by the BCM through terminal J3 and L4 (if equipped).

## Table 5-49. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2168	Running lights output shorted low
B2169	Running lights output overloaded

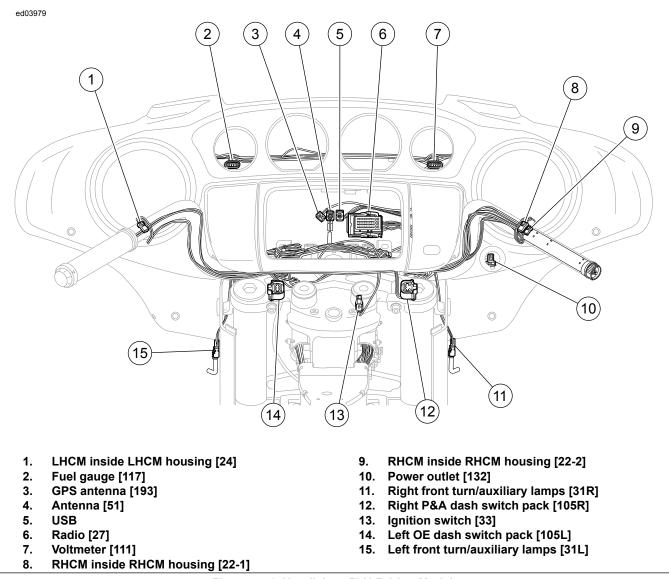


Figure 5-46. Handlebar: FLH Fairing Models

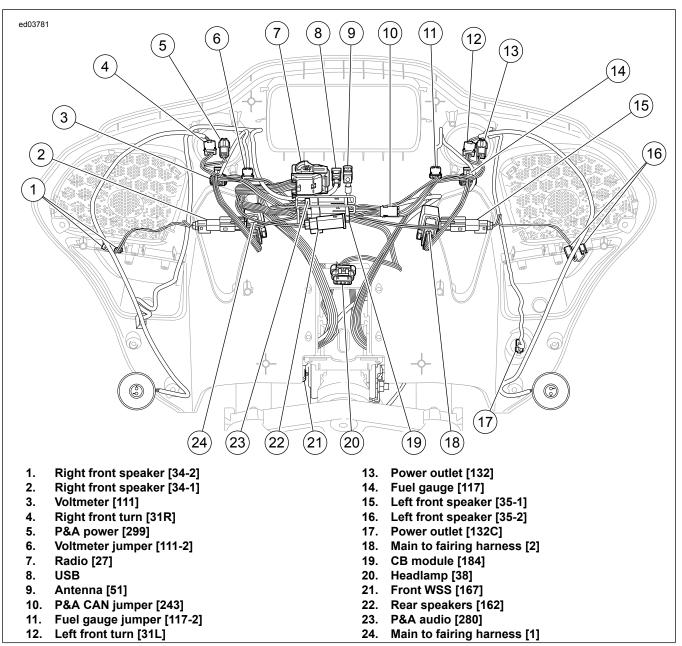


Figure 5-47. Behind FLT Fairing

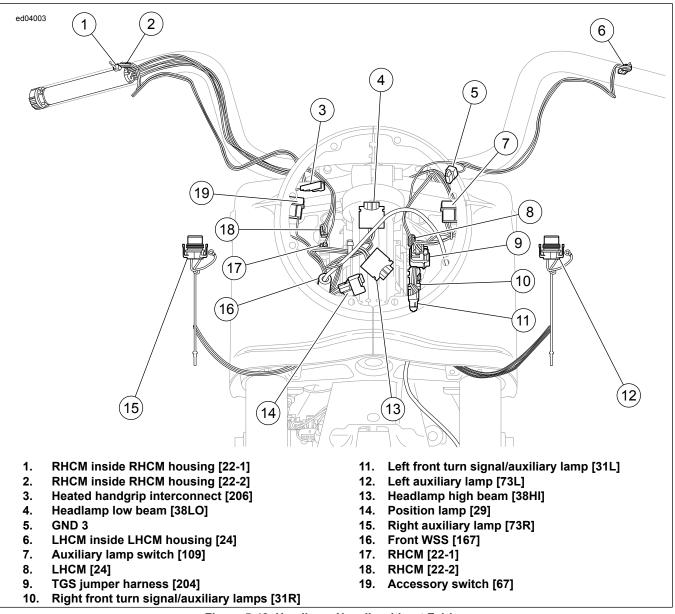
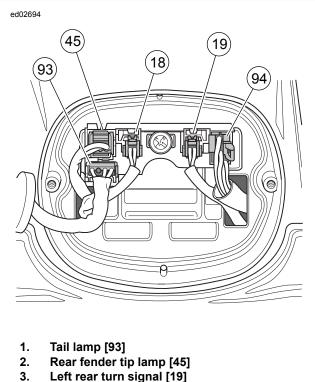


Figure 5-48. Headlamp Nacelle without Fairing



- 3. Leπ rear turn signal [19]
- 4. Right rear turn signal [18]
- 5. Rear fender lights harness in circuit board [94]

Figure 5-49. Rear Fender Lights Assembly

## **Conditions for Setting**

The running lamps circuit powers up when the ignition is turned on. On HDI models, the running lamp circuit is also powered in the ACC position. Any running lamp related DTCs will set shortly after the ignition is turned on.

- DTC B2106 will set if the running lights circuit is below 120 milliamps.
- DTC B2169 will set if the running lights circuit is above 3
   Amps.
- DTC B2109 will set if the switched power output circuit is above 10 Amps.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

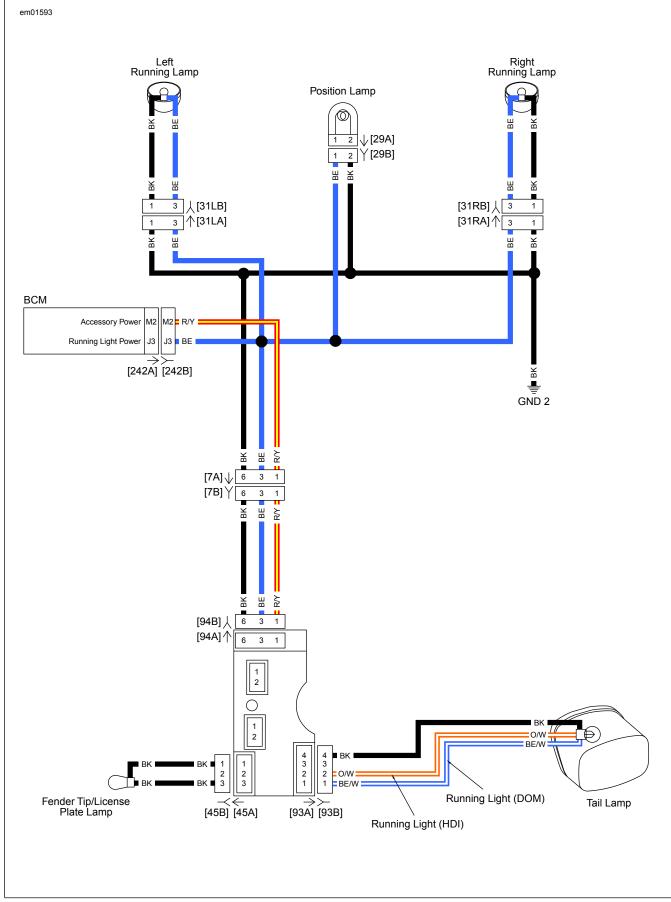


Figure 5-50. Running Lamps: Non-Fairing Models

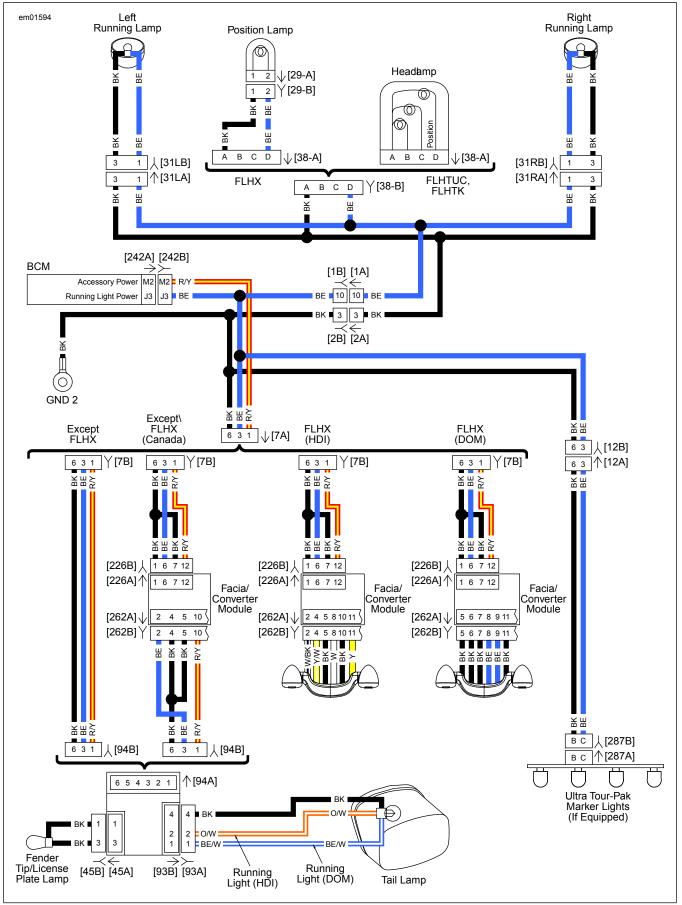


Figure 5-51. Running Lamps: FLH Fairing Models

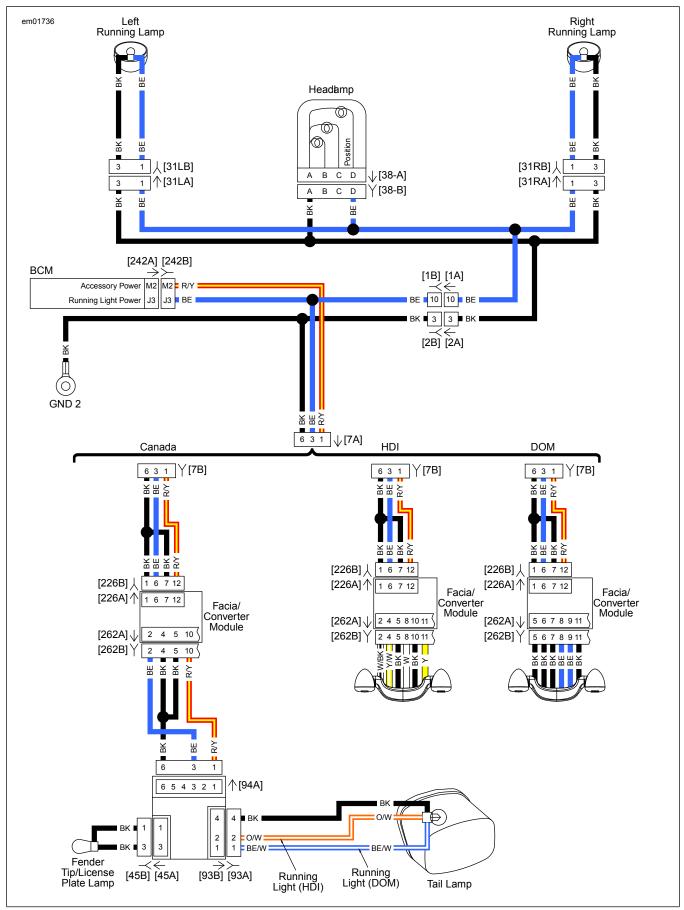


Figure 5-52. Running Lamps: FLT Fairing Models

# POSITION LAMP INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	

#### Table 5-50. Position Lamp Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open accessory circuit
Lamp malfunction
Open ground circuit

#### 1. Headlamp Inspection Test

- 1. Visually inspect headlamp.
- 2. Does headlamp have a separate connector for position lamp?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. Position Lamp Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect position lamp [29].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [29B] terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace position lamp.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [29B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE) wire.

#### 4. Position Headlamp Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect headlamp [38].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [38B] terminals A and D.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace headlamp.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [38B] terminal D and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

b. No. Repair open in (BE) wire.

# **RUNNING LAMPS INOPERATIVE**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 5-51. Running Lamps Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES		
Open lights circuit		
Lamp malfunction		
Open ground circuit		

### 1. Running Lamp Test

- 1. Visually inspect all running lamps.
- 2. Do any running lamps work?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 2. Running Lamp ID Test

- 1. Visually inspect running lamps that are not working.
- 2. Are they located in Tour-Pak?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. General Lamp Test

- 1. Inspect inoperative lamp and repair any issues.
- 2. Disconnect inoperative lamp connector.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between inoperative lamp power and ground terminals.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace inoperative lamp.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Single Lamp Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between inoperative lamp power terminal and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in ground circuit.
  - b. No. Repair open in power circuit.

#### 5. General LED Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect Tour-Pak [278B].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [278B] terminals B and C.

- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace Ultra Tour-Pak rear marker lights.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. LED Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between [278B] terminals C and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in ground (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Repair open in power circuit (BE) wire.

#### 7. Running Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect rear lighting [7].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal J3 and [7A] terminal 3.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE) wire.

## DTC B2168, B2169

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 5-52. DTC B2168, B2169 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Running lights circuit resistance too low	
Short to ground in running lights power circuit	
Accessory lighting overloading circuit	

#### 1. Rear Running Lamps Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear running lamps [7].
- 3. Clear DTC.
- 4. Cycle IGN OFF-ON.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground or high current draw in the running lamp circuit of the rear lighting harness or components.

### 2. Front Running Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front turn signal [31L] and [31R].
- 3. Clear DTC.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes, FLHR/C and FLHX/S. Go to Test 4.
  - b. Yes, FLHTCU, FLHTK and FLT. Go to Test 3.
  - c. No. Repair short to ground in front running lamps.

#### 3. Tour-Pak Running Lamps Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect Tour-Pak running lamps [12].
- 3. Clear DTC.
- 4. Cycle IGN OFF-ON.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground or high current draw in Tour-Pak harness in the running lamp power circuits.

#### 4. BCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal J3 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BE) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

# LP LAMP INOPERATIVE (WITHOUT CENTER STOP LAMP)

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

#### Table 5-53. LP Lamp Inoperative (Without Center Stop Lamp) Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES Open accessory circuit

Lamp malfunction

Open ground circuit

### 1. LP Lamp Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove LP lamp bulb.
- 3. Inspect bulb.
- 4. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, lamp is LED. Go to Test 2.
  - c. No, bulb does not work. Replace bulb.

# 2. LP Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect rear lighting [262] (FLHX/S, FLT).
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage at:
  - a. FLHX/S except U.S. [262A] terminals 5 and 10.
  - b. FLHX/S U.S. [262A] terminals 7 and 11.
  - c. FLT except U.S. [262A] terminals 5 and 10.
  - d. FLT U.S. [262A] terminals 7 and 11.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace light bar.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. LP Lamp Component Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect facia/converter module [226].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [226B] terminals 1 and 12.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace facia/converter module.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. LP Lamp Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [226] terminal 12 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. LP Lamp Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal M2 and [226] terminal 12.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.

b. No. Repair open in (R/Y) wire.

# LP LAMP INOPERATIVE (WITH CENTER STOP LAMP)

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	

# Table 5-54. LP Lamp Inoperative (With Center Stop Lamp) Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES		
Open accessory circuit		
Lamp malfunction		
Open ground circuit		

# 1. LP Lamp Bulb Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove LP lamp bulb.
- 3. Inspect bulb.
- 4. Is bulb good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace bulb.

# 2. LP Lamp Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect tail lamp [93].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [93A] terminals 1 and 4 (U.S.) or terminals 2 and 4 (except U.S.).
- 4. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace tail lamp assembly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. LP Lamp Component Test

- 1. Disconnect [94].
- 2. Test voltage between [94B] terminals 3 and 6 (U.S.) or terminals 1 and 6 (except U.S.).
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace circuit board.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. LP Lamp Ground Circuit Test

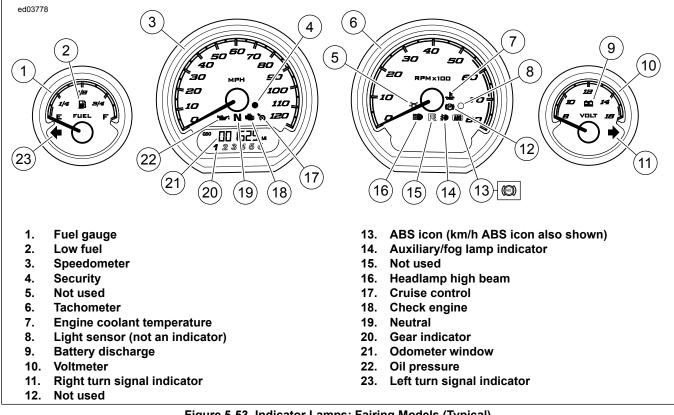
- 1. Test voltage between [94B] terminal 3 (U.S.) or terminal 1 (except U.S.) and ground.
- 2. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. LP Lamp Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal J3 and [94B] terminal 3 (U.S.) or BOB terminal M2 and [94B] terminal 1 (except U.S.).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BE) or (R/Y) wire.

# SECURITY LAMP

See Figure 5-53 and Figure 5-54. The security lamp indicates system status. Refer to Table 5-55.





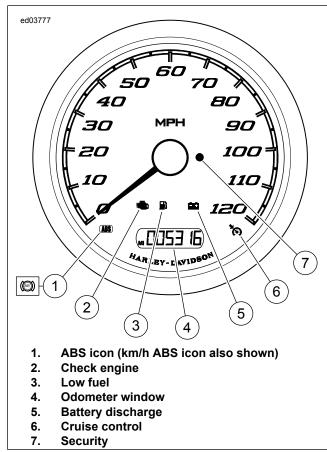


Figure 5-54. Indicator Lamps: Non-Fairing Models

LAMP	MODE	
Does not flash.	Security system not armed.	
Flashes every second.	Two minute timeout after failed PIN entra attempt or a battery reconnect has oc- curred while armed.	
Flashes every 2.5 seconds.	Security system armed.	
Flashes four times a second.	PIN entry mode.	
Stays on solid with IGN OFF.	Arming is starting up. You have five seconds before system is armed.	
Stays on solid with IGN ON.	If solid for more than four seconds after IGN ON, a current DTC is present.	

#### Table 5-55. Security Lamp Status

## SECURITY IMMOBILIZATION

#### NOTE

Always disarm the vehicle by turning the IGN ON with the fob present before removing or disconnecting the battery. This prevents the siren (if installed) from activating.

If the vehicle is equipped with the security system, the functionality is provided by a security BCM. The BCM will disable the starter and ignition system. Additional functions include the ability to alternately flash the left and right turn signals and sound a siren (if equipped) if a theft attempt is detected.

NOTE

The siren must be in the chirp mode for the siren to chirp on arming or disarming. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SIREN, Siren Chirp Mode Confirmation (Page 5-89).

Conditions that trigger a security event when system is armed include:

- Detecting tampering of the ignition circuit: Turn signals flash three times, optional siren chirps once and then turns off. If the tampering continues, a second warning will activate after four seconds. Continued tampering will cause the alarm to activate for 30 seconds and then turn off. The two warnings/alarm cycle is repeated for each tampering incident. The system will remain armed and the vehicle will be immobilized.
- Detecting vehicle movement: Turn signals flash three times, optional siren chirps once and then turns off. If the vehicle is not returned to its original position, a second warning will activate after four seconds. If the vehicle is not returned to its original position, the alarm activates for 30 seconds then turns off. The two warnings/alarm cycle may repeat a maximum of 10 times with a 10 second pause between cycles.
- Detecting that a battery or ground disconnect has occurred while armed: The optional siren activates its self-alarm mode. Turn signals will not flash.

### SECURITY SYSTEM FEATURES

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II	

The following information applies only to vehicles equipped with the security.

- **Personal code disarming:** If the fob is not available or inoperative, the BCM allows the rider to disable the security alarm and immobilization functions with a five-digit personal code.
- Arming confirmation: When the security system is armed, the system provides visual feedback (confirmation) to the rider by flashing the turn signals and an audible "chirp" if equipped with the optional smart siren and chirp mode is enabled.
- **Disarming confirmation:** When the security system is disarmed, the system provides an audible "chirp" (confirmation) if equipped with the optional smart siren and chirp mode is enabled.
- Transport mode: It is possible to arm the security system without enabling the motion detector for one ignition cycle. This allows the vehicle to be moved in an immobilized state.
- **Starter/ignition disable:** When armed the starter and ignition system are disabled.
- Security system alarm: See Horn, Lighting and Security, SIREN (Page 5-89). The system will alternately flash the left and right turn signals and sound an optional Smart Siren if a vehicle security condition is detected while the system is armed.
- Dealer service mode: This mode allows the dealer to disable security system via DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650). Dealer service mode is exited when the IGN is turned ON with the assigned fob in range.

# SECURITY SYSTEM WARNINGS

A warning consists of three alternate flashes of the turn signals and chirp from the optional smart siren. Warnings are issued from an armed security system in the following order:

- 1. **First warning:** A warning is issued whenever a person without a fob present or with the system armed attempts to move the vehicle or turns the ignition switch to **IGN**.
- 2. Second warning: If the motion continues or the ignition switch is not turned back to OFF, a second warning is issued within four seconds of the first.
- Alarm: If the motion continues or the ignition switch is not turned to OFF past the second warning, the smart security system will go into full alarm.

# ARMING

The H-DSSS automatically arms within 5 seconds when the vehicle is parked and the ignition switch is turned to **OFF** or **ACC** and motion is not detected.

On arming, the turn signals flash twice and the smart siren will chirp twice if chirp function is activated. While armed, the security lamp will flash once every 2.5 seconds. Refer to Table 5-55.

# **DISARMING**

There are two ways to disarm the H-DSSS:

- · Automatic disarming.
- Using the PIN.

#### **Automatic Disarming**

Always have the fob present when riding, loading, fueling, moving, parking or servicing the vehicle. The vehicle can be moved in an armed state with the fob present without triggering the alarm. The H-DSSS disarms automatically when the ignition switch is turned to ON.

On disarming, the smart siren will chirp once (if chirp function is activated) and the security lamp will turn ON solid for 4 seconds then go out. Refer to Table 5-55.

### **Disarming with a PIN**

See Horn, Lighting and Security, SERVICE AND EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS (Page 5-90) to enter an initial PIN to enable the system.

If you make an error while disarming the security system using the PIN, the alarm will activate for 30 seconds after the last digit is entered. Refer to Table 5-56.

#### Table 5-56. Entering a PIN to Disarm Harley-Davidson Smart Security System

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
1	If necessary, verify the current 5-digit PIN.		Should be recorded on wallet card.
2	Turn ignition to <b>IGN</b> .	If armed, the odometer window display will read: ENTER PIN and the security lamp will be flashing at a fast rate. The headlight will not be on.	
3	Press and release the left turn signal switch.	In the odometer window, a flashing 1 will appear.	
4	Increment the digit by tapping the left turn signal until the odometer window displays the first digit of the PIN.	The first digit in the odometer will be the first digit in the PIN.	
5	Press right turn switch one time.	The first digit is stored and the next digit will flash.	Serves as enter key.
6	Increment the second digit using the left turn switch until the digit reaches the second digit of the PIN.	The second digit in the odometer will be the second digit in the PIN.	
7	Press right turn switch 1 time.	The second digit is stored and the next dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.
8	Increment the third digit using the left turn switch until it reaches the third digit of the PIN.	The third digit in the odometer will be the third digit in the PIN.	
9	Press <b>right</b> turn switch <b>one time</b> .	The third digit is stored and the next dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.
10	Increment the fourth digit using the left turn switch until it reaches the fourth digit of the PIN.	The fourth digit in the odometer will be the fourth digit in the PIN.	
11	Press right turn switch one time.	The fourth digit is stored and the next dash will flash.	Serves as enter key.

#### Table 5-56. Entering a PIN to Disarm Harley-Davidson Smart Security System

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
	Increment the fifth digit using the left turn switch until it reaches the fifth di- git of the PIN.		
13	Press <b>right</b> turn switch <b>one time</b> .	The fifth digit is stored. The security system indicator lamp stops blinking.	Smart Security System is disarmed.

### ALARM

### Activation

When the alarm system is activated:

- Turn signals alternately flash.
- Smart siren, if equipped, sounds.

After 30 seconds of alarm, if no further vehicle motion is detected, the alarm will stop.

NOTE

Vehicle must be returned to original parked position with ignition **OFF**.

If vehicle motion continues, the alarm will start again and continue for another 30 seconds.

The security system will repeat the alarm cycles 10 times for a total of 5 minutes, with a 10-second pause between alarm cycles.

During warnings and alarms, the starter motor and the ignition remain disabled.

#### Deactivation

Stop the alarm at any time by moving an assigned fob to the vehicle. The presence of the fob will terminate the alarm.

See Figure 5-55. The fob's reception range for the signal depends on a specific receiver pattern. The typical range will be an arm's length.

See Figure 5-56. Replace the fob battery every year.

NOTE

- Environmental and geographic conditions impact signal range.
- Always have the fob present whenever the vehicle is operated.
- Do not place fob in metal enclosure. Do not place it closer than 3.0 in (80 mm) to cellular phones, the hands-free antenna, PDAs, displays and other electronic devices while operating the vehicle. That may prevent the fob from disarming the security system.

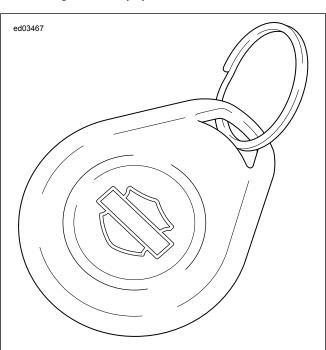


Figure 5-55. Hands-Free Fob

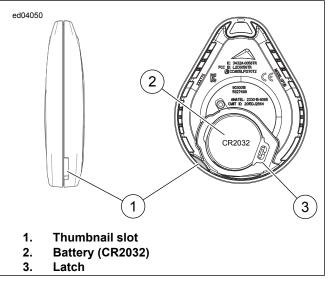


Figure 5-56. Replace Fob Battery

# FOB ASSIGNMENT

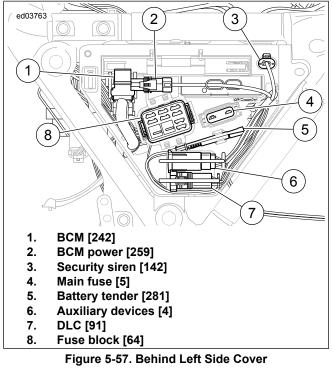
PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

Use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to assign both fobs to the H-DSSS. Follow the menu prompts in the DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) display and scan the fob serial number with the bar code reader, or key-in the number from the keyboard.

#### NOTE

Each fob has a unique serial number. Attach fob label to a blank NOTES page in the owner's manual for reference.

See Figure 5-57. If equipped, the siren is attached at [142]. Through this connector it shares the battery circuit, the ground circuit and the alarm signal circuit with the BCM. The siren adds an audible warning to the visual warnings that are a standard function of the security system.



#### SIREN CHIRP MODE CONFIRMATION

#### **Chirpless Mode**

In the chirpless mode, the siren does not chirp on arming or disarming.

#### NOTE

When armed in the chirpless mode, the siren still chirps warnings on movement and will activate the alarm through the normal cycles.

#### **Chirp Mode**

On arming in the chirp mode, the siren responds with two chirps. When disarming, the siren responds with a single chirp.

#### **Switching Modes**

Cycling quickly through three armings and disarmings will switch chirp mode.

- 1. With the fob present, the IGN ON and the system disarmed, turn the IGN OFF.
- 2. When the security lamp turns off, immediately turn the IGN ON. If the turn signals flash twice before the IGN is turned ON, the system will drop out of the switching mode sequence and will have to be started over from the beginning.
- 3. Wait until the security lamp goes out, then immediately turn the IGN OFF.

- 4. When the security lamp turns off, immediately turn the IGN ON. If the turn signals flash twice before the IGN is turned ON, the system will drop out of the switching mode sequence and will have to be started over from the beginning.
- 5. Wait until the security lamp goes out, then immediately turn the IGN OFF.
- When the security lamp turns off, immediately turn the IGN ON. If the turn signals flash twice before the IGN is turned ON, the system will drop out of the switching mode sequence and will have to be started over from the beginning.

# SERVICE AND EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS AND CONFIGURATIONS 5.16

#### **GENERAL**

Setting up a vehicle's security requires a BCM that is security equipped.

### **ACTUATION**

Actuation consists of assigning two fobs to the system and entering an initial PIN. The PIN can be changed by the owner at any time.

- 1. Configure vehicles by assigning **both** fobs to the vehicle.
- 2. Configure vehicles by entering a PIN picked by the owner. The personal code allows the owner to operate the system if the fob is lost or inoperable. Record the PIN in the owner's manual wallet card. Instruct the customer to always carry this card when riding the motorcycle.

Once the system has been activated, it will always arm within 5 seconds of turning the ignition switch to **OFF** or **ACC** and no vehicle motion.

# **SELECTING A PIN**

The PIN consists of five digits. Each digit can be any number from 1-9. There can be no zeros (0) in the PIN. The PIN **must** 

be used to disarm the security system in case the fob becomes unavailable.

## **INITIAL PIN ENTRY**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The initial PIN entry should be performed using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) in conjunction with fob assignment.

### CHANGING THE PIN

To change a PIN, refer to Table 5-57.

If a PIN was previously entered, the odometer will display the equivalent digit. To increment the digits, press the left turn signal switch. The first press selects the same value and then each additional press of the left turn signal switch will increment the digit by one.

Examples:

- To advance from 5 to 6, press and release the left turn switch twice.
- To advance from 8 to 2, press and release the left turn switch four times.

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
1	Select a 5-digit (1 thru 9) PIN and re- cord on the wallet card from owner's manual.		
2	With an assigned fob present, turn the engine stop switch to <b>OFF</b> .		
3	Turn the ignition switch to IGN.		
4	Cycle the OFF/RUN switch twice: <b>RUN</b> - <b>OFF - RUN - OFF - RUN</b> .		
5	Press <b>left</b> turn signal switch <b>two times</b> .	ENTER PIN will scroll through the odometer window.	
6	Press <b>right</b> turn signal switch <b>one time</b> and release.	Turn signals will flash three times. Current PIN will appear in odometer. The first digit will be flashing.	
7	Enter first digit of new PIN by pressing and releasing the <b>left</b> turn signal switch until the selected digit appears.		
8	Press <b>right</b> turn signal switch <b>one time</b> and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
9	Enter second digit of selected PIN by pressing and releasing the <b>left</b> turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
10	Press <b>right</b> turn signal switch <b>one time</b> and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
11	Enter third digit of the selected PIN by pressing and releasing the <b>left</b> turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		

#### Table 5-57. Changing the PIN

STEP NO.	ACTION	WAIT FOR CONFIRMATION	NOTES
12	Press <b>right</b> turn switch <b>one time</b> and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
13	Enter fourth digit of new PIN by press- ing and releasing the <b>left</b> turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
14	Press <b>right</b> turn switch <b>one time</b> and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
15	Enter fifth digit of the new PIN by pressing and releasing the <b>left</b> turn signal switch until the selected digit is present.		
16	Press <b>right</b> turn switch <b>one time</b> and release.	The new digit will replace the current in odometer window.	
17	Turn the engine stop switch <b>OFF</b> , then turn the ignition switch to <b>OFF</b> .		Pushing the engine stop switch to <b>OFF</b> stores the new PIN in the module.

### TRANSPORT MODE

Put the system in transport mode to transport the motorcycle. Otherwise, the alarm activated by motion detection can discharge the battery.

In the transport mode, the security system is armed without enabling the motion detector for one ignition cycle. This allows the vehicle to be picked up and moved in an armed state. Any attempt to start the engine when the fob is not within range will trigger the alarm.

#### **To Enter Transport Mode**

- 1. With an assigned fob within range, turn the ignition ON.
- 2. Before the security system lamp goes out, turn the ignition OFF.
- 3. Within 3 seconds, simultaneously press both the left and the right turn signal switches.
- 4. After the turn signals flash once, the system enters the transport mode. With the fob removed, the motorcycle can be moved without setting off the alarm.

#### **To Exit Transport Mode**

With the fob present, turn the ignition ON to disarm the system.

## SERVICE MODE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

With a fob present, the security system can be configured for service by disabling the security system with DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).

Once disabled, the vehicle can be operated without an assigned fob present. To maintain the service mode, the assigned fobs must be kept out of range. If the fob appears in range, the service mode is cancelled.

## FOUR-WAY FLASHER

# To Arm the Security System with the Hazard Warning Flashers ON

If it is necessary to leave a vehicle parked on the side the road, the hazard warning four-way flashers can be turned ON with the smart security system armed.

- 1. Turn IGN ON or ACC.
- 2. Press the hazard warning switch. The four-way flashers will continue for two hours.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF to arm the smart security system.

# To Disarm the Security System and Turn the Hazard Warning Flashers OFF

- 1. With a fob present, turn IGN to ON or ACC.
- 2. Press the hazard warning switch.

#### NOTE

This section applies only to those vehicles equipped with the optional security system.

See Figure 5-58. An alarm cycle is activated when the BCM is connected, the siren has been armed by the BCM and a security event occurs. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY SYSTEM (Page 5-84). Under normal armed operation, the siren input (terminal 2) is driven low by the BCM to trigger the audible alarm. When the siren input is driven high by the BCM the audible alarm stops.

#### Table 5-58. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2172	H2 output shorted high
B2173	H2 output shorted low

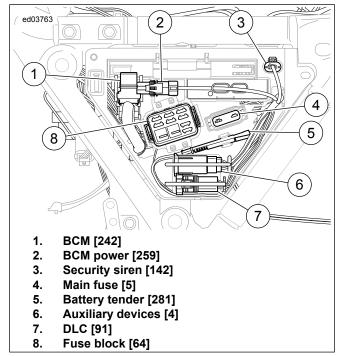


Figure 5-58. Behind Left Side Cover

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

- If the siren is armed and the internal siren battery is dead, shorted, disconnected or has been charging for a period longer than 24 hours, the siren will respond with three chirps on arming instead of two.
- The internal siren battery may not charge if the vehicle battery is less than 12.5V.
- If the siren does not chirp two or three times on a valid arming command from the BCM, the chirp function has been disabled, the siren is either not connected, not working or the siren wiring was opened or shorted while the siren was disarmed.

- If the siren enters the self-driven mode where it is powered from the siren internal 9V battery, the turn signal lamps will not alternately flash. If the BCM activates the siren, the turn signal lamps will flash. If the siren has been armed and a security event occurs, and the siren is in self-driven mode, the siren will alarm for 20-30 seconds and then turn off for 5-10 seconds. This alarm cycle will be repeated 10 times if the siren is in the self-driven mode.
- If the siren does not stop sounding after it has been armed, then either the BCM output or siren input may be shorted to ground, the siren vehicle battery connection is open or the siren vehicle ground connection is open or a security event has occurred. See Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY SYSTEM (Page 5-84) for a description of alarm functions.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

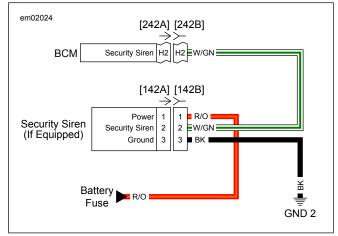


Figure 5-59. Smart Siren Circuit

DTC B2172

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 5-59. DTC B2172 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in alarm signal

Siren malfunction

#### 1. Siren Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect siren [142] (if equipped).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [142B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (W/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF. Verify security activates.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace siren.

## DTC B2173

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-60. DTC B2173 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in alarm signal
Open ground circuit
Open alarm signal
Siren malfunction

### 1. Siren Signal Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect security siren [142] (if equipped).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal H2 and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground in (W/GN) wire between [142B] and [242B].
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242].
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Replace security siren.

See Figure 5-60, Figure 5-61, Figure 5-62, Figure 5-63 and Figure 5-64. DTC B2176, B2177 or B2178 will set when a fault occurs to the security antenna circuit used to transmit to the fob. Refer to Table 5-61.

If the security system does not respond, responds with limited range or will not consistently disarm with fob within normal range, follow the fails to disarm diagnostic procedure.

Table 5-61. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2176	Security antenna output open
B2177	Security antenna output shorted high
B2178	Security antenna output shorted low

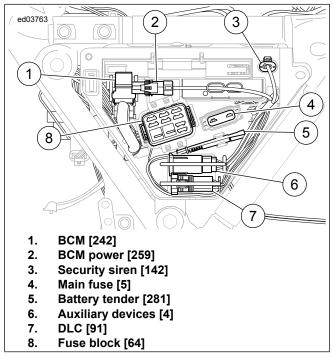
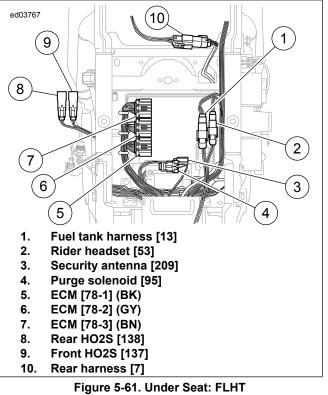


Figure 5-60. Behind Left Side Cover



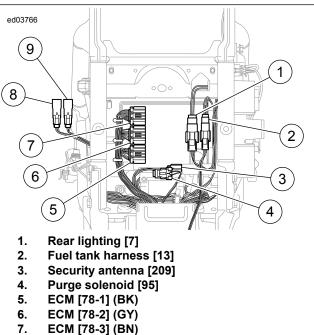


Figure 5-62. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

**Rear HO2S [138]** 

Front HO2S [137]

8. 9.

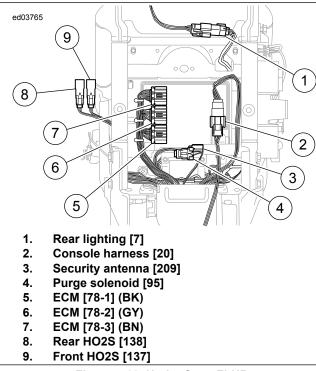
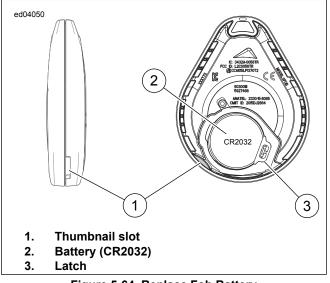


Figure 5-63. Under Seat: FLHR





#### **Conditions for Setting**

The BCM will recognize the faults with IGN ON.

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

- Verify that cell phone is not within 3.0 in (80 mm) of key fob.
- Interference from physical surroundings impacts RF transmission. Place fob next to vehicle or move vehicle to a new location and retest.
- Verify that antenna is in OE location. Make sure that seat has not been replaced with a metal base seat.
- · Check for damage to antenna wire.
- Verify fob battery voltage is at least 2.9V.
- Fob serial number is located inside fob. Twist thin blade in thumbnail slot to open.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

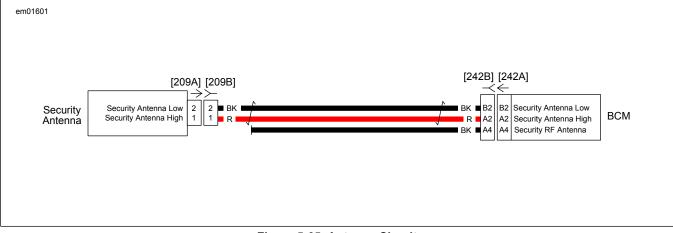


Figure 5-65. Antenna Circuit

# DTC B2176

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-62. DTC B2176 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Security antenna malfunction	
Open antenna circuit	

### 1. Fob Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. With fob present, turn IGN ON.
- 3. Does odometer read ENTER PIN?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 2. Security Antenna Visual Test

- 1. Inspect security antenna for damage.
- 2. Is security antenna damaged?
  - a. Yes. Repair or replace security antenna as needed.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Security Antenna Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect antenna [209].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [209A] terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 5700 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace security antenna.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Antenna B Circuit Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal B2 and [209B] terminal 2.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

## 5. Antenna A Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal A2 and [209B] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R) wire.

#### 6. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [242] and [209] (if needed).
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

### DTC B2177

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-63. DTC B2177 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
-----------------	--

Security antenna malfunction

Short to voltage in antenna circuit

#### 1. Security Antenna Visual Test

- 1. Inspect security antenna for damage.
- 2. Is security antenna damaged?
  - a. Yes. Repair or replace security antenna as needed.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Security Antenna High Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B] and [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal A2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 0.6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (R) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Security Antenna Low Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal B2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 0.6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

### DTC B2178

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 5-64. DTC B2178 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Security antenna malfunction
Open antenna circuit

#### NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

#### 1. Security Antenna Visual Test

- 1. Inspect security antenna for damage.
- 2. Is security antenna damaged?
  - a. Yes. Repair or replace security antenna as needed.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Visual Water Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect antenna [209].
- 3. Inspect for water or contamination.
- 4. Is water or contamination present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Security Antenna High Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect BCM [242].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [209B] terminal 1 and ground.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. Security Antenna Low Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [209B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. DTC Test

- 1. Connect BCM [242] and [209].
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

### FAILS TO DISARM

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 5-65. Fails to Disarm Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open antenna circuit
Short to ground in antenna circuit
RF interference
Antenna malfunction
Fob malfunction or dead battery

#### 1. Non-Functional Fob Test

- 1. Check battery on non-functional fob.
- 2. Is battery voltage greater than 2.9V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

#### 2. Interference Test

- 1. Move vehicle away from any possible interference sources.
- 2. Place fob on seat.
- 3. Will security system disarm?
  - a. **Yes.** Inspect for electrical accessories or an aftermarket seat that may be causing interference.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Antenna Connection Test

- 1. Inspect antenna location and connection.
- 2. Is antenna properly located and connected?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair connection.

#### 4. Antenna Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving BCM [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal A4 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Antenna Circuits Shorted Together Test

- 1. Disconnect security antenna [209].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals A2 and B2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between antenna circuits.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. Antenna Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal A4 and end of (BK) wire. Pull back conduit to expose unterminated end of wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open on (BK) wire.

#### 7. Security System Antenna Test

- 1. Replace security antenna with a known good security antenna.
- 2. Does security system now disarm?
  - a. Yes. Replace security antenna.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

See Figure 5-66. The BCM monitors the clutch and neutral switch circuits to determine whether or not to let the vehicle start. No power will be supplied to the starter solenoid unless either:

- Clutch switch is closed (lever pulled in).
- Neutral switch is closed (shifted to neutral).

#### Table 5-66. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2218	Neutral switch shorted low

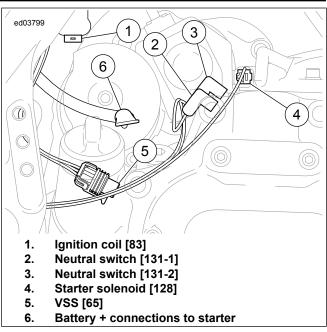


Figure 5-66. Starter

# **Conditions for Setting**

DTC B2218 will set when the neutral switch circuit is shorted low at speeds greater than 5 mph (8 km/h) for more than 60 seconds.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

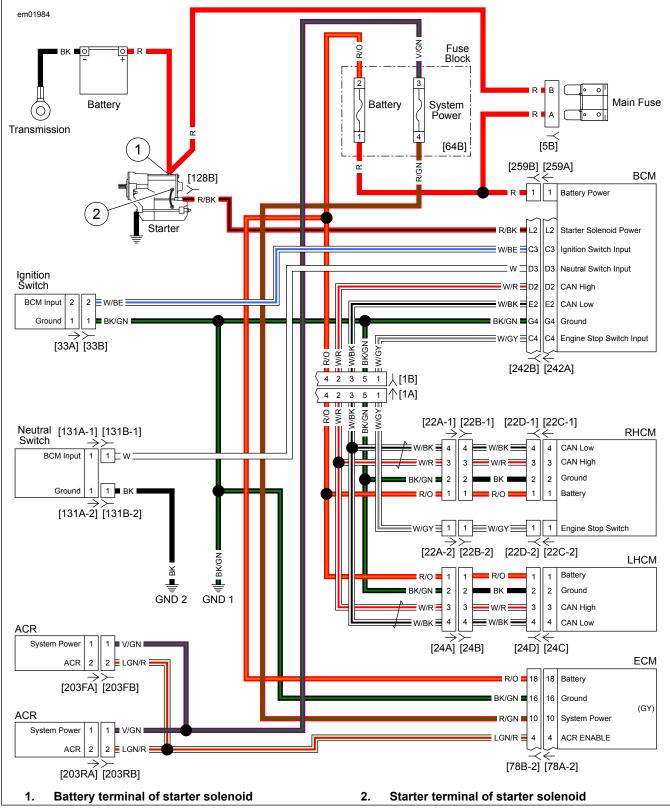


Figure 5-67. Starting Circuit: FLH with Fairing

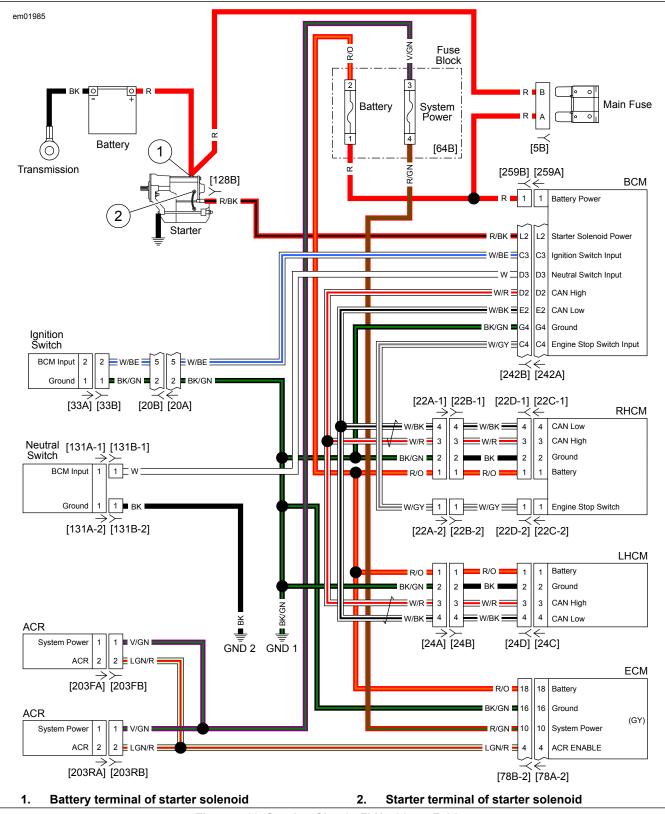
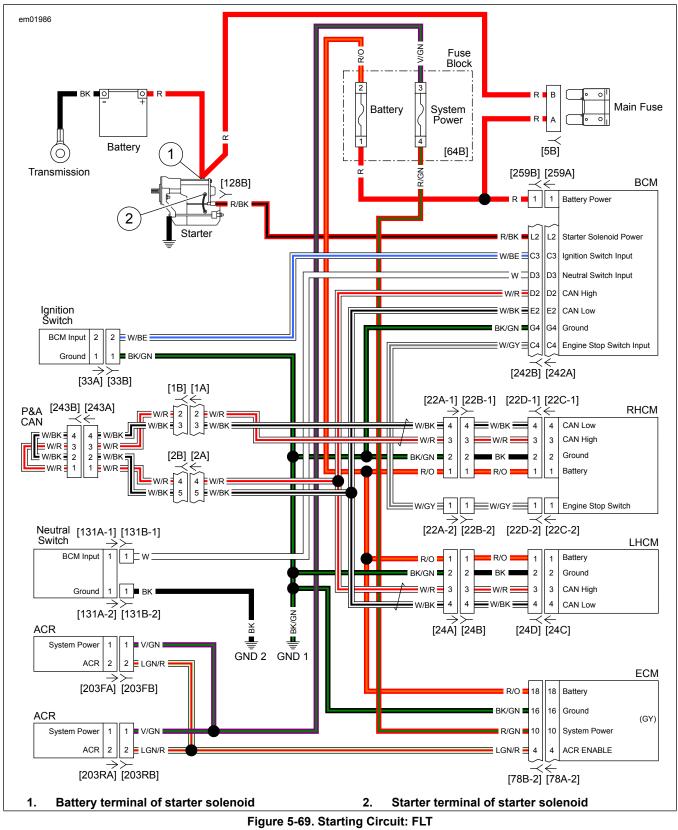


Figure 5-68. Starting Circuit: FLH without Fairing



# DTC B2218

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 5-67. DTC B2218 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in neutral circuit		]
	Neutral switch malfunction	]

#### NOTE

This DTC may occur if the vehicle is ridden in neutral at speeds greater than 5 mph (8 km/h) for more than 60 seconds. For

example, if coasting down a long mountain road with the transmission in neutral.

#### 1. Neutral Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Shift transmission into 1st or 2nd gear.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Is neutral indicator illuminated?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Verify neutral switch torque.

#### 2. Neutral Switch Test

- 1. Disconnect neutral switch [131-1].
- 2. Is neutral lamp illuminated?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace neutral switch.

#### 3. Neutral Switch Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal D3 and ground.
- 5. Is resistance less than 10 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. DTC Test

- 1. Connect BCM [242] and neutral switch.
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Operate vehicle above 5 mph (8 km/h) for at least two minutes.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

These outputs are intended for future applications and are not used for this model.

## Table 5-68. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2183	High side drive output #1 shorted low
B2188	High side drive output #2 shorted low
B2193	High side drive output #3 shorted low
B2198	High side drive output #4 shorted low

# **Conditions for Setting**

This output is shorted to ground in one of three areas:

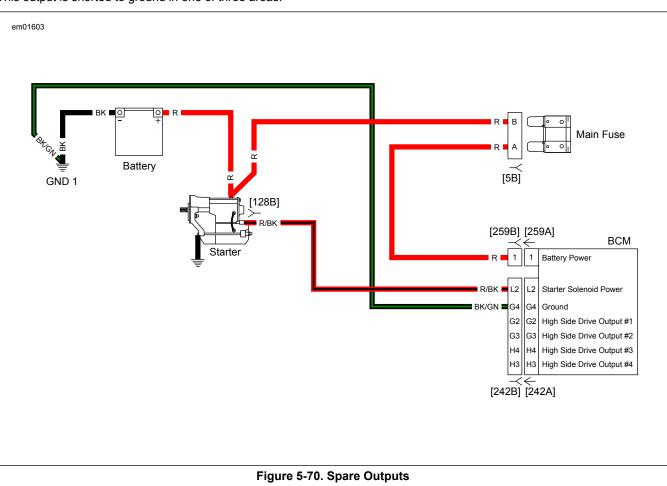
- Device the output is connected to.
- BCM.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

This circuit may be used for aftermarket accessories or systems. If a code is set and cannot be duplicated, check for aftermarket devices.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



# DTC B2183, B2188, B2193, B2198

Table 5-69. DTC B2183, B2188, B2193, B2198 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in spare output circuit

#### 1. Circuit Inspection Test

1. Visually inspect BCM [242].

- 2. Are there wires plugged into any of the spare output terminals?
  - a. **Yes.** Problem may be caused by aftermarket devices. See aftermarket manufacturer for repair.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.

4. Did DTC reset?

- a. Yes. Replace BCM.
- b. No. Concern is intermittent.

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
6.1 EFI SYSTEM	
6.2 ELECTRONIC CONTROL MODULE	
6.3 SENSORS AND DRIVERS	
6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS	
6.5 FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS	
6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.8 ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS	
6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS	
6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.13 CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.14 PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS	
6.15 VSS DIAGNOSTICS	
6.16 IDLE SPEED CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS	
6.17 ECM INTERNAL DIAGNOSTICS	
6.18 5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS	
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6.20 DTC P1009	
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6.24 JSS DIAGNOSTICS	
6.25 ETC MANAGMENT DIAGNOSTICS	
6.26 ETC ERROR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.27 ACR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS	
6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.30 DTC P2105, P2107	
6.31 DTC P2119	
6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS	
6.33 CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS	
6.34 DTC P2176	
6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS	
6.36 COOLING PUMP DIAGNOSTICS	
6.37 ENGINE CRANKS BUT WILL NOT START	
6.38 HESITATION OR LOSS OF POWER	
6.39 STARTS, THEN STALLS	
6.40 MISFIRE AT IDLE OR UNDER LOAD	
6.41 ERRACTIC IDLE	

### **GENERAL**

The engine management system consists of the following components:

- ECM
- CKP sensor
- TMAP sensor
- · ET sensor
- TGS
- TCA
- VSS
- Knock sensors
- HO2S
- · Ignition coil
- · Fuel pump
- Fuel injector
- Purge solenoid (if equipped)

The ECM is a solid state device mounted under the seat and sealed to prevent contamination from dust/dirt, water and oil. The ECM controls engine performance based upon input supplied to the ECM from the ET, CKP, TMAP, TGS, HO2S and the VSS sensors and other additional low-voltage circuits and components between the battery and ignition coil.

- The ECM controls the dwell time for the ignition coil, providing optimum ignition circuit performance for all engine speeds/load conditions. Optimizing the ignition system allows the ECM to control/vary engine timing (as needed) from 0-50 degrees BTDC.
- The ECM is a non-repairable item and must be replaced when it fails.

The CKP sensor is located in the front left side of the crankcase. The CKP generates an AC signal that is sent to the ECM where it is used to reference engine position (TDC) and speed. It functions by taking readings off the 30 teeth on the left side flywheel (two teeth are missing to establish a reference point).

The TMAP sensor is a dual-purpose sensor, mounted in the top of the intake manifold. One portion is used to measure temperature and the other portion is used to measure the air pressure inside the intake manifold. The temperature part of the TMAP contains a thermistor element, used to measure the temperature of the air entering the intake manifold. The MAP portion of this sensor is used to measure the difference between atmospheric pressure and vacuum pressure, within the intake manifold. The ECM processes information from the TMAP (and other sensors) to adjust ignition timing and fuel to achieve optimum engine performance.

The ET sensor contains a thermistor element that varies the sensor's internal electrical resistance. As the engine temperature changes the resistance in the ET sensor changes. The ECM monitors this resistance to compensate for various operating conditions.

The TGS, mounted on the right hand side of the handlebar, houses two internal (opposing) Hall-effect sensors for operator

control of the engine's throttle. The opposing operation of the sensors ensures that repositioning of the throttle twist grip, forward and/or back, is accurately reported to the ECM. As the throttle is operated, position changes are reported to the ECM which controls the corresponding movement of the throttle plate by the TCA.

The TCA, mounted to the intake manifold, operates the throttle plate internal to the induction module on the engine. Two corresponding TP sensors receive input from the ECM, corresponding to the position of the TGS, to adjust the position of the throttle plate, accordingly. The ECM incorporates an H-Bridge and WatchDog microprocessor, used to control inadvertent or unexpected operations/conditions of the TCA and TGS.

The VSS is mounted in the transmission, beneath the starter motor. The VSS is a Hall-effect sensor, used to monitor and report vehicle speed based upon a reference point on the 5th gear of the transmission. A 5V reference signal and common ground circuitry are provided to the VSS, from the ECM. The VSS communicates electrical pulses to the ECM, where vehicle speed is calculated and sent to the speedometer as a serial data message.

The knock sensor creates a voltage signal based on the vibrations caused by detonation. The ECM uses this signal to alter the ignition timing and prevent detonation.

There are two HO2S, one mounted in each of the two exhaust pipes, to monitor the exhaust gas air/fuel mixture ratio. Each HO2S samples the exhaust oxygen content and provides specific voltage to the ECM. The ECM continuously adjusts the air/fuel mixture to maintain an optimal air/fuel mixture. When properly mixed, the HO2S voltage(s) will measure approximately 0.45V, each when measuring across the sensor.

The ignition coils provide high voltage output to the spark plugs. Each ignition coil is made up of a primary winding where low voltage input creates a high voltage spike in the collapsible field of the secondary winding. The front and rear coils are fired independently (one cylinder at a time).

The fuel pump, mounted inside the fuel tank, is a submersible pump used to provide fuel to the fuel injectors. The fuel pump is powered by the BCM.

- When the ignition switch is in the IGNITION position and the engine stop switch is in the RUN position, the BCM supplies voltage to the fuel pump.
- The fuel pump continues running during cranking and normal running operation, as long as the ECM is receiving input from the CKP sensor. If no CKP pulses are received, the ECM sends a message to the BCM to turn off the fuel pump within 2 seconds after the ignition is turned on, the engine has stalled or immediately after the engine is shut off.
- The fuel pump contains a pressure regulator which maintains consistent fuel pressure to each of the fuel injectors. Excess fuel flow is bypassed into the fuel tank by the pressure regulator.

There are two fuel injectors mounted to the intake manifold. The ECM controls the injectors by actuating the injector solenoid enabling fuel to be metered through the injector and atomized into the intake manifold. The injectors are timed to the combustion cycle and are triggered sequentially. When the ECM determines that fuel is required, the ECM supplies a short duration ground to the fuel injector, which opens and releases fuel into the air intake manifold.

The purge solenoid (working with the charcoal canister only used in certain destinations) allows the vapors to escape back into the throttle body. The purge solenoid is timed to the throttle position but is disabled at startup, low engine temperature, low engine speed or low vehicle speed. The power for the purge solenoid comes from the BCM. The ECM provides the path to ground to trigger the purge solenoid.

#### Engine Idle Temperature Management System

To improve rider comfort, an optional heat management system (EITMS) may be enabled. After being enabled, the heat management system improves rider comfort by turning off the rear cylinder fuel injector when all of the following conditions exist:

- High engine temperature.
- · Engine at idle speed.
- · Low or no vehicle speed.
- · Clutch lever pulled in or transmission in neutral.

There is a four minute delay after startup before EITMS will engage. As the engine maintains idle speed, the rear cylinder functions as an "air pump," helping to cool the engine. This continues until one of the above listed conditions is no longer met, then the rear cylinder fires normally again.

#### NOTE

When the engine is in heat management mode, a noticeable difference in idle may be accompanied by a unique exhaust odor. While these conditions are normal, a rider or technician unaware of the heat management system may incorrectly assume an idle problem is present.

#### **Enable/Disable EITMS**

- 1. Turn the ignition ON. Push the engine OFF/RUN switch on the right handlebar to the RUN position (the motorcycle may be running or not running).
- 2. Verify cruise control is OFF.
- 3. Push the throttle to roll-off position and hold.
- 4. After approximately 3 seconds, the cruise indicator will flash either amber (disabled) or green (enabled).
- 5. Repeat the procedure as necessary to enable or disable.

#### NOTE

On platforms/models equipped with a radio, the status of the EITMS can be viewed on the information display.

# **ELECTRONIC CONTROL MODULE**

### **GENERAL**

See Figure 6-1, Figure 6-2 and Figure 6-3. The ECM receives and processes signals from the sensors and applies output signals to the drivers to start, idle and run the engine. This section describes the configuration of the ECM.

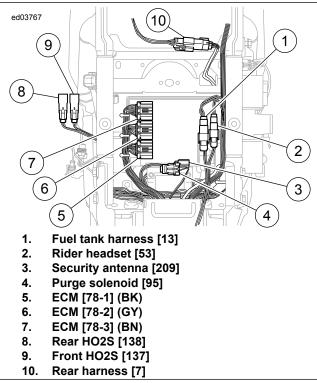


Figure 6-1. Under Seat: FLHT

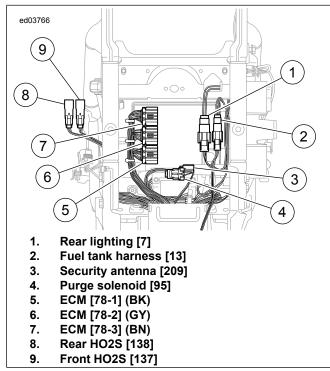


Figure 6-2. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

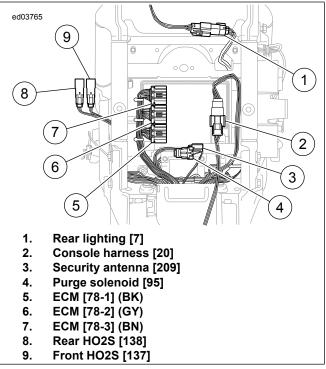


Figure 6-3. Under Seat: FLHR

#### ECM

The ECM is mounted under the seat. It computes the spark advance for proper ignition timing and fuel control based on sensor inputs (from ET, CKP, TMAP, TGS, HO2S and VSS sensors) and controls the low-voltage circuits for the ignition coils and injectors.

The ECM contains all of the components used in the ignition system. The dwell time for the ignition coil is also calculated in the microprocessor and is dependent upon battery voltage. The programmed dwell is an added feature to give adequate spark at all speeds. The ECM is fully enclosed to protect it from vibration, dust, water or oil. This unit is a non-repairable item. If it fails, it must be replaced.

#### 32-2 Flywheel

The left flywheel has positions for 32 teeth evenly spaced around its circumference with 30 teeth present and two consecutive teeth missing (sync gap). In this configuration, the ECM determines engine position, engine phase and engine speed from the CKP sensor input. Phase (TDC compression) is determined by the ECM during startup and, when necessary, while running. No engine ignition events can occur until the ECM determines the relationship of piston position to crankshaft position. The following paragraphs in this section describe synchronization and phasing by the ECM to provide smooth operation of the engine at all speeds.

#### **Crank Position Signal Synchronization**

In the 32-2 crank configuration, crankshaft position is determined by the ECM finding the two-tooth (sync gap) in the CKP sensor signal. This is usually accomplished the first time the sync gap is encountered. The ECM monitors the CKP signal status every engine revolution. If the ECM determines synchronization is lost, it immediately terminates ignition events and synchronizes on the next occurrence of the sync gap.

## **Engine Phase**

Phasing is accomplished by the ECM identifying a widening in the CKP signal caused by the deceleration of the crankshaft, as a piston approaches TDC on its compression stroke. Since the rear cylinder approaches TDC earlier than the front cylinder, engine phase can be readily discriminated. Phasing is normally accomplished on the first TDC cycle after engine synchronization. Once phased, the ECM can begin normal ignition events. If the ECM experiences a system reset or loss of synchronization while the engine is running it also loses phase.

When phase is lost one of the following occurs:

- If an engine-not-running (Crank Mode) rpm is detected, the ECM executes the normal start-up phasing process.
- If Engine Run Mode is detected, the ECM executes a running re-phase sequence.

The front cylinder is fired every engine revolution. The ECM monitors the power stroke after the fire event to determine if sufficient acceleration occurred to indicate the ECM fired on the compression stroke. When two valid power strokes are detected, the ECM locks phase and resumes normal ignition events.

# **Engine Run Mode**

Many functions of the EFI system require an engine run mode determination. Engine run is determined by the level of engine rpm. Generally, the engine is considered to be running when engine rpm exceeds a minimum of 750 rpm.

Sensors and drivers play an important part in the ECM's ability to provide the proper operational parameters for engine efficiency, emissions control and fuel economy. When a failure occurs, a DTC is generated by, and stored in, the ECM. These codes help the technician diagnose engine trouble to the proper sensor or driver. See Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2).

## **SENSORS**

Not all sensor problems cause an engine shutdown, but sensor failure can seriously degrade overall engine performance. A notable exception is the CKP sensor, which if faulty, completely disables engine operation. The following are brief explanations of sensor types and their functions within the EFI system.

# **Crank Position (CKP) Sensor**

The CKP sensor, located on the left front of the lower crankcase half, is a variable reluctance sensor that generates AC voltage as the teeth on the flywheel pass by the sensor. The signal is routed to the ECM where it is used to determine crankshaft position, engine speed (rpm) and engine phase (TDC compression). Without the presence of the CKP signal, the ECM will not allow the ignition and fuel injection drivers to operate, and thus the engine will not run. The ECM uses crankshaft compression slow down events to determine engine phase. Therefore, the spark plugs must be installed when checking for spark.

## **Twist Grip Sensor (TGS)**

The TGS, mounted on the right hand side of the handlebar, houses two internal (opposing) Hall-effect sensors for operator control of the engine's throttle. The opposing operation of the sensors ensures that repositioning of the throttle twist grip, forward and/or back, is accurately reported to the ECM. As the throttle is operated, position changes are reported to the ECM that controls the corresponding movement of the throttle plate by the TCA.

## **Throttle Control Actuator (TCA)**

The TCA, mounted to the intake manifold, operates the throttle plate internal to the induction module on the engine. Two corresponding TP sensors provide input to the ECM, so the ECM may verify that plate position corresponds to TGS input (rider desired position of the plate) and to adjust the position of the throttle plate, accordingly.

#### Jiffy Stand Sensor (JSS): If Equipped

The JSS uses a Hall-effect device to monitor jiffy stand position. When the jiffy stand is fully retracted, the sensor picks up the presence of a metal tab mounted to the jiffy stand. When extended, the engine only starts and runs if the ECM receives a signal from the neutral switch indicating the transmission is in neutral, or a signal from the clutch switch indicating the clutch is engaged. Otherwise, the engine stalls as the clutch is released with the transmission in gear.

#### Accelerometer

The accelerometer is within the BCM. The BCM will shut the engine down if the vehicle is tipped over and the odometer will

display tip. Once the sensor is tripped, the motorcycle must be righted, the ignition turned off and then on again before the engine can be restarted. This is communicated across the CAN communication.

## **Clutch Switch**

The clutch switch is part of the LHCM. There are two types of clutch switches, one type for mechanical (cable) operated clutches and one for hydraulic operated clutches. The switches function differently and are not interchangeable. The LHCM communicates the position of the clutch switch to the ECM and BCM over the CAN communication circuits.

#### NOTE

The clutch switches are not interchangeable. If swapped, it could cause DTCs or improper vehicle operation.

#### **Neutral Switch**

The BCM provides voltage to the neutral switch, which is open when the transmission is in gear. With the transmission in neutral, the switch is closed, allowing current flow to ground. The BCM will not allow the engine to start unless the transmission is in neutral or the clutch is pulled in.

#### **Engine Temperature (ET) Sensor**

The ET sensor is a thermistor device, which means that at a specific temperature it has a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low, which effectively lowers the signal voltage on ECM [78-2] terminal 8.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high, allowing the voltage to rise close to 5V. This information is used to display the temperature on the radio information tab.

# Temperature Manifold Absolute Pressure (TMAP) Sensor

The TMAP sensor combines the MAP and IAT in a single component. The functions of each are described in the following paragraphs. During diagnostics the two parts of the TMAP are tested as separate units.

#### Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor

The MAP sensor is supplied 5V from the ECM and sends a signal back to ECM. This signal varies in accordance with engine vacuum, intake air temperature and atmospheric barometric pressure. The MAP sensor monitors the intake manifold pressure (vacuum) and sends the information to the ECM. The ECM then adjusts the spark and fuel timing advance curves for optimum performance. The output of the sensor can also be used to determine if the engine is rotating when a fault with the CKP sensor is present.

#### Intake Air Temperature (IAT) Sensor

The IAT sensor is a thermistor device. As such, it will have a specific resistance across its terminals at a specific temperature. As the temperature varies, the thermistor resistance varies, and so does the voltage on ECM [78-2] terminal 6.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low, which effectively lowers the signal voltage on ECM [78-2] terminal 6.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high, allowing the voltage to rise close to 5V. The ECM monitors this voltage to compensate for various operating conditions.

#### **Knock Sensor**

The knock sensor is a piezoelectric sensor that contains a seismic mass, brass carrier, contact ring and a ceramic piezo element. The knock sensor creates a voltage signal based on the vibrations caused by detonation. The ECM uses this signal to alter the ignition timing and prevent detonation.

# Engine Coolant Temperature (ECT) Sensor (If Equipped)

The ECT sensor is a thermistor device, which means that at a specific temperature it has a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low, which effectively lowers the signal voltage to the ECM.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high, allowing the voltage to rise close to 5V. The ECM monitors this voltage to determine when to start the cooling fans.

# Ambient Air Temperature (AAT) Sensor (If Equipped)

The AAT sensor is a thermistor device, which means that at a specific temperature it has a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low, which effectively lowers the signal voltage to the ECM.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high, allowing the voltage to rise. This information is used to display the temperature on the radio information tab.

## Vehicle Speed Sensor (VSS)

The VSS is a Hall-effect device mounted close to the teeth of the 5th gear in the transmission. The output signal frequency varies with vehicle speed. The ECM processes the vehicle speed signal and transmits it via the serial data circuit to the speedometer to indicate vehicle speed.

## HO2S: Front and Rear

The HO2S detects unburned oxygen in the engine exhaust. The output of the sensor is a voltage having a range of about 0-1.0V.

- The normal output is 0.5V which represents a balance between a lean (not enough fuel) and rich (too much fuel) air/fuel mixture.
- An output less than 0.5V represents a lean mixture; greater than 0.5V represents a rich mixture.

The change in output level signals the ECM to modify the air/fuel ratio. The HO2S does not operate efficiently until the engine is at operating temperature. Always warm-up the vehicle prior to troubleshooting the HO2S. The heater elements on the HO2S helps bring the HO2S up to operating temperature quicker. Leaks in the exhaust system, leaky exhaust valves, misfires or any engine problem allowing unburned oxygen into the exhaust stream could create a DTC indicating a bad sensor. Look for problems related to an improper air/fuel mixture before replacing the sensor.

# DRIVERS

The ECM drivers are the output devices or system outputs of the EFI system. Drivers are provided ground by the ECM to pump, inject and ignite the air/fuel mixture in the engine and to activate relays.

### Fuel Pump

The BCM provides battery voltage to the fuel pump which is inside the fuel tank.

## Ignition Coils and Spark Plugs

The ignition coils create the energy to fire the spark plugs and ignite the air/fuel mixture in the cylinders. Advancing or retarding the spark is controlled by the ECM to suit load and speed conditions of the engine.

The BCM powers a separate ignition coil for each cylinder.

#### **Fuel Injectors**

The BCM provides battery power to the fuel injectors. The ECM provides the path to ground to trigger the injectors. The fuel injectors are pulse-width modulated solenoids for metering fuel into the intake tract. The pulse-width of the ground path to the injectors is varied by the ECM in response to inputs from the various sensors, thus varying the length of time the injector is open.

#### **Active Exhaust Actuator: HDI Only**

The active exhaust system utilizes an actuator valve located in the rear exhaust pipe. This valve is connected to a servo motor via a cable. The valve position automatically adjusts to enhance engine performance.

#### **Cooling System (If Equipped)**

The electronic part of the cooling system consists of the fans, pump and ECT. The ECM controls both cooling fans and the relay that supplies power to the pump. Once the engine starts, the ECM grounds the coil side of the cooling relay, causing the relay to energize, sending power to the pump. The ECM monitors engine coolant temperature to determine when to turn on the fans. The ECM offsets the start up of the two fans slightly to minimize current draw in the system.

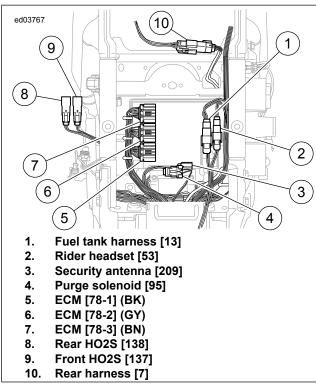
See Figure 6-4, Figure 6-5 and Figure 6-6. The BCM supplies and monitors the 12V system power circuit from terminal L3 of the BCM to the following components:

- Ignition coil
- Front fuel injector
- · Rear fuel injector
- Purge solenoid
- ECM
- Front HO2S
- Rear HO2S
- Front ACR
- Rear ACR

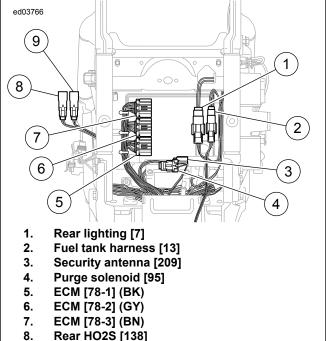
The system power circuit is energized when the ignition is turned on.

#### Table 6-1. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2102	System power output shorted high
B2103	System power output shorted low
B2104	System power output overloaded







8. Rear HO2S [138]
 9. Front HO2S [137]

#### Figure 6-5. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

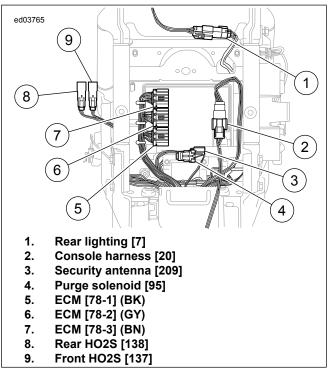


Figure 6-6. Under Seat: FLHR

## **Conditions for Setting**

DTC B2104 will set if the system power circuit draws more than 10 Amps.

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

Since the system power circuit normally has ignition voltage with IGN ON, the short to voltage will have to be present with the vehicle turned off in order to set DTC B2102.

When disconnecting connectors, always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.

## **Connector Information**

diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

For additional information about the connectors in the following

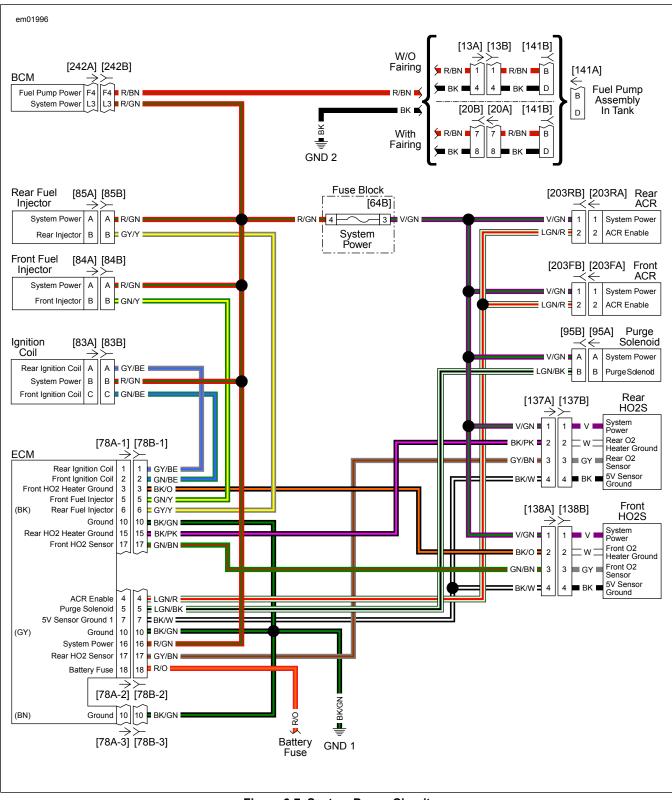


Figure 6-7. System Power Circuit

## DTC B2102

PART NUMBERTOOL NAMEHD-41404TEST CONNECTOR KITHD-50390-1BREAKOUT BOXHD-50390-4ECM CABLEHD-50390-4-PECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-2. DTC B2102 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to battery in the system power circuit

## 1. System Power Circuit Short to Voltage Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to [78B-1], 78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (R/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## DTC B2103, B2104

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-3. DTC B2103, B2104 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in the system power circuit
Ignition coil resistance too low
Front coil shorted low
Rear coil shorted low
Active intake resistance too low
Active exhaust resistance too low
Front HO2S resistance too low
Rear HO2S resistance too low
Front fuel injector resistance too low
Rear fuel injector resistance too low
ACR resistance too low
Purge solenoid resistance too low

#### 1. Fuse Test

- 1. Inspect the system fuse.
- 2. Is the fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

#### 2. Ignition Coil Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil [83].
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

b. No. Replace ignition coil.

## 3. Rear Coil Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [83B] terminal A and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GY/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. Front Coil Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [83B] terminal C and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GN/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Rear Fuel Injector Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [83].
- 3. Disconnect rear fuel injector [85].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace rear fuel injector.

#### 6. Front Fuel Injector Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [85].
- 3. Disconnect front fuel injector [84].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Replace front fuel injector.

#### 7. Purge Solenoid Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect purge solenoid [95].
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Replace purge solenoid.

## 8. Front HO2S Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [95].
- 3. Disconnect front HO2S [138].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- Did DTC reset?
   a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace front HO2S.

## 9. Rear HO2S Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [138].
- 3. Disconnect rear HO2S [137].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Replace rear HO2S.

## 10. Front ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [137].
- 3. Disconnect front ACR [203F].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Replace front ACR.

## 11. Rear ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [203F].
- 3. Disconnect rear ACR [203R].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Replace rear ACR.

## 12. ECM Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect [85].
- 3. Disconnect ECM [78-2].
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 13. BCM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [78].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B] leaving BCM [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Test continuity between BOB terminal L3 and ground.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

## 14. System Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between fuse block [64B] socket terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Disconnect front and rear HO2S, front and rear ACRs, purge solenoid and active exhaust (if equipped).
- 3. Was continuity lost as components were removed?
  - a. **Yes.** Replace last component removed when continuity was lost.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground in (V/GN) wire.

See Figure 6-8. The BCM supplies and monitors the 12V system power circuit from terminal F4 of the BCM to the fuel pump. The fuel pump is constantly grounded. The BCM controls the fuel pump by turning on and off the power to the pump on the (R/BN) wire.

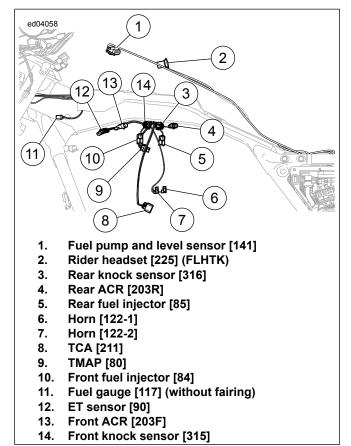


Figure 6-8. Engine

#### Table 6-4. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B2116	Fuel pump output open
B2117	Fuel pump output shorted high
B2118	Fuel pump output shorted low
B2119	Fuel pump output overloaded

## **Conditions for Setting**

DTC B2116 will set if the fuel pump circuit draws less than 600 milliamps.

DTC B2119 will set if the fuel pump circuit draws more than 6 Amps.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

DTC B2119 can set if the BCM sees an excessive load on the fuel pump circuit. This could be caused by a fuel pump being run dry. If the fuel pump was replaced or the vehicle was run out of gas, prime the pump and clear the code. Start the vehicle and check DTCs to see if the code returns.

Any circuit that is powered up continually with IGN ON could cause DTC B2117 or B2119 to set if shorted to the fuel pump circuit. If a short to voltage or overload conditon is found, test continuity between fuel pump circuit and the other power circuits from the BCM.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

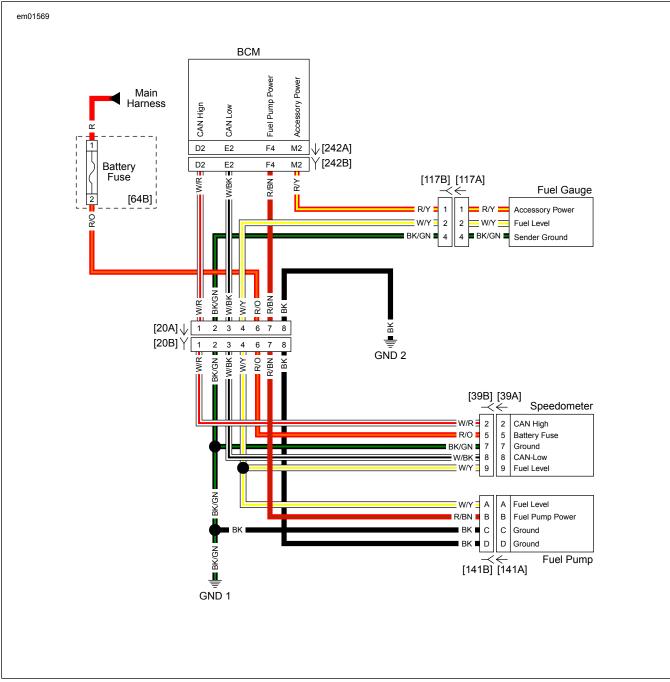


Figure 6-9. Fuel Sensor Circuit without Fairing

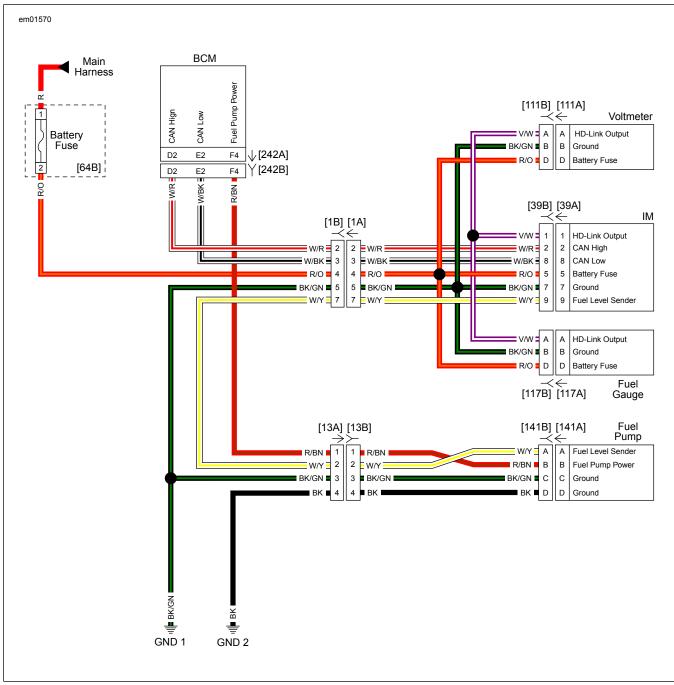
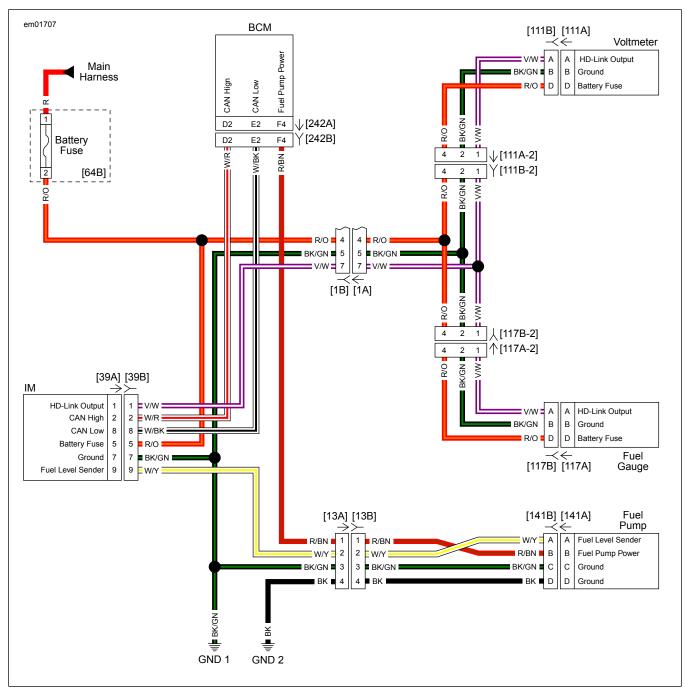


Figure 6-10. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLH with Fairing



## DTC B2116

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-5. DTC B2116 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- Open in the fuel pump power circuit
- Fuel pump fault or malfunction

## 1. Fuel Pump Circuit Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Figure 6-11. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLT
  - 2. Disconnect fuel pump [141].
  - 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [141B] terminals B and D.
  - 4. Turn IGN ON.
  - 5. Was battery voltage displayed for a short time?
    - a. Yes. Replace fuel pump.
    - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between [141B] terminal D and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

b. No. Repair open in (BK) ground wire.

## 3. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wire harness [242B], leaving BCM [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal F4 and [141B] terminal B.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/BN) wire.

## DTC B2117

#### Table 6-6. DTC B2117 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to voltage in the fuel pump power circuit

## 1. Fuel Pump Power Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Does fuel pump continue to run after the initial 2 second start up?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (R/BN) wire. See diagnostic tips. If no source of short is found, replace BCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Code Verification Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Start engine.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace BCM.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

## DTC B2118, B2119

#### Table 6-7. DTC B2118, B2119 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to ground in the fuel pump power circuit	
Fuel pump malfunction	

#### 1. Fuel Test

- 1. Verify there is fuel in fuel tank.
- 2. Is fuel present in tank?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. **No.** Fill tank with fuel and clear DTCs. If the DTC returned, then continue with tests. Go to Test 2.

### 2. Fuel Pump Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel pump [141].
- 3. Clear DTC.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace fuel pump.

#### 3. Power Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BCM [242].
- Test continuity between [141B] terminal B (R/BN) wire and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (R/BN) wire.
  - b. **No.** See diagnostic tips. If problem not found, replace BCM.

See Figure 6-12. The ECM supplies and monitors a voltage signal from [78-3] terminal 3 to one side of the AAT sensor. The other side of the AAT sensor is connected to a common sensor ground. The ground is also connected to the ECM [78-2] terminal 7.

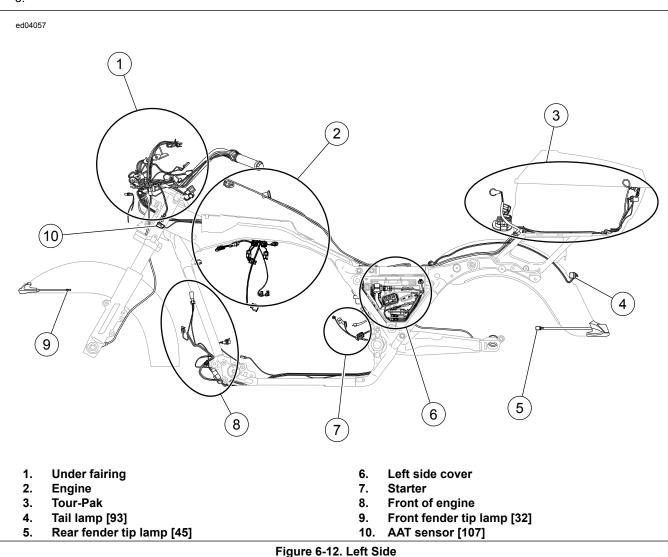
The AAT sensor is a thermistor device. At a specific temperature it will have a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage on ECM [78-3] terminal 3.

 At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low. This lowers the signal voltage on ECM [78-3] terminal 3.

- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high. This allows the voltage to rise close to 5V. The ECM monitors this voltage to update the ambient temperature on the radio display.
- Temperature reading will update when vehicle is moving over 3 mph (5 km/h) for at least one minute.

Table 6-8. Code Description

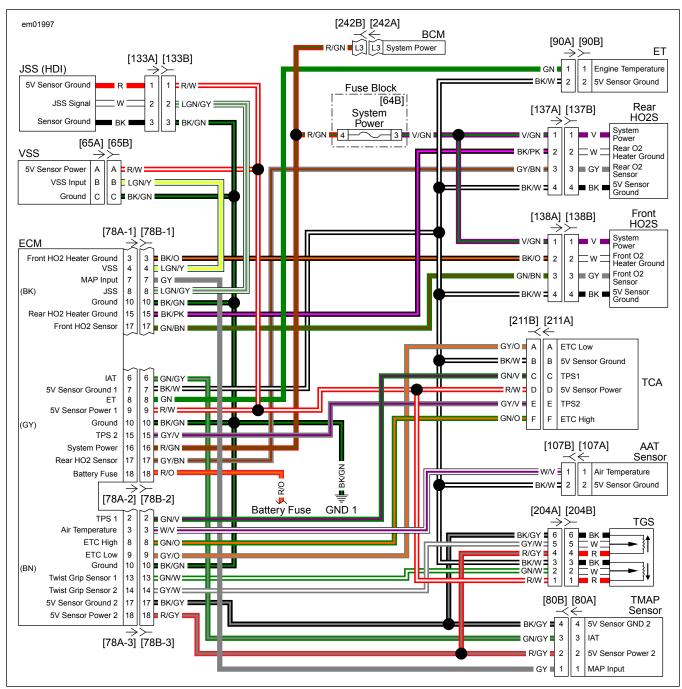
DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0072	AAT sensor low
P0073	AAT sensor high/open



## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

6.6



#### Figure 6-13. Sensor Circuit

## DTC P0072

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-9. DTC P0072 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

AAT sensor malfunction

Short to ground in 5V reference circuit

## 1. AAT Sensor Test

#### NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect AAT sensor [107].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404) test resistance between [107A] terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Is resistance between 11,000-12,000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace AAT sensor.

## 2. AAT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [107B] terminal 1 (W/V) wire and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (W/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. AAT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 3.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [107B] terminals 1 (W/V) wire and 2 (BK/W) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P0073

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-10. DTC P0073 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
AAT sensor malfunction	
Open or short to voltage in 5V reference circuit	

## 1. AAT Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect AAT sensor [107].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [107B] terminal 1 (W/V) wire and ground.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (W/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. AAT Sensor Signal Wire Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [107B] terminal 1 (W/V) wire and BOB [78-3] terminal 3.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (W/V) wire.

## 3. AAT Sensor Open Ground Wire Test

- 1. Test resistance between [107B] terminal 2 (BK/W) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 4. AAT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-3] terminal 3.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (W/V) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. AAT Sensor Test

- 1. Connect [107].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 3.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace AAT sensor.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-23738	VACUUM PUMP

See Figure 6-14. The TMAP sensor provides the functions of both an IAT sensor and a MAP sensor in one unit. The TMAP sensor is supplied 5V from ECM [78-3] terminal 18. It sends MAP and IAT signals back to ECM [78-1] terminal 7 and [78-2] terminal 6, respectively. Refer to Table 6-11.

Table 6-11. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0107	MAP sensor open/low
P0108	MAP sensor high
P0112	IAT sensor voltage low
P0113	IAT sensor open/high

## **TMAP: MAP Signal**

The MAP signal varies in accordance with engine vacuum and atmospheric pressure. Changes in atmospheric pressure are influenced by weather and altitude.

## TMAP: IAT Signal

The IAT portion of the TMAP sensor is a thermistor device. At a specific temperature, it will have a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage on [78-2] terminal 6 of the ECM.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the IAT sensor is very low, which effectively lowers the signal voltage on [78-2] terminal 6.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high, allowing the voltage to rise close to 5V. The ECM monitors this voltage to compensate for various operating conditions.

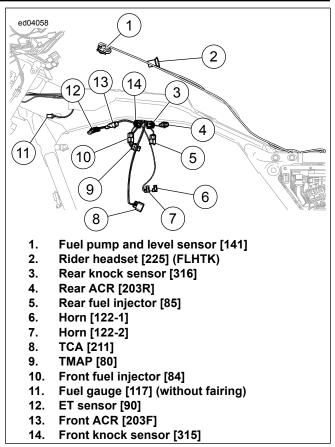


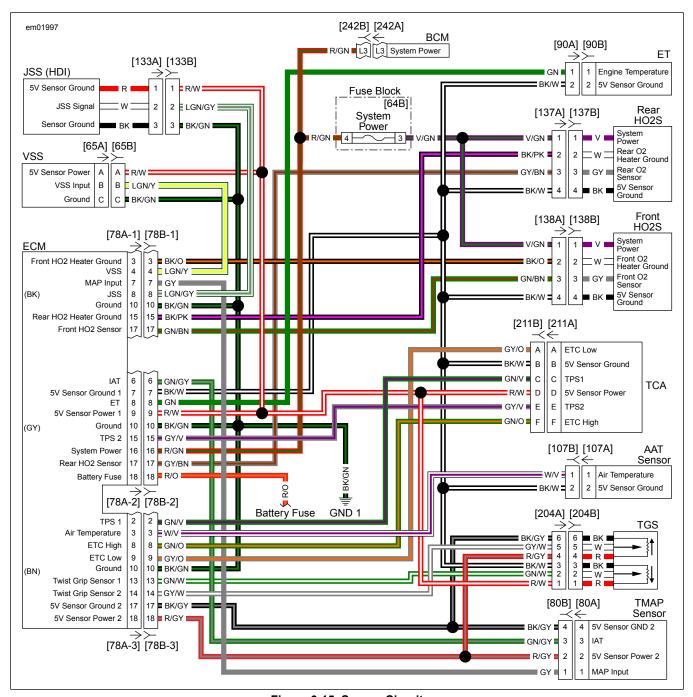
Figure 6-14. Engine

### **Diagnostic Tips: MAP Portion of TMAP Sensor**

- DTCs P0107 or P0108 will set if the MAP sensor signal is out of range. DTC P0108 can only be detected with the engine running.
- Using the VACUUM PUMP (PART NUMBER: HD-23738), apply a vacuum to the pressure port of the TMAP sensor. The MAP signal voltage should lower as the vacuum is applied.
- The TMAP and TGS are connected to the same reference line (+5V Vref). If the reference line goes to ground or open, multiple codes will be set (DTCs P0107, P0108, P0122, P0123, P1501 and P1502).

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



## DTC P0107

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-12. DTC P0107 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- MAP sensor malfunction
- Open or shorted to ground signal wire
- Open or shorted to ground 5V reference circuit

## Figure 6-15. Sensor Circuit

## 1. MAP Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TMAP sensor [80].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper between [80B] terminals 1 (GY) wire and 3 (R/GY) wire.
- Clear DTCs.
- 5. Start engine.
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Check DTCs.
- 8. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace TMAP sensor.

## 2. MAP Sensor Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove jumper.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [80B] terminal 2 (R/GY) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage approximately 5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 3. MAP Sensor Signal Wire Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [80B] terminal 1 (GY) wire and BOB [78-1] terminal 7.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY) wire.

## 4. MAP Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 7 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. MAP Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 17.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY) and (BK/GY) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 6. MAP Sensor 5V Reference Wire Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [80B] terminal 2 (R/GY) wire and BOB [78-3] terminal 18.

- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GY) wire.

## 7. MAP Sensor 5V Reference Shorted to Signal Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminals 17 and 18.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between the (R/GY) and (BK/GY) wires.
  - b. **No.** See diagnostic tips before replacement. Replace ECM.

## DTC P0108

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-13. DTC P0108 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
MAP sensor malfunction	
Short to voltage	

#### 1. MAP Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TMAP sensor [80].
- 3. Clear DTC.
- 4. Start engine.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace MAP sensor.

