#### **Research Article**

# Measurements of Electroencephalogram (EEG), Galvanic Skin Resistance (GSR) and Heart Rate Variability (HRV) during the Application of a System that Gives Simultaneously tVNS and Brain Entrainment on Subjects Affected by Depression and Anxiety

Conte  $S^{\iota}$ , Casciaro  $F^{\iota,7}$ , Wang  $F^{8}$ , Altamura  $M^{\iota,2}$ , Bellomo  $A^{2}$ , Serafini  $G^{\iota,3}$ , Orsucci  $F^{4}$ , Kaleagasioglu  $F^{\iota,5}$ , Mendolicchio  $L^{\iota,6}$ , Norman  $R^{\iota}$  and Conte  $E^{\iota*}$ 

'School of Advanced International Studies on Applied Theoretical and non Linear Methodologies of Physics, Italy

<sup>2</sup>Department of Biomedical Science, University of Foggia, Italy

<sup>3</sup>Tor Vergata University, Italy

<sup>4</sup>Division of Psychology, University College, England <sup>5</sup>Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine, Near East University, Mersin 10, Turkey

<sup>6</sup>Clinic Villa Miralago, ASL Varese, Italy

<sup>7</sup>Department of Biomedical Sciences and Human

Oncology, University of Bari, Italy <sup>8</sup>College of Science/Agricultural Mathematical Modeling

and Data Processing Center, Human Agricultural University, China \*Corresponding author: Conte E, School of Advanced

International Studies on Applied Theoretical and non Linear Methodologies of Physics, Italy

Received: August 02, 2018; Accepted: September 04, 2018; Published: September 11, 2018

# Introduction

The device that we have used, is a system realized by the NuCalm (http://www.nucalm.com/NuCalm-Clinical/how-nucalm-works. cfm) designed with the purpose to treat subjects affected by depression, anxiety, stress. The whole system consists of four components that leverage biochemistry, neurophysiology, and physics to obtain and maintain parasympathetic nervous system dominance.

Previously, we have performed an HRV analysis just on tVNS only [1-4].

Let us express how the four components work together. First, NuCalm topical cream is applied to the carotid on the neck and it is designed to act counteracting adrenaline. It includes structured, nutrient-sourced building blocks (Active ingredients are PharmaGABA, Lactium (Casein Tryptic Hydroylsate), L-Theanine and L-Tyrosine) that rapidly create a natural relaxation response. Second, the system uses the micro current stimulation patches, a tVNS system that is placed behind each ear at the Mastoid Process. Research has shown that this device induces an increase of parasympathetic response [1]. Next, a noise-dampening headphones

#### Abstract

The application of tVNS plus Brain Entrainment is expected to rapidly reduce the sympathetic activity and increase the parasympathetic activity. In this study, analysis of the system by a complete poligraphy consisting of HR, GSR and EEG demonstrated that a combined stimulus of supplement Cream + tVNS + Brain Entrainment and light blocking was able to produce a dominant parasympathetic state mixed to a drastic reduction of sympathetic activity in cases of depression, anxiety and stress.

**Keywords:** GSR; HRV; EEG; qEEG; Brain entrainment; HRV; tVNS; Depression; Anxiety; Stress

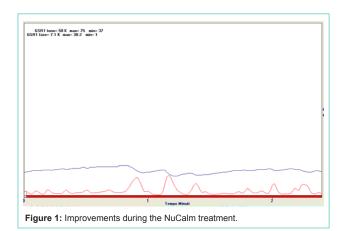
are used to deliver proprietary nonlinear oscillating neuroacoustic software to bring the brain wave pace to the pre-sleep stages (12Hz -4Hz) *via* brain entrainment. Finally, Light-blocking eye masks are used to negate visual stimuli.

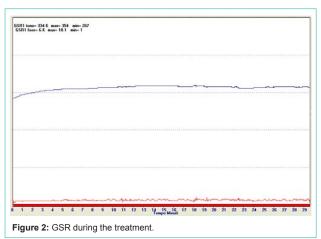
The aim of the present paper is to study the combination of these four components in subjects having Psychological Disorders (P.D.) as depression and anxiety. We have studied the Electroencephalogram (EEG), the Galvanic Skin Resistance (GSR) level and the HRV during the complete treatment in subjects affected by anxiety and/or depression.

## **Materials and Methods**

Solace Lifesciences, Inc., of Wilmington, Delaware, USA, furnished the NuCalm device. 100 young subjects affected by anxiety, or depression were examined.

