Revision date: 18/09/2013 Revision: 02

SAFETY DATA SHEET ACETONE

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name ACETONE

Product number 586

Synonyms; trade names DIMETHYL KETONE, ACETONE CHEMLAB, 2- PROPANONE, PROPAN-2-ONE, ACETONE

MIN 99.5%, ACETONE PH, ACETONE HIGH PURITY, MX-THINNERS HTS 10208, ACETONE

HP,MX-THINNER HTS 10268,ACETONE INDUSTRIAL,ACETONE PHARMA

GRADE, ACETONE - HÖGANÄS, ACETONE PHARMA - INV. LACKADE, ACETONE

PHARMA, ACETONE, ACETONE NF, ACETONE EP, ACETONE GLD, ACETONE

STATOIL, ACETONE PH GSK

REACH registration number 01-2119471330-49

CAS number 67-64-1

EU index number 606-001-00-8

EC number 200-662-2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Lab Reagent Industrial Solvent Production of Rubber Oilfields Surface coating Chemical

 $\label{thm:linear} \textbf{Intermediate Polymers Process Additive Monomer Binder Release Agent Formulation Resin.}$

Cosmetics

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Trade Chemicals

Thomas Street Blackpool FY1 3HG

+44 333 800 2345

sales@trade-chem.co.uk

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Contact Number SGS - +32 (0)3 575 55 55 (24h)

(Outside Office Hours)

Emergency Contact Number +44 333 800 2345

(Office Hours)

Sds No. 586

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture Classification (EC/1272/2008)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H336

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Classification (67/548/EEC or F; R11. Xi; R36. R67

1999/45/EC)

2.2. Label elements

EC number 200-662-2

Pictogram





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

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3.1. Substances

Product name ACETONE

REACH registration number 01-2119471330-49

EU index number 606-001-00-8

CAS number 67-64-1
EC number 200-662-2

Composition comments The data shown are in accordance with the latest EC Directives.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information Keep the affected person warm and at rest. Get prompt medical attention. Place unconscious

person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.

Inhalation Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give plenty of water to drink. DO NOT induce

vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Get

medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide

apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Continue

to rinse.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Vapours in high concentrations are

anaesthetic. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Headache.

Fatigue. Dizziness. Central nervous system depression.

Ingestion Central nervous system depression.

Skin contact Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness.

Pain.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat according to symptoms: No specific recommendations. If in doubt, get medical attention

promptly.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

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5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards

The product is flammable. Heating may generate flammable vapours. Oxides of the following substances: Carbon. CAUTION: Reignition may occur Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. firefighting

Special protective equipment

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate

protective for firefighters clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Avoid inhalation of spray mist and contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Warn everybody of potential hazards and evacuate if necessary.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Provide adequate ventilation. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable noncombustible material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb spillage with inert, damp, non-combustible material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Provide adequate ventilation. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Stop leak if possible without risk.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections

Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Provide adequate ventilation. Vapours may accumulate on the floor and in low-lying areas. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Avoid the formation of mists. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Protect against direct sunlight. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Keep away from flammable and combustible materials. Earth container and transfer equipment to eliminate sparks from static electricity. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Suitable container materials: Stainless steel.

Polyethylene-lined mild steel. Glass.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 500 ppm 1210 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1500 ppm 3620 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Ingredient comments WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits

DNEL Industry - Dermal; Long term : 186 mg/kg/day

Industry - Inhalation; Short term : 2420 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Long term : 1210 mg/m³ Consumer - Oral; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Dermal; Long term : 62 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 200 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 10.6 mg/l

- Marine water; 1.06 mg/l

- water; 21 mg/l

- Sediment; 3.04 mg/kg

Soil; 33.3 mg/lSTP; 29.5 mg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



controls







Appropriate engineering

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Observe any occupational exposure

limits for the product or ingredients.

Personal protection Wear anti-static footware

Eye/face protection The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Other skin and body Wear rubber apron. Wear rubber footwear.