## 2. MAP Sensor Signal Wire Short to 5V Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wire harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 18.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/GY) and (GY) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. MAP Sensor Signal Wire Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB [78-1] terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage in (GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. MAP Sensor 5V Reference Shorted to Battery Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (R/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. MAP Sensor Ground Wire Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [80B] terminal 4 and BOB [78-3] terminal 17.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace TMAP sensor.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GY) wire.

## DTC P0112

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-14. DTC P0112 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in 5V reference circuit

#### NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

## 1. IAT Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TMAP sensor [80].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [80A] terminals 4 and 3.
- 4. Is resistance between 500-5000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace TMAP sensor.

## 2. IAT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

1. Test resistance between [80B] terminal 3 (GN/GY) and ground.

- 2. Is resistance reading less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GN/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. IAT Sensor Signal Voltage High Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wire harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 6 and 10.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
    - b. No. Repair short to ground on (GN/GY) wire.

## 4. IAT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 6 and [78-3] terminal 17.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [80B] terminals 4 and 3 (GN/GY and BK/GY) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## **DTC P0113**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-15. DTC P0113 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open or short to voltage in 5V reference circuit

#### NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient temperature before starting diagnostic test.

## 1. IAT Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TMAP sensor [80].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [80A] terminals 1 (BK/GY) wire and 2 (GN/GY) wire.
- 4. Is resistance between 500-5000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace IAT sensor.

## 2. IAT Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [80B] terminal 3 (GN/GY) and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GN/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Signal Wire Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [80B] terminal 3 (GN/GY) and BOB [78-2] terminal 6.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open circuit in (GN/GY) wire.

#### 4. Open Ground Wire Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 17 and [80B] terminal 4 (BK/GY).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GY) wire.

#### 5. IAT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 6 and [78-3] terminal 18.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/GY) and (R/GY) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

See Figure 6-16. The ECM supplies and monitors a voltage signal from [78-2] terminal 8 to one side of the ET sensor. The other side of the ET sensor is connected to a common sensor ground. The ground is also connected to the ECM [78-2] terminal 7.

The ET sensor is a thermistor device. At a specific temperature it will have a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage on ECM [78-2] terminal 8.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low. This lowers the signal voltage on ECM [78-2] terminal 8.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high. This allows the voltage to rise close to 5V.

The ECM monitors this voltage to compensate for various operating conditions.

Table 6-16. Code Description
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DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0117	ET sensor shorted low
P0118	ET sensor high/open

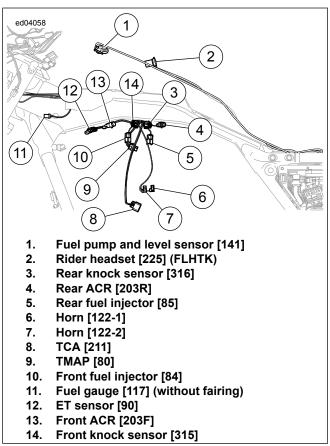


Figure 6-16. Engine

## **Diagnostic Tips**

Once the engine is started, the temperature should rise steadily to operating temperature.

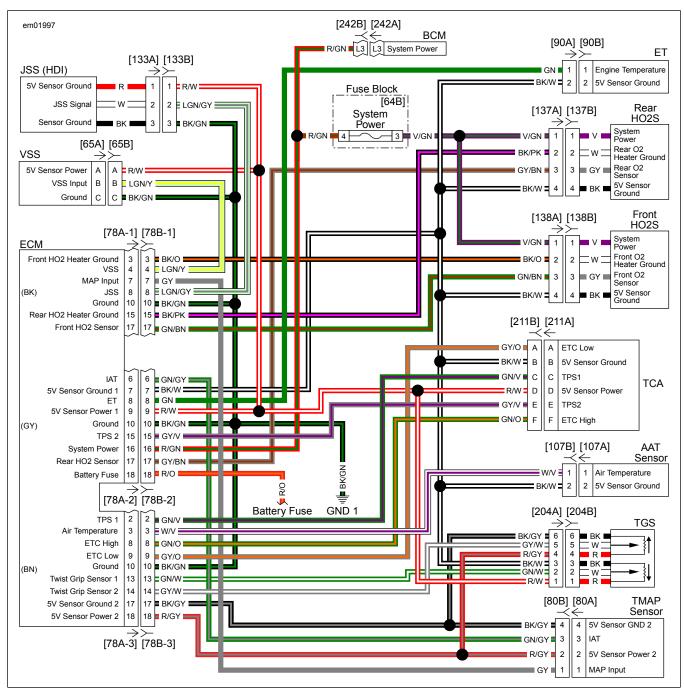
An intermittent may be caused by a poor connection, rubbed through wire insulation or an inoperative wire inside the insulation.

Check the following conditions:

- **Poor connection:** Inspect ECM harness connector [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3] for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harness.
- Perform DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24) to locate intermittents: If connections and harness check out OK, use a multimeter to check the engine temperature reading while moving related connectors and wiring harness. If the failure is induced, the engine temperature display will change.
- Shifted sensor resistance value: Measure ET and IAT sensor temperatures with a cool engine. The sensor temperatures should be within 10 °F (5.6 °C) of each other. If the two sensors are not within the specified range replace the inaccurate sensor.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-17. Sensor Circuit

## DTC P0117

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-17. DTC P0117 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

ET sensor malfunction

Short to ground in 5V reference circuit

## 1. ET Sensor Test

#### NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ET sensor [90].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [90B] terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Is resistance between 900-10,000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace ET sensor.

## 2. ET Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [90A] terminal 1 (GN) wire and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. ET Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 8 and 7.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [90A] terminals 1 (GN) wire and 2 (BK/W) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P0118

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-18. DTC P0118 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
ET sensor malfunction	
Open or short to voltage in 5V reference circuit	

## 1. ET Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ET sensor [90].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [90A] terminal 1 (GN) wire and ground.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. ET Sensor Signal Wire Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [90A] terminal 1 (GN) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 8.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN) wire.

### 3. ET Sensor Open Ground Wire Test

- 1. Test resistance between [90A] terminal 2 (BK/W) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 4. ET Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 8 and 9.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. ET Sensor Test

- 1. Connect [90].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 8 and 7.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace ET sensor.

## TCA DIAGNOSTICS

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 6-18. A dual TPS is integrated into the TCA, mounted to the induction module.

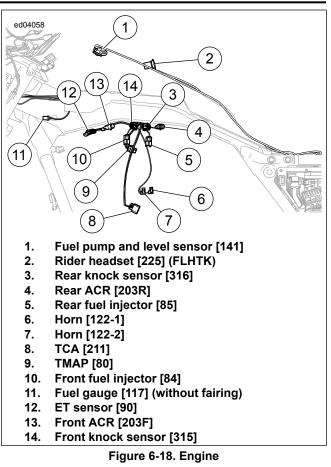
Within the TCA, a set of potentiometers are designated as TPS (TPS1 and TPS2). The ECM drives the motor in the TCA to open and close the throttle plate based on the signals from the twist grip sensor. The TPS (TPS1 and TPS2) send signals back to the ECM based on throttle plate position to verify the throttle plate movement.

The ECM supplies a 5.0V signal from terminal [78-2] terminal 9 to TPS1 and [78-3] terminal 18 to TPS2. The signals from TPS1 and TPS2 are sent back to the ECM [78-3] terminals 13 and 14 and vary in voltage according to actual throttle plate position.

The two TP sensors work opposite each other. When one sensor reads high, the other reads low. The sum of TPS1 and TPS2 signals should measure around 5.0V.

See Figure 6-19 for TCA (TPS1 and TPS2) circuitry diagram. Refer to Table 6-19 for DTCs associated with TPS1 and TPS2 of the TCA.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0120	TPS1 range error
P0122	TPS1 low/open
P0123	TPS1 high
P0220	TPS2 range error
P0222	TPS2 low/open
P0223	TPS2 high



#### NOTE

The TGS, JSS, TCA and VSS sensors are connected to the same reference line (5V reference). If the reference line goes to ground or open, multiple codes will be set (DTC P0122, P0123, P0502, P0503, P1501, P1502, P2101, P2102, P2103, 2122, 2123, P2127, P2128). Start with the trouble code having the highest priority DTC. Refer to Table 1-12.

Check for the following conditions:

- Poor connection: Inspect ECM harness connector [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78-B-3] for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harness.
- Perform DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24) to locate intermittents: If connections and harness check out OK, monitor TPS voltage using a multimeter while moving related connectors and wiring harness. If the failure is induced, the TPS voltage will change.
- An intermittent may be caused by poor connection, rubbed through wire insulation or an inoperative wire within the wire insulation.

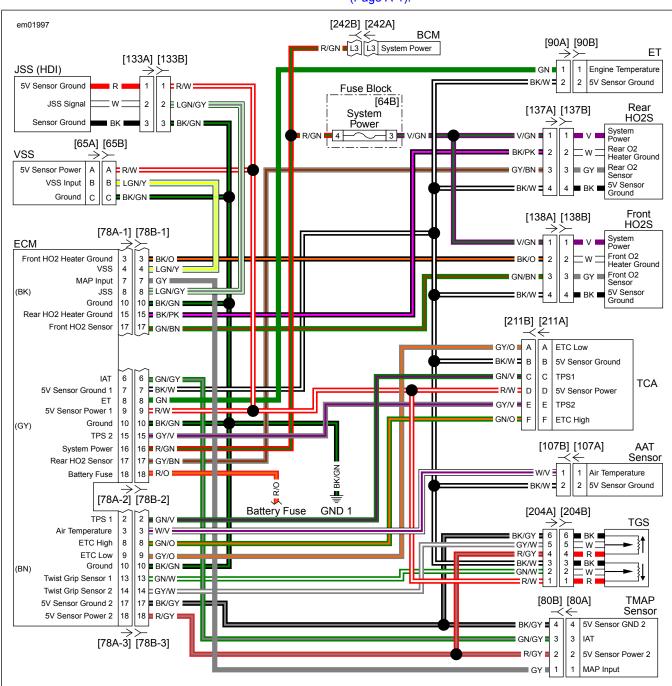
## **Diagnostic Tips**

A faulty sensor can negatively affect the signal voltage of the other sensors sharing the same 5V reference. If the wiring passes the following tests, disconnect one sensor at a time on the 5V reference and verify the DTC is still present. Additional DTCs will be set as each sensor is disconnected, clear DTCs

after this test. Be sure to perform this test before replacing a component.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



## DTC P0120

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-20. DTC P0120 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in sensor power circuit
Short to voltage in TPS-1 circuit

Figure 6-19. Sensor Circuit

Table 6-20. DTC P0120	<b>Diagnostic Faults</b>
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POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in TPS-1 circuit
Short to ground in TPS-1 circuit
Open sensor ground circuit

## 1. Sensor Power-1 Circuit Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [211B] terminal D.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/W) wire.

## 2. TPS-1 Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-3] terminal 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/V) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. TPS-1 Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [211B] terminal C.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/V) wire.

## 4. TPS-1 Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GN/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. TPS-1 Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GN/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. Sensor Ground Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [211B] terminal B.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 7. TCA Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] to BOB.
- 3. Connect [211].
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 2.
- 6. Is voltage between 0.4-4.8V?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace TCA.

## DTC P0122

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-21. DTC P0122 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in TPS-1 Circuit
Open in sensor power circuit

## 1. TCA Sensor-1 Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3] and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 0.2V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 2. TCA Sensor-1 Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] from BOB.
- 3. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 4. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. TCA Power-1 Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [211] terminal 5.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/W) wire.

## 4. TCA Sensor Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 3. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. ECM Test

- 1. Disconnect ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] from BOB.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN/V) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P0123

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

## Table 6-22. DTC P0123 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in TPS-1 circuit
Short to voltage in TPS-1 circuit
Short to voltage in sensor power circuit
Open in sensor ground circuit

## 1. TPS-1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [78-2] terminal 7.

- 6. Is voltage less than 4.8V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. TPS-1 Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [211B] terminal C and ground.
- 5. Is voltage between 4-5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No, less than 4V. Repair open in (GN/V) wire.
  - c. No, greater than 5.25V. Repair short to voltage in (GN/V) wire.

## 3. Sensor Power Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [211B] terminal D and ground.
- 2. Is voltage less than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage in (R/W) wire.

## 4. TCA Test

- 1. Jumper [211B] terminals C and B.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace TCA.

## 5. Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between [211B] terminal B and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 6. Sensor Ground Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Test continuity between [211B] terminals D and C.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/V) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 7. Sensor Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between [211B] terminal B and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.

b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 8. TPS-1 Circuit Function Test

- 1. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 2. Test voltage between [211B] terminal C and ground.
- 3. Is voltage between 2-5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Less than 2V. Repair open in (GN/V) wire.
  - c. No. Greater than 5.25V. Repair short to voltage on (GN/V) wire.

## 9. Sensor Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between [211B] terminal D and ground.
- 2. Is voltage less than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage on (R/W) wire.

## **10. Ground Circuit Open Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Test resistance between [211B] terminal B and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 11. TPS-1 Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between [211B] terminal C and BOB [78-3] terminal 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/V) wire.

## **DTC P0220**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-23. DTC P0220 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- Open in sensor power circuit Short to voltage in sensor power circuit
- Open in TPS-2 circuit
- Short to voltage in TPS-2 circuit
- Short to ground in TPS-2 circuit

Open in sensor ground circuit

## 1. Sensor Power-1 Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TCA [211].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [211] terminal 5.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/W) wire.

#### 2. Sensor Power-1 Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage (R/W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. TPS-2 Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 9 and 15.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/W) and (GY/V) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. TPS-2 Circuit Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 15 and [211B] terminal E.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/V) wire.

## 5. TPS-1 Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 15 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GY/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. TPS-1 Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 15 and ground.

- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage on (GY/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. Sensor Ground Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [211B] terminal B.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 8. TCA Test

- 1. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] to BOB.
- 2. Connect [211].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 15 and 7.
- 5. Is voltage between 0.4-4.8V?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace TCA.

## DTC P0222

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-24. DTC P0222 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open in sensor power circuit	
Short to ground in TPS-2 circuit	

## 1. TCA Sensor-2 Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 15 and 7.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 0.2V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 2. TCA Sensor-2 Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] from BOB.
- 3. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 4. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 15 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. TCA Power-1 Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [211] terminal 5.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/W) wire.

# 4. TCA 5V Reference Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [211].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. ECM Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78A] from BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 15 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/V) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P0223

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-25. DTC P0223 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in sensor power circuit
Short to voltage in sensor power circuit
Open in TPS-2 circuit
Short to voltage in TPS-2 circuit

#### Table 6-25. DTC P0223 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to ground in TPS-2 circuit

Open in sensor ground circuit

### 1. TPS-2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 15 and 7.
- 6. Is voltage less than 4.8V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. TPS-2 Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 2. Test voltage between [211B] terminal E and ground.
- 3. Is voltage less than 0.2V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 3. Sensor Power Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between [211B] terminal D and ground.
- 2. Is voltage less than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage in (R/W) wire.

## 4. Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between [211B] terminal B and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 5. Shorted 5V Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 2. Test continuity between [211B] terminals E and D.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY/V) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 6. Sensor Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between [211B] terminal B and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

## 7. TPS-2 Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 2. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between [211B] terminal E and ground.
- 5. Is voltage less than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage on (GY/V) wire.

#### 8. Sensor Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between [211B] terminal D and ground.
- 2. Is voltage less than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage on (R/W) wire.

#### 9. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Test resistance between [211B] terminal B and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

The HO2S provides a signal to the ECM which indicates whether the engine is running rich or lean.

- A P0131 (front) or P0151 (rear) is set when the ECM detects an excessively lean condition for a specified length of time. DTCs may also set if HO2S fails.
- A P0132 (front) or P0152 (rear) is set when the ECM detects an excessively rich condition for a specified length of time. This can be caused by oil contamination or fuel injector malfunctions. DTCs may also set if HO2S fails.
- A P0134 (front) or a P0154 (rear) is set when the sensor circuit is open or too cold to respond.
- When the air/fuel mixture is ideal, approximately 14.6 parts air to 1 part fuel, the voltage will be approximately 0.45V when measuring across the sensor.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0031	Front HO2S low/open
P0032	Front HO2S shorted high
P0051	Rear HO2S low/open
P0052	Rear HO2S shorted high
P0131	O2 sensor low/engine lean (front)
P0132	Engine running rich (front)
P0134	O2 sensor high/open (front)
P0151	O2 sensor low/engine lean (rear)
P0152	Engine running rich (rear)
P0154	O2 sensor high/open (rear)

Table 6-26. Code Description

The heater portion of the HO2S is powered by the BCM. The front and rear HO2S heaters have separate control circuits monitored by the ECM.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

The ECM requires a HO2S fault be present for three drive cycles before it sets a code. After clearing codes, operate the vehicle for three drive cycles before checking for codes.

The heater circuits in the HO2S are powered from the system power circuit. This circuit voltage is supplied by the BCM through the system power fuse. Any short causing the fuse to open will cause the ECM to set DTC P0031 and P0051. If these codes are present with an open fuse, the fault is a short to ground somewhere in the circuit or the components.

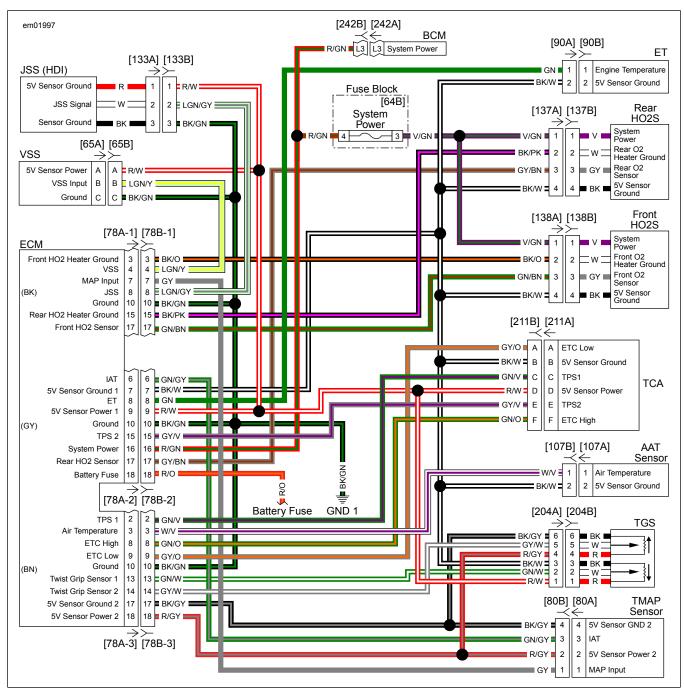
The multimeter displays the signal from the HO2S in Volts. This voltage will have an average value tending towards lean, rich or ideal value depending on operating temperature of the engine, engine speed and throttle position. An open/short to voltage or short to ground in the (GN/BN) wire (front) and (GY/BN) wire (rear) will cause the engine to run rich (short to ground) or lean (short to voltage) until the fault is detected. Once fault is detected, vehicle will run in open loop.

Check for the following conditions:

- **Poor connection:** Inspect the ECM [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3], fuel injector [84, 85] and HO2S [137, 138] connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses.
- **Dirty/stuck open injectors:** The vehicle may run lean (dirty/clogged injectors) or rich (stuck open injectors) if there are injector problems. This could also cause poor fuel economy and performance.
- Leaking injectors: This causes fuel imbalance and poor idle quality due to different air/fuel ratios in each cylinder. To check for leaky injectors, first remove the air box and air filter. Then, with the throttle wide open, turn IGN ON for 2 seconds and then OFF for 2 seconds five consecutive times. Replace the fuel injector if there is any evidence of raw fuel in the bores. See Fuel Injectors in the service manual.
- Loose HO2S: If an HO2S is loose, engine performance may be affected. This could also show up as a slow changing HO2S voltage.
- Loose/leaking exhaust: This can cause a poor ground connection for the sensor or allow fresh air into the exhaust system. If fresh air enters exhaust system, the HO2S will read a lean condition, causing the system to go rich.
- Engine misfire: See Misfire at Idle or Under Load (Page 6-130).
- Intake leaks: See the service manual.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-20. Sensor Circuit

## **DTC P0031**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-27. DTC P0031 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

#### Open or short to ground on front HO2S circuit

Open in sensor power circuit

## 1. Front HO2S Voltage Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect front HO2S [138].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [138A] terminal 1 (V/GN) wire and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/GN) wire.

## 2. Open Ground Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 3 and [138A] terminal 2 (BK/O) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/O) wire.

## 3. Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BK/O) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between [138B] terminals 1 (V) wire and 2 (W) wire.
- 2. Is resistance between 13.5-35 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace front HO2S.

## **DTC P0032**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-28. DTC P0032 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Front HO2S circuit	t shorted to 12V

## 1. Front HO2S Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB [78-1] terminal 3 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (BK/O) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front HO2S [138].
- 3. Test resistance between [138B] terminals 1 (V) wire and 2 (W) wire.
- 4. Is resistance between 13.5-35 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace front HO2S.

## **DTC P0051**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

## Table 6-29. DTC P0051 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open or short to ground on rear HO2S circuit
Open in sensor power circuit

## 1. Rear HO2S Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear HO2S [137].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [137A] terminal 1 (V/GN) wire and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/GN) wire.

## 2. Open Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 15 and [137A] terminal 2 (BK/PK) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/PK) wire.

## 3. Short to Ground Test

1. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 15 and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BK/PK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between [137B] terminals 1 (V) wire and 2 (W) wire.
- 2. Is resistance between 13.5-35 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace rear HO2S.

#### DTC P0052

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-30. DTC P0052 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Rear HO2S circuit shorted to voltage

#### 1. Rear HO2S Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-1] terminal 15 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (BK/PK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Test resistance between [137B] terminals 1 (V) wire and 2 (W) wire.
- 3. Is resistance between 13.5-35 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace front HO2S.

#### DTC P0131

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-31. DTC P0131 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

	Short to ground in signal circuit
Fuel system malfunction	

NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

#### 1. Front HO2S Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front HO2S [138].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [138A] terminal 3 (GN/BN) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage approximately 5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. HO2S Test

- 1. Test continuity between [138B] terminal 3 (GY) wire and ground.
- Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace HO2S.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- Test continuity between [138A] terminals 3 (GN/BN) wire and 4 (BK/W) wire.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/BN) and (BK/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [138A] terminal 3 (GN/BN) wire and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/BN) wire and ground.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 5. Operation Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Connect [138].
- 4. Start engine and allow it to reach operating temperature.
- 5. With engine speed at a steady rpm, test voltage between BOB [78-1] terminal 17 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 6. Is voltage approximately 0.45V?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. **No.** (0.0-0.4V). Perform fuel pressure test. Look for incorrect ECM calibration, low fuel pressure, air leaks and dirty injectors. If no issues are found, replace HO2S.

## **DTC P0132**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-32. DTC P0132 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Fuel system malfunction

## 1. Front HO2S Operation Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Start engine and allow it to reach operating temperature.
- With engine speed at a steady rpm, using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-1] terminal 17 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 6. Is voltage approximately 0.45V?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. (0.6-1.0V) Perform fuel pressure test. Look for incorrect ECM calibration, high fuel pressure, stuck open or leaking injectors. If no issues are found, replace HO2S.

## DTC P0134

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-33. DTC P0134 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
short to voltago in signal circuit	

Open or short to voltage in signal circuit Open sensor ground

## 1. Front HO2S Signal Wire Short Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front HO2S [138].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [138A] terminal 3 (GN/BN) wire to ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 5V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GN/BN) wire.
  - b. No, greater than 4V. Go to Test 2.
  - c. No, less than 4V. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Open Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [138A] terminal 4 (BK/W) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace front O2 sensor.
  - b. No. Repair open on (BK/W) wire.

## 3. Signal Wire Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [138A] terminal 3 (GN/BN) wire and BOB [78-1] terminal 17.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/BN) wire.

## DTC P0151

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-34. DTC P0151 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in signal circuit

Fuel system malfunction

NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

#### 1. Rear HO2S Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear HO2S [137].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [137A] terminal 3 (GY/BN) wire to ground.
- 5. Is voltage approximately 5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. HO2S Test

- 1. Test continuity between [137B] terminal 3 (GY) wire and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace HO2S.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- 3. Test continuity between [137A] terminals 3 (GY/BN) wire and 4 (BK/W) wire.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY/BN) and (BK/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [137A] terminal 3 (GY/BN) wire and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY/BN) wire and ground.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

#### 5. Operation Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.

- 3. Start engine and allow it to reach operating temperature.
- 4. With engine speed at a steady rpm, test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 17 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 5. Is voltage approximately 0.45V?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. (0.0-0.4V). Perform fuel pressure test. Look for incorrect ECM calibration, low fuel pressure, air leaks and dirty injectors. If no issues are found, replace HO2S.

#### DTC P0152

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-35. DTC P0152 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Fuel system malfunction

#### 1. Rear HO2S Operation Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Start engine and allow it to reach operating temperature.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), with engine speed at a steady rpm, test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 17 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 6. Is voltage approximately 0.45V?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. (0.6-1.0V). Perform fuel pressure test. Look for incorrect ECM calibration, high fuel pressure, stuck open or leaking injectors. If no issues are found, replace HO2S.

#### DTC P0154

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-36. DTC P0154 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Open or short voltage in signal circuit	
Open sensor ground	

## 1. Rear HO2S Signal Wire Short Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear HO2S [137].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [137A] terminal 3 (GY/BN) wire to ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 5V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GY/BN) wire.
  - b. No, greater than 4V. Go to Test 2.
  - c. No, less than 4V. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Open Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1] and [78B-2], leaving ECM [78A-1] and [78A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [137A] terminal 4 (BK/W) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear HO2S.
  - b. No. Repair open on (BK/W) wire.

## 3. Signal Wire Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [137A] terminal 3 (GY/BN) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 17.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/BN) wire.

See Figure 6-21. The fuel injectors are solenoids that allow pressurized fuel into the intake tract. The injectors are timed to the engine cycle and triggered sequentially. The power for the injectors comes from the BCM. The ECM provides the path to ground to trigger the injectors.

## NOTE

System power failures or wiring harness problems will cause 12V power to be lost to both injectors and the ignition coils.

## Table 6-37. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0261	Fuel injector low/open (front)
P0262	Fuel injector shorted high (front)
P0264	Fuel injector low/open (rear)
P0265	Fuel injector shorted high (rear)

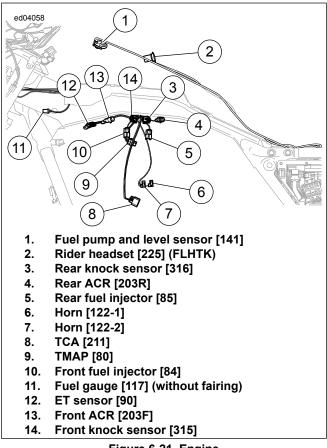


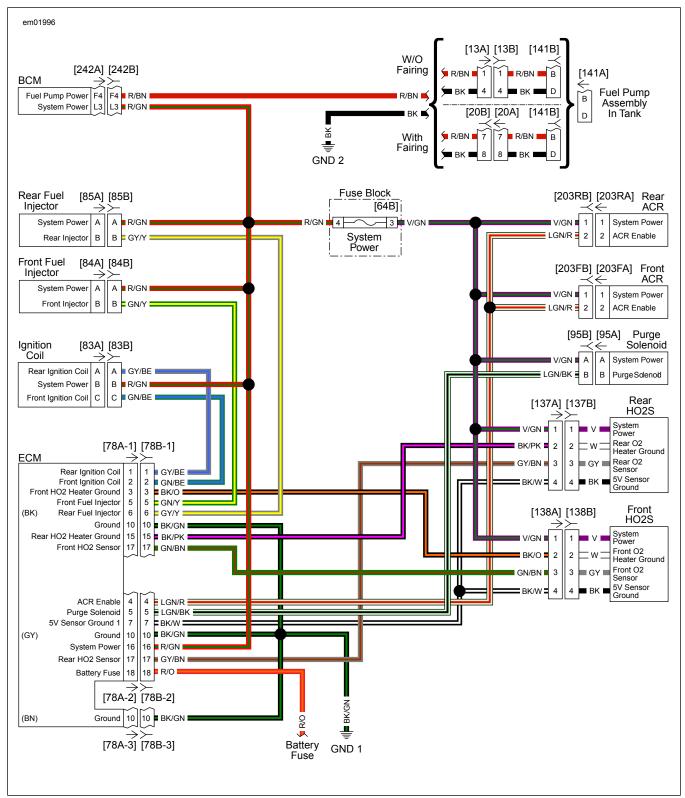
Figure 6-21. Engine

## **Diagnostic Tips**

When disconnecting any connectors always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-22. System Power Circuit

## DTC P0261

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

Table 6-38. DTC P0261 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Front fuel injector malfunction
Open signal circuit
Open power circuit

## 1. Front Fuel Injector Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect front fuel injector [84].
- 3. Connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E) to [84B].
- 4. Crank engine.
- 5. Does light flash when engine is cranking (or running)?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No, lamp does not illuminate. Go to Test 2.
  - c. No, lamp is on steady. Go to Test 5.

#### 2. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove fuel injector test light.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and [84B] terminal A (R/GN) wire.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GN) wire.

#### 3. Control Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 5 and [84B] terminal B (GN/Y) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/Y) wire.

#### 4. Injector Resistance Test

- 1. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [84A] terminals A and B.
- 2. Is resistance between 10-20 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace front injector.

#### 5. Driver Short to Ground Test

- 1. Remove fuel injector test light.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [84A] terminal B and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GN/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# DTC P0262

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-39. DTC P0262 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in signal circuit

# 1. Front Fuel Injector Control Circuit Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front injector [84].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [84B] terminal B (GN/Y) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage less than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Control Circuit Shorted to System Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between [84B] terminals A and B.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/GN) and (GN/Y) wires.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage on (GN/Y) wire.

#### 3. Injector Resistance Test

- Test resistance between [84A] terminals A and B of injector [84A].
- 2. Is resistance between 10-20 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace front injector.

## **DTC P0264**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-40. DTC P0264 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open signal circuit

Open power circuit

#### 1. Rear Fuel Injector Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear fuel injector [85].

- 3. Connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E) to [85B].
- 4. Crank engine.
- 5. Does lamp flash when engine is cranking (or running)?

a. Yes. Go to Test 4.

- b. No, lamp does not illuminate. Go to Test 2.
- c. No, lamp is on steady. Go to Test 5.

# 2. Power Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove fuel injector test light.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and [85B] terminal A (R/GN) wire.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GN) wire.

# 3. Control Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 6 and [85B] terminal B (GY/Y) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/Y) wire.

# 4. Injector Resistance Test

- 1. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [85A] terminal A and B of injector [85A].
- 2. Is resistance between 10-20 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace rear injector.

# 5. Driver Short to Ground Test

- 1. Remove fuel injector test light.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [85B] terminal B and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (GY/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# DTC P0265

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

### Table 6-41. DTC P0265 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in signal circuit

# 1. Rear Fuel Injector Control Circuit Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear injector [85].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [85B] terminal B (GY/Y) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage less than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Control Circuit Shorted to System Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between [85B] terminals A (R/GN) wire and B (GY/Y) wire.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/GN) and (GY/Y) wires.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage on (GY/Y) wire.

# 3. Injector Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between [85A] terminals A and B of injector [85A].
- 2. Is resistance between 10-20 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace rear injector.

The knock sensor is a piezoelectric sensor that contains a seismic mass, brass carrier, contact ring and a ceramic piezo element. The knock sensor creates a voltage signal based on the vibrations caused by detonation. The ECM uses this signal to alter the ignition timing and prevent detonation.

#### Table 6-42. Code Description

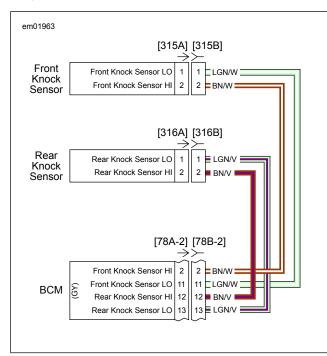
DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0325	Knock sensor front circuit open
P0327	Knock sensor front circuit low
P0328	Knock sensor front circuit high
P0330	Knock sensor rear circuit open
P0332	Knock sensor rear circuit low
P0333	Knock sensor rear circuit high

## **Diagnostic Tips**

The symptoms of a bad knock sensor show up at highway speeds or under load. A fault in the knock sensor circuit may impact acceleration and fuel mileage due to incorrect ignition timing.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



# Figure 6-23. Knock Sensor Circuit DTC P0325

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-43. DTC P0325 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Loose front knock sensor

Open in front knock sensor circuit

### 1. Knock Sensor Attachment Test

- 1. Verify knock sensor is secured to front cylinder.
- 2. Is sensor secured?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Secure sensor.

# 2. Sensor LO Open Test

- 1. Disconnect front knock sensor [315].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [315B] terminal 1 (LGN/W) and BOB [78-2] terminal 11.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (LGN/W).

## 3. Sensor HI Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [315B] terminal 2 (BN/W) and BOB [78-2] terminal 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace front knock sensor.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/W).

# DTC P0327, P0328

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-44. DTC P0327, P0328 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Shor	t to ground in front knock sensor circuit
Shor	t to voltage in front knock sensor circuit

# 1. Sensor LO Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 11 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage between 2-3V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Greater than 3V. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/W).
  - c. No. Less than 2V. Repair short to ground on (LGN/W).

# 2. Sensor HI Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage between 2-3V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Greater than 3V. Repair short to voltage on (BN/W).
  - c. No. Less than 2V. Repair short to ground on (BN/W).

# 3. Connection Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BOB, connect ECM to main harness.
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF for 1 minute.
- 5. Start and run engine for 1 minute.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# DTC P0330

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-45. DTC P0330 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Loose rear knock sensor	
Open in rear knock sensor circuit	

# 1. Knock Sensor Attachment Test

- 1. Verify knock sensor is secured to rear cylinder.
- 2. Is sensor secured?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Secure sensor.

# 2. Sensor LO Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear knock sensor [316].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [316B] terminal 1 (LGN/V) and BOB [78-2] terminal 13.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (LGN/V).

# 3. Sensor HI Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [316B] terminal 2 (BN/V) and BOB [78-2] terminal 12.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear knock sensor.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/V).

# DTC P0332, P0333

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-46. DTC P0332, P0333 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in rear knock sensor circuit
Short to voltage in rear knock sensor circuit

# 1. Sensor LO Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.

- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 13 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage between 2-3V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Greater than 3V. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/V).
  - c. No. Less than 2V. Repair short to ground on (LGN/V).

# 2. Sensor HI Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 12 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage between 2-3V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Greater than 3V. Repair short to voltage on (BN/V).
  - c. No. Less than 2V. Repair short to ground on (BN/V).

## 3. Connection Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect BOB, connect ECM to main harness.
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF for 1 minute.
- 5. Start and run engine for 1 minute.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

See Figure 6-24. If the CKP sensor signal is weak or absent, DTC P0371 or P0374 sets. DTC P0371 usually sets when several attempts to crank the engine have failed.

#### NOTE

If signal is not detected or cannot synchronize (DTC P0374), engine will not start.

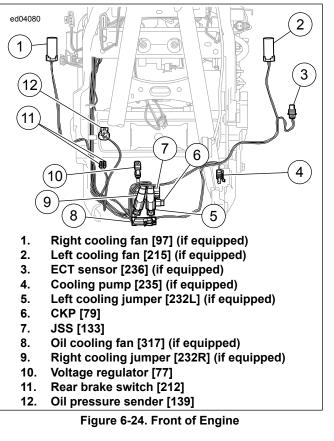
#### Table 6-47. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0371	CKP sensor wrong number of pulses
P0374	CKP sensor no pulses

# **Diagnostic Tips**

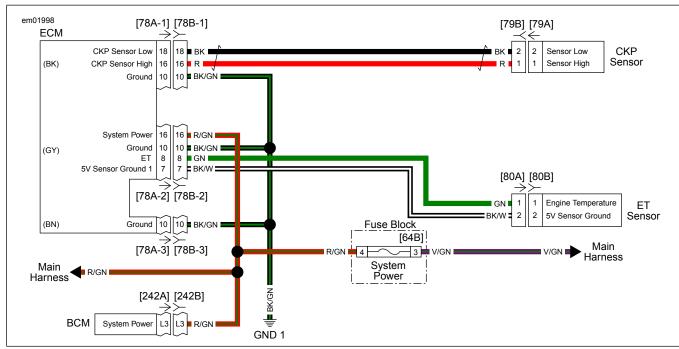
Engine must be cranked for more than five seconds without CKP signal to set P0374 code. Intermittent TMAP wiring or sensor issues may cause these codes to set prior to setting TMAP codes. Verify TMAP wiring and sensor prior to replacing the ECM.

When disconnecting any connectors always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.



# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-25. ET Sensor and CKP Circuit

# DTC P0371, P0374

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

01130		
-	PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
_	HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
	HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
	HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-48. DTC P0371, P0374 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

CKP sensor malfunction

Open or short to ground in signal circuit

May be set if there are incorrect fluctuations from TMAP that does not set TMAP codes (examples - intermittent sensor or wiring issue)

#### 1. CKP Sensor Connections Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- 3. Inspect connection for corrosion or backed out terminals.
- 4. Are terminal problems present?
  - a. Yes. Repair terminals as required.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Signal Wire Continuity Test

- 1. Disconnect CKP sensor [79].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 16 to [79B] terminal 1 (R) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open on (R) wire.

#### 3. Ground Wire Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 18 to [79B] terminal 2 (BK) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open on (BK) wire.

#### 4. Signal Wire Shorted to CKP Ground Wire Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminals 16 and 18.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [79B] terminals 1 (R) and 2 (BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. Output Test

- 1. Connect CKP sensor [79].
- 2. Test AC voltage between BOB [78-1] terminals 16 and 18.
- 3. Crank engine for 5 seconds while observing multimeter.

- 4. Is AC voltage greater than 2V?
  - a. Yes. See diagnostic tips. If TMAP sensor is good, replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace CKP sensor.

# Purge Solenoid (CA and Select International Market Models Only)

See Figure 6-26, Figure 6-27 and Figure 6-28. The purge solenoid is mounted under the seat in front of the ECM. The solenoid connects to a fuel tank vent line and a vent canister.

A return line from the canister reconnects to the air intake manifold allowing vented fumes to be recirculated, for emission efficiency. The purge solenoid is timed to the throttle position and is disabled during startup, low engine temperature, low engine speed or low vehicle speed.

Power for the purge solenoid is supplied by the BCM. The BCM also provides power for the VSS, fuel injectors, active exhaust, active intake, ECM and the ignition coil.

The ECM provides a path to ground to trigger the purge solenoid.

#### NOTE

- BCM or wiring harness problems will cause 12V power to be lost to the VSS, fuel injectors, active exhaust, active intake, ECM, ignition coil and purge solenoid.
- Purge solenoid is not installed on non-emission vehicles and DTCs P0444 and P0445 are not available. If these DTCs appear, the ECM should be reprogrammed.

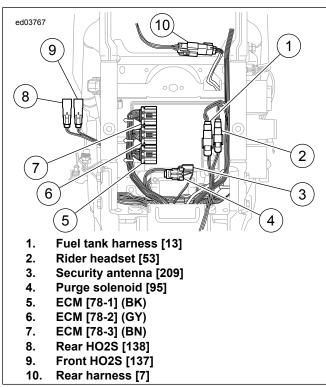
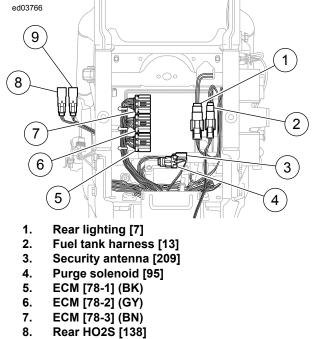


Figure 6-26. Under Seat: FLHT



9. Front HO2S [137]

Figure 6-27. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

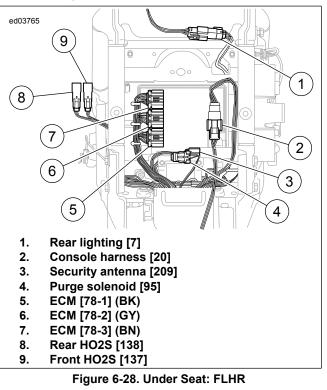


Table 6-49. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0444	Purge solenoid low/open
P0445	Purge solenoid shorted high

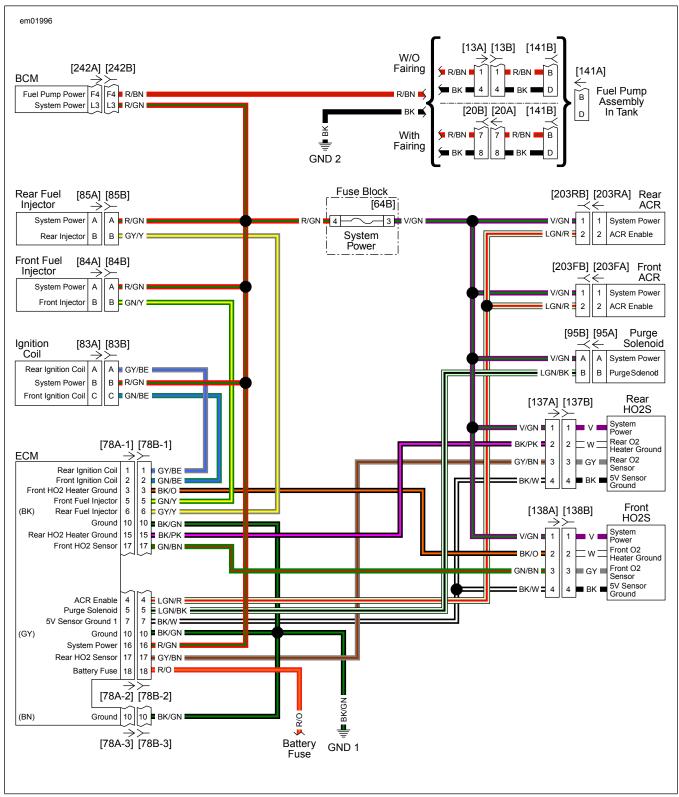
## **Diagnostic Tips**

The purge solenoid is powered from the system power circuit. This circuit voltage is supplied by the BCM through the system power fuse. Any short causing the fuse to open will cause the ECM to set DTC P0444. If this code is present with an open fuse, the fault is a short to ground somewhere in the circuit or the components.

## **Connector Information**

When disconnecting any connectors always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-29. System Power Circuit

# **DTC P0444**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-50. DTC P0444 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Purge solenoid malfunction
Short to ground in signal circuit

# 1. Purge Solenoid Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect purge solenoid [95].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [95A] terminals A and B of the purge solenoid.
- 4. Is resistance between 4-21 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace purge solenoid.

## 2. Purge Solenoid Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between [95B] terminal A (V/GN) wire and ground.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 3. Control Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- 3. Test continuity between [95B] terminal B (LGN/BK) wire and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (LGN/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Control Wire Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between [95B] terminal B (LGN/BK) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 5.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (LGN/BK) wire.

# 5. Power Wire Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between [95B] terminal A (V/GN) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 16.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/GN) wire.

## DTC P0445

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-51. DTC P0445 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage in signal circuit	

#### 1. Purge Solenoid Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect purge solenoid [95].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [95A] terminals A and B of purge solenoid.
- 4. Is resistance between 4-21 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace purge solenoid.

## 2. Purge Solenoid Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [95B] terminal B (LGN/BK) wire and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# **VSS DIAGNOSTICS**

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

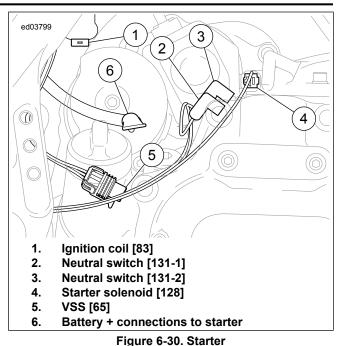
See Figure 6-30. The VSS is powered and monitored by the ECM. The ECM processes the vehicle speed signal and transmits this signal to the BCM and the speedometer/IM through the CAN bus circuit.

#### NOTE

- The ECM uses VSS input to calculate idle air control position. Therefore problems with the vehicle speed signal can lead to improper operation of the idle air control.
- The TGS, JSS, TCA and VSS sensors are connected to the same reference line (5V reference). If the reference line goes to ground or open, multiple codes will be set (DTC P0122, P0123, P0502, P0503, P1501, P1502, P2101, P2102, P2103, P2122, P2123, P2127, P2128). Start with the trouble code having the lowest ranking value.
- A faulty sensor can negatively affect the signal voltage of the other sensors sharing the same 5V reference. If the wiring passes the following tests, disconnect one sensor at a time on the 5V reference and verify the DTC is still present. Additional DTCs will be set as each sensor is disconnected, clear DTCs after this test. Be sure to perform this test before replacing a component.

#### Table 6-52. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0502	VSS failed low
P0503	VSS failed high

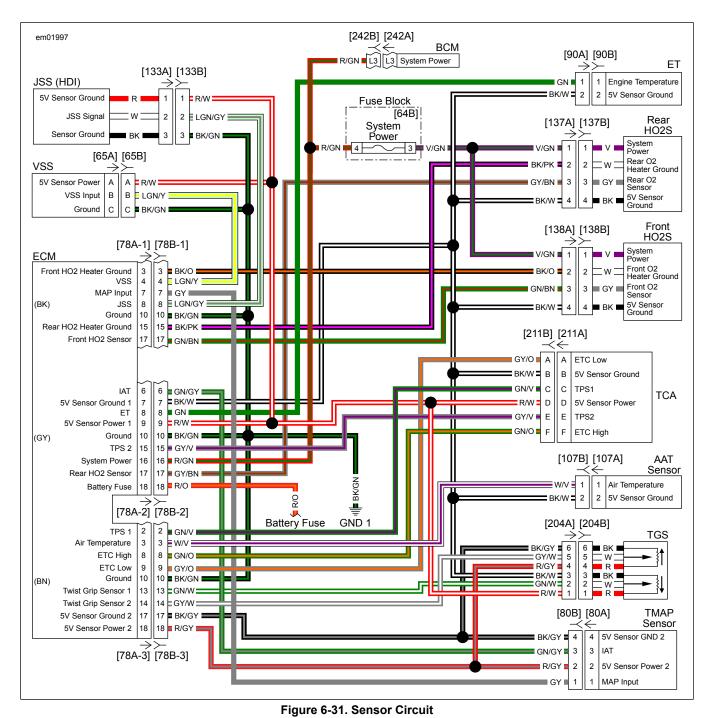


# **Diagnostic Tips**

When disconnecting any connectors always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



# DTC P0502

VSS malfunction

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-53. DTC P0502 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open or short to ground in signal circuit

Open or abort to ground in EV reference aire

Open or short to ground in 5V reference circuit

# 1. VSS Connections Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect VSS [65].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [65B] terminal A (R/W) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage approximately 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open on (R/W) wire.

## 2. Signal Wire Short to Ground Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminals 4 and 10.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (LGN/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Signal Wire Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 4 and [65B] terminal B (LGN/Y) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open on (LGN/Y) wire.

# 4. Dirty or Damaged Test

- 1. Remove VSS.
- 2. Check for debris on sensor tip.
- 3. Is debris present?
  - a. Yes. Clean debris from VSS and install.
  - b. No. Replace VSS.

# DTC P0503

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-54. DTC P0503 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in signal circuit
Open ground
5V reference shorted to battery voltage

## 1. VSS Sensor Power Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect VSS [65].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [65B] terminals A (R/W) wire and C (BK/GN) wire.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (R/W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Signal Wire Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between [65B] terminal B (LGN/Y) wire and ground.
- 2. Is voltage above 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/Y) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. VSS Ground Wire Open Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 10 and [65B] terminal C (BK/GN) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open on (BK/GN) wire.

## 4. Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 4 and [78-2] terminal 9.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (LGN/Y) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. VSS Test

- 1. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] to BOB.
- 2. Clear DTC.
- 3. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace VSS.

# LOSS OF IDLE SPEED CONTROL

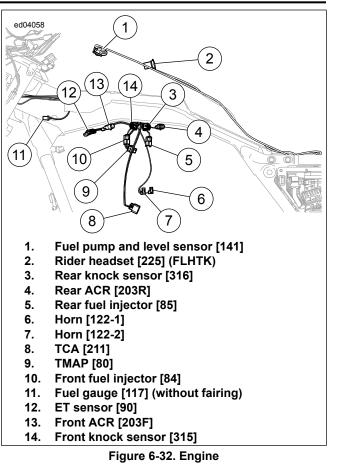
See Figure 6-32. The TCA uses a two wire DC motor to move the throttle plate from the spring loaded off-idle detent. The ECM supplies a pulse width modulated voltage signal through [78-3] terminals 8 and 9. The ECM monitors throttle position through the dual position sensors (TPS1 and TPS2). This code will set if the idle speed becomes unstable. This can be caused by a fuel or ignition related issue, throttle actuator friction or an intermittent air leak.

#### NOTE

Although the ECM monitors [78-3] terminals 8 and 9, faults on these terminals will not cause this DTC. Faults on these terminals will be higher priority DTCs, address them first.

#### Table 6-55. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0505	Idle speed control - unstable



# **Diagnostic Tips**

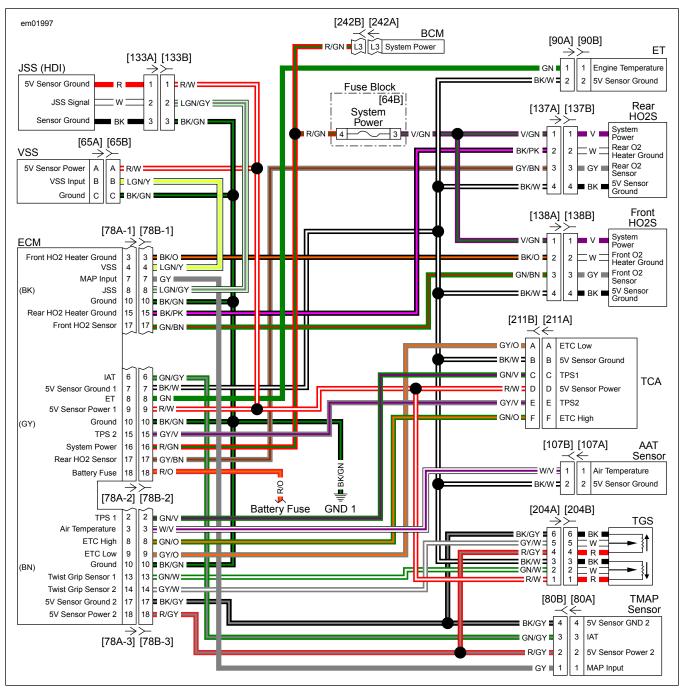
Before replacing the TCA, cycle the ignition four times when idle is high.

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Increase rpm to 2500 rpm and bring engine back to idle.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Repeat previous steps a total of four times.

This process will help the controller learn throttle plate position.

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-33. Sensor Circuit

# DTC P0505

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-26792	SPARK PLUG TESTER

#### Table 6-56. DTC P0505 Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES

Vacuum/air leaks
Fuel system problems
Ignition system problems
Loss of engine compression

# 1. Preliminary Engine Tests

- 1. Verify battery connections are in good condition.
- 2. Verify fuel in the tank is fresh and not contaminated.

- 3. Verify spark plug wires are firmly connected to the coil and plugs.
- 4. Verify fuel injectors are not clogged.
- 5. Verify battery condition. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 6. Does battery pass tests?

a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. No. Charge or replace battery.

## 2. Vacuum Leak Test

- 1. Start the motorcycle and check for vacuum leaks.
- 2. Were any leaks found?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair the vacuum leak.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Spark Present Test

- 1. Check spark plug condition. Replace if fouled.
- Using SPARK PLUG TESTER (PART NUMBER: HD-26792), check spark at both plugs while cranking engine.
- 3. Is spark present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. The spark plugs will not spark if there is low or no compression. If spark is not present, test compression before troubleshooting ignition circuit. Once good compression is confirmed, check condition of ignition coils, coil primary wiring and spark plug boots. See CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-48).

## 4. Compression Test

- 1. Perform compression test.
- 2. Does engine pass compression test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair engine loss of compression.

# 5. Fuel System Test

- 1. Check fuel system and perform fuel pressure test.
- 2. Does fuel pressure meet specification?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. **No.** Inspect fuel inlet sock and fuel filter for obstruction. Inspect internal fuel hose for leaks. If no issues are found, replace fuel pump assembly.

See Figure 6-34, Figure 6-35 and Figure 6-36. The DTCs listed indicate a failure which requires replacement of the ECM. Refer to Table 6-57.

#### NOTE

After replacing ECM, perform password learning procedure and clear DTCs using odometer self-diagnostics. See Initial Diagnostics, Odometer Self-Diagnostics (Page 1-12).

#### Table 6-57. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0603	ECM EEPROM memory error
P0605	ECM flash memory error
U0300	Internal control module software incompatibility

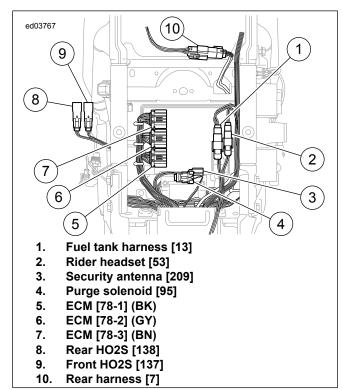
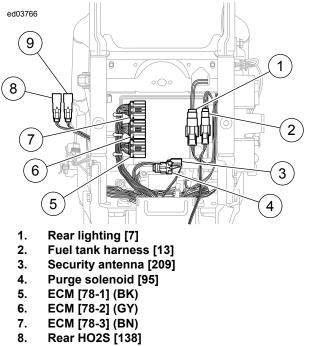


Figure 6-34. Under Seat: FLHT



9. Front HO2S [137]

Figure 6-35. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

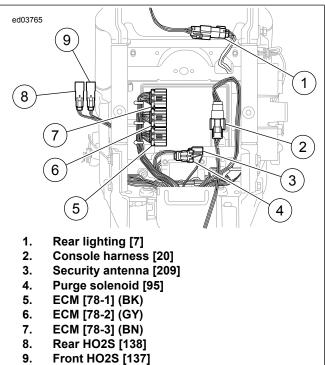


Figure 6-36. Under Seat: FLHR

#### DTC P0603 Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# DTC P0605 Test

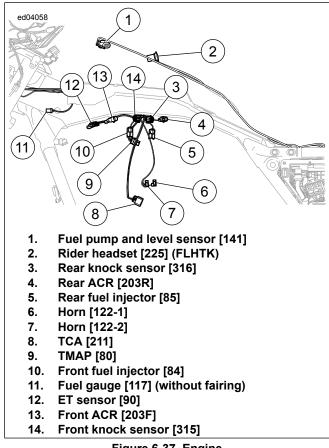
- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Attempt to program ECM using correct calibration.
- 3. Start engine.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

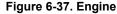
# **5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS**

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 6-37, Figure 6-37 and Figure 6-38. The ECM supplies 5V to the TGS, JSS, TCA and VSS from [78-2] terminal 9. These sensors may have individual codes along with this code since they all share the 5V reference circuit.

- DTC P0641 is displayed when sensor power-1 is out of range. The 5V sensor power-1 circuit supplies the TCA, VSS, JSS and sensor 2 of the TGS with a 5V reference signal.
- DTC P0651 is displayed when sensor power-2 is out of range. The 5V sensor power-2 circuit supplies the TMAP sensor and sensor 1 of the TGS with a 5V reference signal.





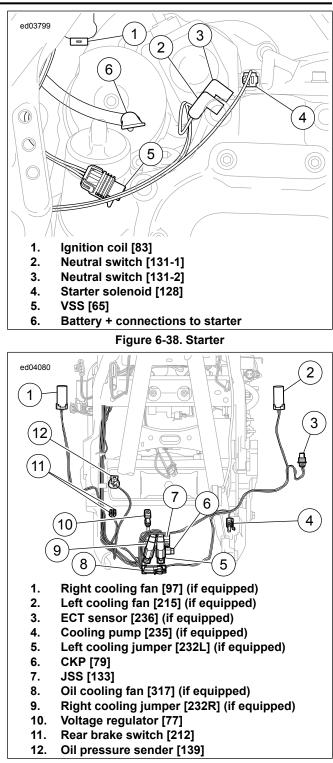


Figure 6-39. Front of Engine

#### Table 6-58. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P0641	5V reference out of range
P0651	5V reference 2 out of range

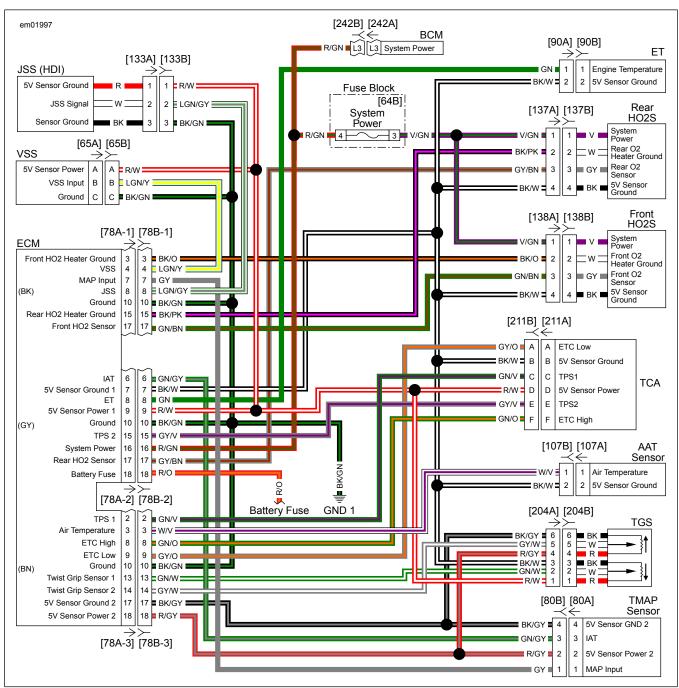
Any of these conditions will set these DTCs:

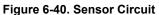
- Short to ground on the 5V sensor power circuit.
- Short to voltage on the 5V sensor power circuit.
- VSS fault or malfunction.

- TMAP sensor fault or malfunction.
- TCA fault or malfunction.
- JSS (HDI) fault or malfunction.
- TGS fault or malfunction.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).





# DTC P0641

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-59. DTC P0641 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground on the 5V sensor power circuit
Short to voltage on the 5V sensor power circuit
VSS fault or malfunction
TGS fault or malfunction
TCA fault or malfunction
JSS (HDI) fault or malfunction

# 1. 5V Sensor Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage between 4-6V?
  - a. **Yes.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No, greater than 6V. Repair short to voltage on (R/W) wire.
  - c. No, less than 4V. Go to Test 2.

## 2. TCA Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and terminal 7.
- 5. Is voltage less than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace TCA.

## 3. TGS Power Circuit Below Range Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 9 and 10.
- 5. Is voltage less than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 4. VSS Circuit Below Range Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect VSS [65].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 9 and 10.
- 5. Is voltage less than 4V?
  - a. Yes, with JSS. Go to Test 5.
  - b. Yes, without JSS. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No. Replace VSS.

# 5. JSS Circuit Below Range Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect JSS [133].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.

5.

- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 9 and 10.
  - Is voltage less than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace JSS.

# 6. Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect ECM from BOB.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. Circuit Shorted to Sensor Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 9 and 7.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/W) and (BK/W) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## **DTC P0651**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-60. DTC P0651 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground on the 5V sensor power circuit
Short to voltage on the 5V sensor power circuit
TMAP sensor fault or malfunction
TGS fault or malfunction

## 1. 5V Sensor Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1] and [78B-2] and ECM [78A-1] and [78A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and ground.

- 6. Is voltage between 4-6V?
  - a. **Yes.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).
  - b. No, greater than 6V. Repair short to voltage on (R/GY) wire.
  - c. No, less than 4V. Go to Test 2.

# 2. TGS Circuit Below Range Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminals 18 and 10.
- 5. Is voltage less than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

# 3. TMAP Power Circuit Below Range Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TMAP sensor [80].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminals 18 and 10.
- 5. Is voltage less than 4V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace TMAP sensor.

## 4. Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect ECM from BOB.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Circuit Shorted to Sensor Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminals 17 and 18.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/GY) and (BK/GY) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

The chassis cooling fan is controlled by dash switch pack and the ECM. When the dash switch is pushed, a signal is sent to ECM [78-1] terminal 9. This tells the ECM [78-2] terminal 1 to ground the circuit, turning the fan on.

#### Table 6-61. Code Description

DTC	;	DESCRIPTION
P069	3	Chassis fan control circuit low/open
P069	4	Chassis fan control circuit high

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

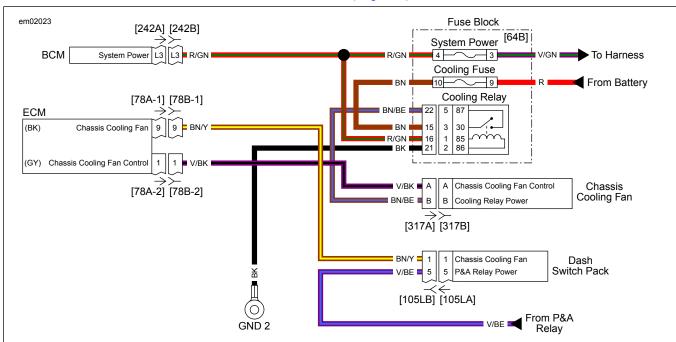


Figure 6-41. Chassis Fan Circuit

# **DTC P0693**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-62. DTC P0693 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground on control circuit

```
Open in control circuit
```

## 1. Shorted Low Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan [317].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [317A] terminal A and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (V/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Fan Continuity Test

- 1. Test continuity between [317B] terminals A and B.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace cooling fan.

# 3. Control Circuit Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 1 and [317A] terminal A.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/BK).

# DTC P0694

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-63. DTC P0694 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage on control circuit

# 1. Shorted High Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan [317].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [317A] terminal A and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (V/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Fan Shorted High Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [317].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 1 and 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace cooling fan.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# **GENERAL**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

#### **Password Problem**

See Figure 6-42, Figure 6-43 and Figure 6-44. The ECM and BCM exchange passwords during operation. An incorrect password sets a DTC. If any U-codes exist, troubleshoot the higher priority codes prior to performing the tests in this section. Refer to Table 1-12.

NOTE Vehicle will not start if BCM is disconnected.

Table 6-64. Code Description

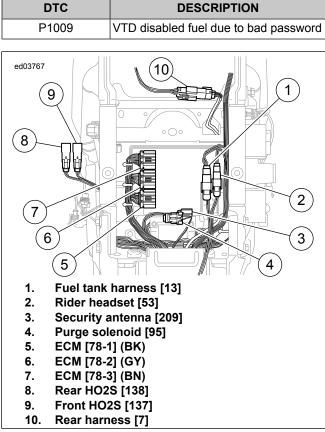


Figure 6-42. Under Seat: FLHT

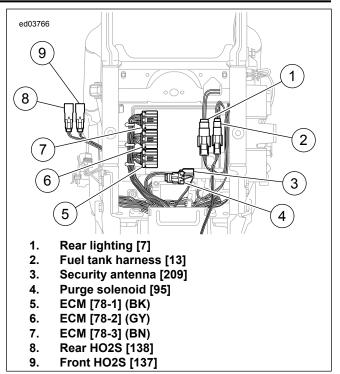


Figure 6-43. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

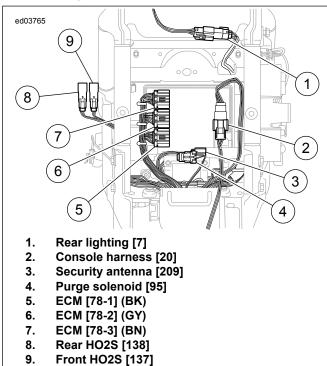


Figure 6-44. Under Seat: FLHR

# **Diagnostic Tips**

This code will usually appear after replacing the ECM or BCM. **New** modules must be programmed using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650). After parts are programmed and matched correctly for specific vehicle, clear codes.

## **DTC P1009**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

#### Table 6-65. DTC P1009 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

ECM malfunction BCM malfunction

#### 1. Incorrect Password Test

- 1. Using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650), attempt to calibrate the ECM using the module replace feature found in vehicle set up.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# 2. BCM Replacement Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Replace BCM.
- 3. Attempt to calibrate the BCM using the module replace feature found in vehicle set-up.
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Install original BCM and replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

See Figure 6-45. The ECM monitors the ET sensor to determine engine temperature. The ECT monitors the coolant temperature but does not indicate an actual engine overheating condition without the ET sensor input as well. The ECM uses the ET sensor to indicate overheating. When the ET sensor indicates an overheating condition, the ECM sets DTC P1017 and illuminates the temperature indicator.

#### Table 6-66. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1017	ET indicates overheating

See EFI SYSTEM (Page 6-1). The heat management system also engages based off ET sensor input to the ECM.

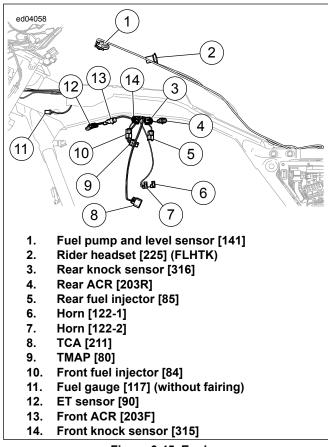
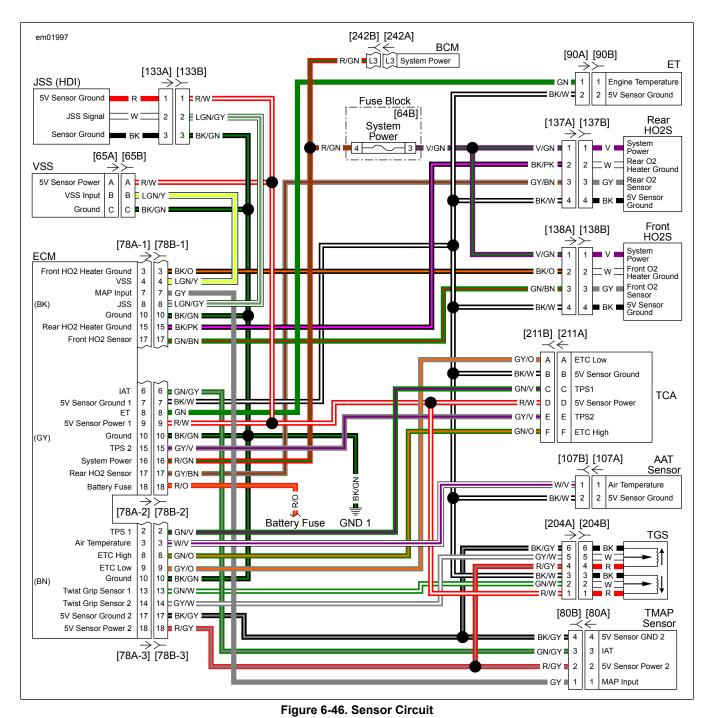


Figure 6-45. Engine

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



# DTC P1017

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-67. DTC P1017 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
ET sensor malfunction
Short to ground in ET signal circuit
No air flow over engine

## **1. Engine Inspection Test**

- 1. Verify engine area is clean and free from debris.
- 2. Verify engine oil is clean and at the proper level.

- 3. Is the engine area clear of debris and oil at proper level?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Correct issue.

# 2. ET Sensor Test

#### NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ET sensor [90].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [90B] terminals 1 (GN) wire and 2 (BK/W) wire.

- 4. Is resistance between 900-10,000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace ET sensor.

## 3. Cooling Pump Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Hold throttle fully open for a few seconds (the cooling pump and fans should turn on).
- 3. Verify cooling pump is operating. (Should be able to feel the pump when running).
- 4. Is pump operating?
  - a. **Yes.** Inspect for mechanical issues that may cause engine overheating.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. Cooling Pump Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling pump [235B].
- 3. Test voltage between [235B] terminals A and B.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Open throttle fully.
- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace cooling pump.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Cooling Pump Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between [235B] terminal B and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK) wire.

## 6. Open Relay Power Test

- 1. Remove cooling relay.
- 2. Test resistance between [235B] terminal A and fuse block [64] terminal 22.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/BE) wire.

## 7. Relay Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [235B] terminal A and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BN/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

See Figure 6-47. The ECM supplies and monitors a voltage signal from [78-3] terminal 15 to one side of the ECT sensor. The other side of the ECT sensor is connected to a common sensor ground. The ground is also connected to the ECM [78-2] terminal 7.

The ECT sensor is a thermistor device. At a specific temperature it will have a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage on ECM [78-3] terminal 15.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low. This lowers the signal voltage on ECM [78-3] terminal 15.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high. This allows the voltage to rise. The ECM monitors this voltage to compensate for various operating conditions.

	•
DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1019	ECT difference (high temp)
P2184	ECT sensor low
P2185	ECT sensor high

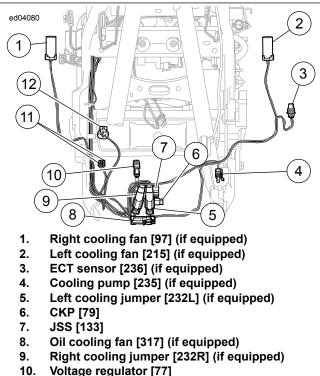
#### Table 6-68. Code Description

# **Diagnostic Tips**

Once the engine is started and the thermostat opens, the temperature should rise steadily to operating temperature. An intermittent may be caused by a poor connection, rubbed through wire insulation or an inoperative wire inside the insulation. Check the following conditions:

**Poor connection:** Inspect ECM harness connector [78- 1], [78-2] and [78-3] for backed out terminals, improper mating,

inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harness.

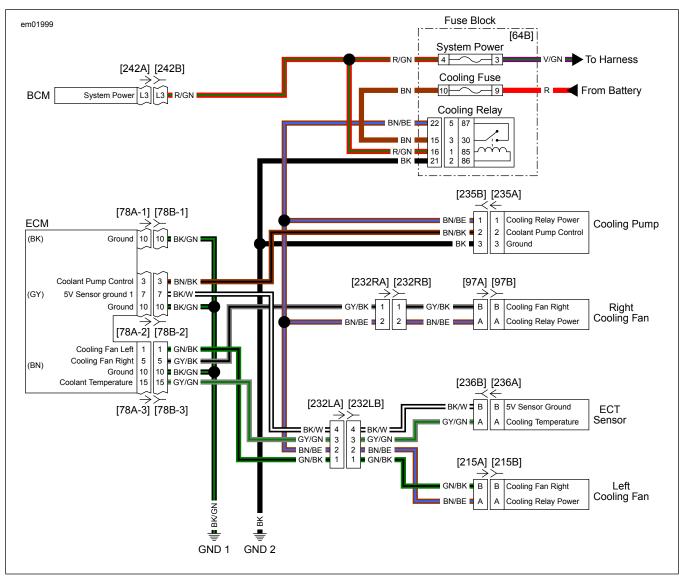


- 11. Rear brake switch [212]
- 12. Oil pressure sender [139]

Figure 6-47. Front of Engine

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 6-48. Cooling System (Twin-Cooled)

# **DTC P1019**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-69. DTC P1019 Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES

ECT sensor malfunction	
------------------------	--

- Short to ground in ECT signal circuit
- No air flow through radiators
- Low or no coolant in system
- Air in cooling system

Debris in coolant blocking pump impeller

# 1. Engine Inspection Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Verify both radiators are clean and free from debris.
- 3. Verify coolant is at the proper level.
- 4. Is radiator clear of debris and coolant at proper level?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. No. Correct issue.

# 2. Cooling Pump Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Open throttle fully.
- 3. Verify cooling pump is operating. (Should be able to feel the pump vibrating when running).
- 4. Is the pump and both fans operating?
  - a. **Yes.** Inspect system for trapped air or debris blocking pump impeller.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Cooling Pump Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling pump [235B].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [235B] terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Open throttle fully.

- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace cooling pump.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. Cooling Pump Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling pump [235B].
- 3. Test resistance between [235B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/BK) wire.

# 5. Open Relay Power Test

- 1. Remove cooling relay.
- Test resistance between [235B] terminal 1 and fuse block [64] terminal 22.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/BE) wire.

# 6. Relay Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between [235B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (BN/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# DTC P2184

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

# Table 6-70. DTC P2184 Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES

ECT sensor malfunction	
Short to ground in 5V reference circuit	

# 1. ECT Sensor Test

NOTE

Vehicle and sensor must be at ambient room temperature before starting diagnostic test.

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECT sensor [236B].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [236A] terminals A and B.
- 4. Is resistance between 3500-4700 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. No. Replace ECT sensor.

# 2. ECT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [236B] terminal A (GY/GN) wire and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. ECT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 15.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [236B] terminals A (GY/GN) wire and B (BK/W) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# DTC P2185

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

# Table 6-71. DTC P2185 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
ET sensor malfunction
Open or short to voltage in 5V reference circuit

# 1. ECT Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECT sensor [236B].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [236B] terminal A (GY/GN) wire and ground.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 6V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GY/GN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. ECT Sensor Signal Wire Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [236B] terminal A (GY/GN) wire and BOB [78-3] terminal 15.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/GN) wire.

## 3. ECT Sensor Open Ground Wire Test

- 1. Test resistance between [236B] terminal B (BK/W) wire and BOB [78-2] terminal 7.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W) wire.

# 4. ECT Sensor Signal Wire Shorted to Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-3] terminal 15.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY/GN) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. ECT Sensor Test

- 1. Connect [236B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-3] terminal 15.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace ECT sensor.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

### **TGS2 Validation**

Within the ECM, there are two independent Analog/Digital (A/D) converter modules used to validate the input of Twist Grip Sensor 2 (TGS2). TGS2 inputs are sent into both converter modules and if the output of the two readings are not within the designated value of each other for a specified time, then DTC P1270 fault is initiated.

Unless the ECM has a poor or intermittent connection, DTC P1270 indicates the ECM is defective and requires replacement.

NOTE

After replacing the ECM, perform password learning procedure using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) and clear codes.

#### Table 6-72. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1270	TGS 2 A/D validation error

#### DTC P1270

#### Table 6-73. DTC P1270 Diagnostic Faults

SSIBLE CAUSES

# 1. DTC P1270 Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. System operating properly.

# JSS DIAGNOSTICS

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 6-49. The jiffy stand sensor (JSS) uses a Hall-effect sensor to monitor jiffy stand position.

- · When the jiffy stand is fully retracted the sensor picks up the presence of the metal tab mounted to the jiffy stand. The metal tab is moved away from the sensor as the jiffy stand is extended.
- When the jiffy stand is extended the engine will only start and run if the BCM determines the transmission is in neutral. This is done by monitoring the neutral switch input to the BCM and communicating that input over the CAN bus circuit to the ECM.

The JSS is powered and monitored by the ECM. The ECM supplies the 5V reference to the JSS. The JSS sends a signal back to the ECM. This signal is used by the ECM to determine when the jiffy stand is retracted or extended. The JSS is grounded through the ECM.

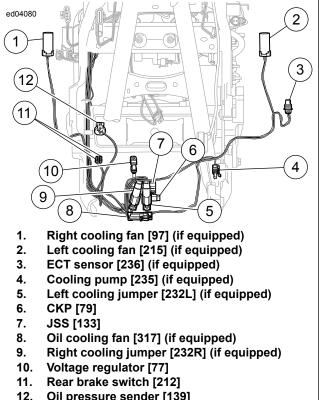
The JSS also has a Fail Enable Mode. This mode allows the engine to start and run if the system recognizes a problem with the JSS circuit. When a problem exists or if the transmission is put in gear with the jiffy stand extended the odometer will display "SIdE Stand." DTC P1501 or P1502 will set if the JSS circuits are out of range.

#### NOTE

The ECM supplies 5V reference voltage to the VSS, TCA and TGS in addition to the JSS. Problems on the 5V reference will cause other DTCs.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1501	JSS low
P1502	JSS high/open

#### Table 6-74. Code Description



Oil pressure sender [139]

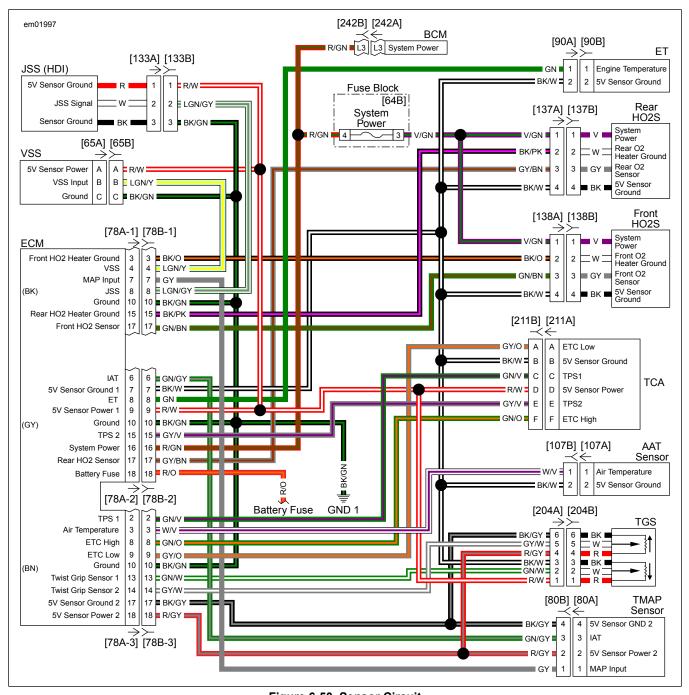
Figure 6-49. Front of Engine

# **Diagnostic Tips**

When disconnecting any connectors always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



DTC P1501

Figure 6-50. Sensor Circuit DTC P1502

# Table 6-75. DTC P1501 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in signal circuit

# 1. Signal Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect JSS [133].
- 3. Test continuity between [133B] terminal 2 (LGN/GY) wire and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (LGN/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Replace JSS.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-76. DTC P1502 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage in signal circuit	
Open ground	
Short between 5V reference circuit and signal circuit	
Open in signal circuit	

## 1. JSS Ground Wire Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect JSS [133].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [133B] terminal 3 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## 2. JSS Signal Wire Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [133B] terminal 2 (LGN/GY) wire and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 5V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. 5V Reference and Signal Shorted Together Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- 3. Test continuity between [133B] terminals 1 (R/W) wire and 2 (LGN/GY) wire.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (R/W) and (LGN/GY) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Signal Wire Open Circuit Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 8 and [133B] terminal 2 (LGN/GY) wire.
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace JSS.
  - b. No. Repair open on (LGN/GY) wire.

## SIDE STAND DISPLAYED ON SPEEDOMETER

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-77. Side Stand Displayed on Speedometer Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Jiffy stand is down

Jiffy stand out of adjustment

Open 5V sensor power wire

## 1. Starts, Then Stalls Test

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Does engine start and stall?
  - a. Yes. See STARTS, THEN STALLS (Page 6-127).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Neutral Test

- 1. Verify transmission is in neutral.
- 2. Is neutral indicator illuminated?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. See INDICATOR LAMPS (Page 4-17).

## 3. JSS Clearance Test

- 1. Inspect JSS and jiffy stand for correct mounting and clearance to jiffy stand tab.
- 2. Is clearance less than 0.18 in (4.5 mm)?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Install JSS and jiffy stand correctly.

## 4. 5V Reference Open Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect JSS [133].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [133B] terminal 1 (R/W) wire.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace JSS.
  - b. No. Repair open on (R/W) wire.

#### **Throttle Control Actuator Management**

The ECM constantly monitors throttle actuation and throttle plate positioning. Several features are programmed into the ECM to limit performance when an error or fault in throttle actuation is detected. These DTCs always accompany another code. Refer to Table 6-78.

Table 6-78. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1510	ETC limited performance mode
P1511	ETC power management mode
P1512	ETC forced idle mode

Performance limitations are identified by code, as follows:

- **P1510 Limited Performance:** Enables near normal operation of the vehicle, guarding against inadvertent wide open throttle conditions. Typically this code is the result if one of the TGS or TP sensors, or one of each, has failed.
- P1511 Power Management: Provides more limitation on driveability, due to failure of the TCA, without a TGS, TMAP or airflow faults. The TCA is de-energized and the throttle plate returns to its idle detent position. The ECM monitors the operation of the TGS and adjusts the spark advance and cylinder shutoff/rev limiting, allowing the vehicle to reach traffic speeds (limp-home).
- P1512 Forced Idle Mode: Provides extreme limitation of driveability, due to a failure of both TGS, TGS validation error or failure of one TGS and the brake switch. The TCA is de-energized and the throttle plate is forced to a fast idle position providing enough torque to operate at a high idle speed.

## DTC P1510, P1511, P1512

Table 6-79. DTC P1510, P1511, P1512 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Other DTCs set

#### **1. DTC Verification Test**

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start and run engine for a few seconds.
- 3. Cycle the engine on and off, for a few seconds each time a total of three times.
- 4. Did DTC P1510, P1511 or P1512 set with no other DTCs?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No, other DTCs set. Refer to Table 1-12.
  - c. No, no DTCs set. DTC was properly cleared.

6.25

#### **Air Flow Fault**

The ECM uses the TMAP sensor to monitor air flow past the throttle plate. This ensures proper throttle plate positioning when the throttle is released and allowed to return to the unpowered position. The unpowered position is typically 7% of throttle plate range.

In order to avoid inconsistent readings at low rpm (or at idle), testing air flow is only performed at engine speeds above normal idle (10% of throttle plate range or approximately 1300 rpm).

The ECM compares the intake manifold pressure value from the TMAP to the throttle plate position value from the TPS. DTC P1514 sets if the manifold pressure is higher than it should be for that given throttle plate position. If a TMAP sensor error is present, then the ECM does not check P1514 parameters and instead P2105 (forced shutdown mode) is initiated, shutting down the fuel pump and fuel injectors. See DTC P2105, P2107 (Page 6-96). The ECM only checks for DTC P1514 if power management mode (DTC P1511) is present.

The ECM uses a main microprocessor and a monitoring microcontroller to communicate with the throttle actuation control system.

The microcontroller monitors the main microprocessor of the ECM. When a communication failure is identified, the microcontroller shuts down the TCA and fuel injectors.

An internal ignition delay timer monitors when the ignition circuit is energized. The microcontroller issues DTC P1600 if no communication is established between the main microprocessor or if a monitoring failure occurs within three consecutive ignition cycles.

#### Table 6-80. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1514	TCA airflow error
P1600	TCA internal error

## DTC P1514

#### Table 6-81. DTC P1514 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Other DTCs set

#### **1. DTC Verification Test**

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start and run the engine for a few seconds.
- 3. Cycle engine on and off, for a few seconds each time a total of three times.
- 4. Did DTC P1514 set with no other DTCs?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No, other DTCs set. Refer to Table 1-12.
  - c. No, no DTCs set. DTC was properly cleared.

## Table 6-82. DTC P1600 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Other DTCs set

**DTC P1600** 

#### 1. DTC Verification Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start and run the engine for a few seconds.
- 3. Cycle engine on and off, for a few seconds each time a total of three times.
- 4. Did DTC P1600 set with no other DTCs?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No, other DTCs set. Refer to Table 1-12.
  - c. No, no DTCs set. DTC was properly cleared.

See Figure 6-51. When open, compressed gases are released through the exhaust port.

See Figure 6-52. The automatic compression release (ACR) is opened and closed by the ECM to assist starting.

## Table 6-83. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1655	ACR solenoid low/open
P1656	ACR solenoid shorted high

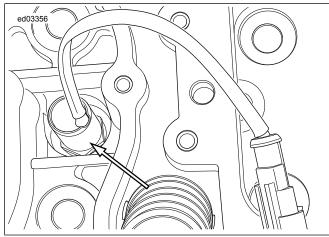


Figure 6-51. ACR in Head

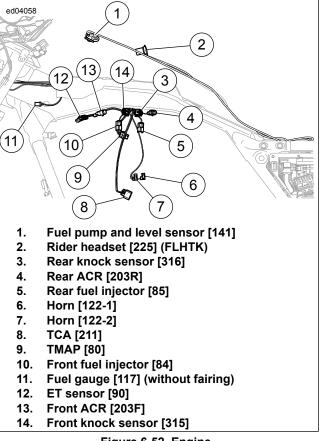


Figure 6-52. Engine

## **Diagnostic Tips**

The ACR circuits are powered from the system power circuit. This circuit voltage is supplied by the BCM through the system power fuse. Any short causing the fuse to open will cause the ECM to set DTC P1655. If this code is present with an open fuse the fault is a short to ground somewhere in the circuit or the components.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

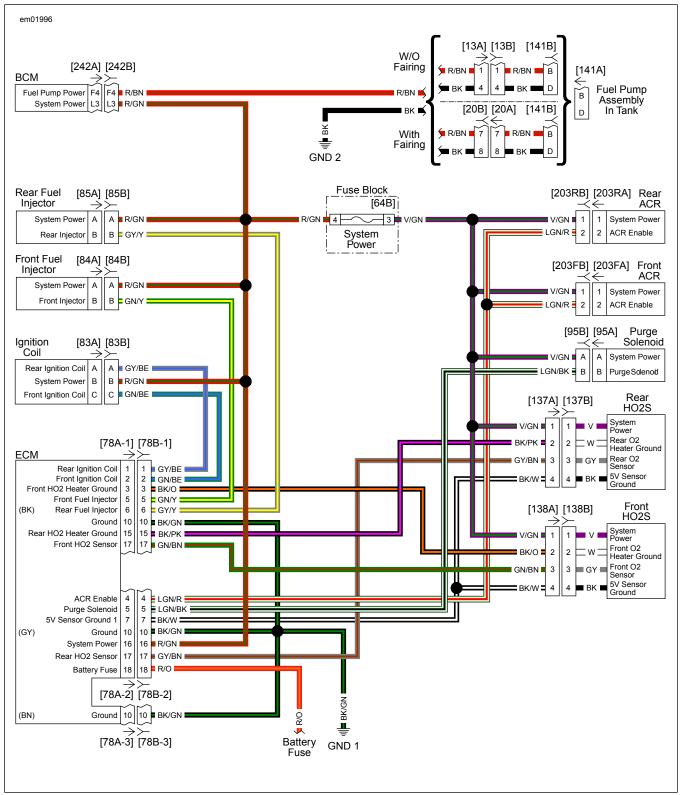


Figure 6-53. System Power Circuit

## DTC P1655

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

Table 6-84. DTC P1655 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
ACR solenoid malfunction
Open in ACR control circuit
Open in system power circuit
Short to ground in ACR control circuit

## 1. Front ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front ACR [203F].
- 3. Connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E).
- 4. Crank engine for 5 seconds.
- 5. Does the test light flash on and off?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, test light stays on steady. Go to Test 4.
  - c. No, did not stay on steady. Go to Test 6.

## 2. Rear ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear ACR [203R].
- 3. Connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E).
- 4. Crank engine for 5 seconds.
- 5. Does the test light flash on and off?
  - a. Yes. Replace front and rear ACR solenoids.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Rear ACR Control Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect test light.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [203FB] terminal 1 (V/GN) wire and [203RB] terminal 1 (V/GN) wire.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair open in (LGN/R)wire.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/GN) wire.

# 4. Front ACR Control Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ECM [78-2].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between [203FB] terminal 2 (LGN/R) wire and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# 5. Rear ACR Control Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect rear ACR [203RB].
- Test continuity between [203FB] terminal 2 (LGN/R) wire and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (LGN/R) wire.

b. No. Replace front and rear ACR solenoids.

## 6. Shorted ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear ACR [203RB].
- 3. Crank engine for 5 seconds.
- 4. Does the test light flash on and off?
  - a. Yes. Replace front and rear ACR solenoids.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. ACR Control Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 4 and [203FB] terminal 2 (LGN/R) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair open in (LGN/R) wire.

## 8. Power Circuit Continuity Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and [203B] terminal 1 (V/GN) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (V/GN) wire.

## DTC P1656

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

## Table 6-85. DTC P1656 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in ACR control circuit
ACR solenoid malfunction

## 1. Front ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front ACR [203F].
- 3. Connect FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT (PART NUMBER: HD-34730-2E).
- 4. Crank engine for 5 seconds.
- 5. Does test light flash on and off?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 2. Rear ACR Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear ACR [203R].
- 3. Disconnect test light from [203F].
- 4. Connect test light to [203R].
- 5. Crank engine for 5 seconds.
- 6. Does test light flash on and off?
  - a. Yes. Replace front and rear ACR.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Rear ACR Control Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect test light.
- While cranking engine, using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [203RB] terminal 2 (LGN/R) wire and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/R) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 4. Front ACR Control Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect rear ACR [203R].
- While cranking engine, using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [203FB] terminal 2 (LGN/R) wire and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (LGN/R) wire.
  - b. No. Replace front and rear ACR.

## **COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS**

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

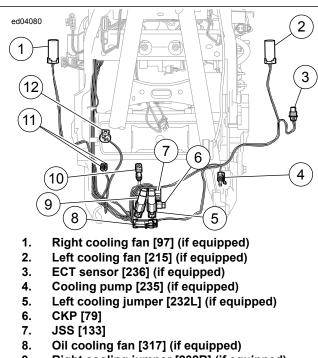
See Figure 6-54. The BCM supplies system to the cooling relay, which turns the cooling relay ON. The cooling relay then supplies battery voltage to the cooling system components, left cooling fan, right cooling fan and cooling pump.

The cooling system uses a thermistor device to monitor coolant temperature. At a specific temperature it will have a specific resistance across its terminals. As this resistance varies, so does the voltage on ECM [78-3] terminal 15.

- At high temperatures, the resistance of the sensor is very low. This lowers the signal voltage on ECM [78-3] terminal 15.
- At low temperatures, the resistance is very high. This allows the voltage to rise. The ECM monitors this voltage to compensate for various operating conditions.

Once the ECT reaches 221  $^{\circ}$ F (105  $^{\circ}$ C), the ECM will supply ground to the cooling fans causing the fans to turn on.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1691	Cooling fan left low/open
P1692	Cooling fan left shorted high
P1693	Cooling fan right low/open
P1694	Cooling fan right shorted high



- 9. Right cooling jumper [232R] (if equipped)
- 10. Voltage regulator [77]
- 11. Rear brake switch [212]
- 12. Oil pressure sender [139]

Figure 6-54. Front of Engine

## **Diagnostic Tips**

Once the engine is started and the thermostat has opened, the temperature should rise steadily to operating temperature.

An intermittent may be caused by a poor connection, rubbed through wire insulation or an inoperative wire inside the insulation. Check the following conditions:

- **Poor connection:** Inspect ECM harness connector [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3] for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harness.
- Perform DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24) to locate intermittents: If connections and harness check out OK, use a multimeter to check.

The cooling system is designed for an operational test through the ECM. The following steps will cause the ECM to activate the fans and the pump to verify system operation.

- 1. Turn IGN ON. Do not start engine.
- 2. Hold the throttle in the wide open position.
- 3. After a few seconds the cooling pump and fans will all turn on.

This will verify if any components are not operating.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

## Table 6-86. Code Description

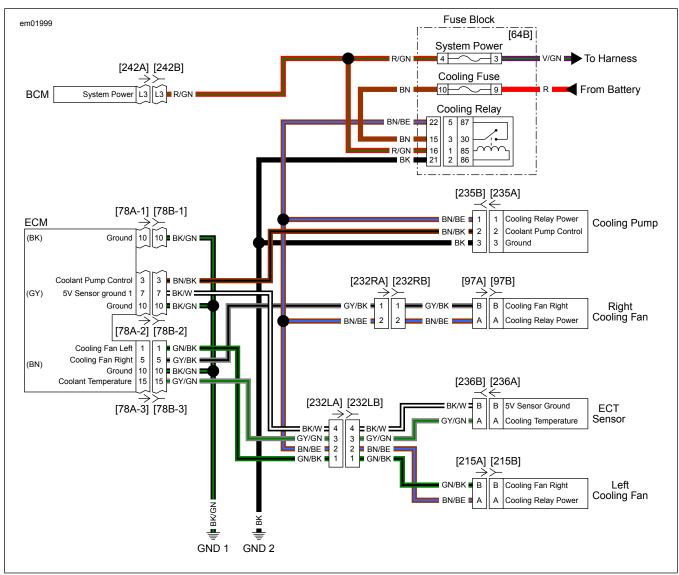


Figure 6-55. Cooling System (Twin-Cooled)

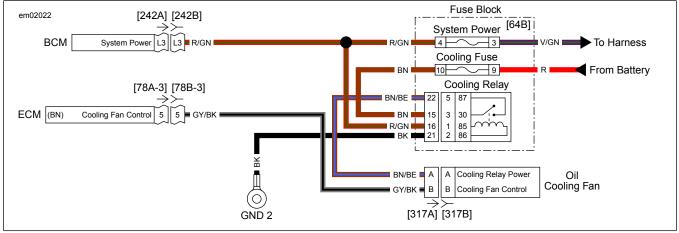


Figure 6-56. Cooling System (Air-Cooled)

## DTC P1691

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-87. DTC P1691 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Cooling fan left malfunction	
Open in left cooling fan control circuit	
Open in cooling relay power circuit	
Short to ground in left cooling fan control circuit	

## 1. Left Cooling Fan Short To Ground Test

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Does left cooling fan run as soon as engine is started?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Left Cooling Fan Control Circuit Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A- 2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 3. Left Cooling Fan Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Hold throttle at wide open for several seconds.
- 4. Did left cooling fan turn on?
  - a. Yes. System operating normally.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Left Cooling Fan Relay Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) to [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3], between wire harness and ECM. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Start engine.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper BOB [78-3] terminal 1 to ground.
- 6. Does left fan operate?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. Left Cooling Fan Open Relay Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove cooling relay.
- 3. Disconnect left cooling fan [215].

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [215A] terminal A and fuse block [64] terminal 22.
- 5. Is resistance less than 5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/BE) wire.

## 6. Left Cooling Fan Relay Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [215A] terminal B and BOB [78-3] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace left cooling fan.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) wire.