To test the subjects each potential participant was given a non-structured interview following the criteria of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-V). Participants selected for the study showed symptomatology of anxiety or depression.





Those selected were divided into two groups and administered tests to evaluate the level of their anxiety and depression symptoms. The scales used to measure their scores were, respectively, the Hamilton Anxiety Scale (HAM-A) and the Hamilton Depression Scale (HAM-D). Both tests were administered during patient recruitment and showed medium scores, with HAM-A at 41 and HAM-D at 19.

Specifically, we examined all between the ages of 25 and 45. All the subjects gave their written informed consent. According to the 1996 Task Force Standards of the European Society of Cardiology and the North American Society of Pacing and Electrophysiology, selected subjects had only one or more of the two-targeted psychiatric pathologies, and did not have high blood pressure, cardio circulatory insufficiency, diabetes, or chronic diseases. In particular, subjects who had heart-related disease, Coronary Artery Disease (CAD), heart failure, or irregular heartbeat were excluded. We excluded subjects who had abnormal Q wave, WPW syndrome, hypertrophy of the left ventricle or cardiac hypertrophy. Subjects with an R-R interval below 90% of the normal range were also excluded.

For one hour prior to the exam, no drinking or food was allowed. Ear clip Plethysmography (PG) was performed at 9:30 a.m., with subjects in a comfortable sitting position, with soft and distant indoor light, and with appropriate indoor temperatures (20°C - 23°C, 68°F-74°F). The same conditions were used for the Galvanic Skin

F3	AF3			~~~~~~		
4000	Delter 1.9 UV	Theta- 18 W	Alpha+ 20 uV	SMR1=25-W	Reta2+ 2.9 dV	Syncrov 7.8
4	F7	***************************************				100000000000000000000000000000000000000
4800	Delta= 21 cV	Thetay 4.2 vV	Alphae 42 dV	SMR1=3.9 W	Beta2+3.4 UV	Syncrov 3.6
dan mana	F3	300000000000000000000000000000000000000		(2000)		(100)
-	Delta= 2 dV	Thetav 37 W	Alpha+35 W	SMR1=33W	Bets2+29 UV	Synoro+ 7
đ	ra		10413.0300.73	200000000000000000000000000000000000000		110-7-1-11
diam advance.	Dalta-23 dV	Theta- 4.4 V/	Alpha-43-W	SMR1-39-W	8eta2+35 eV	Synoro- 9.8
4000	17		*****	4774		Name of the last o
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	Daken 24 W	Thetar 47 W	Alphan 45 W	SMR1=4.4 W	Beta2+35 W	Synorow 136
7	P7					
ART WHEN	Dekar 2 uV	Thetav 4 uV	Alpha+ 4 uV	SMR1=3.8 d/	Bets2+3.3 dV	Syncion 7.3
1	01					
ARREST TRANSPORTER	Deba-22-W	Theta- 4.4 U/	Alpha= 42-W	SMR1=4 UV	Bets2+35 W	Syricity 9.6
12	02					
date was	Debox 2.4 uV	Thetas 42 W	Alphan 41 W	SMR1=3.8 W	Beta2×34 dV	Synorox 7
<b>*</b>	P8					
AND BOOM	Deltan 2.4 uV	Theta=52W	Alphan 49 W	SMR1=45W	Bets2+34 dV	Synorow 135
8	18					
	Deba-1.6 JV	Theta-24 W	Alpha-21 W	SMR1=2 JV	Bets2=1.7 JV	Syraro= 21.3
ch	Fch					
dille and a	Deke-1.9 V/	Thetar 3.9 W	Alpha+38W	SMR1=26W	Beta2+ 3.2 U/	Synaro+ 6
1	F4					
4	Delta= 22 W	Theta=26 W	Alpha+22 uV	SMR1=1.9 uV	Beta2+1,6 dV	Syncrow 201
-8	F8					
	Delta=1.6 W	Thela=2 dV	Alpha=16 W	SMR1=1.5 W	Bels2=1.3 W	Syricio=241
F4	AF4					
	Deks- 1.1 vV	Theta-23W	Alpha-23 W	SMR1-21 W	Beta2=1.8 W	Synoro- 4.1
Hz 10 20	30.0		Time	seconds 2		3

Figure 3: Let us examine the situation during the NuCalm treatment.

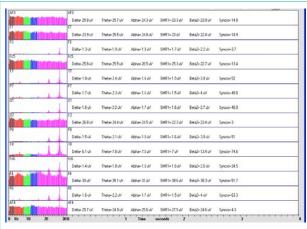


Figure 4: The intra hemispherical as well as inter hemispherical synchronization are reported.