•

protection

Hygiene measures Provide eyewash station. Wash hands after handling. Avoid contact with eyes. When using

do not eat, drink or smoke.

fitted with the following cartridge: Gas filter, type A2.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

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Colour Colourless.

Odour Characteristic.

Odour threshold 47.5

pH (diluted solution): 5-6 50

Melting point -94.7°C

Initial boiling point and range 55.8 - 56.6°C @

Flash point -17°C CC (Closed cup).

Evaporation rate 0.5 (diethyl ether = 1)

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Lower flammable/explosive limit: 2.5 Upper flammable/explosive limit: 14.3

Vapour pressure 24.1 kPa @ °C

Vapour density 2

Relative density 0.79 @ 20°C

Bulk density 0.79 kg/l

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient : -0.24

Auto-ignition temperature 465°C

Viscosity 0.32 mPa s @ 20°C

9.2. Other information

Refractive index 1.358 - 1.359

Molecular weight 58.09

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 790 g/litre.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel

along the floor and accumulate in the bottom of containers. Vapours may be ignited by a

spark, a hot surface or an ember.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Forms explosive mixtures with air. Avoid the

following conditions: Chlorinated hydrocarbons.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Strong oxidising agents. Amines. Strong reducing agents. Alkalis - inorganic. Alkalis - organic.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition Fire creates: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ 5,800.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD₅o) OECD 401

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅o 15,800.0

mg/kg)

Species Rat

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC50 76.0

vapours mg/l)

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 76.0

Inhalation Drowsiness, disziness, disorientation, vertigo. Vapours have a narcotic effect. Symptoms

following overexposure may include the following: Headache. Fatigue. Dizziness.

Nausea, vomiting.

Ingestion May cause nausea, headache, dizziness and intoxication. Gastrointestinal symptoms,

including upset stomach. Central nervous system depression.

Skin contact Irritating to skin. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact Irritating to eyes. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Redness.

Pain.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Not considered toxic to fish.

Acute toxicity - fish LC50, 96 hours: 5540 mg/l, Onchorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

LC50, 96 hours: > 100 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head

Minnow)

Acute toxicity - aquatic EC₅₀, 48 hours: 8800 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

Acute toxicity microorganisms , : 1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (%) 91: 28 days

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Revision date: 18/09/2013

Chemical oxygen demand 2.21 g O₂/g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product is not bioaccumulating. BCF: 3,

Partition coefficient : -0.24

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product is soluble in water.

Adsorption/desorption Water -: 1.5 @ 20C°C

coefficient

Henry's law constant 3311 Pa m3/mol @ 25°C

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information required.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Materials such as cleaning rags and paper

wipes that are contaminated with flammable liquids may self-ignite after use and should be stored in designated fireproof containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Waste is classified as hazardous waste. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the

requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Disposal methods Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the

local Waste Disposal Authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1090 UN No. (IMDG) 1090

UN No. (ICAO) 1090

UN No. (ADN) 1090

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name ACETONE

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) ACETONE

Proper shipping name (ICAO) ACETONE

Proper shipping name (ADN) ACETONE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II
IMDG packing group II
ADN packing group II
ICAO packing group II

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-E, S-D

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code •2YE

Hazard Identification Number 33

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations The Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI

2009 No. 716).

EU legislation Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16

December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as

amended).

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of

Chemicals (REACH) (as amended).

This product may impact SEVESO storage regulations.

Guidance CHIP for everyone HSG228.

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

Safety Data Sheets for Substances and Preparations.

Approved Classification and Labelling Guide (Sixth edition) L131.

DSEAR

Water hazard classification WGK 1

Inventory Information EINECS TSCA MITI DSL

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

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A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 18/09/2013

Revision 02

SDS number 586

SDS status Approved.

Risk phrases in full R11 Highly flammable.

R36 Irritating to eyes.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Signature Jitendra Panchal

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.