## DTC P1692

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-88. DTC P1692 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage in left cooling fan control circuit	
Left cooling fan malfunction	

## 1. Left Cooling Fan Control Circuit Short to Battery Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left cooling fan [215A].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [215A] terminal B and ground.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GN/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Left Cooling Fan Short to Battery Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Connect left cooling fan [215].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 1 and ground.

- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace left cooling fan.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

## DTC P1693 (TWIN-COOLED)

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

## Table 6-89. DTC P1693 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Cooling fan right malfunction
Open in right cooling fan control circuit
Open in cooling relay power circuit
Short to ground in right cooling fan control circuit

#### 1. Right Cooling Fan Short To Ground Test

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Does right cooling fan run as soon as engine is started?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Right Cooling Fan Control Circuit Short to Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A- 2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminals 5 and 10.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/BK).
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 3. Right Cooling Fan Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Hold throttle at wide open for several seconds.
- 4. Did right cooling fan turn on?
  - a. Yes. System operating normally.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Right Cooling Fan Relay Power Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) to [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3], between wire harness and ECM. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Start engine.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper BOB [78-3] terminals 5 to 10.
- 6. Does right fan operate?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. Right Cooling Fan Open Relay Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove cooling relay.
- 3. Disconnect right cooling fan [97].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [97A] terminal A and fuse block [64] terminal 22.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/BE).

## 6. Right Cooling Fan Relay Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [97A] terminal B and BOB [78-3] terminal 5.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace right cooling fan.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN).

## DTC P1693 (AIR-COOLED)

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-90. DTC P1693 (Air-Cooled) Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Cooling fan malfunction	
Open in cooling fan control circuit	
Open in cooling relay power circuit	
Short to ground in cooling fan control circuit	

#### 1. Short to Ground Test

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Does cooling fan run as soon as engine is started?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 2. Control Circuit Short to Ground Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A- 2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminals 5 and 10.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/BK).
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 3. Fan Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Hold throttle at wide open for several seconds.
- 4. Did right cooling fan turn on?
  - a. Yes. System operating normally.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Fan Relay Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) to [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3], between wire harness and ECM. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Start engine.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), jumper BOB [78-3] terminals 5 to 10.
- 6. Does right fan operate?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. Fan Open Relay Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove cooling relay.
- 3. Disconnect cooling fan [317].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [317A] terminal A and fuse block [64] terminal 22.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BN/BE).

## 6. Fan Relay Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test resistance between [317A] terminal B and BOB [78-3] terminal 5.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace cooling fan.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN).

## DTC P1694 (TWIN-COOLED)

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-91. DTC P1694 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage in right cooling fan control circuit	
Right cooling fan malfunction	

## 1. Right Cooling Fan Control Circuit Short to Battery Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right cooling fan [97A].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [97A] terminal B and ground.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GY/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Right Cooling Fan Short to Battery Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Connect right cooling fan [97].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminals 5 and 10.
- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace right cooling fan.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

## DTC P1694 (AIR-COOLED)

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-92. DTC P1694 (Air-Cooled) Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Short to voltage in cooling fan control circuit	
Cooling fan malfunction	

## 1. Cooling Fan Control Circuit Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect cooling fan [317].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [317A] terminal B and ground.
- 5. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GY/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Cooling Fan Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Connect cooling fan [317].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminals 5 and 10.
- 7. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace cooling fan.
  - b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

The TCA contains two potentiometers (designated as TPS1 and TPS2) and an electric DC motor for controlling the actuation of the throttle. TPS1 and TPS2 are mounted in the TCA. They are connected to the keyed shaft for the throttle plate and used to communicate the position of the throttle plate.

Each TPS supplies input to the ECM in response to the positioning of the throttle plate. The ECM activates the motor in the TCA to move the throttle plate, based on signals from the TGS.

See Figure 6-58. The TCA motor receives input (position data) from the ECM connector [78-3] terminal 8 for electronic throttle control - HI and terminal 9 for electronic throttle control - LOW. The TCA motor drives a series of gears to rotate the position of the throttle plate. Refer to Table 6-93 for DTCs associated with TCA drive motor.

#### Table 6-93. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2100	ETC driver open circuit
P2101	ETC actuation error
P2102	ETC driver shorted low
P2103	ETC driver shorted high

- P2100 TCA Motor Circuit Open: Indicates the ECM identified an open load fault for the TCA motor driver.
- P2101 TCA Motor Circuit Range/Performance: Indicates the actual position of the throttle plate is out of range from the commanded throttle plate position.
- P2102 TCA Motor Control Circuit Shorted Low: Indicates the ECM identified that the drive motor is shorted to ground within the TCA drive motor circuit.

 P2103 TCA Motor Control Circuit Shorted High: Indicates the drive motor is shorted high within the TCA drive motor circuit.

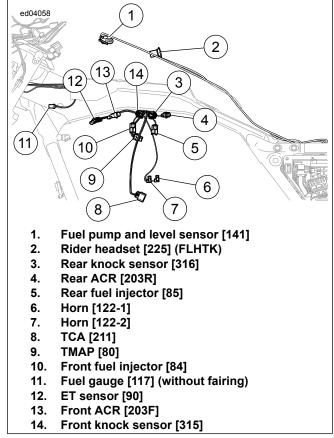
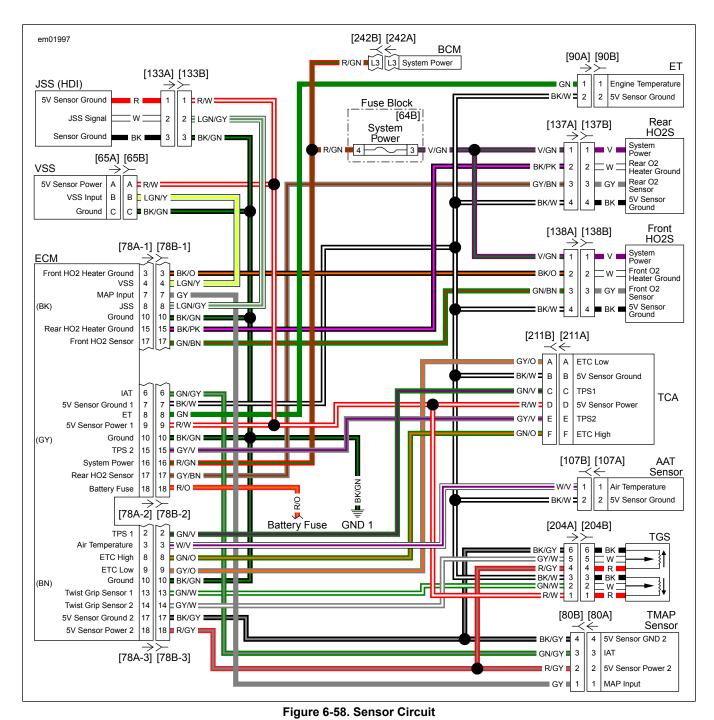


Figure 6-57. Engine

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



## DTC P2100

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-94. DTC P2100 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

- Open in throttle actuator control circuit high
- Open in throttle actuator control circuit low

## 1. TCA Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminals 8 and 9.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 10 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Perform wiggle test. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24). If resistance is below 10 ohms, replace ECM.

## 2. TCA High Circuit Test

- 1. Disconnect TCA [211].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 8 and TCA [211B] terminal F.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/O) wire.

## 3. TCA Low Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 9 and TCA [211B] terminal A.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/O) wire.

## DTC P2101

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-95. DTC P2101 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short between throttle actuator control circuits
Open in throttle actuator control circuit high
Open in throttle actuator control circuit low

## 1. TCA Circuit Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminals 8 and 9.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 2. TCA Test

- 1. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 8 and terminal 9.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between the (GN/O) and (GY/O) wires.

b. No. Replace TCA.

## 3. TCA High Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 8 and [211B] terminal F.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/O) wire.

## 4. TCA Low Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 9 and [211B] terminal A.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/O) wire.

## DTC P2102

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-96. DTC P2102 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in throttle actuator control circuit low
Short to ground in throttle actuator control circuit high

## 1. TCA High Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TCA [211].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [211B] terminal F and ground.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 1000 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground in (GN/O) wire.

## 2. TCA Test

- 1. Test resistance between [211B] terminal A and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/O) wire.
  - b. No. Replace TCA.

## **DTC P2103**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-97. DTC P2103 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in throttle actuator control circuit low
Short to ground in throttle actuator control circuit high

## 1. TCA High Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and [78-3] terminal 8.
- 6. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/O) and (R/GN) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. TCA Low Circuit Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and [78-3] terminal 9.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY/O) and (R/GN) wires.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

The ECM sets DTC P2105 and provides a forced shut down of the engine when the performance of the TCA cannot be verified.

Initially, the ECM commands the fuel pump and fuel injectors to be disabled until the actual fault is cleared.

The ECM sets DTC P2107 to identify an internal over-temperature shutdown or a power supply failure. Refer to Table 6-98.

#### Table 6-98. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2105	ETC forced shutdown mode
P2107	ETC driver internal error

## DTC P2105, P2107

#### Table 6-99. DTC P2105, P2107 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Internal ECM fault

#### **1. DTC Verification Test**

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start and run the engine for 30 seconds.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC P2105 set with no other DTCs?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No, other DTCs set. Refer to Table 1-12.
  - c. No, no DTCs set. DTC was properly cleared.

The ECM sets DTC P2119 when it determines the throttle plate does not return to the correct de-energized position. This error primarily indicates there may be non-electrical conditions which affect the throttle body range/performance. Refer to Table 6-100.

#### Table 6-100. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2119	ETC actuator return error

This DTC may have the following conditions:

- Something may be physically interfering with the throttle plate operation such as foreign material, debris, physical obstruction or loosely/improperly mounted throttle plate.
- · Damaged or inoperative throttle plate return spring.
- · Defective mechanical component(s) internal to the TCA.

DTC P2119

#### Table 6-101. DTC P2119 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Mechanical interference

#### 1. Air Inlet Interference Test

- 1. Inspect air inlet. Check for foreign debris and/or mechanical interference to the throttle plate.
- 2. Were any issues found?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace induction module.

## 2. Validation Test

- 1. Clear inlet. Check throttle plate movement.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start the engine and operate the throttle.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC P2119 set?
  - a. Yes. Replace induction module.
  - b. No. Repair complete.

The TGS is an electronic assembly that replaces the conventional cable operated throttle. Two opposing Hall-effect sensors transmit signals to the ECM. The ECM uses these signals to determine the desired throttle plate position. The ECM controls the motor in the TCA to move the throttle plate to the desired position.

The TGS receives a 5V reference signal from the ECM. As the throttle plate is opened the TGS1 signal voltage increases and TGS2 signal voltage decreases. By design, the sum of the voltages when measured for both TGS1 and TGS2 should equal approximately 5.0V. If the sum of these voltages is not 5.0V, then DTCs are set for TGS1 and/or TGS2.

The ECM monitors and controls the TCA system and generates DTCs when errors are reported by the ECM. Refer to Table 6-102.

Table 6-102. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2122	TGS1 low/open
P2123	TGS1 high
P2127	TGS2 low/open
P2128	TGS2 high

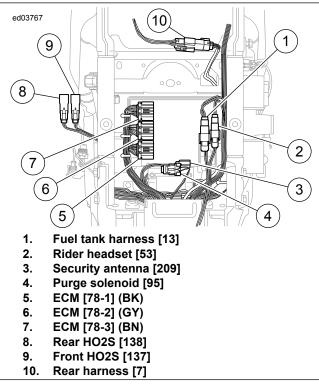
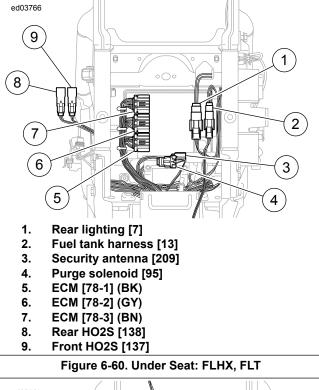


Figure 6-59. Under Seat: FLHT



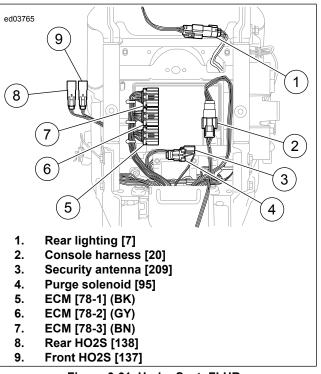


Figure 6-61. Under Seat: FLHR

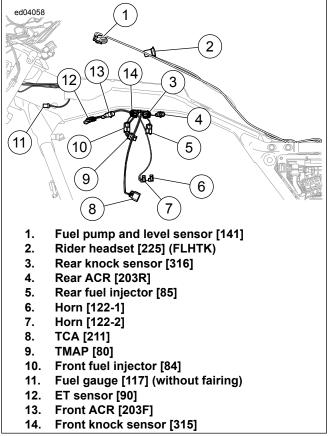


Figure 6-62. Engine

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

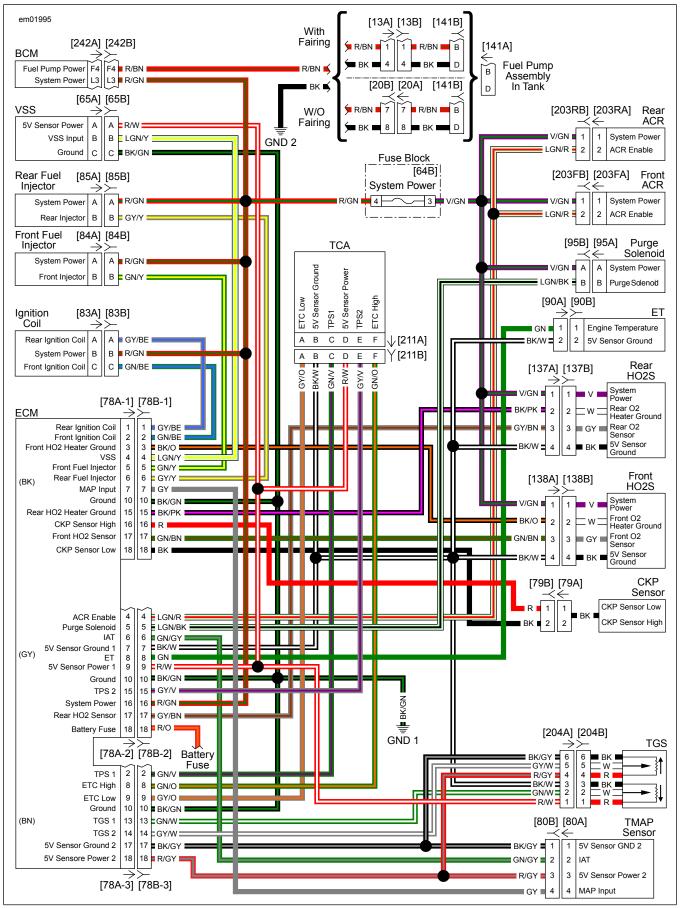


Figure 6-63. EFI Simplified Schematic

## DTC P2122

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-103. DTC P2122 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open in TGS-1 circuit

Short to ground in TGS-1 circuit

#### NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

## 1. Power Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected.
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [204A] terminal 1 (R/W).
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/W).

## 2. Signal Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [204A] terminal 2 (GN/W).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/W).

#### 3. Signal Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN/W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Ground Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] to BOB.
- 2. Connect [204].

- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.

b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 5. ECM Ground Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-2].
- Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 7 (BK/W) wire from ECM harness connector [78B-2].
- 4. Connect [78B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal 7 and BOB [78-1] terminal 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

#### 6. TGS-1 Ground Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (BK/W).
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

#### 7. Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

#### 8. Sensor Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

#### 9. TCA Short to Ground Test

1. Disconnect TCA [211].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes, with JSS. Go to Test 10.
  - b. Yes without JSS. Go to Test 11.
  - c. No. Replace TCA.

## 10. JSS Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect JSS [131].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Replace JSS.

## 11. VSS Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect VSS [65].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Replace VSS.

## 12. Oil Pressure Sensor to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect oil pressure [139].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Replace oil pressure sensor.

## 13. ECM Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/W) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 14. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 3. Start vehicle and operate throttle.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Issue could be intermittent. Perform wiggle test.

## 15. ECM 5V Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 4.6V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 16. Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Slowly turn throttle to wide open position and observe voltage.
- 3. Does voltage steadily increase to greater than 4.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 17. ECM 5V Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1.0 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace TGS.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P2123

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

## Table 6-104. DTC P2123 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in sensor signal
Short to voltage in sensor power

## NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

## 1. Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 9 and 10.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 2. ECM Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-2].
- Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 9 (R/W) wire from ECM harness connector [78B-2].
- 4. Connect [78B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal 9 and BOB [78-2] terminal 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 3. TGS-1 Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-2].
- 3. Insert extracted terminal 9 back into [78B-2].
- 4. Connect [78B-2].
- 5. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and ground.
- 8. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage in (R/W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 4. Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [78-2] terminal 10.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Issue could be intermittent. Perform wiggle test.

## 5. ECM Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 13 (GN/W) wire from ECM harness connector [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.

- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal 13 and BOB [78-2] terminal 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 6. TGS-1 Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].
- 3. Insert extracted terminal 13 back into [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-3].
- 5. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 8. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GN/W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 3. Start vehicle and operate throttle.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Issue could be intermittent. Perform wiggle test.

## 8. ECM 5V Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 4.6V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 9. Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Slowly turn throttle to wide open position and observe voltage.
- 3. Does voltage steadily increase to greater than 4.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 10. ECM 5V Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [78-1] terminal 10.

- 3. Is resistance less than 1.0 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace TGS.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## **DTC P2127**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-105. DTC P2127 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in TGS-2 circuit
Short to ground in TGS-2 circuit

#### NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

## 1. Power Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected.
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [204A] terminal 4 (R/GY).
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair open in (R/GY).

## 2. Signal Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and [204A] terminal 5 (GY/W).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/W).

## 3. Signal Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. Ground Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] to BOB.
  - Connect [204].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.

2.

- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 27 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 5. ECM Ground Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].
- Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 17 (BK/GY) wire from ECM harness connector [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-3].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal 17 and BOB [78-1] terminal 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 6. TGS-1 Ground Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 17 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (BK/GY).
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 7. Power Short to Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

## 8. Sensor Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 9. TMAP Short to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect TMAP [80]
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Replace TMAP.

## **10. ECM Short to Ground Test**

- 1. Disconnect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 200 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (R/GY) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 11. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 3. Start vehicle and operate throttle.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Issue could be intermittent. Perform wiggle test.

#### 12. ECM 5V Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 4.6V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 13. Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Slowly turn throttle to wide open position and observe voltage.
- 3. Does voltage steadily decrease to less than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 14. ECM 5V Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 17 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1.0 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace TGS.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P2128

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-106. DTC P2128 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in sensor signal
Short to voltage in sensor power

#### NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

## 1. Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 2. ECM Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].
- Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 18 (R/GY) wire from ECM harness connector [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-3].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal 18 and BOB [78-1] terminal 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 3. TGS-2 Power Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].

- 3. Insert extracted terminal 18 back into [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-3].
- 5. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and ground.
- 8. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (R/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 4. Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Issue could be intermittent. Perform wiggle test.

## 5. ECM Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 14 (GY/W) wire from ECM harness connector [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-3].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between extracted terminal 14 and BOB [78-1] terminal 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 6. TGS-2 Signal Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [78B-3].
- 3. Insert extracted terminal 14 back into [78B-3].
- 4. Connect [78B-3].
- 5. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and ground.
- 8. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GY/W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 3. Start vehicle and operate throttle.
- 4. Check DTCs.

- 5. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Issue could be intermittent. Perform wiggle test.

## 8. ECM 5V Sensor Power Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 4.6V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 9. Signal Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 2. Slowly turn throttle to wide open position and observe voltage.
- 3. Does voltage steadily decrease to less than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Replace TGS.

## 10. ECM 5V Sensor Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 17 and [78-1] terminal 10.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1.0 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace TGS.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

The ECM sets DTCs when it determines that a correlation error exists for either the TP sensor or the TGS.

The two TP sensors work opposite of each other. As the throttle plate opens, TPS1 voltage ranges from 0.0-5.0V, while TPS2 voltage ranges from 5.0-0.0V. The sum of the two TPS voltages should always measure approximately 5.0V.

The two TGSs work the same way. As the TGS is opened, TGS1 voltage increases and TGS2 voltage decreases. The sum of these two voltages should always measure approximately 5.0V. If either component fails to correlate the proper voltage or has out-of-range voltage conditions, the ECM will set a DTC. Refer to Table 6-107.

Tahlo	6-107	Code	Descri	ntion
Table	0-107.	Coue	Descri	ριισπ

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2135	TPS correlation error
P2138	TGS correlation error

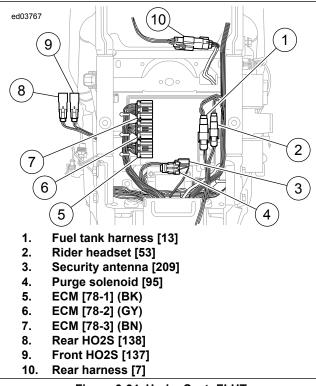
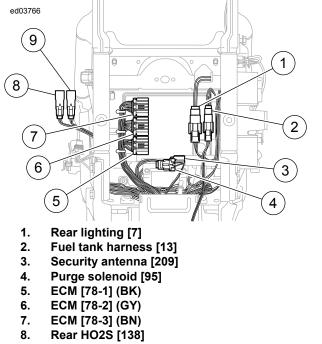


Figure 6-64. Under Seat: FLHT



9. Front HO2S [137]

Figure 6-65. Under Seat: FLHX, FLT

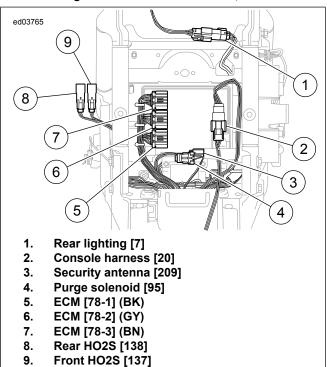
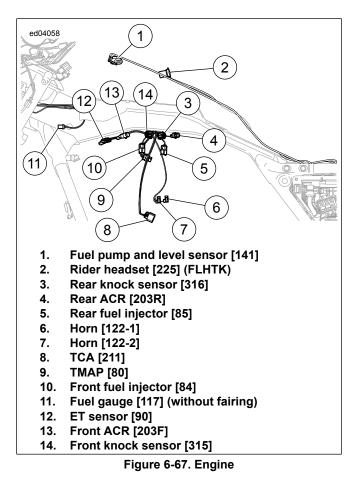


Figure 6-66. Under Seat: FLHR



## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

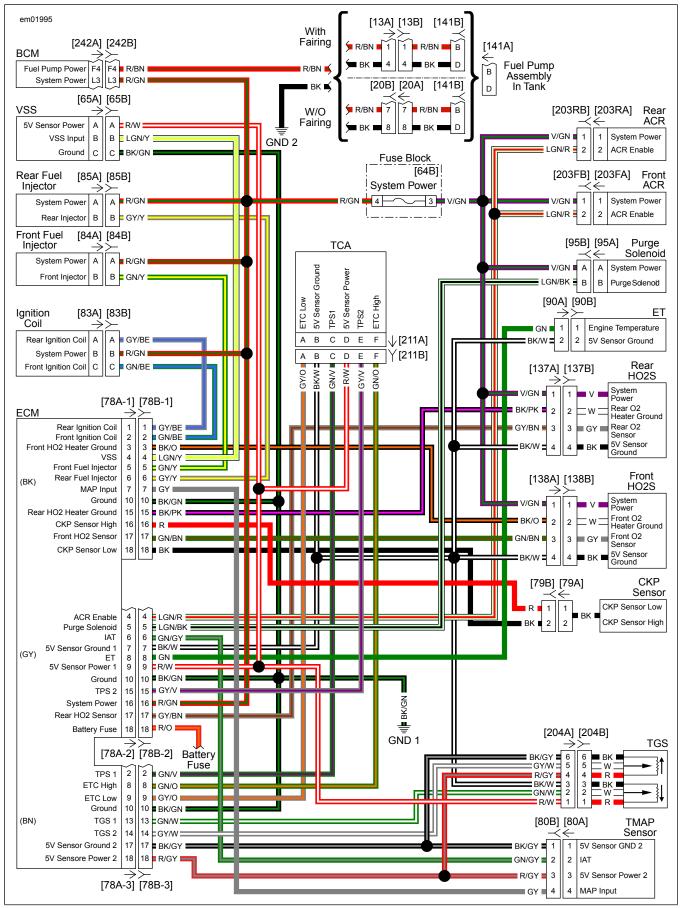


Figure 6-68. EFI Simplified Schematic

## DTC P2135

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-108. DTC P2135 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open in TPS-1 circuit
Short to ground in TPS-1 circuit
Short to voltage in TPS-1 circuit
Open in TPS-2 circuit
Short to ground in TPS-2 circuit
Short to voltage in TPS-2 circuit
Short to voltage in sensor power circuit

## 1. TPS-1 Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TCA [211].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [211B] terminal C.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/V) wire.

## 2. TPS-1 Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. TPS-1 Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-3] terminal 2 and [78-2] terminal 9.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GN/V) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. TPS-2 Continuity Test

1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 15 and [211B] terminal E.

- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/V) wire.

## 5. TPS-2 Short to Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 15 and 7.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. TPS-2 Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB [78-2] terminals 15 and 9.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (GY/V) and (R/W) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. TPS-2 Circuit Test

- 1. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminals 15 and 7.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (GY/V) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. TPS-1 Circuit Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminals 2 and [78-2] terminal 7.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 5.25V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (R/W) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. Ground Circuit Open Test

- 1. Connect [211].
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start vehicle. Operate throttle.
- 4. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Replace TCA.
  - b. No. Operation normal.

## DTC P2138

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-109. DTC P2138 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open or high resistance in TGS-1 circuit
Open or high resistance in TGS-2 circuit
Open or high resistance in sensor ground 1
Open or high resistance in sensor ground 2

#### NOTE

Always inspect connectors for backed out terminals, improper mating, inoperative locks, improperly formed or damaged terminals, poor terminal-to-wire connection and damaged harnesses when disconnecting any connector.

#### 1. TGS-1 Signal Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected.
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect TGS [204].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 13 and [204A] terminal 2.
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/W).

#### 2. TGS-1 Power Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 9 and [204A] terminal 1.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/W).

#### 3. TGS-1 Ground Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and [204A] terminal 3.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/W).

#### 4. TGS-2 Signal Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 14 and [204A] terminal 5.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 Ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/W).

#### 5. TGS-2 Power Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 18 and [204A] terminal 4.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GY).

#### 6. TGS-2 Ground Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 17 and [204A] terminal 6.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GY).

#### 7. Sensor Ground 1 Test

- 1. Connect [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] to BOB.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB [78-2] terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is resistance less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

#### 8. Sensor Ground 2 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB [78-3] terminal 17 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 1 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

#### 9. DTC Test

- 1. Connect [204].
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF, wait 1 minute.
- 4. Start vehicle and operate throttle.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Replace TGS.
  - b. No. Operation normal.

The ECM sets DTC P2176 when it determines the zero position of the throttle plate has not been successfully learned.

At power up, the ECM adjusts the throttle plate to the limp-home position, then begins to move the throttle plate closed. The ECM monitors and verifies the amount of movement that occurred. The throttle plate minimum position is held briefly then verified against the expected minimum and

maximum range of throttle. If the zero position is found within range, then the position is stored.

If the ECM is not able to learn the minimum position or if the learning fails four consecutive ignition cycles, the ECM sets DTC P2176. Refer to Table 6-110.

Table 6-110. Code Description

DESCRIPTION

DTC

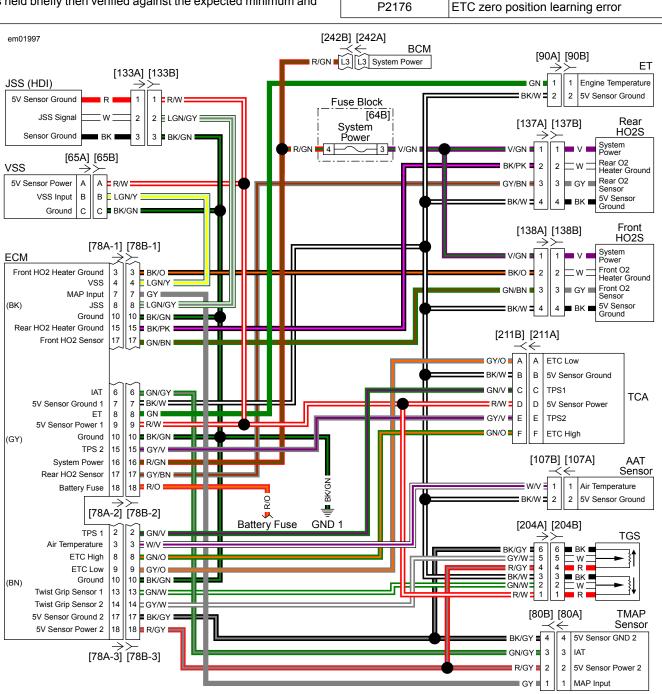


Figure 6-69. Sensor Circuit

## DTC P2176

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-111. DTC P2176 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Induction module malfunction

Mechanical interference

#### 1. System Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** See NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS (Page 2-13).

## 2. Internal Damage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminal 8 and ground and terminal 9 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 3. Air Inlet Interference Test

- 1. Inspect air inlet. Check for foreign debris and/or mechanical interference to throttle plate.
- 2. Were any issues found?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace induction module.

## 4. Validation Test

- 1. Clear inlet. Check throttle plate movement.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start engine and operate throttle.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC P2176 set?
  - a. Yes. Replace induction module.
  - b. No. Repair complete.

See Figure 6-70. Ignition coil DTCs sets if the ignition coil primary voltage is out of range. This could occur if there is an open coil or loss of power to the coil. If front and rear DTCs are set simultaneously, it is likely a coil power failure or a coil failure. The coil receives power from the BCM at the same time the purge solenoid, active exhaust actuator, active intake solenoid, ECM and injectors are activated.

#### Table 6-112. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2300	Ignition coil driver low/open (front)
P2301	Ignition coil driver shorted high (front)
P2303	Ignition coil driver low/open (rear)
P2304	Ignition coil driver shorted high (rear)

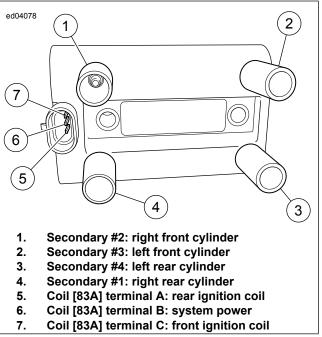


Figure 6-70. Ignition Coil

## **Diagnostic Tips**

When disconnecting any connectors always inspect connector for corrosion or backed out terminals and repair as required.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

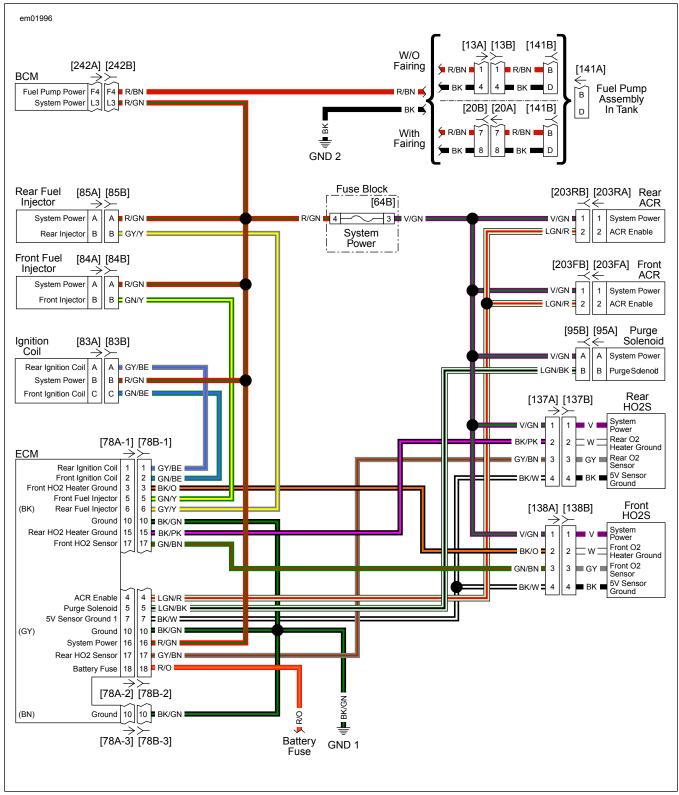


Figure 6-71. System Power Circuit

## **DTC P2300**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-113. DTC P2300 Diagnostic Faults

Ignition coil malfunction
Open or short to ground in signal circuit
Open power circuit

## 1. Ignition Coil Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect ignition coil [83].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [83A] terminals B and C.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ignition coil.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Input Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- Test voltage between [83B] terminal B (R/GN) wire and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open on (R/GN) wire.

## 3. Control Wire Continuity Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 2 and [83B] terminal C (GN/BE) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GN/BE) wire.

## 4. Control Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GN/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## **DTC P2301**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-114. DTC P2301 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to voltage in signal circuit

## 1. Ignition Coil Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil [83].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [83B] terminal C (GN/BE) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GN/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [83A] terminals B and C.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 0.4 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace ignition coil.

## DTC P2303

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-115. DTC P2303 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open or short to ground in signal circuit
Open power circuit

## 1. Ignition Coil Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil [83].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [83A] terminals B and A.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ignition coil.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Input Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [83B] terminal B (R/GN) wire and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GN) wire.

## 3. Control Wire Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 1 and [83B] terminal A (GY/BE) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in (GY/BE) wire.

#### 4. Control Wire Shorted to Ground Test

- 1. Disconnect [78-1], [78-2] and [78-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB [78-1] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground in (GY/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## DTC P2304

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 6-116. DTC P2304 Diagnostic Faults

**POSSIBLE CAUSES** 

Short to voltage in signal circuit

#### 1. Ignition Coil Shorted to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect ignition coil [83].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [83B] terminal A (GY/BE) wire and ground.
- 5. Is voltage more than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage in (GY/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [83A] terminals B and A.
- 2. Is resistance greater than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace ignition coil.

The cooling pump is a variable speed pump controlled by the ECM. The ECM controls the pump speed on engine temperature.

## Table 6-117. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P2602	Coolant pump "A" control circuit low
P2603	Coolant pump "A" control circuit high

# **Diagnostic Tips**

When running engine, cooling pump control voltage will decrease as engine temperature increases.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

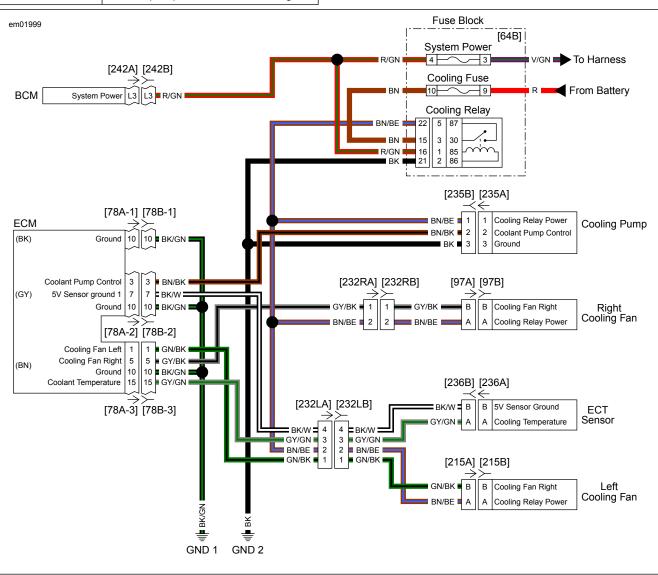


Figure 6-72. Cooling System (Twin-Cooled)

# DTC P2602, P2603

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

Table 6-118. DTC P2602, P2603 Diagnostic Faults

	PC	OSSIBLE C	AUSES	
Short to gr	ound on co	ontrol circuit		
Short to vo	ltage on co	ontrol circuit		

NOTE All tests should be performed on a cold engine.

# 1. Shorted Low Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

6.36

- 2. Disconnect cooling pump [235].
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between [235B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance less than 1.0 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (BN/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Shorted High Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [235B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 4.5V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (BN/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Pump Shorted High Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [235].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3].
- 4. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB [78-3] terminals 3 and 10.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 4.5V?
  - a. Yes. Replace cooling pump.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

# **ENGINE CRANKS BUT WILL NOT START**

# DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

If the starter will not crank the engine, the problem is not EFI related. See STARTING SYSTEM (Page 3-3) or Horn, Lighting and Security, SECURITY SYSTEM (Page 5-84).

There may be DTCs associated with this problem. Check for DTCs and clear them before proceeding with this test.

NOTE

To set a CKP DTC, a start attempt must last at least five seconds.

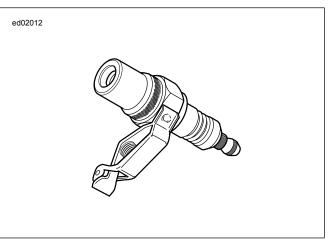


Figure 6-73. Spark Tester

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

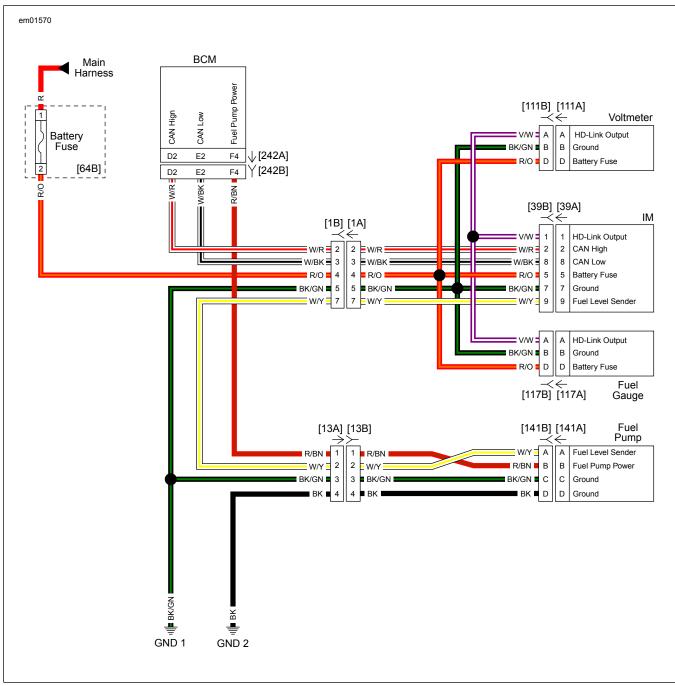


Figure 6-74. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLH with Fairing

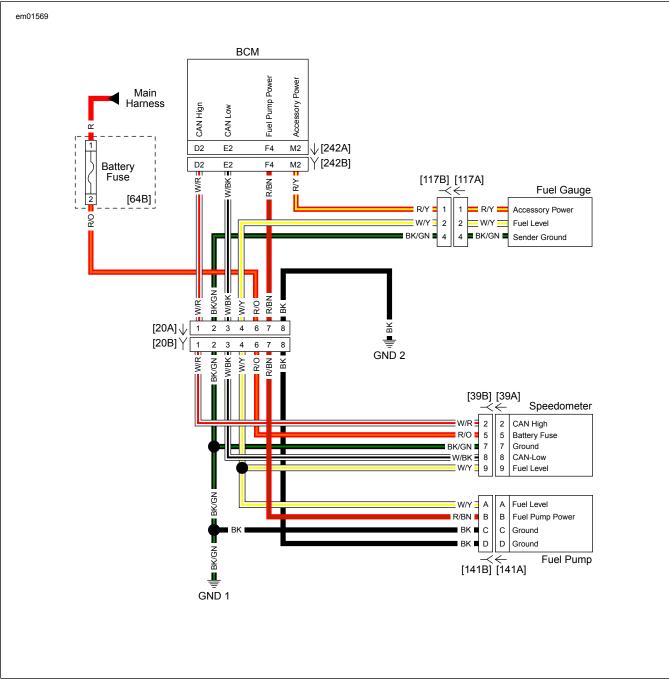
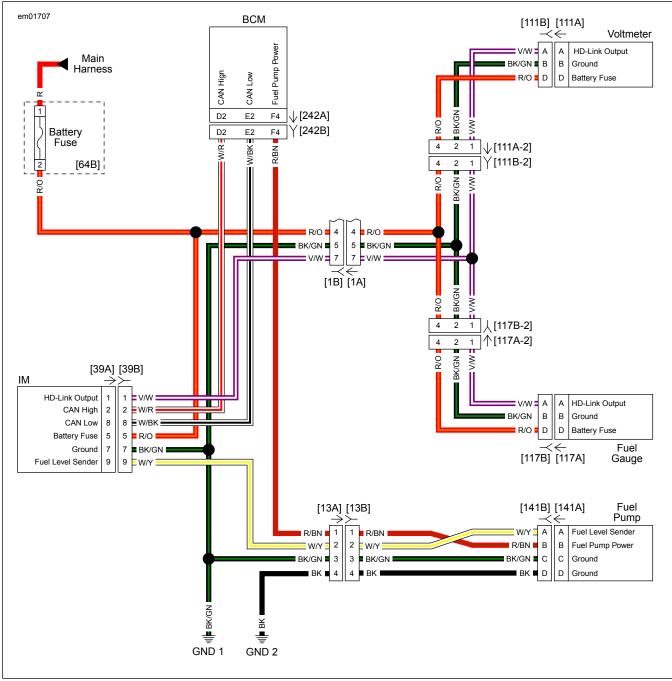


Figure 6-75. Fuel Sensor Circuit without Fairing



#### Figure 6-76. Fuel Sensor Circuit: FLT

## ENGINE CRANKS BUT WILL NOT START

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-51724	INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT

#### Table 6-119. Engine Cranks but Will Not Start Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Battery voltage too low
Ignition system issues
Fuel system issues

Table 6-119. Engine Cranks but Will Not Start Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Electrical system issues	
No or low compression	
Open ground circuit	

## 1. Preliminary Engine Tests

- 1. Verify battery connections are in good condition.
- 2. Verify fuel in the tank is fresh and not contaminated.
- 3. Verify spark plug wires are firmly connected to the coil and plugs.
- 4. Verify fuel injectors are not clogged.

- 5. Verify battery condition. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 6. Does battery pass tests?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Charge or replace battery.

## 2. Check Engine Lamp Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Wait 30 seconds, then turn IGN ON.
- 3. Does check engine lamp illuminate for 4 seconds immediately after IGN ON?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Verify all fuses are good. See Initial Diagnostics, Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2).

## 3. Spark Present Test

- 1. Check spark plug condition. Replace if fouled.
- Using INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-51724), check spark at both plugs while cranking engine.
- 3. Is spark present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. The spark plugs will not spark if there is low or no compression. If spark is not present, test compression before troubleshooting ignition circuit. Once good compression is confirmed, check condition of ignition coils, coil primary wiring and spark plug boots. See CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-48).

## 4. Compression Test

- 1. Perform compression test.
- 2. Does engine pass compression test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair engine loss of compression.

## 5. Fuel Pump Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fuel pump [141].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [141B] terminals A and D during the first 2-3 seconds after IGN ON.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 6. Fuel System Test

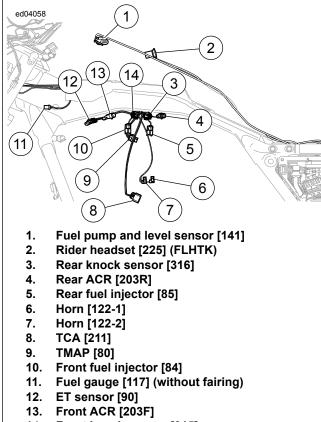
- 1. Check fuel system and perform fuel pressure test.
- 2. Does fuel pressure meet specification?
  - a. Yes. Inspect and clean throttle body and repair as needed.

b. **No.** Inspect fuel inlet sock and fuel filter for obstruction. Inspect internal fuel hose for leaks. If no issues are found, replace fuel pump assembly.

## 7. Fuel Pump Open Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wire harness [242B], leaving [242A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between [141B] terminal A and BOB terminal F4.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Repair open on (BK) wire to ground.
  - b. No. Repair open (R/BN) wire.

See Figure 6-77. Improper fuel system pressure may contribute to hesitation or loss of power.



14. Front knock sensor [315]

Figure 6-77. Engine

#### Table 6-120. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
P1505	Power limit violation

## DTC P1505

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

#### Table 6-121. DTC P1505 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Intake leak
Throttle plate damage

#### 1. DTC Validation Test

- 1. Verify no other engine sensor DTCs are present.
- 2. Are any other DTCs present?
  - a. Yes. Diagnose other DTCs first.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Vacuum Leak Test

1. Start engine.

- 2. Check for vacuum leaks.
- 3. Were any leaks found?
  - a. Yes. Repair vacuum leak.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Throttle Plate Test

- 1. Inspect throttle plate.
- 2. Has the throttle plate been modified or damaged?
  - a. Yes. Repair or replace throttle plate.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. DTC Confirmation Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- Using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650), attempt to calibrate the ECM using the module replace feature found in vehicle set up.
- 3. Did DTC return?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair complete.

# HESITATION OR LOSS OF POWER TEST

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-51724	INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT

#### Table 6-122. Hesitation or Loss of Power Test Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Loss of engine compression
Fuel system issues
Battery condition and connections
Spark plug condition
Air filter condition
Poor chassis ground connections
Performance modifications
Electrical modifications
Throttle valve malfunction

#### 1. Preliminary Engine Tests

- 1. Verify battery connections are in good condition.
- 2. Verify fuel in the tank is fresh and not contaminated.
- 3. Verify spark plug wires are firmly connected the coil and plugs.
- 4. Verify fuel injectors are not clogged.
- 5. Verify battery condition. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 6. Does battery pass tests?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Charge or replace battery.

## 2. Vacuum Leak Test

- 1. Start engine. Check for vacuum leaks.
- 2. Were any leaks found?
  - a. Yes. Repair vacuum leak.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Spark Present Test

- 1. Check spark plug condition and replace if fouled.
- Using INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-51724), check spark at both plugs while cranking engine.
- 3. Is spark present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. The spark plugs will not spark if there is low or no compression. If spark is not present, test compression before troubleshooting ignition circuit. Once good compression is confirmed, check condition of ignition coils, coil primary wiring and spark plug boots. See CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-48).

## 4. Compression Test

- 1. Perform compression test.
- 2. Does engine pass compression test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair engine loss of compression.

## 5. Fuel System Test

- 1. Perform fuel pressure test.
- 2. Does fuel pressure meet specification?
  - a. **Yes.** Inspect and clean throttle body and repair as needed.
  - b. **No.** Inspect fuel inlet sock and fuel filter for obstruction. Inspect internal fuel hose for leaks. If no issues are found, replace fuel pump assembly.

The starts, then stalls condition may be created by the fuel system, the idle air control system or an ECM failure.

There may be DTCs set causing this condition. Solve the problems with the DTCs before performing the tests in this section. The DTCs that may be involved with starts, then stalls are:

- Fuel injectors: DTCs P0261, P0262 and P0264
- Password problem: DTC P1009
- TPS1: DTCs P0122 and P0123

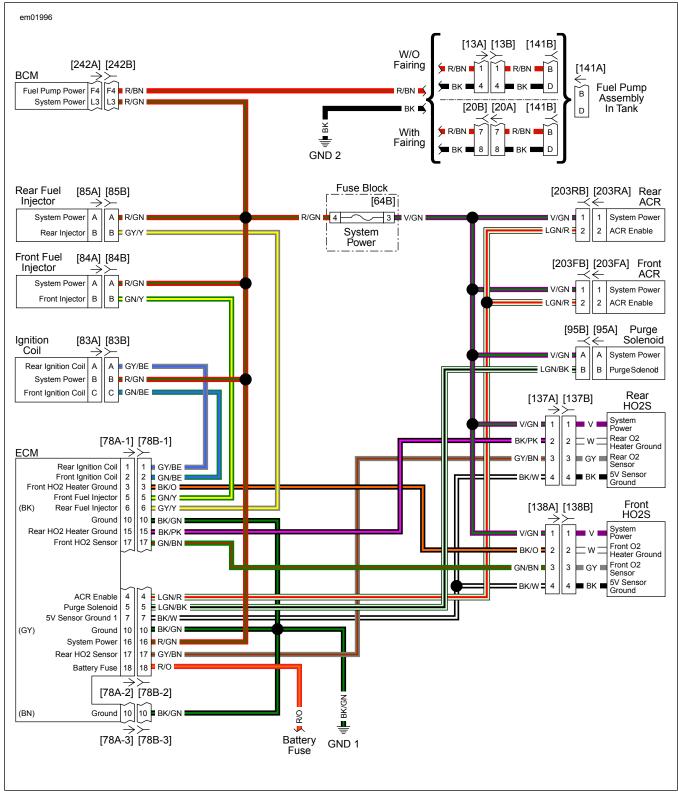
• ECM errors: DTCs P0603 and P0605

## **Diagnostic Tips**

- The vehicle will stall if the jiffy stand is extended when the transmission is in gear.
- If this condition is fuel related, perform fuel pressure test.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



## Figure 6-78. System Power Circuit

# STARTS, THEN STALLS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY

#### Table 6-123. Starts, Then Stalls Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Fuel system malfunction

Idle air control system malfunction

## 1. Throttle Test

- 1. Will engine start with throttle partially opened and then stall when closed?
  - a. **Yes.** See IDLE SPEED CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS (Page 6-56).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Fuel System Test

- 1. Perform fuel pressure test.
- 2. Is fuel pressure normal?
  - a. **Yes.** If fuel injectors are okay, then continue with tests. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair fuel pressure problem.

## 3. System Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) to wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], leaving ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB [78-2] terminal 16 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Inspect connections at ECM. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24). If connections are good and wiggle test does not find intermittent, replace ECM.
  - b. No. Repair open in (R/GN) wire.

# **MISFIRE AT IDLE OR UNDER LOAD**

# DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

Misfire conditions may be caused by:

- · Battery condition and connections.
- Fuel system problems. See HESITATION OR LOSS OF POWER (Page 6-125).
- Ignition system faults.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

## A WARNING

Wipe up spilled fuel and dispose of rags in a suitable manner. An open spark around gasoline could cause a fire or explosion, resulting in death or serious injury. (00518b)

- When performing the steps in the diagnostic tests, use a known good part to verify whether a suspected part is faulty.
- The ignition coil does not require full installation to be functional.
- Verify faulty ignition coil by performing resistance test.

## **INLINE SPARK TESTER**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-51724	INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT

See Figure 6-79. Using a INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-51724) can help determine whether a problem exists in the ignition or fuel systems.

• If the test light flashes without interruption on both cylinders during the misfire event, verify spark plug condition and gap and inspect the fuel system for proper operation.

- If the test light does not flash or the flash is interrupted during the misfire event, the problem is ignition related.
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove front spark plug wire.
- 3. Install inline spark tester between spark plug wire and spark plug.
- 4. Start engine and inspect tester light. The light will flash on each spark event if power is transmitted to the plug.
- 5. Install and repeat procedure on rear cylinder.

#### NOTE

Use an inline spark tester and a load applying dynamometer to diagnose misfire under load.

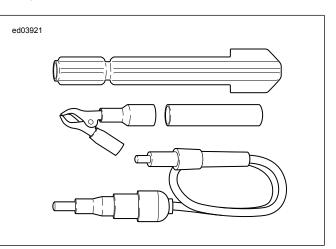


Figure 6-79. Inline Spark Tester Kit

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

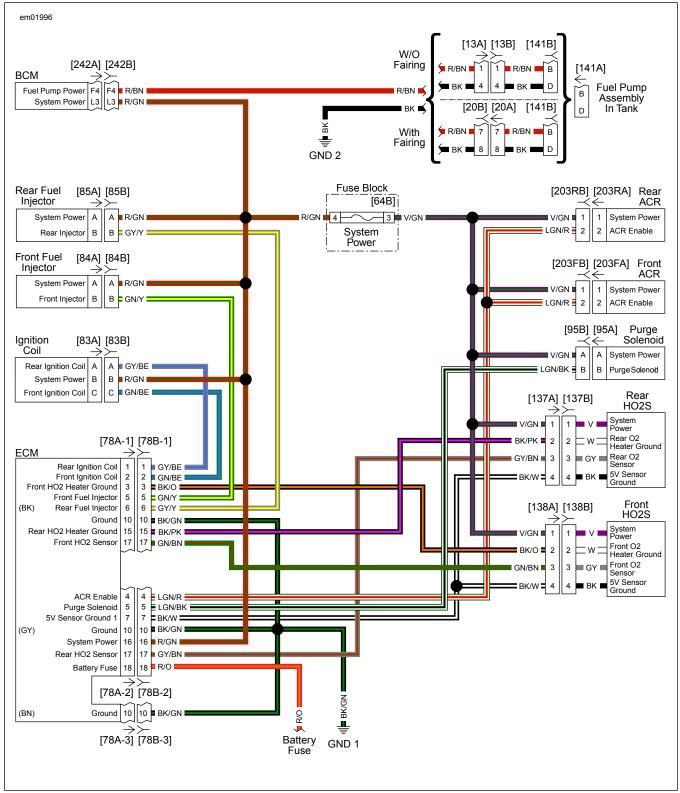


Figure 6-80. System Power Circuit

## MISFIRE AT IDLE OR UNDER LOAD

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-4	ECM CABLE
HD-50390-4-P	ECM OVERLAY
HD-51724	INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT

Table 6-124. Misfire At Idle or Under Load Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Ignition system malfunction
Fuel system malfunction
Electrical system malfunction

## 1. Power Ground Resistance Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ECM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4) between wiring harness [78B-1], [78B-2] and [78B-3], and ECM [78A-1], [78A-2] and [78A-3]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify ECM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-4-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB [78-1] terminal 10, [78-2] terminal 10 and then [78-3] terminal 10 to ground.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair open on (BK/GN) wire.

## 2. Spark Test

- Connect INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-51724) between front spark plug cable and ground. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Crank engine for a few seconds.
- 3. Remove tester from front spark plug cable. Connect rear spark plug cable and ground.
- 4. Crank engine for a few seconds.
- 5. Did spark jump gap on both cables?
  - a. **Yes.** Check for faulty, worn or cracked spark plugs, plug fouling due to mechanical problems or faulty connection at plug or coils. Repair as required.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Spark Plug Wire Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect spark plug cables.
- 3. Test resistance of both spark plug cables.
- 4. Is resistance within specifications? Refer to Table 1-5.
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace out of range spark plug cable.

#### 4. Carbon Tracking Inspection Test

- 1. Inspect top of ignition coils for carbon tracking.
- 2. Is carbon tracking present?
  - a. Yes. Replace ignition coil.
  - b. **No.** Switch ignition coil with known good unit and perform previous test. If spark jumps gap, replace ignition coil. If not, then continue with tests. Go to Test 5.

## 5. Ignition Coil Primary Wire Continuity Test

- 1. Disconnect ignition coil [83].
- 2. Disconnect BCM [242].
- 3. Test resistance between [242B] terminal L3 and [83B] terminal B (R/GN) wire. Wiggle connectors while measuring.

- 4. Is resistance continuously less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair intermittent on (R/GN) wire.

#### 6. Battery to Main Fuse Block Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Start engine.
- 2. Perform voltage drop test between battery (+) and main fuse [64B] terminal A (R) wire.
- 3. Is voltage drop more than 1.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair (R) wire between terminal A of [64B] and connection at battery including connections at starter.
  - b. No. Check for corrosion or damage at BCM [259].

Erratic idle conditions may be caused by:

- · Fouled spark plugs.
- · Damaged spark plug cables.
- · Fuel system problems.
- · Ignition system faults.

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

#### A WARNING

Wipe up spilled fuel and dispose of rags in a suitable manner. An open spark around gasoline could cause a fire or explosion, resulting in death or serious injury. (00518b)

When performing the steps in the diagnostic tests, use a known good part to verify whether a suspected part is faulty.

## ERRATIC IDLE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-51724	INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT

#### Table 6-125. Erratic Idle Diagnostic Faults

Bad fuel	
Faulty spark plug cables	
Malfunctioning fuel system	
Fouled spark plugs	

## 1. Preliminary Engine Tests

- 1. Verify battery connections are in good condition.
- 2. Verify fuel in the tank is fresh and not contaminated.
- 3. Verify spark plug wires are firmly connected to the coil and plugs.
- 4. Verify heat management system is not operating.

- 5. Verify fuel injectors are not clogged.
- Verify battery condition. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 7. Does battery pass tests?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Charge or replace battery.

#### 2. Spark Test

- Connect INLINE SPARK TESTER KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-51724) between front spark plug cable and ground. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Crank engine for a few seconds.
- 3. Remove tester from front spark plug cable. Connect rear spark plug cable and ground.
- 4. Did spark jump gap on both cables?
  - a. **Yes.** Check for faulty, worn or cracked spark plugs, plug fouling due to mechanical problems or faulty connection at plug or coils. Repair as required.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Spark Plug Wire Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect spark plug cables.
- 3. Test resistance of both spark plug cables.
- 4. Is resistance within specifications? Refer to Table 1-5.
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace out of range spark plug cable.

## 4. Fuel System Test

- 1. Perform fuel pressure test.
- 2. Is fuel pressure normal?
  - a. Yes. If fuel injectors are okay, replace the fuel.
  - b. No. Repair fuel pressure problem.

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
7.1 ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM (ABS) GENERAL INFORMATION	
7.2 INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS	
7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS	
7.4 INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS	
7.5 ABS INDICATOR ALWAYS ON, FLASHING OR INOPERATIVE	

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The ABS module consists of an electro-hydraulic control unit (EHCU) which controls brake application under extreme stopping conditions. The ABS only activates when wheel slip is detected.

The ABS includes the:

- EHCU.
- · Front WSS.
- · Rear WSS.

The EHCU responds to WSS inputs. When the EHCU is activated, the solenoid valves decrease, hold or increase hydraulic fluid pressure to control the individual calipers of each wheel to prevent wheel slipping. However, the EHCU cannot increase hydraulic pressure beyond the pressure or force being applied to the brake pedal or lever by the rider.

#### **Linked Braking**

Linked braking is a function of the ABS module. It allows the ABS to apply pressure to either the front or rear brakes depending on the situation. The ABS module applies the front and rear brakes together to optimize braking. During an ABS event, linked braking does not affect ABS operation.

Linked braking operates when wheel speed is above 20–25 mph (32–40 km/h).

- If the rear brake is applied the ABS module will also apply some pressure to the left front brake.
- If the front brakes are applied the ABS module will apply some pressure to the rear brake.
- If both front and rear brakes are applied the ABS will still activate linked braking as needed to fully optimize braking.

The module monitors wheel speed and fluid pressure to determine not only if the conditions are right to activate linked breaking but also the amount of linked braking to apply. The pump in the ABS module moves fluid throughout the brake system to adjust the pressure as needed to operate linked braking. The system is constantly adjusting for changes in speed and brake inputs. If the operator changes the fluid pressure applied to the brakes, the ABS module will adjust the pressure it is applying to the other brake.

## **ABS CAN Communication Functionality**

The right hand control module (RHCM) has a front brake switch that supplies a signal on the CAN bus. This CAN communication signal is sent to the EHCU to indicate that the front brake is applied. The rear brake switch supplies a ground input to the BCM. The BCM sends a rear brake applied CAN communication signal to the EHCU.

During normal ABS operation:

• A series of rapid solenoid valve pulsations may be felt in either the front brake lever or rear brake pedal but only during initialization and anti-lock braking.

- A ticking or popping noise may be heard as the solenoid valves cycle rapidly.
- During anti-lock braking on dry pavement, intermittent chirping noises may be heard as the tires approach slipping.

When the EHCU is replaced, use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to program and bleed the EHCU.

#### **Pressure Hold**

The EHCU controls the release and apply valves. This holds the same constant pressure on the appropriate caliper. The EHCU will release the pressure hold in the event of wheel slip.

#### **Pressure Decrease**

Sometimes the pressure being applied to the caliper is high enough for the EHCU to detect wheel slip. To control the wheel slip, the EHCU closes the apply valve and opens the release valve. This releases pressure on the appropriate caliper until wheel slip is no longer detected. The excess fluid is stored in the accumulator until the pump can return the fluid to the master cylinder or fluid reservoir.

#### **Pressure Increase**

After the wheel slip is corrected during an ABS event, a pressure increase occurs. The EHCU closes the release valve and opens the apply valve. This increases the pressure applied to the caliper during deceleration in order to reduce the speed of the wheel. The increased pressure will not exceed the pressure being applied to the master cylinder by the rider.

#### **Initialization Self-Test**

The ABS module performs one initialization test each ignition cycle. As part of the initialization self-test, the ABS module energizes the actuators and commands the motor and solenoids on and off. The ABS ECU will run this test the first time the vehicle speed exceeds 3 mph (5 km/h) in an ignition cycle.

#### **ABS Indicator**

See Figure 7-1 and Figure 7-2. The speedometer/IM illuminates the ABS indicator if:

- The EHCU detects an ABS disabling malfunction. The EHCU sends a message to the speedometer/IM requesting illumination.
- · The speedometer/IM performs a bulb check.
- The speedometer/IM detects a loss of communication with the EHCU.
- The ABS light may flash when the IGN is turned on. This will continue until the vehicle is driven to verify WSS operation.

The EHCU sends a message to the instrument when a malfunction that disables ABS operation is detected. Depending on the fault, the ABS indicator may stay on even after the malfunction is corrected. The indicator will not go off until the vehicle is operated at speeds greater than 3 mph (5 km/h). It is important to verify that this is not the cause of an ABS indicator, which is illuminated when no DTCs are set, before attempting to diagnose other possible causes.

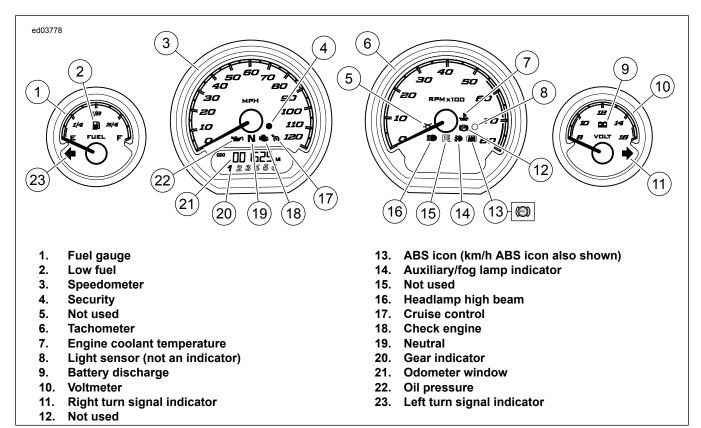


Figure 7-1. Indicator Lamps: Fairing Models (Typical)

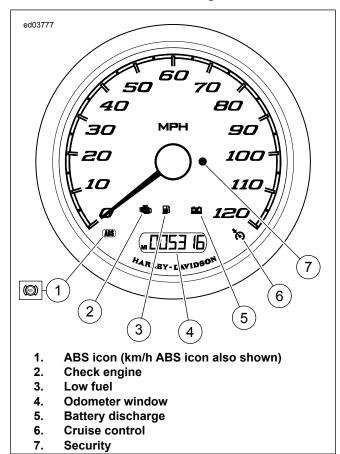


Figure 7-2. Indicator Lamps: Non-Fairing Models

See Figure 7-3. The EHCU is replaced as a unit. It contains the pump, valves and solenoids along with all the controlling circuitry.

The ABS module monitors the voltage level available for system operation. A low voltage condition prevents the system from operating properly. The ABS module also performs several self-tests for internal problems.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
C1014	ABS ECU relay error
C1040	ABS pump/motor error
C1055	ABS ECU internal error
C1061	ABS front apply solenoid circuit open/high res- istance
C1062	ABS front release solenoid circuit open/high resistance
C1065	ABS rear apply solenoid circuit open/high res- istance
C1066	ABS rear release solenoid circuit open/high resistance
C1071	Rear prime valve error
C1072	Rear isolation valve error
C1073	Front isolation valve error
C1074	Front prime valve error
C1075	Front linked inlet valve error
C1076	Front linked outlet valve error
C1077	Front circuit pressure sensor error
C1078	Rear circuit pressure sensor error
C1081	Front master pressure sensor error
C1082	Front master pressure sensor offset error
C1083	Front wheel pressure sensor error
C1084	Front wheel pressure sensor offset error
C1085	Rear master pressure sensor error
C1086	Rear master pressure sensor offset error
C1087	Rear wheel pressure sensor error
C1088	Rear wheel pressure sensor offset error
C1089	Pressure sensor external supply error
C1195	Wake up error

#### Table 7-1. Code Description

## **Conditions for Setting the DTC**

These DTCs can set if one of the following conditions exists in the EHCU:

- · Low battery voltage.
- High resistance in the ABS power or ground circuits.
- EHCU fault or malfunction.

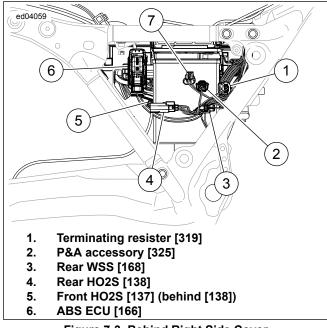


Figure 7-3. Behind Right Side Cover

## Action Taken When the DTC Sets

- · ABS is disabled.
- The ABS indicator is illuminated.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

If improper voltage is supplied to the EHCU, these codes may set. Using an improper or high voltage charger may cause these codes to inadvertently set when there is nothing wrong with the ABS system.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

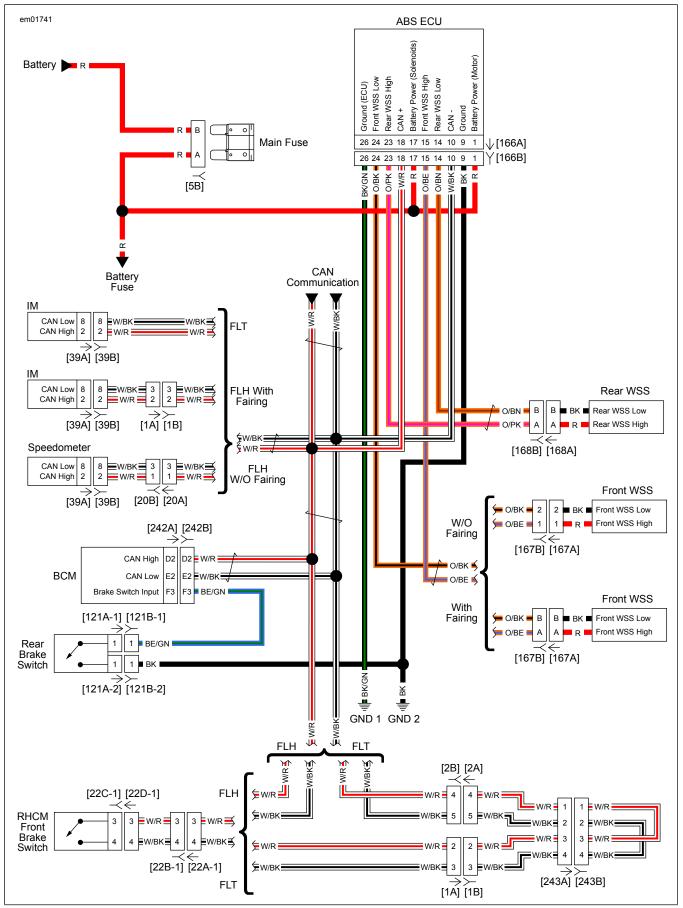


Figure 7-4. ABS Schematic

## DTC C1014, C1040, C1055, C1061, C1062, C1065, C1066, C1071-C1078, C1081-C1089, C1195

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

Table 7-2. DTC C1014, C1040, C1055, C1061, C1062, C1065, C1066, C1071-C1078, C1081-C1089, C1195 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
High resistance in the ABS power or ground circuits	
Low battery voltage	

## 1. Battery Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Verify battery terminals are properly connected, tightened and clean.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to wiring harness [166B], leaving EHCU [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 17 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage between 10.5-16V on both circuits?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 2. Ground Circuit Resistance Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 26 and ground.
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohms on either circuit?
  - a. Yes. Repair high resistance or open condition on ground circuit.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. ABS ECU DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- Do any of the following DTCs reset? (C1014, C1040, C1055, C1061, C1062, C1065, C1066, C1071, C1072, C1073, C1074, C1075, C1076, C1077, C1078, C1081, C1082, C1083, C1084, C1085, C1086, C1087, C1088, C1089, C1195)
  - a. Yes. Replace EHCU.
  - b. No. System working properly.

## 4. Battery Power Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5B].
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [5B] socket terminal A (R) wire.
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminal 17 and [5B] socket terminal A (R) wire.
- 5. Is resistance greater than 0.5 ohms on either circuit?
  - a. **Yes.** Inspect battery and charging system. See CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20).
  - b. No. Repair open in (R) wire.

# **WSS DIAGNOSTICS**

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 7-5, Figure 7-6, Figure 7-7 and Figure 7-8. The active WSS is supplied system voltage from the EHCU. The sensor then returns a 7 mA or 14 mA signal back to the EHCU.

- Front WSS high circuit: The EHCU monitors frequency signal voltage from terminal 15 of the EHCU through the front WSS high circuit of the front WSS.
- Front WSS low circuit: The EHCU monitors frequency signal voltage from terminal 24 of the EHCU through the front WSS low circuit of the front WSS.
- Rear WSS high circuit: The EHCU monitors frequency signal voltage from terminal 23 of the EHCU through terminal A of the rear WSS.
- Rear WSS low circuit: The EHCU monitors the frequency signal from terminal B of the rear WSS through terminal 14 of the EHCU.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
C1021	ABS front WSS always zero
C1023	ABS rear WSS always zero
C1025	ABS front wheel speed intermittent
C1027	ABS rear wheel speed intermittent
C1029	ABS wheel speed difference too high

#### Table 7-3. Code Description

#### Table 7-3. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
C1032	ABS front wheel speed circuit open/shorted
C1034	ABS rear wheel speed circuit open/shorted

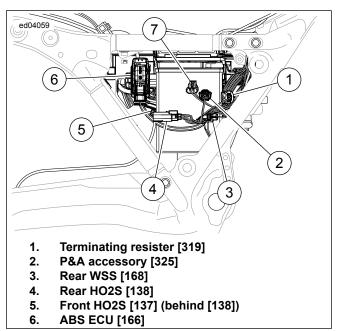
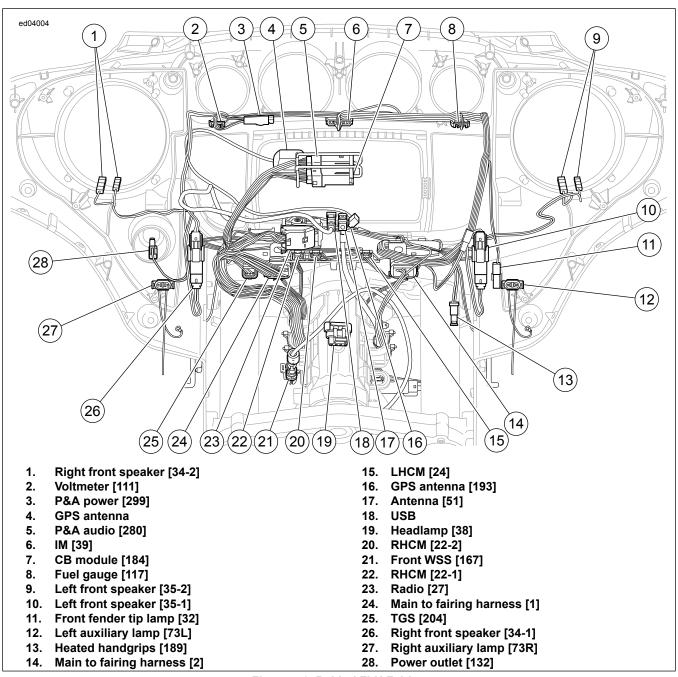
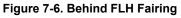


Figure 7-5. Behind Right Side Cover





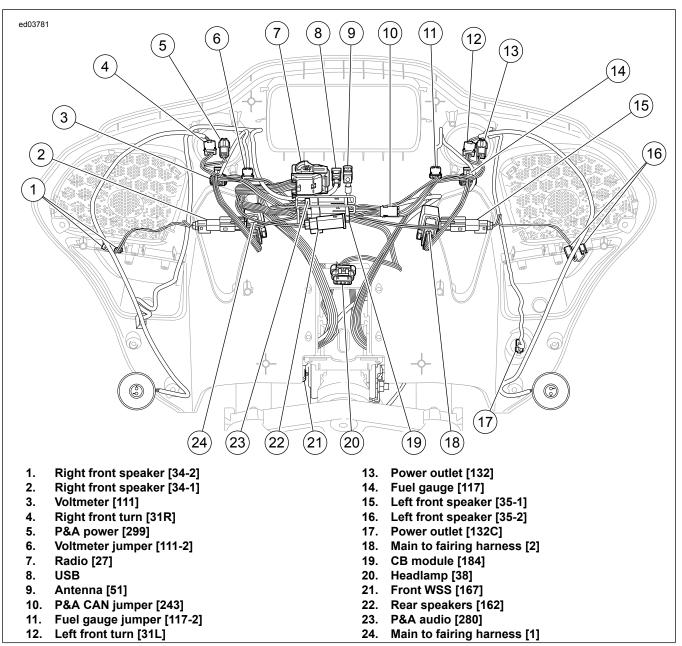


Figure 7-7. Behind FLT Fairing

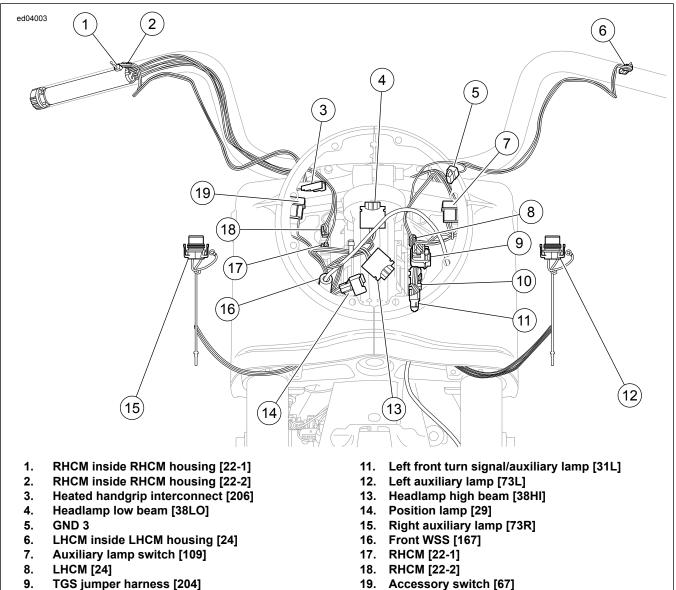


Figure 7-8. Headlamp Nacelle without Fairing

10. Right front turn signal/auxiliary lamps [31R]

DTC C1021, C1023, C1025, C1027 or C1029 can set if the

Conditions for Setting the DTC

Interference on WSS circuit.

· ABS ECU fault or malfunction.

Incorrect or worn bearing assembly.

Mismatched or improperly sized tires.

Dynamometer testing. WSS fault or malfunction.

following conditions exist in the WSS circuit:

- Short to ground, short to battery, open or high resistance in the front high or low WSS circuits.
- WSS fault or malfunction.
- · ABS ECU fault or malfunction.

DTC C1034 can set if one of the following conditions exist in the rear high or low WSS circuit:

- Short to ground, short to battery, open or high resistance in the rear high or low WSS circuits.
- WSS fault or malfunction.
- ABS ECU fault or malfunction.

#### Action Taken When the DTC Sets

- The ABS module disables the ABS.
- The ABS indicator is illuminated.

## **Diagnostic Tips**

- A correctly installed ABS wheel bearing will have a tan seal facing outward.
- If the red seal is showing, the bearing is installed backward.

Worn suspension components.

- Riding over rough terrain.
- · External or internal wheel speed circuit intermittent open.
- · Electrical noise on WSS wires.

DTC C1032 can set if one of the following conditions exist in the front high or low WSS circuit:

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• If the seal is black, it is a non-ABS bearing. Replace with the correct bearing.

DTC C1032 and C1034 are related to terminals of the WSS, either internally in the EHCU or WSS, or externally in the wire or connectors. If a DTC is intermittent, it may be a connection problem from terminals of the WSS to the harness wiring.

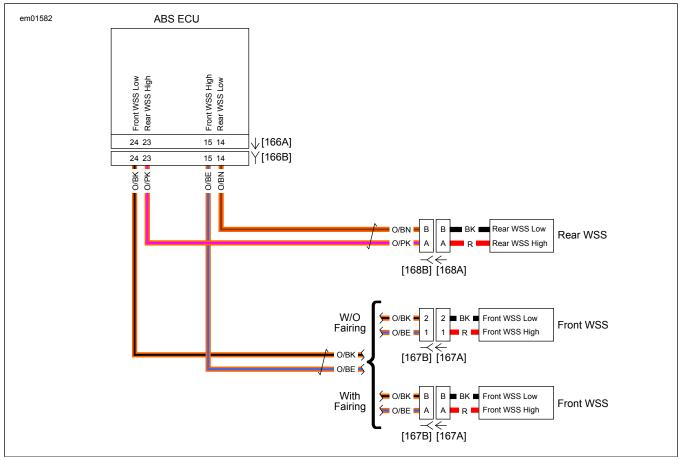
Check for these issues prior to part replacement:

- Open in WSS circuit.
- WSS circuit short to voltage.

- · Short to ground in WSS circuit.
- Short between WSS circuits.
- · External or internal wheel speed circuit intermittent open.
- · ABS module malfunction.

## **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



## Figure 7-9. Wheel Speed Sensor Circuits

# DTC C1021, C1023, C1025, C1027, C1029

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

#### Table 7-4. DTC C1021, C1023, C1025, C1027, C1029 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Electrical interference
Poor connections
Faulty WSS
Worn bearing assembly
Short to battery in the WSS circuits

## 1. Electrical Interference Test

- 1. Inspect vehicle for accessories that may cause electrical interference with WSS.
- 2. Electrical interference present?
  - a. Yes. Remove or relocate interference.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Validation of Current DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- Operate vehicle above 3 mph (5 km/h) for at least 90 seconds.
- 3. Check DTCs.
- 4. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. See diagnostic tips.

## 3. Worn or Damaged Components Test

1. Inspect for worn, damaged or incorrect bearing assembly.

#### NOTE

A correctly installed ABS wheel bearing will have a tan seal facing outward. If the red seal is showing, the bearing is installed backward. If the seal is black, it is a non-ABS bearing. Replace with the correct bearing.

- 2. Were worn, damaged or incorrect components found?
  - a. Yes. Repair as needed.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Circuit Test

- 1. Inspect WSS connector for proper fit and damage.
- 2. Is WSS connector secure and in good condition?

#### a. Yes. Go to Test 5.

b. **No.** Replace with appropriate bearing assembly and WSS and retest. If code comes back during retest replace ABS module.

## 5. Front Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect front WSS [167].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to wiring harness [166B], leaving EHCU [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 15 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (O/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. Rear Short to Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear WSS [168].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 23 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (O/PK) wire.
  - b. No. Repair or replace WSS connector as needed.

## DTC C1032

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50341	WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

#### Table 7-5. DTC C1032 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

WSS fault or malfunction

Intermittent open in the front high or low WSS circuits

Short to ground, short to battery, open or high resistance in the front WSS circuits

#### 1. Electrical Interference Test

- 1. Inspect vehicle for accessories that may cause electrical interference with WSS.
- 2. Inspect front wheel bearing.
- 3. Is electrical interference or wheel bearing malfunction present?
  - a. **Yes.** Remove or relocate interference or correct wheel bearing issues.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Loose or Damaged Connections Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. See Figure 7-6. Inspect for loose or damaged connections on WSS circuits.
- 3. Were poor connections found?
  - a. Yes. Repair connections and circuits.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Front WSS Test

- 1. Disconnect front WSS [167].
- Connect WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD (PART NUMBER: HD-50341) between [167B] terminals 1 and 2 (non-fairing models) or A and B (fairing models). See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Cycle IGN OFF, ON, wait 10 seconds for ABS to complete initialization test.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.

b. No. Replace front WSS.

## 4. (O/BK) Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) between wire harness [166B], leaving ABS module [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Remove sensor test lead.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 24 and [167B] terminal 2 (non-fairing models) or B (fairing models) (O/BK) wire.

#### 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?

- a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
- b. No. Repair open in (O/BK) wire.

## 5. (O/BE) Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 15 and [167B] terminal 1 (non-fairing models) or A (fairing models) (O/BE) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (O/BE) wire.

## 6. Shorted Wires Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 24 and 15.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (O/BE) and (O/BK) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. (O/BK) Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 24 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (O/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. (O/BE) Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 15 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (O/BE) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. (O/BK) Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 24 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (O/BK) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ABS module.

## **DTC C1034**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50341	WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

#### Table 7-6. DTC C1034 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

WSS fault or malfunction

Intermittent open in the rear high or low WSS circuits

Short to ground, short to battery, open or high resistance in the rear WSS circuits

#### 1. Electrical Interference Test

- 1. Inspect vehicle for accessories that may cause electrical interference with the WSS.
- 2. Inspect the rear wheel bearing.
- 3. Is electrical interference or wheel bearing malfunction present?
  - a. **Yes.** Remove or relocate interference or correct wheel bearing issues.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. Loose or Damaged Connections Test

- 1. See Figure 7-5. Inspect for loose or damaged connections on WSS circuits.
- 2. Were poor connections found?
  - a. Yes. Repair connections and circuits.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Rear WSS Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear WSS [168].
- 3. Connect WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD (PART NUMBER: HD-50341) between [168A] terminals 1 and 2. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Clear DTCs.
- 5. Cycle IGN OFF, ON, wait 10 seconds for ABS to complete initialization test.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace rear WSS.

## 4. (O/BN) Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) between wire harness [166B], leaving ABS module [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Remove sensor test lead.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 14 and [168A] terminal B (O/BN) wire.
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (O/BN) wire.

## 5. (O/PK) Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 23 and [168A] terminal A (O/PK) wire.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open in (O/PK) wire.

## 6. Shorted Wires Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 14 and 23.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between (O/BN) and (O/PK) wires.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. (O/BN) Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 14 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (O/BN) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. (O/PK) Ground Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 23 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on (O/PK) wire.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. (O/BN) Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 14 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on (O/BN) wire.
  - b. No. Replace ABS module.

# INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS

# DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The EHCU is calibrated to maximize ABS performance. If the correct calibration is not in the module the ABS may not perform correctly. The ECM and ABS modules also compare VINs to verify the correct ABS module is installed. These VINs must match before the ABS will operate properly.

## Table 7-7. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
C1159	ABS invalid stored VIN
C1178	ABS no VIN received from ECM
C1184	ABS invalid VIN from ECM

# **Conditions for Setting the DTC**

The ABS module determines final calibration is not completed or that the VIN does not match calibration.

# Action Taken When the DTC Sets

- ABS is disabled.
- The ABS indicator is illuminated.

# **Diagnostic Tips**

These codes will usually appear after replacing the ECM or the EHCU. The **new** modules must be programmed using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650). After the parts are programmed and matched correctly for the specific vehicle, clear the codes.

# DTC C1159, C1178, C1184

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

Table 7-8. DTC C1159, C1178, C1184 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

An EHCU that is not calibrated correctly or has an internal fault

ECM VIN does not match ABS

## 1. Validation of ECM VIN

- 1. Using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650), verify ECM has the correct VIN for ABS equipped vehicle.
- 2. Is ECM correct for this vehicle?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace ECM.

## 2. Validation of Current DTC Test

- 1. Clear DTC.
- 2. Start engine. Wait 10 seconds for ABS to complete initialization test.

3. Turn engine off.

#### NOTE

If more than one DTC resets, make sure to diagnose the DTC with the higher priority first. Refer to Table 1-12.

- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. See diagnostic tips.

## 3. Successful Calibration Test

- 1. Using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650), attempt to calibrate the EHCU using the ABS service feature found in Vehicle Set Up.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Calibration complete.

## 4. Speedometer Test

- 1. Cycle IGN OFF and ON.
- 2. Does speedometer display VINERR?
  - a. Yes. Replace ECM.
  - b. No. Replace EHCU.

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 7-10 and Figure 7-11. The speedometer/IM illuminates the ABS indicator by supplying ground to the lamp. The ABS module sends a message on the CAN bus to the speedometer/IM in order to command the indicator ON or OFF.

The ABS indicator will normally come on and then begin to flash when the vehicle is turned ON. It will continue to flash until the EHCU sees at least 3 mph (5 km/h) from both WSS to verify proper operation.

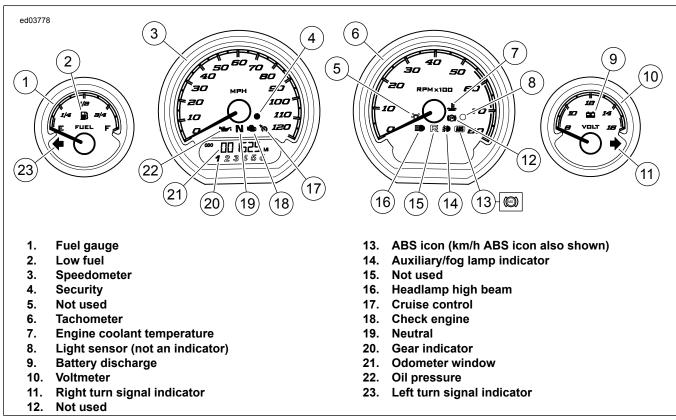


Figure 7-10. Indicator Lamps: Fairing Models (Typical)

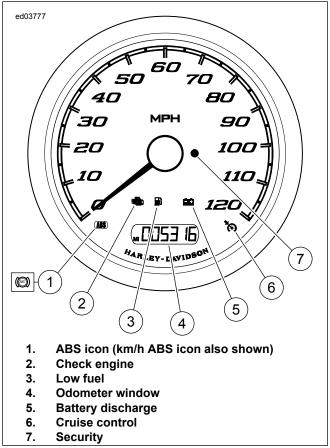


Figure 7-11. Indicator Lamps: Non-Fairing Models

# **Diagnostic Tips**

The malfunction must be present during diagnosis in order to prevent unnecessary parts replacement.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

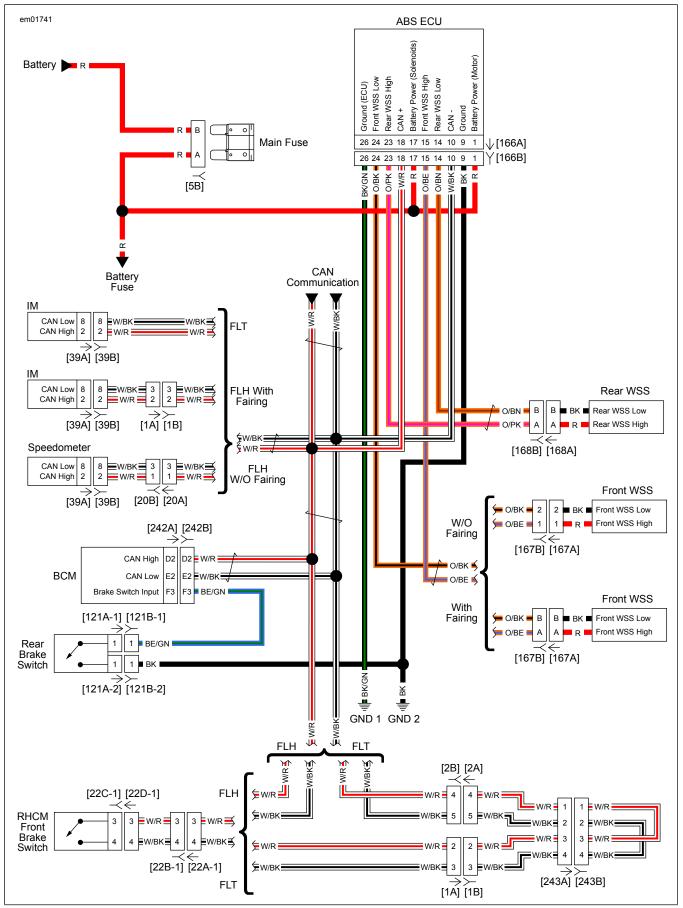


Figure 7-12. ABS Schematic

# ABS INDICATOR CONTINUOUSLY FLASHING, NO DTCS

#### Table 7-9. ABS Indicator Continuously Flashing, No DTCs **Diagnostic Faults**

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Incorrect wheel bearing	
Bearing not properly installed	
Damaged wheel bearing	

### 1. DTC Test

- 1. Verify vehicle is equipped with ABS and has appropriate speedometer/IM.
- Clear DTCs. 2.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTCs set?
  - a. Yes. See appropriate diagnostic procedure.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Wheel Bearing Inspection Test

1. Inspect for worn, damaged or incorrect bearing assembly on the front wheel.

#### NOTE

A correctly installed ABS wheel bearing will have a tan seal facing outward. If the red seal is showing, the bearing is installed backward. If the seal is black, it is a non-ABS bearing. Replace with the correct bearing.

- 2. Inspect for worn, damaged or incorrect bearing assembly on the rear wheel.
- 3. Were worn, damaged or incorrect components found?
  - a. Yes. Repair the front wheel bearing as needed.
  - b. No. Repair the rear wheel bearing as needed.

### ABS INDICATOR ALWAYS ON OR INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-45325	JUMPER HARNESS
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-7	ABS CABLE

#### Table 7-10. ABS Indicator Always On or Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Open battery circuit

#### Open ground circuit

Short to ground in battery circuit

### 1. DTC Test

1. Verify vehicle is equipped with ABS and has appropriate speedometer/IM.

- Clear DTCs. 2.
- Turn IGN OFF. 3

4.

- Check DTCs. 5. Did DTCs set?
  - a. Yes. See appropriate diagnostic procedure.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. ABS Lamp Function Test

- Perform a "WOW" test. See Initial Diagnostics (Page 1-2). 1.
- 2 Does ABS lamp function properly during the "WOW" test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace speedometer/IM.

### 3. ABS Power Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) 2 and ABS CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-7) to wiring harness [166B], leaving ABS module [166A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-42682) and JUMPER HARNESS (PART NUMBER: HD-45325) between wire harness [39B] and speedometer/IM [39A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between ABS BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Test voltage between ABS BOB terminal 17 and ground.
- 7. Is battery voltage present on both circuits?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open in ABS module battery circuit.

### 4. ABS Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test resistance between ABS BOB terminal 26 and ground.
- Test resistance between ABS BOB terminal 9 and ground. 3.
- 4 Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm on both circuits?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open in (BK/GN) or (BK) wire.

# 5. ABS ECU Test

- 1. Remove ABS BOB and connect [166].
- Remove speedometer BOB and connect [39]. 2.
- 3. Clear DTCs.
- 4. Start the vehicle. Operate in the parameters for initialization self-test.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace EHCU.

b. **No.** Concern is intermittent. See DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test (Page 1-24).

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
8.1 AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS	
8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS	
8.3 FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS	
8.4 FRONT HAND CONTROLS DIAGNOSTICS	
8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS	8-15
8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS	
8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS	
8.8 DTC B1353	
8.9 ANTENNA DTCS	
8.10 HEADSET DTCS	
8.11 DTC B1366	
8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1	
8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2	
8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS	
8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS	8-121
8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS	8-141

# AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

- BOOM! Box 4.3 (4.3 in. screen)
- BOOM! Box 6.5 GT (6.5 in. touchscreen with GPS Navigation database)

See the BOOM! Box Owner's Manual for a list of features, options and operating instructions for the models available in your region.

STANDARD RADIO 4.3	PREMIUM RADIO 6.5GT		
Х	N/A		
N/A	Х		
N/A	Х		
х	х		
х	х		
Supports 480 speed) o			
US English, UK English, FR French, CA French, ES Spar ish, MX Spanish, German, Italian and Portuguese			
Х	Х		
Х	Х		
	N/A N/A X X Supports 480 speed) o US English, U french, CA Fre ish, MX Span Italian and I X		

#### Table 8-1. Radio Configuration

#### **Audio Interrupts**

The different functions of the radio are set up to operate together. This requires the functions to interrupt each other in a logical way. The radio has several modes of operation that will cause an interruption with the speakers.

- Hands Free Mode (HFM): Phone in (PH) with Active Intercom (INTCM)
- Navigation/PND AutoDetect (NAV)
- CB Transmit PTT (CB Tx)
- CB Receive (CB Rx)
- Intercom, Mic Sum (INTCM)
- Radio Data System (RDS) Traffic Announcement (TA): Europe only
- · Weather Alert (WA): US only

There are three ways the radio will adjust for an interruption depending on what task the radio is performing and what type of interruption occurs.

- Mute: The audio will pause.
- Attenuation: The volume will decrease so the interrupt can be heard over it.
- Mix/Add: Both sources will play at the same time.

#### Table 8-2. Interrupts Effect on Media

INTER- RUPTS	WA	HFM	NAV	CB Tx	CB Rx	IN- TCM	ТА
Mute	Х	Х	X	Х	Х		Х
Attenuate						Х	

#### Table 8-3. Interrupts Effect on Weather Alert (WA)

INTERRUPTS	HFM	NAV	CB Tx	CB Rx	INTCM
Mute	Х	Х	Х	X	
Attenuate					Х

#### Table 8-4. Interrupts Effect on Hands Free Mode (HFM)

INTERRUPTS	WA	NAV	CB Tx	CB Rx	TA
Prompt	Х				Х
Pickup/Hang up			Х		
Mix/Add		Х			
Blocked				Х	

#### Table 8-5. Interrupts Effect on Navigation Mode (NAV)

INTERRUPTS	WA	HFM	СВ Тх	CB Rx	IN- TCM	ТА
Mix/Add	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### Table 8-6. Interrupts Effect on CB Transmit (Tx) Mode

INTERRUPTS	WA	HFM	NAV	CB Rx	IN- TCM	ТА
Prompt	Х					Х
Mix/Add		Х	Х		Х	
Blocked				Х		

#### Table 8-7. Interrupts Effect on CB Receive (Rx) Mode

INTERRUPTS	WA	HFM	NAV	СВ Тх	IN- TCM	ТА
Mute	Х	Х		Х		Х
Mix/Add			Х		Х	

#### Table 8-8. Interrupts Effect on Intercom (INTCM) Mode

INTERRUPTS	WA	HFM	NAV	СВ Тх	<b>CB</b> Rx	TA
Mix/Add	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

#### Table 8-9. Interrupts Effect on Traffic Announcement (TA)

INTERRUPTS	HFM	NAV	СВТх	CB Rx	INTCM
Mute	X		Х	X	
Mix/Add		Х			Х

### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Always verify the system has the latest software version available before attempting diagnostics. Software update instructions and the latest software version are available on www.harley-davidson.com. The audio system has a service menu to aid in identification and diagnosis of most fault conditions. Many faults are stored as diagnostic trouble codes (DTCs). Fault conditions that do not generate DTCs or those for which DTCs cannot be read, can be identified by their symptoms. For troubleshooting and resolving audio system symptoms, see AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55).

