

ALLEGIANCE HOME INSPECTIONS

951-219-2551

ryan@allegiancehomeinspections.org https://allegiancehomeinspections.org



ROOM-BY-ROOM RESIDENTIAL

1234 Main Street Murrieta, CA 92562

Buyer Name 04/25/2025 9:00AM



Inspector

Ryan Gardy
InterNACHI Certified , AHIT graduate, pool and spa inspector
9512192551
ryan@allegiancehomeinspections.org



Agent Name 555-555-5555 agent@spectora.com

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1: Inspection Details	4
2: Roof	12
3: Exterior	23
4: Electrical	46
5: Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning	50
6: Foundation and Structure	60
7: Garage	62
8: Kitchen	68
9: Living Room/Dining Room/Loft	74
10: Master Bedroom	82
11: Master Bathroom	89
12: Bedroom 2	95
13: Bathroom 2	99
14: Bedroom 3	103
15: Bathroom 3	108
16: Bedroom 4	112
17: Bathroom 4	115
18: Laundry Room, Utility Shutoff Location	119
19: Misc. Interior(Fireplace, Stairways, Cabinets, Countertops)	127
20: Attic	132
Standards of Practice	137

SUMMARY



ITEMS INSPECTED







2.1.1 Roof - Coverings: Replaced roof tiles

○ 3.1.1 Exterior - Siding & Trim: Cracking - Minor

○ 3.1.2 Exterior - Siding & Trim: Needs paint

3.2.1 Exterior - Foundation: Stucco missing on weep screed

○ 3.6.1 Exterior - Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: Vegetation too close to house

3.6.2 Exterior - Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: Unknown green residue

○ 3.7.1 Exterior - Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps: Cracks in stucco under patio

MAINTENANCE ITEM

▲ 7.6.1 Garage - Garage Door: Auto Reverse Sensor Not Working

○ 13.3.1 Bathroom 2 - Shower/Tub: Grout cracking

18.4.1 Laundry Room, Utility Shutoff Location - Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Water temperature to low

1: INSPECTION DETAILS

Information

In Attendance

Client's Agent

Temperature (approximate)

84 Fahrenheit (F)

Occupancy Occupied



Type of BuildingSingle Family

Weather Conditions

Clear, Dry

Inspection Key

General: Inspection Key

The following terminology will be used throughout this report to assess the condition and function of the systems / areas inspected.

Green Category: This means the system was inspected (operated or tested) as much as was available to the inspector at the time of the inspection and it was found to be functioning properly.

Blue Category: This means the system was inspected (operated or tested) as much as was available to the inspector at the time of the inspection and it was found to be overall functional. There were issues found that did not hinder the main function of the system.

Orange Category: This means the system was inspected (operated or tested) as much as was available to the inspector at the time of the inspection and the main function was damaged or not working as designed.

Red Category: This means the system was inspected and it is used in the report for 3 reasons (Major Safety Concerns / Very Expensive Repairs (\$\$\$) / Buyer feels these are an Immediate Concern).

SETTING REASONABLE EXPECTATIONS

There may come a time that you discover something wrong with the house, and you may be frustrated or disappointed with your home inspection.

Intermittent Or Concealed Problems

Some problems can only be discovered by living in a house. They cannot be discovered during the short few hours of a home inspection. For example, some toilets leak only when weight is applied like actually using it, but do not leak when you simply test the toilet. Some roofs only leak when specific conditions exist. Some problems will only be found when carpets are lifted or furniture is moved.

Latent Defects

These are problems may have existed at the time of the home inspection but there were no clues as to their existence. Our home inspections are based on the past and current performance of the house. If there are no clues of a past or current problem, it is unfair to assume we should foresee a future problem.

Contractors Advice

A main source of dissatisfaction with home inspectors comes from comments made by contractors. Contractors opinions often differ from ours. Below are some reasons for this.

Last Man In Theory

While our advice often represents the most prudent thing to do, many contractors are reluctant to undertake these repairs. This is because of the Last Man In Theory. The contractor fears that if they are the last person to work on the roof, they will get blamed if the roof leaks, regardless of whether the roof leak is their fault or not. Consequently, they won't want to do a minor repair with high liability when they could re-roof the entire house for more money and reduce the likelihood of a callback. This is understandable.

Most Recent Advice Is Best

There is more to the Last Man In Theory. It suggests that it is human nature for people to believe the last bit of expert advice they receive, even if it is contrary to previous advice. As home inspectors, we unfortunately find ourselves in the position of First Man In and consequently it is our advice that is often disbelieved.

Why Didn't We See It Contractors may say I can't believe you had this house inspected, and they didn't find this problem. There are several reasons for these apparent oversights:

- problem. There are several reasons for these apparent oversights:

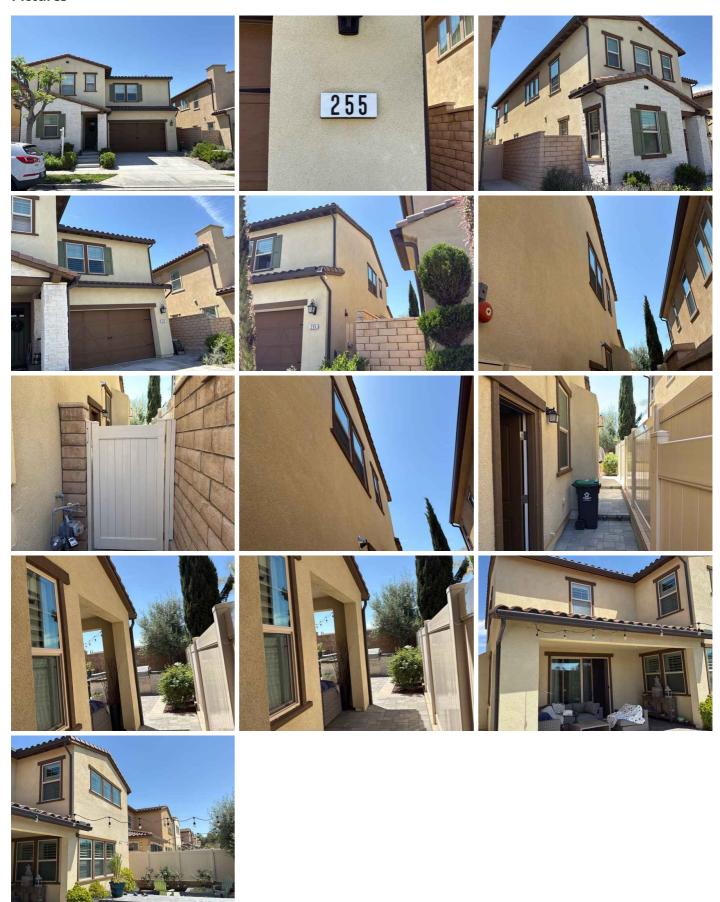
 * Conditions During Inspection Its impossible for contractors to know what the conditions were when the home inspection was performed. Factors are often completely different such as weather or stored furniture limiting the view.
- * 20/20 Hindsight When the problem manifests itself, it is very easy to have the wisdom of hindsight. Anybody can say that the basement is wet when there is 2 inches of water on the floor. Predicting the problem is a different story.
 * A Long Look If we spent 1/2 an hour under the kitchen sink or 40 minutes disassembling the furnace, we would find more problems too. Unfortunately, the inspection would take several days and would cost considerably more.
 * We're Generalists We are generalists; we are not specialists. The heating contractor may indeed have more heating expertise than we do.
- * Ån Invasive Look Problems often become apparent when carpets or drywall are removed, when furniture or cabinets are pulled out, and so on. A home inspection is a visual examination. We don't perform any invasive or destructive tests.