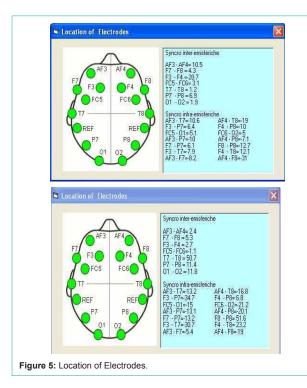
Response (GSR) and for the EEG. A preparatory recording period of at least three minutes was given for the cream administration and then the exam was conducted under the tVNS and Brain Entrainment administration. The obtained tachograms recorded by PG were compared to those we obtained by ECG, accounting for Pulse Wave Transit Time (PWTT).

The NuCalm tVNS was applied with gel electrode patches near the right and left ear lobes (Mastoid Process), and setting the current value at 0.1 mA. The treatment was given for 30 minutes. The measurement of the GSR was performed by two electrodes of silver attached to the phalanxes of the fingers, index and annular, of the hand. The EEG was performed by using a wireless device and a complete poligraphy consisting of HR, GSR and EEG signals were obtained.

## **Results**

#### Let us start with the results obtained by the GSR

First, we measured the GSR values before the treatment. Considering that the normal value of the tone is between 100 and 700 kOhm, a mean value of  $61 \pm 23$  kOhm for the 100 subjects indicated the pathological stressed state of the subjects. The phases indicate a



rather conservative system with spontaneous and continuous activity of the peak value with normal half time recovery. Overall we have a pathological status of depression and anxiety. Here is an example: we report the case of a subject showing a very restricted mean value to 58 kOhm with a minimum value of 37 kOhm and a maximum of 75 kOhm for the tone. The phase indicates a turbulent condition of pathology since we observe a continuous activity determined from the unconscious state that induces different peaks at so restricted time intervals (Figure 1).

#### Let us see the improvements during the NuCalm treatment

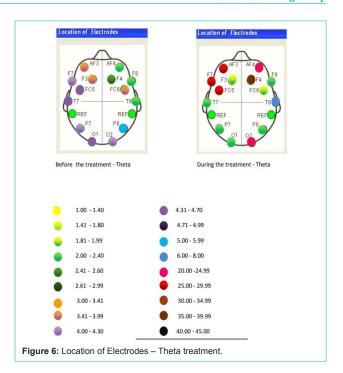
The mean value of the tone rises to  $420 \pm 39$  k Ohm. In the example case of the above subject, we have a rather constant behavior of the tone (334 k Ohm) with a maximum value of 354 and a minimum of 267 k Ohm. We outline the total absence of peaks. In addition, notice the very fast induction of the relaxation response signed from absence of peaks on the phase (Figure 2).

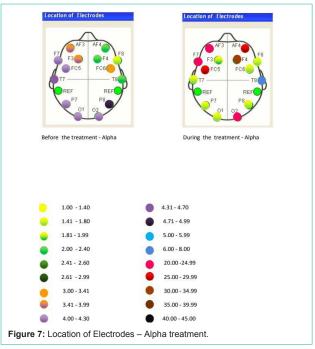
#### Let us investigate the EEG

Let us examine the case of the electroencephalogram by qEEG inspecting the behavior for bands. For the delta we have values that are in the interval between 1.00 and 2.70microVolts. For the Theta bands, we obtained values that range between 2.00, 5.00 microvolts, and Alpha band ranging from 1.30 to 5.00 micro Volts. In the figure, we report the example case of the same subject before explored by the GSR. We observe that all the examined area is activated but the alpha values are very low as well as is low the value of the synchronization (Figure 3).

# Let us examine the situation during the NuCalm treatment

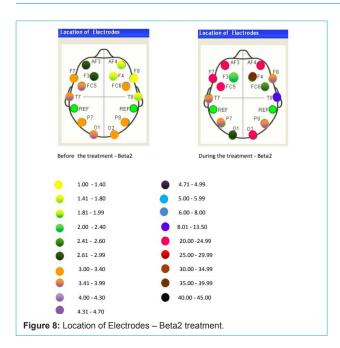
We see that, apart from the F3, F7, O1 and P6 area, all the other areas are stimulated from the treatment and in particular are