# SERVICE MENU

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II	

To enter the service menu:

- 1. Turn IGN OFF. Wait 15 seconds.
- 2. Press and hold power/mute button. Turn IGN to ACC.
- 3. Continue to press power button for 2 seconds after the WARNING screen is displayed.
- 4. Release power/mute button and accept warning.

The service menu will display the following options:

#### NOTE

The service menu may display "Diag Service not Available" when a menu option is initially selected. This message will clear once the system has finished performing the "power-on" process.

- DTCs
- Audio
- · Display
- · Key input
- · Component menus
- · Version information
- Reset
- Touchscreen

### DTCs

This menu item allows the user to view all logged radio DTCs and clear historic DTCs. The DTC status is displayed as either current or historic. The user can toggle between numerical and text descriptions by selecting the information icon between the page up and down buttons. The user can also view additional DTC information by selecting a specific DTC in the list. Additional information includes if an odometer value DTC occurred, a test fail counter and ages since the first and last test failures.

#### Audio

#### NOTE

Audio system DTCs can be retrieved through the audio system service menu, odometer self-diagnostic and DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).

The audio menu item contains these sub-menu items:

• EQ: This menu item was designed for EQ development and has no diagnostic purpose.

**Speaker test:** This screen displays a representation of the available speaker outputs. The user can perform a manual test of any one of the speaker outputs by pressing the appropriate speaker graphic (or associated faceplate button). The speaker graphic again (or associated faceplate button). While the selected speaker is tested, a multi-frequency tone is played through the associated speaker. The user can also select an auto test that tests each of the speakers in turn for 5 seconds. As each speaker is tested, the associated graphic is highlighted. The auto test can be canceled at any time by pressing auto test a second time.

#### NOTE

All speaker test functions are turned off when an amplifier is connected to the audio system.

### Display

This menu item tests the LCD display brightness and color consistency by displaying a series of screen colors. Pressing the previous/next buttons of the left audio switch will transition the display to white, red, green, blue, and four quadrants of different color (white, green, red, blue) with each press of the switch. The final transition will be back to the service menu.

# **Key Input**

The tests within this menu verify the proper function of the audio switches and buttons. It contains these sub-menu items:

- Faceplate hardkeys: The radio screen will display a graphic representation of the faceplate buttons. As the faceplate buttons are pressed, the corresponding button on the radio graphic display will illuminate. For the BOOM! Box 4.3, a long press of the "Back" and "Exit" are required for their normal function, since a short press of either of these buttons will result in the corresponding radio graphic button to be illuminated.
- Handlebars: The radio screen will display a graphic representation of the handlebar controls. As the audio switches are pressed, the corresponding switch on the radio graphic display will illuminate. This function is limited to testing the handlebar switches used to operate the audio system.
- **Passenger controls:** The radio screen will display a graphic representation of the rear passenger controls (if equipped). As the rear audio switches are pressed, the corresponding switch on the radio graphic display will illuminate.

#### **Component Menus**

The component menu contains multiple tabs depending on a standard or premium model: SDARS (Satellite Digital Audio Radio Service) or XM (only available on BOOM! Box 6.5 versions). It contains these sub-menu items:

- **Module versions:** Displays the XM module firmware and hardware version information.
- **Subscription info:** Displays XM subscription information, including specialty services.
- Signal status: Displays signal status.
- Antenna state: Displays the XM module reported signal state. The possible values are: unsupported, detected, not detected, shorted and unknown.

- **Tone generation:** Allows for generating left or right side multi-frequency audio tone generated by the XM module. Volume must not be muted for proper operation.
- Navigation setting: The navigation setting menu was designed for developmental purposes and has no diagnostic function.
- **GPS status:** Displays a graphical representation of GPS satellite position and signal strength.
- **Tuner:** Displays the current frequency, signal strength and RDS/RBDS information for each available tuner. If the signal is unavailable or out of range, the display may show dashes instead of a value.
- · Compass: Indicates current direction.

### **Version Information**

Version information displays a list of software components and their versions. A sub-menu is also displayed that shows the navigation software and database versions. These displays are for developmental purposes and have no diagnostic purpose. To access software and hardware version information for diagnostics, enter the "System Information" sub-menu in the "Set-up" menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS, Software Updates (Page 8-4).

#### Reset

The reset menu contains these sub-menu items:

- **Pre-calibration reset:** Restores factory default settings. This is recommended when there are radio symptoms and no DTCs.
- **Post calibration save:** Archives customer settings so that they can be restored after a "Post calibration Reset".
- Post calibration reset: Resets the radio to factory default settings and restores the last archived data stored during "Post calibration Save".
- **Privacy reset:** Clears private data such as phone pairing, phonebook download, presets and navigation history.

# Touchscreen Calibration (BOOM! Box 6.5 Models Only)

Calibrate the touchscreen by pressing the center of the displayed target. The target moves to a new location of the screen after each press, for a total of three presses. Press accept for the calibration to update.

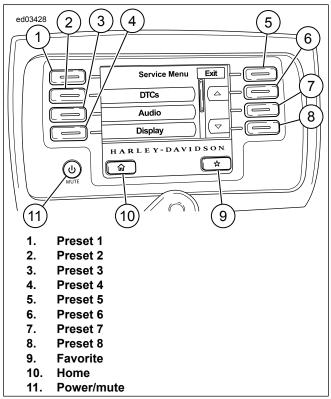
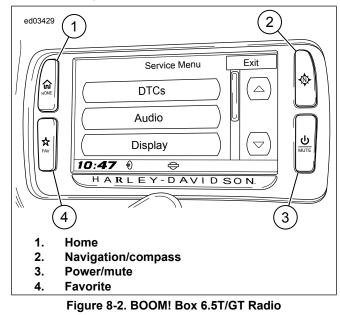


Figure 8-1. BOOM! Box 4.3 Radio



RESETS

Follow these steps when performing a pre-calibration reset:

- 1. Turn IGN and radio ON.
- 2. Record all presets on AM and FM.
- 3. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 4. Enter reset tab.
- 5. Enter pre-calibration reset tab.
- 6. When prompted with "Restore Factory defaults?", enter "Yes".
- 7. When prompted with the "Warning" screen, enter "Accept". This completes the reset.

- 8. Verify the radio reset cleared the observed symptom. If not, see AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS (Page 8-55).
- 9. Set clock and enter all recorded presets.

# SOFTWARE UPDATES

Download updates onto an 8 GB or larger USB flash drive. Turn IGN to ACC and radio ON. Install the USB flash drive into the radio USB cable and follow radio display.

When checking for software versions perform the following steps:

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
  - a. Keyed ignition: Turn ignition switch to ACC.
  - b. **Keyless ignition:** With fob present, press and hold TRIP switch to enter accessory mode.
- 2. Turn radio ON.
- 3. Accept warning screen.
- 4. Press HOME button.
- 5. Press set-up button.
- 6. Scroll down to system information and press button.
- 7. Press software button.
- 8. Record number under software version.

# AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

Battery voltage is continuously monitored by the radio and amplifier. A DTC is set when battery voltage fails to meet specifications for 15 seconds.

# **Conditions for Setting**

Battery voltage is monitored by the radio on terminals M3 and M4 of [27].

- DTC B1300 is displayed when the system voltage is greater than 16V.
- DTC B1301 is displayed when the system voltage is less than 9V.

Battery voltage is monitored by the amplifier on terminals 9 and 16 of [149-1] or [149-2].

- DTC B1401 is displayed when the system voltage is less than 9V.
- DTC B1402 is displayed when the system voltage is greater than 16V.

NOTE

ECM, ABS, ECU and/or BCM may also set a battery voltage DTC.

#### Table 8-10. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1300	Radio voltage high
B1301	Radio voltage low
B1401	AMP voltage low
B1402	AMP voltage high

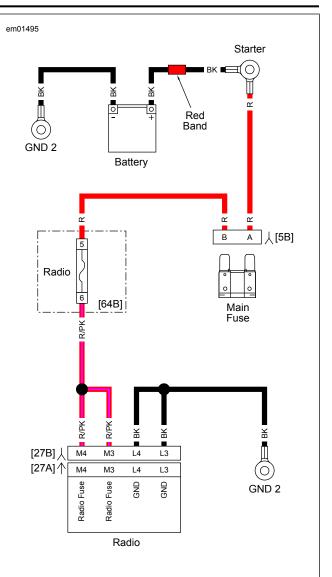
### **Diagnostic Tips**

Any of the following conditions could cause these DTCs to set:

- The charging system is malfunctioning.
- There is excessive battery draw and/or extended idling in heavy traffic.
- A faulty system ground is present. Low voltage generally indicates a loose wire, corroded connections, battery and/or a charging system problem.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 8-3. Radio Power Circuit

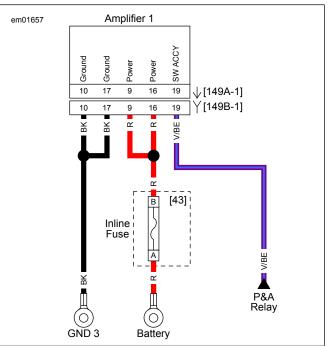


Figure 8-4. Amplifier 1: Power Circuit

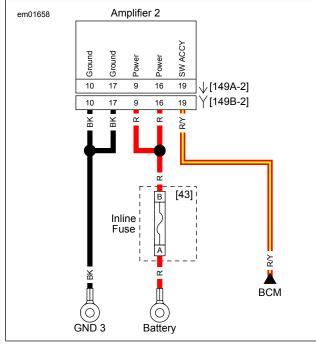


Figure 8-5. Amplifier 2: Power Circuit DTC B1300

#### Table 8-11. DTC B1300 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Charging system malfunction

### 1. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system test. See CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20).
- 2. Is charging system working properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

# 2. Radio DTC Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start vehicle.
- 4. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1301

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-12. DTC B1301 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Low battery High resistance in radio power circuit Charging system malfunction

### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

### 2. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Low or No Charging (Page 3-21).
- 2. Is charging system working properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

### 3. Radio Battery Voltage M3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal M3 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage less than 9V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. Radio Battery Voltage M4 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal M4 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage less than 9V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 5. Radio Battery Voltage Drop M3 Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test between BOB terminal M3 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Problem may be intermittent. Go to Test 8.

### 6. Radio Battery Voltage Drop M4 Test

- Perform voltage drop test between BOB terminal M4 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Problem may be intermittent. Go to Test 8.

# 7. Radio Battery Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test between fuse block [64B] socket terminal 6 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair or replace (R) wire between [64B] socket terminal 5 and [5B] terminal B.
  - b. No. Repair or replace (R/PK) wire between [27B] terminals M3 and M4 and [64B] socket terminal 6.

# 8. Radio DTC Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start vehicle.
- 4. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1401

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-13. DTC B1401 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Low battery	
High resistance in amplifier power circuit	
Charging system malfunction	

#### NOTE

Amplifier 1 is referring to [149-1] and amplifier 2 is referring to [149-2]. This diagnostics procedure refers to both as [149].

### 1. Battery Test

- 1. Perform battery test. See BATTERY TESTING (Page 3-1).
- 2. Did battery pass test?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Replace battery.

# 2. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system test. See CHARGING SYSTEM, Low or No Charging (Page 3-21).
- 2. Is charging system working properly?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

### 3. Amplifier Battery Voltage 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B] and amplifier [149A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage less than 9V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. Amplifier Battery Voltage 16 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 16 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage less than 9V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 5. Amplifier Battery Voltage Drop 9 Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test between BOB terminal 9 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Problem may be intermittent. Go to Test 8.

# 6. Amplifier Battery Voltage Drop 16 Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test between BOB terminal 16 and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Problem may be intermittent. Go to Test 8.

# 7. Amplifier Battery Voltage Drop Test

- 1. Perform voltage drop test between in line fuse [43B] terminal A and battery (+).
- 2. Is voltage drop greater than 0.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair or replace (R) wire between [43B] terminal A and battery.
  - b. **No.** Repair or replace (R) wire between [149B] terminals 9 and 16 and inline fuse [43B] socket terminal B.

# 8. Amplifier DTC Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Start vehicle.
- 4. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1402

# Table 8-14. DTC B1402 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Charging system malfunction	

# 1. Charging System Test

- 1. Perform charging system tests. See CHARGING SYSTEM (Page 3-20).
- 2. Is charging system good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Repair charging system.

# 2. Repair Validation Test

- 1. Clear DTCs.
- 2. Start vehicle.
- 3. Run at 3000 rpm for 5 seconds.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. System working properly.

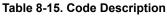
# FACEPLATE BUTTON DIAGNOSTICS

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 8-6 and Figure 8-7. Faceplate button status is continuously monitored by the radio. A DTC is set if a faceplate button is pushed for more than 30 seconds.

See Figure 8-8. Some faceplate functions can be controlled using the RHCM.

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1302	Faceplate home button stuck
B1303	Faceplate favorite button stuck
B1304	Faceplate navigation button stuck
B1305	Faceplate power/mute button stuck
B1329	Faceplate preset button 1 stuck
B1330	Faceplate preset button 2 stuck
B1331	Faceplate preset button 3 stuck
B1332	Faceplate preset button 4 stuck
B1333	Faceplate preset button 5 stuck
B1334	Faceplate preset button 6 stuck
B1335	Faceplate preset button 7 stuck
B1336	Faceplate preset button 8 stuck



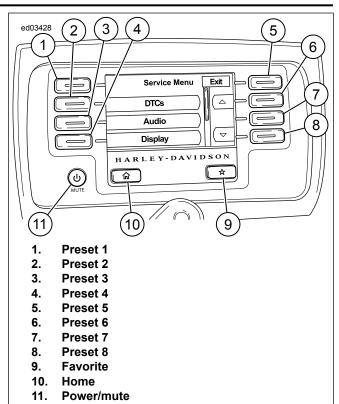


Figure 8-6. BOOM! Box 4.3 Radio

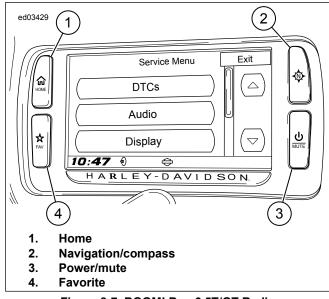


Figure 8-7. BOOM! Box 6.5T/GT Radio

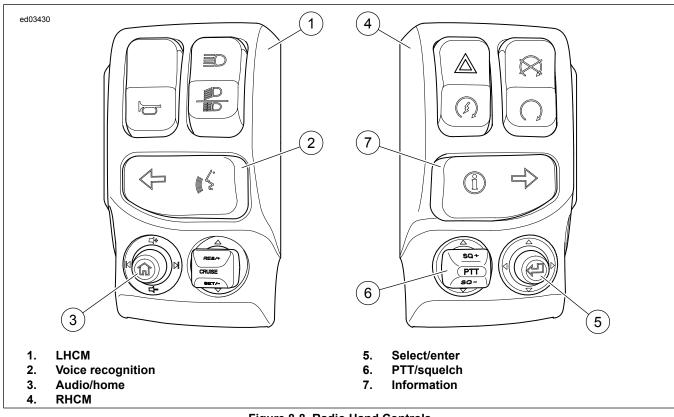


Figure 8-8. Radio Hand Controls

# **Diagnostic Tips**

- When one faceplate button is stuck, all faceplate buttons become inoperative.
- Verify there is no foreign debris on the faceplate holding buttons down.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

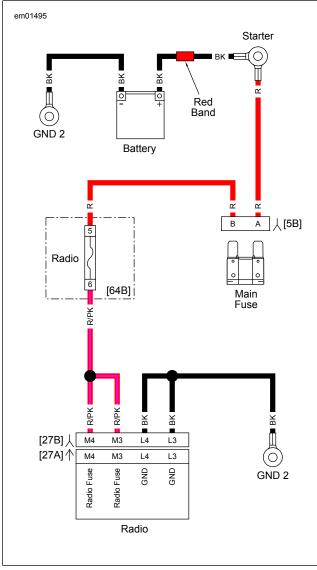


Figure 8-9. Radio Power Circuit FACEPLATE BUTTON STUCK

#### Table 8-16. Faceplate Button Stuck Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Damaged faceplate Reset needed

#### 1. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect faceplate for damage.
- 2. Is there damage to the faceplate?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

NOTE

The select button on the RHCM will be used move through the selections from this point.

# 2. Switch Test

- 1. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Select key input menu.

- 3. Select faceplate hardkeys sub-menu.
- 4. Press suspect faceplate button and verify button illuminates on radio display.
- 5. Does button illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. Radio DTC Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 5. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

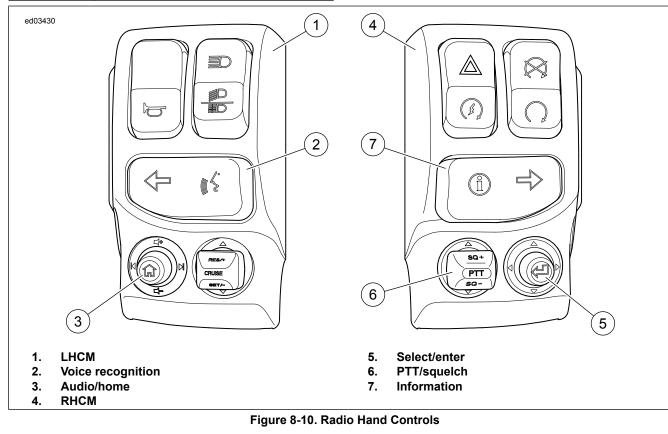
See Figure 8-10. Front hand control button status is continuously monitored by the radio through the CAN bus. A DTC is set if a front hand control button is pushed for more than 30 seconds.

#### Table 8-17. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION				
B1314	LHCM VR PTT button stuck				
B1315	LHCM volume up button stuck				
B1316	LHCM previous/seek down button stuck				
B1317	LHCM home button stuck				
B1318	LHCM next/seek up button stuck				

DTC	DESCRIPTION			
B1319	LHCM volume down button stuck			
B1320	RHCM info button stuck			
B1321	RHCM cursor up button stuck			
B1322	RHCM cursor left button stuck			
B1323	RHCM select/enter button stuck			
B1324	RHCM cursor right button stuck			
B1325	RHCM cursor down button stuck			
B1326	RHCM CB squelch up button stuck			
B1327	RHCM CB PTT button stuck			
B1328	RHCM CB squelch down button stuck			

Table 8-17. Code Description



# **Diagnostic Tips**

Verify there is no foreign debris on the hand controls holding buttons down.

# **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

8.4

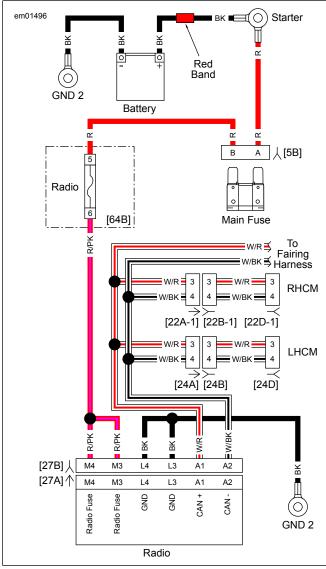


Figure 8-11. FLH Radio Power and CAN Circuit

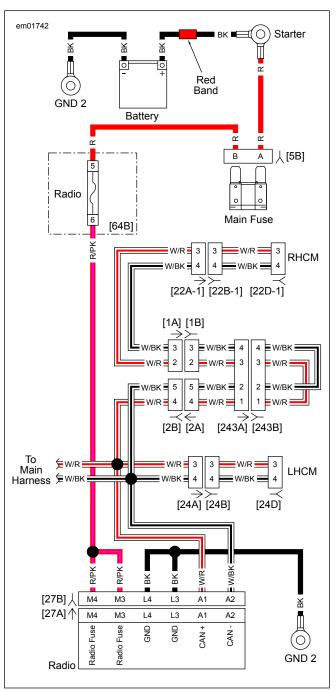


Figure 8-12. FLT Radio Power and CAN Circuit HAND CONTROL BUTTON STUCK

### Table 8-18. Hand Control Button Stuck Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Damaged hand controls	
Damaged key caps	
Reset needed	

# 1. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect hand control for damage.
- 2. Are there damages to the hand control?
  - a. Yes. Replace hand control.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Switch Test

- 1. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Select key input menu.
- 3. Select handlebars sub-menu.
- 4. Press suspect button and verify button illuminates on radio display.
- 5. Does button illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Radio DTC Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# 5. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# 6. Hand Control Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Disconnect affected hand control module, RHCM [22] or LHCM [24].

- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace affected hand control module.

# **REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS**

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 8-13. There are two rear audio switches, an AUDIO/PTT and MODE switch. Both are located on the rear right speaker pod. These buttons are connected to the radio with one signal wire connection.

DTCs B1306 and B1307 are monitored continuously by the radio on B2 of [27]. If the signal wire is shorted high or low, it will immediately set a DTC.

Table	8-19.	Code	Description	

DESCRIPTION				
Rear hand controls shorted high				
Rear hand controls shorted low				
Rear volume up button stuck				
Rear volume down button stuck				
Rear mode button stuck				
Rear PTT button stuck				
Rear tune up button stuck				
Rear tune down button stuck				

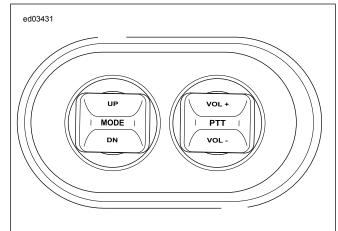


Figure 8-13. Rear Audio Switch

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

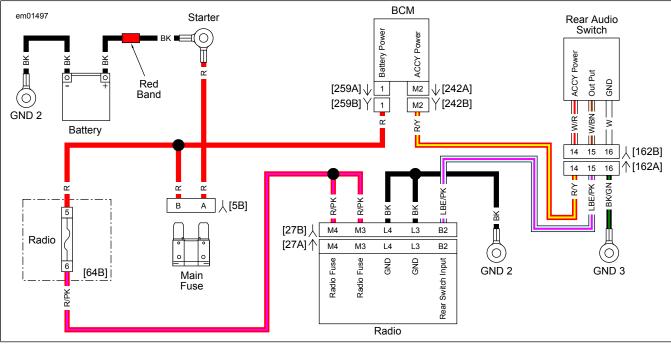


Figure 8-14. Rear Audio Switch Circuit

# DTC B1307

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-20. DTC B1307 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Signal wire shorted
Signal wire open

#### 1. Ground Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test continuity between BOB terminal B2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 2. Rear Audio Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal B2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminal B2 and [162A] terminal 15 (LBE/PK).
  - b. No. Replace rear audio switch.

### 3. Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal B2 and [162A] terminal 15 (LBE/PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal B2 and [162A] terminal 15 (LBE/BK).

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1306

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-21. DTC B1306 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Damaged rear audio switch
Reset needed

### 1. Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.

- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal B2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 5.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 2. Rear Audio Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal B2 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 6.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminal B2 and [162A] terminal 15 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Replace rear audio switch.

### 3. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# REAR AUDIO BUTTON STUCK

#### Table 8-22. Rear Audio Button Stuck Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Damaged rear audio switch
Reset needed

#### 1. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect rear audio switch for damage.
- 2. Is there damage to the rear audio switch?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear audio switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. Verify Button Test

- 1. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS, Service Menu (Page 8-2).
- 2. Select key input menu.
- 3. Select passenger controls sub-menu.
- 4. Press suspect button and verify that button illuminates on radio display.
- 5. Does button illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Radio DTC Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Clear DTCs.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 5. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 6. Switch Test

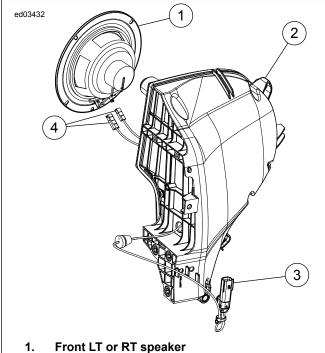
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Check DTCs.
- 5. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace rear audio switch.

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

See Figure 8-15. The radio and amplifier (if equipped) continuously monitor the status of the front speaker circuits.

#### Table 8-23. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1337	Front left speaker shorted together
B1338	Front left speaker open
B1339	Front left speaker shorted low
B1340	Front left speaker shorted high
B1345	Front right speaker shorted together
B1346	Front right speaker open
B1347	Front right speaker shorted low
B1348	Front right speaker shorted high



- 2. Speaker enclosure
- 3. Speaker harness [35-1] or [34-1]
- 4. Speaker [35-2] or [34-2]



### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

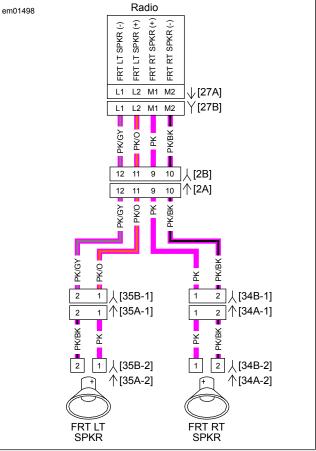


Figure 8-16. Front Speaker Circuit

#### **DTC B1337**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-24. DTC B1337 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals L1 and L2.

- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 2. [35A-1] Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 3. [2A] Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals L1 and L2 and [2B] terminals 12 and 11.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [2A] terminals 11 and 12 and [35B-1] terminals 1 and 2 (PK/GY).

### 4. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [35A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [35A-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [35B-2] terminals 1 and 2.

### 5. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1338

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-25. DTC B1338 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open circuit wires Open speaker

Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. [35B-1] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-1].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal L1 and [35B-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal L1 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [2A] terminal 12 and [35B-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal L1 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/GY).

### 4. [35B-1] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal L2 and [35B-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. [2B] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal L2 and [2B] terminal 11 (PK/O).

- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [2A] terminal 11 and [35B-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal L2 and [2B] terminal 11 (PK/O).

# 6. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35-2].
- 2. Test continuity between [35A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

# 7. [35A-1] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test resistance between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 and (PK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

# 8. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1339

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-26. DTC B1339 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

#### Shorted circuit wires

Reset needed

# 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Grounded Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 2. [35B-1] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal L1 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 12 and [35B-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).

# 4. (PK/O) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals L2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
    - b. **No.** Repair short to ground on speaker harness wires between [35A-1] and [35B-2].

# 5. [2B] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal L2 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 11 and [35B-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).

# 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.

- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1340

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-27. DTC B1340 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

# 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 2. [35B-1] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speaker harness [35-1].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.

- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [2A] terminal 12 and [35B-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).

# 4. [27A] Terminal L1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal L1 from [27B] (PK/GY).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 12 and [27B] terminal L1 (PK/GY).

# 5. (PK/O) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage on speaker harness wires between [35A-1] and [35B-2].

# 6. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2A] terminal 11 and [35B-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).

### 7. [27A] Terminal L2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal L2 from [27B] (PK/O).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 11 and [27B] terminal L2 (PK/O).

# 8. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1345

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-28. DTC B1345 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Shorted speaker	
Reset needed	

# 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 2. [34A-1] Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. [2A] Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals M1 and M2 and [2B] terminals 9 and 10.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [2A] terminals 9 and 10 and [34B-1] terminals 1 and 2.

# 4. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [34A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Repair short between [34A-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [34B-2] terminals 1 and 2.

# 5. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1346

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-29. DTC B1346 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open circuit wires	
Open speaker	
Reset needed	

# 1. Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. [34B-1] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and [34B-1] terminal 1 (PK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- Test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and [2B] terminal 9 (PK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [2A] terminal 9 and [34B-1] terminal 1 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal M1 and [2B] terminal 9 (PK).

### 4. [34B-1] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal M2 and [34B-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. [2B] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M2 and [2B] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [2A] terminal 10 and [34B-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal M2 and [2B] terminal 10 (PK/BK).

### 6. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34-2].
- 2. Test continuity between [34A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.

b. No. Replace speaker.

### 7. [34A-1] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 and (PK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

### 8. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1347

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-30. DTC B1347 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

#### 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 2. [34B-1] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2]
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal M1 and [2B] terminal 9 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 9 and [34B-1] terminal 1 (PK).

# 4. (PK/O) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals M2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground on speaker harness wires between [34A-1] and [34B-2].

# 5. [2B] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal M2 and [2B] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 10 and [34B-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1348

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-31. DTC B1348 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted circuit wires

Reset needed

### 1. (PK) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 2. [34B-1] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speaker harness [34-1].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 3. [2B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2A] terminal 9 and [34B-1] terminal 1 (PK).

### 4. [27A] Terminal M1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].

- 3. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal M1 from [27B] (PK).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal M1 (PK).

### 5. (PK/BK) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair short to power on speaker harness wires between [34A-1] and [34B-2].

### 6. [34B-2] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair short to power between [2A] terminal 10 and [34B-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

#### 7. [27A] Terminal M2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal M2 from [27B] (PK/BK).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal M2 (PK/BK).

#### 8. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.

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- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

The radio and amplifier (if equipped) continuously monitor the status of the rear speaker circuits.

#### Table 8-32. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1341	Rear left speaker shorted together
B1342	Rear left speaker open
B1343	Rear left speaker shorted low
B1344	Rear left speaker shorted high
B1349	Rear right speaker shorted together
B1350	Rear right speaker open
B1351	Rear right speaker shorted low
B1352	Rear right speaker shorted high

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

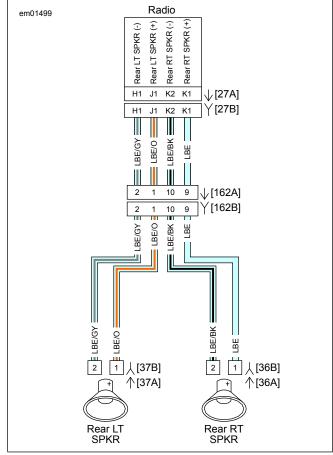


Figure 8-17. Rear Speaker Circuit

# DTC B1341

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

### Table 8-33. DTC B1341 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 2. [162B] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio harness [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals H1 and J1 and [162A] terminals 2 and 1.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [37].
- 2. Test resistance between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [37B] terminals 1 and 2 and [162B] terminals 1 and 2.

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.

- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1342**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-34. DTC B1342 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open circuit wires	
Open speaker	
Reset needed	

### 1. Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. [162B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [162A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal H1 and [162A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

### 3. [162B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [162A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal J1 and [162A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

### 4. Speaker Test

1. Disconnect speaker [37].

- 2. Test continuity between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

### 5. [37B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between [37B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [37B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [37B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

### 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1343

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-35. DTC B1343 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted circuit wires Reset needed

#### 1. (LBE/GY) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal H1 and ground.

#### 5. Is continuity present?

- a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
- b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 2. [27B] Terminal H1 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal H1 and [162A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. [27B] Terminal J1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal J1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal J1 and [162A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. [162B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [37].
- 2. Test continuity between [162B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. [162B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between [162B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

# 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

# DTC B1344

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

### Table 8-36. DTC B1344 Diagnostic Faults

### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted circuit wires

Reset needed

# 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

# 2. [162] Terminal H2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. [27A] Terminal H1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal H1 from [27B] (LBE/GY).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.

 b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal H1 (LBE/GY).

### 4. [27B] Terminal J1 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal J1 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 5. [27A] Terminal J1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- 3. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal J1 from [27B] (LBE/O).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal J1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal J1 (LBE/O).

### 6. [37A] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [162].
- 3. Disconnect speaker [37].
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between [37B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 7. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1349

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-37. DTC B1349 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Shorted speaker	
Reset needed	

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. [162B] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio harness [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals K1 and K2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals K2 and K1 and [162A] terminals 10 and 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [36].
- 2. Test resistance between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [36B] terminals 1 and 2 and [162B] terminals 9 and 10.

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.

- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1350

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-38. DTC B1350 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open circuit wires
Open speaker
Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. [162B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).

### 3. [162B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [162A] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal K1 and [162A] terminal 9 (LBE).

### 4. Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [36].
- 2. Test continuity between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

### 5. [36B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between [36B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 9 (PK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [36B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [36B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 9 (LBE).

### 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1351

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

### Table 8-39. DTC B1351 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

### 1. (LBE/BK) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 2. [27B] Terminal K2 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. [27B] Terminal K1 Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal K1 and [162B] terminal 9 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. [162B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [36].
- 2. Test continuity between [162B] terminal 10 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. [162B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Test continuity between [162B] terminal 9 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

### 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1352

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-40. DTC B1352 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

### 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 2. [27B] Terminal K2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. [27B] Terminal K1 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal K1 and [162A] terminal 9 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. [36A] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect [162].
- 3. Disconnect speaker [36].

- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between [36B] terminal 2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The radio detects that 1.5 Volts or greater is present across internal loads for more than one second.

#### Table 8-41. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1353	Speaker output DC offset

### DTC B1353

#### Table 8-42. DTC B1353 Diagnostic Faults

	POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Reset needed		

### 1. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 2. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

8.8

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The radio constantly monitors the supplied voltage to the GPS and XM antennas (if equipped). Refer to Table 8-43 for possible DTCs.

#### Table 8-43. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1354	GPS antenna open
B1355	GPS antenna shorted low
B1356	SDARS (XM) antenna open
B1357	SDARS (XM) antenna shorted

### **Diagnostic Tips**

Verify that there is no damage to the radio and that all antenna connections on the back of the radio are good.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

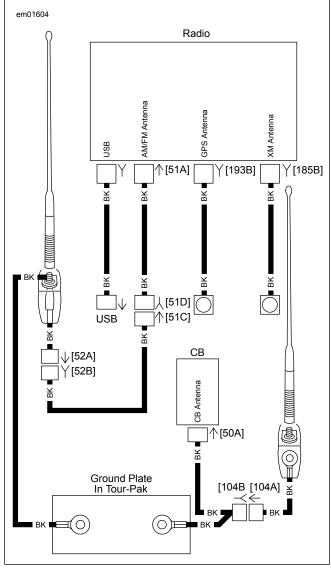


Figure 8-18. Radio Antenna/USB

### DTC B1354, B1355

#### Table 8-44. DTC B1354, B1355 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Reset needed

GPS antenna circuit

### 1. GPS Antenna Damage Test

- 1. Verify that there is no damage to the antenna.
- 2. Is damage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. GPS Antenna Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect GPS [193].
- 3. Connect a known good GPS antenna to [193].
- 4. Clear DTC.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace GPS antenna.

### 3. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 4. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

#### Table 8-45. DTC B1356, B1357 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Reset needed

SDARS (XM) antenna circuit

#### 1. SDARS Antenna Damage Test

- 1. Verify that there is no damage to the antenna.
- 2. Is damage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. SDARS Antenna Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect SDARS [185].
- 3. Connect a known good SDARS antenna to [185].
- 4. Clear DTC.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace SDARS antenna.

#### 3. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. System working properly.

#### 4. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The radio constantly monitors the voltage levels of the front and rear headsets. It can set the following DTCs if out of range. The radio can only detect headset circuit issues at high volume levels.

#### Table 8-46. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1358	Front left headset shorted high
B1359	Front right headset shorted high
B1360	Front left headset shorted low
B1361	Front right headset shorted low
B1362	Rear left headset shorted high
B1363	Rear right headset shorted high

#### Table 8-46. Code Description

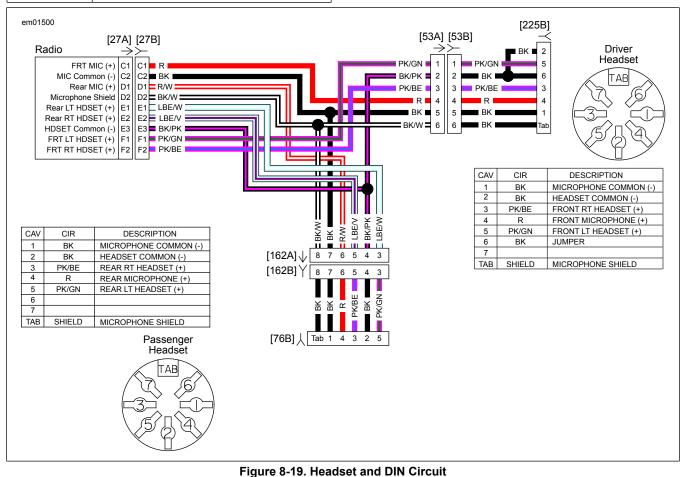
DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1364	Rear left headset shorted low
B1365	Rear right headset shorted low

### **Diagnostic Tips**

All tests must have headsets connected to DINs, headset volume adjusted to 8 bars and headset enabled in all functions. Prior to testing, use a known good pair of headsets and check system. If issue is resolved replace headset.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



### DTC B1358

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-47. DTC B1358 Diagnostic Faults

	POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Front head	Front headset circuit shorted	
Reset needed		

### 1. [27] Terminal F1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal F1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. [53] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect drivers headset [53].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal F1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [53B] terminal 1 and drivers DIN [225B] terminal 5 (PK/GN).

### 3. [27A] Terminal F1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal F1 from [27B] (PK/GN).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal F1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal F1 and [53A] terminal 1 (PK/GN).

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1359

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-48. DTC B1359 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Front headset circuit shorted

Reset needed

### 1. [27] Terminal F2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal F2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. [53] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect drivers headset [53].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal F2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [53B] terminal 3 and drivers DIN [225B] terminal 3 (PK/BE).

### 3. [27A] Terminal F2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal F2 from [27B] (PK/BE).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal F2 and ground.

- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal F2 and [53A] terminal 3 (PK/BE).

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1360

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-49. DTC B1360 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	

### Front headset circuit shorted

Reset needed

### 1. BOB Terminal F1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal F1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 2. [53] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect drivers headset [53].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal F1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal F1 and [53A] terminal 1 (PK/GN).

b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [53B] terminal 1 and drivers DIN [225B] terminal 5 (PK/GN).

### 3. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1361

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-50. DTC B1361 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Front headset circuit shorted	
Reset needed	

### 1. BOB Terminal F2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal F2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 2. [53] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect drivers headset [53].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal F2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal F2 and [53A] terminal 3 (PK/ BE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [53B] terminal 3 and drivers DIN [225B] terminal 3 (PK/BE).

### 3. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1362

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-51. DTC B1362 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Rear headset circuit shorted	
Reset needed	

### 1. BOB Terminal E1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- 6. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal E1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. [162] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal E1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 3 and passengers DIN [76B] terminal 5 (PK/GN).

### 3. [27A] Terminal E1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal E1 from [27B] (LBE/W).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal E1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal E1 and [162A] terminal 3 (LBE/W).

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1363

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-52. DTC B1363 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Rear headset circuit shorted	
Reset needed	

### 1. [27] Terminal E2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.

- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal E2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. [162] Terminal 5 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal E2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 5 and passengers DIN [76B] terminal 3 (PK/BE).

### 3. [27A] Terminal E2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal E2 from [27B] (LBE/V).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal E2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 2.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal E2 and [162A] terminal 5 (LBE/V).

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1364

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-53. DTC B1364 Diagnostic Faults

Rear headset circuit shorted	
Reset needed	

### 1. [27] Terminal E1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal E1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 2. [162] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal E1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal E1 and [162A] terminal 3 (LBE/W).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 3 and passengers DIN [225B] terminal 5 (PK/GN).

### 3. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS, Service Menu (Page 8-2).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1365

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-54. DTC B1365 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Rear headset circuit shorted

Reset needed

#### 1. BOB Terminal E2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal E2 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 2. [162] Terminal 5 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal E2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal E2 and [162A] terminal 5 (LBE/V).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 5 and passengers DIN [225B] terminal 3 (PK/BE).

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust headset volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The radio monitors three internal thermistors. It sets DTC B1366 when the internal temperature is above 239 °F (115 °C) for 5 seconds. Depending which thermistor is reporting high temperature, the symptom may be loss of navigation location, display turns off or the system turns off.

#### Table 8-55. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1366	Internal thermal shutdown error

### **Diagnostic Tips**

Extremely high ambient temperature and low air movement around the vehicle may contribute to this condition.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

### **DTC B1366**

#### Table 8-56. DTC B1366 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Rear headset circuit shorted	
Reset needed	

#### 1. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### 2. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

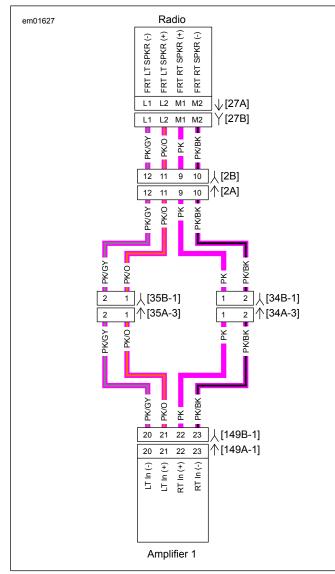
The radio and amplifier (if equipped) continuously monitor the status of the front speaker circuits.

#### Table 8-57. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1337	Front left speaker shorted together
B1339	Front left speaker shorted low
B1340	Front left speaker shorted high
B1345	Front right speaker shorted together
B1347	Front right speaker shorted low
B1348	Front right speaker shorted high

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).





### DTC B1337

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-58. DTC B1337 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted circuit wires Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 Ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. Amplifier Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 3. [2A] Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals L1 and L2 and [2B] terminals 12 and 11.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [2A] terminals 11 and 12 and [149B-1] terminals 21 and 20.

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Turn volume up to 75 percent. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.

- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1339**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-59. DTC B1339 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

### 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) 3. is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 20 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- Test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground. 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal L1 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 12 and [149B-1] terminal 20 (PK/GY).

### 4. (PK/O) Circuit Grounded Test

1. Test continuity between BOB terminals L2 and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 5. [2B] Terminal 11 Test

- Disconnect fairing [2]. 1.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- Is continuity present? 3.
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal L2 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 11 and [149B-1] terminal 21 (PK/O).

### 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications 2. and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- Turn IGN OFF and ON. 3.
- 4. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- Turn IGN OFF. 5.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### <u>DTC B1340</u>

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

### Table 8-60. DTC B1340 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

### 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A].
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) 3. is in position on BOB.
- Turn IGN ON. 4.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: 6. HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.

- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 20 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect amplifier [149-1].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 3. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [2A] terminal 12 and [149B-1] terminal 20 (PK/GY).

### 4. [27A] Terminal L1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal L1 from [27B] (PK/GY).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 12 and [27B] terminal L1 (PK/GY).

### 5. (PK/O) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 6. [2B] Terminal 12 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.

- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [2A] terminal 11 and [149B-1] terminal 21 (PK/O).

### 7. [27A] Terminal L2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal L2 from [27B] (PK/O).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal L2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 11 and [27B] terminal L2 (PK/O).

### 8. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1345**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-61. DTC B1345 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted circuit wires
Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 Ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. Amplifier Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 3. [2A] Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals M1 and M2 and [2B] terminals 9 and 10.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [2A] terminals 9 and 10 and [149B-1] terminals 22 and 23.

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Turn volume up to 75 percent. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1347**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-62. DTC B1347 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

#### Shorted circuit wires

Reset needed

### 1. (PK) Circuit Grounded Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 2. Amplifier Terminal 22 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-1].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. [2B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal M1 and [2B] terminal 9 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 9 and [149B-1] terminal 22 (PK).

### 4. (PK/BK) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals M2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 5. [2B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal M2 and [2B] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [2A] terminal 10 and [149B-1] terminal 23 (PK/BK).

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.

- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1348**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-63. DTC B1348 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted circuit wires
Reset needed

#### 1. (PK) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A].
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- 6. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 22 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect amplifier [149-1].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 3. [2B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2A] terminal 9 and [149B-1] terminal 22 (PK).

#### 4. [27A] Terminal M1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal M1 from [27B] (PK).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal M1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal M1 (PK).

#### 5. (PK/BK) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 6. [2B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair short to power between [2A] terminal 10 and [149B-1] terminal 23 (PK/BK).

#### 7. [27A] Terminal M2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal M2 from [27B] (PK/BK).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [2B] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal M2 (PK/BK).

#### 8. Reset Test

1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.

- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

The radio and amplifier (if equipped) continuously monitor the status of the speaker circuits.

#### Table 8-64. Code Description

DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1341	Rear left speaker shorted together
B1343	Rear left speaker shorted low
B1344	Rear left speaker shorted high
B1349	Rear right speaker shorted together
B1351	Rear right speaker shorted low
B1352	Rear right speaker shorted high

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).

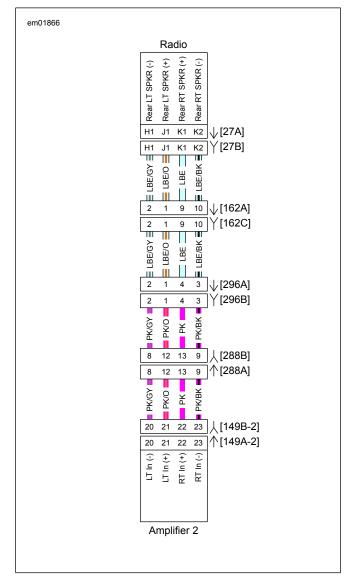


Figure 8-21. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit

### DTC B1341

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-65. DTC B1341 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted circuit wires Reset needed

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 Ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. Amplifier Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 3. [296A] Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals H1 and J1 and [296A] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. No. Repair short between [2A] terminals 1 and 2 and [149B-2] terminals 21 and 20.

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Turn volume up to 75 percent. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.

- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1343**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-66. DTC B1343 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted circuit wires
Reset needed

### 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) 3. is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 20 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal L1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 3. [296A] Terminal 2 Test

- Disconnect interconnect [296].
- Test continuity between BOB terminal H1 and ground. 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal H1 and [269A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [296B] terminal 2 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).

### 4. (PK/O) Circuit Grounded Test

1. Test continuity between BOB terminals J1 and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 5. [296B] Terminal 1 Test

- Disconnect interconnect [296]. 1.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal J1 and ground.
- Is continuity present? 3.
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal J1 and [296A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [296B] terminal 1 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/O).

### 6. Reset Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications 2. and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- Turn IGN OFF and ON. 3.
- 4. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- Turn IGN OFF. 5.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### <u>DTC B1344</u>

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

### Table 8-67. DTC B1344 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Shorted circuit wires
Reset needed

### 1. (PK/GY) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A].
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) 3. is in position on BOB.
- Turn IGN ON. 4.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: 6. HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.

- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 20 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 3. [296B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [296B] terminal 2 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).

### 4. [27A] Terminal H1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal L1 from [27B] (PK/GY).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal H1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [296A] terminal 2 and [27B] terminal H1 (LBE/GY).

### 5. (PK/O) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal J1 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 6. [296] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal J1 and ground.

- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [296B] terminal 1 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/O).

### 7. [27A] Terminal J1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal J1 from [27B] (LBE/O).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal J1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [296A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal J1 (LBE/O).

### 8. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### **DTC B1349**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-68. DTC B1349 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

### 1. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.

- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 Ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 2. Amplifier Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 3. [296A] Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminals K2 and K1 and [296A] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [296B] terminals 3 and 4 and [149B-2] terminals 22 and 23.

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Connect all connectors.
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Turn volume up to 75 percent. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.
- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1351

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-69. DTC B1351 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

#### Shorted circuit wires

Reset needed

### 1. (LBE) Circuit Grounded Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected.
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 22 Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals K1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 3. [296A] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal K1 and [296A] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [296A] terminal 3 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).

### 4. (LBE/BK) Circuit Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals K2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 5. [296] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal K2 and [296A] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [296A] terminal 4 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.
- 3. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 4. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 5. Turn IGN OFF.

- 6. Check DTCs.
- 7. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

### DTC B1352

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-70. DTC B1352 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted circuit wires	
Reset needed	

#### 1. (LBE) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A].
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Turn radio ON.
- 6. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 2. Amplifier Terminal 22 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 3. [296A] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.

 b. No. Repair short to voltage between [296B] terminal 3 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).

#### 4. [27A] Terminal K1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal K1 from [27B] (LBE).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal K1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [296A] terminal 3 and [27B] terminal K1 (LBE).

#### 5. (LBE/BK) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 6. [296B] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Repair short to power between [296B] terminal 4 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).

#### 7. [27A] Terminal K2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27B].
- Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal K2 from [27B] (LBE/BK).
- 4. Connect [27B].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal K2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [296A] terminal 4 and [27B] terminal K2 (LBE/BK).

#### 8. Reset Test

1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See audio specifications and service functions in the electrical diagnostic manual.

- 2. Turn IGN OFF and ON.
- 3. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 4. Turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Check DTCs.
- 6. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. System working properly.

## AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS

### **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

Many faults may occur that do not set a DTC. These faults are listed in Table 8-71. Verify no DTCs are present before addressing symptoms.

#### Table 8-71. Symptoms Description

DESCRIPTION	
Front headset malfunction	
Rear headset malfunction	
Rear audio switch malfunction	
Radio inoperative	
Static present with engine running	
Radio turns ON and OFF	
Poor or no reception	
CB transmitter inoperative	
CB receiver inoperative	
All speakers inoperative with amplifier 1	
Left front fairing speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	
Both left speakers inoperative with amplifier 1	
Lower left speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	
Saddlebag left speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	
Left speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 1	
Right front fairing speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	
Both right speakers inoperative with amplifier 1	

### Table 8-71. Symptoms Description

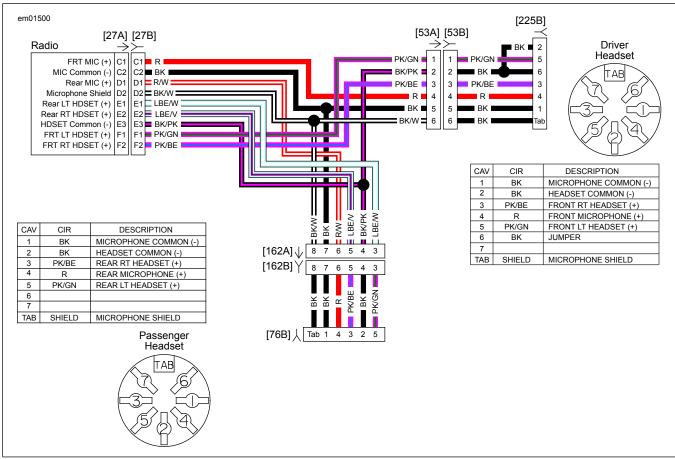
DESCRIPTION	
Lower right speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	
Saddlebag right speaker inoperative with amplifier 1	
Right speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 1	
All speakers inoperative with amplifier 2	
Left speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 2	
Both left speakers inoperative with amplifier 2	
Saddlebag left speaker inoperative with amplifier 2	
Right speaker pod inoperative with amplifier 2	
Both right speakers inoperative with amplifier 2	
Saddlebag right speaker inoperative with amplifier 2	
Bluetooth device will not pair with audio system	
No or low audio from XM or XM inoperative	

### **Diagnostic Tips**

- Verify that VOX is ON and set to midpoint when testing intercom.
- Check for radio software updates. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- If radio is beeping with IGN ON and radio ON, then use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650) to set regional code.

### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



#### Figure 8-22. Headset and DIN Circuit

### FRONT HEADSET MALFUNCTION

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-72. Front Headset Malfunction Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
-----------------	--

PTT circuit malfunction
Headset malfunction
DIN circuit malfunction

### 1. Verify Headset Test

- 1. Replace with known good headset.
- 2. Does system work properly?
  - a. Yes. Replace headset.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect RHCM for damage.
- 2. Is there damage to RHCM?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Switch Test

- 1. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Select key input menu.
- 3. Select handlebars sub-menu.
- 4. Press PTT button and verify that button illuminates on radio display.
- 5. Does button illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Cycle IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. Main Fuse Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 6. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. Hand Control Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect RHCM [22].
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

#### 7. Headset Power at DIN Test

- 1. Exit service menu.
- 2. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between driver DIN [225B] terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage between 7.5-8.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. Headset Power [53] Test

- 1. Disconnect DIN [53].
- 2. Test voltage between [53A] terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage between 7.5-8.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open or short between [53B] terminal 4 and [225B] terminal 4 (R).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

#### 9. Headset Power Breakout Box Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27].
- 3. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal C1 from [27B].
- 4. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 5. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB terminal C1 and ground.

- 8. Is voltage between 7.5-8.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open or short between [27B] terminal C1 and [53A] terminal 4 (R).
  - b. No. Replace radio.

#### 10. Headset Ground at DIN Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between driver DIN [225B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

#### 11. Headset Ground [53] Test

- 1. Disconnect DIN [53].
- 2. Test continuity between [53A] terminal 5 (BK) and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [53B] terminal 5 and [225B] terminal 1 (BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

### 12. Headset Ground Breakout Box Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27].
- 3. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal C2 from [27B].
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 5. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 6. Test for continuity between at BOB terminal C2 and ground.
- 7. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [28B] terminal C2 and [53A] terminal 5 (BK).
  - b. No. Replace radio.

#### 13. Common Headset Speaker at DIN Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test continuity between [225B] terminal 2 and BOB terminal E3.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

### 14. Common Headset Speaker [53] Test

- 1. Disconnect DIN [53].
- 2. Test continuity between [53A] terminal 2 (BK/PK) and BOB terminal E3.

#### 3. Is continuity present?

- a. **Yes.** Repair open between [53B] terminal 2 and [225B] terminal 2 (BK).
- b. **No.** Repair open between [53A] terminal 2 and [27B] terminal E3 (BK/PK).

### 15. Left Headset Speaker (+) at DIN Test

- 1. Test continuity between [225B] terminal 5 and BOB terminal F1.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

### 16. Left Headset Speaker (+) [53] Test

- 1. Disconnect DIN [53].
- 2. Test continuity between [53A] terminal 1 (PK/GN) and BOB terminal F1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [53B] terminal 1 and [225B] terminal 5 (PK/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [53A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal F1 (PK/GN).

### 17. Right Headset Speaker (+) at DIN Test

- 1. Test continuity between [225B] terminal 3 and BOB terminal F2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

### 18. Right Headset Speaker (+) [53] Test

- 1. Disconnect DIN [53].
- 2. Test continuity between [53A] terminal 3 (PK/BE) and BOB terminal F2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [53B] terminal 3 and [225B] terminal 3 (PK/BE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [53A] terminal 3 and [27B] terminal F2 (PK/BE).

### **19. Microphone Open Test**

- 1. Disconnect CB [184].
- 2. Test resistance between [184A] terminal 1 and BOB terminal C3.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.

b. **No.** Repair open between [184A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal C3 (R).

### 20. Microphone Low Test

- 1. Test continuity between [184A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal C3 and [184A] terminal 1 (R).
  - b. No. Go to Test 21.

### 21. Microphone High Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [184A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage above 5.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to power between [27B] terminal C3 and [184A] terminal 1 (R).
  - b. No. Replace radio.

### **REAR HEADSET MALFUNCTION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL

#### Table 8-73. Rear Headset Malfunction Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
PTT circuit malfunction
Headset malfunction
DIN circuit malfunction

### 1. Verify Headset Test

- 1. Replace with known good headset.
- 2. Does system work properly?
  - a. Yes. Replace headset.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect rear audio switch for damage.
- 2. Is there damage to the rear audio switch?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear audio switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Switch Test

- 1. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Select key input menu.
- 3. Select handlebars sub-menu.

- 4. Press PTT button and verify that button illuminates on radio display.
- 5. Does button illuminate?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS, Service Menu (Page 8-2).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 3. Install main fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 5. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 6. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

### 6. Hand Control Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect RHCM [22].
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

### 7. Headset Power at DIN Test

- 1. Exit service menu.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between passenger DIN [76B] terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage between 7.5-8.5V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 8. Headset Power [162] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test voltage between [162A] terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage between 7.5-8.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open or short between [162B] terminal 6 and [76B] terminal 4 (R).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

#### 9. Headset Power Breakout Box Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27].
- 3. Using 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423), remove terminal D1 from [27B].
- 4. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 5. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Test voltage between BOB terminal D1 and ground.
- 8. Is voltage between 7.5-8.5V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open or short between [27B] terminal D1 and [162A] terminal 6 (R/W).
  - b. No. Replace radio.

### 10. Headset Ground at DIN Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Test continuity between passenger DIN [76B] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

### 11. Headset Ground [162] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between [162A] terminal 7 (BK) and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 7 and [76B] terminal 1 (BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

### 12. Headset Ground Breakout Box Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Test resistance between at BOB terminal C2 and ground.

- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [27B] terminal C2 and [162A] terminal 7 (BK).
  - b. No. Replace radio.

### 13. Common Headset Speaker at DIN Test

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 3. Test continuity between [76B] terminal 2 and BOB terminal E3.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

### 14. Common Headset Speaker [162] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between [162A] terminal 4 (BK/PK) and BOB terminal E3.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 4 and [76B] terminal 2 (BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 4 and [27B] terminal E3 (BK/PK).

### 15. Left Headset Speaker (+) at DIN Test

- 1. Test continuity between [76B] terminal 5 and BOB terminal E1.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

### 16. Left Headset Speaker (+) [162] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 2. Test continuity between [162A] terminal 3 (LBE/W) and BOB terminal E1.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 3 and [76B] terminal 5 (PK/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 3 and [27B] terminal E1 (LBE/W).

### 17. Right Headset Speaker (+) at DIN Test

- 1. Test continuity between [76B] terminal 3 and BOB terminal E2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

### 18. Right Headset Speaker (+) [53] Test

- 1. Disconnect DIN [162].
- 2. Test continuity between [162A] terminal 5 (LBE/V) and BOB terminal E2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 5 and [76B] terminal 3 (PK/BE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 5 and [27B] terminal E2 (LBE/V).

### 19. Microphone Open Test

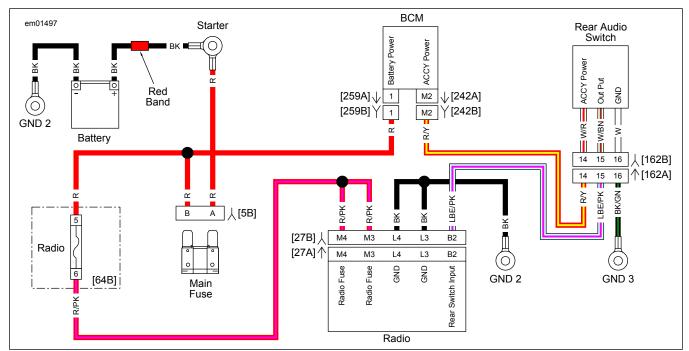
- 1. Disconnect CB [184].
- 2. Test resistance between [184A] terminal 1 and BOB terminal C3.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [184A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal C3 (R).

### 20. Microphone Low Test

- 1. Test continuity between [184A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal C3 and [184A] terminal 1 (R).
  - b. No. Go to Test 21.

### 21. Microphone High Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between [184A] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage above 5.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to power between [27B] terminal C3 and [184A] terminal 1 (R).
  - b. No. Replace radio.





### REAR AUDIO SWITCH MALFUNCTION

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-74. Rear Audio Switch Malfunction Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Rear audio switch malfunction
Open power circuit
Open ground circuit

### 1. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect rear audio switch for damage.
- 2. Is there damage to switch?
  - a. Yes. Replace switch.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162].
- 3. Turn IGN and radio ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [162A] terminal 14 (R/Y) and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Power Circuit Test

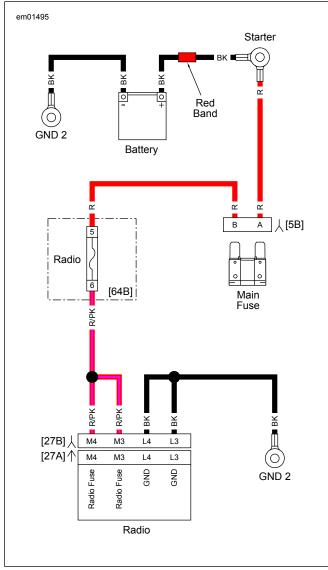
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) between wiring harness [242B] and BCM [242A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal M2 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [242B] terminal M2 and [162A] terminal 14 (R/Y).
  - b. No. Replace BCM.

### 4. Ground Circuit Test

- 1. Test resistance between [162A] terminal 16 (BK/GN) and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open between [162A] terminal 16 (BK/GN) and ground.

### 5. Switch Test

- 1. Replace rear audio switch with known good switch.
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Connect [162].
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Does system work properly?
  - a. Yes. Replace rear audio switch.
  - b. No. Replace radio.



### Figure 8-24. Radio Power Circuit RADIO INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-75. Radio Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Open radio fuse
Battery power open
CAN shorted low

### 1. Radio Fuse Test

- 1. Inspect radio fuse.
- 2. Is fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Replace radio fuse. If fuse opens again repair short to ground on (R/PK) and test again.

## 2. Radio Power M3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to radio [27B], leaving wiring harness [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal M3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal M3 and fuse block [64B] socket terminal 6 (R/PK).

### 3. Radio Power M4 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal M4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open between [27B] terminal M4 and fuse block [64B] socket terminal 6 (R/PK).

### 4. CAN Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal A1 and ground 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground on [27B] terminal A1 (W/R).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. Main Fuse Test

- 1. Remove main fuse [5] for 1 minute.
- 2. Install main fuse.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

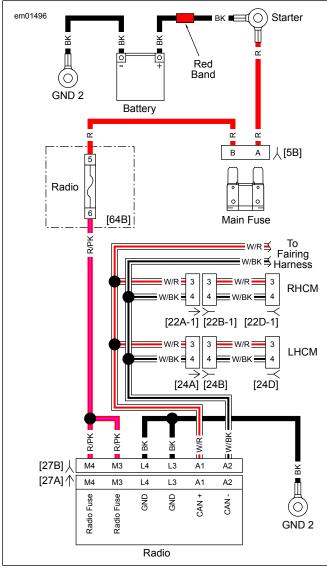


Figure 8-25. FLH Radio Power and CAN Circuit

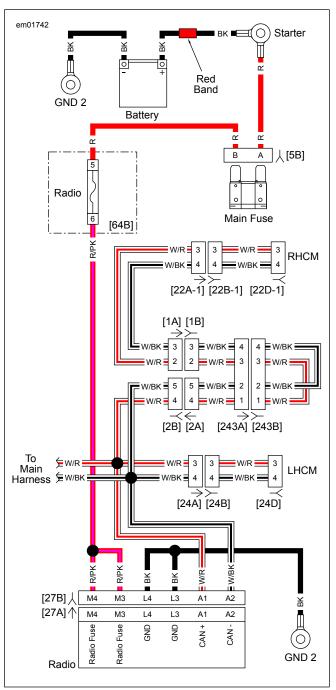


Figure 8-26. FLT Radio Power and CAN Circuit STATIC PRESENT WITH ENGINE RUNNING

# Table 8-76. Static Present with Engine Running Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Alternator malfunction
Regulator malfunction
Loose power connections
Loose antenna connections

### 1. Static Observation Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON. Do not start engine.
- 2. Turn radio ON. Listen for the presence of static.
- 3. Start engine. Listen for the presence of static.

- 4. Is static present only when the engine is operating?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. See AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Poor or No Reception (Page 8-65).

### 2. Regulator Test

- 1. Disconnect alternator [47] and start engine.
- 2. Is static still present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Regulator Connectors Test

- 1. Inspect regulator connectors for damaged, pushed out or corroded terminals.
- 2. Are connector terminations okay and the connectors tight?
  - a. Yes. Replace voltage regulator.
  - b. No. Clean and tighten connections.

### 4. Ignition System Test

- 1. Test for proper spark plug wire resistance of 4975-11,950 ohms.
- 2. Is resistance within specifications?
  - a. **Yes.** If spark plug wires are in good condition, replace spark plugs.
  - b. No. Replace spark plug wires.

### **RADIO TURNS ON AND OFF**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

Table 8-77. Radio Turns On and Off Diagnostic Faults

	POSSIBLE CAUSES	

CAN shorted high or low

### 1. CAN High Short to Voltage A1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal A1 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 4.0V?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to voltage on [27B] terminal A1 (W/R).

b. No. Go to Test 2.

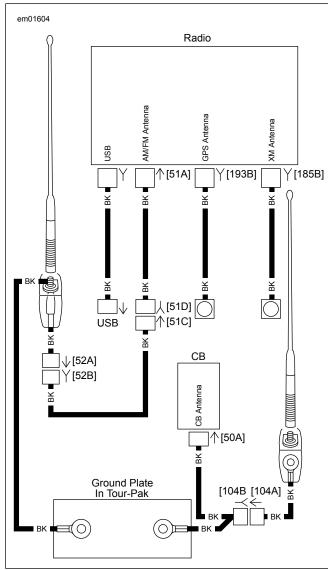
### 2. CAN Low Short to Voltage A2 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal A2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 4.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage on [27B] terminal A2 (W/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. CAN Low Short to Ground A2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal A2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground on [27B] terminal A2 (W/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Does radio turn on and stay on?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Replace radio.



# Figure 8-27. Radio Antenna/USB POOR OR NO RECEPTION

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

#### Table 8-78. Poor or No Reception Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Antenna and cable malfunctions

Stations out of range

# 1. Low-Band Radio Operation Test

- 1. Switch to AM (or LW/MW/W for HDI) band.
- 2. Locate a strong station using seek button.
- 3. Does radio stop seeking on the strong station?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 2. FM-Band Radio Operation Test

- 1. Switch to FM band.
- 2. Locate a strong station using the seek button.

- 3. Does radio stop seeking on the strong station?
  - a. Yes. Operation normal. Review symptoms.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Antenna Cable Test

- 1. Verify antenna cable connections to mast and radio.
- 2. Is antenna cable connected to mast and radio?
  - a. **Yes.** Disconnect all antenna cable [51] and [52], check connectors for damaged, pushed out or corroded terminals. Repair as required. If connectors are okay, continue with tests. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Connect antenna cable.

# 4. Antenna Cable Open Test

- 1. Connect [51C] and [51D].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity on center conductor between [51A] and [52B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Antenna Cable Open [52] Test

- 1. Disconnect [51C] and [51D].
- 2. Test continuity on center conductor between [51C] and [52B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna cable between [51D] and [51A].
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [51C] and [52B].

# 6. Antenna Cable Short Test

- 1. Test continuity between [51A] center conductor to cable shield.
- 2. Is continuity present?

a. Yes. Go to Test 7.

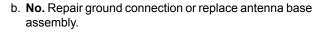
b. No. Go to Test 8.

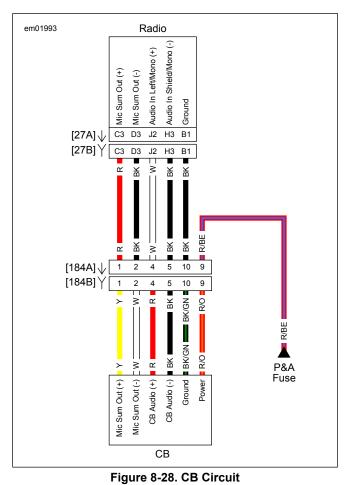
# 7. Antenna Cable Open [51] Test

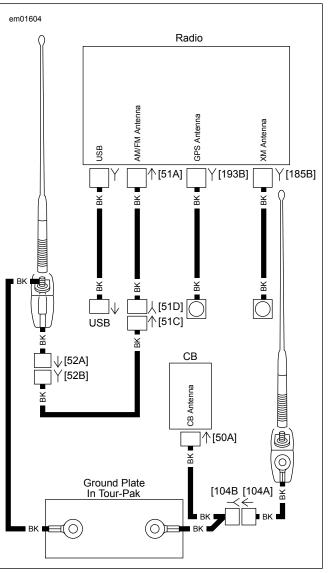
- 1. Disconnect [51C] and [51D].
- Test continuity between [51A] center conductor to cable shield.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna cable between [51D] and [51A].
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [51C] and [52B].

# 8. Antenna Base Open to Ground Plate Test

- 1. Test continuity between [52A] shield (outer conductor) and ground plate inside Tour-Pak.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.







# Figure 8-29. Radio Antenna/USB CB TRANSMITTER INOPERATIVE

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
21-534	RADIO SHACK SWR METER
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-48037	SWR METER ADAPTERS
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

Table 8-79. CB Transmitter Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
P&A fuse
Open power circuit
Open antenna circuit
Shorted antenna circuit
Reset needed

## 1. Visual Test

1. Inspect RHCM for damage.

- 2. Are there damages to RHCM?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. Switch Test

- 1. Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS, Service Menu (Page 8-2).
- 2. Enter key input.
- 3. Enter handlebars.
- 4. Press PTT button and verify that button becomes highlighted.
- 5. Does button highlight?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace RHCM.

#### 3. Fuse Test

- 1. Check P&A fuse.
- 2. Is fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair as needed. Replace fuse.

### 4. COM Button Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Perform the following:
  - a. Turn IGN ON.
  - b. Turn radio ON.
  - c. Press accept button.
  - d. Press home button.
  - e. Press com button.
- 3. Is CB button present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. CB Module Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect CB [184].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [184A] terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace CB module.
  - b. No. Repair open between [184A] terminal 9 and fuse block [64B] socket terminal 12 (R/BE).

### 6. CB Button Test

1. Press CB button.

- 2. Does screen display "CB ON"?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Turn CB ON and retest.

#### 7. CB Modulation Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect antenna [50A & B].
- Connect RADIO SHACK SWR METER (PART NUMBER: 21-534) and SWR METER ADAPTERS (PART NUMBER: HD-48037) between [50B] and [50A].
- 4. Connect known good headset.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Wait until CB icon appears on radio screen, press handlebar PTT button, speak into microphone.
- 7. Does SWR meter fluctuate when transmitting while speaking?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. Open MIC (+) Wire Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to radio [27B], leaving wiring harness [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Disconnect CB [184].
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal C3 and [184B] terminal 1 (R).
- 6. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal C3 and [184B] terminal 1 (R).

#### 9. Open MIC (-) Wire Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal D3 and [184B] terminal 2 (BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal D3 and [184B] terminal 2 (BK).

### **10. Continuity MIC Circuit Test**

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal D3 and C3.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminal D3 (BK) and C3 (R).
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 11. CB Antenna Cable Open [50] Test

- 1. Remove antenna mast from mounting stud.
- 2. Disconnect CB antenna [50].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity center conductor between [50A] and mounting stud.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

#### 12. CB Antenna Cable Open [104] Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna [104].
- 2. Test continuity center conductor between [50A] to center conductor [104B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [50A] and [104B].

#### 13. CB Antenna Cable Open Mast Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna eyelet at base of antenna mast from inside of Tour-Pak.
- 2. Test continuity center conductor between [104A] and antenna eyelet.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna mast.
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [104B] and antenna mast.

### 14. CB Antenna Cable Shield Open [50] Test

- 1. Check continuity outer connector shell between [50A] and ground plate inside Tour-Pak.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. No. Go to Test 15.

#### 15. CB Antenna Cable Shield Open [104] Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna [104].
- Test continuity outer connector shell between [50A] to outer connector shell [104B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna cable between [104B] and antenna mast.
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [50A] and [104B].

#### 16. CB Antenna Cable Shorted [50] Test

- 1. Check continuity between center conductor [50A] and ground plate inside Tour-Pak.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

# 17. CB Antenna Cable Shorted [104] Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna [104].
- Test continuity center conductor between [50A] to outer connector shell [104B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna cable between [50A] and [104B].
  - b. **No.** Replace antenna cable between [104B] and antenna mast.

#### 18. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

#### **CB RECEIVER INOPERATIVE**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-80. CB Receiver Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
P&A fuse	
Open power circuit	
Open antenna circuit	
Shorted antenna circuit	
Reset needed	

#### 1. Visual Test

- 1. Inspect RHCM for damage.
- 2. Are there damages to RHCM?
  - a. Yes. Replace RHCM.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Switch Test

- Enter service menu. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS (Page 8-1).
- 2. Enter key input.
- 3. Enter handlebars.
- 4. Press PTT button. Verify that button becomes highlighted.
- 5. Does button highlight?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

b. No. Replace RHCM.

#### 3. Fuse Test

- 1. Check P&A fuse.
- 2. Is fuse good?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace fuse.

#### 4. COM Button Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Perform the following:
  - a. Turn IGN ON.
  - b. Turn radio ON.
  - c. Press accept button.
  - d. Press home button.
  - e. Press com button.
- 3. Is CB button present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. CB Module Power Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect CB [184].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between [184A] terminal 9 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Replace CB module.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [184A] terminal 9 and fuse block [64B] socket terminal 12 (R/BE).

### 6. CB Button Test

- 1. Press CB button.
- 2. Does screen display "CB ON"?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Turn CB ON and retest.

### 7. Receiver Audio Test

1. Press squelch switch down until bar graph on display moves to the left most position (open).

#### NOTE

Doing so keeps the squelch open and independent of received signal strength.

- 2. Is CB audio present? Unless a signal is actually present, audio will be in the form of static hissing.
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

# 8. Squelch Operation Test

- 1. Press squelch switch up until CB audio cuts out.
- 2. Transmit a signal from a known good transmitter tuned to the same channel as the receiver under test.
- 3. Does squelch open and is audio present?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

#### 9. Receiver Operation Test

- 1. Transmit a signal from a known good transmitter tuned to the same channel as the receiver under test.
- 2. Is CB receiver audio present?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

#### **10. Receiver Audio Voltage Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] and radio [27A]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404) and an external transmitter (tuned to same channel as receiver) for test signal, test voltage between BOB terminal J2 and H3
- 6. Is voltage between 0.0-1.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No, battery voltage present. Go to Test 14.
  - c. No, 0V present. Go to Test 12.
  - d. No, less than battery voltage present. Go to Test 11.

### 11. Receiver Audio Open (+) Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [27A].
- 3. Test resistance between BOB terminal J2 and [184B] terminal 4
- 4. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal J2 and [184B] terminal 4 (W).

### 12. Receiver Audio Open (-) Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal H3 and [184B] terminal 5.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.

b. **No.** Repair open between [27B] terminal H3 and [184B] terminal 5 (BK).

# 13. Receiver Audio Short to Ground (+) Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal J2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal J2 and [184B] terminal 4 (W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

#### 14. Receiver Audio Short to Ground (-) Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal H3 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [27B] terminal H3 and [184B] terminal 5 (BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 15.

#### **15. Receiver Audio Shorted Together Test**

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal J2 and H3.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [27B] terminal J2 and H3 (W) and (BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

# 16. Receiver Audio Harness Shorted to Voltage (+) Test

- 1. Connect [27A].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal J2 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 4.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal J2 and [184B] terminal 4 (W).
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

# 17. Receiver Audio Harness Shorted to Voltage (-) Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal H3 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 4.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [27B] terminal H3 and [184B] terminal 5 (BK).
  - b. No. Replace CB module.

### 18. CB Antenna Cable Open [50] Test

- 1. Remove antenna mast from mounting stud.
- 2. Disconnect CB antenna [50].
- 3. Test continuity center conductor between [50A] and mounting stud.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. No. Go to Test 21.

# 19. CB Antenna Cable Open [104] Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna [104].
- 2. Test continuity center conductor between [50A] to center conductor [104B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [50A] and [104B].

#### 20. CB Antenna Cable Open Mast Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna eyelet at base of antenna mast from inside of Tour-Pak.
- 2. Test continuity center conductor between [104A] and antenna eyelet.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna mast.
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [104B] and antenna mast.

### 21. CB Antenna Cable Shield Open [50] Test

- 1. Check continuity outer connector shell between [50A] and ground plate inside Tour-Pak.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 23.
  - b. No. Go to Test 22.

### 22. CB Antenna Cable Shield Open [104] Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna [104].
- 2. Test continuity between outer connector shell [50A] to outer connector shell [104B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Replace antenna cable between [104B] and antenna mast.
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [50A] and [104B].

### 23. CB Antenna Cable Shorted [50] Test

- 1. Check continuity between center conductor [50A] and ground plate inside Tour-Pak.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 24.
  - b. No. Go to Test 25.

#### 24. CB Antenna Cable Shorted [104] Test

- 1. Disconnect CB antenna [104].
- 2. Test continuity center conductor between [50A] to outer connector shell [104B].
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace antenna cable between [50A] and [104B].
  - b. No. Replace antenna cable between [104B] and antenna mast.

### 25. Reset Test

- 1. Perform a pre-calibration reset. See AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE FUNCTIONS, Service Menu (Page 8-2).
- 2. Turn IGN OFF.
- 3. Turn IGN ON. Allow radio to start playing. Wait 30 seconds and turn IGN OFF.
- 4. Turn IGN ON. Check headset operation.
- 5. Did headset work?
  - a. Yes. System working properly.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

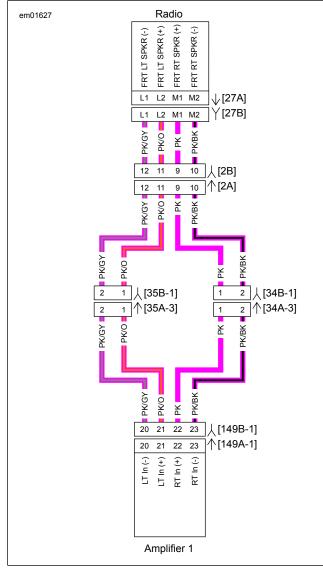
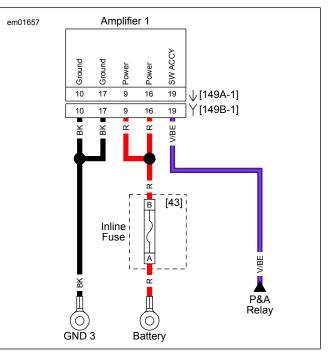
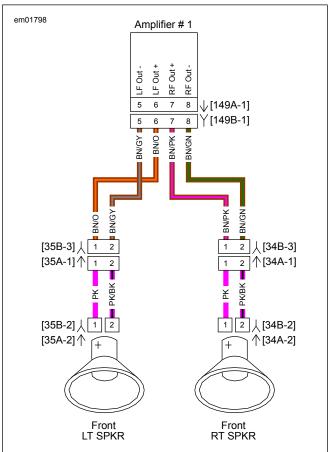


Figure 8-30. Amplifier 1: Radio Front Speaker Circuit







# Figure 8-32. Amplifier 1: Front Speakers ALL SPEAKERS INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

 
 Table 8-81. All Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted to ground circuit wires	
Open circuit wires	

# 1. Power Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 9 and battery (R).

# 2. Power Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 16 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 16 and battery (R).

### 3. Ground Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 10 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 10 and ground (BK).

# 4. Ground Terminal 17 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 17 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open between [149-1] terminal 17 and ground (BK).

### 5. Switch Power Terminal 19 Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 19 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Remove BOB. Go to Test 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 19 and P&A relay (V/BE).

### 6. OE Radio Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A front speaker jumpers [34-3] and [35-3].
- 5. Connect OE front speakers [34-1] and [35-1].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Are all speakers inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## LEFT FRONT FAIRING SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-82. Left Front Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

# 1. Configuration Test

- 1. Verify speakers on amplifier 1.
- 2. Only speakers on amplifier 1 are front fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

# 2. Circuit Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B] leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. [149B-1] Terminal 20 Open Test

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Test continuity between radio BOB terminal L1 and amplifier BOB terminal 20.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. [35A-3] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L1 and [35B-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 20 and [35A-3] terminal 2 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

### 5. [2] Terminal 12 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L1 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [35B-1] terminal 2 and [2A] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 12 and [27B] terminal L1 (PK/GY).

# 6. [149B-1] Terminal 21 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L2 and amplifier BOB terminal 21.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

### 7. [35A-3] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35A-3].
- Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L2 and [35B-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 21 and [35A-3] terminal 1 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 8. [2] Terminal 11 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L2 and [2B] terminal 11 (PK/O).

- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [35B-1] terminal 1 and [2A] terminal 11 (PK/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 11 and [27B] terminal L2 (PK/O).

#### 9. Left Speaker Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove radio BOB and connect [27].
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Test resistance between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

#### 10. [35B-3] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [35B-3] terminals 1 and 2 and [149B-1] terminals 5 and 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

#### 11. Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [35A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [35A-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [35B-2] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 12. Left Speaker Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

#### 13. [35B-3] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-3].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [35B-3] terminal 1 (BN/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [35B-3] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 6 (BN/O).

# 14. [35B-3] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [35B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GY).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [35B-3] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 5 (BN/GY).

# 15. [35B-2] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35B-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [35B-2] terminal 1 and [35A-1] terminal 1 (PK).

# 16. [35B-2] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [35B-2] terminals 2 and [35A-1] terminals 2 (PK/BK).

# 17. Left Speaker Circuit (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

# 18. [35B-3] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [35B-3] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 6 (BN/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

# 19. Left Speaker Circuit (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 21.

# 20. [35B-3] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-3].
- 2. Test continuity between terminal 5 and ground.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [35B-3] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 5 (BN/GY).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# 21. (BN/O) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminals 6 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 22.
  - b. No. Go to Test 24.

# 22. [35B-3] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-3].
- 2. Test voltage between terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 23.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

# 23. [149B-1] Terminal 5 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 6 from [149B-1] (BN/O).
- 4. Connect [149B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [35B-3] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 6 (BN/O).

# 24. (BN/GY) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Go to Test 27.

# 25. [35B-3] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

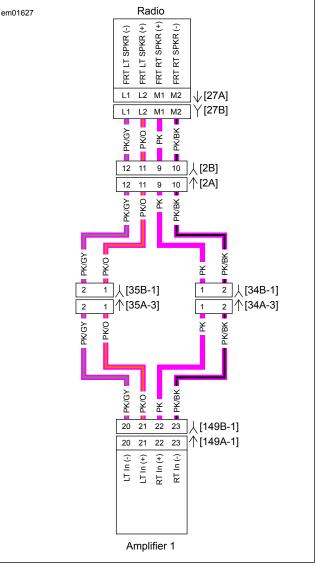
- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35B-3].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# 26. [149B-1] Terminal 6 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 5 from [149B-1] (BN/GY).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [35B-3] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 6 (BN/GY).

# 27. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A front speaker jumpers [34-3] and [35-3].
- 5. Connect OE front speakers [34-1] and [35-1].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is left front speaker inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



### Figure 8-33. Amplifier 1: Radio Front Speaker Circuit BOTH LEFT SPEAKERS INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

 Table 8-83. Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier

 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires

# 1. Circuit Shorted Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals L1 and L2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. [149B-1] Terminal 20 Open Test

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Test continuity between radio BOB terminal L1 and amplifier BOB terminal 20.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. [35A-3] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [35-1].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L1 and [35B-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 20 and [35A-1] terminal 2 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. [2] Terminal 12 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L1 and [2B] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [35B-1] terminal 2 and [2A] terminal 12 (PK/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 12 and [27B] terminal L1 (PK/GY).

# 5. [149B-1] Terminal 21 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L2 and amplifier BOB terminal 21.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. [35A-3] Terminal 1 Open Test

1. Disconnect speaker harness [35A-3].

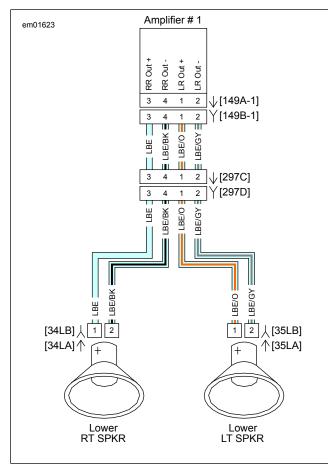
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L2 and [35B-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 21 and [35A-1] terminal 1 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. [2] Terminal 11 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal L2 and [2B] terminal 11 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [35B-1] terminal 1 and [2A] terminal 11 (PK/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 11 and [27B] terminal L2 (PK/O).

# 8. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A front speaker jumpers [34-3] and [35-3].
- 5. Connect OE front speakers [34-1] and [35-1].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is left front speaker inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



# Figure 8-34. Amplifier 1: Lower Speakers LOWER LEFT SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

# Table 8-84. Lower Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted together circuit wires	
Shorted to ground circuit wires	
Shorted to voltage circuit wires	
Open circuit wires	
Shorted speaker	
Open speaker	

### 1. Left Lower Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals 1 and 2.

- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 2. [297C] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [297C] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Left Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35L].
- 2. Test resistance between [35LA] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 1 and 2 and [35LB] terminals 1 and 2.

# 4. Lower Fairing Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Speaker (+) Circuit Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35L].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. [297C] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 7. Speaker (-) Circuit Open Test

1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [297C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

### 9. Lower Fairing Speaker (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

# 10. [297C] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

### 11. Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

### 12. [297C] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 13. Lower Fairing Speaker (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn radio ON.

- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

# 14. [297C] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 15. [149B-1] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 1 from [149B-1] (LBE/O).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

### 16. Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

### 17. [297C] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

### 18. [149B-1] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].

- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), terminal 2 from [149B-1] (LBE/GY).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 19. Left Speaker Jumper Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 3 to [297D] terminal 1.
- 4. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 4 to [297D] terminal 2.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Does lower left speaker work?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

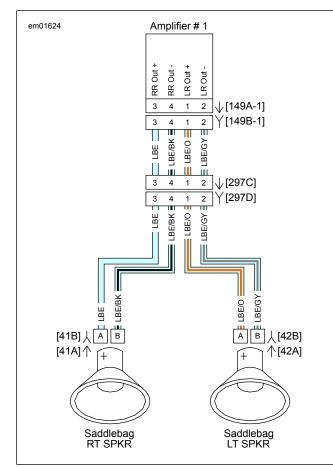


Figure 8-35. Amplifier 1: Saddlebag Speakers SADDLEBAG LEFT SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX

# Table 8-85. Saddlebag Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted together circuit wires	
Shorted to ground circuit wires	
Shorted to voltage circuit wires	
Open circuit wires	
Shorted speaker	
Open speaker	

### 1. Left Saddlebag Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect left saddlebag speakers [42].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 2. [297C] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [297C] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. Left Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [42].
- 2. Test resistance between [42A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 1 and 2 and [42B] terminal A and B.

### 4. Lower Fairing Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Speaker (+) Circuit Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [42].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. [297C] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 7. Speaker (-) Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [297C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

### 9. Saddlebag Speaker (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

### 10. [297C] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).

# 11. Saddlebag Speaker (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

# 12. [297C] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).

### 13. Saddlebag Speaker (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn radio ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

## 14. [297C] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 1 and [2B] terminal A (LBE/O).

### 15. [149B-1] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 1 from [149B-1] (LBE/O).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 16. Saddlebag Speaker (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

# 17. [297C] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

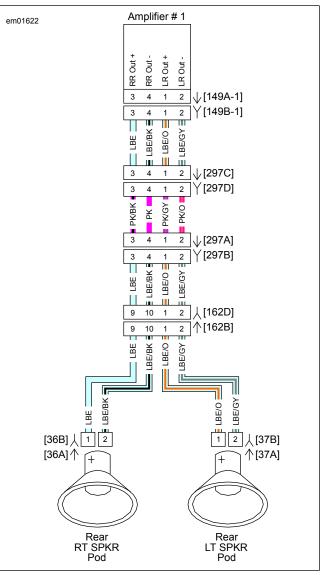
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 18. [149B-1] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 2 from [149B-1] (LBE/GY).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

### 19. Left Speaker Jumper Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 3 to [297D] terminal 1.
- 4. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 4 to [297D] terminal 2.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Does saddlebag left speaker work?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.



## Figure 8-36. Amplifier 1: Rear Speaker Pods LEFT SPEAKER POD INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

# Table 8-86. Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted together circuit wires	
Shorted to ground circuit wires	
Shorted to voltage circuit wires	
Open circuit wires	
Shorted speaker	
Open speaker	

# 1. Left Speaker Pod Circuit Shorted Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 2. Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect left speaker [37].
- 2. Test resistance between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. [162B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 1 and 2 and [37B] terminals 1 and 2.

### 4. [297B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162D] terminals 1 and 2 and [297B] terminals 1 and 2.

# 5. [297C] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [297C] terminals 1 and 2 and [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 1 and 2 and [297A] terminals 1 and 2.

# 6. Left Speaker Pod Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

# 7. Speaker Pod (+) Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [162B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [162D] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

### 9. [297B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

# 10. [297C] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

### 11. Speaker Pod (-) Open Test

- . Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

### 12. [162B] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [162D] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

## 13. [297B] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

# 14. [297C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 15. Left Speaker Pod (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

### 16. [162B] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (PK/O).

### 17. [297B] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 18. [297C] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).

### 19. Left Speaker Pod (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 23.

# 20. [162B] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 21.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (PK/GY).

# 21. [297B] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 22.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

### 22. [297C] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).

### 23. Left Speaker Pod (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 24.
  - b. No. Go to Test 28.

#### 24. [162B] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 25. [297B] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 26. [297C] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 27.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).

# 27. [149B-1] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 1 from [149B-2] (LBE/O).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297C] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 28. Left Speaker Pod (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 29.
  - b. No. Go to Test 33.

# 29. [162B] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 30.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (PK/GY).

# 30. [297B] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 31.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 31. [297C] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 32.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).

# 32. [149B-1] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 2 from [149B-2] (LBE/GY).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297C] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 33. Left Speaker Jumper Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 3 to [297D] terminal 1.
- 4. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 4 to [297D] terminal 2.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Does left speaker pod work?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

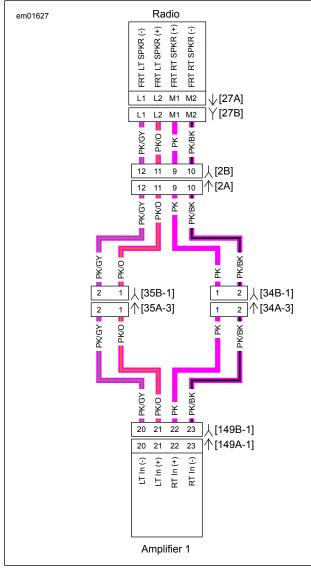
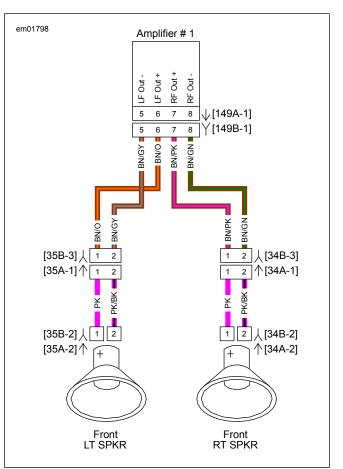


Figure 8-37. Amplifier 1: Radio Front Speaker Circuit



# Figure 8-38. Amplifier 1: Front Speakers RIGHT FRONT FAIRING SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-87. Right Front Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Shorted together circuit wires	
Shorted to ground circuit wires	
Shorted to voltage circuit wires	
Open circuit wires	
Shorted speaker	
Open speaker	

# 1. Configuration Test

- 1. Verify speakers on amplifier 1.
- 2. Only speakers on amplifier 1 are front fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

# 2. Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

# 3. [149B-1] Terminal 22 Open Test

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Test continuity between radio BOB terminal M1 and amplifier BOB terminal 22.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. [34A-3] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M1 and [34B-1] terminal 1 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 22 and [34A-3] terminal 1 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. [2] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M1 and [2B] terminal 9 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [34B-1] terminal 1 and [2A] terminal 9 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal M1 (PK).

# 6. [149B-1] Terminal 23 Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between radio BOB terminal M2 and amplifier BOB terminal 23.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

# 7. [34A-3] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M2 and [34B-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 23 and [34A-3] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

# 8. [2] Terminal 10 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M2 and [2B] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [34B-1] terminal 1 and [2A] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal M2 (PK/BK).

# 9. Right Speaker Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove radio BOB and connect [27].
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

# 10. [34B-3] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34B-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [34B-3] terminals 1 and 2 and [149B-1] terminals 7 and 8.
  - b. No.

# **11. Speaker Shorted Test**

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [34A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [34A-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [34B-2] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 12. Right Speaker Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

#### 13. [34B-3] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34B-3].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [34B-3] terminal 1 (BN/PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [34B-3] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 7 (BN/PK).

# 14. [34B-3] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [34B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GN).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [34B-3] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 8 (BN/ GN).

# 15. [34B-2] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34B-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. No. Repair open between [34B-2] terminal 1 and [34A-1] terminal 1 (PK).

### 16. [34B-2] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [34B-2] terminal 2 and [34A-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# 17. Right Speaker Circuit (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

### 18. [34B-3] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34B-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [34B-3] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 7 (BN/PK).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

# 19. Right Speaker Circuit (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 21.

### 20. [34B-3] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34B-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [34B-3] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 8 (BN/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# 21. (BN/PK) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 22.
  - b. No. Go to Test 24.

### 22. [34B-3] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34B-3].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?

a. Yes. Go to Test 23.

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

### 23. [149B-1] Terminal 7 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 5 from [149B-1] (BN/PK).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [34B-3] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 7 (BN/PK).

# 24. (BN/GN) Circuit Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Go to Test 27.

# 25. [34B-3] Terminal 2 Test

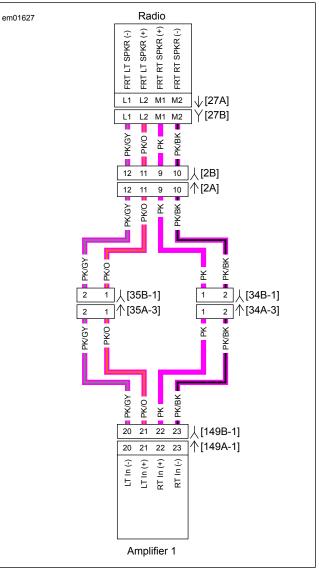
- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34B-3].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# 26. [149B-1] Terminal 8 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 8 from [149B-1] (BN/GN).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [34B-3] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

# 27. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A front speaker jumpers [34-3] and [35-3].
- 5. Connect OE front speakers [34-1] and [35-1].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is right front speaker inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



## Figure 8-39. Amplifier 1: Radio Front Speaker Circuit BOTH RIGHT SPEAKERS INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-88. Both Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires

# 1. Circuit Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals M1 and M2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. [149B-1] Terminal 22 Open Test

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M1 and amplifier BOB terminal 22.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. [34A-3] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker harness [34A-3].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M1 and [34B-1] terminal 1 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 22 and [34A-3] terminal 1 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. [2] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M1 and [2B] terminal 9 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [34B-1] terminal 1 and [2A] terminal 9 (PK).
  - b. No. Repair open between [2B] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal M1 (PK).