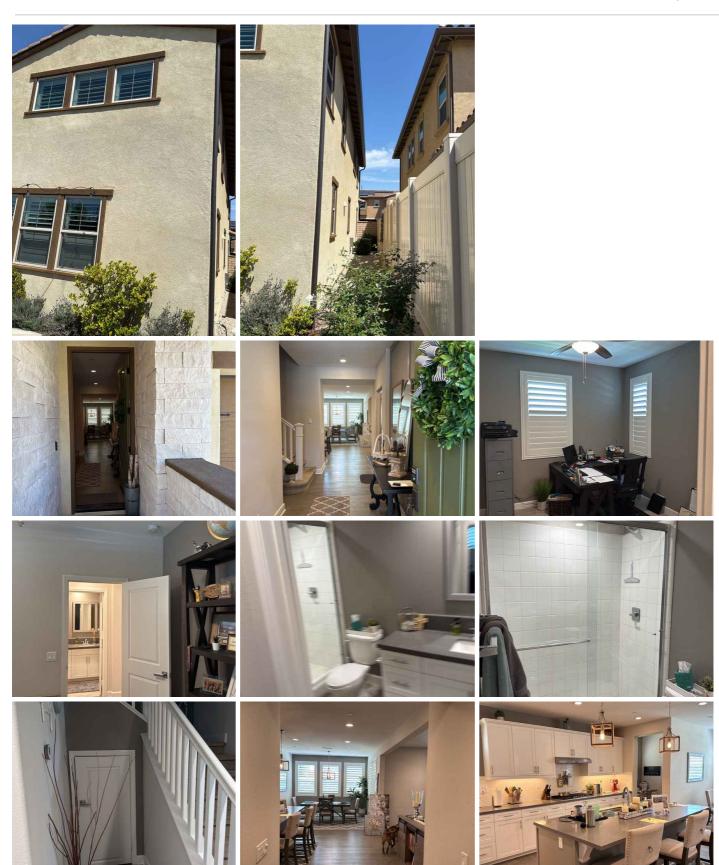
Not Insurance

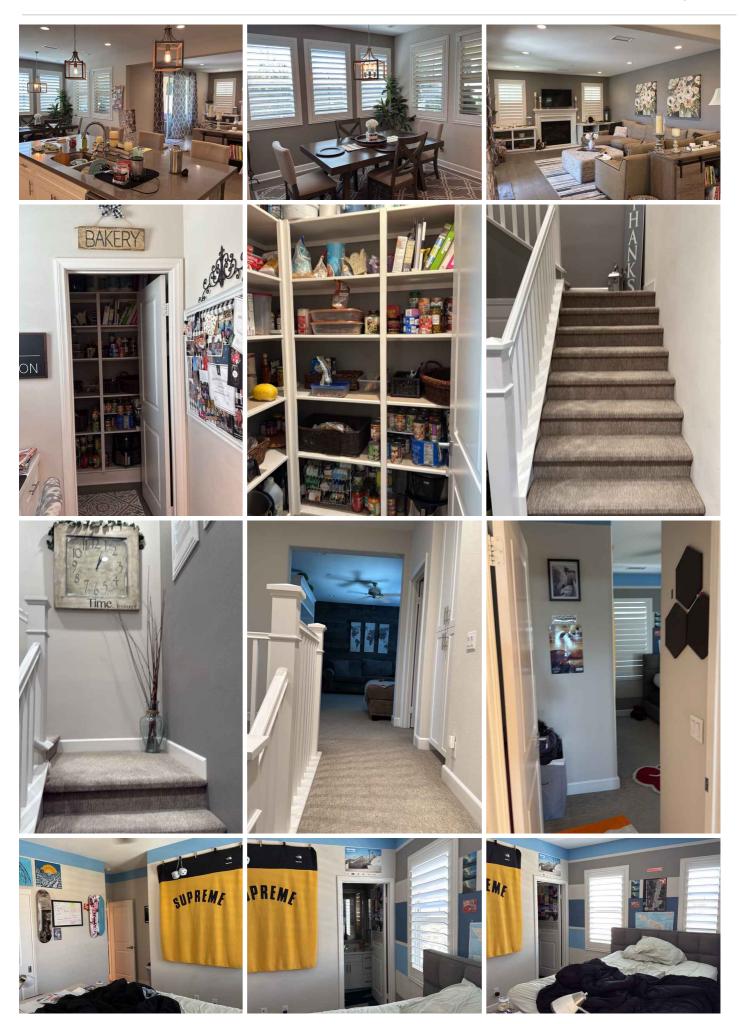
So in conclusion, a home inspection is designed to better your odds. It is not designed to eliminate all risk. For that reason, a home inspection should not be considered an insurance policy. The premium that an insurance company would have to charge for a policy with no deductible, no limit, and an indefinite policy period would be considerably

more than the fee we charge. It would also not include the value added by the inspection. We hope this provides some thought and helps to give a better understanding as to what to expect when reviewing your home inspection report.

