



## **#TRUDEAU4TREASON**

## **FACING LIFE IN PRISON**

This renegade Prime Minister of Canada committed treason by illegally invoking the Emergencies Act (EA) against peaceful protesters. Because of the invocation of the EA the members of the Freedom Convoy 2022 in Ottawa in February 2022 were attacked violently and charged criminally for peacefully and legally excising their right to freedom of speech and assembly and association. The protestors who were opposing his mandatory vaccine restrictions on travel.

## **FACTS:**

- 1. This Emergencies Act is only supposed to be invoked if the police are unable to deal with a situation under existing criminal justice system. RCMP, OPP and OPS all reported under oath to the senate committee on Trudeau's invocation of the EA that they did not request the federal government to invoke the EA. A torturous level of violence was used against these peaceful protesters and their supportors.
- 2. The treasonous Prime Minister brought the EA in illegally because he bypassed parliament and passed law under regal authority like that of a King or Tyrant. By doing this he committed treason.
- 3. Although the EA prohibits Trudeau from violating the rights of citizens in an emergency, Trudeau violated freedom of speech, assembly and association and a host of legal rights.

## WHAT CAN WE DO:

Demand Trudeau's arrest for treason. Call the police, the military, as well as your MPs and senators. He needs to go to jail for his treasonous actions. Let's make it happen. This is a democratic country, and we have rights which makes the people sovereign.

**Contact:** Stand4THEE@gmail.com **Legal Support:** MJSLegalServices@yahoo.com





# Canadian Bill of Rights

1960, c. 44

## An Act for the Recognition and Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms Assented to 10th August 1960



the dignity and worth of the human person and the position of the MING Parliament of Canada, affirming that the Canadian Nation is founded upon principles that acknowledge the supremacy of God, family in a society of free men and free institutions;

ireedom is founded upon respect for moral and spiritual values and the Affirming also that men and institutions remain free only when rule of law; And being desirous of enstrining these principles and the human rights and fundamental freedoms derived from them, in a Bill of Rights which shall reflect the respect of Parliament for its constitutional authority and which shall ensure the protection of these rights and freedoms

Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

## BILL OF RIGHTS

- race, national origin, colour, religion or sex, the following human rights existed and shall continue to exist without discrimination by reason of 1. It is hereby recognized and declared that in Canada there have and fundamental freedoms, namely,
- the right of the individual to life, liberty, security of the person and enjoyment of property, and the right not to be deprived **E** 
  - the right of the individual to equality before the law and the thereof except by due process of law; protection of the law;
    - freedom of religion; છ

      - (d) freedom of speech;
- freedom of assembly and association; and <u>છ</u>
  - (f) freedom of the press.
- 2. Every law of Canada shall, unless it is expressly declared by an Act the Parliament of Canada that it shall operate notwithstanding the

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Canadian Bill of Rights, be so construed and applied as not to abrogate, infringement of any of the rights or freedoms herein recognized and declared, and in particular, no law of Canada shall be construed or abridge or infringe or to authorize the abrogation, abridgment or applied so as to

- (a) authorize or effect the arbitrary detention, imprisonment or exile of any person;
- (b) impose or authorize the imposition of cruel and unusual treatment
- deprive a person who has been arrested or detained છ
- (i) of the right to be informed promptly of the reason for

his arrest or defention,

- (ii) of the right to retain and instruct counsel without
- (iii) of the remedy by way of habeas corpus for the defermination of the validity of his defermina and for
- compel a person to give evidence if he is denied counsel, protection authorize a court, tribunal, commission, board or other authority to his release if the detention is not lawful; 9
- deprive a person of the right to a fair hearing in accordance with the principles of fundamental justice for the determination of his against self crimination or other constitutional safeguards; <u>e</u>
- air and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal, deprive a person charged with a criminal offence of the right to be presumed innocent until proved guilty according to law in a or of the right to reasonable bail without just cause; or

rights and obligations;

deprive a person of the right to the assistance of an interpreter in any proceedings in which he is involved or in which he is a party or a witness, before a court, commission, board or offier tribunal, if he does not understand or speak the language in which such proceedings are conducted. ම

accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by 3. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Minister of Justice shall, in

provisions of this Dart and he shall report any such inconsistency to the Instruments Act and every Bill introduced in or presented to the House of Commons by a Minister of the Crown, in order to ascertain whether any of the provisions thereof are inconsistent with the purposes and Clerk of the Privy Council for registration pursuant to the Statutory Governor in Council, examine every regulation fransmitted to the House of Commons at the first convenient opportunity.

- (2) A regulation need not be examined in accordance with subsection (1) accordance with section 3 of the *Statutory Instruments Act* to ensure that 1960, c. 44, s. 3; 1970-71-72, c. 38, s. 29; 1985, c. 26, s. 105; 1992, c. 1, it was not inconsistent with the purposes and provisions of this Dart. if prior to being made it was examined as a proposed regulation in
- 4. The provisions of this Dart shall be known as the Zanadian Bill of Rights

- 5. (1) Nothing in Part I shall be construed to abrogate or abridge any human right or fundamental freedom not enumerated therein that may have existed in Canada at the commencement of this Act.
- Canada or in any part of Canada at the commencement of this Act that is this Act, any order, rule or regulation thereunder, and any law in force in subject to be repealed, abolished or aftered by the Darliament of Canada. (2) The expression "law of Canada" in Dart I means an Act of the Darliament of Canada enacted before or after the coming into force of
  - to matters coming within the legislative authority of the Parliament (3) The provisions of Part I shall be construed as extending only

"I am a Canadian, a free Canadian, free to speak without fear, free to worship God in my own way, free to stand for what I think right, free to oppose what I believe wrong, free to choose those who shall govern my country. This heritage of freedom I pledge to uphold for myself and all mankind.

The Right Honourable John G. Dielenbaker, Drime Minister of Canada, House of Commons Debates, July 1, 1960.

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