### 5. [149B-1] Terminal 23 Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between radio BOB terminal M2 and amplifier BOB terminal 23.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. [34A-3] Terminal 2 Open Test

1. Disconnect speaker harness [34A-3].

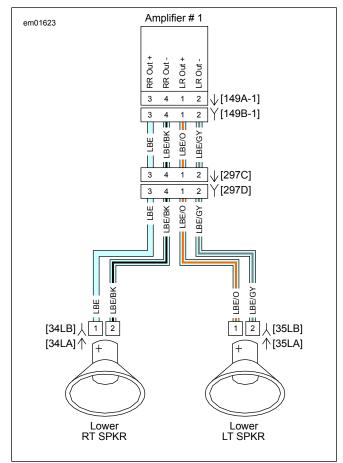
- Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M2 and [34B-1] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [149-1] terminal 23 and [34A-3] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 7. [2] Terminal 10 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect fairing [2].
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal M2 and [2B] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [34B-1] terminal 1 and [2A] terminal 10 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [2B] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal M2 (PK/BK).

#### 8. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A front speaker jumpers [34-3] and [35-3].
- 5. Connect OE front speakers [34-1] and [35-1].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Are both right front speaker inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



# Figure 8-40. Amplifier 1: Lower Speakers LOWER RIGHT SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

# Table 8-89. Lower Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

# 1. Right Lower Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals 3 and 4.

- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 2. [297C] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 3 and 4 and [297C] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Right Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34L].
- 2. Test resistance between [34LA] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 3 and 4 and [34LB] terminals 1 and 2.

# 4. Lower Fairing Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Speaker (+) Circuit Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34L].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. [297C] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

# 7. Speaker (-) Circuit Open Test

1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [297C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

# 9. Lower Fairing Speaker (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

# 10. [297C] Terminal 3 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).

# 11. Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

### 12. [297C] Terminal 4 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

# 13. Lower Fairing Speaker (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn radio ON.

- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

# 14. [297C] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).

### 15. [149B-1] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 3 from [149B-1] (LBE).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

### 16. Lower Fairing Speaker (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

### 17. [297C] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

# 18. [149B-1] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].

- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 4 from [149B-1] (LBE/BK).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

# **19. Right Speaker Jumper Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 1 to [297D] terminal 3.
- 4. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 2 to [297D] terminal 4.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Does lower right speaker work?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

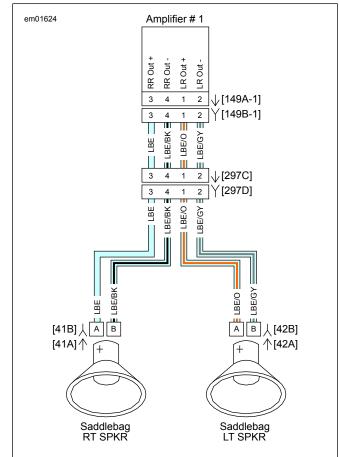


Figure 8-41. Amplifier 1: Saddlebag Speakers SADDLEBAG RIGHT SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX

# Table 8-90. Saddlebag Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

### 1. Right Saddlebag Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 2. [297C] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminal 3 and 4 and [297C] terminal 3 and 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. Right Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [41].
- 2. Test resistance between [41A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminal 3 and 4 and [41B] terminal A and B.

# 4. Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. Speaker (+) Circuit Open Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [41].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. [297C] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

# 7. Speaker (-) Circuit Open Test

- Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [297C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

### 9. Saddlebag Speaker (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

### 10. [297C] Terminal 3 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).

## 11. Saddlebag Speaker (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

# 12. [297C] Terminal 4 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).

### 13. Saddlebag Speaker (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn radio ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

### 14. [297C] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).

### 15. [149B-1] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 3 from [149B-1] (LBE).
- 4. Connect [149B-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

# 16. Saddlebag Speaker (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

# 17. [297C] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

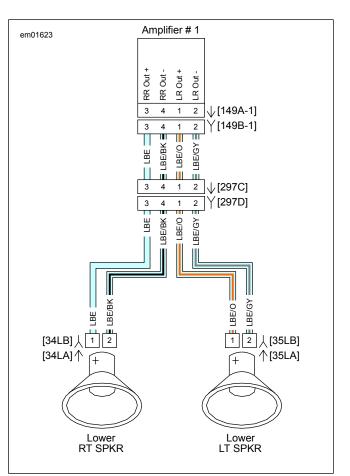
- Turn IGN OFF. 1.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 4 and [41B] terminal A (LBE/BK).

# 18. [149B-1] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 4 from [149B-1] (LBE/BK).
- Connect [149B-1]. 4.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

# **19. Right Speaker Jumper Test**

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 1 to [297D] terminal 3. 3.
- 4. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 2 to [297D] terminal 4.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- Does lower right speaker work?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.



# Figure 8-42. Amplifier 1: Lower Speakers **RIGHT SPEAKER POD INOPERATIVE WITH** AMPLIFIER 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-91. Right Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier **1 Diagnostic Faults**

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

### 1. Right Speaker Pod Circuit Shorted Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminals 3 and 4.

- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 2. Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect right speaker [36].
- 2. Test resistance between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. [162B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short between [162B] terminals 9 and 10 and [36B] terminals 1 and 2.

# 4. [297B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair short between [162D] terminals 9 and 10 and [297B] terminals 3 and 4.

# 5. [297C] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [297C] terminals 3 and 4 and [149B-1] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 3 and 4 and [297A] terminals 3 and 4.

# 6. Right Speaker Pod Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

# 7. Speaker Pod (+) Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [162B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [162D] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. [297B] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

# 10. [297C] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 3 and [149B-1] terminal 3 (LBE).

# 11. Speaker Pod (-) Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?

a. Yes. Replace speaker.

b. No. Go to Test 12.

# 12. [162B] Terminal 10 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [162D] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

### 13. [297B] Terminal 4 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).

- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

### 14. [297C] Terminal 4 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 4 and [149B-1] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

### 15. Right Speaker Pod (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

#### 16. [162B] Terminal 9 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

### 17. [297B] Terminal 3 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).

### 18. [297C] Terminal 3 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 3 and [149B-1] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).

# 19. Right Speaker Pod (-) Grounded Test

1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 23.

#### 20. [162B] Terminal 10 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 21.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

#### 21. [297B] Terminal 4 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 22.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

#### 22. [297C] Terminal 4 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 4 and [149B-1] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).

### 23. Left Speaker Pod (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-1].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn radio ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 24.
  - b. No. Go to Test 28.

#### 24. [162B] Terminal 9 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

# 25. [297B] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).

## 26. [297C] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 27.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).

# 27. [149B-1] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 4 from [149B-1] (LBE/BK).
- 4. Connect [149-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297C] terminal 3 and [149B-1] terminal 3 (LBE).

### 28. Right Speaker Pod (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 29.
  - b. No. Go to Test 33.

### 29. [162B] Terminal 10 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 30.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

## 30. [297B] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 31.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 4 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

### 31. [297C] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

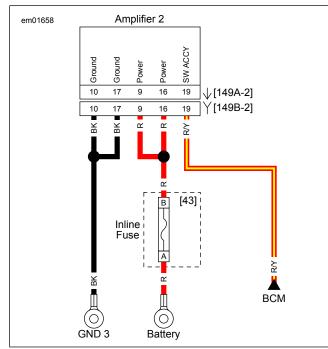
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 32.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).

# 32. [149B-1] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 4 from [149B-1] (LBE/BK).
- 4. Connect [149-1].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297C] terminal 4 and [149B-1] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

### 33. Right Speaker Jumper Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 1 to [297D] terminal 3.
- 4. Jumper wire from [297C] terminal 2 to [297D] terminal 4.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Does right speaker pod work?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.



## Figure 8-43. Amplifier 2: Power Circuit ALL SPEAKERS INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-92. All Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE	CAUSES
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Shorted to ground circuit wires	
Open circuit wires	

### 1. Power Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 9 and ground.
- 4. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149-2] terminal 9 and battery (R).

# 2. Power Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 16 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149-2] terminal 16 and battery (R).

## 3. Ground Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 10 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open between [149-2] terminal 10 and ground (BK).

## 4. Ground Terminal 17 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 17 and ground.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open between [149-2] terminal 17 and ground (BK).

### 5. Switch Power Terminal 19 Test

- 1. Turn IGN ON.
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 19 and ground.
- 3. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Remove BOB. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Repair open between [149-2] terminal 17 and ground (BK) or between [149-2] terminal 19 and BCM [242A] terminal M2 (R/Y).

# 6. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A rear audio [162C] and [162D].
- 5. Connect OE rear audio [162A] and [162B].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Are all speakers inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

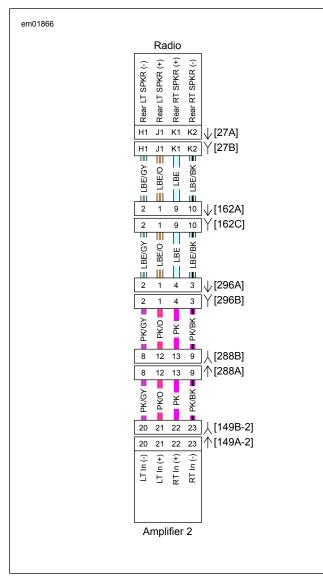
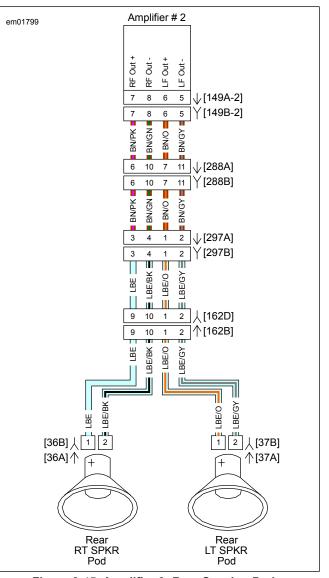


Figure 8-44. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit



## Figure 8-45. Amplifier 2: Rear Speaker Pods LEFT SPEAKER POD INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-93. Left Rear Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

# 1. Configuration Test

- 1. Verify speakers on amplifier 2.
- 2. Only speakers on amplifier 2 are rear speakers pods?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 38.

## 2. Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

### 3. [149-2] Terminal 20 Open Test

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 2. Test resistance between radio BOB terminal H1 and amplifier BOB terminal 20.
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

### 4. [288] Terminal 8 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288]
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [288B] terminal 8 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 8 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. [296] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [296A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 2 and [288B] terminal 8 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

# 6. [162C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [162A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 2 and [162C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 2 and [27B] terminal H1 (LBE/GY).

# 7. [149-2] Terminal 21 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and amplifier BOB terminal 21.
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

### 8. [288] Terminal 8 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [288B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 12 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

# 9. [296] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [296A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 1 and [288B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

### 10. [162C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [162A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 1 and [162C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal J1 (LBE/O).

# 11. Left Speaker Pod Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove radio BOB.

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 12. Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect left speaker [37].
- 2. Test resistance between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

#### 13. [162B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 1 and 2 and [37B] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 14. [297B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162D] terminals 1 and 2 and [297B] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 15. [288B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between [288A] terminals 7 and 11 and [149B-2] terminals 5 and 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297A] terminals 1 and 2 and [288B] terminals 7 and 11.

#### 16. Left Speaker Pod Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

#### 17. [37B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left speaker [37B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [37A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 21.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

#### 18. [162B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [162D] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

#### 19. [297B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [297A] terminal 1 (BN/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 20.

#### 20. [288B] Terminal 7 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 1 and [288B] terminal 7 (BN/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 7 and [149B-2] terminal 6 (BN/O).

#### 21. [37B] Terminal 2 Open Test

- Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [37A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 22.

#### 22. [162B] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [162D] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 23. [297B] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [297A] terminal 2 (BN/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 24.

# 24. [288B] Terminal 11 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [288A] terminal 11 (BN/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 2 and [288B] terminal 11 (BN/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 11 and [149B-2] terminal 5 (BN/GY).

## 25. Left Speaker Pod Circuit (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. No. Go to Test 30.

## 26. [37B] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker pod [37B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 27.
  - b. No. Go to Test 31.

## 27. [162B] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 28.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

## 28. [297B] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 29.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

## 29. [288B] Terminal 7 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 7 and [149B-2] terminal 6 (BN/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 1 and [288B] terminal 7 (BN/O).

## 30. Left Speaker Pod Circuit (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 31.
  - b. No. Go to Test 35.

## 31. [37B] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker pod [37B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 32.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### 32. [162B] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 33.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

## 33. [297B] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 34.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 34. [288B] Terminal 11 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 11 and [149B-2] terminal 5 (BN/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 2 and [288B] terminal 11 (BN/GY).

## 35. Left Speaker Pod Circuit (-) Voltage Test

1. Connect [149A-2].

- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Turn radio ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 36.
  - b. No. Go to Test 41.

## 36. [37B] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speaker pod [37B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 37.
  - b. No. Go to Test 41.

## 37. [162B] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 38.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

## 38. [297B] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 39.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 39. [288B] Terminal 7 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 40.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297A] terminal 1 and [288B] terminal 7 (BN/O).

## 40. [149B-2] Terminal 5 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 6 from [149B-2] (BN/O).
- 4. Connect [149B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 7 and [149B-2] terminal 6 (BN/O).

## 41. Left Speaker Pod Circuit (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 42.
  - b. No. Go to Test 47.

## 42. [37B] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speaker pod [37B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 43.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### 43. [162B] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 44.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 44. [297B] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 45.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 45. [288B] Terminal 11 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.

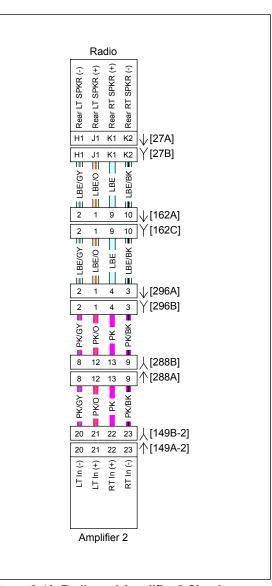
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 46.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 11 and [149B-2] terminal 5 (BN/GY).

### 46. [149B-2] Terminal 6 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 5 from [149B-2] (BN/GY).
- 4. Connect [149B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 11 and [149B-2] terminal 5 (BN/GY).

#### 47. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A rear audio [162C] and [162D].
- 5. Connect OE rear audio [162A] and [162B].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is left speaker pod inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



## Figure 8-46. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit BOTH LEFT SPEAKERS INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-94. Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires

# 1. Speaker Pod Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

em01866

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between radio BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. [149-2] Terminal 20 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. [288] Terminal 8 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals H1 and [288B] terminal 8 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 8 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. [296] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [296A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 2 and [288B] terminal 8 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. [162C] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals H1 and [162A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 2 and [162C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 2 and [27B] terminal H1 (LBE/GY).

## 6. [149-2] Terminal 21 Open Test

1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. [288] Terminal 12 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals J1 and [288B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 12 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. [296] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [296A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 1 and [288B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. [162C] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals J1 and [162A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 1 and [162C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal J1 (LBE/O).

#### 10. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A rear audio [162C] and [162D].
- 5. Connect OE rear audio [162A] and [162B].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is left speaker pod inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

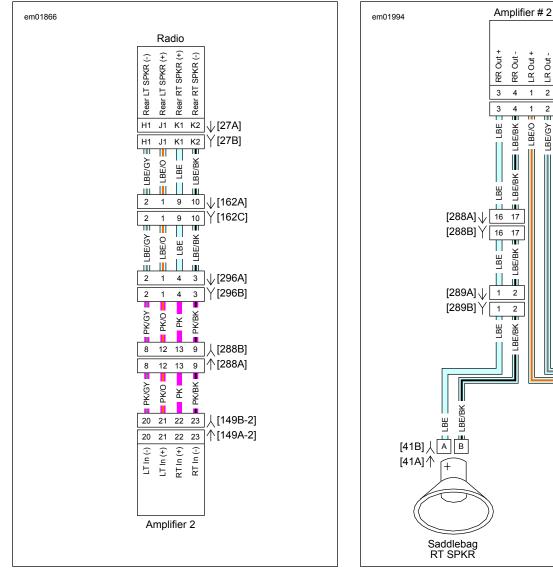


Figure 8-47. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit

Figure 8-48. Amplifier 2: Saddlebag Speakers SADDLEBAG LEFT SPEAKER INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2

LR Out -

2

LBE/GY

↓[149A-2]

|Y[149B-2]

Ш

LBE/GY

人 [42B]

**↑[42A]** 

а в

+

Saddlebag LT SPKR

LBE/O

1 2

1

-

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-95. Saddlebag Left Speaker Inoperative With **Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults**

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

### 1. Configuration Test

- 1. Verify speakers on amplifier.
- 2. Are speakers on amplifier 2 saddlebag speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

### 2. Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between radio BOB terminals H1 and J1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 3. [149-2] Terminal 20 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. [288] Terminal 8 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals H1 and [288B] terminal 8 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 8 and [149B-2] terminal 20 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. [296] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal H1 and [296A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 2 and [288B] terminal 8 (PK/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. [162C] Terminal 2 Open Test

1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals H1 and [162A] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 2 and [162C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 2 and [27B] terminal H1 (LBE/GY).

## 7. [149-2] Terminal 21 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. [288] Terminal 12 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals J1 and [288B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 12 and [149B-2] terminal 21 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. [296] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal J1 and [296A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 1 and [288B] terminal 12 (PK/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

#### 10. [162C] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals J1 and [162A] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 1 and [162C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 1 and [27B] terminal J1 (LBE/O).

#### 11. Saddlebag Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left speaker [42].
- 3. Test resistance between [42A] speaker terminals A and B.

- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

## 12. Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between [42A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

### 13. Left Speaker Pod Circuit (-) Shorted Test

- 1. Remove radio BOB.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-2] terminal 1 and 2 and [42B] terminals A and B.
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

## 14. [149-2] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-2] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).

## 15. [149-2] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 16.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-2] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).

## 16. [149-2] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-2] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

## 17. [149-2] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-2] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

## 18. [149-2] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-2].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. No. Go to Test 20.

#### 19. [149-2] Terminal 1 Removed Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 1 from [149B-2] (LBE/O).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [149B-2] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).

## 20. [149-2] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 21.
  - b. No. Go to Test 22.

#### 21. [149-2] Terminal 2 Removed Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 2 from [149B-2] (LBE/GY).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [149B-2] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/O).

#### 22. Jumper Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right saddlebag [41].
- 3. Jumper BOB terminal 1 to [41A] terminal A.
- 4. Jumper BOB terminal 2 to [41A] terminal B.

- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is right saddlebag speaker inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

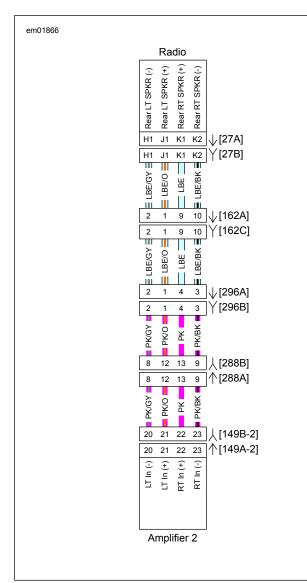


Figure 8-49. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit

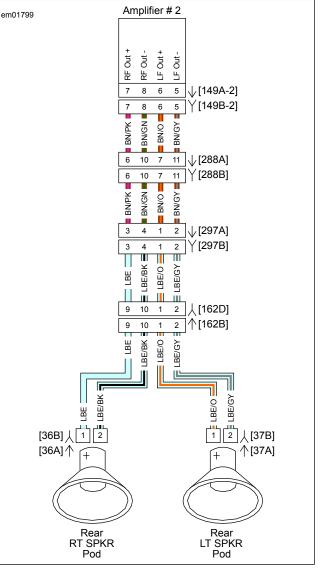


Figure 8-50. Amplifier 2: Rear Speaker Pods RIGHT SPEAKER POD INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-96. Right Rear Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

## 1. Configuration Test

- 1. Verify speakers on amplifier 2.
- 2. Only speakers on amplifier 2 are rear speakers pods?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 11.

## 2. Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. [149-2] Terminal 23 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 4. [288] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [288B] terminal 9 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 9 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. [296] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [296A] terminal 3 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 3 and [288B] terminal 9 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

# 6. [162C] Terminal 10 Open Test

1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 3 and [162C] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal K2 (LBE/BK).

# 7. [149-2] Terminal 22 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [288] Terminal 13 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K1 and [288B] terminal 13 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 13 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

# 9. [296] Terminal 4 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [296A] terminal 4 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 4 and [288B] terminal 13 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

## 10. [162C] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K1 and [162A] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 4 and [162C] terminal 9 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal K1 (LBE).

## 11. Right Speaker Pod Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove radio BOB.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 5. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 12. Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect left speaker [37].
- 2. Test resistance between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

#### 13. [162B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 9 and 10 and [36B] terminals 1 and 2.

## 14. [297B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162D] terminal 9 and 10 and [297B] terminals 3 and 4.

## 15. [288B] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [288B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [288A] terminals 6 and 10 and [149B-2] terminals 7 and 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297A] terminals 3 and 4 and [288B] terminals 6 and 10.

## 16. Right Speaker Pod Circuit Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 25.
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

#### 17. [36B] Terminal 1 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect right speaker pod [36].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 21.
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

#### 18. [162B] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [162D] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

#### 19. [297B] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [297A] terminal 3 (BN/PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 20.

## 20. [288B] Terminal 6 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 6 and [149B-2] terminal 7 (BN/PK).
  - b. No. Repair open between [297A] terminal 3 and [288B] terminal 6 (BN/PK).

#### 21. [36B] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [36B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 22.

#### 22. [162B] Terminal 10 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [162D] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 23.

# 23. [297B] Terminal 4 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [297A] terminal 4 (BN/GN).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 24.

## 24. [288B] Terminal 10 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [288A] terminal 10 (BN/GN).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 4 and [288B] terminal 10 (BN/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 10 and [149B-2] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

## 25. Right Speaker Pod Circuit (+) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. No. Go to Test 30.

### 26. [36B] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker pod [36B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 27.
  - b. No. Go to Test 31.

## 27. [162B] Terminal 9 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 28.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 3 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE).

## 28. [297B] Terminal 3 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 29.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).

#### 29. [288B] Terminal 6 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 6 and [149B-2] terminal 7 (BN/PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 3 and [288B] terminal 6 (BN/PK).

### 30. Right Speaker Pod Circuit (-) Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 31.
  - b. No. Go to Test 35.

#### 31. [36B] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker pod [36B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
  - Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 32.

3.

b. No. Replace speaker.

## 32. [162B] Terminal 10 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 33.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

#### 33. [297B] Terminal 4 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 34.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

#### 34. [288B] Terminal 10 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 4 and [288B] terminal 10 (BN/GN).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 10 and [149B-2] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

# 35. Right Speaker Pod Circuit (+) Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-2].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 36.
  - b. No. Go to Test 41.

## 36. [36B] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speaker pod [36B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 37.
  - b. No. Go to Test 41.

## 37. [162B] Terminal 9 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 38.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

## 38. [297B] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 39.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).

#### 39. [288B] Terminal 6 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 40.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297A] terminal 3 and [288B] terminal 6 (BN/PK).

## 40. [149B-2] Terminal 7 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 7 from [149B-2] (BN/PK).
- 4. Connect [149B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 6 and [149B-2] terminal 7 (BN/PK).

## 41. Left Speaker Pod Circuit (-) Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 42.
  - b. No. Go to Test 47.

## 42. [37B] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect speaker pod [36B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 43.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

## 43. [162B] Terminal 10 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 44.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

#### 44. [297B] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 45.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

## 45. [288B] Terminal 10 Voltage Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288B].
- 2. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.

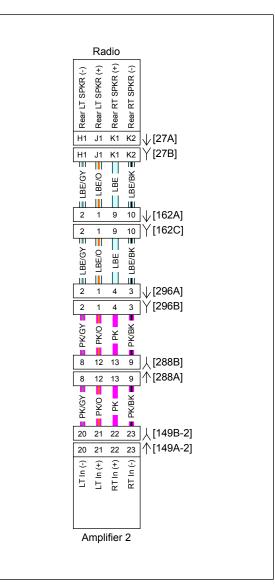
- 3. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 46.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 10 and [149B-2] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

### 46. [149B-2] Terminal 8 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 8 from [149B-2] (BN/GN).
- 4. Connect [149B-2].
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 7. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 10 and [149B-2] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

#### 47. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A rear audio [162C] and [162D].
- 5. Connect OE rear audio [162A] and [162B].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is right speaker pod inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



#### Figure 8-51. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit BOTH RIGHT SPEAKERS INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

# Table 8-97. Both Right Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires

# 1. Speaker Pod Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

em01866

- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between radio BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. [149-2] Terminal 23 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. [288] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K2 and [288B] terminal 9 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 13 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. [296] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [296A] terminal 3 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 3 and [288B] terminal 9 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. [162C] Terminal 10 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 3 and [162C] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal K2 (LBE/BK).

## 6. [149-2] Terminal 22 Open Test

1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. [288] Terminal 13 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K1 and [288B] terminal 13 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 13 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. [296] Terminal 4 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [296A] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 4 and [288B] terminal 13 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

#### 9. [162C] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K1 and [162A] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 4 and [162C] terminal 9 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal K1 (LBE).

#### 10. OE Radio Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect all P&A CAN jumpers.
- 3. Connect OE right hand controls [22A-1] and [22B-1].
- 4. Disconnect P&A rear audio [162C] and [162D].
- 5. Connect OE rear audio [162A] and [162B].
- 6. Turn IGN ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Are both right speaker pods inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace radio.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

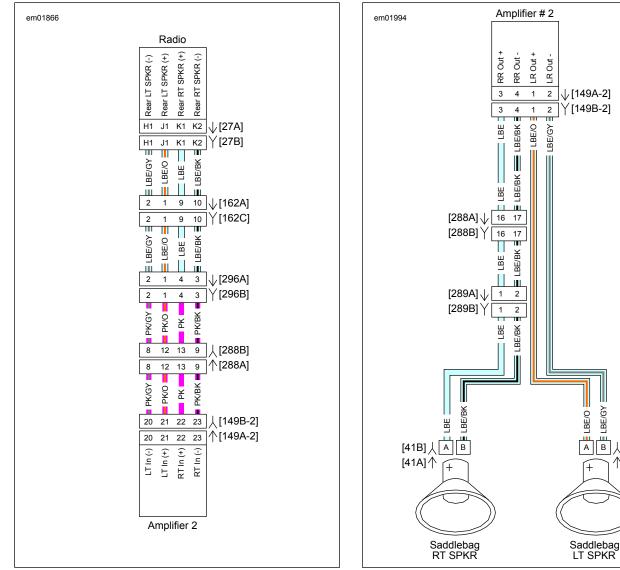


Figure 8-52. Radio and Amplifier 2 Circuit

Figure 8-53. Amplifier 2: Saddlebag Speakers SADDLEBAG RIGHT SPEAKER **INOPERATIVE WITH AMPLIFIER 2** 

LBE/GY

人 [42B]

**↑[42A]** 

LBE/O

+

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY

#### Table 8-98. Saddlebag Right Speaker Inoperative With **Amplifier 2 Diagnostic Faults**

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Shorted together circuit wires
Shorted to ground circuit wires
Shorted to voltage circuit wires
Open circuit wires
Shorted speaker
Open speaker

### 1. Configuration Test

- 1. Verify speakers on amplifier 2.
- 2. Are speakers on amplifier 2 rear speakers pods?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

#### 2. Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-1) and BCM CABLE (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2) to wiring harness [27B], leaving radio [27A] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Verify BCM OVERLAY (PART NUMBER: HD-50390-2-P) is in position on BOB.
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals K2 and K1.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. [149-2] Terminal 23 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. [288] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K2 and [288B] terminal 9 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 9 and [149B-2] terminal 23 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. [296] Terminal 3 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal K2 and [296A] terminal 3 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 3 and [288B] terminal 9 (PK/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. [162C] Terminal 10 Open Test

1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K2 and [162A] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 3 and [162C] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 10 and [27B] terminal K2 (LBE/BK).

## 7. [149-2] Terminal 22 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect amplifier [149-2].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

## 8. [288] Terminal 13 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K1 and [288B] terminal 13 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 13 and [149B-2] terminal 22 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. [296] Terminal 4 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [296].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal K1 and [296A] terminal 4 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296B] terminal 4 and [288B] terminal 13 (PK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

## 10. [162C] Terminal 9 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminals K1 and [162A] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [296A] terminal 4 and [162C] terminal 9 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [162A] terminal 9 and [27B] terminal K1 (LBE).

#### 11. Saddlebag Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right speaker [41].
- 3. Test resistance between [41A] speaker terminals A and B.

- 4. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

## 12. Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between [41A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

# 13. Right Saddlebag Speaker Circuit Shorted Test

- 1. Remove radio BOB.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 14.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 14. [289] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [41B] terminals A and B and [289B] terminals 1 and 2.

## 15. [288] Shorted Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between [288A] terminals 16 and 17 and [149B-2] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [289A] terminals 1 and 2 and [288B] terminals 16 and 17.

# 16. [41B] Terminal A Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

## 17. [289] Terminal 1 Open Test

1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [289A] terminal 1 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [41B] terminal A and [289B] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 18.

#### 18. [288] Terminal 16 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [288A] terminal 16 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [289A] terminals 1 and [288B] terminal 16 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 16 and [149B-2] terminal 3 (LBE).

## 19. [41B] Terminal B Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 22.
  - b. No. Go to Test 20.

## 20. [289] Terminal 2 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [289A] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [41B] terminal B and [289B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 21.

## 21. [288] Terminal 17 Open Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [288A] terminal 17 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [289A] terminals 2 and [288B] terminal 17 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminals 17 and [149B-2] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

#### 22. [41B] Terminal A Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 23.
  - b. No. Go to Test 25.

## 23. [289] Terminal 1 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 24.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [41B] terminal A and [289B] terminal 1 (LBE).

## 24. [288] Terminal 16 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminals 16 and [149B-2] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [289A] terminals 1 and [288B] terminal 16 (LBE).

#### 25. [41B] Terminal B Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 26.
  - b. No. Go to Test 28.

### 26. [289] Terminal 2 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 27.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [41B] terminal B and [289B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

#### 27. [288] Terminal 17 Grounded Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminals 17 and [149B-2] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [289A] terminals 2 and [288B] terminal 17 (LBE/BK).

## 28. [41B] Terminal A Voltage Test

- 1. Connect [149A-2].
- 2. Turn IGN ON.
- 3. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 4. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 29.
  - b. No. Go to Test 31.

## 29. [289] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 30.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [41B] terminal A and [289B] terminal 1 (LBE).

#### 30. [288] Terminal 16 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminals 16 and [149B-2] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [289A] terminals 1 and [288B] terminal 16 (LBE).

#### 31. [41B] Terminal B Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 32.
  - b. No. Go to Test 34.

#### 32. [289] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 33.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [41B] terminal B and [289B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

#### 33. [288] Terminal 17 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminals 17 and [149B-2] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [289A] terminals 2 and [288B] terminal 17 (LBE/BK).

## 34. Jumper Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [42].
- 3. Jumper BOB terminal 1 to [42A] terminal A.
- 4. Jumper BOB terminal 2 to [42A] terminal B.
- 5. Turn IGN ON.
- 6. Adjust volume to 3 bars. Is right saddlebag speaker inoperative?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

## BLUETOOTH DEVICE WILL NOT PAIR WITH AUDIO SYSTEM

# Table 8-99. Bluetooth Device Will Not Pair With AudioSystem Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Device software update	
Bluetooth enable	
Security settings	
Re-boot devices	

## 1. Troubleshooting Test

- 1. These troubleshooting steps should be done with customer:
  - a. Verify device has latest software update.
  - b. Verify Bluetooth is enabled on device.
  - c. Verify no security setting on device is preventing the pairing process.
  - d. Turn device off for 1 minute. Some devices may need battery removed during this time period.
  - e. If device is a phone, contact service provider for assistance.

#### NO OR LOW AUDIO FROM XM OR XM INOPERATIVE

# Table 8-100. No or Low Audio from XM or XM Inoperative Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Antenna malfunction
Satellite unavailable

# 1. XM Radio Operation Test

NOTE

Before proceeding with this test, verify the vehicle is located in an open area with line of sight to the southern sky. Remove all metal objects that could obstruct a properly installed antenna.

- 1. Turn radio ON.
- 2. Press home button.

- 3. Does XM icon appear on radio display?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. Module Setting Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove and install XM module.
- 3. Turn radio ON.
- 4. Press home button.
- 5. Does XM icon appear on radio display?
  - a. Yes. System working normal.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. Module Replacement Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove and install a known good XM module.
- 3. Turn radio ON.
- 4. Press home button.
- 5. Does XM icon appear on radio display?
  - a. Yes. Replace XM module.
  - b. No. Replace radio.

# 4. Antenna Signal Test

- 1. Verify signal bars.
- 2. Is signal bar strength two or more bars?
  - a. Yes. Replace XM module.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 5. Antenna Test

- 1. Remove and install a known good XM antenna.
- 2. Is signal bar strength two or more bars?
  - a. Yes. Replace XM antenna.
  - b. **No.** Verify that a XM signal is available in the area. If XM signal is present, replace radio.

# AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS

# **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The amplifier monitors the status of all its speaker circuits.

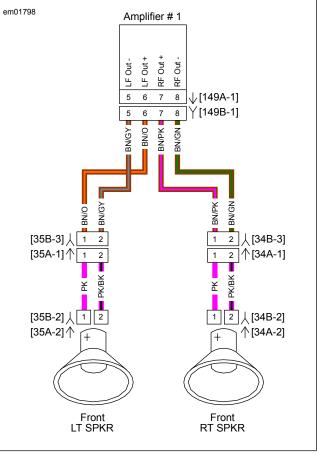
Table	8-101. Code Description
DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1403	Speaker output DC offset
B1404	Internal thermal shutdown error
B1405	EQ correlation error
B1406	Invalid or missing EQ
B1410	Channel 1 speaker open
B1411	Channel 1 speaker shorted low
B1412	Channel 1 speaker shorted high
B1413	Channel 1 speaker shorted together
B1420	Channel 2 speaker open
B1421	Channel 2 speaker shorted low
B1422	Channel 2 speaker shorted high
B1423	Channel 2 speaker shorted together
B1430	Channel 3 speaker open
B1431	Channel 3 speaker shorted low
B1432	Channel 3 speaker shorted high
B1433	Channel 3 speaker shorted together
B1440	Channel 4 speaker open
B1441	Channel 4 speaker shorted low
B1442	Channel 4 speaker shorted high
B1443	Channel 4 speaker shorted together

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

- To retrieve amplifier DTCs, use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).
- Before testing amplifier, remove amplifier fuse for 1 minute, install amplifier fuse and verify issue is still present.
- If B1404 or B1405 is set, the amplifier needs to be reflashed using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



# Figure 8-54. Amplifier 1: Front Speakers DTC B1403, B1404

#### Table 8-102. DTC B1403, B1404 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Reset needed

#### 1. Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove amplifier fuse.
- 3. After waiting one minute, install amplifier fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Clear DTCs.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 8. Check DTCs.
- 9. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. System working properly.

#### **DTC B1410**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-103. DTC B1410 Diagnostic Faults

# POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open speaker	
Open wiring circuit	

## 1. [35-3] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect interconnect speaker [35-3].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [35B-3] terminal 1 (BN/O).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 6 and [35B-3] terminal 1 (BN/O).

## 2. [35-3] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [35B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GY).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 5 and [35B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GY).

## 3. [35-2] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35-2].
- 2. Test resistance between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair open between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

#### 4. [35-2] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Test resistance between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

#### 5. Speaker Test

1. Test continuity between [35A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.

- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### **DTC B1411**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-104. DTC B1411 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in speaker wires

#### 1. [149B-1] Terminal 6 Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. [149B-1] Terminal 5 Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 3. [35-3] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect speaker [35-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 6 and [35B-3] terminal 1 (BN/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

#### 4. [35-3] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect speaker [35-3].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 5 and [35B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GY).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

# DTC B1412

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-105. DTC B1412 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in speaker wires

## 1. [149B-1] Terminal 6 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. [149B-1] Terminal 5 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 3. [35-3] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect speaker [35-3].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminals 6 and [35B-3] terminal 1 (BN/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [35A-1] terminal 1 and [35B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

#### 4. [35-3] Terminal 6 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect speaker [35-3].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminals 5 and [35B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GY).

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [35A-1] terminal 2 and [35B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

#### DTC B1413

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-106. DTC B1413 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short in speaker wires

#### 1. [35-3] Shorted Test

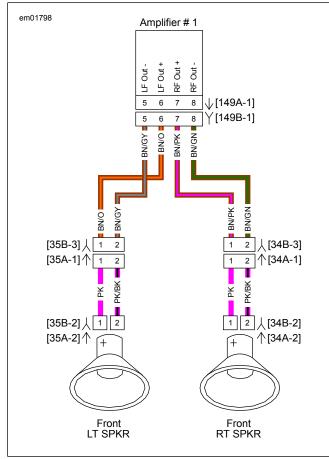
- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect interconnect speaker [35-3].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and 6.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 5 and 6 and [35B-3] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. [35-2] Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [35-2].
- 2. Test continuity between [35A-1] terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short between [35A-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [35A-2] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 3. Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [35A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



# Figure 8-55. Amplifier 1: Front Speakers DTC B1420

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-107. DTC B1420 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open speaker	
Open wiring circuit	

## 1. [149-1] Terminal 7 Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect interconnect speaker [34-3].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [34B-3] terminal 1 (BN/PK).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 7 and [34B-3] terminal 1 (BN/PK).

#### 2. [34-3] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [34B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GN).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 8 and [34B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GN).

#### 3. [34-2] Terminal 1 Test

- I. Test resistance between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

#### 4. [34-2] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Test resistance between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Repair open between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

#### 5. Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [34A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### **DTC B1421**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-108. DTC B1421 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-1] Terminal 7 Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. [149-1] Terminal 8 Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

### 3. [34-3] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect speaker [34-3].
- 2. Test continuity between [34A-1] terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminals 7 and [34B-3] terminal 1 (BN/PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

## 4. [34-3] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect speaker [34-3].
- 2. Test continuity between [34A-1] terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminals 8 and [34B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

## DTC B1422

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-109. DTC B1422 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in speaker wires

## 1. [149-1] Terminal 7 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

### 2. [149-1] Terminal 8 Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 3. [34-3] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect speaker [34-3].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminals 7 and [34B-3] terminal 1 (BN/PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [34A-1] terminal 1 and [34B-2] terminal 1 (PK).

# 4. [34-3] (-) Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect speaker [34-3].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminals 8 and [34B-3] terminal 2 (BN/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [34A-1] terminal 2 and [34B-2] terminal 2 (PK/BK).

## DTC B1423

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-110. DTC B1423 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES Short in speaker wires

## 1. [149-1] Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect interconnect speaker [34-3].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and 8.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 7 and 8 and [34B-3] terminals 1 and 2.

b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. [34-2] Test

- 1. Disconnect speaker [34-2].
- 2. Test continuity between [34A-1] terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short between [34A-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [34A-2] terminals 1 and 2.

## 3. Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [34A-2] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

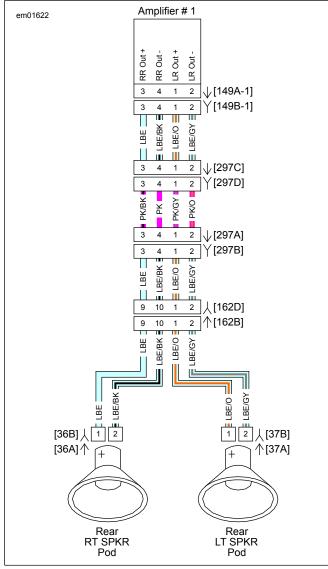
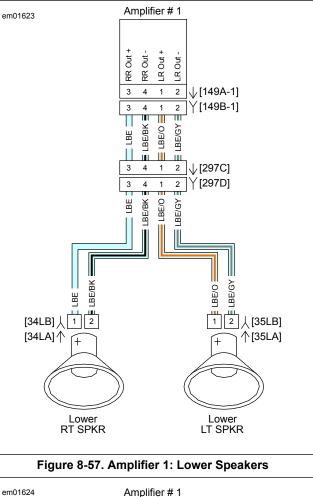


Figure 8-56. Amplifier 1: Rear Speaker Pods



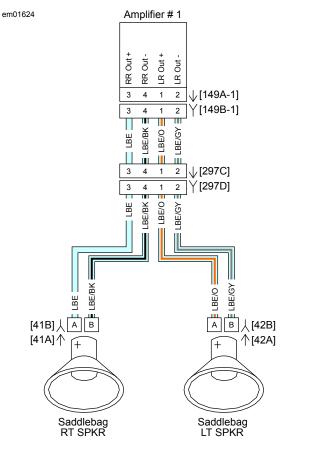


Figure 8-58. Amplifier 1: Saddlebag Speakers

## DTC B1430

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-111. DTC B1430 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open speaker	
Open wiring circuit	

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 7.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 16.

#### 2. [149-1] Terminal 1 Lower Fairing Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect lower fairing speaker [35].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 4. [149-1] Terminal 1 Lower Fairing Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. [297C] Terminal 2 Test

1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 6. Left Speaker Lower Fairing Test

- 1. Test continuity between [35LA] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### 7. [149-1] Terminal 1 Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect Tour-Pak speaker pod [37].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. [162B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [162D] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

#### 9. [297B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

#### 10. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Repair open between [297D] terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 11. [149-1] Terminal 2 Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

## 12. [162B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [162D] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

## 13. [297B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

## 14. [297C] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

## 15. Left Speaker Pod Test

- 1. Test continuity between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

## 16. [149-1] Terminal 1 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect saddlebag speaker [42].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

#### 17. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 18. [149-1] Terminal 2 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

#### 19. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 20. Left Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [42A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### DTC B1431

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-112. DTC B1431 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in speaker wires

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 14.

# 2. [149-1] Terminal 1 Lower Fairing Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 1 and [42LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 4. [149-1] Terminal 2 Lower Fairing Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 5. [297C] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 2 and [42LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

# 6. [149-1] Terminal 1 Speaker Pod Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 7. [162B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 8. [297B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 9. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 1 and [149B-1] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).

# 10. [149-1] Terminal 2 Speaker Pod Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 11. [162B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

## 12. [297B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

## 13. [297C] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 2 and [149B-1] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).

## 14. [149-1] Terminal 1 Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 15. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).

# 16. [149-1] Terminal 2 Saddlebag Speaker Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

# 17. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).

## DTC B1432

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-113. DTC B1432 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in speaker wires

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 14.

#### 2. [149-1] Terminal 1 Lower Fairing Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.

 b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 1 and [35LB] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

## 4. [149-1] Terminal 2 Lower Fairing Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 5. [297C] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 2 and [35LB] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

## 6. [149-1] Terminal 1 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

# 7. [162B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 1 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

# 8. [297B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.

- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

## 9. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 1 and [297A] terminal 1 (PK/GY).

## 10. [149-1] Terminal 2 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 11. [162B] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 12.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 2 and [37B] terminal 2 (PK/GY).

## 12. [297B] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 13.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

## 13. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 2 and [297A] terminal 2 (PK/O).

# 14. [149-1] Terminal 1 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

# 15. [297C] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE).

# 16. [149-1] Terminal 2 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 17. [297C] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).

# 18. [149-1] Terminal 1 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].

- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 1 from [149B-1] (LBE/O).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [297C] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

## 19. [149-1] Terminal 2 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 2 from [149B-1] (LBE/GY).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [297C] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### **DTC B1433**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-114. DTC B1433 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted speaker wires

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 5.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 10.

#### 2. [149-1] Left Lower Fairing Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect left lower speaker [35L].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 3. [297C] Lower Fairing Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [297C] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 1 and 2 and [35LB] terminals 1 and 2.

## 4. Left Lower Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [35LA] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 5. [149-1] Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect left speaker pod [37].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. [162B] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?

b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 1 and 2 and [37B] terminals 1 and 2.

## 7. [297B] Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162D] terminals 1 and 2 and [297B] terminals 1 and 2.

## 8. [297C] Speaker Pod Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [297C] terminals 1 and 2 and [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 1 and 2 and [297A] terminals 1 and 2.

## 9. Left Speaker Pod Test

- 1. Test resistance between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 10. [149-1] Saddlebag Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect left saddlebag speaker [42].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

#### 11. [297C] Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [297C] terminals 1 and 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 1 and 2 and [42B] terminals A and B.

#### 12. Left Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [42A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### DTC B1440

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

a. Yes. Go to Test 7.

#### Table 8-115. DTC B1440 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

# Open speaker

Open wiring circuit

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 7.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 16.

# 2. [149-1] Terminal 3 Lower Fairing Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect lower fairing speaker [34].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

# 3. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

## 4. [149-1] Terminal 4 Lower Fairing Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

# 5. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

## 6. Right Speaker Lower Fairing Test

- 1. Test continuity between [34LA] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

## 7. [149-1] Terminal 3 Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect Tour-Pak speaker pod [36].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

# 8. [162B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [162D] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

## 9. [297B] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

## 10. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 3 and [149B-1] terminal 3 (LBE).

## 11. [149-1] Terminal 4 Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

## 12. [162B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [162D] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

#### 13. [297B] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 14.

## 14. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [297C] terminal 4 and [149B-1] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

## 15. Right Speaker Pod Test

- 1. Test continuity between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

# 16. [149-1] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect saddlebag speaker [41].

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. No. Go to Test 17.

## 17. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

#### 18. [149-1] Terminal 4 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 20.
  - b. No. Go to Test 19.

## 19. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297D] terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

## 20. Right Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [41A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

# DTC B1441

	PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
	HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
Ī	HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
		BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-116. DTC B1441 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in speaker wires

## 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 14.

## 2. [149-1] Terminal 3 Lower Fairing Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect lower fairing speaker [34].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

# 3. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 3 and [34LB] terminal 1 (LBE).

# 4. [149-1] Terminal 4 Lower Fairing Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

# 5. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

# 6. [149-1] Terminal 3 Speaker Pod Grounded Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

## 7. [162B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

## 8. [297B] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE).

## 9. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 3 and [149B-1] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).

# 10. [149-1] Terminal 4 Speaker Pod Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 11. [162B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [162D] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

#### 12. [297B] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

### 13. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297C] terminal 4 and [149B-1] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

# 14. [149-1] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 15. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).

## 16. [149-1] Terminal 4 Saddlebag Speaker Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 17. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297D] terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).

### DTC B1442

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-117. DTC B1442 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in speaker wires

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 6.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 14.

#### 2. [149-1] Terminal 3 Lower Fairing Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.

## 4. [149-1] Terminal 4 Lower Fairing Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 5. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 4 and [34LB] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

## 6. [149-1] Terminal 3 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 10.

## 7. [162B] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 9 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

## 8. [297B] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.

- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE).

### 9. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 3 and [297A] terminal 3 (PK/BK).

#### 10. [149-1] Terminal 4 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 11. [162B] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and [162D] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [162B] terminal 10 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

## 12. [297B] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK/BK).
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 13.

## 13. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 4 and [297A] terminal 4 (PK).

## 14. [149-1] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 15.
  - b. No. Go to Test 16.

#### 15. [297C] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 18.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).

# 16. [149-1] Terminal 4 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 17.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 17. [297C] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 19.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297D] terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).

#### 18. [149-1] Terminal 3 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 3 from [149B-1] (LBE).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 3 and [297C] terminal 3 (LBE).

#### 19. [149-1] Terminal 4 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-1].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 4 from [149B-1] (LBE/BK).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-1] terminal 4 and [297C] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

#### DTC B1443

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-118. DTC B1443 Diagnostic Faults

## POSSIBLE CAUSES

Shorted speaker wires

#### 1. Set-up Test

- 1. Verify speaker set-up.
- 2. Does vehicle have lower fairing speakers?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No, rear Tour-Pak speaker pods. Go to Test 5.
  - c. No, saddlebag speakers. Go to Test 10.

# 2. [149-1] Terminal 3 Right Lower Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right lower speakers [34L].

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 3. [297C] Lower Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 3 and 4 and [297C] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 3 and 4 and [34LB] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 4. Right Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [34LA] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 5. [149-1] Terminal 4 Right Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right speaker pod [36].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Go to Test 9.

#### 6. [162B] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 9 and 10 and [36B] terminals 1 and 2.

## 7. [297B] Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162D] terminals 9 and 10 and [297B] terminals 1 and 2.

### 8. [297C] Speaker Pod Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [297C] terminals 3 and 4 and [149B-1] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 3 and 4 and [297A] terminals 3 and 4.

#### 9. Right Speaker Pod Test

- 1. Test resistance between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 10. [149-1] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right saddlebag speaker [41].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 11.
  - b. No. Go to Test 12.

#### 11. [297C] Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297C].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [297C] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297D] terminals 3 and 4 and [41B] terminals A and B.

#### **12. Saddlebag Speaker Test**

- 1. Test resistance between [41A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS

## **DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II

The amplifier monitors the status of all its speaker circuits.

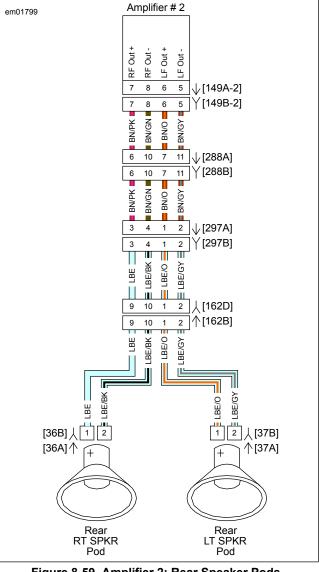
Table 8-119. Code Description	
DTC	DESCRIPTION
B1403	Speaker output DC offset
B1404	Internal thermal shutdown error
B1405	EQ correlation error
B1406	Invalid or missing EQ
B1410	Channel 1 speaker open
B1411	Channel 1 speaker shorted low
B1412	Channel 1 speaker shorted high
B1413	Channel 1 speaker shorted together
B1420	Channel 2 speaker open
B1421	Channel 2 speaker shorted low
B1422	Channel 2 speaker shorted high
B1423	Channel 2 speaker shorted together
B1430	Channel 3 speaker open
B1431	Channel 3 speaker shorted low
B1432	Channel 3 speaker shorted high
B1433	Channel 3 speaker shorted together
B1440	Channel 4 speaker open
B1441	Channel 4 speaker shorted low
B1442	Channel 4 speaker shorted high
B1443	Channel 4 speaker shorted together

#### **Diagnostic Tips**

- To retrieve amplifier DTCs, use DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).
- Before testing amplifier, remove amplifier fuse for 1 minute, install amplifier fuse and verify issue is still present.
- If B1404 or B1405 sets, the amplifier needs to be reflashed using DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II (PART NUMBER: HD-48650).

#### **Connector Information**

For additional information about the connectors in the following diagram(s) and diagnostic procedure(s), see CONNECTORS (Page A-1).



8.16

Figure 8-59. Amplifier 2: Rear Speaker Pods DTC B1403, B1404

Table 8-120. DTC B1403, B1404 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Reset needed

#### 1. Fuse Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Remove amplifier fuse.
- 3. After waiting one minute, install amplifier fuse.
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Clear DTCs.
- 6. Turn radio ON.
- 7. Adjust volume to 8 bars. Allow radio to play for 30 seconds.
- 8. Check DTCs.
- 9. Did DTC reset?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. System working properly.

## DTC B1410

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-121. DTC B1410 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open speaker Open wiring circuit

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 6 Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect left speaker pod [37].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and [37B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. [162] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [162D] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [37B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. [297] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [297A] terminal 1 (BN/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 4. [288] Terminal 7 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 6 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 1 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).

b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 7 and [149B-2] terminal 6 (BN/O).

#### 5. [149-2] Terminal 5 Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and [37B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. [162] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [162D] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [37B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

#### 7. [297] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [297A] terminal 2 (BN/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY)
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. [288] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 5 and [288A] terminal 11 (BN/GY).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 2 and [288A] terminal 11 (BN/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 11 and [149B-2] terminal 5 (BN/GY).

#### 9. Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### DTC B1411

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-122. DTC B1411 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to ground in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 6 Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 2. [162] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [37B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 3. [297] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 4. [288] Terminal 7 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 7 and [149B-2] terminal 6 (BN/O).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 1 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).

#### 5. [149-2] Terminal 5 Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 6. [162] Terminal 2 Test

1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].

- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [37B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 7. [297] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 8. [288] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 11 and [149B-2] terminal 5 (BN/GY).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 2 and [288A] terminal 11 (BN/GY).

### DTC B1412

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-123. DTC B1412 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 6 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.

#### b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 2. [162] Terminal 1 Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [37B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 3. [297] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 1 and [297B] terminal 1 (LBE/O).

#### 4. [288] Terminal 7 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297A] terminal 1 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).

#### 5. [149-2] Terminal 5 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 6. [162] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [37B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 7. [297] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.

- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 2 and [297B] terminal 2 (LBE/GY).

#### 8. [288] Terminal 11 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297A] terminal 2 and [288A] terminal 11 (BN/GY).

#### 9. [149A-2] Terminal 6 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 6 from [149B-2] (BN/O).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 6 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-2] terminal 6 and [288A] terminal 7 (BN/O).

#### 10. [149A-2] Terminal 5 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 5 from [149B-2] (BN/GY).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 5 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [149B-2] terminal 5 and [288A] terminal 11 (BN/GY).

#### DTC B1413

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-124. DTC B1413 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short in speaker wires

### 1. [149-2] Terminal 5 Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right speaker pod [37].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 5 and 6.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 2. [162] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 1 and 2 and [37B] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 3. [297] Test

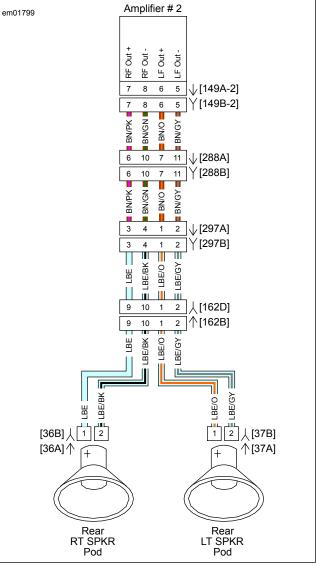
- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297B] terminals 1 and 2 and [162D] terminals 1 and 2.

#### 4. [288] Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 5 and 6.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [288A] terminals 7 and 11 and [149B-2] terminals 5 and 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297A] terminals 1 and 2 and [288B] terminals 7 and 11.

#### 5. Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [37A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



# Figure 8-60. Amplifier 2: Rear Speaker Pods DTC B1420

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-125. DTC B1420 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open speaker

Open wiring circuit

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 7 Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1] and amplifier [149A-1]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right speaker pod [36].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and [36B] terminal 1 (LBE).

- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. [162] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [162D] terminal 9 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [36B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 9 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

## 3. [297] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [297A] terminal 3 (BN/PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

## 4. [288] Terminal 6 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 7 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 3 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 6 and [149B-2] terminal 7 (BN/PK).

## 5. [149-2] Terminal 8 Speaker Pod Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and [36B] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

## 6. [162] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [162D] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [36B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 7.

## 7. [297] Terminal 4 Test

1. Disconnect interconnect [297].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [297A] terminal 4 (BN/GN).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 8.

#### 8. [288] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 8 and [288A] terminal 10 (BN/GN).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [297A] terminal 4 and [288A] terminal 10 (BN/GN).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 10 and [149B-2] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

#### 9. Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

## DTC B1421

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-126. DTC B1421 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in speaker wires

# 1. [149-2] Terminal 7 Speaker Pod Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

## 2. [162] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

 b. No. Repair short to ground between [36B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 9 (LBE).

### 3. [297] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).

### 4. [288] Terminal 6 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 6 and [149B-2] terminal 7 (BN/PK).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 3 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).

# 5. [149-2] Terminal 8 Speaker Pod Grounded Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 6. [162] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [36B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).

#### 7. [297] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

#### 8. [288] Terminal 7 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 10 and [149B-2] terminal 8 (BN/GN).

b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [297A] terminal 4 and [288A] terminal 10 (BN/GN).

#### **DTC B1422**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-127. DTC B1422 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to voltage in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 7 Speaker Pod Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 2. [162] Terminal 9 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [36B] terminal 1 and [162B] terminal 9 (LBE).

#### 3. [297] Terminal 3 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 9 and [297B] terminal 3 (LBE).

#### 4. [288] Terminal 6 Test

1. Turn IGN OFF.

- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 9.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [297A] terminal 3 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).

### 5. [149-2] Terminal 8 Speaker Pod Open Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

## 6. [162] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [36B] terminal 2 and [162B] terminal 10 (LBE/BK).

## 7. [297] Terminal 4 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [162D] terminal 10 and [297B] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

## 8. [288] Terminal 10 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 10.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [297A] terminal 4 and [288A] terminal 10 (BN/GN).

## 9. [149A-2] Terminal 7 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].

- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 7 from [149B-2] (BN/PK).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 7 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-2] terminal 7 and [288A] terminal 6 (BN/PK).

### 10. [149A-2] Terminal 8 Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect [149B-2].
- 3. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), remove terminal 8 from [149B-2] (BN/GN).
- 4. Turn IGN ON.
- 5. Test voltage between BOB terminal 8 and ground.
- 6. Is voltage greater than 9.0V?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [149B-2] terminal 8 and [288A] terminal 10 (BN/GN).

### DTC B1423

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-128. DTC B1423 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short in speaker wires

## 1. [149-2] Terminal 7 Speaker Pod Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2], leaving amplifier [149A-2] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right speaker pod [36].
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 2. [162] Test

- 1. Disconnect rear audio [162B].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.

b. **No.** Repair short between [162B] terminals 9 and 10 and [36B] terminals 1 and 2.

### 3. [297] Test

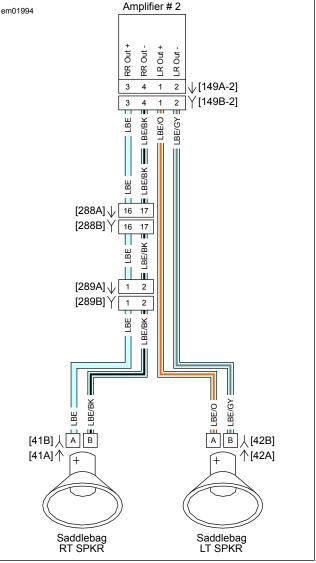
- 1. Disconnect interconnect [297].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297B] terminals 3 and 4 and [162D] terminals 9 and 10.

## 4. [288] Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 7 and 8.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [288A] terminals 6 and 10 and [149B-2] terminals 7 and 8.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [297A] terminals 3 and 4 and [288B] terminals 6 and 10.

### 5. Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [36A] speaker terminals 1 and 2.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.



# Figure 8-61. Amplifier 2: Saddlebag Speakers DTC B1430

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-129. DTC B1430 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Open speaker

Open wiring circuit

# 1. [149-2] Terminal 1 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect saddlebag speaker [42].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).

- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-2] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).

# 2. [149-2] Terminal 2 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [149B-2] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/ GY).

### 3. Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [42A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

## DTC B1431

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-130. DTC B1431 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to ground in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 1 Saddlebag Speaker Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 4. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

# 2. [149-2] Terminal 2 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [149B-1] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-131. DTC B1432 Diagnostic Faults

#### **POSSIBLE CAUSES**

Short to voltage in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 1 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 1 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-2] terminal 1 and [42B] terminal A (LBE/O).
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

## 2. [149-2] Terminal 2 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 2 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [149B-2] terminal 2 and [42B] terminal B (LBE/GY).
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### DTC B1433

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-132. DTC B1433 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
horted speaker wires	

## Shorted speaker wires

# 1. [149-2] Terminal 1 Left Lower Fairing Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect left lower speaker [42].

- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 1 and 2.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [149B-1] terminals 1 and 2 and [42B] terminals A and B.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. Speaker Test

- Test resistance between [42A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### DTC B1440

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
1	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-133. DTC B1440 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES	
Open speaker	
Open wiring circuit	

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Open Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right saddlebag speaker [41].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
- 5. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 4.
  - b. No. Go to Test 2.

#### 2. [289] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [289A] terminal 1 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [289B] terminal 1 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).
  - b. No. Go to Test 3.

#### 3. [288] Terminal 16 Test

1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].

- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [288A] terminal 16 (LBE).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288B] terminal 16 and [289A] terminal 1 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 16 and [149B-2] terminal 3 (LBE).

#### 4. [149-2] Terminal 4 Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
- 2. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 7.
  - b. No. Go to Test 5.

#### 5. [289] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 4 and [289A] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [289B] terminal 2 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Go to Test 6.

#### 6. [288] Terminal 17 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test resistance between BOB terminal 3 and [288A] terminal 17 (LBE/BK).
- 3. Is resistance less than 0.5 ohm?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair open between [288B] terminal 17 and [289A] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).
  - b. **No.** Repair open between [288A] terminal 17 and [149B-2] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).

#### 7. Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between [41A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Replace amplifier.
  - b. No. Replace speaker.

#### DTC B1441

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-134. DTC B1441 Diagnostic Faults

#### POSSIBLE CAUSES

Short to ground in speaker wires

# 1. [149-2] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Grounded Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right saddlebag speaker [41].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 2. [289] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [289B] terminal 1 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).

#### 3. [288] Terminal 16 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 16 and [149B-2] terminal 3 (LBE).
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [288B] terminal 16 and [289A] terminal 1 (LBE).

#### 4. [149-2] Terminal 4 Saddlebag Speaker Test

- 1. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 5. [289] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to ground between [289B] terminal 2 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).

#### 6. [288] Terminal 17 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminal 4 and ground.

- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to ground between [288A] terminal 17 and [149B-2] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Repair short to ground between [288B] terminal 17 and [289A] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

#### DTC B1442

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-135. DTC B1442 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES
Short to voltage in speaker wires

#### 1. [149-2] Terminal 3 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-2] and amplifier [149A-2]. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Turn radio ON.
- 5. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 6. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 2.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 2. [289] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [289B] terminal 1 and [41B] terminal A (LBE).

#### 3. [288] Terminal 16 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 3 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 16 and [149B-2] terminal 3 (LBE).

b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [288B] terminal 16 and [289A] terminal 1 (LBE).

# 4. [149-2] Terminal 4 Saddlebag Speaker Voltage Test

- 1. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 2. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 5.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

#### 5. [289] Terminal 2 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 6.
  - b. **No.** Repair short to voltage between [289B] terminal 2 and [41B] terminal B (LBE/BK).

### 6. [288] Terminal 17 Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- 2. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 3. Turn IGN ON.
- 4. Test voltage between BOB terminal 4 and ground.
- 5. Is battery voltage present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short to voltage between [288A] terminal 17 and [149B-2] terminal 4 (LBE/BK).
  - b. No. Repair short to voltage between [288B] terminal 17 and [289A] terminal 2 (LBE/BK).

## **DTC B1443**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM
	BREAKOUT BOX

#### Table 8-136. DTC B1443 Diagnostic Faults

POSSIBLE CAUSES		
	Shorted speaker wires	

## 1. [149-2] Saddlebag Speaker Shorted Test

- 1. Turn IGN OFF.
- Connect ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX (PART NUMBER: HD-47918) to wiring harness [149B-1], leaving amplifier [149A-1] disconnected. See DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS (Page 1-18).
- 3. Disconnect right saddlebag speaker [41].
- 4. Using TEST CONNECTOR KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41404), test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 5. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. No. Go to Test 4.

#### 2. [289] Terminal 1 Test

- 1. Disconnect right saddlebag [289].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. Yes. Go to Test 3.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [289B] terminal 1 and 2 and [41B] terminal A and B.

#### 3. [288] Terminal 16 Test

- 1. Disconnect left saddlebag [288].
- 2. Test continuity between BOB terminals 3 and 4.
- 3. Is continuity present?
  - a. **Yes.** Repair short between [288A] terminals 16 and 17 and [149B-2] terminals 3 and 4.
  - b. **No.** Repair short between [288B] terminal 16 and 17 and [289A] terminal 1 and 2.

#### 4. Speaker Test

- 1. Test resistance between [41A] speaker terminals A and B.
- 2. Is resistance less than 2 ohms?
  - a. Yes. Replace speaker.
  - b. No. Replace amplifier.

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
A.1 CONNECTORS	A-1
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A.3 CONNECTOR END VIEWS	A-71
A.4 COMPONENT LOCATION VIEWS	A-97

## **CONNECTOR LOCATIONS**

#### **Function/Location**

All vehicle connectors are identified by their function and location. Refer to Table A-1.

#### **Place and Color**

The place (number of wire cavities of a connector housing) and color of the connector can also aid identification.

#### **Connector Number**

On wiring diagrams and in service instructions, connectors are identified by a number in brackets.

#### **Repair Instructions**

The repair instructions in Appendix B of the electrical diagnostic manual (EDM) are by connector type. Refer to Table A-1.

	Table A-1. Connector Locations			
NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL PROBE COL- OR	LOCATION
[1]	Fairing harness	16-way Molex MX 150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing - right radio support bracket
[2]	Fairing harness	12-way Molex MX 150 Sealed (GY)	Gray	Inner fairing - left radio support bracket
[4]	AUX devices	4-way Molex MX150 (GY)	Gray	Under left side cover
[5]	Main fuse	2-way Delphi 800 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK)	Red	Under left side cover
[7]	Rear fender lights harness	6-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Top of rear fender (under seat)
[12]	Tour-Pak lights	6-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under seat in front of Tour-Pak
[12-2]	Right side marker light	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside Tour-Pak
[12-3]	Left side marker light	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside Tour-Pak
[13]	Fuel tank harness	4-way Molex MX150 Sealed (GY)	Gray	Behind fuel tank (under seat)
[18]	Right rear turn signal	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Circuit board under tail lamp as- sembly
[19]	Left rear turn signal	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Circuit board under tail lamp as- sembly
[20]	Console harness	8-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under seat
	RHCM main harness	4-way JAE MX19 Sealed (BK)	Yellow	Inner fairing - under radio right side (with fairing) (except FLT) Instrument nacelle (back of speedo- meter) (FLT models) Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing)
[22-1]	RHCM	4-way JST JWPF Sealed (W)	Light blue	Inside RHCM housing
	RHCM main harness	2-way JAE MX19 Sealed (BK)	Yellow	Inner fairing - under radio right side (with fairing) (except FLT) Instrument nacelle (back of speedo- meter) (FLT models) Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing)
[22-2]	RHCM	2-way JST JWPF Sealed (W)	Light blue	Inside RHCM housing
			-	

NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL PROBE COL- OR	LOCATION
	LHCM main harness	4-way JAE MX19 Sealed (BK)	Yellow	Inner fairing - under radio left side (with fairing) (except FLT) Instrument nacelle (back of speedo- meter) (FLT models) Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing)
[24]	LHCM	4-way JST JWPF Sealed (W)	Light blue	Inside LHCM housing
[27]	Radio	48-way Molex CMC Sealed (BK)	Breakout Box	Inner fairing - back of radio (right side)
[29]	Position lamp (if equipped)	2-way EPC (BK)	Gray	Inside headlamp nacelle
[31L]	Left front turn signal/auxiliary lamp	4-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK) (without fairing) 4-way JAE MX19 Sealed (BK) (with fairing)	Gray Yellow	Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing) Inside left front turn signal/Aux lamp support (with fairing) (except FLT) Inner fairing - lower right side (FLT)
[31R]	Right front turn signal/auxiliary lamp	6-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK) (without fairing) 4-way JAE MX19 Sealed (BK) (with fairing)	Gray Yellow	Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing) Inside right front turn signal/Aux lamp support (with fairing) (except FLT) Inner fairing - lower right side (FLT)
[32]	Front fender tip lamp jumper harness (if equipped)	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing - below upper for bracket (left side) (with fairing) Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing)
[33]	Ignition switch	2-way Delphi GT 150 3.5mm sealed (GY)	Gray	Bottom of ignition switch (with fairing) Under console (without fairing)
[34-1]	Right front speaker	2-Way Molex MX150 (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing (right speaker enclosure)
[34-2]	Right front speaker	Tyco Insulated Spade terminals (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing (back of right speaker)
[35-1]	Left front speaker	2-Way Molex MX150 (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing (left speaker enclosure)
[35-2]	Left front speaker	Tyco Insulated Spade terminals (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing (back of left speaker)
[36+] [36-]	Left rear speaker	Tyco Insulated Spade terminals (BK)	Gray	Inside left speaker POD (back of left speaker)
[37+] [37-]	Left rear speaker	Tyco Insulated Spade terminals (BK)	Gray	Inside right speaker POD (back of right speaker)
[38]	Headlamp	4-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing back of headlamp
[38HI]	Headlamp high beam	2-way Tyco (GY)	Gray	Inside headlamp nacelle
[38LO]	Headlamp low beam	2-way Tyco (BK)	Gray	Inside headlamp nacelle
[39]	Speedometer (without fairing) IM (with fairing)	12-way Delphi Micro 64 Sealed (GY)	Breakout Box	Back of speedometer under console (without fairing) (except FLT) Instrument nacelle (back of IM) (FLT models) Inner fairing back of IM (with fairing)
[41+] [41-]	Right saddlebag speaker	Tyco Insulated Spade terminals (BK)	Gray	Inside right saddlebag (back of speaker)
[42+] [42-]	Left saddlebag speaker	Tyco Insulated Spade terminals (BK)	Gray	Inside left saddlebag (back of speaker)
[45]	Rear fender tip lamp (if equipped)	2-way Tyco 070 Unsealed	Gray	Circuit board under tail lamp as- sembly
[47]	Stator	3-way Dekko (BK)	Green	Bottom of voltage regulator (left side)
[50]	CB antenna cable	1-way AMP TCN		Inner fairing - back of CB module

NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL PROBE COL- OR	LOCATION
[51]	Radio antenna cable	1-way AMP TCN		Inner fairing - back of radio (left side)
[52]	Radio antenna cable to mast	1-way AMP TCN		Inside of Tour-Pak
[53]	Rider headset	6-way Molex MX150 (BK)	Gray	Under seat
[64]	Fuse block	24-way fargo fuse block un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Under left side cover
[65]	VSS	3-way Delphi GT 150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Top of transmission case (under starter)
[67]	Accessory switch	4-way Tyco Mate-N-lok Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside headlamp nacelle
[73]	Auxiliary/fog lamps	2-way Delphi 280 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK)	Purple	Inside auxiliary/fog lamps
[76]	Passenger headset	7-way DIN (BK)		Below rear left speaker box
[77]	Voltage regulator	2-way Dekko (BK)	Green	Bottom of voltage regulator (right side)
[78-1]	ECM	18-way Tyco (BK)	Breakout Box	Under seat
[78-2]	ECM	18-way Tyco (GY)	Breakout Box	Under seat
[78-3]	ECM	18-way Tyco (BN)	Breakout Box	Under seat
[79]	CKP sensor	2-way Deutsch DTM Sealed (BK)	Brown	Rear of lower front frame crossmember
[80]	TMAP sensor	4-way MCON 1.2 Sealed	Light blue	Top of induction module
[83]	Ignition coil	3-way Delphi GT 150 3.5mm	Gray	Bottom front of battery tray
[84]	Front fuel injector	2-way Molex BPT Sealed (BK)	Purple	Below fuel tank (left side)
[85]	Rear fuel injector	2-way Molex BPT Sealed (BK)	Purple	Below fuel tank (left side)
[90]	ET sensor	2-way MCON 1.2 Sealed	Light blue	Back of front cylinder (left side)
[91]	DLC	4-way Deutsch DT Sealed (GY)	Black	Under left side cover
[91-2]	DLC	6-way Deutsch DT sealed (GY)	Black	Under left side cover
[93]	Tail lamp	4-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Circuit board under tail lamp as- sembly
[94]	Rear fender lights harness in circuit board	6-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Circuit board under tail lamp as- sembly
[95]	Purge solenoid	2-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack Sealed (R)	Gray	Under seat
[97]	Right cooling fan	2-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside right lower fairing
[105L]	OE dash switch pack	6-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Behind switch cover (left side)
[105R]	P&A dash switch pack	6-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Behind switch cover (right side)
[107]	AAT sensor	2-way Molex MX64 Unsealed (BK)	Light blue	Steering head, left side
[109]	Auxiliary lamps switch (without fairing)	4-way Tyco Mate-N-Lok Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside headlamp nacelle
[111]	Voltmeter	4-way Delphi GT 150 3.5mm Sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing (back of voltmeter)
[111-2]	Voltmeter jumper	4-way JAEMX19 Sealed (BK)	Yellow	Inner fairing (marked with yellow spot tape)

NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL PROBE COL- OR	LOCATION
[117]	Fuel gauge	4-way Tyco 040 Multilock un- sealed (BK) (without fairing) 4-way Delphi GT 150 3.5mm Sealed (BK) (with fairing)	Gray	Inner fairing (back of fuel gauge) (with fairing) Bottom fuel tank left side (without fairing)
[117-2]	Fuel gauge jumper	4-way JAEMX19 Sealed (BK)	Yellow	Inner fairing (marked with yellow spot tape)
[120]	Oil pressure switch	Push-on Right Angle Molded terminal (BK)	Black	Front right crankcase
[121-1] [121-2]	Rear brake switch	Push-on Molded terminals (BK)	Red	Mid-chassis, lower right side between frame and exhaust pipe)
[122-1] [122-2]	Horn	Flag terminals (BK)	Red	Between cylinders (left side)
[128]	Starter solenoid	Delphi 56 Spade terminal (W)	Red	Top of starter
[131-1] [131-2]	Neutral switch	Push-on Right Angle Molded terminals (BK)		Top of transmission (right side)
[132]	Power outlet	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing
[132C]	Power outlet	2-way Delphi Unsealed (GY)	Red	Inner fairing
[133]	JSS	3-way Molex MX 150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Rear of lower front frame crossmem- ber
[137]	HO2S rear	4-way Molex MX 150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under right side cover
[138]	HO2S front	4-way Molex MX 150 Sealed (GY)	Gray	Under right side cover
[139]	Oil pressure sender	3-way Delphi GT 150 3.5mm Sealed	Gray	Front right crankcase
[141]	Fuel pump and fuel level sender	4-way Delphi GT 280 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under console on top of fuel tank canopy
[142]	Security siren	3-way Delphi GT 150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under left side cover
[143]	Front fender tip lamp (if equipped)	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Under front fender tip lamp bracket
[149-1]	Audio amplifier 1	23-way Tyco AMPSEAL Sealed (BK)	Black	Under fairing above radio
[149-2]	Audio amplifier 2	23-way Tyco AMPSEAL Sealed (BK)	Black	Inside left saddlebag
[162]	Rear audio	6-way Molex MX150 (BK) (without Tour-Pak) 16-way Molex MX150 (BK) (with Tour-Pak)	Gray	Inner fairing - above radio (FLHX/S, FLT) Under seat just in front of Tour-Pak (FLHT)
[166]	ABS module	26-way Bosch BTC Sealed (BK)	Breakout Box	Under right side cover
[167]	Front WSS	2-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK) (with fairing) 2-way Deutsch DTM Sealed (BK) (without fairing)	Gray Brown	Just below upper fork bracket right side (with fairing) Inside headlamp nacelle (without fairing)
[168]	Rear WSS	2-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under right side cover
[184]	CB module	12-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing - left side of radio

NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL PROBE COL- OR	LOCATION
[189]	Heated handgrip to main har- ness	2-way Tyco 040 multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing - under radio right side (with fairing) (except FLT) Instrument nacelle (back of IM) (FLT models)
[203F]	ACR (front)	2-way Tyco Superseal 1.5 Sealed	Gray	Bracket attached to the throttle body
[203R]	ACR (rear)	2-way Tyco Superseal 1.5 Sealed	Gray	Bracket attached to the throttle body
[204]	TGS harness	6-way JST JWPF Sealed	Light blue	Inner fairing - right side below radio (with fairing) (except FLT) Instrument nacelle (back of IM) (FLT models) Inside headlamp nacelle - fork stem nut lock plate (without fairing)
[205]	Chassis cooling fan switch	4-way Mate-N-Lock	Gray	Inside headlamp nacelle
[206]	Heated handgrip interconnect	2-way Tyco 040 Unsealed	Gray	Inside outer fairing, right side
[209]	Security antenna	2-way Molex MX64 Unsealed (BK)	Light blue	Under seat
[211]	ТСА	6-way Delphi GT 150 Sealed	Gray	Right side of engine (induction mod- ule)
[215]	Left cooling fan	2-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside left lower fairing
[225]	Rider headset	7-way DIN (BK)		Under Console
[226]	Rear lighting jumper harness	12-way Delphi Micro 64 Sealed (GY)	Breakout Box	Rear fender tip fascia module
[232R]	Right cooling fan jumper	2-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under voltage regulator
[232L]	Left cooling fan jumper	4-way Molex MX150 Sealed (BK)	Gray	Under voltage regulator
[235]	Cooling pump	3-way MCON 1.2 Sealed	Light blue	
[236]	ECT sensor	2-way Delphi GT 150 3.5mm Sealed ( BK)	Gray	Inside left lower fairing
[242]	ВСМ	48-way Molex CMC Sealed (BK)	Breakout Box	Under left side cover
[243]	P&A CAN	4-way JAEMX19 Sealed (BK)	Yellow	Inner fairing next to left speaker en- closure
[258]	Power outlet	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inside Tour-Pak
[259]	BCM power	1-way Delphi 800 Metri-Pack Sealed (BK)	Red	Under left side cover
[262]	Rear lighting jumper harness	12-way Delphi Micro 64 Sealed (GY)	Breakout Box	Rear fender tip fascia module
[280]	P&A audio	12-way Molex MX150 Sealed (GY)	Gray	Inner fairing - above radio
[281]	Battery tender	2-way overmold (BK)		Under left side cover
[287]	Tour-Pak lights	5-way Delphi 150 Metri-Pack	Gray	Inside Tour-Pak
[288]	Left saddlebag	12-way Deutsch DT Sealed (BK)	Black	Inside left saddlebag
[296]	Speaker interconnect	4-way Molex MX150 (BK)	Gray	Under seat just in front of Tour-Pak
[297]	Speaker interconnect	4-way Molex MX150 (BK)	Gray	Under seat just in front of Tour-Pak
[298]	Right saddlebag	2-way Molex MX150 (BK)	Gray	Inside right saddlebag

NO.	DESCRIPTION	ТҮРЕ	TERMINAL PROBE COL- OR	LOCATION
[299]	P&A accessory power	2-way Tyco 070 Multilock Un- sealed (BK)	Gray	Inner fairing
[315]	Front knock sensor	2-way KOSTAL MLK 1.2	Light blue	Under fuel tank
[316]	Rear knock sensor	2-way KOSTAL MLK 1.2	Light blue	Under fuel tank
[317]	Oil cooling fan	2-way Delphi Metr Pack 150	Gray	
[318]	Chassis cooling fan	2-way Delphi Metr Pack 150	Gray	Under seat
[319]	Terminating resister	2-Way Delphi GT 150	Gray	Right side cover
[325]	P&A accessory	3-way Molex MX150	Gray	Right side cover
[GND1] [GND2] [GND2A]	Harness grounds	Ring terminals		Under seat
[GND3]	Fork bracket ground	1-way Push On Molded termin- al (BK)		Steering head, left side

## WIRING DIAGRAMS

#### WIRING DIAGRAM INFORMATION

#### Wire Color Codes

Wire traces on wiring diagrams are labeled with alpha codes. Refer to Table A-2.

**For Solid Color Wires:** See Figure A-1. The alpha code identifies wire color.

**For Striped Wires:** The code is written with a slash (/) between the solid color code and the stripe code. For example, a trace labeled GN/Y is a green wire with a yellow stripe.

#### Wiring Diagram Symbols

See Figure A-1. On wiring diagrams and in service/repair instructions, connectors are identified by a number in brackets []. The letter inside the brackets identifies whether the housing is a socket or pin housing.

**A=Pin:** The letter A and the pin symbol after a connector number identifies the pin side of the terminal connectors.

**B=Socket:** The letter B and the socket symbol after a connector number identifies the socket side of the terminal connectors. Other symbols found on the wiring diagrams include the following:

**Diode:** The diode allows current flow in one direction only in a circuit.

**Wire break:** The wire breaks are used to show option variances or page breaks.

**No Connection:** Two wires crossing over each other in a wiring diagram that are shown with no splice indicating they are not connected together.

**Circuit to/from:** This symbol indicates a more complete circuit diagram on another page. The symbol is also identifying the direction of current flow.

**Splice:** Splices are where two or more wires are connected together along a wiring diagram. The indication of a splice only indicates that wires are spliced to that circuit. It is not the true location of the splice in the wiring harness.

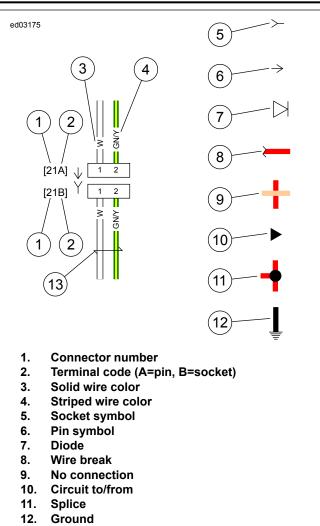
**Ground:** Grounds can be classified as either clean or dirty grounds. Clean grounds are identified by a (BK/GN) wire and are normally used for sensors or modules.

#### NOTE

Clean grounds usually do not have electric motors, coils or anything that may cause electrical interference on the ground circuit.

Dirty grounds are identified by a (BK) wire and are used for components that are not as sensitive to electrical interference.

**Twisted pair:** This symbol indicates the two wires are twisted together in the harness. This minimizes the circuit's electromagnetic interference from external sources. If repairs are necessary to these wires they should remain as twisted wires.







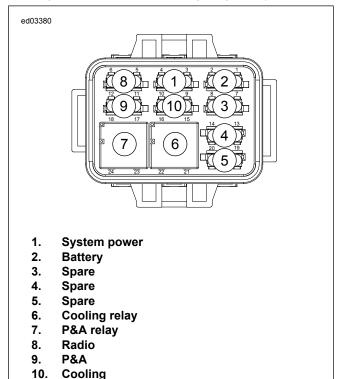


Figure A-2. Fuse Block [64B]

#### Table A-2. Wire Color Codes

Table	A-2.	Wire	Color	Codes
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ALPHA CODE	WIRE COLOR
BE	Blue
ВК	Black
BN	Brown
GN	Green
GY	Gray
LBE	Light Blue
LGN	Light Green
0	Orange

ALPHA CODE	WIRE COLOR
PK	Pink
R	Red
TN	Tan
V	Violet
W	White
Y	Yellow

## 2017 TOURING WIRING DIAGRAMS

## WIRING DIAGRAM LIST

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P&A Radio with 2 Amps (2 of 2): 2017 TouringFigure A-30.P&A Radio with 4 Amps (1 of 4), Front Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-31.P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-32.P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-33.	P&A Radio with 1 Amp: 2017 Touring	Figure A-28.
P&A Radio with 4 Amps (1 of 4), Front Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-31.P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-32.P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-33.	P&A Radio with 2 Amps (1 of 2): 2017 Touring	Figure A-29.
P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-32.P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 TouringFigure A-33.	P&A Radio with 2 Amps (2 of 2): 2017 Touring	Figure A-30.
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	P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring	Figure A-32.
P&A Radio with 4 Amps (4 of 4), Tour-Pak Amp: 2017 Touring Figure A-34.	P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring	Figure A-33.
	P&A Radio with 4 Amps (4 of 4), Tour-Pak Amp: 2017 Touring	Figure A-34.

