Preventive Care Visits – 6 to 17 years **Greig Health Record Update 2016**

Selected Guidelines and Resources – Page 3

Strength of Recommendations **Bold = Good** *Italics = Fair*

Plain Text = consensus or inconclusive evidence





| The CRAFFT Screening Interview Begin: "I'm going to ask you a few questions that I ask all my patients. Please be honest. I wi | ll kaan w | | | |
|--|-----------|-----|--|--|
| answers confidential." | | | | |
| Part A During the past 12 months did you: | No | Yes | | |
| 1. Drink any <u>alcohol (more than a few sips)?</u> | | | | |
| 2. Smoked any marijuana or hashish? | | | | |
| 3. Used <u>anything else</u> to <u>get high</u> ? ("anything else" includes illegal | | | | |
| drugs, over the counter and prescription drugs and things that you sniff or "huff") | | | | |
| For clinic use only: Did the patient answer "yes" to any questions in Part A? | | | | |
| No □ Yes □ → Ask CAR question only, then stop. Yes □ → Ask all 6 CRAFFT questions | | | | |
| Part B Have you ever ridden in a CAR driven by someone | П | П | | |
| (including yourself) who was "high" or had been using | | | | |
| alcohol or drugs? | | | | |
| Do you ever use alcohol or drugs to RELAX , feel better | | | | |
| about yourself, or fit in? | | | | |
| Do you ever use alcohol or drugs while you are by yourself, | | | | |
| or <u>ALONE</u> ? | | | | |
| Do you ever FORGET things you did while using alcohol or | | | | |
| drugs? | | | | |
| Do your FAMILY or FRIENDS ever tell you that you | | | | |
| should cut down on your drinking or drug use? | | | | |
| Have you ever gotten into TROUBLE while you were using | | | | |
| alcohol or drugs? | | | | |
| Two or more yes answers in the CRAFFT suggest a serious problem and need for further | assessme | nt. | | |
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| For more information, contact <u>ceasar@childrens.harvard.edu</u> | | | | |

| Gambling Screening Recommendations: older children | | |
|---|---|--|
| Associated behaviours | Screening for a gambling problem | |
| Parental concern re emotional health Academic performance problems Sleep problems, Substance use Criminal activities or money missing from the home | Frequency - at least once per week Limits – gambling more than planned Secrecy – hiding gambling, lying *Ask about depression/suicide in those aware that they have a problem | |

| Gambing Screening Reconni | Cambing Sercening Recommendations, older emidren | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
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| Sleep problems, Substance use Criminal activities or money missing | Secrecy – hiding gambling, lying *Ask about depression/suicide in those | | | |
| from the home | aware that they have a problem | | | |

| Screening for Major Depressive Disorder -USPSTF | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|--|
| Age 12 years to 18 years | 7 to 11 yrs | | |
| Screen (when systems in place for diagnosis, treatment and | Insufficient | | |
| follow-up) | evidence | | |
| Risk factors- parental depression, co-morbid mental health or ch conditions, having experienced a major negative life event | ronic medical | | |
| Tools-Patient Health Questionnaire for Adolescent(PHQ9-A) | Tools | | |
| &Beck Depression Inventory-Primary Care version (BDI-PC) | perform less well | | |
| Treatment-Pharmacotherapy – fluoxetine (a SSRI) is | Well | | |
| efficacious but SSRIs have a risk of suicidality – consider only | | | |
| if clinical monitoring is possible. Psychotherapy alone or | | | |
| combined with pharmacotherapy can be efficacious. | | | |

| Risk Factors for youth suicide |
|---|
| History of previous suicide attempts |
| Family history of suicide or violence |
| History of depression or other mental illness |
| Alcohol or drug abuse |
| Stressful life event or loss |
| Easy access to lethal methods |
| Exposure to the suicidal behaviour of others |
| Incarceration |

 $\underline{www.cdc.gov/violence prevention/suicide/index.html}$

Mental Health Resources and about SSRIs

www.ementalhealth.ca/

www.kidsmentalhealth.ca/professionals/interventions_and_research.php www.nimh.nih.gov/health/topics/child-and-adolescent-mentalhealth/antidepressant-medications-for-children-and-adolescents-informationfor-parents-and-caregivers.shtml

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Disclaimer: Given the evolving nature of evidence and changing recommendations, the Greig Health Record is meant to be used as a guide only.

| Female Sexual Maturity Rating (SMR) | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--|---|---|
| Stage | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Age range (mean ± 1 SD) | | 10.5-12.9 yrs | 11.3 – 13.5 yrs | 11.8 – 14.0 yrs | 13.3 – 15.5 yrs |
| Breasts | | Breast and papilla elevated as small mound, or breast bud, areolar diameter increased. | Breast and areola enlarged, no contour separation | Areola and papilla form secondary mound projecting from the contour of the surrounding breast | Adult size and contour. Areola returns to part of general breast contour, nipple projects |
| Pubic Hair | | Hair is sparse, lightly pigmented and straight, located on medial border of labia majora | Hair is darker, more coarse and beginning to curl, increased in amount and begins to extend laterally | Hair is coarse and curly as in the adult, hair extends across the pubis but spares the medial thighs | Adult hair – coarse and curly, spreads to medial surface of thighs |
| Menarche (10.8 – 14.5 yrs) | | 10% | 30% | 90% | 100% |
| Acne | | | Mean age of onset – 13.2 years | | |

| | Male Sexual Maturity Rating (SMR) | | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Stage 1 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| Age range (n | nean <u>+</u> 1 SD) | | 12.4 - 14.5 yrs | 12.9 – 14.9 yrs | 13.3 – 15.4 yrs | 14.1 – 16.3 yrs |
| Penis | | | Slight enlargement | Begins to lengthen | Increases in length and circumference | Adult |
| Testes & Scrotum | Testicular Volume | volume less than 1.5 ml | 1.6 – 6 ml | 6 – 12 ml | 12 - 20 ml | Greater than 20ml |
| 201000000 | Scrotal changes | | Skin on scrotum- thins and reddens, scrotum enlarges | Further scrotal enlargement | Further scrotal enlargement, skin darkens | Adult |
| Pubic Hair | | | Small amount of long and slightly pigmented hair at base of the penis and scrotum | Hair is darker, starts to curl but small in amount | Hair is coarse and curly as in adult, extends across the pubis but spares the medial thighs | Adult hair – coarse and curly, distribution, spreads to medial surface of the thighs |
| Acne | | | | Mean age of onset – 14.3 years | | |
| Facial Hair | | | | | Facial hair develops | |

Adapted from *Tanner JM, Growth at Adolescence, Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, 1962 *Marshall WA, Tanner JM, Arch Dis Child 44;291, 1969

| Precocious Puberty | The appearance of physical signs of puberty before the age of 9 in boys & in girls before age 7 or 8. | |
|--|---|--|
| Delayed Puberty | No pubertal development by 15 years in boys or 13 in girls (thelarche). Also no menarche by age 16. = 2 SD above the mean | |
| Details in Neinstein et al. Adolescent Health Care: A Practical Guide 5th edition. Philadelphia: Lippincott Williams and Wilkins; 2007 http://emedicine.medscape.com/article/924002-overview | | |