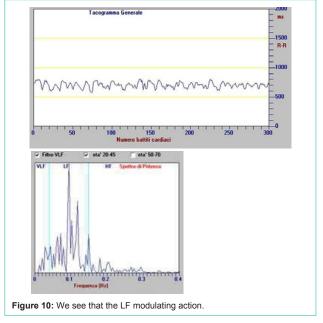


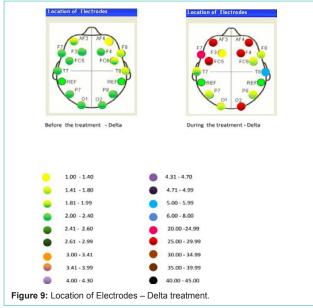


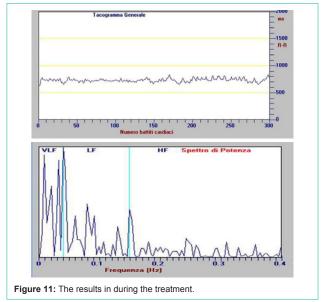
stimulated the values of the delta, theta, and alpha bands respect to the case of no stimulation. The values of synchronization are increased. The mean value of the 100 subjects for delta is  $22.00\pm5.00$  microvolts, the mean value of the theta is  $21.00\pm6.00$  microvolts and the mean value of the alpha are  $25\pm7.00$  microvolts. In Figure below we report the values of the example subject (Figures 4-9).

We now consider the HRV. In absence of the treatment the









situation is as follows. This is the tachogram of the above patient and it is followed from the FFT analysis of the Frequency Domain (Figure 10).

We see that the LF reaches to 1653 msec<sup>2</sup> /Hz while the HF component is modulating action for this example stopped at 351 msec<sup>2</sup>. The ratio LF/HF is equal to 4.71. The mean value for the 100 subjects for the LF is  $1100.00\pm500.00$  msec<sup>2</sup>. The mean value of the HF component is HF =  $400\pm200.00$  msec<sup>2</sup>.

# During the treatment, we have the following value for the subject

The mean values were 299.00  $\pm$  102.00 for LF and 300.00  $\pm$  100.00

 $msec^2$  for HF. LF/HF = 0. 99 (Figure 11).

#### **Conclusion**

We have studied the response of the brain system of depressed and anxious subjects to a combined stimulus that is made of supplement Cream+ tVNS + Brain Entrainment and light blocking in the range 4 -12 Hz. We measured the response of the system by executing a complete poligraphy consisting of HR, GSR and qEEG. For the GSR we have evidenced that it shifted from a tone value of  $61 \pm 23$  kOhm before of the treatment, indicating the pathological state of the subjects, to the normal value of  $420\pm39$  kOhm during the treatment. A constant phase activity before the treatment disappeared

during the treatment.

For qEEG we have obtained a great increase of delta, theta and alpha values after the treatment against a modest value of alpha activity before of the treatment. A high value of synchronization at intra and extra hemispheric indicates that the brain received a high benefit during the treatment.

For the HRV, we have obtained that the LF/HF value passed from 4.71 before of the treatment to 0.99 during the treatment. This result confirms that the NuCalm device operates at the level of increase of parasympathetic activity during the treatment. We conclude that the NuCalm is an optimum device able to produce a dominant parasympathetic state mixed to a drastic reduction of sympathetic activity.

#### References

 Conte S, Wang F, Sala N, Casciaro F, Orsucci F, Serafini G, et al. The Transcutaneous Vagus Nerve Stimulation Output of the NuCalm Device of Solace Lifesciences Is Found to Be a Multifractal and Therefore It Is Indicated in the Treatment of Heart Rate Variability in the Dysfunction of Autonomic Nervous System in Anxiety, Depression and Stress. Journal of Behavioral and Brain Sciences. 2017; 7.

- Conte S, Wang F, Sala N, Casciaro F, Orsucci F, Serafini G, et al. Multifractal Analysis of Heart Rate Variability in Subjects Affected from Dysfunction of Autonomic Nervous System in Anxiety and Depression and Treated by Transcutaneous Vagus Nerve Stimulation. Austin Cardiology. 2018
- Conte S, Sala N, Wang F, Serafini G, Kaleagasioglu F, Mendolicchio L, et al.
  The Transcutaneous Vagus Nerve Stimulation Device of the Nu-Calm-Solace
  Lifesciences Gives an Output Signal that is a Multifractal: Is there a Support
  in the Treatment of the Atrial Fibrillation? Austin Cardiology. 2017; 2: 1013.
- Conte S, Wang F, Altamura M, Bellomo A, Serafini G, Orsucci F, et al. Analysis of Heart Rate variability (HRV) in Frequency Domain and Recurrence Quantification Analysis during the Treatment by Transcutaneous Vagus Nerve Stimulation. Ann Depress Anxiety. 2018.