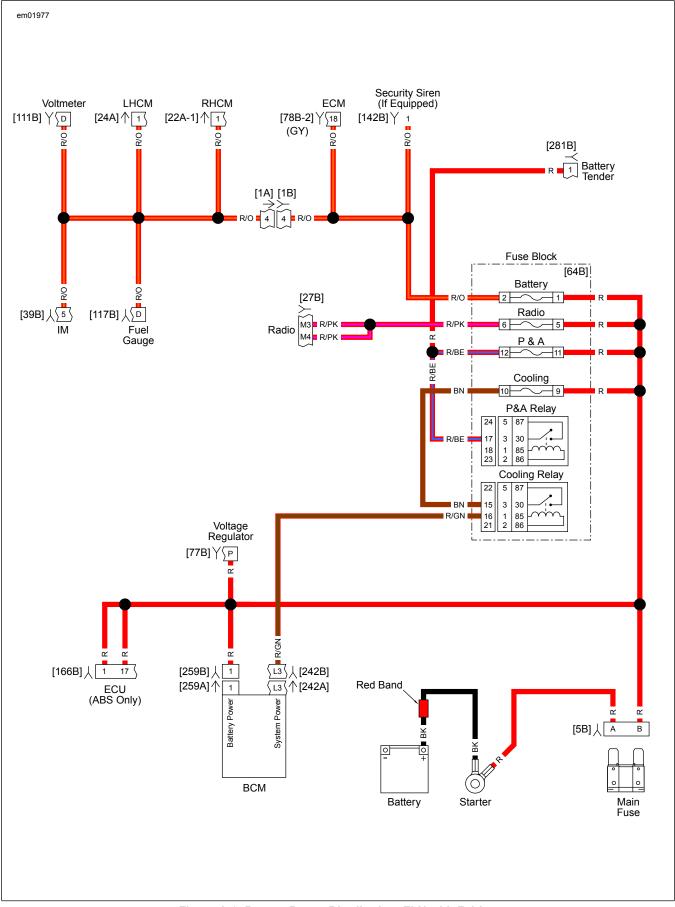


Figure A-3. Battery Power Distribution: FLH with Fairing

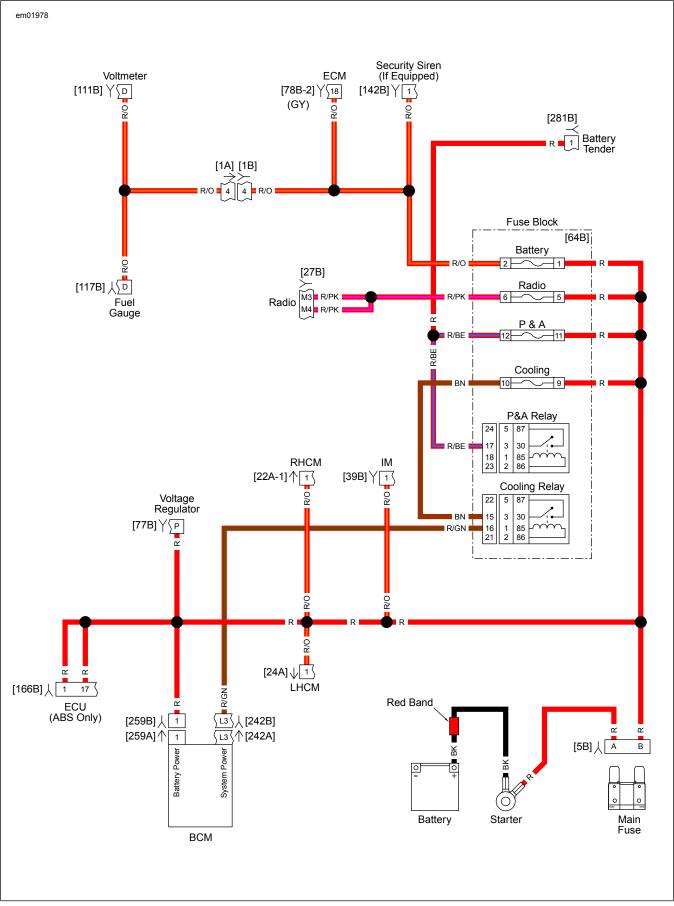


Figure A-4. Battery Power Distribution: FLT

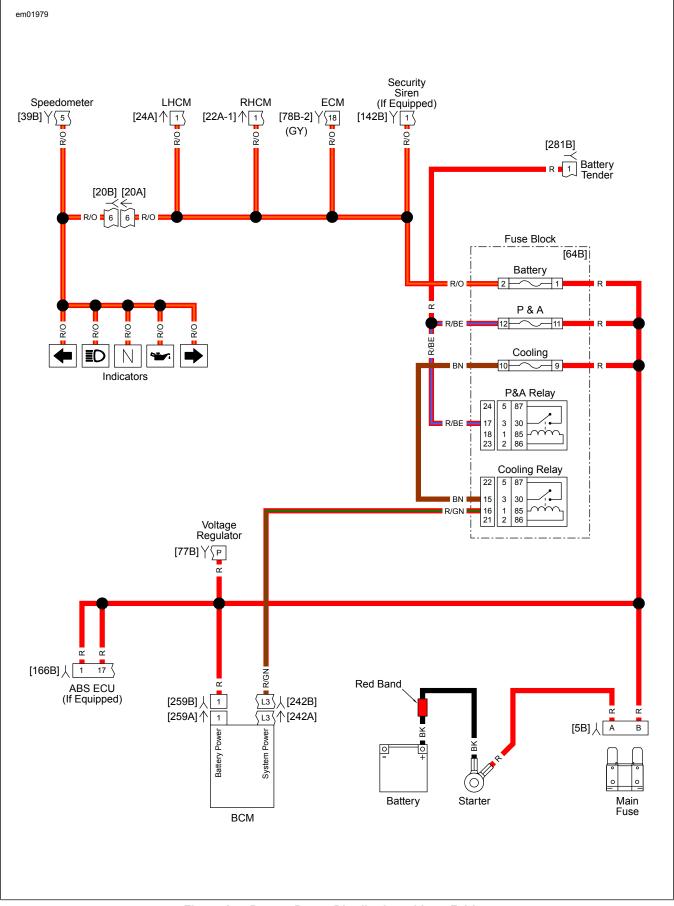


Figure A-5. Battery Power Distribution without Fairing

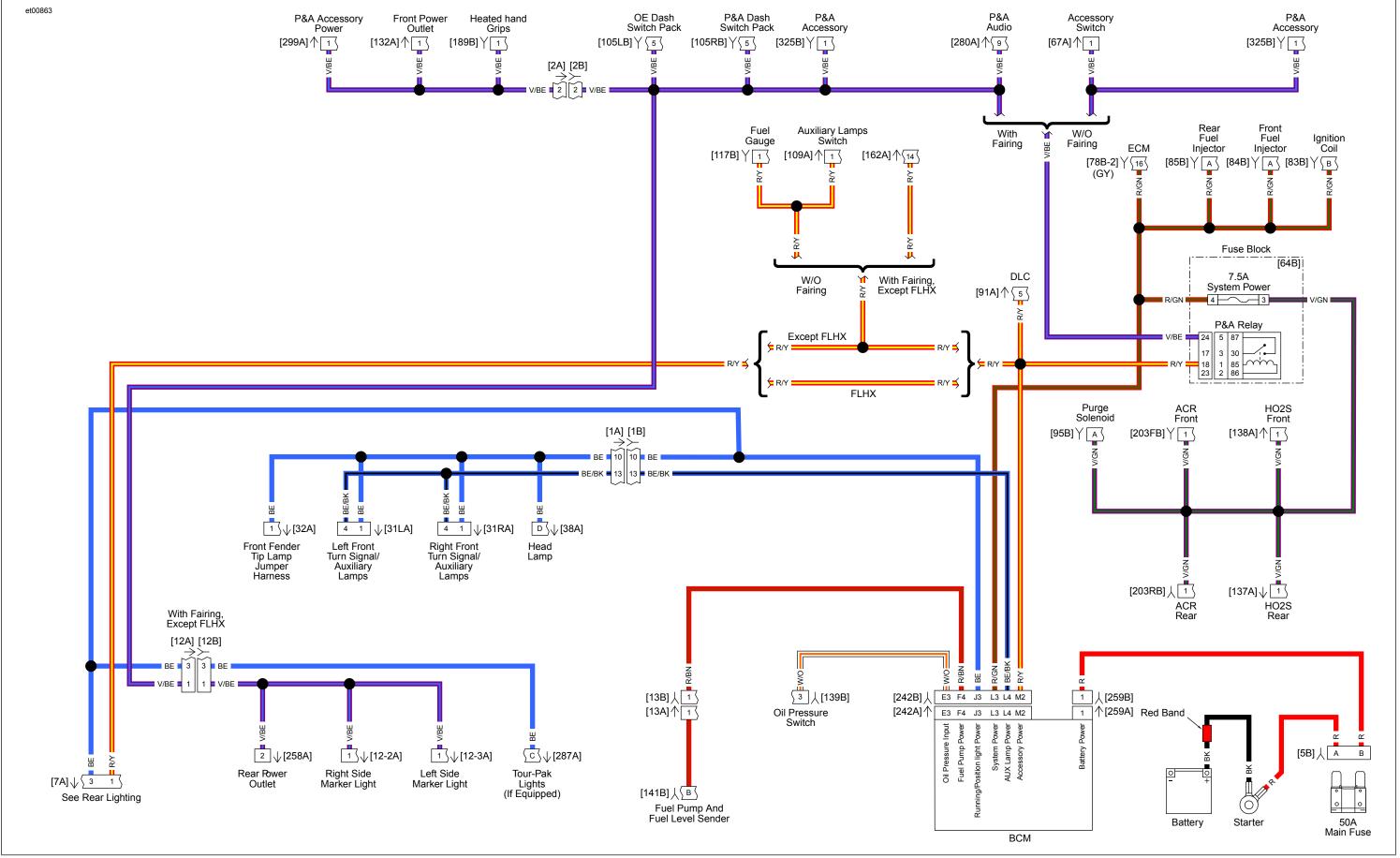


Figure A-6. Ignition and ACC FLH: 2017 Touring

Ignition and ACC FLH: 2017 Touring

## Ignition and ACC FLH: 2017 Touring

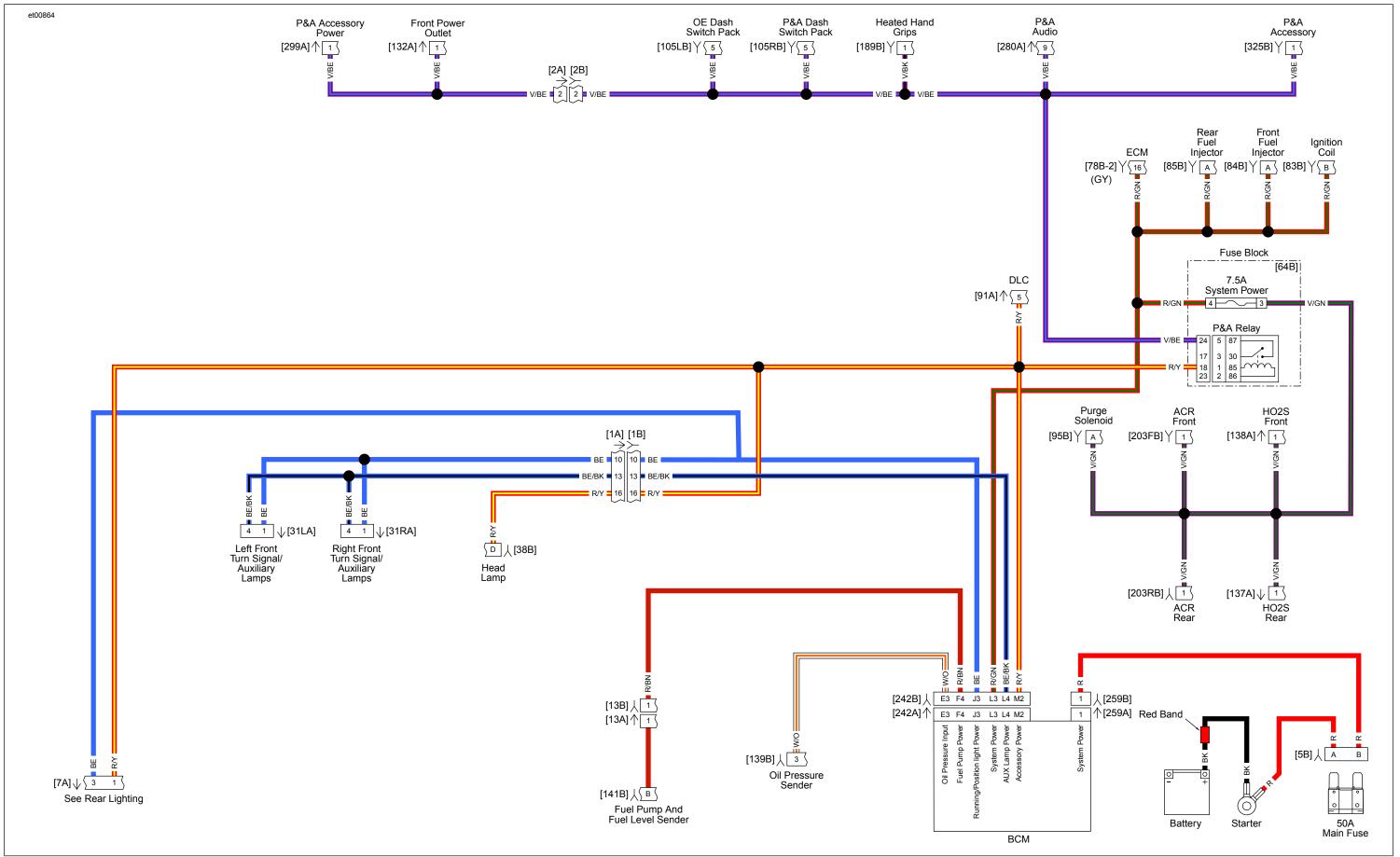


Figure A-7. Ignition and ACC FLT: 2017 Touring

Ignition and ACC FLT: 2017 Touring

## Ignition and ACC FLT: 2017 Touring

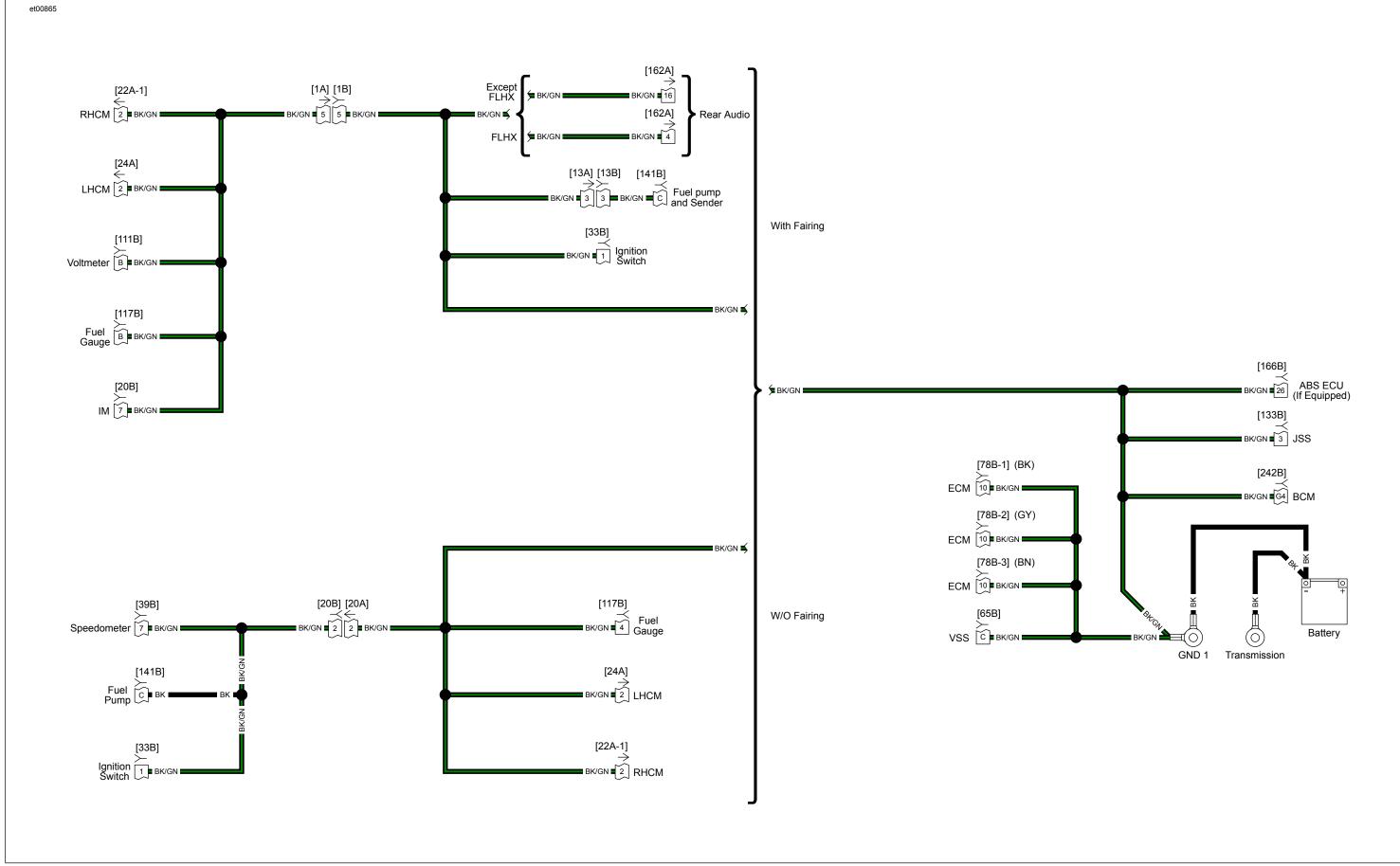


Figure A-8. Sensor Grounds FLH: 2017 Touring

Sensor Grounds FLH: 2017 Touring

## Sensor Grounds FLH: 2017 Touring

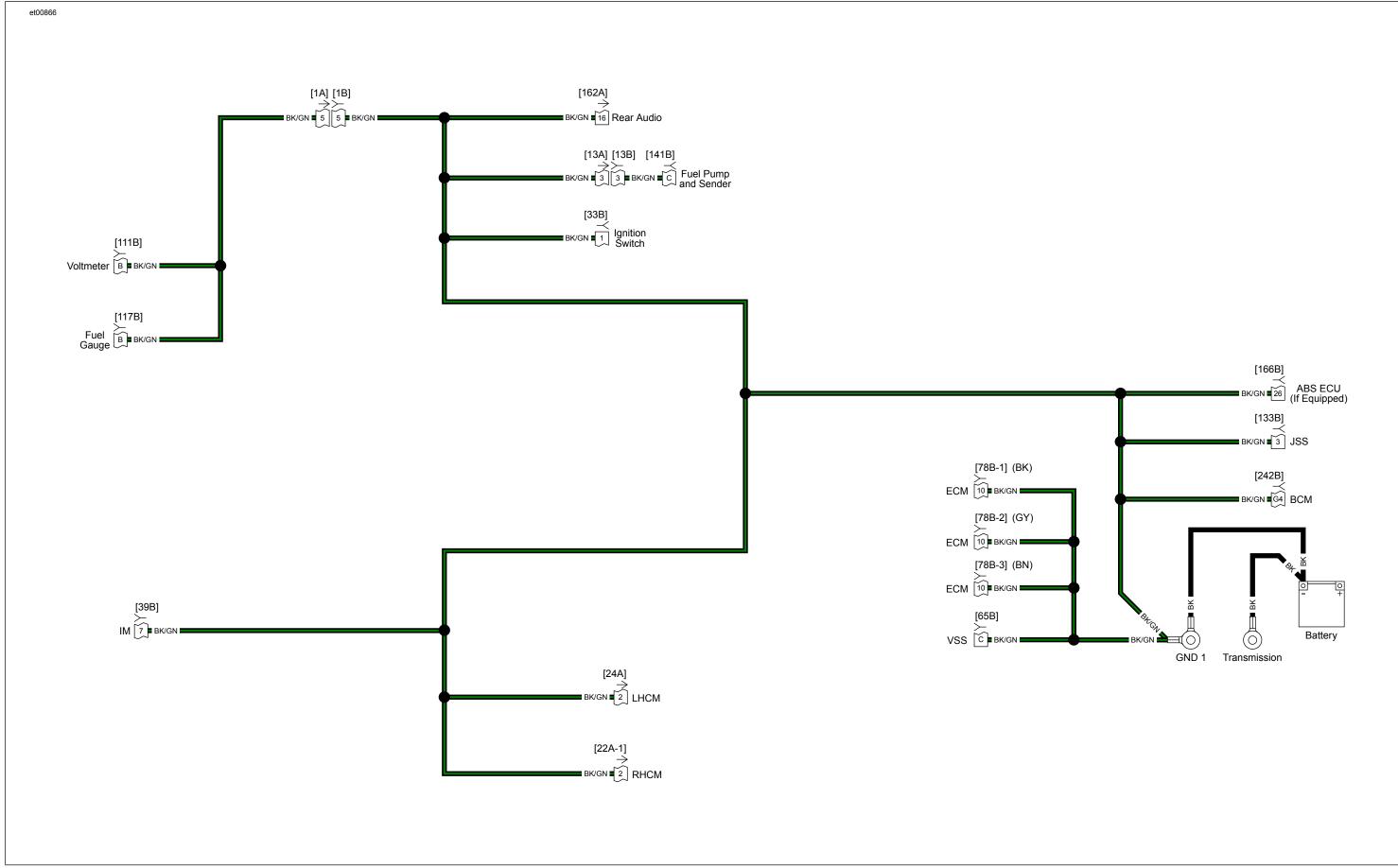


Figure A-9. Sensor Grounds FLT: 2017 Touring

Sensor Grounds FLT: 2017 Touring

# Sensor Grounds FLT: 2017 Touring

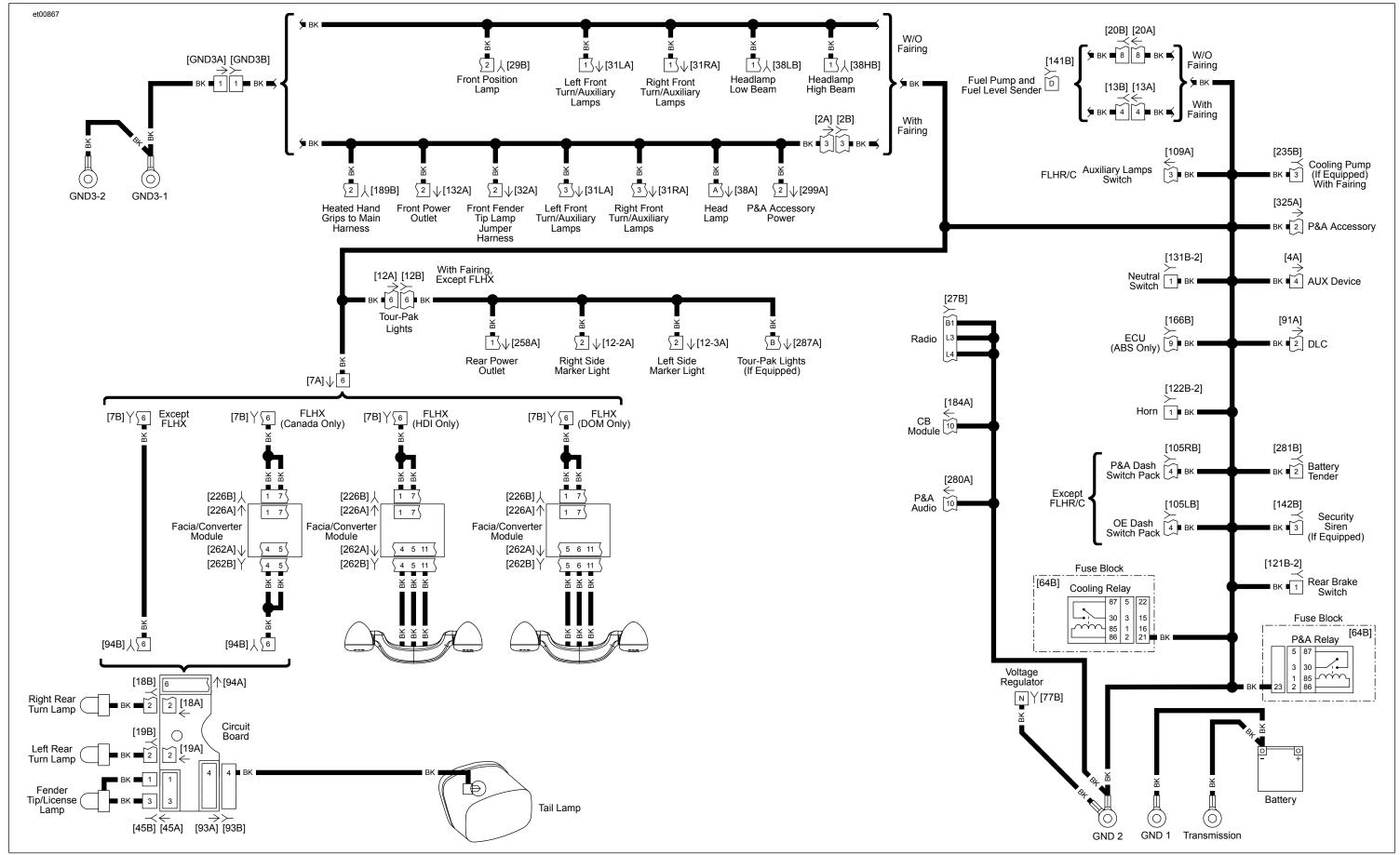


Figure A-10. Ground Circuit FLH: 2017 Touring

Ground Circuit FLH: 2017 Touring

## Ground Circuit FLH: 2017 Touring

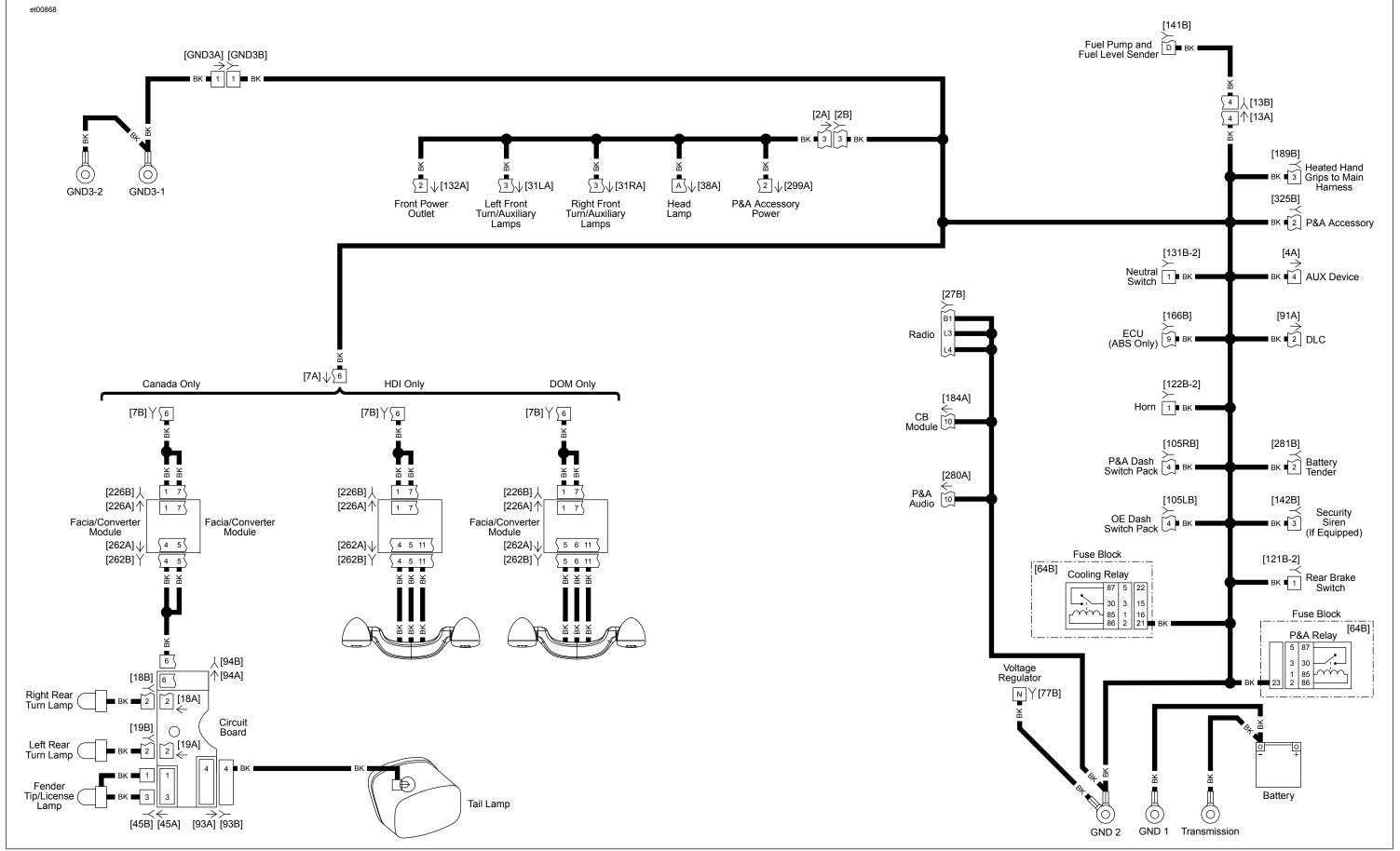


Figure A-11. Ground Circuit FLT: 2017 Touring

Ground Circuit FLT: 2017 Touring

## Ground Circuit FLT: 2017 Touring

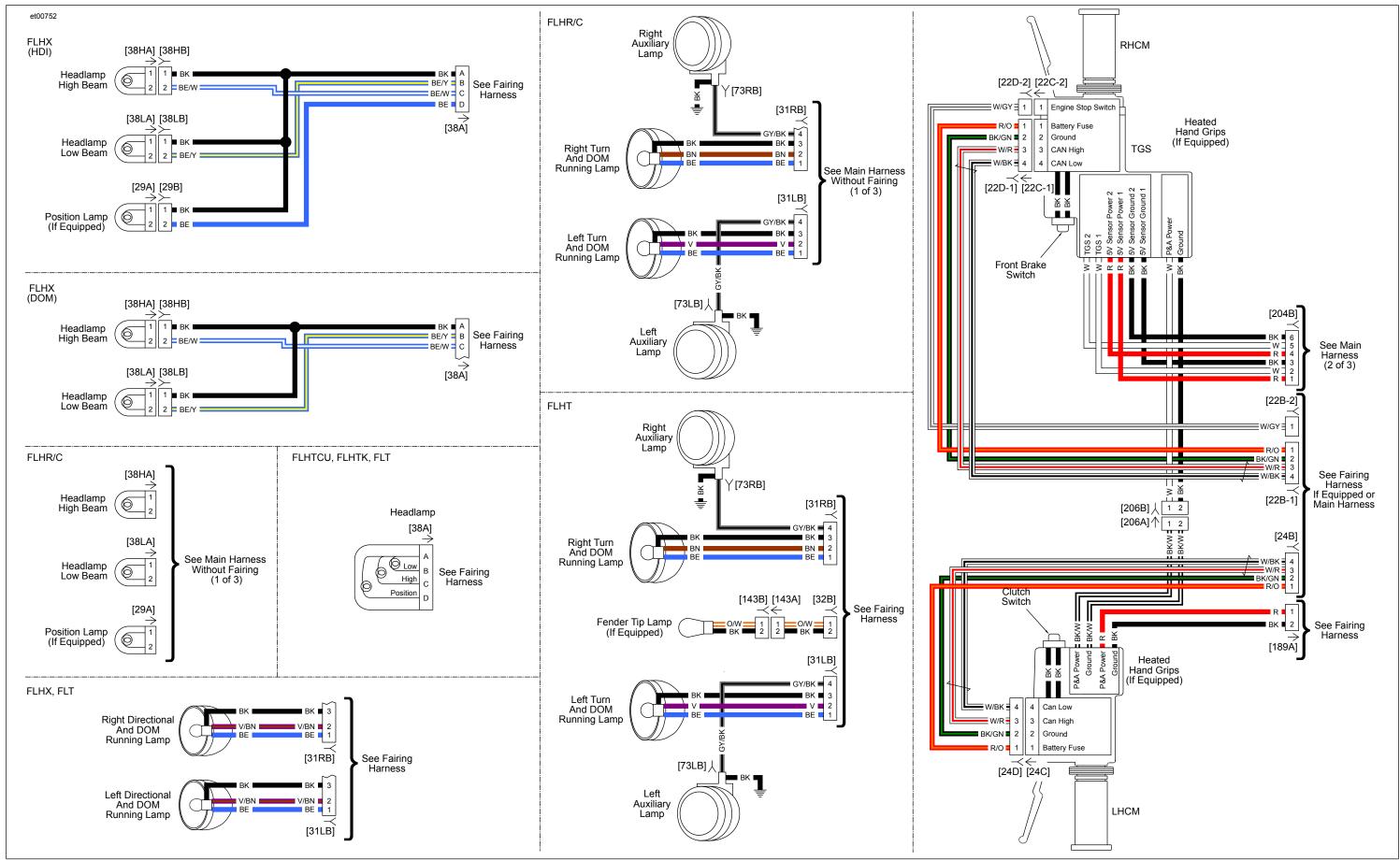


Figure A-12. Front Lighting and Hand Controls: 2017 Touring

Front Lighting and Hand Controls: 2017 Touring

Front Lighting and Hand Controls: 2017 Touring

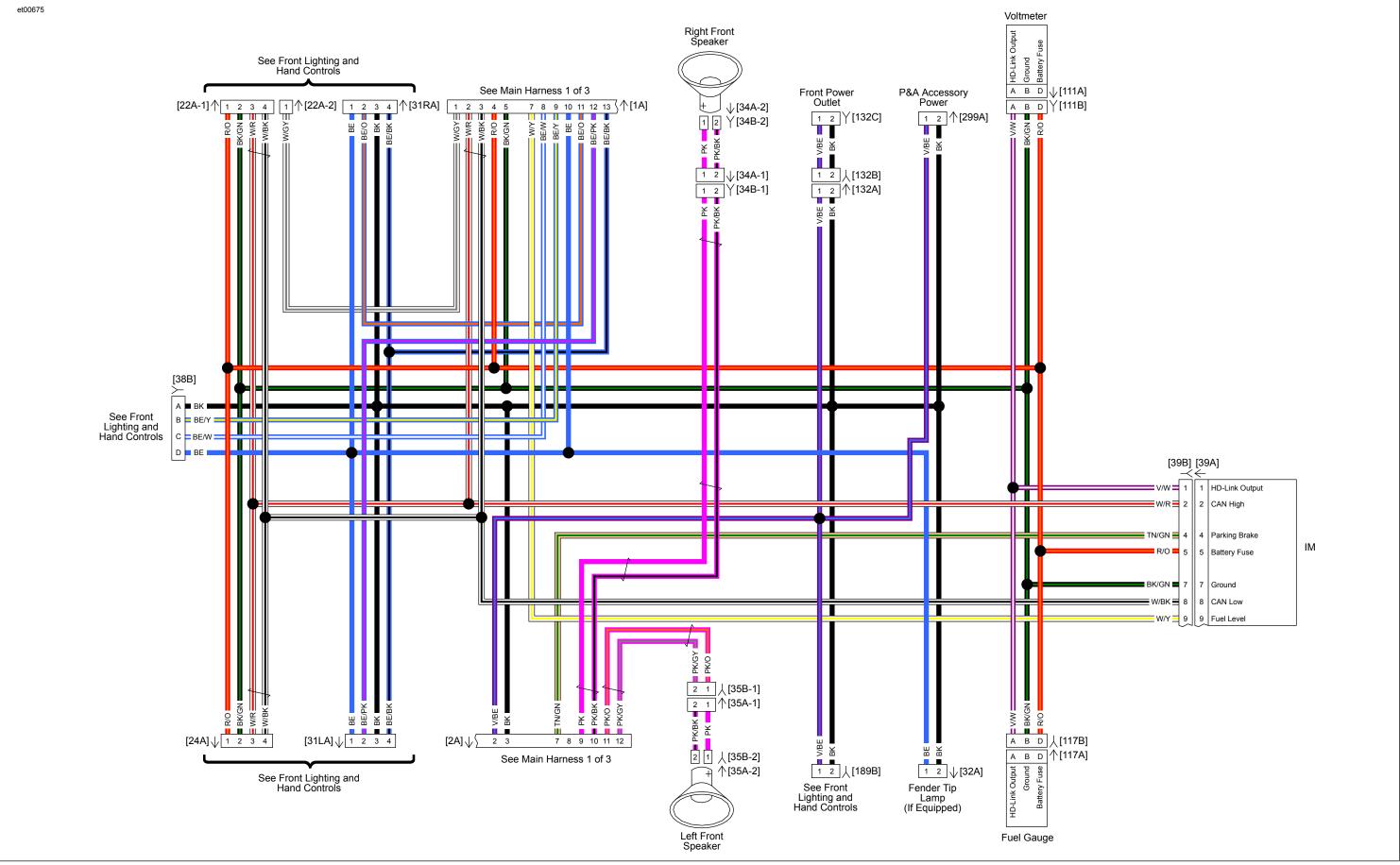


Figure A-13. Fairing Harness FLH: 2017 Touring

Fairing Harness FLH: 2017 Touring

## Fairing Harness FLH: 2017 Touring

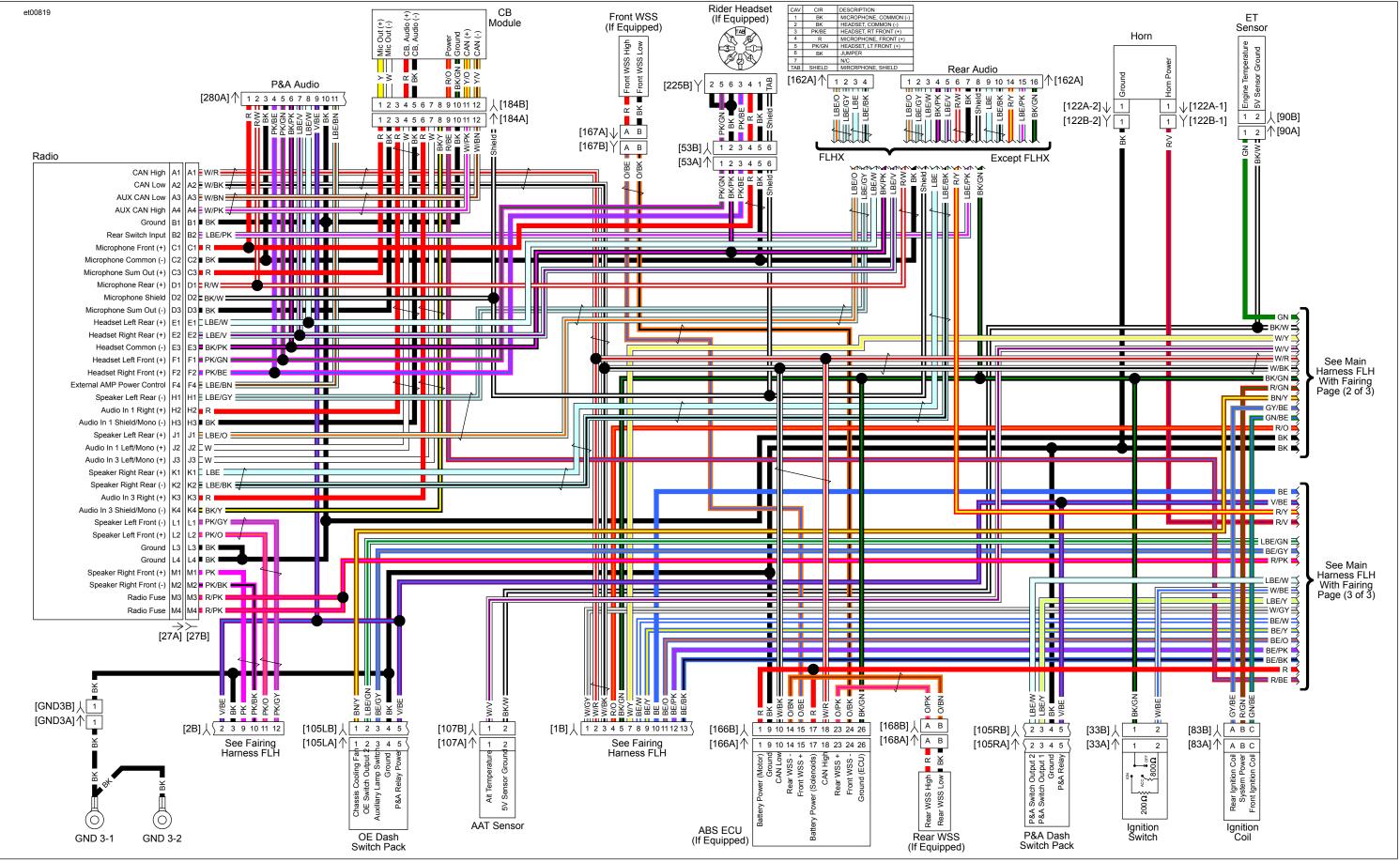


Figure A-14. Main Harness FLH (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLH (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLH (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

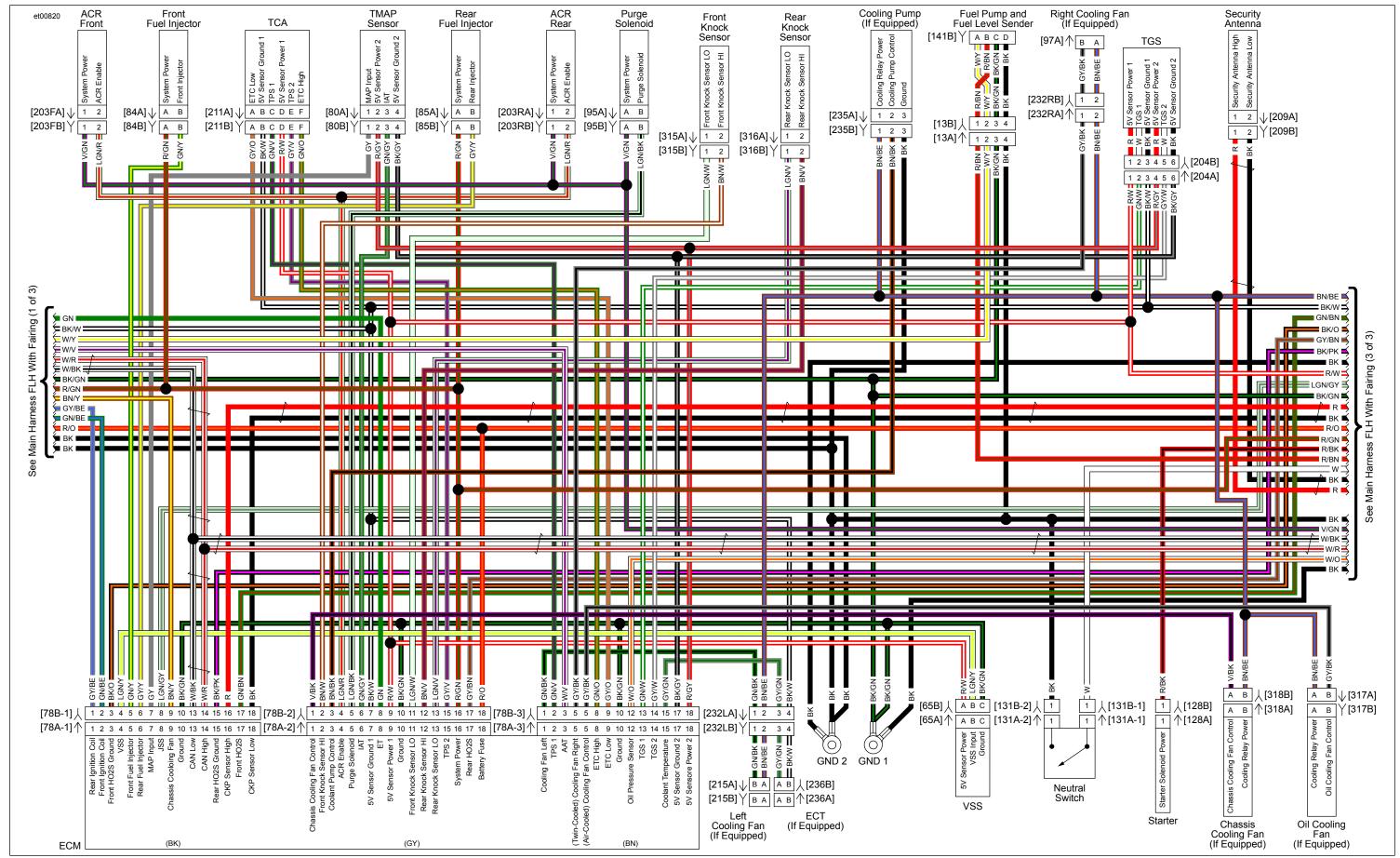


Figure A-15. Main Harness FLH (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLH (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLH (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

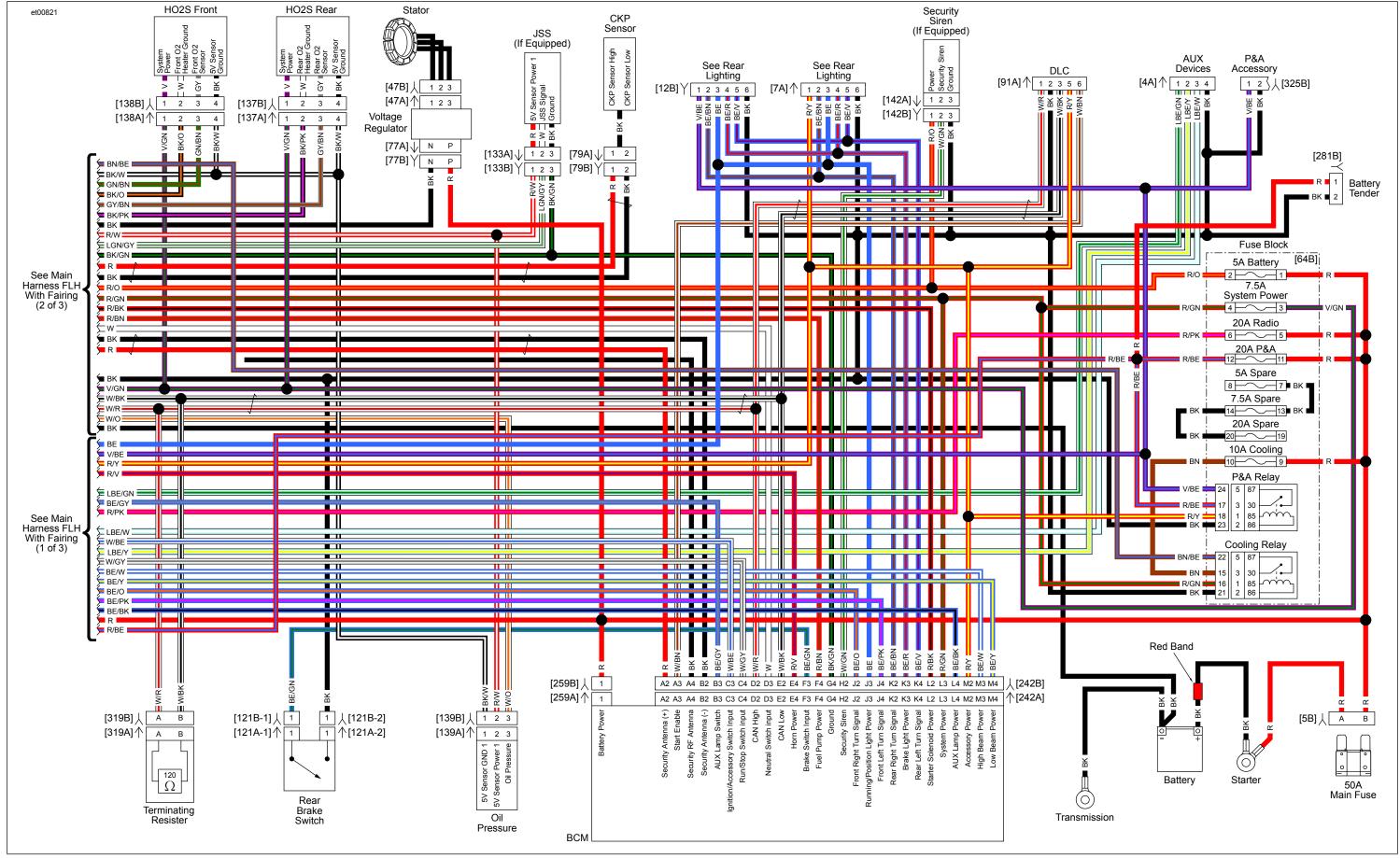


Figure A-16. Main Harness FLH (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLH (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLH (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

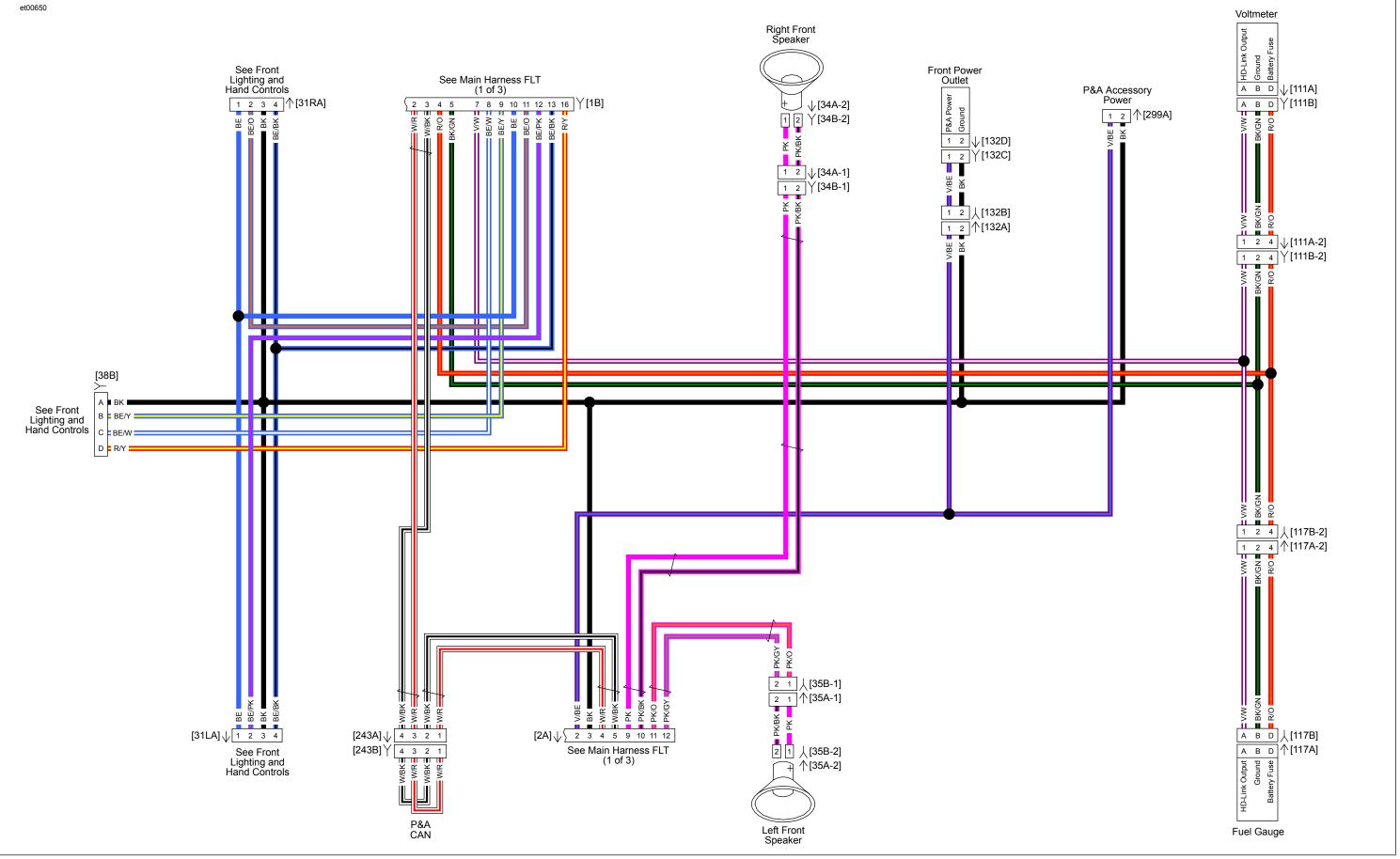


Figure A-17. Fairing Harness FLT: 2017 Touring

Fairing Harness FLT: 2017 Touring

## Fairing Harness FLT: 2017 Touring

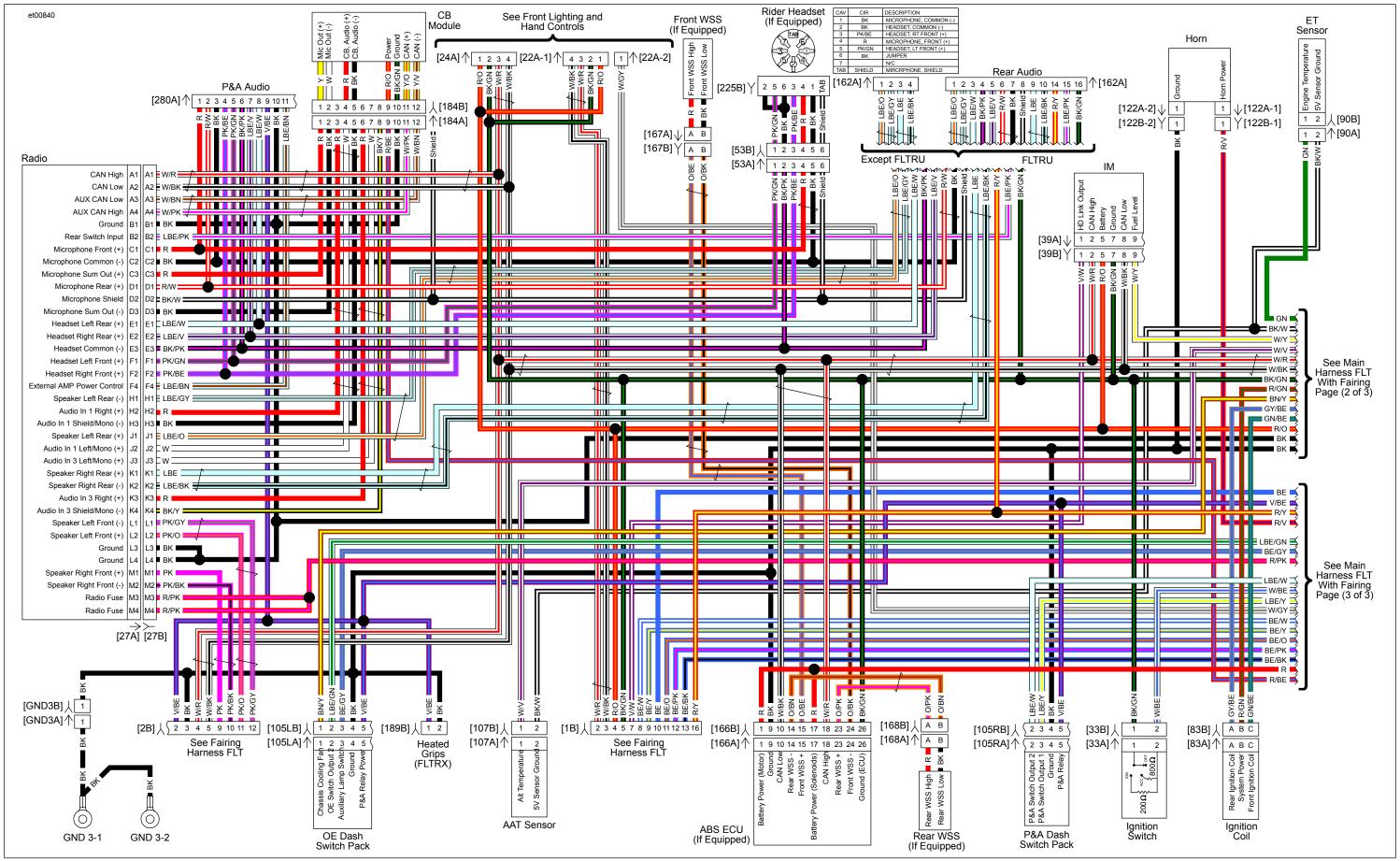


Figure A-18. Main Harness FLT (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLT (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLT (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

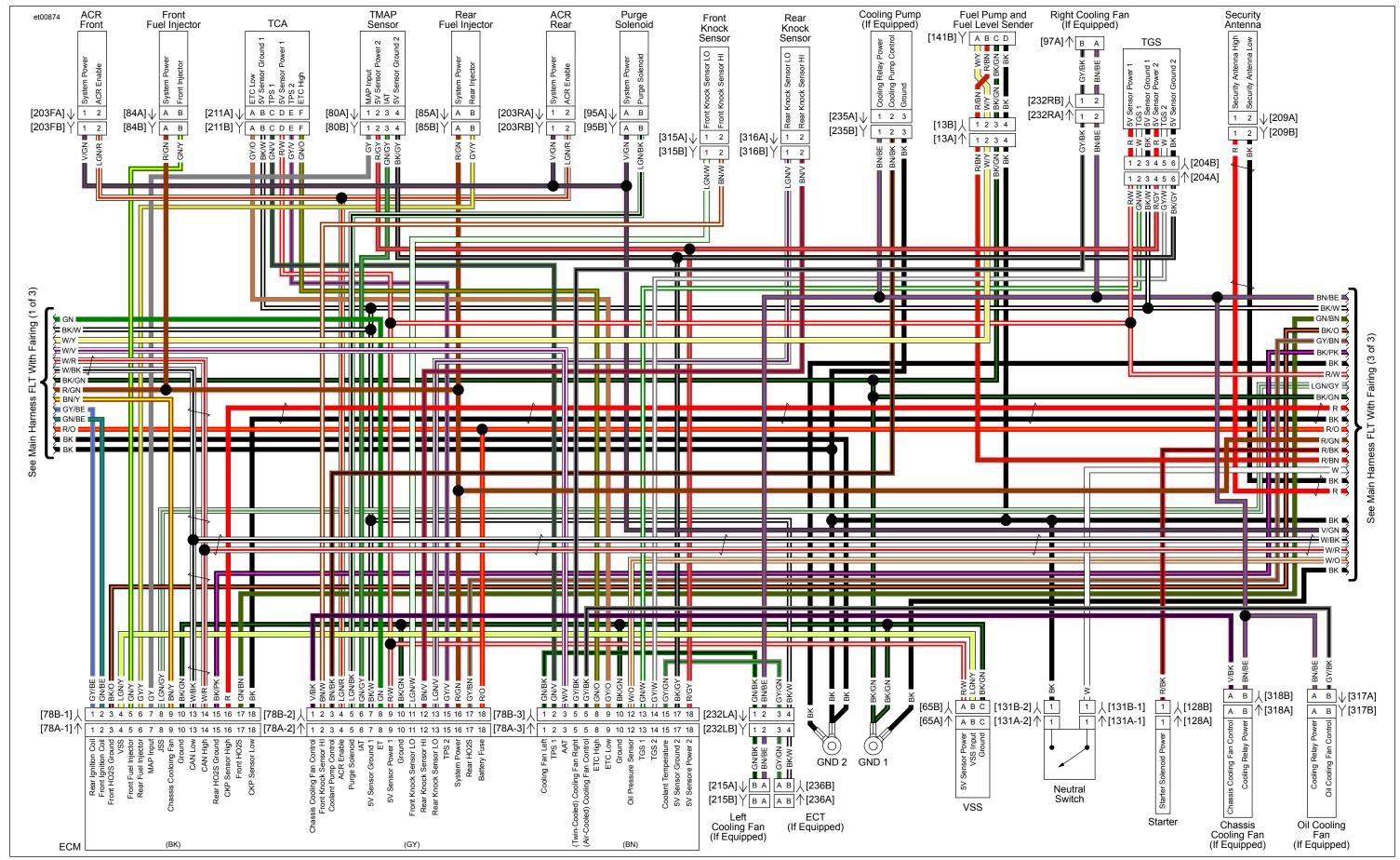


Figure A-19. Main Harness FLT (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLT (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

## Main Harness FLT (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

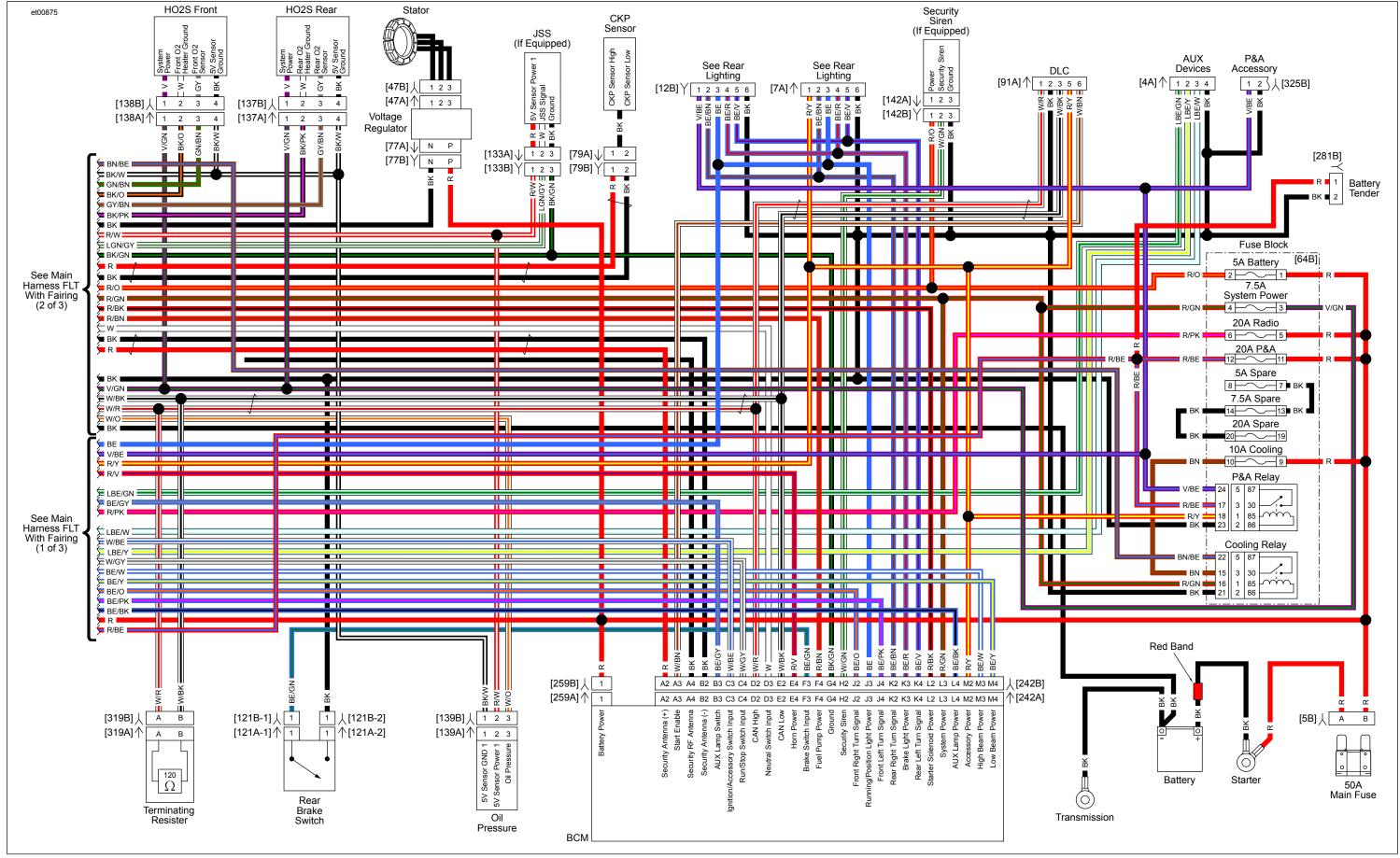


Figure A-20. Main Harness FLT (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

Main Harness FLT (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

## Main Harness FLT (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (with Fairing)

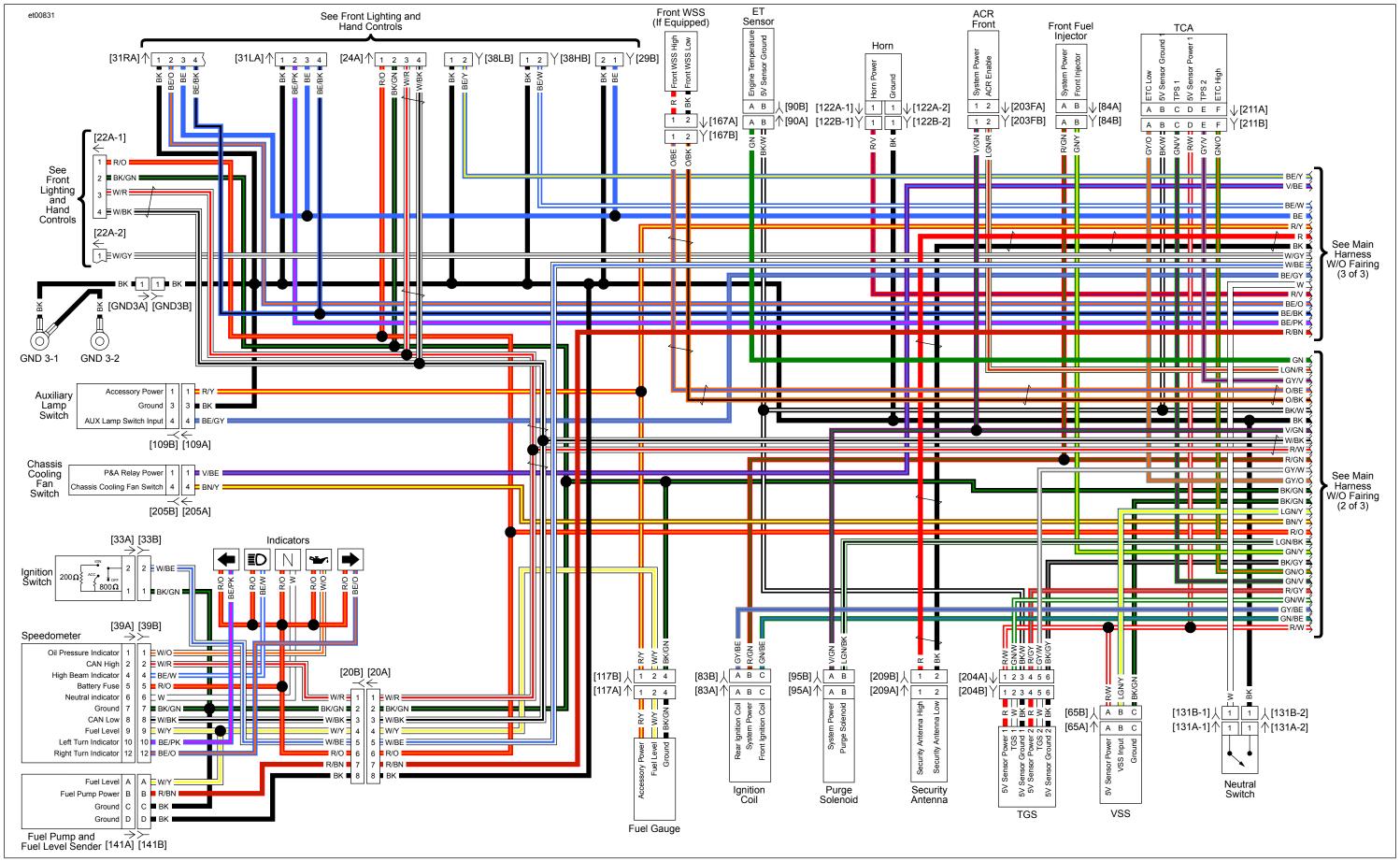


Figure A-21. Main Harness (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

Main Harness (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

Main Harness (1 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

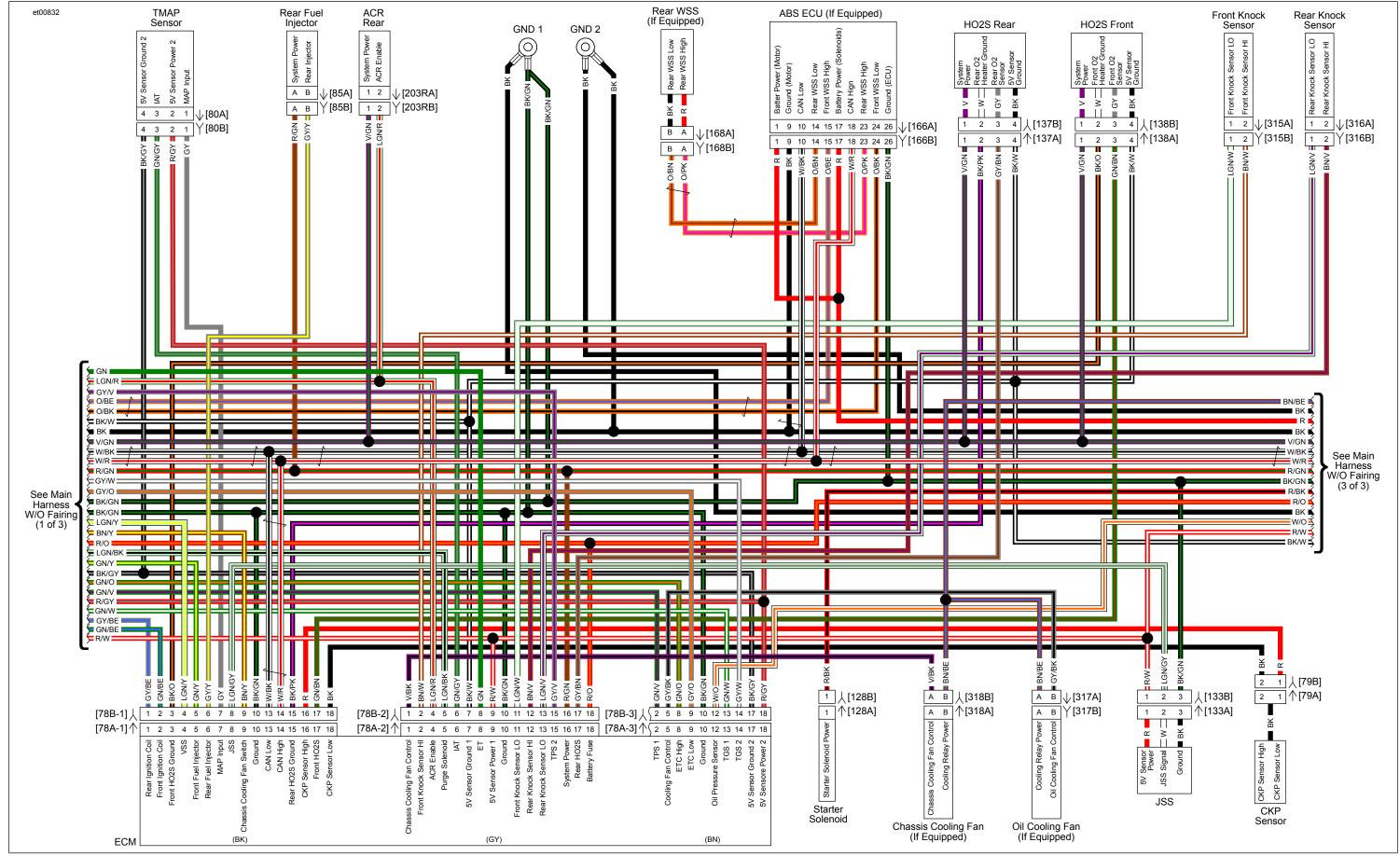


Figure A-22. Main Harness (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

Main Harness (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

Main Harness (2 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

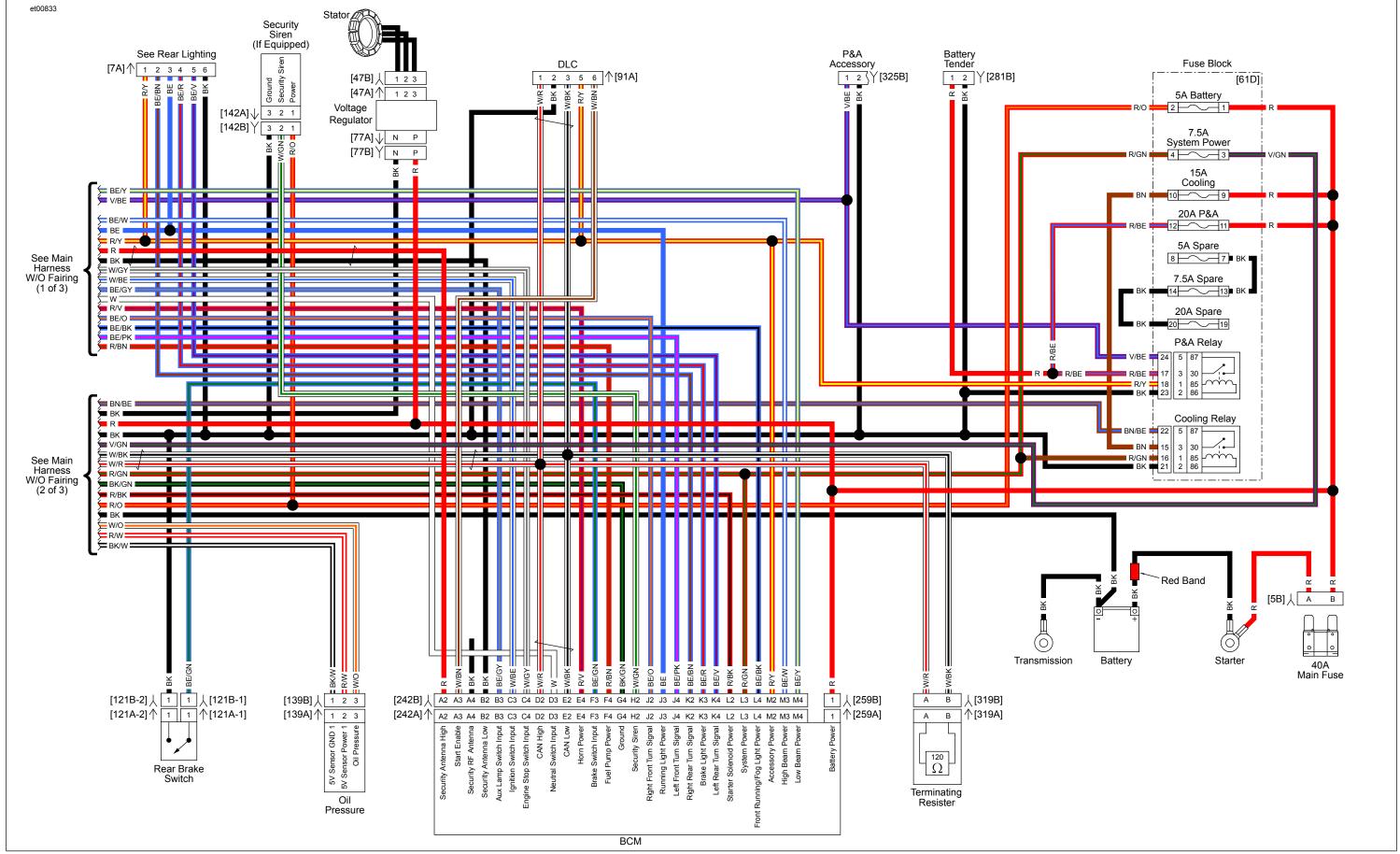


Figure A-23. Main Harness (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

Main Harness (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

Main Harness (3 of 3): 2017 Touring (without Fairing)

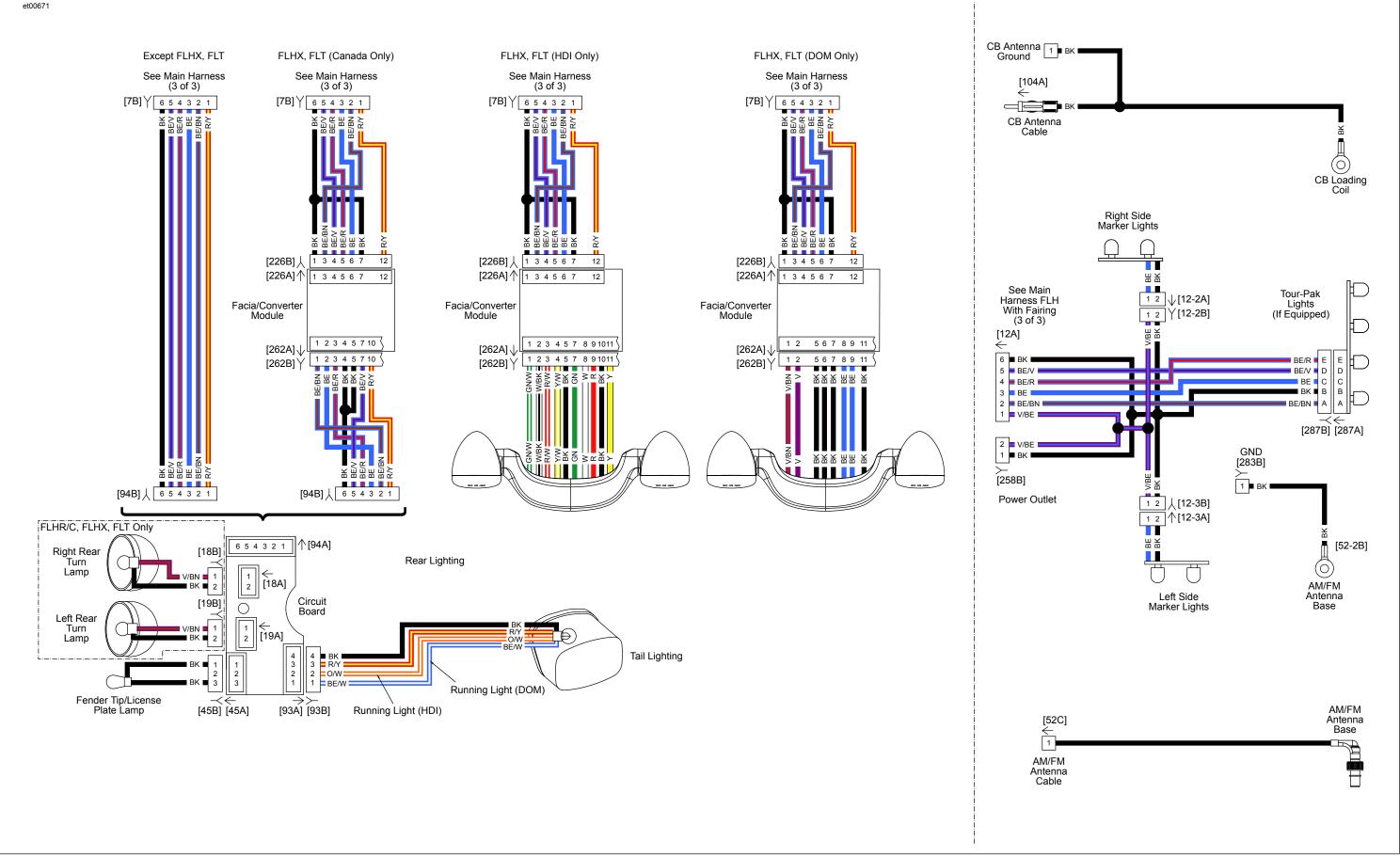


Figure A-24. Rear Lighting: 2017 Touring

Rear Lighting: 2017 Touring

## Rear Lighting: 2017 Touring

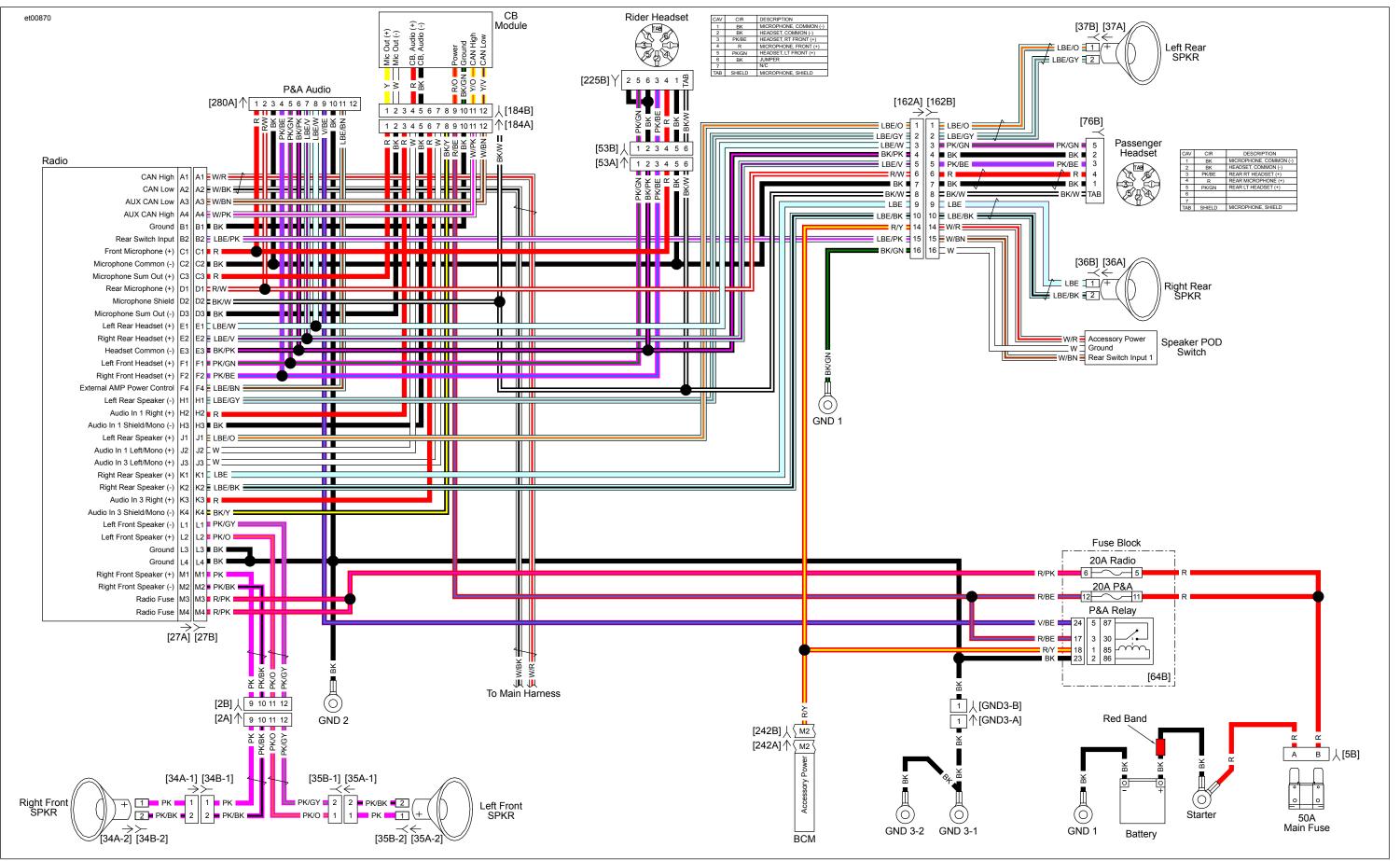


Figure A-25. OE Radio: 2017 Touring (Except FLHX/S, FLT)

OE Radio: 2017 Touring (Except FLHX/S, FLT)

OE Radio: 2017 Touring (Except FLHX/S, FLT)

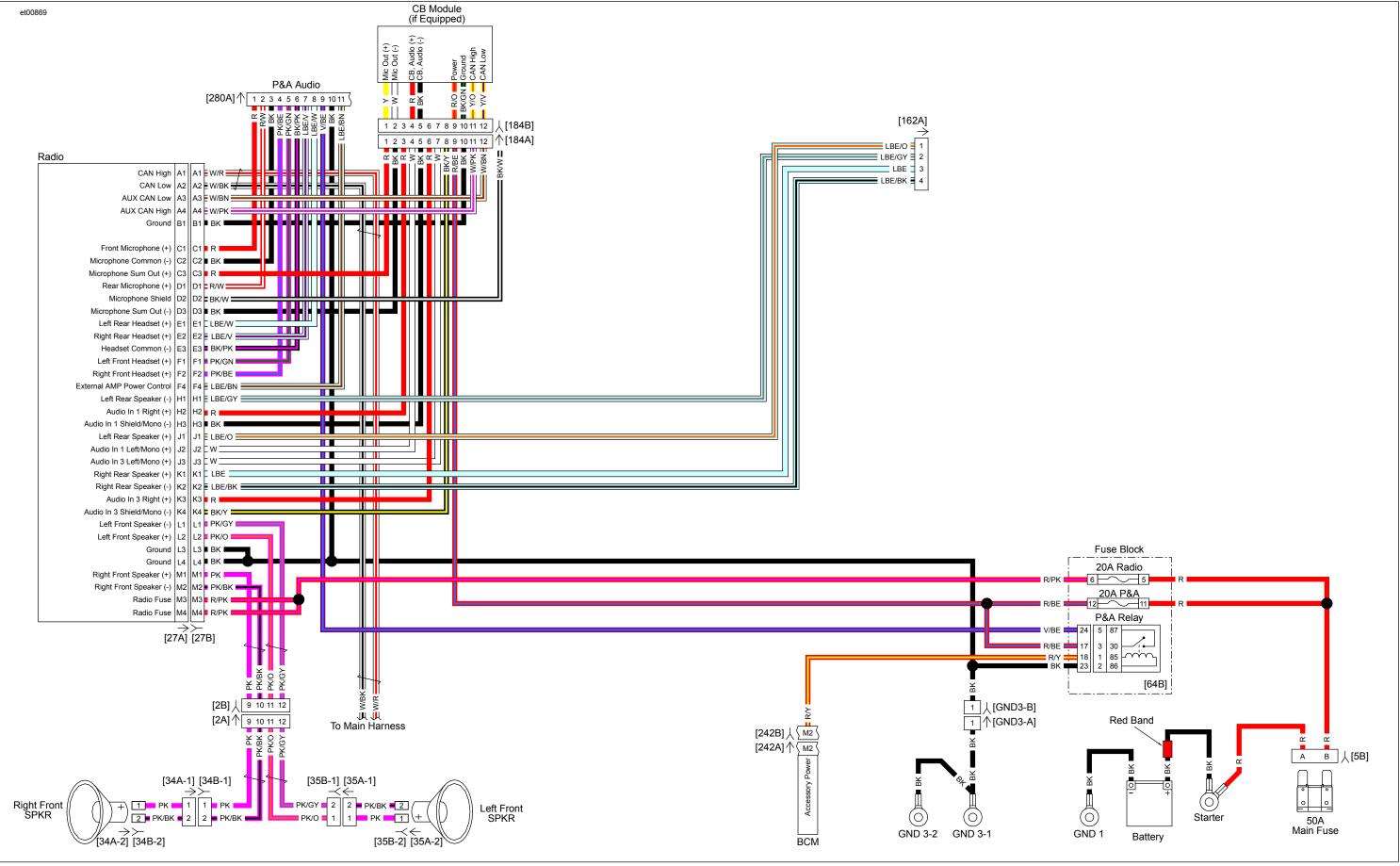


Figure A-26. OE Radio: 2017 Touring (No Tour-Pak)

OE Radio: 2017 Touring (No Tour-Pak)

# OE Radio: 2017 Touring (No Tour-Pak)

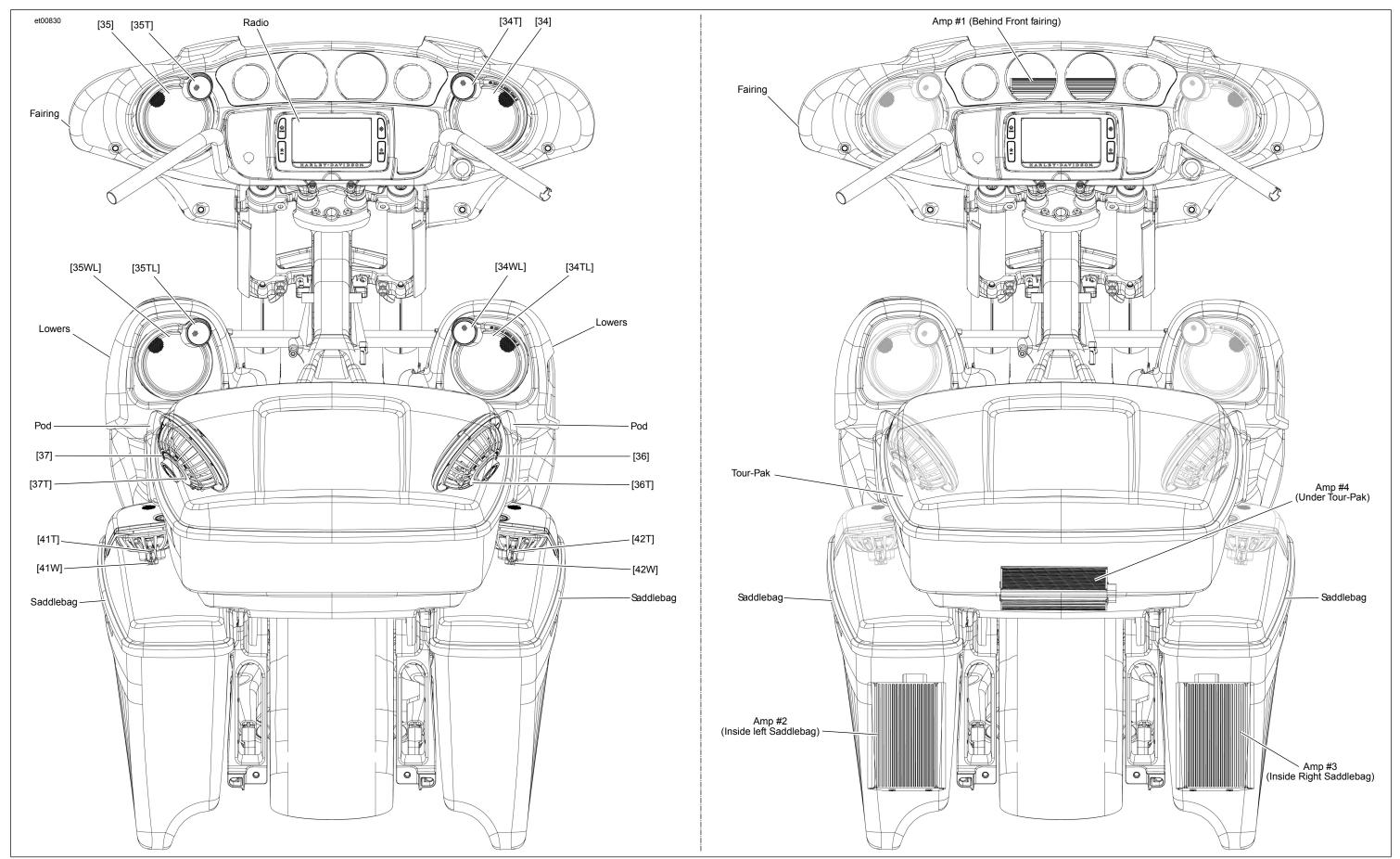


Figure A-27. Speaker and P&A Amplifier Layout: 2017 Touring

Speaker and P&A Amplifier Layout: 2017 Touring

Speaker and P&A Amplifier Layout: 2017 Touring

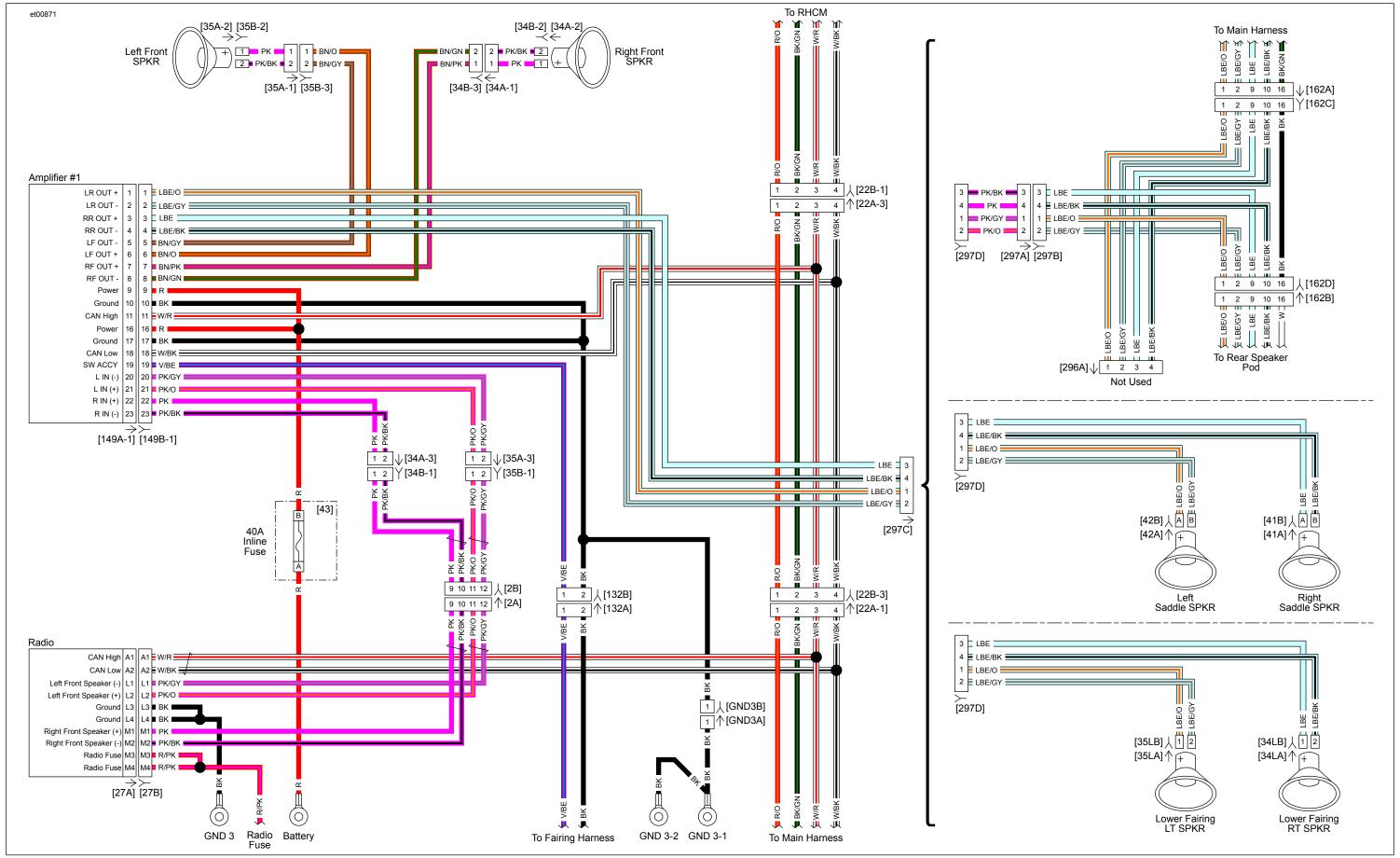


Figure A-28. P&A Radio with 1 Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 1 Amp: 2017 Touring

# P&A Radio with 1 Amp: 2017 Touring

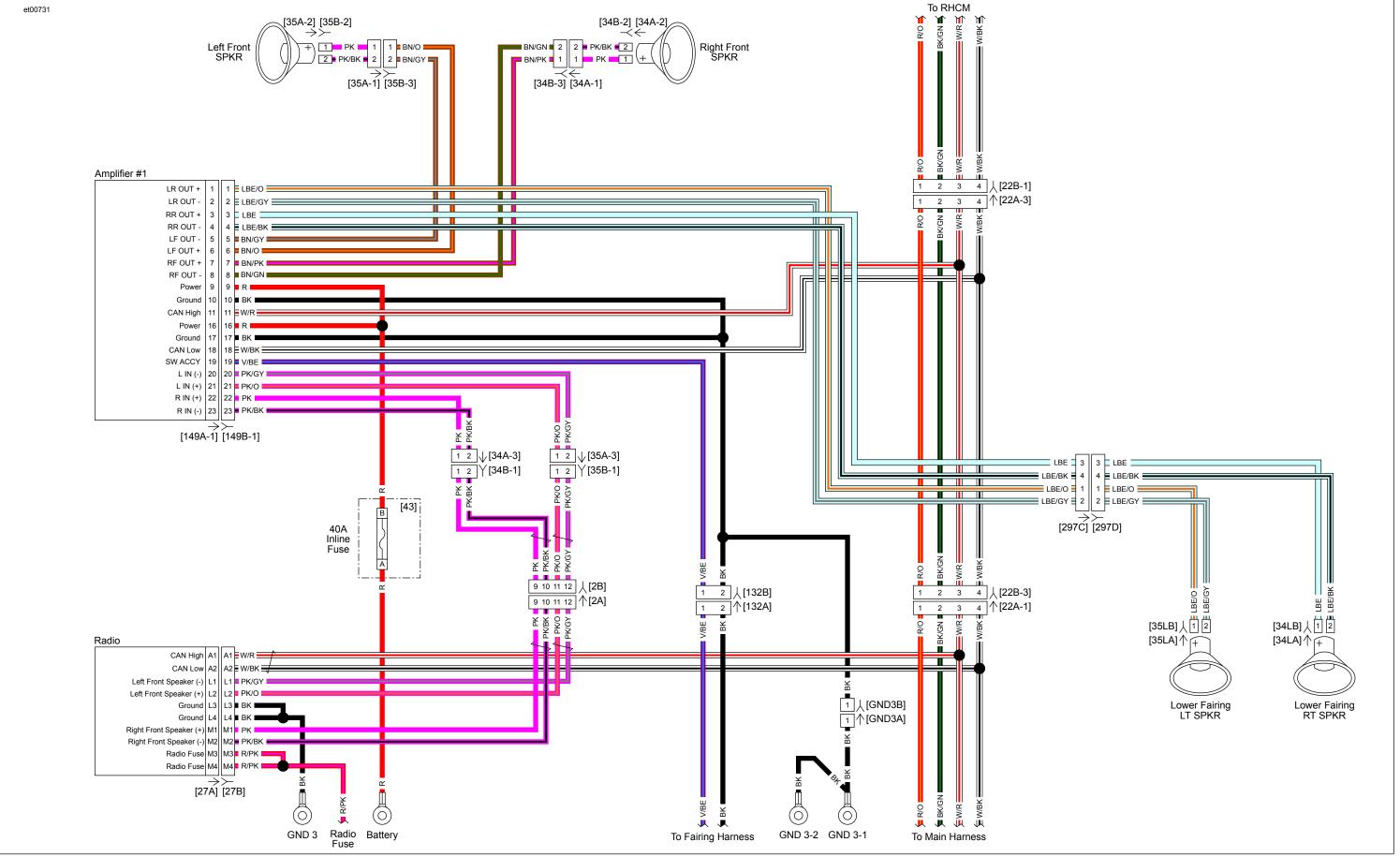


Figure A-29. P&A Radio with 2 Amps (1 of 2): 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 2 Amps (1 of 2): 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 2 Amps (1 of 2): 2017 Touring

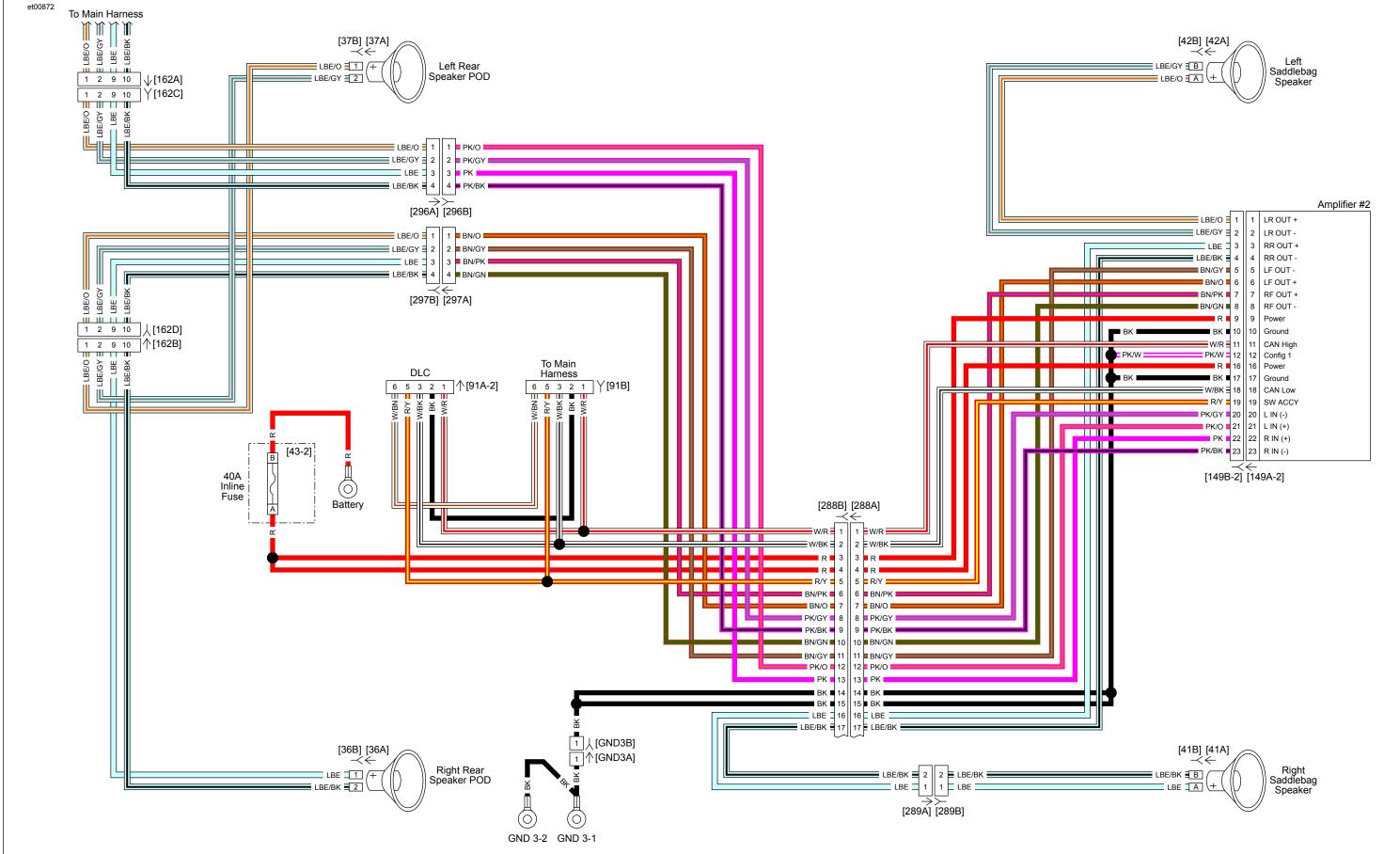
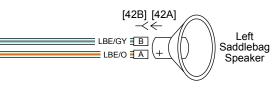


Figure A-30. P&A Radio with 2 Amps (2 of 2): 2017 Touring



P&A Radio with 2 Amps (2 of 2): 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 2 Amps (2 of 2): 2017 Touring