Pictures





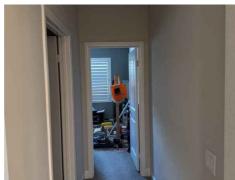


















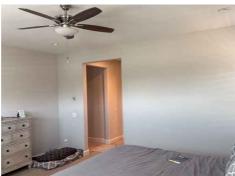




















2: ROOF

Information

Inspection Method Ground, Drone

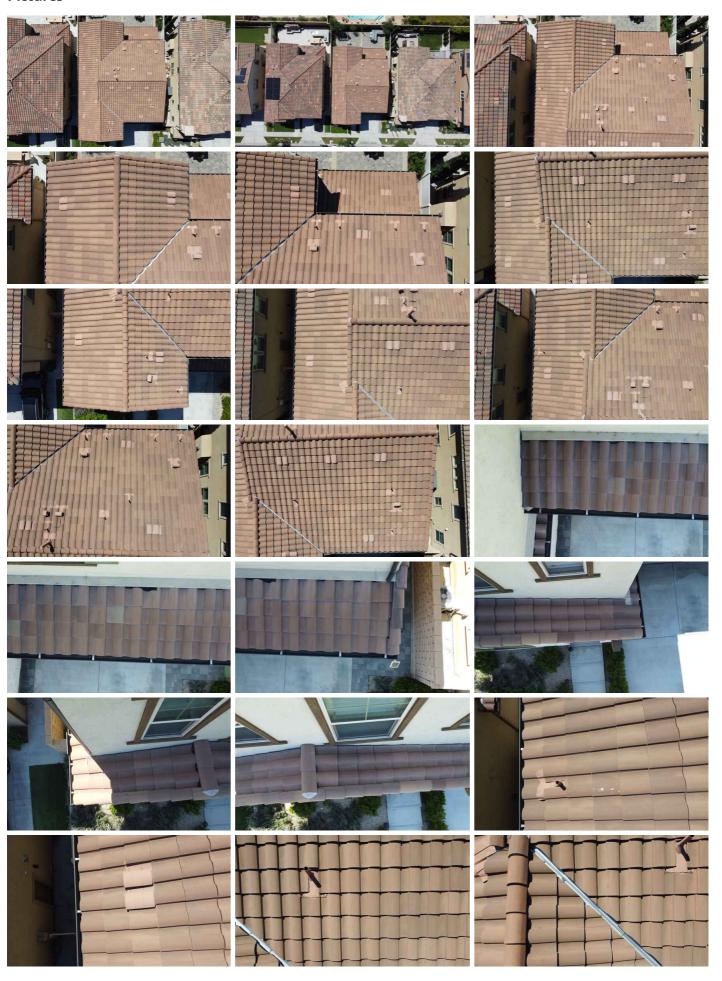
Flashings: Material Aluminum

Roof Type/Style Combination

Coverings: Material

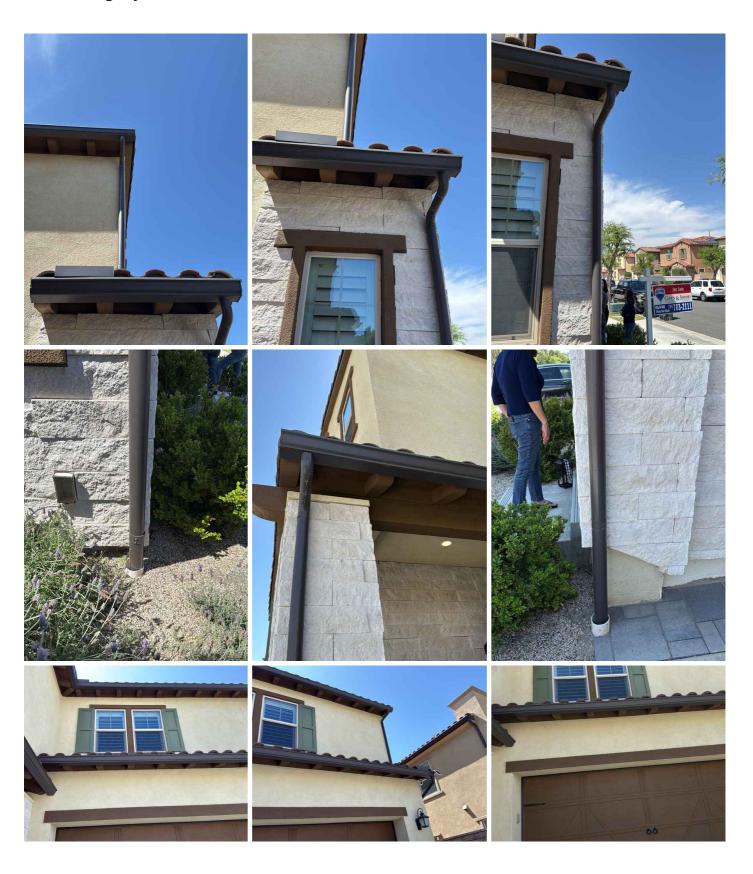
Tile

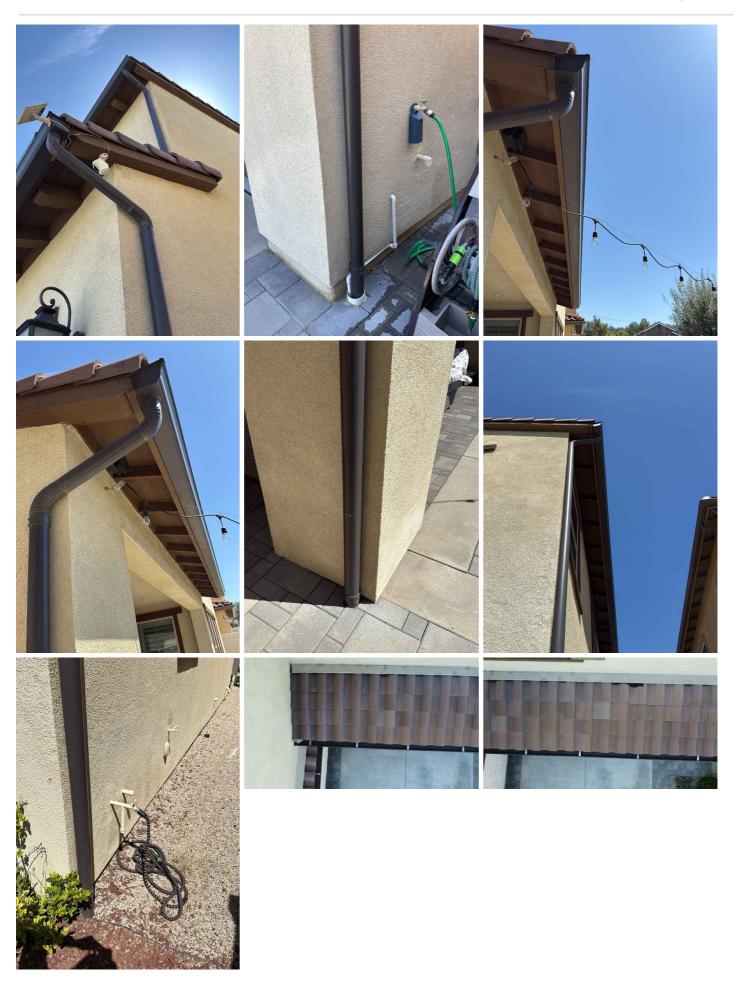
Pictures

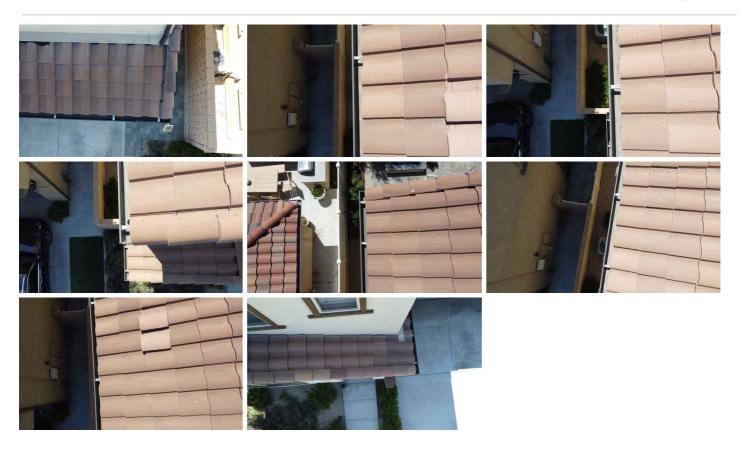




Roof Drainage Systems: Pictures





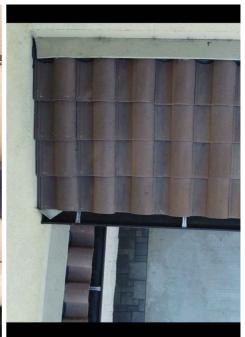


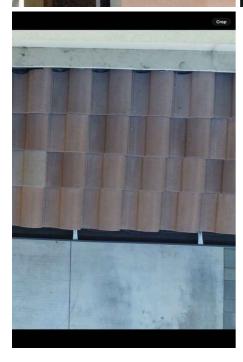
Roof Drainage Systems: Gutter Material

Aluminum

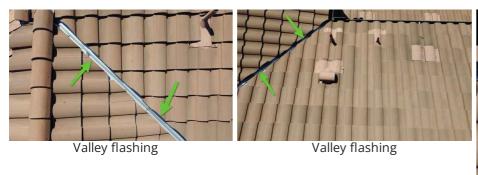








Flashings: Pictures











Drip edge flashing

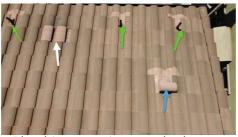
Drip edge flashing