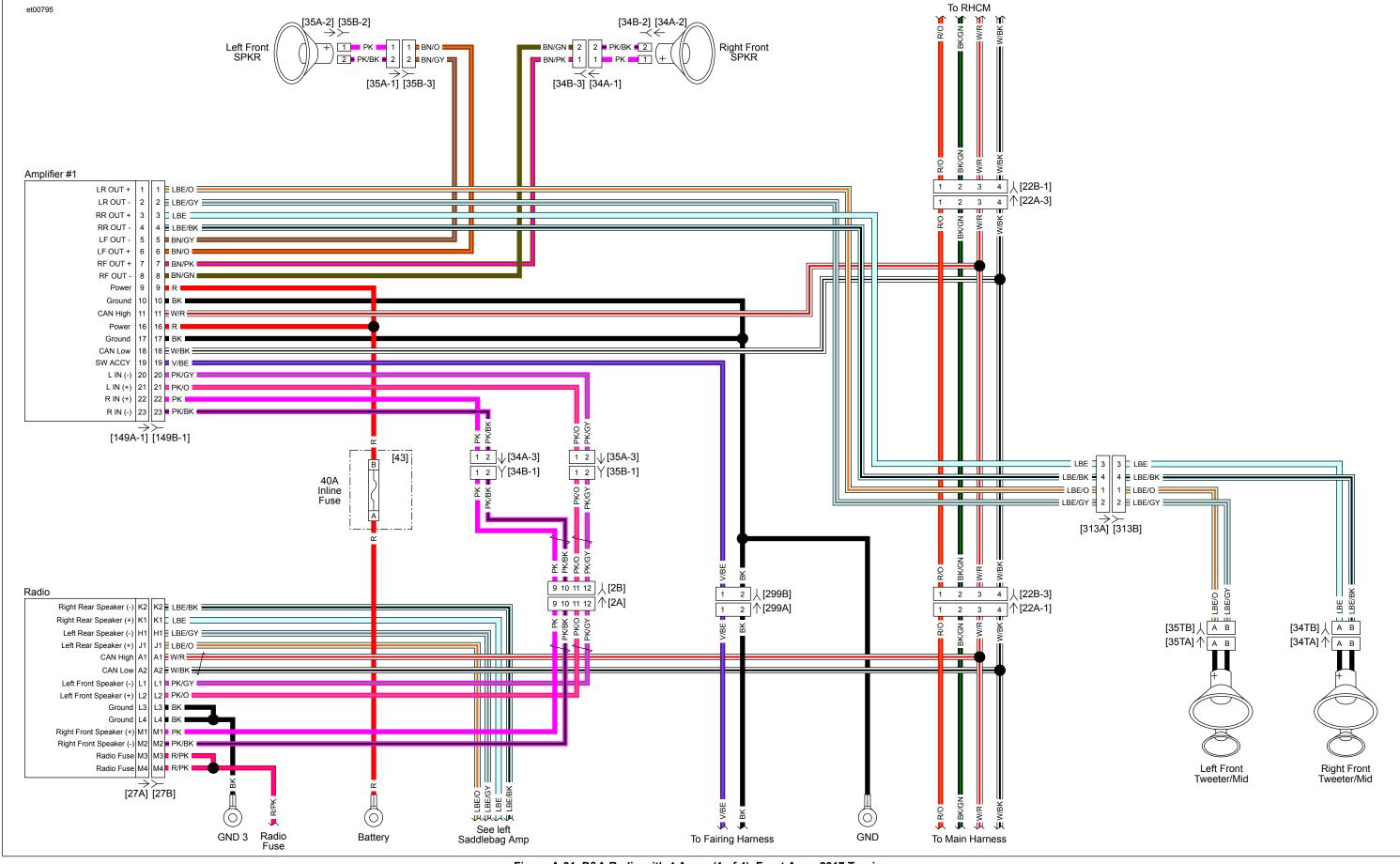


Figure A-31. P&A Radio with 4 Amps (1 of 4), Front Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 4 Amps (1 of 4), Front Amp: 2017 Touring

# P&A Radio with 4 Amps (1 of 4), Front Amp: 2017 Touring

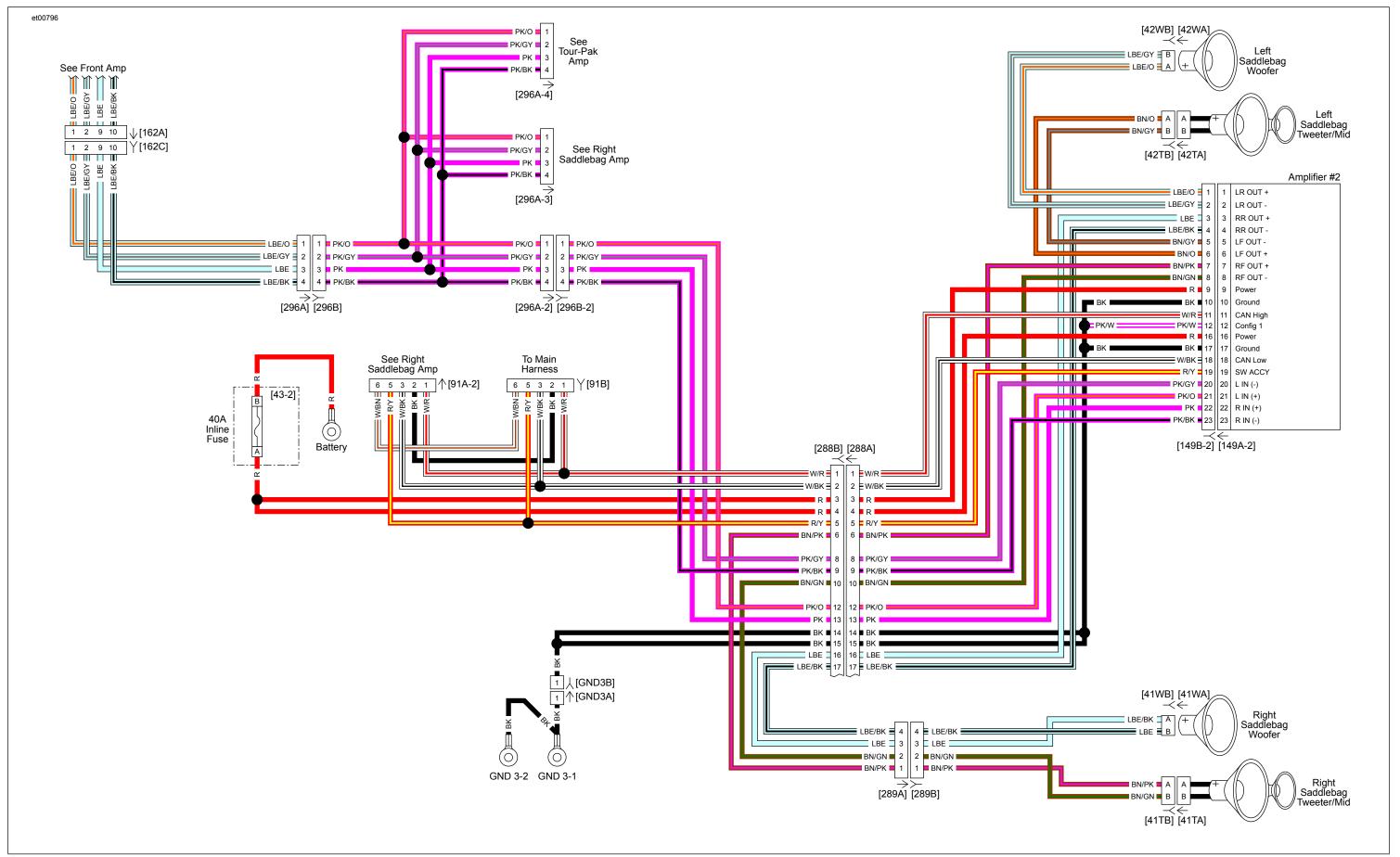


Figure A-32. P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 4 Amps (2 of 4), Left Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring

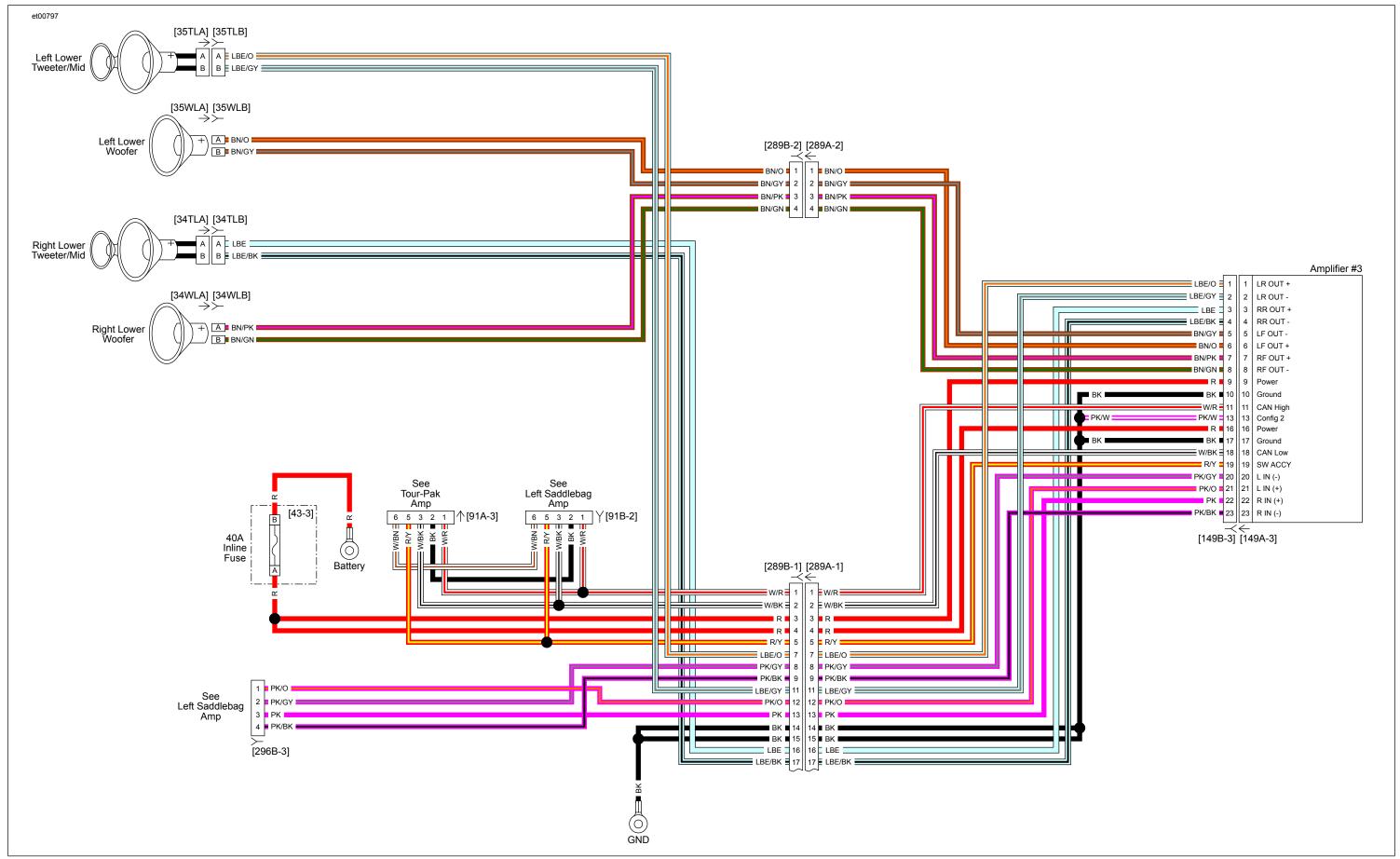
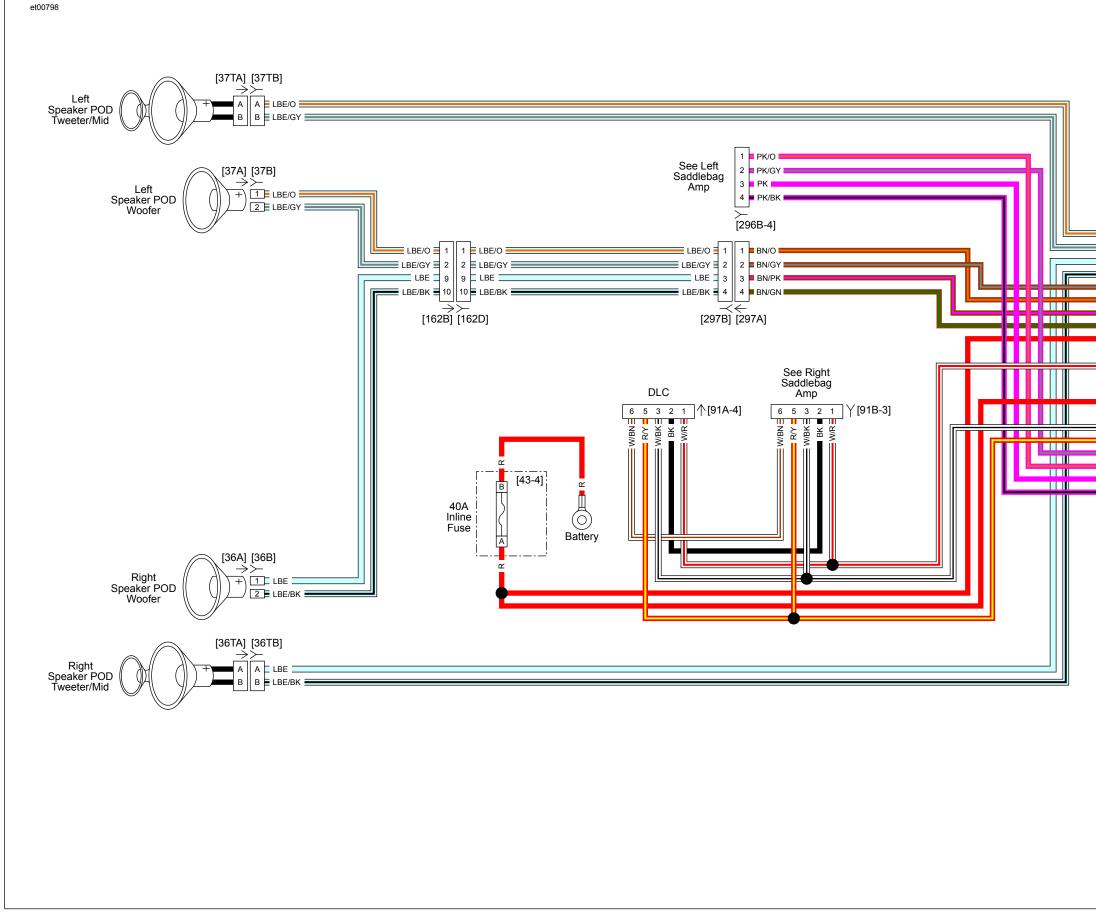
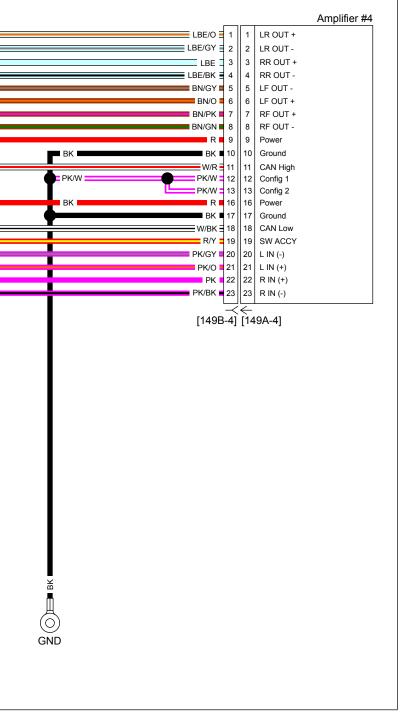


Figure A-33. P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 4 Amps (3 of 4), Right Saddlebag Amp: 2017 Touring



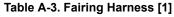


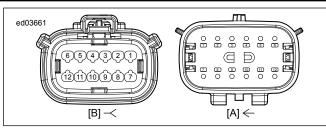
P&A Radio with 4 Amps (4 of 4), Tour-Pak Amp: 2017 Touring

P&A Radio with 4 Amps (4 of 4), Tour-Pak Amp: 2017 Touring

# CONNECTOR END VIEWS

Table A-5. Failing Harness [1]		
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/GY	Run/stop switch input (FLH)
2	W/R	CAN high
3	W/BK	CAN low
4	R/O	Battery fuse
5	BK/GN	Ground
6	-	N/C
7	W/Y	Fuel level (FLH)
	V/W	HD-Link output (FLT)
8	BE/W	High beam headlamp
9	BE/Y	Low beam headlamp
10	BE	Running lights power
11	BE/O	Right front turn signal
12	BE/PK	Left front turn signal
13	BE/BK	Running/position light power
14	-	N/C
15	-	N/C
16	R/Y	Accessory power (FLT)





A.3

Figure A-36. Fairing Harness [2]

#### Table A-5. AUX Devices [4]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/GN	OE switch output 2
2	LBE/Y	P&A switch output 1
3	LBE/W	P&A switch output 2
4	BK	Ground

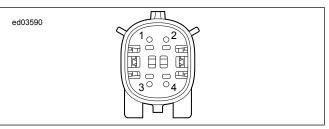


Figure A-37. P&A Accessory [4]

Table A-6. Main Fuse [5]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
А	R	Battery
В	R	Main fuse

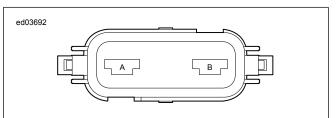


Figure A-38. Main Fuse [5]

#### Table A-7. Rear Lighting [7]

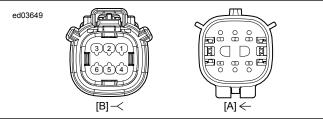
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/Y	Accessory power
2	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal
3	BE	Running/position light power
4	BE/R	Brake light power
5	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
6	BK	Ground

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[B]-<	[A] ←

Figure A-35. Fairing Harness [1]

#### Table A-4. Fairing Harness [2]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	-	N/C
2	V/BE	P&A relay power
3	BK	Ground
4	W/R	CAN high (FLT)
5	W/BK	CAN low (FLT)
6	-	N/C
7	-	N/C
8	-	N/C
9	PK	Speaker right front (+)
10	PK/BK	Speaker right front (-)
11	PK/O	Speaker left front (+)
12	PK/GY	Speaker left front (-)



#### Figure A-39. Rear Lighting [7]

#### Table A-8. Tour-Pak Lights [12]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal
3	BE	Running/position light power
4	BE/R	Brake light power
5	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
6	BK	Ground

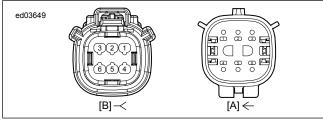


Figure A-40. Tour-Pak Lights [12]

#### Table A-9. Right Side Marker Lights [12-2B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	BK	Ground

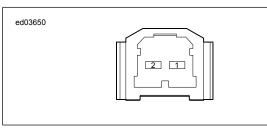


Figure A-41. Right Side Marker Lights [12-2B]

# Table A-10. Left Side Marker Lights [12-3B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	BK	Ground

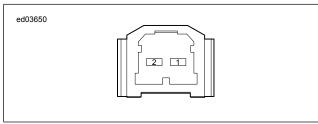


Figure A-42. Left Side Marker Lights [12-3B]

Table A-11. Fuel Tank Harness [13]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/BN	Fuel pump power
2	W/Y	Fuel level sender
3	BK/GN	Sender ground
4	BK	Pump ground

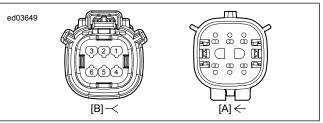
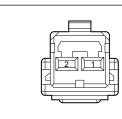


Figure A-43. Fuel Tank Harness [13]

# Table A-12. Right Rear Turn Signal [18B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BN	Right rear turn signal
2	BK	Ground



# Figure A-44. Right Rear Turn Signal [18B]

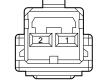
# Table A-13. Left Rear Turn Signal [19B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BN	Left rear turn signal
2	BK	Ground

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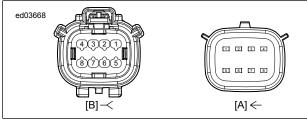
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#### Figure A-45. Left Rear Turn Signal [19B]

#### Table A-14. Console Harness [20]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/R	CAN high
2	BK/GN	Ground
3	W/BK	CAN low
4	W/Y	Fuel level
5	W/BE	Ignition switch
6	R/O	Battery fuse
7	R/BN	Fuel pump power
8	BK	Ground



#### Figure A-46. Console Harness [20]

#### Table A-15. RHCM [22-1]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/O	Battery fuse
2	BK/GN	Ground
3	W/R	CAN high
4	W/BK	CAN low

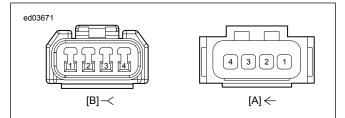


Figure A-47. RHCM [22-1]

#### Table A-16. RHCM [22D-1] (Inside Hand Controls)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/O	Battery fuse
2	BK/GN	Ground
3	W/R	CAN high
4	W/BK	CAN low

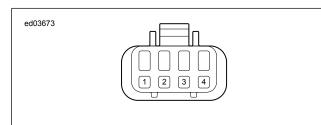
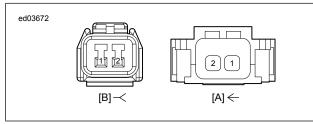


Figure A-48. RHCM [22D-1] (Inside Hand Controls)

# Table A-17. RHCM [22-2]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/GY	Engine stop switch
2	-	N/C





#### Table A-18. RHCM [22D-2] (Inside Hand Controls)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/GY	Engine stop switch
2	-	N/C

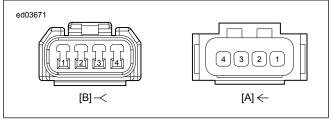
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#### Figure A-50. RHCM [22D-2] (Inside Hand Controls)

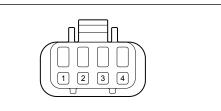
Table A-19. LHCM [24]			
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	
1	R/O	Battery fuse	
2	BK/GN	Ground	
3	W/R	CAN high	
4	W/BK	CAN low	



#### Figure A-51. LHCM [24]

#### Table A-20. LHCM [24D] (Inside Hand Controls)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/O	Battery fuse
2	BK/GN	Ground
3	W/R	CAN high
4	W/BK	CAN low



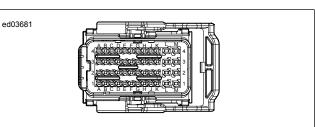
#### Figure A-52. LHCM [24D] (Inside Hand Controls)

#### Table A-21. Radio [27]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A1	W/R	CAN high
A2	W/BK	CAN low
A3	W/BN	Aux CAN low
A4	W/PK	Aux CAN high
B1	BK	Ground
B2	LBE/PK	Rear switch input (FLH)

#### Table A-21. Radio [27]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
B3	-	N/C
B4	-	N/C
C1	R	Microphone front (+)
C2	BK	Microphone common (-)
C3	R	Microphone sum out (+)
C4	-	N/C
D1	R/W	Microphone rear (+) (FLH)
D2	BK/W	Microphone shield (FLH)
D3	ВК	Microphone sum out (-)
D4	-	N/C
E1	LBE/W	Headset left rear (+)
E2	LBE/V	Headset right rear (+)
E3	BK/PK	Headset common (-)
E4	-	N/C
F1	PK/GN	Headset front (+)
F2	PK/BE	Headset right front (+)
F3	-	N/C
F4	LNE/BN	Power external AMP power control
G1	-	N/C
G2	-	N/C
G3	-	N/C
G4	-	N/C
H1	LBE/GY	Speaker left rear (-)
H2	R	Audio in 1 right (+)
H3	BK	Audio in 1 shield/mono
H4	-	N/C
J1	LBE/O	Speaker left rear (+)
J2	W	Audio in 1 left mono (+)
J3	W	Audio in 3 left mono (+)
J4	-	N/C
K1	LBE	Speaker right rear (+)
K2	LBE/BK	Speaker right rear (-)
K3	R	Audio in 3 right (+)
K4	BK/Y	Audio in 3 shield/mono (-)
L1	PK/GY	Speaker left front (-)
L2	PK/O	Speaker left front (+)
L3	BK	Ground
L4	BK	Ground
M1	PK	Speaker right front (+)
M2	PK/BK	Speaker right front (-)
M3	R/PK	Radio fuse
M4	R/PK	Radio fuse



#### Figure A-53. Radio [27]

#### Table A-22. HDI Position Lamp [29] (With Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Ground
2	BE	Running lights power

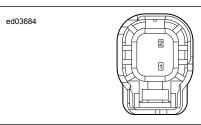


Figure A-54. HDI Position Lamp [29] (With Fairing)

#### Table A-23. Position Lamp [29] (Without Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	BK	Ground

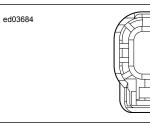
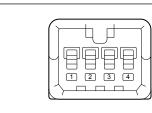


Figure A-55. Position Lamp [29] (Without Fairing)

#### Table A-24. Left Front Turn Signal [31LA] (Without Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Ground
2	BE/PK	Left front turn signal
3	BE	Running lights
4	BE/BK	Front running/fog light power



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Figure A-56. Left Front Turn Signal [31LA] (without Fairing)

#### Table A-25. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (Without Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	V	Left turn signal
3	BK	Ground
4	GY/BK	Front running/fog light power

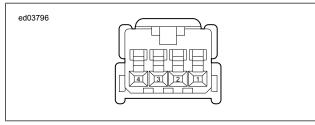


Figure A-57. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (Without Fairing)

#### Table A-26. Left Front Turn Signal [31L] (with Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	BE/PK	Left front turn signal
3	BK	Running lights
4	BE/BK	Front running/fog light power

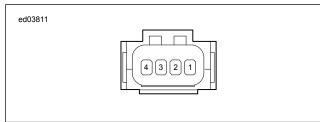
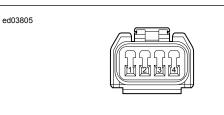


Figure A-58. Left Front Turn Signal [31LA] (with Fairing)

#### Table A-27. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (With Fairing Except FLHX, FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	V	Left turn signal
3	BK	Ground
4	GY/BK	Front running/fog light power



# Figure A-59. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (With Fairing except FLHX, FLT)

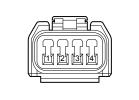
#### Table A-28. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (FLHX, FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	V/BN	Left turn signal

#### Table A-28. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (FLHX, FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
3	BK	Ground
4	-	N/C

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#### Figure A-60. Left Front Turn Signal [31LB] (FLHX, FLT)

#### Table A-29. Right Front Turn Signal [31RA] (without Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Ground
2	BE/O	Left front turn signal
3	BE	Running lights
4	BE/BK	Front running/fog light power
5	-	N/C
6	-	N/C

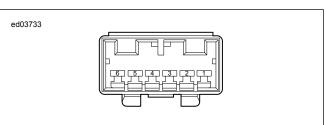


Figure A-61. Right Front Turn Signal [31RA] (without Fairing)

#### Table A-30. Right Front Turn Signal [31RB] (Without Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	BN	Right turn signal
3	BK	Ground
4	GY/BK	Front running/fog light power
5	-	N/C
6	-	N/C

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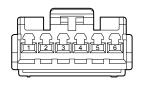


Figure A-62. Right Front Turn Signal [31RB] (Without Fairing)

### Table A-31. Right Front Turn Signal [31RA] (With Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	BE/O	Right front turn signal
3	BK	Ground
4	BE/BK	Front running/fog light power

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Figure A-63. Right Front Turn Signal [31RA] (with Fairing)

# Table A-32. Right Front Turn Signal [31RB] (With Fairing Except FLHX, FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	BN	Right turn signal
3	BK	Ground
4	GY/BK	Front running/fog light power

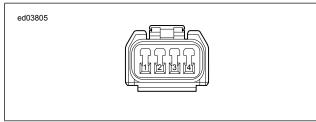


Figure A-64. Right Front Turn Signal [31RB] (With Fairing Except FLHX, FLT)

# Table A-33. Right Front Turn Signal [31RB] (FLHX, FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Running lights power
2	V/BN	Right turn signal
3	BK	Ground
4	-	N/C

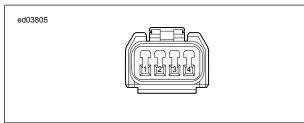


Figure A-65. Right Front Turn Signal [31RB] (FLHX, FLT)

#### Table A-34. Front Fender Tip Lamp [32A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE	Accessory power
2	BK	Ground

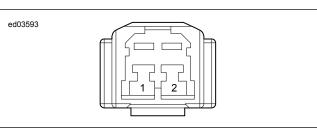


Figure A-66. Front Fender Tip Lamp [32A]

#### Table A-35. Front Fender Tip Lamp [32B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	O/W	Accessory power
2	BK	Ground

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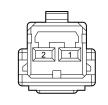
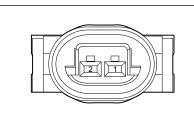


Figure A-67. Front Fender Tip Lamp [32B]

#### Table A-36. Ignition Switch [33]

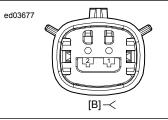
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK/GN	Ground
2	W/BE	Ignition switch



# Figure A-68. Ignition Switch [33]

#### Table A-37. Right Front Speaker [34-1]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK	Right front speaker (+)
2	PK/BK	Right front speaker (-)



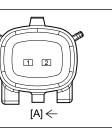


Figure A-69. Right Front Speaker [34-1]

#### Table A-38. Right Front Speaker [34-2]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK	Right front speaker (+)
2	PK/BK	Right front speaker (-)



#### Figure A-74. Left Rear Speaker [37]

#### Table A-43. Headlamp [38A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	BK	Ground
В	BE/Y	Low beam power
С	BE/W	High beam power
D	BE	Running lights power (HDI)

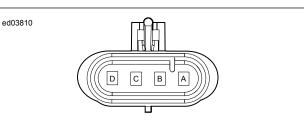


Figure A-75. Headlamp [38A]

#### Table A-44. Headlamp [38B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	BK	Ground
В	BE/Y	Low beam power
С	BE/W	High beam power
D	BE	Running lights power (FLH)
	R/Y	Accessory power (FLT)

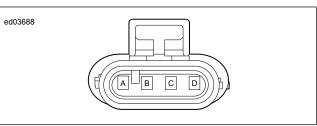


Figure A-76. Headlamp [38B]

#### Table A-45. Headlamp High Beam [38HI]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Ground
2	BE/W	High beam headlamp

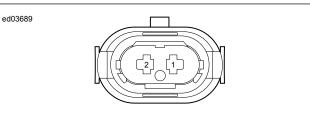
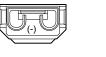


Figure A-77. Headlamp High Beam [38HI]





#### Figure A-70. Right Front Speaker [34-2]

#### Table A-39. Left Front Speaker [35-1]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK/O	Left front speaker (+)
2	PK/BK	Left front speaker (-)

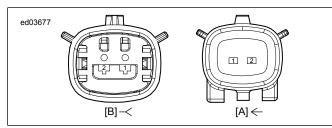


Figure A-71. Left Front Speaker [35-1]

#### Table A-40. Left Front Speaker [35-2]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK	Left front speaker (+)
2	PK/BK	Left front speaker (-)

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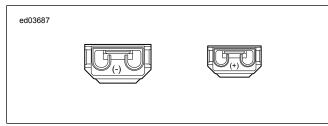




Figure A-72. Left Front Speaker [35-2]

#### Table A-41. Right Rear Speaker [36]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE	Right rear speaker (+)
2	LBE/BK	Right rear speaker (-)



#### Figure A-73. Right Rear Speaker [36]

#### Table A-42. Left Rear Speaker [37]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Left rear speaker (+)
2	LBE/GY	Left rear speaker (-)

#### Table A-46. Headlamp Low Beam [38LO]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Accessory power
2	BE/Y	Low beam headlamp

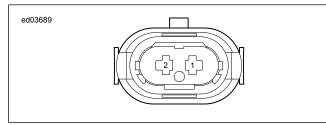
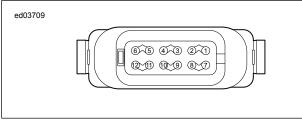


Figure A-78. Headlamp Low Beam [38LO]

#### Table A-47. IM [39] (with Fairing)

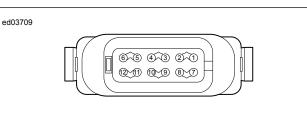
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/W	HD-Link output
2	W/R	CAN high
3	-	N/C
4	TN/GN	Parking brake (Trike)
5	R/O	Battery fuse
6	-	N/C
7	BK/GN	Ground
8	W/BK	CAN low
9	W/Y	Fuel level
10	-	N/C
11	-	N/C
12	-	N/C



#### Figure A-79. IM [39] (with Fairing)

#### Table A-48. Speedometer [39] (without fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/O	Oil pressure indicator
2	W/R	CAN high
3	-	N/C
4	BE/W	High beam indicator
5	R/O	Battery fuse
6	W	Neutral indicator
7	BK/GN	Ground
8	W/BK	CAN low
9	W/Y	Fuel level
10	BE/PK	Left turn indicator
11	-	N/C
12	BE/O	Right turn indictor



#### Figure A-80. Speedometer [39] (without Fairing)

#### Table A-49. Right Saddlebag Speaker [41]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	LBE	Right saddlebag speaker (+)
В	LBE/BK	Right saddlebag speaker (-)

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#### Figure A-81. Right Saddlebag Speaker [41]

#### Table A-50. Left Saddlebag Speaker [42]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
А	LBE/O	Left saddlebag speaker (+)
В	LBE/GY	Left saddlebag speaker (-)

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Figure A-82. Left Saddlebag Speaker [42]

#### Table A-51. Rear Fender Tip Lamp [45]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Running lights
2	-	N/C
3	BK	Ground

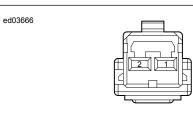
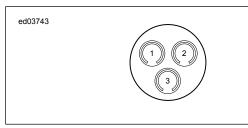


Figure A-83. Rear Fender Tip Lamp [45]

#### Table A-52. Stator [47]

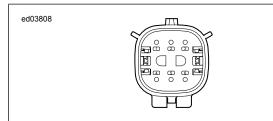
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Stator
1	BK	Stator
1	BK	Stator



#### Figure A-84. Stator [47]

#### Table A-53. Rider Headset [53A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK/GN	Headset left front (+)
2	BK/PK	Headset common (-)
3	PK/BE	Headset right front (+)
4	R	Microphone front (+)
5	BK	Microphone common (-)
6	BK/W	Microphone shield (-)



#### Figure A-85. Rider Headset [53A]

#### Table A-54. Rider Headset [53B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK/GN	Headset left front (+)
2	BK	Headset common (-)
3	PK/BE	Headset right front (+)
4	R	Microphone front (+)
5	BK	Microphone common (-)
6	BK/W	Microphone shield (-)

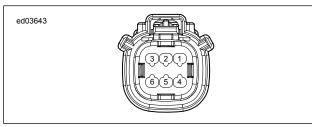


Figure A-86. Rider Headset [53B]

#### Table A-55. Fuse Block [64]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	Battery
2	R/O	Battery fuse
3	V/GN	System power fuse
4	R/GN	System power
5	R	Battery
6	R/PK	Radio fuse
7	BK	Spare
8	-	N/C
9	R	Battery
10	BN	Cooling fuse
11	R	Battery
12	R/BE	P&A fuse
13	BK	Spare
14	BK	Spare
15	BN	Cooling fuse
16	R/GN	System power
17	R/BE	P&A fuse
18	R/Y	Accessory power
19	-	N/C
20	BK	Spare
21	BK	Ground
22	BN/BE	Left cooling fan
23	BK	Ground
24	V/BE	P&A relay

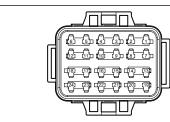


Figure A-87. Fuse Block [64]

#### Table A-56. VSS [65]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	R/W	5V sensor power
В	LGN/Y	VSS input
С	BK/GN	Sensor ground

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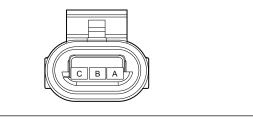
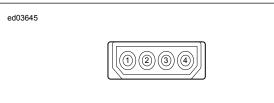


Figure A-88. VSS [65]

#### Table A-57. Accessory Switch [67]

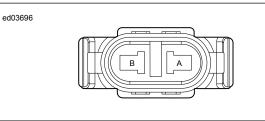
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay
2	-	N/C
3	-	N/C
4	LBE/GN	P&A accessory



#### Figure A-89. Accessory Switch [67]

#### Table A-58. Auxiliary/Fog Lamps [73]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GY/BK	Front running/fog light power
1	BK	Ground



#### Figure A-90. Auxiliary/Fog Lamps [73]

#### Table A-59. Passenger Headset [76]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Microphone common (-)
2	BK	Headset common (-)
3	PK/BE	Rear RT headset (+)
4	R	Rear microphone (+)
5	PK/GN	Rear LT headset (+)
6	-	N/C
7	-	N/C
TAB	BK/W	Microphone shield

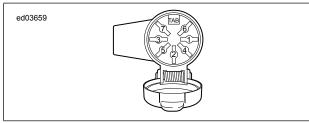
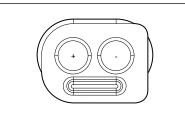


Figure A-91. Passenger Headset [76]

#### Table A-60. Voltage Regulator [77]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
Р	R	Battery
N	BK	Ground

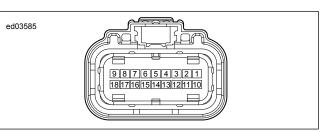


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#### Figure A-92. Voltage Regulator [77]

#### Table A-61. ECM [78-1] (BK)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GY/BE	Rear ignition coil
2	GN/BE	Front ignition coil
3	BK/O	Front HO2S heater ground
4	LGN/Y	VSS input
5	GN/Y	Front fuel injector
6	GY/Y	Rear fuel injector
7	GY	MAP input
8	LGN/GY	JSS signal
9	BN/Y	Chassis cooling fan
10	BK/GN	Ground
11	-	N/C
12	-	N/C
13	W/BK	CAN low
14	W/R	CAN high
15	BK/PK	Rear HO2S heater ground
16	R	CKP sensor high
17	GN/BN	Front HO2S
18	BK	CKP sensor low



#### Figure A-93. ECM [78-1]

#### Table A-62. ECM [78-2] (GY)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BK	Chassis cooling fan control
2	BN/W	Front knock sensor HI
3	BN/BK	Coolant pump control
4	LGN/R	ACR enable
5	LGN/BK	Purge solenoid
6	GN/GY	IAT
7	BK/W	5V sensor ground 1
8	GN	ET sensor
9	R/W	5V sensor power 1
10	BK/GN	Ground

#### Table A-62. ECM [78-2] (GY)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
11	GN/W	Front knock sensor LO
12	BN/V	Rear knock sensor HI
13	LGN/V	Rear knock sensor LO
14	-	N/C
15	GN/V	TPS2
16	R/GN	System power
17	GY/BN	Rear HO2S
18	R/0	Battery fuse

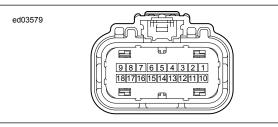


Figure A-94. ECM [78-2]

#### Table A-63. ECM [78-3] (BN)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GN/BK	Cooling fan left
2	GN/V	TPS1
3	W/V	AAT
4	-	N/C
5	GY/BK	Cooling fan right (Twin- Cooled)
		Cooling fan control (Air- Cooled)
6	-	N/C
7	-	N/C
8	GN/O	TCA high
9	GY/O	TCA low
10	BK/GN	Ground
11	-	N/C
12	W/O	Oil pressure sensor
13	GN/W	Twist grip sensor 1
14	GY/W	Twist grip sensor 2
15	GY/GN	Coolant temperature
16	-	N/C
17	BK/GY	5V sensor ground 2
18	R/GY	5V sensor power 2

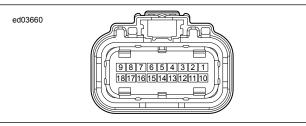


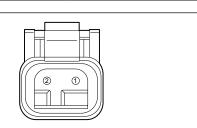
Figure A-95. ECM [78-3]

#### Table A-64. CKP Sensor [79]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	CKP sensor high
2	BK	CKP sensor low

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#### Figure A-96. CKP Sensor [79]

#### Table A-65. TMAP [80]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GY	MAP input
2	R/GY	5V sensor power 2
3	GN/GY	IAT
4	BK/GY	5V sensor ground 2

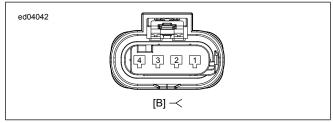


Figure A-97. TMAP [80]

#### Table A-66. Ignition Coil [83]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	GY/BE	Rear ignition coil
В	R/GN	System power
С	GN/BE	Front ignition coil

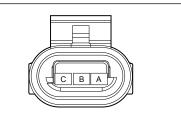
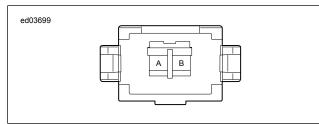


Figure A-98. Ignition Coil [83]

#### Table A-67. Front Fuel Injector [84]

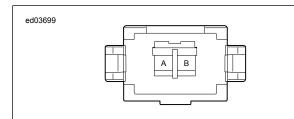
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
А	R/GN	System power
В	GN/Y	Front fuel injector



#### Figure A-99. Front Fuel Injector [84]

#### Table A-68. Rear Fuel Injector [85]

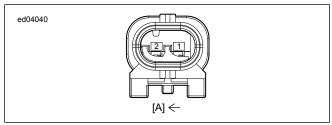
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	R/GN	System power
В	GY/Y	Rear fuel injector



# Figure A-100. Rear Fuel Injector [85]

#### Table A-69. ET Sensor [90]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GN	ET sensor
2	BK/W	5V sensor ground



#### Figure A-101. ET Sensor [90]

#### Table A-70. DLC [91]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/R	CAN high
2	BK	Ground
3	W/BK	CAN low
4	-	N/C
5	R/Y	Accessory power
6	W/BN	Start enable

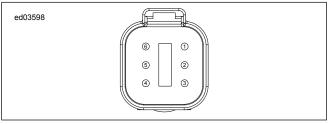


Figure A-102. DLC [91]

#### Table A-71. DLC [91-2]

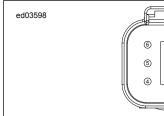
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/R	CAN high
2	BK	Ground
3	W/BK	CAN low
4	-	N/C
5	R/Y	Accessory power
6	-	N/C

A

1

2

3

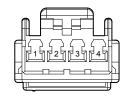


#### Figure A-103. DLC [91-2]

#### Table A-72. Tail Lamp [93]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE/W	Running light power (DOM)
2	O/W	Accessory power (HDI)
3	R/Y	Brake lamp power
4	BK	Ground

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#### Figure A-104. Tail Lamp [93]

#### Table A-73. Stop Tail Lamp [94]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/Y	Accessory power
2	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal
3	BE	Running lights power
4	BE/R	Brake lamp power
5	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
6	BK	Ground

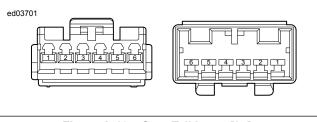
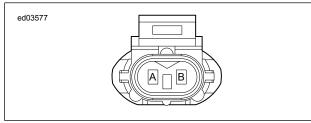


Figure A-105. Stop Tail Lamp [94]

# 3. DLC [91-2]

#### Table A-74. Purge Solenoid [95]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	V/GN	System power
В	LGN/BK	Purge solenoid



#### Figure A-106. Purge Solenoid [95]

#### Table A-75. Right Cooling Fan [97]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	BN/BE	Cooling relay
В	GY/BK	Cooling fan right

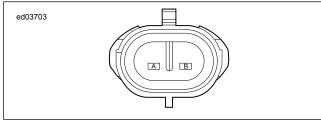


Figure A-107. Right Cooling Fan [97]

#### Table A-76. CB Antenna [104]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	CB antenna cable

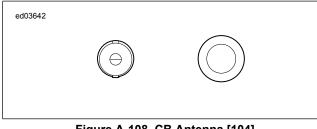
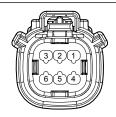


Figure A-108. CB Antenna [104]

#### Table A-77. OE Dash Switch Pack [105L]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BN/Y	Chassis cooling fan
2	LBE/GN	OE switch output 2
3	BE/GY	OE switch output 1
4	BK	Ground
5	V/BE	P&A relay power
6	-	N/C

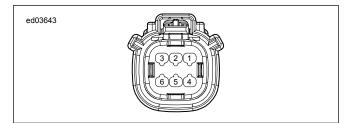
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### Figure A-109. OE Dash Switch Pack [105L]

#### Table A-78. P&A Dash Switch Pack [105R]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	-	N/C
2	LBE/W	P&A switch output 2
3	LBE/Y	P&A switch output 1
4	BK	Ground
5	V/BE	P&A relay
6	-	N/C



#### Figure A-110. P&A Dash Switch Pack [105R]

#### Table A-79. AAT [107]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/V	Air temperature
2	BK/W	5V sensor ground

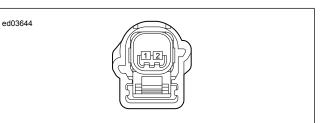
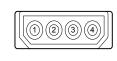


Figure A-111. AAT [107]

#### Table A-80. Auxiliary Lamp Switch [109]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/Y	Accessory power
2	-	N/A
3	BK	Ground
4	BE/GY	AUX lamp switch input





#### Figure A-112. Auxiliary Lamp Switch [109]

#### Table A-81. Voltmeter [111]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	V/W	HD-Link output
В	BK/GN	Ground
С	-	N/C
D	R/O	Battery fuse



Figure A-113. Voltmeter [111]

#### Table A-82. Voltmeter Jumper [111-2] (FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/W	HD-Link output
2	BK/GN	Ground
3	-	N/C
4	R/O	Battery fuse

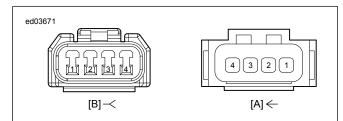
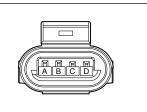


Figure A-114. Voltmeter Jumper [111-2] (FLT)

# Table A-83. Fuel Gauge [117] (with Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	V/W	HD-Link output
В	BK/GN	Ground
С	-	N/C
D	R/0	Battery fuse

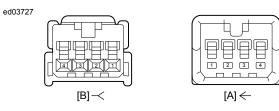


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# Figure A-115. Fuel Gauge [117] (with Fairing)

#### Table A-84. Fuel Gauge [117] (without Fairing)

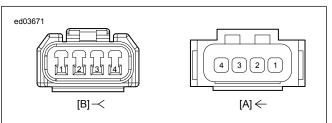
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/Y	Accessory power
2	W/Y	Fuel level
3	-	N/C
4	BK/GN	Ground



#### Figure A-116. Fuel Gauge [117] (without Fairing)

# Table A-85. Fuel Gauge Jumper [117-2] (FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/W	HD-Link output
2	BK/GN	Ground
3	-	N/C
4	R/O	Battery fuse



#### Figure A-117. Fuel Gauge Jumper [117-2] (FLT)

#### Table A-86. Rear Brake Switch [121]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE/GN	Rear brake switch
1	BK	Ground

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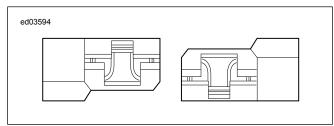
Figure A-118. Rear Brake Switch [121]

N/C	
Ground	
[A] ←	

94000395

# Table A-87. Horn [122]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/V	Horn power
1	BK	Ground



#### Figure A-119. Horn [122]

#### Table A-88. Starter Solenoid [128]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/BK	Starter solenoid power

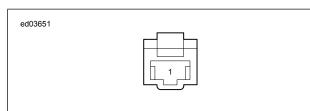


Figure A-120. Starter Solenoid [128]

#### Table A-89. Neutral Switch [131]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W	Neutral switch input
1	BK	Ground

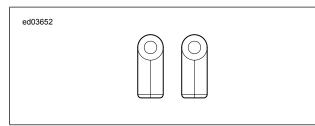
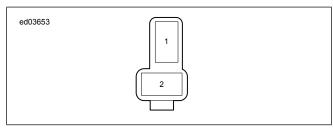
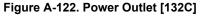


Figure A-121. Neutral Switch [131-1] [131-2]

#### Table A-90. Power Outlet [132C]

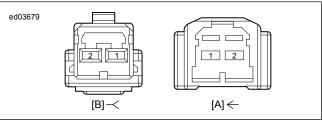
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	BK	Ground





#### Table A-91. Power Outlet Jumper [132]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	BK	Ground

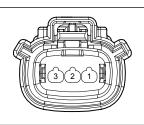


# Figure A-123. Power Outlet Jumper [132]

#### Table A-92. Jiffy Stand [133]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/W	5V sensor power 1
2	LGN/GY	JSS signal
3	BK/GN	Ground

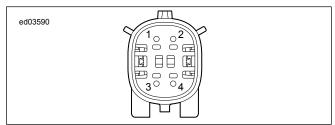




#### Figure A-124. Jiffy Stand [133]

#### Table A-93. HO2S Rear [137A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/GN	System power fuse
2	BK/PK	Rear HO2S heater ground
3	GY/BN	Rear HO2S
4	BK/W	5V sensor ground



#### Figure A-125. HO2S Rear [137A]

#### Table A-94. HO2S Front [137B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION		
1	V System power		
2	W	HO2S heater ground	
3	GY	HO2S	
4	BK	5V sensor ground	

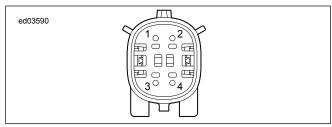
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#### Figure A-126. HO2S Front [137B]

#### Table A-95. HO2S Front [138A]

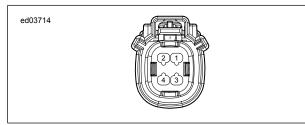
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	ECOLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	
1	V/GN	System power fuse	
2	BK/O	HO2S front heater ground	
3	GN/BN	HO2S front	
4	BK/W	5V sensor ground	



#### Figure A-127. HO2S Front [138A]

#### Table A-96. HO2S Rear [138B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION		
1	V System power		
2	W	HO2S heater ground	
3	GY	HO2S	
4	BK	5V sensor ground	



#### Figure A-128. HO2S Rear [138B]

#### Table A-97. Oil Pressure Sender [139B]

TERMINAL WIRE COLOR CIP		CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION	
1	BK/W	5V Sensor GND 1	
2	R/W	5V Sensor Power 1	
3	W/O	Oil Pressure	

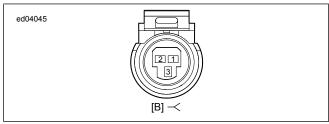
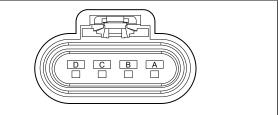


Figure A-129. Oil Pressure Sender [139B]

#### Table A-98. Fuel Pump [141] (With Fairing)

TERMINAL	TERMINAL WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESC	
А	W/Y	Fuel level
В	R/BN	Fuel pump power
С	BK/GN	Ground
D	BK	Ground

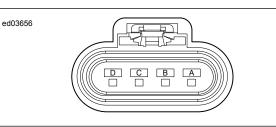




#### Figure A-130. Fuel Pump [141] (With Fairing)

#### Table A-99. Fuel Pump [141] (Without Fairing)

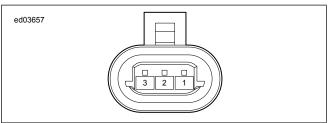
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION		
А	W/Y	Fuel level	
В	R/BN	Fuel pump power	
С	BK	Ground	
D	BK	Ground	



#### Figure A-131. Fuel Pump [141] (Without Fairing)

### Table A-100. Security Siren (Optional) [142]

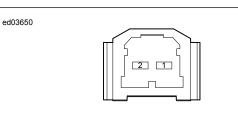
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/O	Battery power
2	W/GN	Security siren
3	BK	Ground



#### Figure A-132. Security Siren (Optional) [142]

#### Table A-101. Front Fender Tip Lamp [143]

TERMINAL	L WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION		
1	O/W	Running lights power	
2	BK	Ground	



#### Figure A-133. Front Fender Tip Lamp [143]

#### Table A-102. Audio Amplifier 1 [149-1]

TERMINAL WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION		CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE	Right rear out +
2	LBE/BK	Right rear out -
3	LBE/O	Left rear out +
4	LBE/GY	Left rear out -
5	BN/O	Left front out -
6	BN/GY	Left front out +
7	BN/PK	Right front out +
8	BN/GN	Right front out -
9	R	Battery fuse
10	BK	Ground
11	W/R	CAN high
12	-	N/C
13	-	N/C
14	-	N/C
15	-	N/C
16	R	Battery fuse
17	BK	Ground
18	W/BK	CAN low
19	V/BE	P&A relay power
20	PK/GY	Left in (-)
21	PK/O	Left in (+)
22	PK	Right in (+)
23	PK/BK	Right in (-)

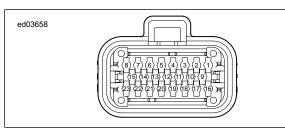


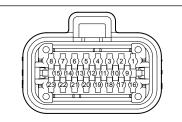
Figure A-134. Audio Amplifier 1 [149-1]

#### Table A-103. Audio Amplifier 2 [149-2]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Right rear out +
2	LBE/GY	Right rear out -
3	LBE	Right rear out +
4	LBE/BK	Right rear out -
5	BN/O	Left front out -

#### Table A-103. Audio Amplifier 2 [149-2]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION			
6	BN/GY	Left front out +		
7	BN/PK	Right front out +		
8	BN/GN	Right front out -		
9	R	Battery fuse		
10	BK	Ground		
11	W/R	CAN high		
12	PK/W	Config 1 (ground)		
13	-	N/C		
14	-	N/C		
15	-	N/C		
16	R	Battery fuse		
17	BK	Ground		
18	W/BK	CAN low		
19	R/Y	Accessory power		
20	PK/GY	Left in (-)		
21	PK/O	Left in (+)		
22	PK	Right in (+)		
23	PK/BK	Right in (-)		



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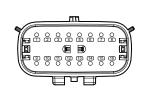
Figure A-135. Audio Amplifier 2 [149-2]

Table A-104. R	lear Audio [162A]	(Except FLHX	and FLT)
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TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Speaker left rear (+)
2	LBE/GY	Speaker left rear (-)
3	LBE/W	Headset left rear (+)
4	BK/PK	Headset common (-)
5	LBE/V	Headset right rear (+)
6	R/W	Microphone rear (+)
7	BK	Microphone common (-)
8	BK/W	Shield
9	LBE	Speaker right rear (+)
10	LBE/BK	Speaker right rear (-)
11	-	N/C
12	-	N/C
13	-	N/C
14	R/Y	Accessory power
15	LBE/PK	Rear switch input
16	BK/GN	Ground



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#### Figure A-136. Rear Audio [162A] (Except FLHX and FLT)

#### Table A-105. Rear Audio [162B] (Except FLHX and FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Speaker left rear (+)
2	LBE/GY	Speaker left rear (-)
3	PK/GN	Headset left rear (+)
4	BK	Headset common (-)
5	PK/BE	Headset right rear (+)
6	R	Microphone rear (+)
7	BK	Microphone common (-)
8	BK/W	Shield
9	LBE	Speaker right rear (+)
10	LBE/BK	Speaker right rear (-)
11	-	N/C
12	-	N/C
13	-	N/C
14	W/R	Accessory power
15	W/BN	Rear switch input
16	W	Ground



#### Figure A-137. Rear Audio [162B] (Except FLHX and FLT)

#### Table A-106. Rear Audio [162] (FLHX, FLT)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Speaker left rear (+)
2	LBE/GY	Speaker left rear (-)
3	LBE	Speaker right rear (+)
4	LBE/BK	Speaker right rear (-)

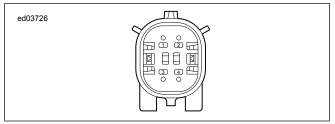


Figure A-138. Rear Audio [162] (FLHX, FLT)

# Table A-107. ABS [166]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	Battery power (motor)
2	-	N/C
3	-	N/C
4	-	N/C
5	-	N/C
6	-	N/C
7	-	N/C
8	-	N/C
9	BK	Ground
10	W/BK	CAN low
11	-	N/C
12	-	N/C
13	-	N/C
14	O/BN	Rear WSS -
15	O/BE	Front WSS +
16	-	N/C
17	R	Battery power (solenoids)
18	W/R	CAN high
19	-	N/C
20	-	N/C
21	-	N/C
22	-	N/C
23	O/PK	Rear WSS +
24	O/BK	Front WSS -
25	-	N/C
26	BK/GN	Ground (ECU)

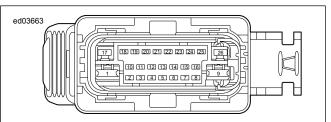
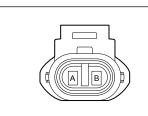


Figure A-139. ABS [166]

#### Table A-108. Front WSS [167] (with Fairing)

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	O/BE	Front WSS high
В	O/BK	Front WSS low

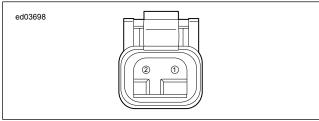


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Figure A-140. Front WSS [167] (with Fairing)

# Table A-109. Front WSS [167] (without Fairing)

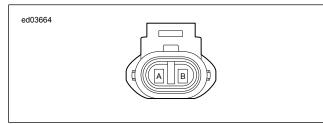
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	O/BE	Front WSS high
2	O/BK	Front WSS low



# Figure A-141. Front WSS [167] (without Fairing)

## Table A-110. Rear WSS [168]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	O/PK	Rear WSS high
В	O/BN	Rear WSS low



# Figure A-142. Rear WSS [168]

# Table A-111. CB Module [184]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	Microphone sum out (+)
2	BK	Microphone sum out (-)
3	R	Audio in 1 right (+)
4	W	Audio in 1 left/mono (+)
5	BK	Audio in 1 shield/mono (-)
6	R	Audio in 3 shield/mono (-)
7	W	Audio in 3 left/mono (+)
8	BK/Y	Audio in 3 shield/mono (-)
9	R/BE	P&A relay power
10	BK	Ground
11	W/PK	Aux CAN high
12	W/BN	Aux CAN low

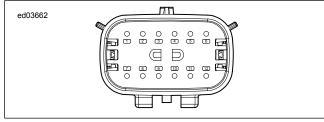
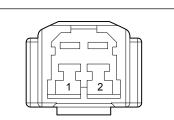


Figure A-143. CB Module [184]

# Table A-112. Heated Handgrips [189A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	P&A power
2	BK	Ground

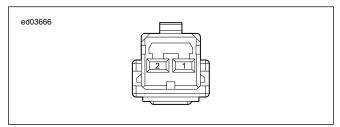




# Figure A-144. Heated Handgrips [189A]

## Table A-113. Heated Handgrips [189B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A power
2	BK	Ground



# Figure A-145. Heated Handgrips [189B]

## Table A-114. GPS Antenna [193]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	Black	GPS antenna cable

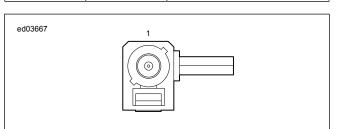


Figure A-146. GPS Antenna [193]

#### Table A-115. ACR [203]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/GN	System power fuse
2	LGN/R	ACR enable

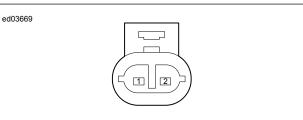
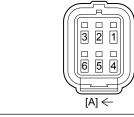


Figure A-147. ACR [203]

#### Table A-116. TGS [204A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R/W	5V sensor power 1
2	GN/W	TGS 1
3	BK/W	5V sensor ground 1
4	R/GY	5V sensor power 2
5	GY/W	TGS 2
6	BK/GY	5V sensor ground 2



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#### Figure A-148. TGS [204A]

## Table A-117. TGS [204B]

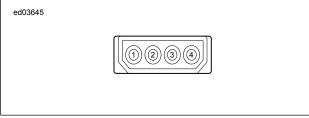
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	5V sensor power 1
2	W	TGS 1
3	BK	5V sensor ground 1
4	R	5V sensor power 2
5	W	TGS 2
6	BK	5V sensor ground 2



Figure A-149. TGS [204B]

#### Table A-118. Chassis Cooling Fan Switch [205]

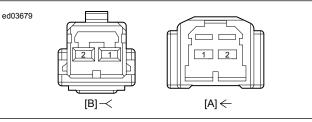
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	-	N/C
3	-	N/C
4	BN/Y	Chassis cooling fan switch





# Table A-119. Heated Handgrip Interconnect [206]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W	P&A power
2	BK	Ground



# Figure A-151. Heated Handgrip Interconnect [206]

#### Table A-120. Security Antenna [209]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	Security antenna high
2	BK	Security antenna low

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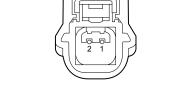


Figure A-152. Security Antenna [209]

## Table A-121. TCA [211]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
А	GY/O	ETC low
В	BK/W	5V sensor ground 1
С	GN/V	TPS 1
D	R/W	5V sensor power 1
E	GY/V	TPS 2
F	GN/O	ETC high

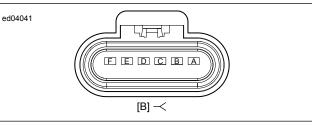
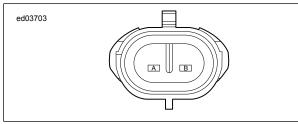


Figure A-153. TCA [211]

#### Table A-122. Left Cooling Fan [215]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	BN/BE	Cooling fan relay power
В	GN/BK	Cooling fan left



#### Figure A-154. Left Cooling Fan [215]

#### Table A-123. Driver Headset [225]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Microphone common (-)
2	BK	Headset common (-)
3	PK/BE	Rear RT headset (+)
4	R	Rear microphone (+)
5	PK/GN	Rear LT headset (+)
6	BK	Jumper
7	-	N/C
TAB	BK/W	Microphone shield

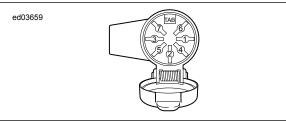


Figure A-155. Driver Headset [225]

#### Table A-124. Rear Lighting Jumper Harness [226]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Ground
2	-	N/C
3	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal
4	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
5	BE/R	Brake light power
6	BE	Running lights power
7	BK	Ground
8	-	N/C
9	-	N/C
10	-	N/C
11	-	N/C
12	R/Y	Accessory power

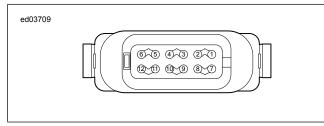
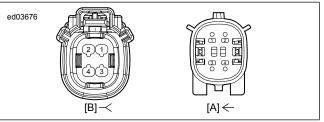


Figure A-156. Rear Lighting Jumper Harness [226]

# Table A-125. Left Cooling Fan Jumper [232L]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GN/BK	Cooling fan left
2	BN/BE	Cooling fan relay power
3	GY/GN	Coolant temperature
4	BK/W	5V sensor ground



## Figure A-157. Left Cooling Fan jumper [232L]

## Table A-126. Right Cooling Fan Jumper [232R]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GY/BK	Cooling fan right
2	BN/BE	Cooling relay power

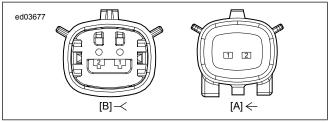
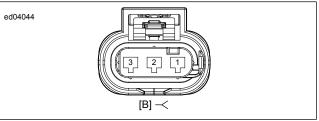


Figure A-158. Right Cooling Fan Jumper [232R]

# Table A-127. Cooling Pump [235]

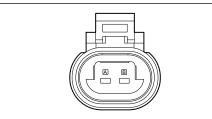
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BN/BE	Cooling relay power
2	BN/BK	Cooling pump control
3	BK	Ground



#### Figure A-159. Cooling Pump [235]

## Table A-128. ECT Sensor [236]

TERMINA	۱L	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A		GY/GN	Coolant temperature
В		BK/W	5V sensor ground



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#### Figure A-160. ECT Sensor [236]

#### Table A-129. BCM [242]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A1	-	N/C
A2	R	Security antenna high
A3	W/BN	Start enable
A4	ВК	Security RF antenna
B1	-	N/C
B2	ВК	Security antenna low
B3	BE/GY	Aux lamp switch
B4	-	N/C
C1	-	N/C
C2	-	N/C
C3	W/BE	Ignition/accessory switch input
C4	W/GY	Engine stop switch input
D1	-	N/C
D2	W/R	CAN high
D3	W	Neutral switch input
D4	-	N/C
E1	-	N/C
E2	W/BK	CAN low
E3	W/O	Oil pressure switch input
E4	R/V	Horn power
F1	-	N/C
F2	-	N/C
F3	BE/GN	Brake switch input
F4	R/BN	Fuel pump power
G1	-	N/C
G2	-	N/C
G3	-	N/C
G4	BK/GN	Ground
H1	-	N/C
H2	W/GN	Security siren
H3	-	N/C
H4	-	N/C
J1	-	N/C
J2	BE/O	Right front turn signal
J3	BE	Running/position lights
J4	BE/PK	Left front turn signal
K1	-	N/C
K2	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal

# Table A-129. BCM [242]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
K3	BE/R	Brake lamp power
K4	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
L1	-	N/C
L2	R/BK	Starter solenoid power
L3	R/GN	System power
L4	BE/BK	Front running/fog light power
M1	-	N/C
M2	R/Y	Accessory power
M3	BE/W	High beam power
M4	BE/Y	Low beam power

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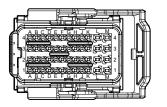
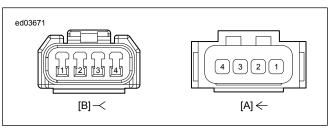


Figure A-161. BCM [242]

#### Table A-130. P&A CAN [243]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/R	CAN high
2	W/BK	CAN low
3	W/R	CAN high
4	W/BK	CAN low



# Figure A-162. P&A CAN [243]

# Table A-131. Power Outlet [258]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
А	V/BE	P&A relay power
В	BK	Ground

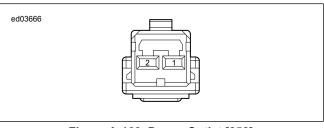


Figure A-163. Power Outlet [258]

## Table A-132. BCM Power [259]

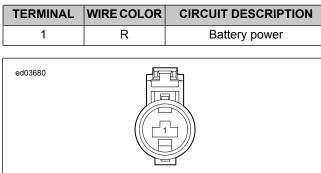


Figure A-164. BCM Power [259]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BN	Right rear turn signal
2	V	Left rear turn signal
3	-	N/C
4	-	N/C
5	BK	Ground
6	BK	Ground
7	BK	LP lamp
8	BE	Left tail lamp
9	BE	Right tail lamp
10	-	N/C
11	BK	LP ground
12	-	N/C

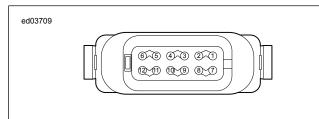
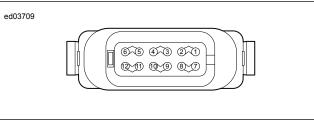


Figure A-165. Rear Lighting Jumper Harness [262] (DOM)

2] (Canada)

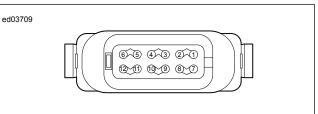
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal
2	BE	Running lights power
3	BE/R	Brake light power
4	BK	Ground
5	BK	Ground
6	-	N/C
7	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
8	-	N/C
9	-	N/C
10	R/Y	Accessory power
11	-	N/C
12	-	N/C



# Figure A-166. Rear Lighting Jumper Harness [262] (Canada)

## Table A-135. Rear Lighting Jumper Harness [262] (HDI)

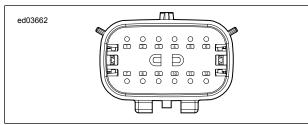
TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	GN/W	Right rear turn signal
2	W/BK	Right tail lamp
3	R/W	Right stop lamp
4	Y/W	Ground
5	BK	Ground
6	-	N/C
7	GN	Left rear turn signal
8	W	Left tail lamp
9	R	Left stop lamp
10	BK	LP lamp
11	Y	Ground
12	-	N/C



#### Figure A-167. Rear Lighting Jumper Harness [262] (HDI)

#### Table A-136. P&A Audio [280]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	Microphone front (+)
2	R/W	Microphone rear (-)
3	BK	Microphone common (-)
4	PK/BE	Headset right front (+)
5	PK/GN	Headset left front (+)
6	BK/PK	Headset common (-)
7	LBE/V	Headset right rear (+)
8	LBE/W	Headset left rear (+)
9	V/BE	P&A relay power
10	BK	Ground
11	LBE/BN	External AMP power control
12	-	N/C



## Figure A-168. P&A Audio [280]

## Table A-137. Battery Tender [281]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	R	Battery power
2	BK	Ground

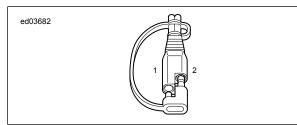


Figure A-169. Battery Tender [281]

#### Table A-138. Ground [283]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	AM/FM antenna base

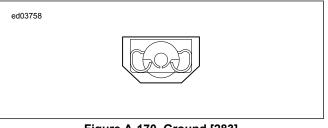


Figure A-170. Ground [283]

#### Table A-139. Tour-Pak Lights [287]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	BE/BN	Right rear turn signal
В	BK	Ground
С	BE	Running lights power
D	BE/V	Left rear turn signal
E	BE/R	Brake light power

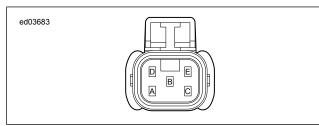


Figure A-171. Tour-Pak Lights [287]

## Table A-140. Left Saddlebag [288]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	W/R	CAN high
2	W/BK	CAN low
3	R	Battery fuse
4	R	Battery fuse
5	R/Y	Accessory power
6	BN/PK	Right front out +
7	BN/O	Left front out -
8	PK/GY	Left in (-)
9	PK/BK	Right in (-)
10	BN/GN	Right front out -
11	BN/GY	Left front out +
12	PK/O	Right in (-)
13	PK	Right in (+)
14	BK	Ground
15	BK	Ground
16	LBE	Right rear out +
17	LBE/BK	Right rear out -
18	-	N/C

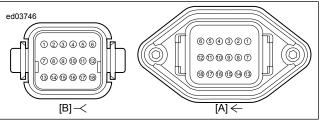
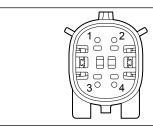


Figure A-172. Left Saddlebag [288]

#### Table A-141. Speaker POD Interconnect [296A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Speaker left (+)
2	LBE/GY	Speaker left (-)
3	LBE	Speaker right (+)
4	LBE/BK	Speaker right (-)

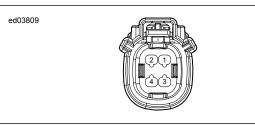


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Figure A-173. Speaker POD Interconnect [296A]

## Table A-142. Speaker POD Interconnect [296B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	PK/O	Speaker left (+)
2	PK/GY	Speaker left (-)
3	PK	Speaker right (+)
4	PK/BK	Speaker right (-)



## Figure A-174. Speaker POD Interconnect [296B]

#### Table A-143. Speaker POD Interconnect [297A]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE/O	Speaker left (+)
2	LBE/GY	Speaker left (-)
3	LBE	Speaker right (+)
4	LBE/BK	Speaker right (-)

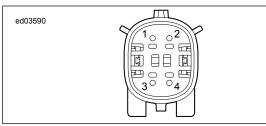


Figure A-175. Speaker POD Interconnect [297A]

## Table A-144. Speaker POD Interconnect [297B]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BN/O	Speaker left (+)
2	BN/GY	Speaker left (-)
3	BN/PK	Speaker right (+)
4	BN/GN	Speaker right (-)

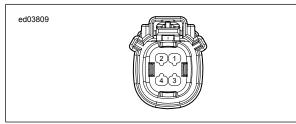


Figure A-176. Speaker POD Interconnect [297B]

#### Table A-145. Right Saddlebag Speaker [298]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LBE	Right saddlebag speaker (+)
2	LBE/BK	Right saddlebag speaker (-)

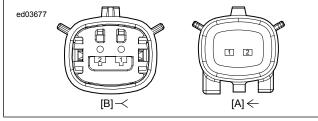
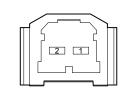


Figure A-177. Right Saddlebag Speaker [298]

#### Table A-146. P&A Accessory Power [299]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	System power fuse
2	BK	Ground

ed03650



# Figure A-178. P&A Accessory Power [299]

#### Table A-147. Front Knock Sensor [315]

Т	ERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
	1	LGN/W	Front knock sensor LO
	2	BN/W	Front knock sensor HI

#### Table A-148. Rear Knock Sensor [316]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	LGN/V	Rear knock sensor LO
2	BN/V	Rear knock sensor HI

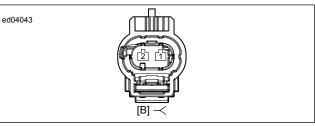


Figure A-179. Knock Sensor

#### Table A-149. Oil Cooling Fan [317]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	BN/BE	Cooling relay power
В	GY/BK	Oil cooling fan control

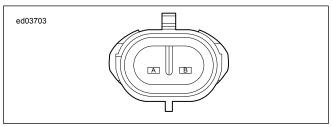


Figure A-180. Oil Cooling Fan [317]

#### Table A-150. Chassis Cooling Fan [318]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	V/BK	Chassis cooling fan control
В	BN/BE	Cooling relay power

ed03664



# Figure A-181. Chassis Cooling Fan [318]

## Table A-151. Termination Resister [319]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
A	W/R	CAN High
В	W/BK	CAN Low

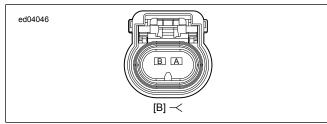


Figure A-182. Termination Resister [319]

## Table A-152. P&A Accessory [325]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	V/BE	P&A relay power
2	BK	Ground
3	-	N/C

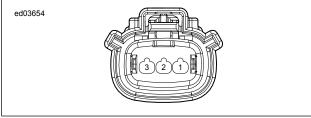


Figure A-183. P&A Accessory [325]

#### Table A-153. Fork Clamp Ground [GND3]

TERMINAL	WIRE COLOR	CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
1	BK	Ground
ed03710		
(LOJ)		
	[B]-<	[A] ←

Figure A-184. Fork Clamp Ground [GND3]

# COMPONENT LOCATIONS

Some components and connectors are not easily located on the motorcycle. The following graphics show locations for these

components and connectors. The graphics are generally ordered from front to back around the motorcycle.

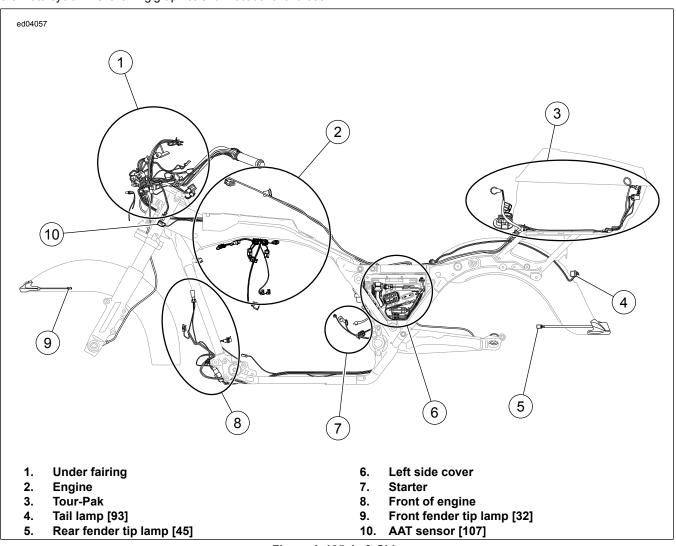
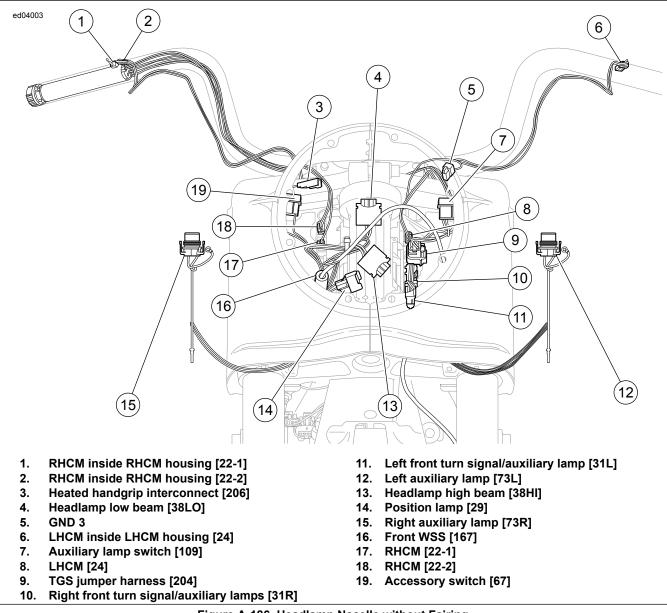
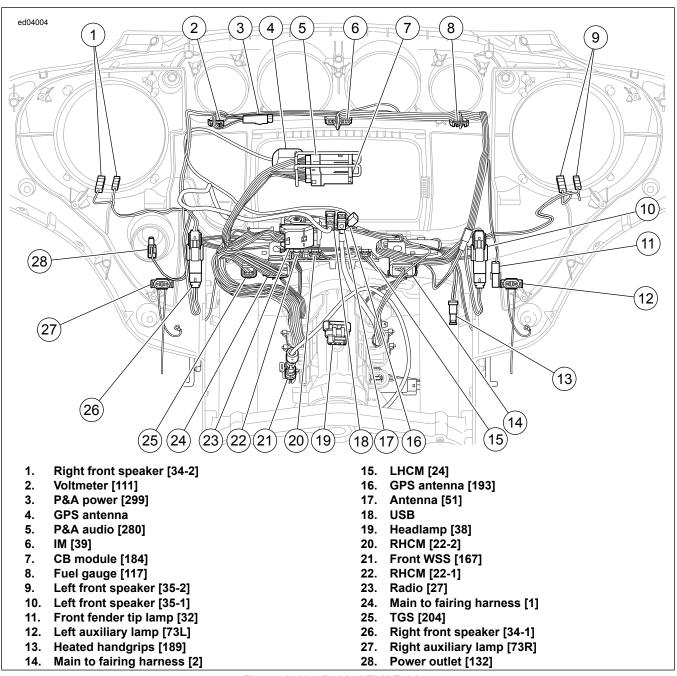
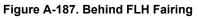


Figure A-185. Left Side









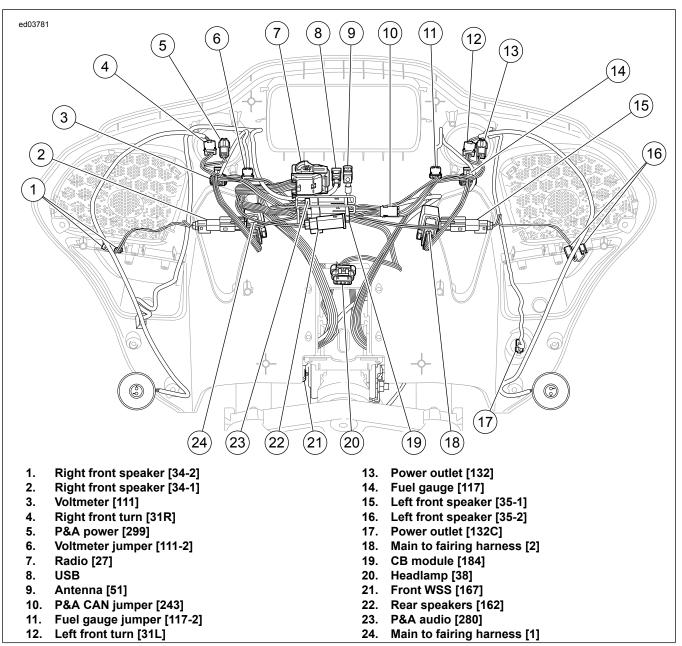


Figure A-188. Behind FLT Fairing

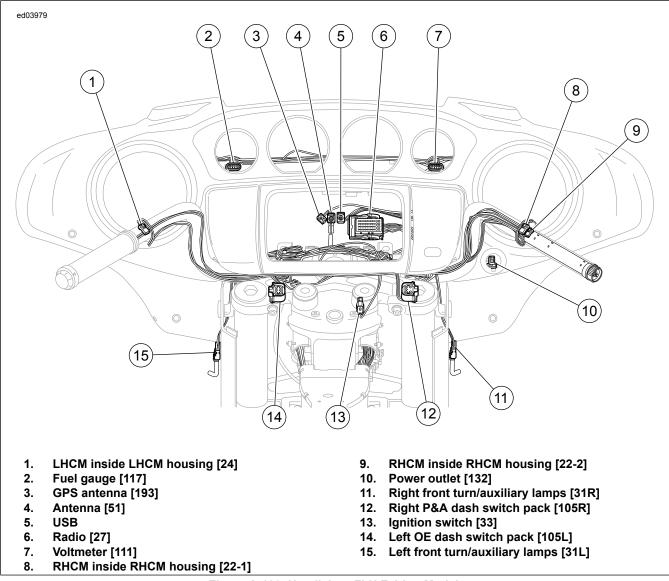
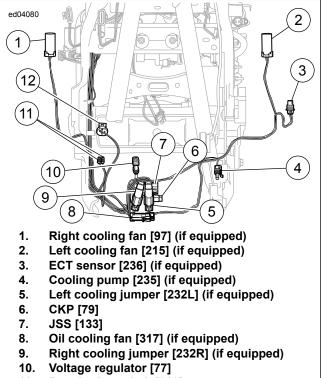


Figure A-189. Handlebar: FLH Fairing Models



- 11. Rear brake switch [212]
- 12. Oil pressure sender [139]

Figure A-190. Front of Engine

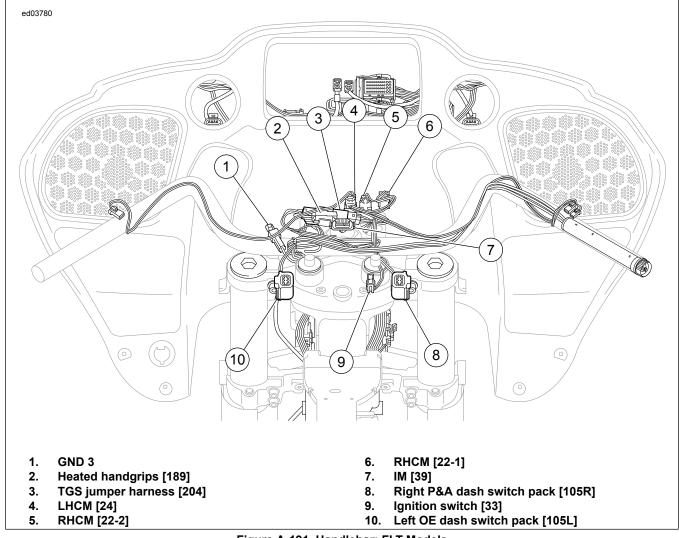
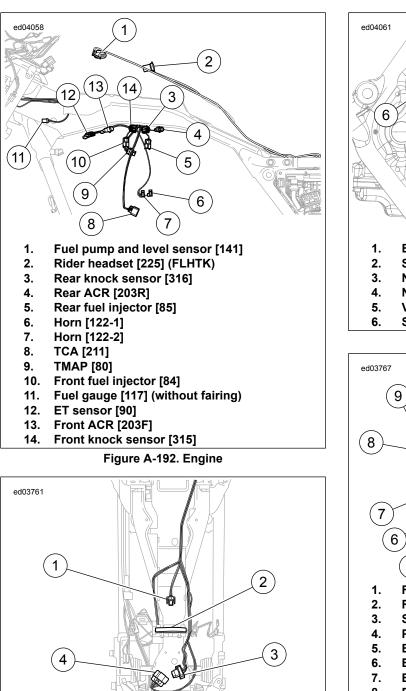
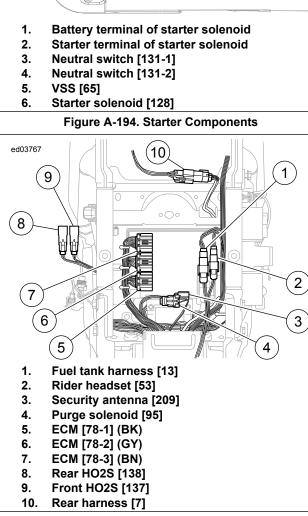


Figure A-191. Handlebar: FLT Models





1

2

5

3

4

Figure A-195. Under Seat: FLHT

Figure A-193. Console: without Fairing

Fuel pump and level sender [141]

Ignition switch [33]

Speedometer [39]

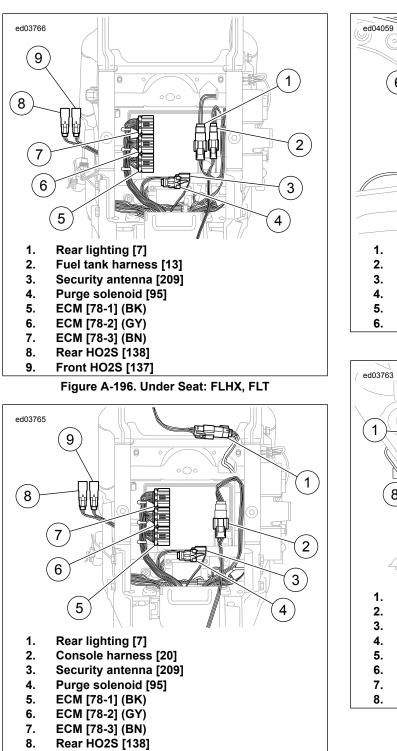
Indicator lights

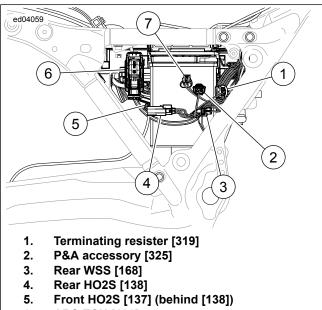
1.

2.

3.

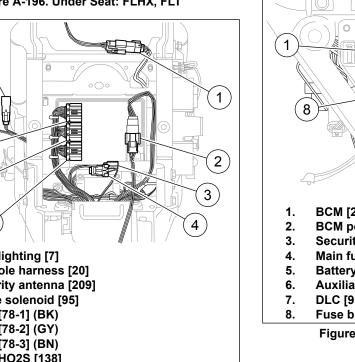
4.





ABS ECU [166]

Figure A-198. Behind Right Side Cover



9. Front HO2S [137]

Figure A-197. Under Seat: FLHR

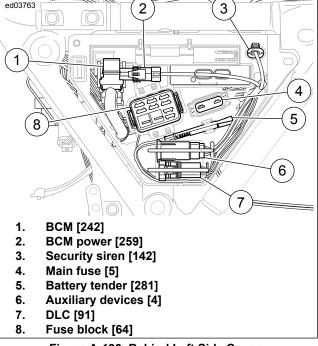
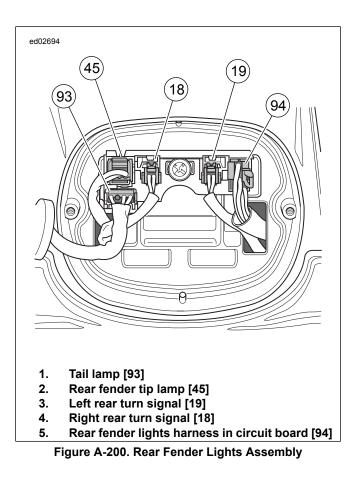


Figure A-199. Behind Left Side Cover

XXVIII



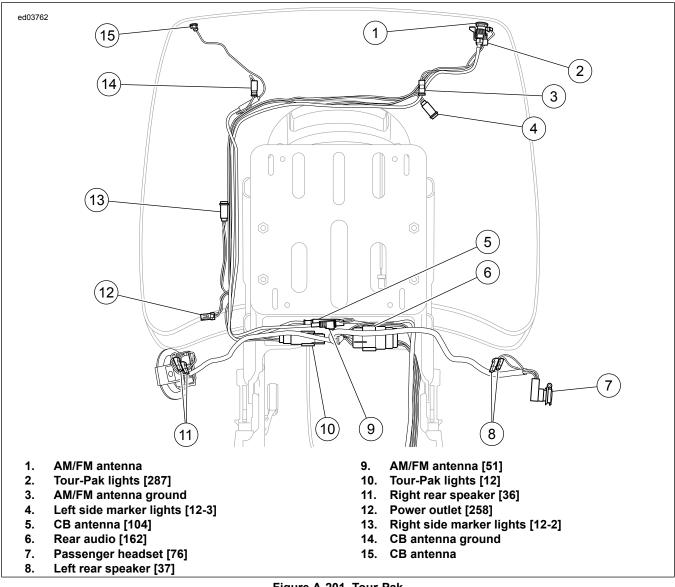


Figure A-201. Tour-Pak

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
B.1 BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTORS	B-1
B.2 BOSCH COMPACT 1.1M CONNECTORS	B-3
B.3 DELPHI GT SEALED CONNECTORS	B-4
B.4 DELPHI METRI-PACK SEALED CONNECTORS	B-6
B.5 DELPHI MICRO 64 SEALED CONNECTORS	B-9
B.6 DEUTSCH DT SEALED CONNECTORS	B-11
B.7 JAE MX19 SEALED CONNECTORS	B-13
B.8 JST JWPF SEALED CONNECTORS	B-14
B.9 KOSTAL MLK 1.2 SEALED CONNECTOR	B-15
B.10 MOLEX BPT SEALED CONNECTORS	
B.11 MOLEX CMC SEALED CONNECTORS	
B.12 MOLEX MX SEALED CONNECTORS	
B.13 SEALED SPLICE CONNECTORS	
B.14 TYCO AMPSEAL SEALED CONNECTORS	
B.15 TYCO GET 64 SEALED CONNECTORS	B-27
B.16 TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED CONNECTORS	B-29
B.17 TYCO MULTILOCK UNSEALED CONNECTORS	B-32
B.18 TYCO SUPERSEAL 1.5 SEALED CONNECTORS	B-34

# **BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTORS**

# BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-50120-10	DIE SET
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME
HD-50120-9	DIE SET

The Bosch BTC sealed connector is used to connect the ABS module to the wire harness on Touring models.

#### NOTE

- Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) for BTC sealed crimping.
- Use DIE SET (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-9) for Bosch BTC series 12 and 20 gauge terminal crimping.
- Use DIE SET (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-10) for Bosch BTC series 14 and 16 gauge terminal crimping.

Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

# **Separating Connector**

- 1. See Figure B-1. While pressing latch lock, lift latch handle.
- 2. Raise latch handle into the full upward (open) position.
- 3. Pull connector straight out of socket.

# NOTE

Do not attempt to close latch handle while connector is out of socket. Damage to latch mechanism could result.

# **Mating Connector**

- 1. Insert connector. Press gently into socket.
- 2. Pull latch handle down (closed) until it clicks.

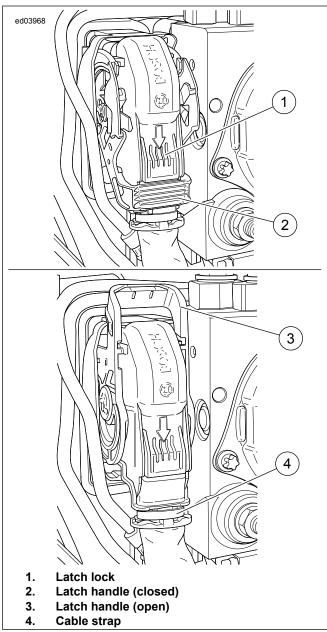


Figure B-1. Bosch BTC Sealed Connector

# **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-1. Remove and discard cable strap.
- 2. See Figure B-2. Insert the blade of a small screwdriver into cover release latch slot.
- 3. Gently pry the cover away from the tab on the body of the connector. Repeat for other release latch slot.
- 4. Grasp cover and pivot up and away from connector.
- 5. See Figure B-3. With the blade of a small screwdriver, gently pry the terminal lock open.
- Insert TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) into cavity next to terminal being removed. Carefully pry terminal latch back.
- 7. Grasp wire and gently pull terminal from terminal cavity.

# NOTE

*The Bosch BTC Sealed connector has three sizes of terminals: 12 gauge, 14 gauge and 20 gauge.* 

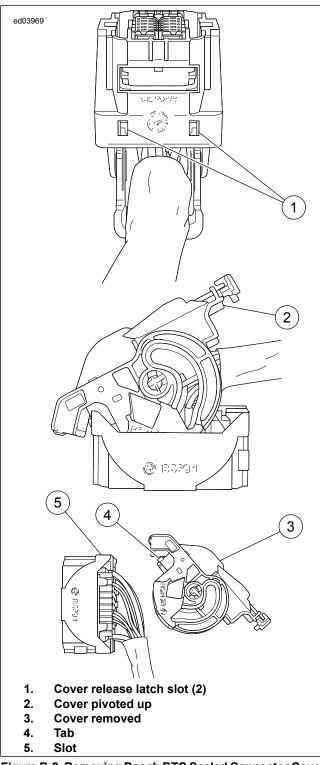
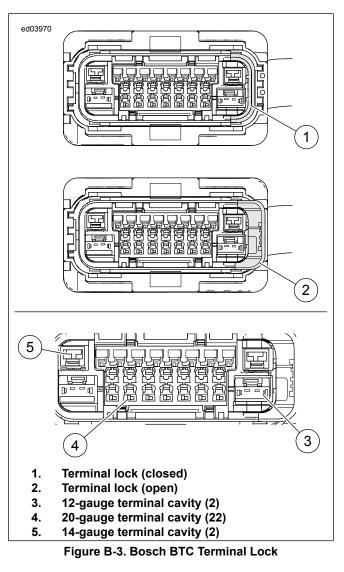


Figure B-2. Removing Bosch BTC Sealed Connector Cover



# **Inserting Terminal**

- 1. Carefully insert terminal with wire lead into appropriate terminal cavity.
- 2. Gently push terminal into cavity until it clicks, indicating that it is locked in place.
- 3. When all terminals are in place, use the blade of a small flat screwdriver to pry the terminal lock closed.
- 4. See Figure B-2. Start cover into connector body at an angle. Engage tabs in slots.
- 5. Rotate cover down onto body until an audible click is heard, indicating that cover is locked in place.
- 6. See Figure B-1. Install new cable strap.

# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# BOSCH COMPACT 1.1M CONNECTOR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
GA500A	SNAP-ON TERMINAL PICK

See Figure B-4. The Bosch Compact 1.1M connector is found on MAP and TMAP sensors.

## **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-4. Snap back the secondary lock. Press on the latch while pulling the connector from the sensor.

# **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connector housings.
- 2. Press the housings together until the locking tab snaps into place.

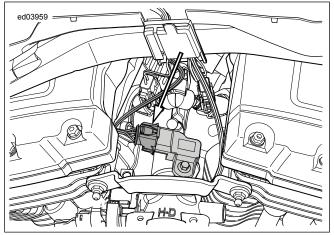


Figure B-4. Bosch Compact 1.1M Connector

# **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-5. Slide the locking bar off the terminal housing.
- Insert the smallest pins of the SNAP-ON TERMINAL PICK (PART NUMBER: GA500A) into the gaps on each side of the terminal to compress the tangs on each side of the terminal.
- 3. Gently pull on the wire to remove the terminal.

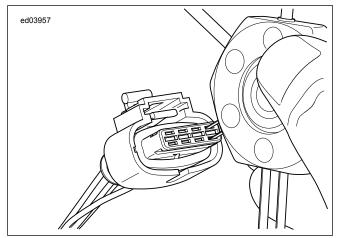


Figure B-5. Terminal Removal: Bosch Compact 1.1M Connector

# **Installing Terminal**

- 1. See Figure B-6. Use a hobby knife to bend the tangs on each side of the terminal outward.
- 2. Align terminal to connector. Press terminal into connector until it snaps.

NOTE The teeth on the locking bar face down.

3. Slide the locking bar onto the connector.

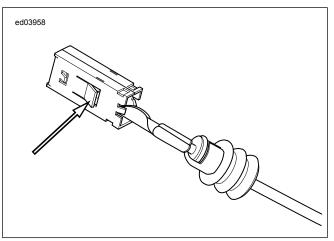


Figure B-6. Tangs: Bosch Compact 1.1M Terminal

# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. DO NOT re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# **DELPHI GT SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR**

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-38125-6	PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMP TOOL

Delphi GT 150 connectors are typically used on fuel gauge, ignition coil and VSS. The GT 280 sealed connectors are used to connect to the fuel pump and sender.

See Figure B-7. The plug assembly consists of housing with connector cavities, terminals, secondary lock, wire seals, safety lock, mating seal and primary lock.

#### NOTE

*Use PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMP TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-38125-6) for Delphi GT sealed terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.* 

# **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-8. Press connector release (A), separate the two halves (B).

# **Mating Connector**

Push the halves of connector together until external latch(es) engage.

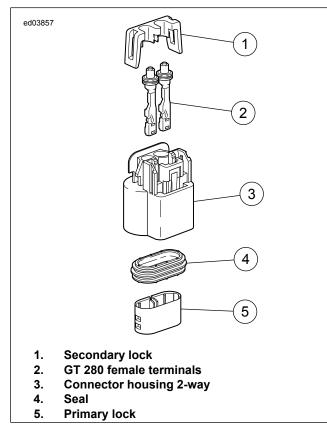
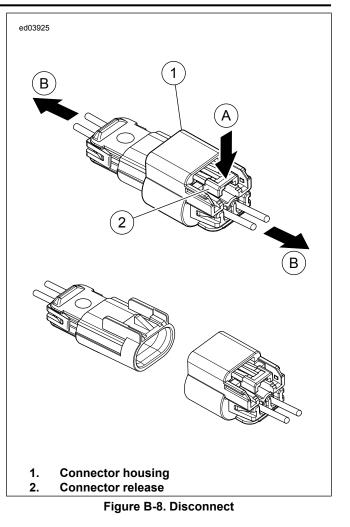


Figure B-7. Exploded View



#### **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-9. Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), completely remove the primary lock.
- 2. Release the two locks and remove the secondary lock.
- 3. From the front of the cavity, locate the terminal lock. Insert the removal tool straight into the cavity, deflect the terminal lock and release the terminal. Gently pull on the wire to remove terminal from the connector.

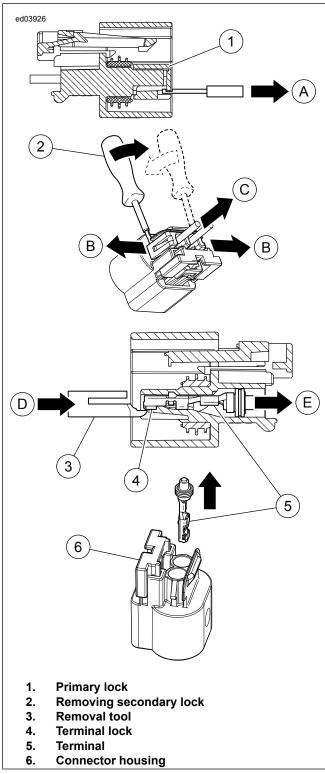


Figure B-9. Terminal Removal

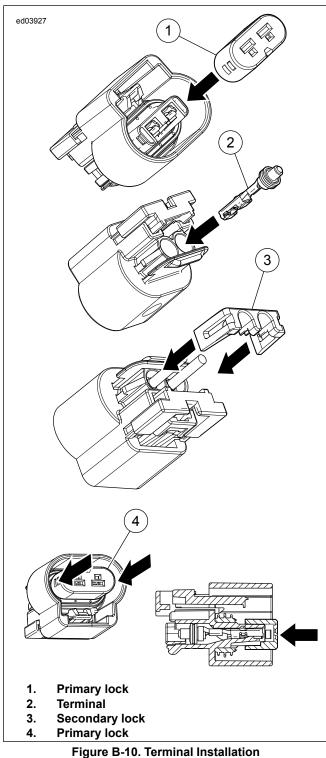
# **Installing Terminals**

1. See Figure B-10. Insert the primary lock into the outer most position on the connector.

NOTE

Proper orientation of terminal required.

- 2. Insert terminals into connector housing.
- 3. Insert secondary lock onto cavity until locked.
- 4. Install primary lock until it is locked in position.



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# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. DO NOT re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# **DELPHI METRI-PACK SEALED CONNECTORS**

# **DELPHI METRI-PACK SEALED CONNECTOR** REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-38125-6	PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMP TOOL
HD-38125-7	PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMPER

There are two types of connectors in this series:

- Pull-to-Seat
- Push-to-Seat

#### NOTE

- Use PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMP TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-38125-6) for push-to-seat Delphi Metri-Pack terminal crimping.
- Use PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMPER (PART NUMBER: HD-38125-7) for pull-to-seat Delphi Metri-Pack terminal crimping.

Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

## Separating Connector

Pry up on the external latch slightly and separate the connector.

# Mating Connector

Push the halves of the connector together.

# **Terminal Removal Push-to-Seat**

#### NOTE

- The same process is followed for both the male and female ends of the push to seat connectors.
- · For best results, free one side of the secondary lock first and then release the other side.
- 1. See Figure B-11. Remove secondary lock from wire end of connector.
- 2. Find the locking tang in the mating end of the connector.

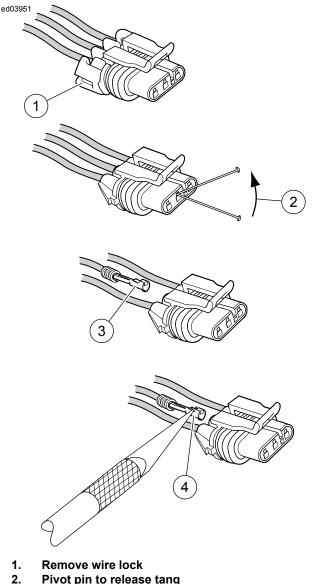
#### NOTE

- The tangs are always positioned in the middle of the cavity . on the same side as the external latch.
- There is a small opening for the pin.
- Gently insert a small diameter straight pin into the cavity 3. about 1/8 in (3.2 mm).

#### NOTE

The click is the sound of the tang returning to the locked position as it slips from the point of the pin.

- 4. Pick at the tang until the clicking stops and the pin seems to slide in deeper. This indicates the tang is pressed in.
- 5. Pull on the lead to draw the terminal out the wire end.



- 2.
- 3. Pull to remove
- 4 Raise tang to install

Figure B-11. Removing Delphi Metri-Pack Sealed Connector: Push-to-Seat

#### **Terminal Removal Pull-to-Seat**

#### NOTE

The tangs are always positioned in the middle of the cavity. The tangs are on the same side as the external latch.

See Figure B-12. Find the locking tang in the mating end 1. of the connector.

#### NOTE

Stay between the terminal and the cavity wall and pivot the end of the pin toward the terminal body.

Gently insert a small diameter straight pin into the cavity 2. about 1/8 in (3.2 mm).

#### NOTE

The click is the sound of the tang returning to the locked position as it slips from the point of the pin.

3. When a click is heard, remove the pin and repeat the procedure.

#### NOTE

After repeated terminal extractions, the click may not be heard, but pivot the pin as if the click was heard at least three times.

- 4. Pick at the tang until the clicking stops and the pin seems to slide in deeper. This indicates the tang is pressed in.
- 5. Push on the lead to extract the terminal from the mating end of the connector.

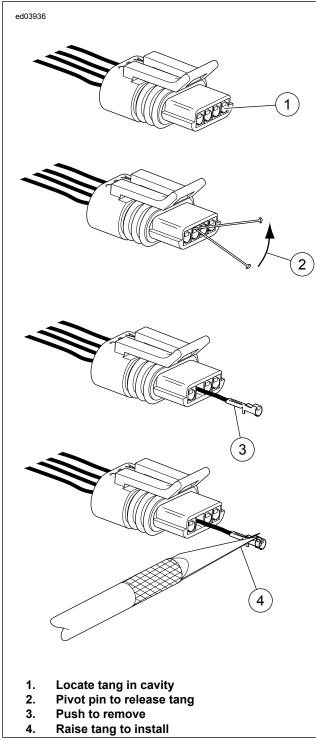


Figure B-12. Delphi 150.2 Metri-Pack Sealed Connector: Pull-to-Seat

#### Installing Terminal Push-to-Seat

- 1. See Figure B-13. Plug terminals into connector assembly.
- After all leads are plugged, install secondary lock to connector.
  - a. Hold connector as shown and install secondary lock.
  - b. Position secondary locks with corresponding grooves and verify one lead per cavity. Apply pressure with fingers until secondary lock snaps into place.

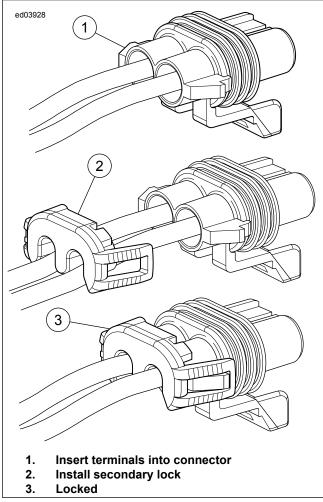


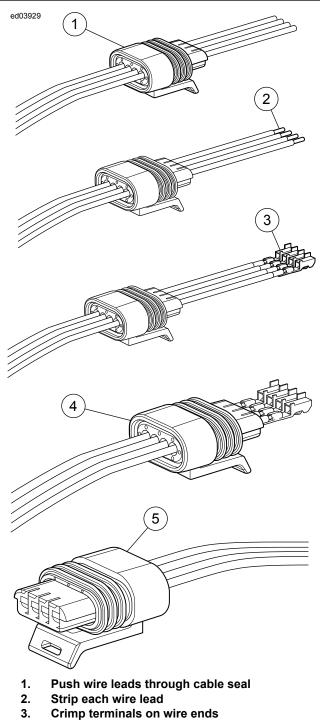
Figure B-13. Insert Terminals Push-to-Seat

# Installing Terminal Pull-to-Seat

#### NOTE

Leads must be blunt cut for this operation.

- 1. See Figure B-14. Push wire leads through cable seal at least 8 in (203 mm).
- 2. Strip each wire lead to the required length for the terminal being applied.
- 3. Crimp terminals on wire ends
- 4. Align the terminals with the locating tabs in the cavity and pull wires back through connector to install the terminal.
- 5. Verify terminal is fully seated in the terminal cavity.



- 4. Pull wires back through connector
- 5. Verify terminal is fully seated

Figure B-14. Inserting Terminal Pull-to-Seat

# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# **DELPHI MICRO 64 SEALED CONNECTORS**

# DELPHI MICRO 64 SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
	PACKARD MICRO-64 TERMINAL REMOVER
HD-45929	PACKARD MICRO-64 TERMINAL CRIMPER

Delphi Micro 64 Sealed connectors are frequently found on speedometers and tachometers.

#### NOTE

Use PACKARD MICRO-64 TERMINAL CRIMPER (PART NUMBER: HD-45929) for Delphi Micro 64 terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

# **Separating Connector**

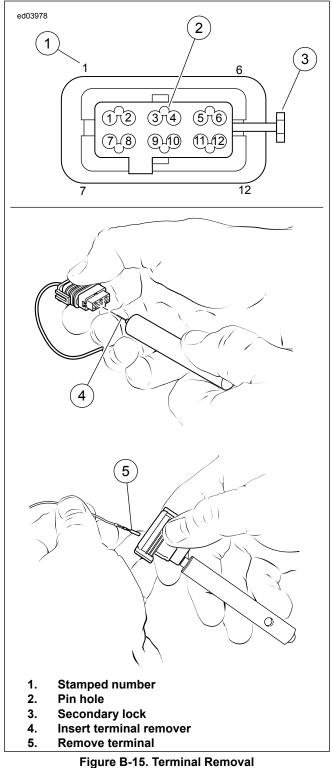
Bend back the external latches slightly and separate the connector.

## **Mating Connector**

Align the terminals and press the connector together until the latch snaps.

## **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-15. Locate the head of the secondary lock on one side of the connector housing.
- 2. Insert the blade of a small screwdriver between the center ear of the lock and the connector housing and gently pry out lock. When partially removed, pull lock from connector housing.
- 3. Locate pin hole between terminals on mating end of connector.



Obtain the PACKARD MICRO-64 TERMINAL REMOVER

(PART NUMBER: HD-45928).

4.

- 5. Push the adjacent terminals all the way into the connector housing and then insert tool into hole until it bottoms.
- 6. Leaving the tool installed, gently tug on wires to pull either one or both terminals from wire end of connector. Remove tool.

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# **Installing Terminal**

1. Insert terminal into its respective numbered cavity on wire end of connector. No special orientation of the terminal is necessary.

#### NOTE

For wire location purposes, the corners of the connector are stamped with the numbers 1, 6, 7 and 12, representing terminals 1-6 on one side, and 7-12 on the other.

2. Bottom the terminal in the cavity and then gently tug on the wire to verify that it is locked in place.

#### NOTE

Once removed, the terminal may not lock in place when first installed. Until the lock engages, move the terminal back and forth slightly while wiggling the lead.

- 3. Since the terminal remover tool releases two terminals simultaneously, repeat step 2 on the adjacent terminal even if it was not pulled from the connector housing.
- 4. With the center ear on the head of the secondary lock facing the mating end of the connector, push secondary lock in until head is flush with the connector housing.

## **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# **DEUTSCH DT SEALED CONNECTORS**

# DEUTSCH DT AND DTM SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-41475	DEUTSCH CONNECTOR SERVICE KIT
HD-41475-100	FLAT BLADE L-HOOK
HD-42879	ELECTRICAL CRIMPER TOOL

A DEUTSCH CONNECTOR SERVICE KIT (PART NUMBER: HD-41475) contains a selection of seals and seal plugs, locking wedges, attachment clips and terminals. Also included is a FLAT BLADE L-HOOK (PART NUMBER: HD-41475-100) used to remove locking wedges, compartmented storage box and carrying case.

#### NOTE

- Use the HD-39965-a (DEUTSCH CRIMPER) for non-solid barrel terminal crimping.
- Use the ELECTRICAL CRIMPER TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-42879) for solid barrel terminal crimping.

Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

# **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-16. To separate the connector halves, Press the external latch(es) on the connector while rocking the connector halves, and pull.

#### NOTE

- Six-place and smaller Deutsch connectors have one latch on the connector.
- Eight- and twelve-place connectors have a latch on each side. Simultaneously press both latches to separate the connector.

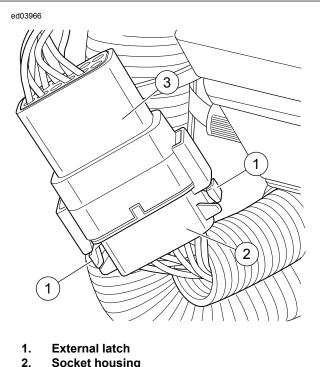
# **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connectors to match the wire lead colors.
  - a. For One External Latch: To join the halves, align the latch on the socket side with the latch cover on the pin side.
  - b. For Two External Latches: Align the tabs on the connector halves.

#### NOTE

For Two External Latches: If latches do not click (latch), press on one side of the connector until that latch engages then press on the opposite side to engage the other latch.

2. Insert the two halves together until it locks into place.

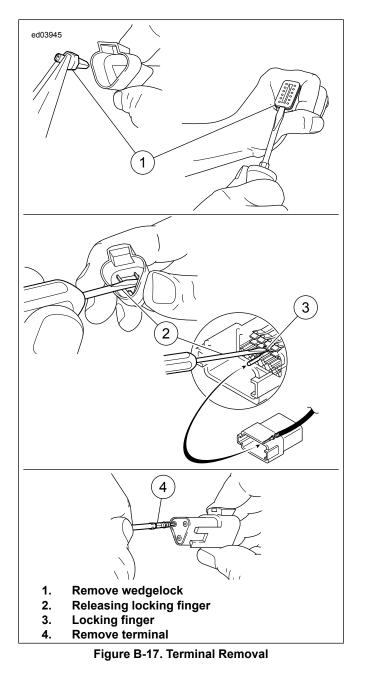


3. Pin housing

Figure B-16. Deutsch DT Sealed Connector

## **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-17. Remove wedgelock using needlenose pliers or removal tool.
- 2. To remove the terminals, gently pull wire backwards, while at the same time releasing the locking finger by moving it away from the terminal with a screwdriver.
- 3. Hold the rear seal in place when pulling terminal/wire out, as removing the terminal may displace the seal.

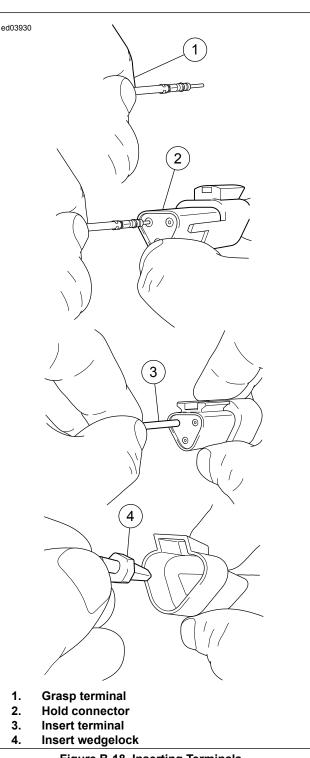


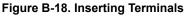
# **Installing Terminal**

#### NOTE

The receptacle is shown. Use the same procedure for plug.

- 1. See Figure B-18. Grasp terminal approximately 1.0 in (25.4 mm) behind the terminal barrel.
- 2. Push terminal straight into connector grommet until a click is felt.
- 3. Gently pull on the wire to confirm that it is properly locked in place.
- 4. Once all terminals are in place, insert wedgelock. The wedgelock will snap into place.





#### **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. DO NOT re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# **JAE MX19 SEALED CONNECTORS**

# JAE MX19 SEALED CONNECTORS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME
HD-50120-6	JAE DIE

The plug assembly consists of a wire seal (part of housing), housing and two terminals.

#### NOTE

Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with JAE DIE (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-6) for JAE MX19 series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

# **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-19. Press the latch while pulling the connector halves apart.

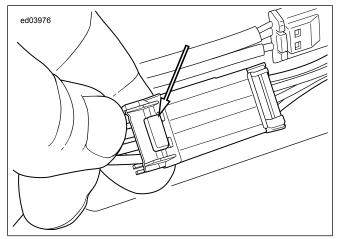


Figure B-19. Release Button

# **Mating Connector**

Align the terminals and press the connectors together until the latch snaps.

# **Terminal Removal**

- 1. Modify a TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) by filing the front edge to 45 degrees.
- 2. See Figure B-20. Insert the extractor into the opening above the terminal and press the plastic molding up and out of the way.
- 3. Pull the wire lead and terminal out of the back of the connector.

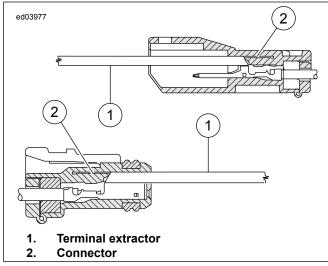


Figure B-20. Terminal Removal

# **Installing Terminal**

- 1. Inspect the connector housing and replace if necessary.
- 2. Orient the terminal to the housing. Push terminal into housing until it clicks into place.

# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# JST JWPF SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-50120-11	DIE SET
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME

The plug assembly consists of a wire seal (part of housing), housing, yellow secondary, two terminals, and one red mating seal. The mating seal provides a tight closure for mated connectors.

#### NOTE

Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with DIE SET (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-11) for JST JWPF series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

# **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-21. Press the release buttons while pulling the connector halves apart.

# **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connectors so the latches line up.
- 2. Press together until locked.

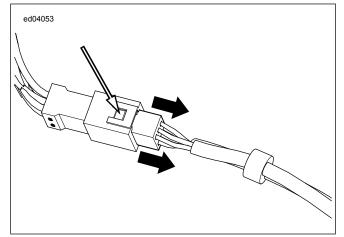


Figure B-21. Release Buttons: JST JWPF Sealed Connector

# **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-22. Locate large openings on the front of the connector housing.
- Insert TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) into large openings and release retention finger that locks terminal in place.
- 3. Remove terminal.

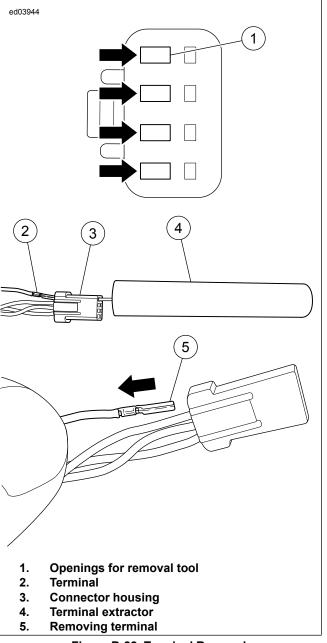


Figure B-22. Terminal Removal

# **Installing Terminal**

- 1. Inspect connector housing and replace if necessary.
- 2. Orient the terminal to the housing. Push terminal into housing until it clicks into place.

# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# **KOSTAL MLK 1.2 SEALED CONNECTOR**

# KOSTAL MLK 1.2 SEALED CONNECTOR

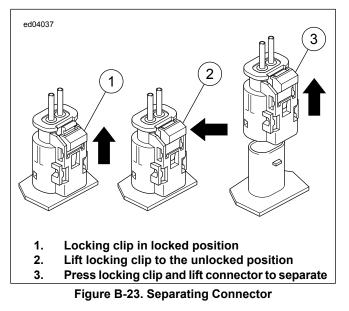
PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME

#### NOTE

Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with HD-50120-12 (DIE SET) for Kostal MLK 1.2 series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

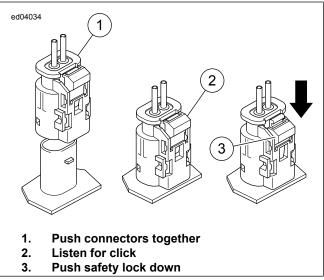
## **Separating Connector**

- 1. See Figure B-23. Lift the locking clip up in the unlocked position.
- 2. Press the locking clip in and release.
- 3. Pull and separate the two halves.



## **Mating Connector**

- 1. See Figure B-24. Push the halves of connector together until they click.
- 2. Push the locking clip down into locked position.



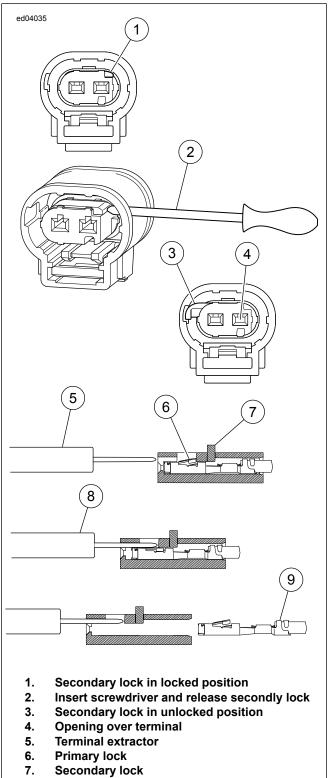
**B.9** 

Figure B-24. Mating Connector

# **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-25. Using a screwdriver, insert in hole in side of protective Housing and release the secondary lock.
- 2. Insert TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) into opening over terminal.
- 3. The terminal can be removed by pulling on the wire while simultaneously applying light pressure to disengage the primary lock.

94000395



- 8. Push terminal extractor into opening over terminal
- 9. Remove terminal

Figure B-25. Terminal Removal

# **Installing Terminal**

NOTE

Proper orientation of terminal required.

1. See Figure B-26. Insert female terminals into receptacle connector until an audible click is heard or lock is felt

2. Using a screwdriver, insert in hole in side of protective Housing and using a slight force push secondary lock into locked position.

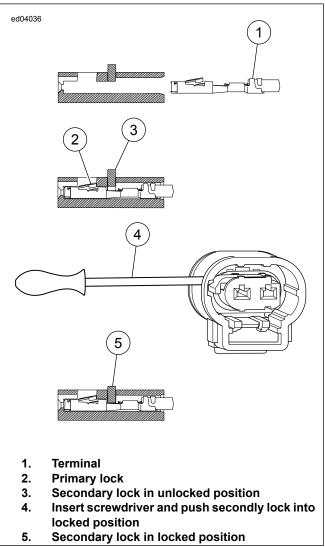


Figure B-26. Installing Terminal

# **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

# MOLEX BPT SEALED CONNECTORS

# MOLEX BPT SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50120-11	DIE SET
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME

See Figure B-27. The plug assembly consists of a wire seal (part of housing), housing, yellow secondary, two terminals, and one red mating seal. The mating seal provides a tight closure for mated connectors.

Molex BPT sealed connectors are used to connect to the front and rear fuel injectors.

### NOTE

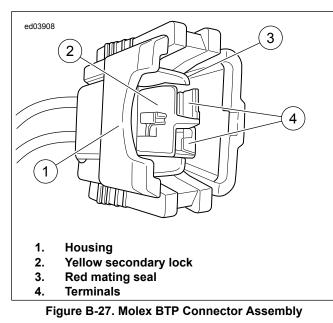
Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with DIE SET (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-11) for Molex BPT series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

# **Separating Connector**

Pinch the two external latches together and separate the connector from the fuel injector.

### **Mating Connector**

Align the connector to the fuel injector. Push the two halves of the connector together.



### **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-28. Insert the tip of a small screwdriver into the secondary lock and gently pry the secondary lock completely out of the housing.
- 2. Locate the opening next to the terminals where the removing tool will be inserted.
- 3. Insert removal tool and release retention finger that locks terminal in place
- 4. Remove terminal.

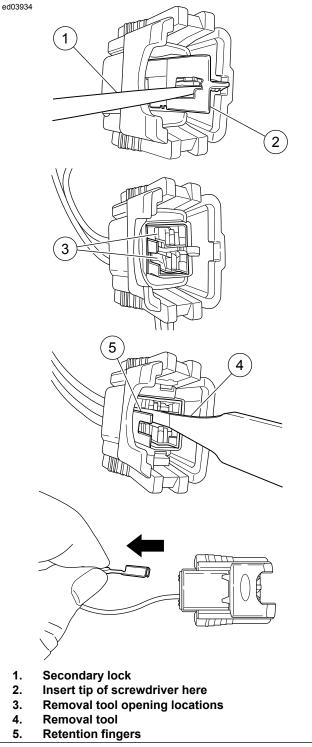
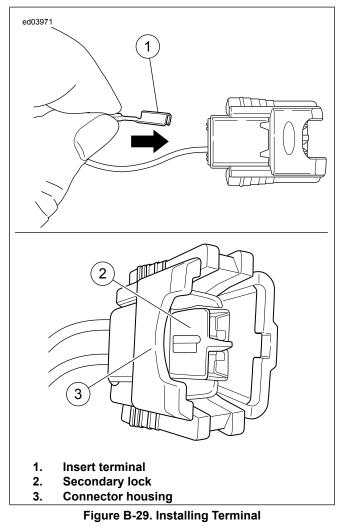


Figure B-28. Terminal Removal

### **Installing Terminal**

- 1. See Figure B-29. Verify that the terminals are properly crimped.
- 2. From the wire side of the housing, align the terminal with the applicable terminal cavity, then insert the terminal through the wire seal into the housing until there is an audible or tactile click. DO NOT force the terminal. If the terminal is difficult to insert, check to make sure they are aligned properly.

- 3. Pull wire slightly to verify that the terminal has engaged the retention fingers of the terminal cavity.
- 4. Insert secondary lock.



# **Replacement and Repair**

# MOLEX CMC SEALED CONNECTORS

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME
HD-50120-3	JAE DIE
HD-50120-4	JAE DIE
HD-50423	0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL
HD-50424	1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL

#### NOTE

Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with JAE DIE (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-3) for 18-16 gauge or JAE DIE (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-4) for 20-18 gauge Molex CMC series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

### **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-30. Press the catch and rotate the lever arm down.

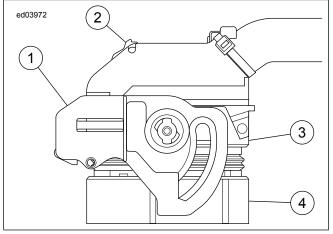


Figure B-30. Release

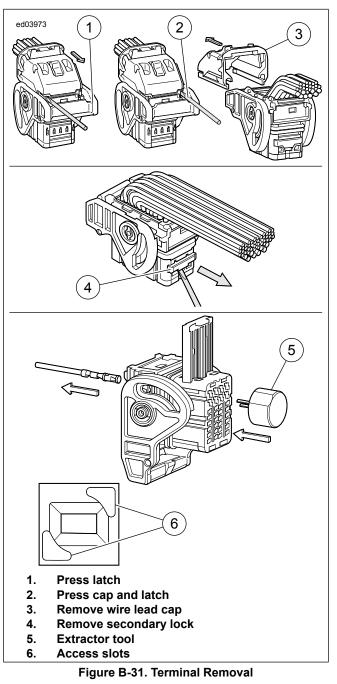
### **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connector.
- 2. Rotate the lever arm up until the catch clicks in place.

### **Terminal Removal**

- 1. With the lever arm open, cut the cable strap around the wire bundle.
- 2. See Figure B-31. Open a wire cap latch with a small screwdriver.
- 3. Maintain pressure on the cap and open the opposite latch with the screwdriver.
- 4. Slide the cap off.
- 5. Use the screwdriver to open the secondary lock. Pull the locking bar all the way out.
- 6. Locate the wire lead cavity by the alpha-numeric coordinates.
- Identify the size of the terminal and select either the CMC extractor 0.6 MM TERMINAL EXTACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50423) or the 1.5 MM TERMINAL EXTRACTOR TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-50424).

8. Insert the pins of the CMC extractor tool into the access slots of the terminal cavity and retract the lead and terminal.



# Installing Terminal

- 1. Orient the terminal to the housing cavity. Snap the terminal in place.
- 2. Slide the cap over the lead bundle. Snap the cap in place.
- 3. Install a cable strap through the guide and around the lead bundle.

### **Replacement and Repair**

# MOLEX MX 64 AND 150 SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-48114	MOLEX ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR TERMINAL REMOVER
HD-48119	ELECTRICAL CRIMP TOOL
HD-50120-11	DIE SET
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME

#### NOTE

- Use ELECTRICAL CRIMP TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-48119) for Molex MX150 terminal crimping.
- Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with DIE SET (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-11) for Molex MX64 series terminal crimping.

Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

### **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-32. Press the latch while pulling the connector halves apart.

### **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connectors so the latches line up.
- 2. Press together until locked.

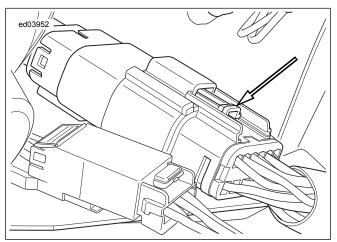


Figure B-32. Molex MX 150 Sealed Connector Latch

# **Terminal Removal (Male Terminals)**

NOTE

- The secondary lock should never be fully removed from the connector. Excessive force may damage the secondary lock.
- Do not apply any lateral force; this may damage the tool or the locking finger.
- Excessive force can damage the lock finger.
- Do not insert the service tool at an angle; this may cause damage to the terminal.
- · Do not insert the removal tool into the terminal opening.
- 1. See Figure B-33. Insert a small pair of needle nose pliers in the removal holes.

- 2. Pull back gently 5/16 in (5 mm) until the secondary lock is unlocked.
- 3. Using the MOLEX ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR TERMINAL REMOVER (PART NUMBER: HD-48114), insert the tip into the terminal service ports adjacent to the terminal cavity to be removed.
- Apply downward pressure to release the lock and remove the wire. If the terminal resists, the removal tool may not be fully engaged. Verify that it has fully disengaged the lock.

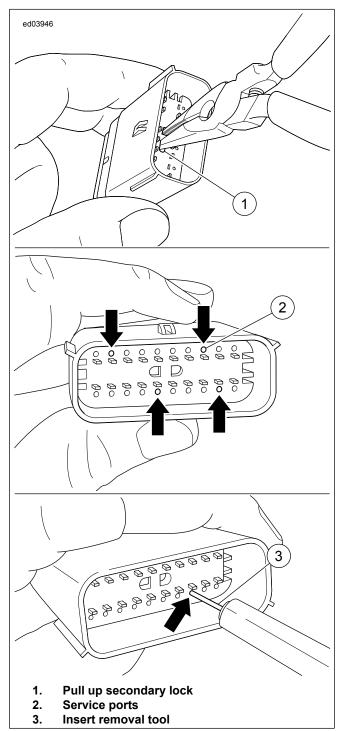
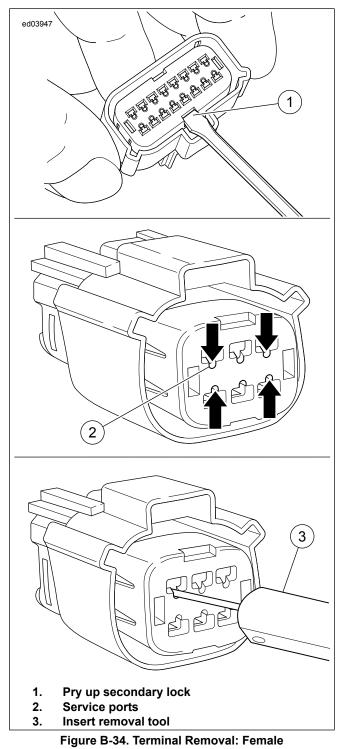


Figure B-33. Terminal Removal: Male

### Terminal Removal (Female Terminals) MX150 Series

#### NOTE

- The secondary lock should never be fully removed from the connector housing. Excessive force may damage the secondary lock.
- Do not apply any lateral force; this may damage the tool or the locking finger.
- Excessive force can damage the lock finger.
- Do not insert the service tool at an angle; this may cause damage to the terminal.
- Do not insert the removal tool into the terminal opening.
- 1. See Figure B-34. Insert a small screwdriver into the secondary lock release.
- 2. Using the housing as a pivot point gently pry out on the secondary lock to unlock.
- 3. Using the MOLEX ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR TERMINAL REMOVER (PART NUMBER: HD-48114), insert the tip into the terminal service ports adjacent to the terminal cavity to be removed.
- Apply downward pressure to release the lock and remove the wire. If the terminal resists, the removal tool may not be fully engaged. Verify that it has fully disengaged the lock.



# minal Romoval (Fomalo Terminals) MX

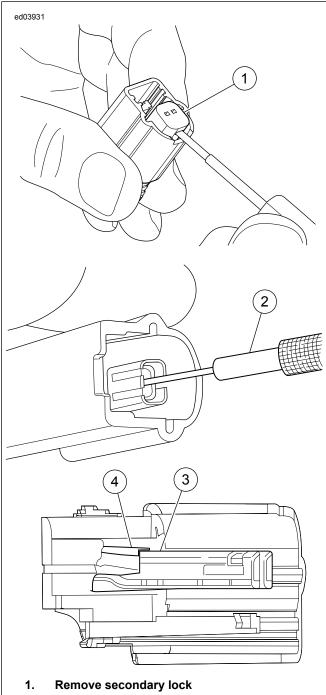
# Terminal Removal (Female Terminals) MX64 Series

1. See Figure B-35. Using a small blade screwdriver pry up on the secondary lock and remove.

### NOTE

Do not use excessive force. Excessive force can damage the lock finger.

2. Using a small blade screwdriver, release the terminal lock. Gently pull on the wire to remove the terminal.

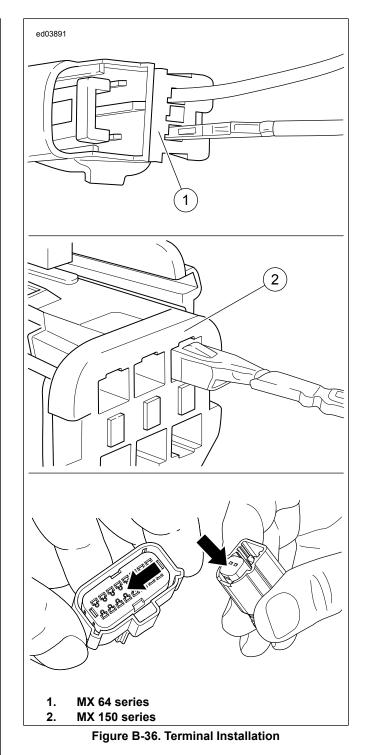


- 2. 1 mm pry tool
- 3. Pry point for terminal lock
- 4. Primary lock

Figure B-35. Removing Terminals in MX64 Series Connector

### **Installing Terminal**

- 1. See Figure B-36. With secondary lock unlocked, align the terminal to rear of connector.
- 2. Insert the terminal until it stops and locks on the lock finger with an audible click.
- 3. See Figure B-36.
  - a. On the MX64, install and lock the secondary lock.
  - b. On the MX150, push to lock the secondary lock.



### **Replacement and Repair**

# SEALED SPLICE CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-25070	ROBINAIR HEAT GUN
HD-38125-8	PACKARD CRIMPING TOOL
HD-39969	ULTRA TORCH UT-100
HD-41183	HEAT SHIELD ATTACHMENT

#### NOTE

Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

Splice connectors and several OEM ring terminal connectors use heat shrink covering to seal the connection.

# **Preparing Wire Leads**

NOTE

When splicing adjacent wires, stagger the splices so the sealed splice connectors will not touch each other.

- 1. Using a shop gauge, identify the gauge of the wire.
- 2. Match the wire gauge to a sealed splice connector by color and part number. Refer to Table B-1.
- 3. Strip insulation off the wire lead. Refer to Table B-1.

WIRE GAUGE	COLOR	PART NO.	STRIP LENGTH	
			in	mm
18-20 (0.5-0.8 mm)	Red	70585-93	3/8	9.5
14-16 (1.0-2.0 mm)	Blue	70586-93	3/8	9.5
10-12 (3.0-5.0 mm)	Yellow	70587-93	3/8	9.5

### Table B-1. Sealed Splice Connectors

### NOTE

If any copper wire strands are cut off of the wire core, trim the end and strip the wire again in a larger gauge stripper.

### Splicing Wire Leads

#### NOTE

The connector is crimped on one side and then the other.

- See Figure B-37. Open the PACKARD CRIMPING TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-38125-8) ratchet by squeezing the handles closed.
- 2. Match the connector color to the wire gauge crimp die in the jaws. Insert one end of the sealed connector.
- 3. Gently squeeze the handles until the connector is held in the jaws.
- 4. See Figure B-38. Feed the stripped end of a wire into the connector until the wire stops inside the metal insert.
- 5. Squeeze the handles tightly closed to crimp the lead in the insert. The tool automatically opens when the crimping is complete.
- 6. Slide the connector to the other half of the metal insert. Insert the stripped wire lead until it stops. Crimp the lead in the insert.

### A WARNING

Be sure to follow manufacturer's instructions when using the UltraTorch UT-100 or any other radiant heating device. Failure to follow manufacturer's instructions can cause a fire, which could result in death or serious injury. (00335a)

- Avoid directing heat toward any electrical system component that is not being serviced.
- Always keep hands away from tool tip area and heat shrink attachment.

#### NOTE

It is acceptable for the splice to rest against the heat shrink tool attachment.

 Use an ULTRA TORCH UT-100 (PART NUMBER: HD-39969), or a ROBINAIR HEAT GUN (PART NUMBER: HD-25070) with a HEAT SHIELD ATTACHMENT (PART NUMBER: HD-41183), to heat the connector from the center of the crimp out to each end.

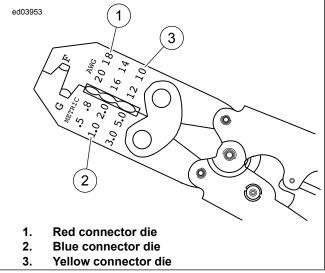


Figure B-37. Packard Crimping Tool (HD-38125-8)

### **Inspecting Seals**

See Figure B-38. Allow the splice to cool and inspect the seal. The insulation should appear smooth and cylindrical. Melted sealant will have extruded out the ends of the insulation.

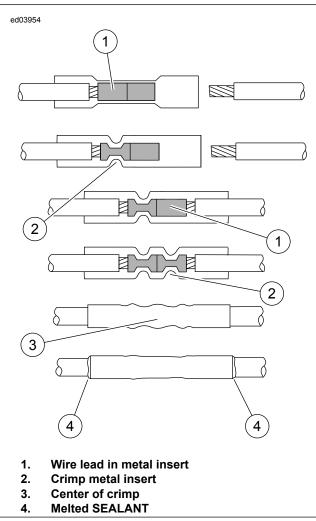


Figure B-38. Sealed Splice Connector

# AMPSEAL SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

Ampseal sealed connectors are used to connect an amplifier to the audio system.

See Figure B-39. The plug assembly consists of housing with contact cavities, cover, secondary lock, wire seals, and mating seal. Each contact cavity contains a wire seal that protects the contact cavity from contaminates. During contact insertion, the wire seal is pierced as the contact passes through the contact cavity. Empty contact cavities will remain sealed. The mating seal provides a tight closure for mated connectors. The secondary lock is used to lock fully seated contacts in the housing.

# **Separating Connector**

Bend back the external latch slightly and separate the connector.

### **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connector housings.
- 2. Press the housings together.

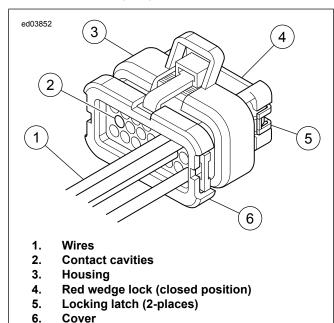


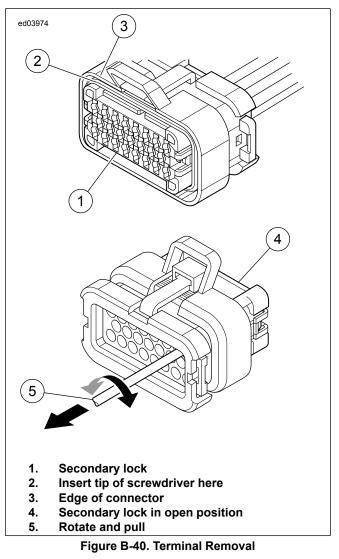
Figure B-39. Wire Side of Plug Assembly

### **Terminal Removal**

#### NOTE

- Never remove the secondary lock from the housing.
- Be careful not to break any part of the assembly when releasing the secondary lock.
- 1. Move the secondary lock to the open position as follows:
  - a. See Figure B-40. Insert the tip of a screwdriver having a blade between 0.078 –0.196 in (2–5 mm) wide between the edge of the plug assembly housing and one corner of the secondary lock.
  - b. Gently pry the edge of the secondary lock until it is released from (but not completely out of) the connector.

- c. Repeat these steps for the opposite corner of the secondary lock. The secondary lock is now in the open position.
- Gently pull the wire of the terminal to be removed while rotating the wire (a quarter turn each direction) back and forth until the terminal is removed from the connector.



### **Installing Terminal**

- 1. Verify that the terminals are properly crimped.
- 2. Check that the secondary lock of the connector assembly is in the open position.

#### NOTE

The plug assembly is supplied with the secondary lock in the open position. Do not attempt to insert any contacts with the secondary lock in the closed position.

3. See Figure B-41. From the wire size of the connector assembly, align the terminal with the applicable cavity, then insert the terminal until there is an audible or tactile click. Do not force the terminal. If the terminal is difficult to insert, check that the secondary lock is fully open.

### NOTE

If an empty terminal cavity is inadvertently pierced, insert Seal Plug 770678-1, large end first, into the terminal cavity as far as it will go to reseal it.

- 4. Pull wire slightly (force between 4-9 N (1-2 in.-lbs)) to verify that the terminal has engaged the retention fingers of the cavity.
- 5. After all terminals have been inserted, close the secondary lock by simultaneously squeezing the locking latches inward, and pushing the secondary lock into the connector until it is flush with the edge.

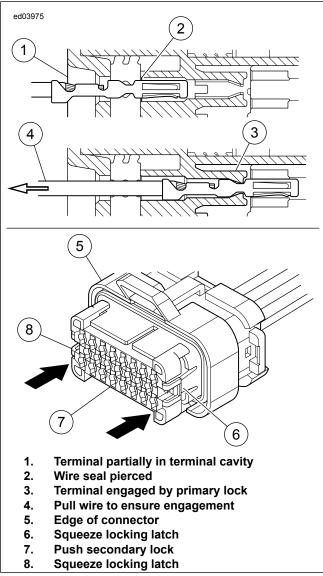


Figure B-41. Installing Terminal

### **Replacement and Repair**

# **TYCO GET 64 SEALED CONNECTORS**

# TYCO GET 64 SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME
HD-50120-7	TYCO GET 64 DIE

#### NOTE

Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with TYCO GET 64 DIE (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-7) for Tyco GET 64 series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

### **Separating Connector**

- 1. See Figure B-42. Pull the latch lock open.
- 2. While pressing the connector latch, pull the connector apart.

### **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connector housings.
- 2. Press the housings together.
- 3. Push the latch lock closed.

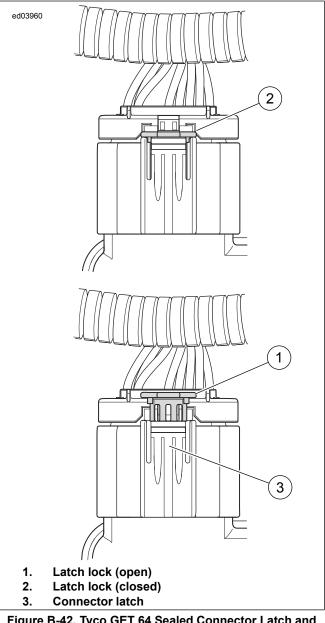
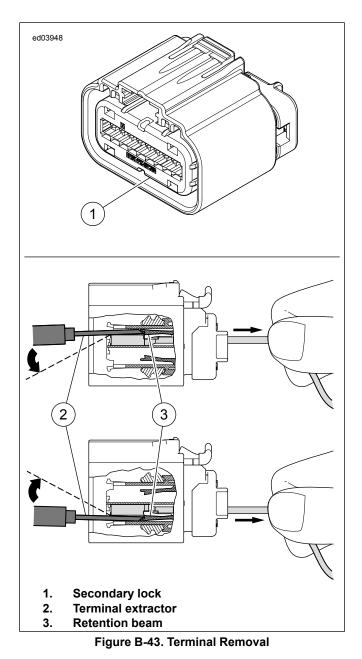


Figure B-42. Tyco GET 64 Sealed Connector Latch and Lock

### **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-43. Remove secondary lock from the connector.
- 2. Insert TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) into the cavity next to the terminal.
- 3. Pry and hold the tang away from the terminal.
- 4. Pull on the wire lead to remove the terminal.



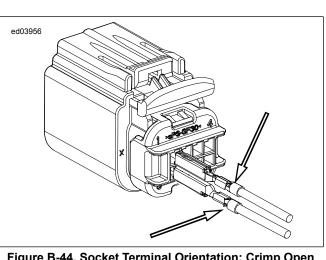


Figure B-44. Socket Terminal Orientation: Crimp Open Side

# **Replacement and Repair**

**Installing Terminal** 

- 1. See Figure B-44. Align the open side of the crimp to the tang side of the connector cavity.
- 2. Install the terminal into the connector. Terminal will snap into place.
- 3. Install secondary lock into the connector.

# **TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED CONNECTORS**

### TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED CONNECTOR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
HD-39621-26	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-39621-27	SOCKET TERMINAL TOOL

Tyco MATE-N-LOK unsealed connectors are used for ACC and AUX lamp switches.

### **Separating Connector**

Press the external latches on the connector while rocking and pulling the connector halves.

### **Mating Connector**

1. Align the connectors together.

#### NOTE

If latches do not click (latch), press on one side of the connector until that latch engages then press on the opposite side to engage the other latch.

2. Insert the two halves together until it locks into place.

### **Terminal Removal**

1. See Figure B-45. Push in and firmly hold the wire of the terminal to be removed. This will disengage the locking lance from the groove in the connector.

#### NOTE

- Use TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: HD-39621-26) for pins.
- Use SOCKET TERMINAL TOOL (PART NUMBER: HD-39621-27) for sockets.
- 2. Holding the tool handle, place the sleeve of the tool over the end of the terminal on the mating face of the connector. Rotating the tool slightly, push the sleeve straight into the cavity until is completely bottoms. Allow the push rod button to "Back Out" of the handle. The locking lance is now released.
- While holding the extraction tool in position, press push rod button. The contact will partially eject from the back of the housing.
- 4. Pull back on the wire. The wire and terminal should easily pull out of the connector.

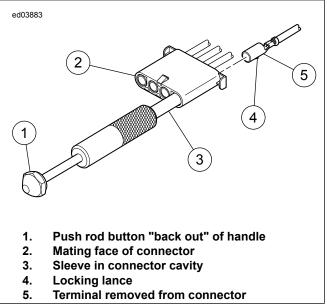


Figure B-45. Terminal Removal

### **Installing Terminal**

- 1. See Figure B-46. Align the contact with back of contact cavity in the housing, and insert the contact into housing until it is fully seated.
- 2. Pull back lightly on wire to make sure the terminal is locked in place.

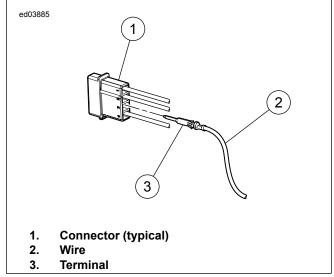


Figure B-46. Installing Terminal

### **Replacement and Repair**

The terminals and connector assemblies are not repairable. Discard and replace any defective or damaged terminals or connector assemblies. Do not re-use a terminal by removing the wire.

### TYCO MCON SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

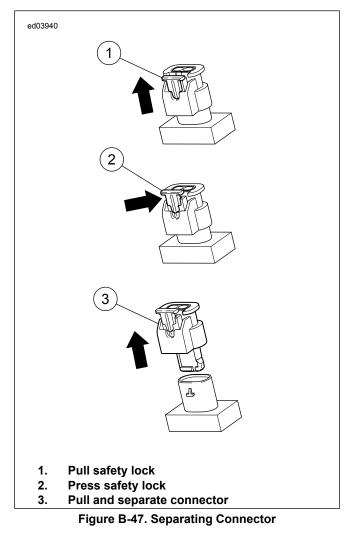
PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME

### NOTE

Use HAND CRIMP FRAME (PART NUMBER: HD-50120-2) with HD-50120-12 (DIE SET) for Tyco MCON series terminal crimping. Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

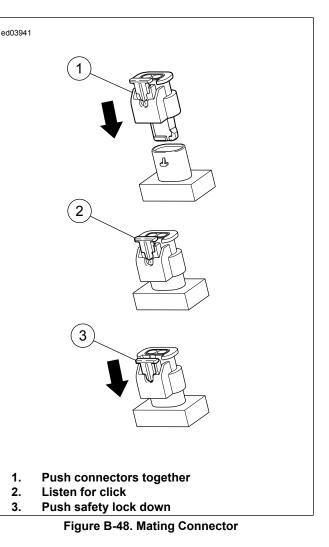
### **Separating Connector**

See Figure B-47. Pull the safety lock up, press the safety lock to the connector and release, pull and separate the two halves.



### **Mating Connector**

See Figure B-48. Push the halves of connector together, listen for click of the safety lock, then push the safety lock down.



### **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-49. Using a screwdriver, release the secondary lock.
- 2. Insert TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) into primary lock.
- 3. The terminal can be removed by pulling on the wire while simultaneously applying slight press to disengage the primary lock.

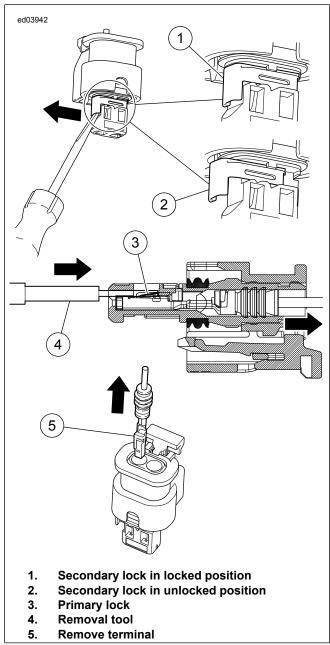


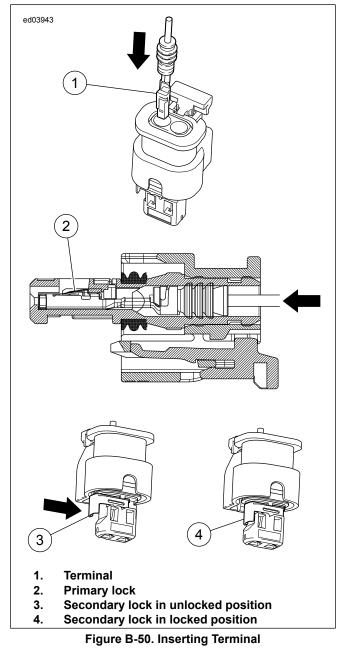
Figure B-49. Removing Terminal

### **Installing Terminals**

### NOTE

Proper orientation of terminal required.

- 1. See Figure B-50. Insert terminals into connector until an audible click is heard or lock is felt.
- 2. Push secondary lock into locked position.



### **Replacement and Repair**

# TYCO MULTILOCK UNSEALED CONNECTORS

### TYCO MULTILOCK UNSEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR
HD-41609	AMP MULTILOCK CRIMPER
HD-44695-A	MULTI-LOCK CRIMPER

Tyco Multilock Unsealed connectors are found between wire harnesses and component wiring. They are either floating or anchored to the frame with attachment clips. To maintain serviceability, always return connectors to OEM locations after service.

Obtain the necessary tools to repair the connector and terminals.

#### NOTE

- Use the AMP MULTILOCK CRIMPER (PART NUMBER: HD-41609) for 070 Multilock terminal crimping.
- Use the MULTI-LOCK CRIMPER (PART NUMBER: HD-44695-A) for 040 Multilock terminal crimping.

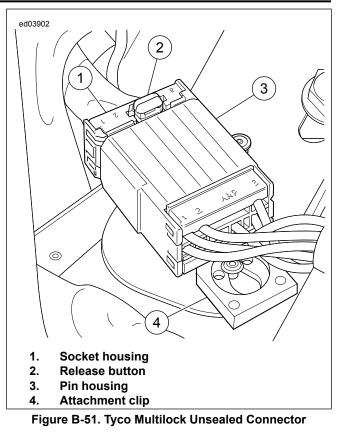
Refer to Bosch tool instruction sheet for crimping instructions.

### **Separating Connector**

- 1. If necessary, slide connector attachment clip so T-stud is in the large end of the clip opening. Remove connector from T-stud.
- 2. See Figure B-51. Press the release button and pull the connector halves apart.

### **Mating Connector**

- 1. Hold the connectors to match wire color to wire color.
- 2. Align the terminals and press the connectors together until they click in place.
- If OEM location is a T-stud, fit large opening end of attachment clip over T-stud. Slide connector to engage T-stud to small end of opening in clip.



### **Terminal Removal**

- 1. See Figure B-52. Bend back the latch to free one end of secondary lock then repeat on the opposite end. Hinge the secondary lock outward.
- 2. Look in the terminal side of the connector (opposite the secondary lock) and note the cavity next to each terminal.
- Using TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085), press the tang in the housing to release the terminal.
  - a. Socket: Lift the socket tang up.
  - b. **Pin:** Press the pin tang down.

### NOTE

If the tang is released, a click is heard.

4. Gently pull on wire to remove terminal from cavity.

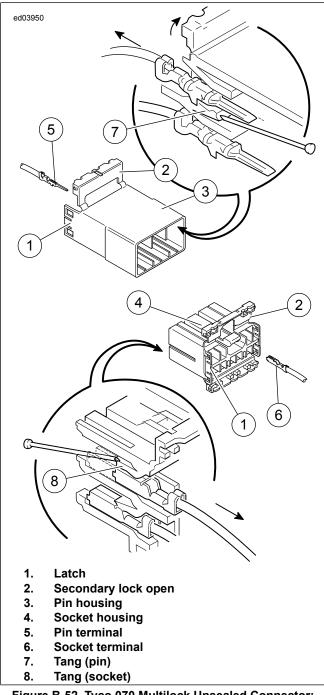


Figure B-52. Tyco 070 Multilock Unsealed Connector: Socket and Pin Housings

### **Installing Terminals**

### NOTE

- Match the wire color to the cavity number found on the wiring diagram.
- The release button is always on the top of the connector.
- On the pin side of the connector, tangs are positioned at the bottom of each cavity. Therefore, the slot in the pin terminal (on the side opposite the crimp tails) must face downward.
- On the socket side, tangs are at the top of each cavity. Therefore, the socket terminal slot (on the same side as the crimp tails) must face upward.

- 1. Hold the terminal so the catch faces the tang in the cavity. Insert the terminal into its numbered cavity until it snaps in place.
- 2. Gently tug on wire ends to verify that all terminals are locked.
- 3. Rotate the hinged secondary lock inward until tabs are fully engaged on both sides of connector.

### **Replacement and Repair**

# **TYCO SUPERSEAL 1.5 SEALED CONNECTORS**

# TYCO SUPERSEAL 1.5 SEALED CONNECTOR REPAIR

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR

# Separating Connector

- 1. Lift locking tab.
- 2. Pull the connector apart.

# **Mating Connector**

- 1. Align the connector housings.
- 2. Press the housings together until the locking tab snaps into place.

# **Terminal Removal**

- 1. File the edge of a TERMINAL EXTRACTOR (PART NUMBER: B-50085) to a 45 degree angle.
- 2. See Figure B-53. Remove seal from connector.
- 3. Lift locking tab on either side of connector and remove secondary lock.
- 4. Insert the extractor into the cavity next to the terminal. Press the retainer away from the terminal.
- 5. Gently pull the wire to remove the terminal from the connector.

# Installing Terminal

- 1. Align terminal to the connector.
- 2. Install the terminal into the connector until it snaps into place.
- 3. Gently pull wire to verify terminal is locked.

- 4. See Figure B-53. Install secondary lock into connector.
- 5. Install seal.

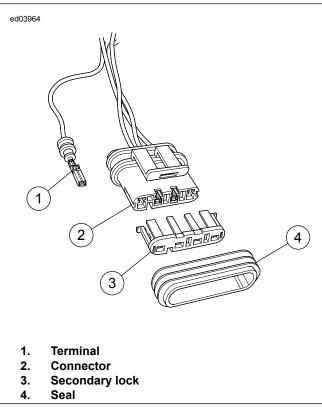


Figure B-53. Tyco SuperSeal 1.5 Sealed Connector

### **Replacement and Repair**

SUBJECT	PAGE NO.
C.1 GLOSSARY	

# ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

	Table C-1. Acronyms and Abbreviations
ACRONYM OR ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
A	Amperes
AAT	Ambient air temperature
ABS	Anti-lock braking system
AC	Alternating current
ACC	Accessory position on ignition switch
ACR	Automatic compression release
AGM	Absorbed glass mat (battery)
Ah	Ampere-hour
AIS	Active intake solenoid
AWG	American wire gauge
B+	Battery voltage
bar	Bar
BAS	Bank angle sensor
ВСМ	Body control module
ВОВ	Breakout box
BTDC	Before top dead center
°C	Celsius (Centigrade)
СА	California
CAL	Calibration
CAN	Controller area network
СВ Тх	CB send transmission
CB Rx	CB receive transmission
сс	Cubic centimeters
CCA	Cold cranking amps
CCW	Counterclockwise
СКР	Crankshaft position
cm	Centimeters
cm3	Cubic centimeters
CW	Clockwise
DC	Direct current
DLC	Data link connector
DOM	Domestic
DOT	Department of Transportation
DTC	Diagnostic trouble code
DVOM	Digital volt ohm meter
ECM	Electronic control module
ECT	Engine coolant temperature
ECU	Electronic control unit
EEPROM	Electrically erasable programmable read only memory
EFI	Electronic fuel injection
EHCU	Electro hydraulic control unit
ET	Engine temperature
ETC	Electronic throttle control

# Table C-1. Acronyms and Abbreviations

EVAPEvaporative emissions control system"FFabrenheitfl ozFluid ounceFPSFuel pressure sensorftFeetft-lbsFoot poundsFTPFlash to passgGallonGAWRGross axle weight ratingGAWRGross axle weight ratingGNDGround (electrical)GVWRGross vehicle weight ratingGVWRGross vehicle weight ratingHCUHydraulic control unitHDIHarley-Davidson InternationalHDIHarley-Davidson InternationalHDIHarley-Davidson smart security systemHFMHands-free modeHFSMHands-free security moduleHgMercuryH02SHeated oxygen sensorhpHourIATIntake air temperatureICInstrument dusterIDInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside diameterIDNInside inchINTCMIntercomINTCMIntercomINTSInchINTSInchINTSInch poundsINTSInch poundsINTSInch poundsINTSInch poundsINTSInch poundsINTSInch pounds <t< th=""><th>ACRONYM OR ABBREVIATION</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th></t<>	ACRONYM OR ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
*F     Fahrenheit       floz     Fluid ounce       FPS     Fuel pressure sensor       tt     Feet       flubs     Foot pounds       FTP     Flash to pass       g     Gram       gal     Gallon       GAWR     Gross axle weight rating       GND     Gotoat (electrical)       GPS     Global positioning system       GVWR     Gross vehicle weight rating       HCU     Hydraulic control unit       HDI     Harley-Davidson International       HDI     Harley-Davidson smart security system       HFM     Hands-free mode       HFSM     Hands-free security module       Hg     Mercury       HQ2     Heated oxygen sensor       hp     Horsepower       hr     Haur       Intake air temperature       IC     Instrument cluster       ID     Inside diameter       IGN     Ignition light/key switch position       IM     Instrument module       Instrument module     Instrument module       in     Instrument module       InS     Lubic inch       INJ PW     Injector pulse width       INTCM     Intercom       inclas     Infer pounds       JSS     Jiffy		
fl ozFluid ounceFPSFuel pressure sensorftFeetft-losFoot poundsFTPFlash to passgGramgalGallonGAWRGross axle weight ratingGNDGiobal positioning systemGVWRGross vehicle weight ratingGVWRGross vehicle weight ratingHCUHydraulic control unitHDIHarley-Davidson InternationalHDLinkNetworking systemHDSSSHarley-Davidson serurity systemHFMHands-free modeHFSMHards-free security moduleHgMercuryHQ2Ide air controlIACIde air controlIATInstrument dusterIGNIgnition light/key switch positionIMInstrument dusterIGNIgnition light/key switch positionIMInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInstrument moduleISSJuiton light/key switch positionIMInstrument moduleInchInstrument moduleInchInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInstrument moduleInchIntercomINTCMIntercomINTCMIntercomINTCMIntercomKgKilogram		
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in-lbs     Inch pounds       JSS     Jiffy stand sensor       kg     Kilogram		
JSS Jiffy stand sensor kg Kilogram		
kg Kilogram		
	km km/b	
	km/h	
	kPa	
	kW	
	KS	
	L	
	lb	
	LCD	
LED Light emitting diode	LED	Light emitting diode

### Table C-1. Acronyms and Abbreviations

ACRONYM OR ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION	
LH	Left hand	
LHCM	Left hand control module	
LP	License plate	
	Left	
mA	Milliampere	
МАР	Manifold absolute pressure	
max	Maximum	
mi	Mile	
min	Minimum	
mL	Milliliter	
mm	Millimeter	
mph	Miles per hour	
ms	Millisecond	
Nm	Newton-meter	
NIM	Navigation interface module	
NiMH	Nickel metal hydride	
N/A	Not applicable	
02	Oxygen	
OD	Outside diameter	
OEM	Original equipment manufacturer	
oz	Ounce	
P&A	Parts and Accessories	
Part No.	Part number	
PIN	Personal identification number	
PND	Personal navigation device	
psi	Pounds per square inch	
PWM signal	Pulse width modulated signal	
qt	Quart	
RAD	Radio	
RCM	Reverse control module	
RDS	Radio data system	
RES		
	Reserve mark on fuel supply valve	
RH	Right hand	
RHCM	Right hand control module	
rpm	Revolutions per minute	
RT	Right	
s	Seconds	
SCFH	Cubic feet per hour at standard conditions	
SDARS	Satellite digital audio radio service	
SPDO	Speedometer	
SPKR	Speaker	
STT	Stop/tail/turn	
ТА	Traffic announcement	
ТСА	Throttle control actuator	
TDC	Top dead center	
L		

# Table C-1. Acronyms and Abbreviations

ACRONYM OR ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION
TGS	Twist grip sensor
TPMS	Tire pressure monitoring system
TPS	Throttle position sensor
TSM	Turn signal module
TSSM	Turn signal/security module
ТТ	Telltale
USB	Universal serial bus
V	Volt
VAC	Volts of alternating current
VDC	Volts of direct current
VIN	Vehicle identification number
VR	Voice recognition
VSS	Vehicle speed sensor
W	Watt
WA	Weather alert
WSS	Wheel speed sensor

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
21-534	RADIO SHACK SWR METER	8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Transmitter Inoperative
B-50085	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR	<ul> <li>6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2122</li> <li>6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2123</li> <li>6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2128</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Front Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Lower Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Front Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Kight Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2</li> <li>8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2</li> <li>8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1432</li> <li>8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1412</li> <li>8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1422</li> <li>8.1 BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTORS, Delphi GT Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.3 DELPHI GT SEALED CONNECTORS, JST JWPF Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.4 JST JWPF Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.16 TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED</li> <li>CONNECTORS, Tyco MULTILOCK UNSEALED</li> <li>CONNECTORS, Tyco MULTILOCK UNSEALED</li> <li>CONNECTORS, Tyco MULTILOCK UNSEALED</li> <li< td=""></li<></ul>
GA500A	SNAP-ON TERMINAL PICK	Connector Repair B.2 BOSCH COMPACT 1.1M CONNECTORS, Bosch Compact 1.1M Connector
GRX-3110HD	HD BATTERY DIAGNOSTIC STATION	1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools 3.1 BATTERY TESTING, Battery Diagnostic Test
HD-23738	VACUUM PUMP	6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, Description and Operation
HD-25070	ROBINAIR HEAT GUN	B.13 SEALED SPLICE CONNECTORS, Sealed Splice Connector Repair

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
HD-26792	SPARK PLUG TESTER	6.16 IDLE SPEED CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0505
HD-34730-2E	FUEL INJECTOR TEST LIGHT	5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2151 5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2156 6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0261 6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0264 6.27 ACR Diagnostics, DTC P1655 6.27 ACR Diagnostics, DTC P1656
HD-38125-6	PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMP TOOL	B.3 DELPHI GT SEALED CONNECTORS, Delphi GT Sealed Connector Repair B.4 DELPHI METRI-PACK SEALED CONNECTORS, Delphi Metri-Pack Sealed Connector Repair
HD-38125-7	PACKARD TERMINAL CRIMPER	B.4 DELPHI METRI-PACK SEALED CONNECTORS, Delphi Metri-Pack Sealed Connector Repair
HD-38125-8	PACKARD CRIMPING TOOL	B.13 SEALED SPLICE CONNECTORS, Sealed Splice Connector Repair
HD-39617	FLUKE AC/DC CURRENT PROBE	<ul> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>3.4 TESTING STARTER ON MOTORCYCLE, Starter Current Draw Test</li> <li>3.5 TESTING STARTER ON BENCH, Free Running Current Draw Test</li> </ul>
HD-39621-26	TERMINAL EXTRACTOR	B.16 TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco MATE-N-LOK Unsealed Connector
HD-39621-27	SOCKET TERMINAL TOOL	B.16 TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco MATE-N-LOK Unsealed Connector
HD-39969	ULTRA TORCH UT-100	B.13 SEALED SPLICE CONNECTORS, Sealed Splice Connector Repair
HD-39978	DIGITAL MULTIMETER (FLUKE 78)	1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools 1.4 DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test
HD-41183	HEAT SHIELD ATTACHMENT	B.13 SEALED SPLICE CONNECTORS, Sealed Splice Connector Repair
HD-41404	TEST CONNECTOR KIT	<ul> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0100</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0121</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC U0140</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, Left Hand Controls Inoperative: DTC U0141</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, Left Hand Controls</li> </ul>

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST
		COMMUNICATION DTCS, Speedometer
		Inoperative: DTC U0156
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0184
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0158
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0159
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0160
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1302 2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1401
		2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		U0185
		2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		U0186
		3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Nothing Clicks
		3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Starter Stalls or Spins
		Too Slowly 3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2121
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2121 3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2122
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2122
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2124
		3.5 TESTING STARTER ON BENCH, Starter
		Solenoid Test
		3.6 CHARGING SYSTEM, Low or No Charging
		3.6 CHARGING SYSTEM, Overcharging
		3.6 CHARGING SYSTEM, Battery Charging Tests
		3.7 ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C0562 3.8 BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0562
		3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2201
		3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2203
		3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2206
		3.11 BCM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2271
		4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1210
		4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B1211
		4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B1212
		4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS,
		4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS, No Instrument Power
		4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B1200
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, DTC P0522
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, DTC P0523
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp
		Always On
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp
		Inoperative 4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative
		4.5 INDICATOR LAWPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative
		Inoperative
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Turn Signal Indicator
		Inoperative
		4.6 GAUGES, Fuel Gauge Inaccurate, No DTCs
1	1	1 I

4.6 GAUGES, Fuel Gauge Inoperative: Non-F Models 5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2 5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2	
5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2	12
B2114	113,
5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, Rear Au	diliarv
Power Outlet Inoperative	
5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, Front Po	wer
Outlet Inoperative	
5.2 HEATED HANDGRIPS, Heated Handgri	os
5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2126 5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2127	
5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2127 5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2128, B2	29
5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS,	
B2141	
5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS,	DTC
B2143, B2144	
5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS,	DTC
B2146	пто
5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, B2148, B2149	
5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, E	тс
B2151	
5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, I	тс
B2153, B2154	
5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, E	тс
B2156 5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, E	
B2158, B2159	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Auxiliary L	amps
Inoperative	•
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B210	6,
B2107	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B210 B2109	5,
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Bean	
Headlamp Inoperative	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Bean	ı
Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2131	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B213	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B213 B2134	3,
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam	
Headlamp Inoperative	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam	
Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2136	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B213	
5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B213	8,
B2139 5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lam	,
	.
5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lam	<b>b</b>
Always On: DTC B2223	
5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B216	
5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B216 B2164	ა,
5.10 BRAKE SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC F	0572
5.10 BRAKE SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTCF	
Lamp Inoperative	
5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Run	ning
Lamps Inoperative	

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2168, B2169
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp Inoperative (Without Center Stop Lamp)
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp
		Inoperative (With Center Stop Lamp)
		5.17 ALARM DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2172
		5.17 ALARM DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2173
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2176
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2177
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2178
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, Fails
		to Disarm
		5.19 NEUTRAL SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2218
		6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2102 6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2103, B2104
		6.5 FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2116
		6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0072
		6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0073
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0107
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0108
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0112
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0113 6.8 ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0117
		6.8 ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0117
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0120
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0122
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0123
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0220
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0222
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0223 6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0031
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0051
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0052
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0131
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0132
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0134
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0151
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0152
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0154 6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0261
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0262
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0264
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0265
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0327, P0328
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0330
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0332, P0333
		6.13 CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0371,
		6.14 PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0444

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		6.14 PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		6.15 VSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0502 6.15 VSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0503
		6.18 5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0641
		6.18 5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0651
		6.19 CHASSIS FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0693
		6.19 CHASSIS FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0694
		6.21 DTC P1017, DTC P1017
		6.22 ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1019
		6.22 ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2184
		6.22 ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2185
		6.24 JSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1502
		6.24 JSS DIAGNOSTICS, Side Stand Displayed on Speedometer
		6.27 ACR Diagnostics, DTC P1655
		6.27 ACR Diagnostics, DTC P1656
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1691
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1692
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1693
		(Twin-Cooled)
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1693
		(Air-Cooled)
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1694
		(Twin-Cooled) 6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1694
		(Air-Cooled)
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2100
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2101
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2102
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2103
		6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2122
		6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2123
		6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2127 6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2128
		6.33 CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC P2135
		6.33 CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC P2138
		6.34 DTC P2176, DTC P2176
		6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2301
		6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P2303
		6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P2304
		6.36 COOLING PUMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P2602, P2603
		6.37 Engine Cranks But Will Not Start, Engine
		Cranks But Will Not Start
		6.39 STARTS, THEN STALLS, STARTS, THEN STALLS
		6.40 Misfire at Idle or Under Load, Misfire at Idle
		or Under Load
		7.2 INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		C1014, C1040, C1055, C1061, C1062, C1065,
		C1066, C1071-C1078, C1081-C1089, C1195
		7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1021, C1023,
		C1025, C1027, C1029
		7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1032

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1034
		8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1301
		8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1401 8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1337
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1337 8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1338
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1339
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1340
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1345
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1346
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1347
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1348
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1341
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1342
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1343
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1344 8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1349
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1349
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1350
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1352
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1358
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1359
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1360
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1361
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1362
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1363
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1364
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1365
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1337
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1339
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1340
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1345 8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1347 8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1348 8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1341 8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1343
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1344
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1349
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1351
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1352
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Front Headset Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Headset Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Audio
		Switch Malfunction 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio
		Inoperative 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio Turns
		On and Off 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Poor or No
		Reception

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Transmitter
		Inoperative 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Receiver
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, All Speakers
		Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Lower Left
		Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Lower Right
		Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, All Speakers
		Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1410
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1411
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1412
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1413 8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1420
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1420
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1422
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1423
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1430
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1431 8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1432
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1432
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1440
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1441
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1442
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1443 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1410
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1410
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1412
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1413
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1420
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1421

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1422 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1423 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1430 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1431 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1432 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1433 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1440 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1441 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1442 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1442 8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1443
HD-41475	DEUTSCH CONNECTOR SERVICE KIT	B.6 DEUTSCH DT SEALED CONNECTORS, Deutsch DT and DTM Sealed Connector Repair
HD-41475-100	FLAT BLADE L-HOOK	B.6 DEUTSCH DT SEALED CONNECTORS, Deutsch DT and DTM Sealed Connector Repair
HD-41609	AMP MULTILOCK CRIMPER	B.17 TYCO MULTILOCK UNSEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco Multilock Unsealed Connector Repair
HD-42682	BREAKOUT BOX	<ol> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, Speedometer Inoperative: DTC U0156</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0158</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0159</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0159</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0160</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1210</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1211</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1212</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1213</li> <li>4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS, No Instrument Power</li> <li>4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1200</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp Always On</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Turn Signal Indicator Inoperative</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Turn Signal Indicator Inoperative</li> <li>5 INDICATOR LAMPS, TURN Signal Indicator Inoperative</li> </ol>
HD-42879	ELECTRICAL CRIMPER TOOL	B.6 DEUTSCH DT SEALED CONNECTORS, Deutsch DT and DTM Sealed Connector Repair
HD-44687	IGNITION COIL CIRCUIT TEST ADAPTER	5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2151 5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2156

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
HD-44695-A	MULTI-LOCK CRIMPER	B.17 TYCO MULTILOCK UNSEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco Multilock Unsealed Connector Repair
HD-45325	JUMPER HARNESS	7.5 ABS INDICATOR ALWAYS ON, FLASHING OR INOPERATIVE, ABS Indicator Always On or Inoperative
HD-45928	PACKARD MICRO-64 TERMINAL REMOVER	B.5 DELPHI MICRO 64 SEALED CONNECTORS, Delphi Micro 64 Sealed Connector Repair
HD-45929	PACKARD MICRO-64 TERMINAL CRIMPER	B.5 DELPHI MICRO 64 SEALED CONNECTORS, Delphi Micro 64 Sealed Connector Repair
HD-46601	BREAKOUT BOX ADAPTERS	<ul> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, Speedometer Inoperative: DTC U0156</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0158</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0159</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0160</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1210</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1211</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1212</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1213</li> <li>4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS, No Instrument Power</li> <li>4.4 NO INSTRUMENT POWER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1200</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp Always On</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, High Beam Indicator Inoperative</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Turn Signal Indicator</li> </ul>
HD-47918	ADVANCED AUDIO SYSTEM BREAKOUT BOX	Tools 2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC
		U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274 8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1401 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, All Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Front Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Lower Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Lower Right
		Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, All Speakers
		Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1410
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1411
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1412
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1413
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1420
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1421
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1422
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1423
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1430
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1431 8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1432
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1432
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1433
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1441
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1442
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, DTC B1443
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1410
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1411
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1412
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1413
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1420
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1421
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1422
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1423
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1430
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1431
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1432
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1433
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1440
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1441
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1442
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, DTC B1443
HD-48037	SWR METER ADAPTERS	8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Transmitter Inoperative
HD-48114	MOLEX ELECTRICAL CONNECTOR TERMINAL REMOVER	B.12 MOLEX MX SEALED CONNECTORS, Molex MX 64 and 150 Sealed Connector Repair
HD-48119	ELECTRICAL CRIMP TOOL	B.12 MOLEX MX SEALED CONNECTORS, Molex
		MX 64 and 150 Sealed Connector Repair
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PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
HD-48650	DIGITAL TECHNICIAN II	, Preparation For Service
		1.2 Initial Diagnostics, Retrieving Trouble Codes
		1.2 Initial Diagnostics, Code Types
		1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic
		Tools
		1.4 DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING,
		Wiggle Test
		2.1 CAN COMMUNICATION, Description and
		Operation
		2.1 CAN COMMUNICATION, Components
		2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC
		U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Description and
		Operation
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST
		COMMUNICATION DTCS, Description and
		Operation
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST
		COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0300
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, Description and Operation
		2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS,
		Description and Operation
		4.3 Trip Odometer Functions Inoperative, DTC
		B2255, Description and Operation
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Description and
		Operation
		5.13 SECURITY SYSTEM, Security System
		Features
		5.14 KEY FOB, Fob Assignment
		5.16 SERVICE AND EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS
		AND CONFIGURATIONS, Initial PIN Entry
		5.16 SERVICE AND EMERGENCY FUNCTIONS
		AND CONFIGURATIONS, Service Mode
		6.20 DTC P1009, General
		6.20 DTC P1009, DTC P1009
		6.23 DTC P1270, Description and Operation
		6.38 HESITATION OR LOSS OF POWER, DTC
		P1505
		7.1 ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM (ABS) GENERAL
		INFORMATION, Description and Operation
		7.4 INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS, Description and
		7.4 INVALID VIN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1159,
		8.1 AUDIO SPECIFICATIONS AND SERVICE
		FUNCTIONS, Service Menu
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Description
		and Operation
		8.15 AMPLIFIER 1 DTCS, Description and
		Operation
		8.16 AMPLIFIER 2 DTCS, Description and
		Operation
HD-50120-10	DIE SET	B.1 BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTORS, Bosch
		BTC Sealed Connector Repair
HD-50120-11	DIE SET	B.8 JST JWPF SEALED CONNECTORS, JST
		JWPF Sealed Connector Repair
		B.10 MOLEX BPT SEALED CONNECTORS, Molex
		BPT Sealed Connector Repair
		B.12 MOLEX MX SEALED CONNECTORS, Molex
		MX 64 and 150 Sealed Connector Repair
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PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
HD-50120-2	HAND CRIMP FRAME	<ul> <li>B.1 BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTORS, Bosch BTC Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.7 JAE MX19 Sealed Connectors, JAE MX19 Sealed Connectors</li> <li>B.8 JST JWPF SEALED CONNECTORS, JST JWPF Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.9 Kostal MLK 1.2 Sealed Connector, Kostal MLK 1.2 Sealed Connector</li> <li>B.10 MOLEX BPT SEALED CONNECTORS, Molex</li> <li>BPT Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.11 Molex CMC Sealed Connectors, Molex CMC Sealed Connectors</li> <li>B.12 MOLEX MX SEALED CONNECTORS, Molex MX 64 and 150 Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.15 TYCO GET 64 SEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco GET 64 Sealed Connector Repair</li> <li>B.16 TYCO MATE-N-LOK UNSEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco MCON Sealed Connector Repair</li> </ul>
HD-50120-3 HD-50120-4	JAE DIE	B.11 Molex CMC Sealed Connectors, Molex CMC       Sealed Connectors         B.11 Molex CMC Sealed Connectors, Molex CMC
HD-50120-4		B. T Molex CMC Sealed Connectors, Molex CMC Sealed Connectors B.7 JAE MX19 Sealed Connectors, JAE MX19
110-30120-0		Sealed Connectors
HD-50120-7	TYCO GET 64 DIE	B.15 TYCO GET 64 SEALED CONNECTORS, Tyco GET 64 Sealed Connector Repair
HD-50120-9	DIE SET	B.1 BOSCH BTC SEALED CONNECTORS, Bosch BTC Sealed Connector Repair
HD-50341	WHEEL SPEED SENSOR TEST LEAD	1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools 7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1032 7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1034
HD-50390-1	BREAKOUT BOX	<ul> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>1.4 DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING, Wiggle Test</li> <li>2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer</li> <li>Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST</li> <li>COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0100</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST</li> <li>COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0121</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST</li> <li>COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC</li> <li>U0140</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST</li> <li>COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC</li> <li>U0140</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST</li> <li>COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0184</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION</li> <li>DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1302</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION</li> <li>DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1401</li> <li>2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC</li> <li>U0185</li> <li>2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC</li> <li>U0186</li> <li>3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Nothing Clicks</li> <li>3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Starter Stalls or Spins Too Slowly</li> <li>3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2121</li> </ul>

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2122
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2123
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2124
		3.7 ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C05623.8 BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0562
		3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2201
		3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2203
		3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2206
		3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2208
		4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1210
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, DTC P0522
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, DTC P0523
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp
		Always On
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative 5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2113,
		B2114
		5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2126
		5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2127
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2141
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2143, B2144 5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2146 5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2148, B2149 5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2151
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2153, B2154
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2156
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2158, B2159
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Auxiliary Lamps Inoperative
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2106, B2107
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2108, B2109
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Beam Headlamp Inoperative
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Beam Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2131
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2133, B2134
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam Headlamp Inoperative
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2136
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2138,
		B2139 5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lamp
		Inoperative 5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lamp
		Always On: DTC B2223 5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2161

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2163,
		B2164 5.10 BRAKE SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0572
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Running
		Lamps Inoperative
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2168, B2169 5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp
		Inoperative (Without Center Stop Lamp)
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp
		Inoperative (With Center Stop Lamp)
		5.17 ALARM DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2173
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2176
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2177
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, Fails
		to Disarm 5.19 NEUTRAL SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2218
		6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2102
		6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2103, B2104 6.5 FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2116
		6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2110
		6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0073
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0107
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0108
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0112 6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0113
		6.8 ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0117
		6.8 ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0118
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0120
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0122 6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0123
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC 10123
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0222
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0223
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0031
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0032 6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0051
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0052
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0131
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0132
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0134 6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0151
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0151 6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0152
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0154
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0261
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0264
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0325
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0327, P0328
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0332, P0333
		6.13 CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0371,
		P0374
		6.14 PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0444

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		6.15 VSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0502
		6.15 VSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0503
		6.18 5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0641
		6.18 5V REFERENCE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0651 6.19 CHASSIS FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0693
		6.19 CHASSIS FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0694
		6.22 ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2184
		6.22 ECT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2185
		6.24 JSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1502
		6.24 JSS DIAGNOSTICS, Side Stand Displayed
		on Speedometer
		6.27 ACR Diagnostics, DTC P1655 6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1691
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1691 6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1692
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1693
		(Twin-Cooled)
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1693
		(Air-Cooled)
		6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1694
		(Twin-Cooled) 6.28 COOLING FAN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P1694
		(Air-Cooled)
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2100
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2101
		6.29 ETC ACTUATOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2103
		6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2122
		6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2123
		6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2127 6.32 TGS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P2128
		6.33 CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC P2135
		6.33 CORRELATION ERROR DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC P2138
		6.34 DTC P2176, DTC P2176 6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P2300
		6.35 IGN COIL DRIVER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P2303
		6.36 COOLING PUMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P2602, P2603
		6.37 Engine Cranks But Will Not Start, Engine Cranks But Will Not Start
		6.39 STARTS, THEN STALLS, STARTS, THEN
		STALLS
		6.40 Misfire at Idle or Under Load, Misfire at Idle
		or Under Load
		7.2 INTERNAL FAULT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		C1014, C1040, C1055, C1061, C1062, C1065, C1066, C1071-C1078, C1081-C1089, C1195
		7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1021, C1023,
		C1025, C1027, C1029
		7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1032
		7.3 WSS DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C1034
		7.5 ABS INDICATOR ALWAYS ON, FLASHING OR INOPERATIVE, ABS Indicator Always On or
		Inoperative
		8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1301
		8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B1307
		8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B1306 8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1337
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PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1338
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1339
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1340
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1345
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1346
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1347
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1348
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1341
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1342 8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1343
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1343
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1349
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1350
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1351
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1352
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1358
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1359
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1360
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1361
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1362
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1363
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1364
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1365
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1339
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1340
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1345
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1347
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1348
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1343 8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1344
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1349
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1351
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1352
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Front Headset
		Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Headset
		Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Audio
		Switch Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio
		Inoperative 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio Turns
		On and Off
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Transmitter
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Receiver
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
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PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Front Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
HD-50390-1-P1	ABS OVERLAY	<ul> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0121</li> <li>3.7 ABS VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC C0562</li> </ul>
HD-50390-2	BCM CABLE	<ul> <li>1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic Tools</li> <li>2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC U0140</li> <li>2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0184</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1302</li> <li>2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1401</li> <li>2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0185</li> <li>2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0186</li> <li>3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Nothing Clicks</li> <li>3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2121</li> <li>3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2122</li> <li>3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2124</li> <li>3.8 BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0562</li> <li>3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2203</li> <li>3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2206</li> <li>3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2208</li> <li>4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1210</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp Always On</li> <li>4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative</li> </ul>

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2113,
		B2114 5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2126
		5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2120
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2141
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2143, B2144 5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2146
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2148, B2149
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2151
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2153, B2154
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2156
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2158, B2159
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Auxiliary Lamps
		Inoperative 5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2106,
		B2107
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2108,
		B2109 5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2131
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2133, B2134
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2136
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2138,
		B2139
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lamp Inoperative
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lamp
		Always On: DTC B2223
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2161
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2163, B2164
		5.10 BRAKE SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0572
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Running
		Lamps Inoperative 5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2168, B2169
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp
		Inoperative (Without Center Stop Lamp)
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp Inoperative (With Center Stop Lamp)
		5.17 ALARM DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2173
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2176 5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2177
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, Fails
		5.19 NEUTRAL SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2218
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PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2103, B2104 6.5 FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2116
		6.37 Engine Cranks But Will Not Start, Engine
		Cranks But Will Not Start
		8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1301
		8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1306
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1337
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1338
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1339
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1340
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1345 8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1346
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1347
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1348
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1341
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1342
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1343 8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1344
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1349
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1350
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1351
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1352
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1358 8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1359
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1360
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1361
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1362
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1363 8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1364
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1365
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1337
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1339
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1340
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1345
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1347
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1348 8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1341
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1343 8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1344
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1351
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1352
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Front Headset Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Headset
		Malfunction

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Audio
		Switch Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio
		Inoperative 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio Turns
		On and Off
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Transmitter
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Receiver
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
HD-50390-2-P	BCM OVERLAY	1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic
		Tools 2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC
		U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer
		Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002,
		U0011, B2274
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST
		COMMUNICATION DTCS, No Vehicle Power: DTC
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0184
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1302
		2.4 SECONDARY COMMUNICATION
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U1401
		2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		U0185
		2.5 AMP COMMUNICATION DIAGNOSTICS, DTC U0186
		3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Nothing Clicks
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2121
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2122
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2123
		3.3 STARTER OUTPUT DTCS, DTC B2124
		3.8 BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0562 3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2201
		3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2201 3.9 IGN SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2203
		3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2206
		3.10 ENGINE STOP SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B2208
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PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		4.2 FUEL GAUGE AND SENDER DIAGNOSTICS,
		DTC B1210 4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Oil Pressure Lamp
		Always On
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, Neutral Lamp Inoperative
		5.1 ACC CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2113, B2114
		5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2126
		5.4 HORN DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2127
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2141
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2143, B2144
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2146
		5.6 FRONT TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2148, B2149
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2151 5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2153, B2154
		5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2156 5.7 REAR TURN SIGNAL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2158, B2159
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Auxiliary Lamps
		Inoperative 5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2106,
		B2107
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2108,
		B2109 5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, High Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2131 5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2133,
		B2134
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative 5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Low Beam
		Headlamp Inoperative, DTC B2136
		5.8 HEADLAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2138,
		B2139 5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lamp
		Inoperative
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, Stop Lamp Always On: DTC B2223
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2161
		5.9 STOP LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2163,
		B2164 5.10 BRAKE SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0572
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, BTC P0372
		Lamps Inoperative
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2168, B2169
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp
		Inoperative (Without Center Stop Lamp)
		5.12 RUNNING LAMP DIAGNOSTICS, LP Lamp Inoperative (With Center Stop Lamp)
		5.17 ALARM DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2173
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2176

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		B2177 5.18 SECURITY ANTENNA DIAGNOSTICS, Fails
		to Disarm
		5.19 NEUTRAL SWITCH DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2218
		6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2103, B2104
		6.5 FUEL PUMP DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2116
		6.37 Engine Cranks But Will Not Start, Engine Cranks But Will Not Start
		8.2 AUDIO VOLTAGE DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1301
		8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1307
		8.5 REAR AUDIO CONTROL DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1337 8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1338
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1339
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1340
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1345 8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1346
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1347
		8.6 FRONT SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1348
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1341 8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1342
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1343
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1344
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1349 8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1350
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1351
		8.7 REAR SPEAKER DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B1352
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1358 8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1359
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1360
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1361 8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1362
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1362 8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1363
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1364
		8.10 HEADSET DTCS, DTC B1365 8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1337
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1339
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC B1340
		8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1345 8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1347 8.12 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 1, DTC
		B1348 8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1341
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1343
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1344
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1349
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC B1351

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		8.13 RADIO DIAGNOSTICS: AMPLIFIER 2, DTC
		B1352
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Front Headset
		Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Headset
		Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Rear Audio
		Switch Malfunction
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio
		Inoperative 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Radio Turns
		On and Off
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Transmitter
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, CB Receiver
		Inoperative
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Front
		Fairing Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 1
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Left Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Left
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2 8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Left Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Right Speaker
		Pod Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Both Right
		Speakers Inoperative With Amplifier 2
		8.14 AUDIO SYSTEM SYMPTOMS, Saddlebag
		Right Speaker Inoperative With Amplifier 2
HD-50390-4 E	ECM CABLE	1.3 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS, How To Use Diagnostic
		Tools 1.4 DIAGNOSTICS AND TROUBLESHOOTING,
		Wiggle Test
		2.2 Odometer Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC
		U0001, U0002, U0011, B2274, Odometer
		Self-Diagnostic Inoperative: DTC U0001, U0002,
		U0011, B2274
		2.3 NO VEHICLE POWER OR LOST
		COMMUNICATION DTCS, DTC U0100
		3.2 STARTING SYSTEM, Starter Stalls or Spins
		Too Slowly
		3.8 BATTERY AND SYSTEM VOLTAGE
		DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0562
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, DTC P0522
		4.5 INDICATOR LAMPS, DTC P0523
		6.4 SYSTEM POWER CIRCUIT DIAGNOSTICS, DTC B2102
		6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0072
		6.6 AAT SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0072
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0107
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0108 6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0112
		6.7 TMAP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0108

PART NUMBER	TOOL NAME	NOTES
		6.8 ET SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0118
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0120
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0122
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0123 6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0220
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0220
		6.9 TCA DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0223
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0031
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0032
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0051
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0052
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0131
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0132
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0134 6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0151
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0152
		6.10 HO2S DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0154
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0261
		6.11 FUEL INJECTOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0264
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0325
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0327, P0328 6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0330
		6.12 KNOCK SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0332, P0333 6.13 CKP SENSOR DIAGNOSTICS, DTC P0371,
		P0374 6.14 PURGE SOLENOID DIAGNOSTICS, DTC
		P0444
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