Drip edge flashing Counter flashing Valley flashing

Skylights, Chimneys & Other Roof Penetrations: Pictures

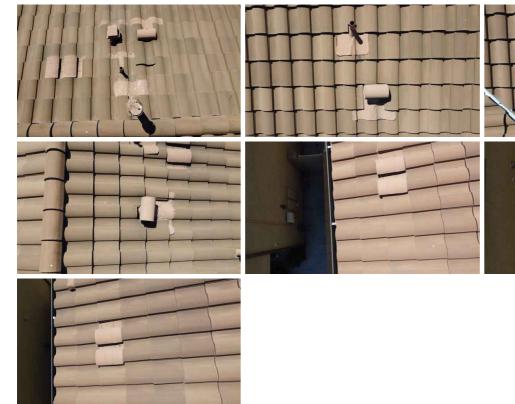






Plumbing vents in green, bathroom fan vents in blue, attic vents in white

Plumbing vent



Observations

2.1.1 Coverings

REPLACED ROOF TILES

Replaced roof tiles on east side of house just above the entrance into garage.







ast

3: EXTERIOR

Information

Inspection Method

Visual

Foundation: Material

Concrete, Post tension slab



Decks, Balconies, Porches &

Steps: MaterialConcrete, Stucco

Siding & Trim: Siding MaterialStucco, Stone

Exterior Doors: Answer Choices

Glass, Wood, Hollow Core

Siding & Trim: Siding Style

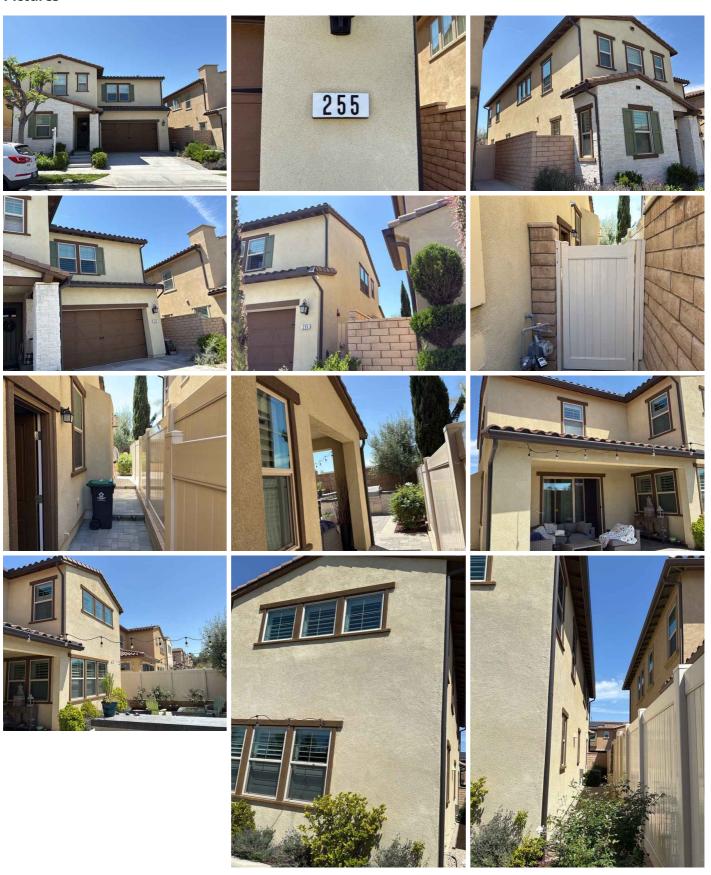
None

Walkways, Patios & Driveways:

Driveway Material

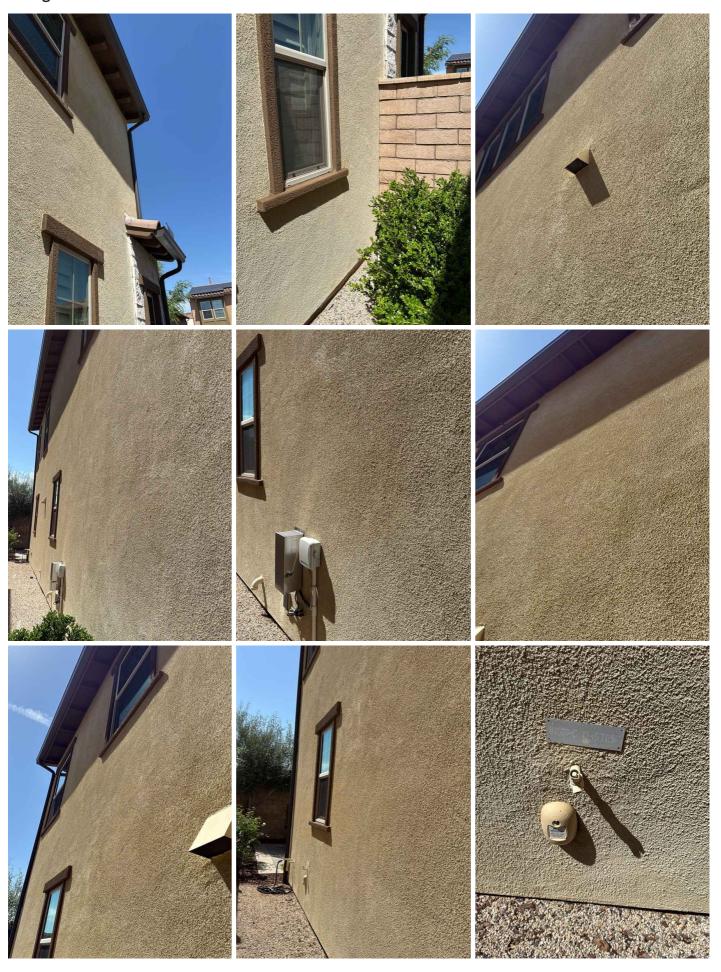
Pavers, Concrete, Gravel

Pictures





Siding & Trim: Pictures

















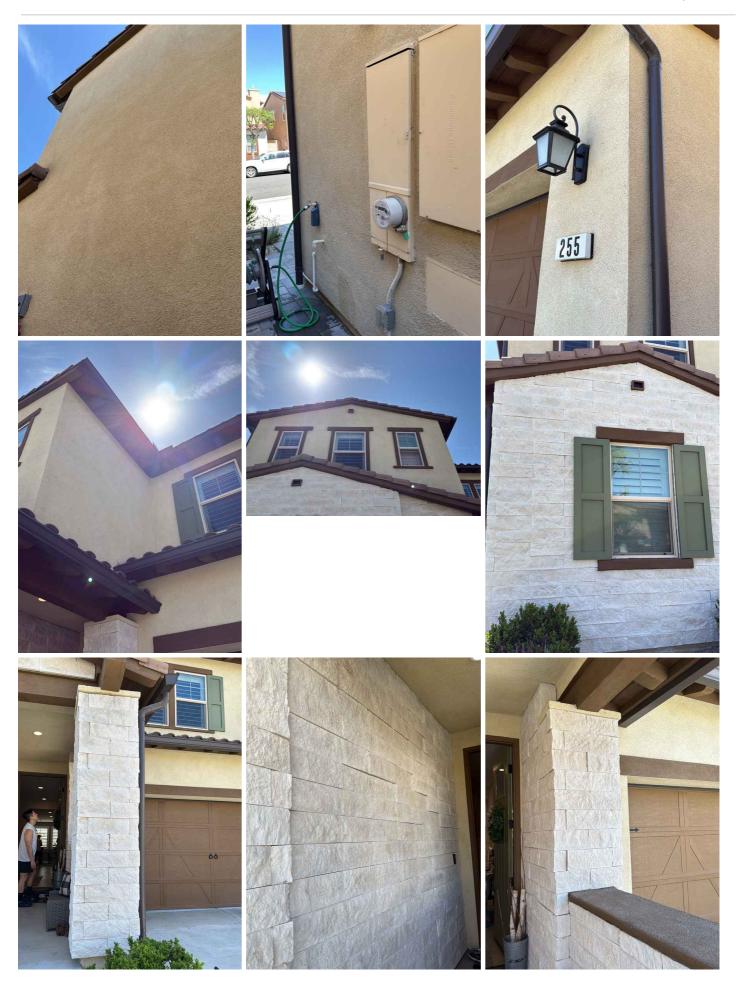




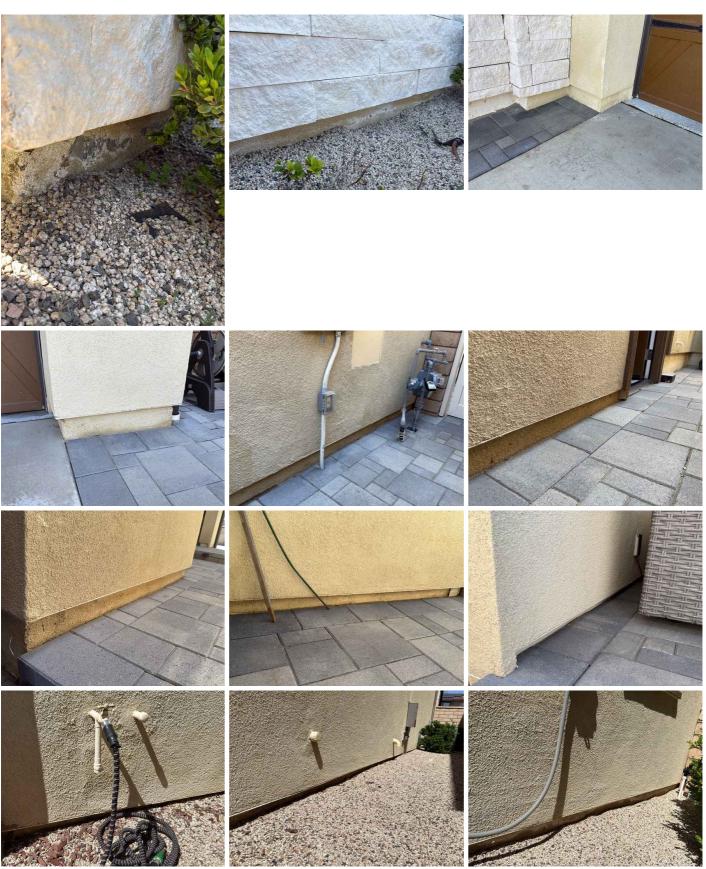




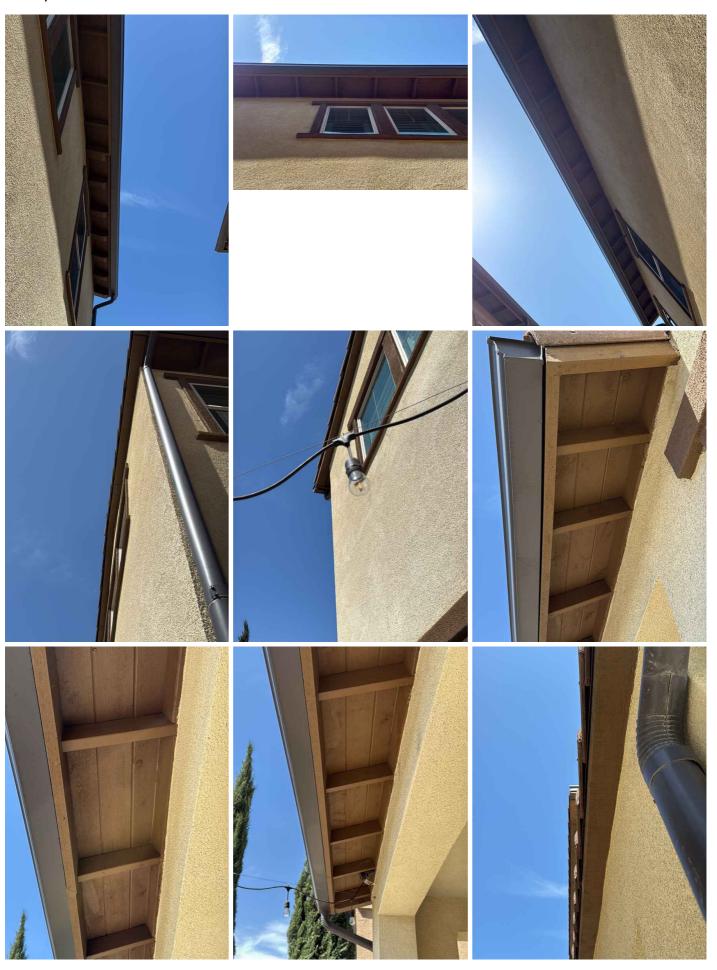


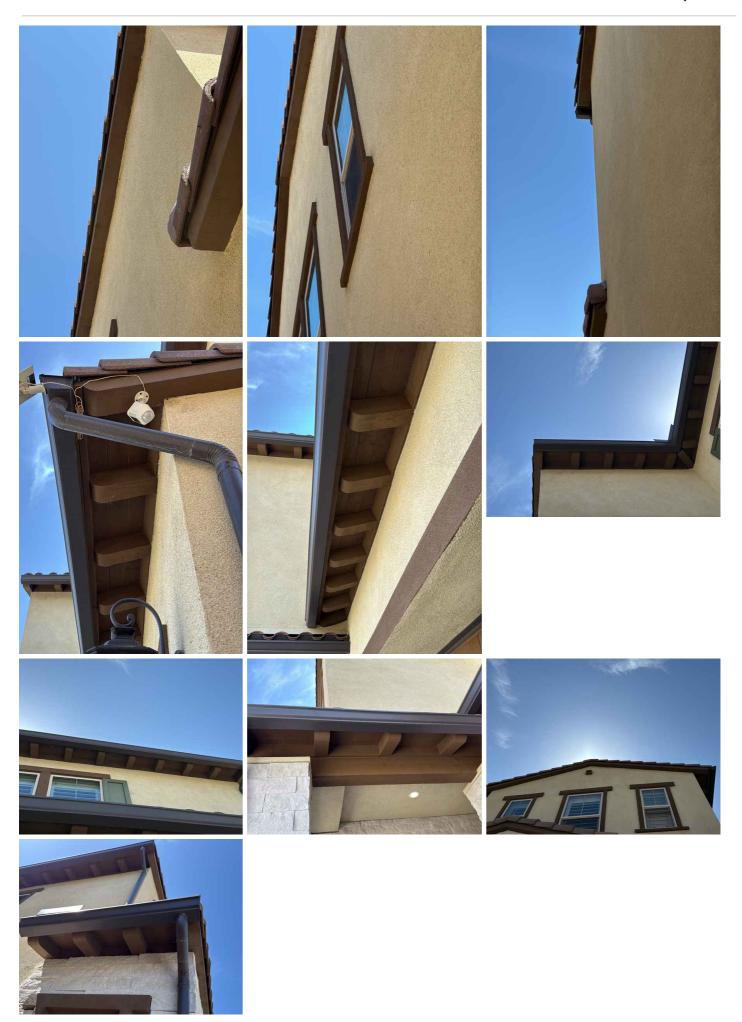


Foundation: Pictures



Eaves, Soffits & Fascia: Pictures





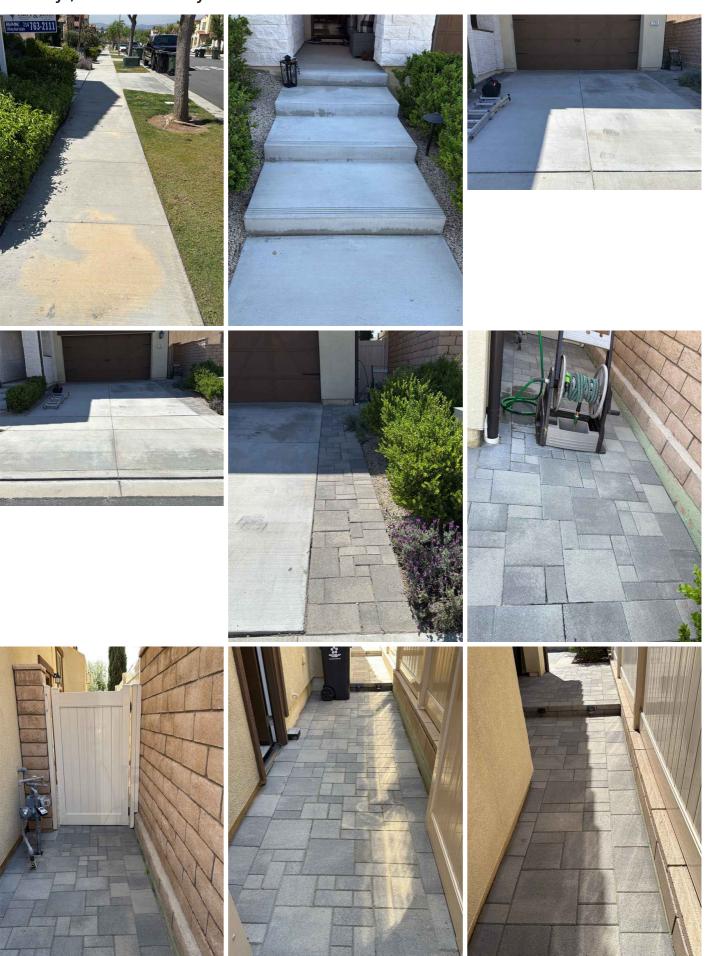
Exterior Doors: Pictures







Walkways, Patios & Driveways: Pictures





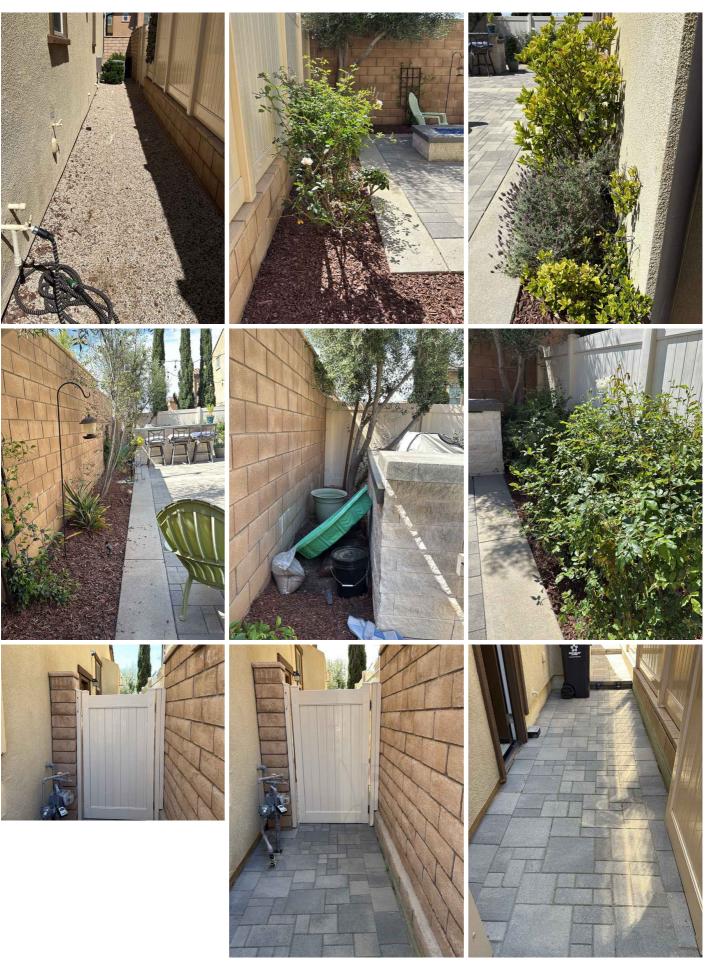


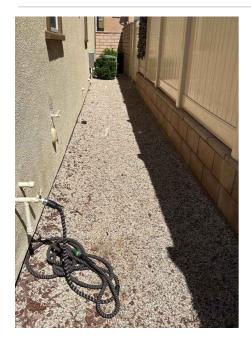




Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls: Pictures

Pictures





Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps: Pictures



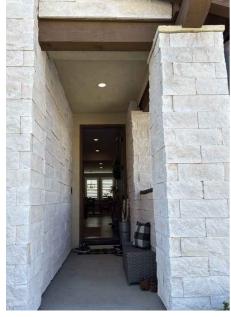






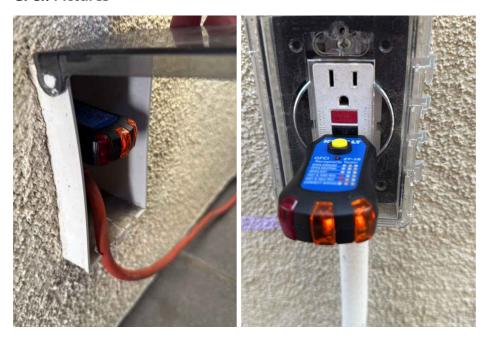








GFCI: Pictures



Hose bibs and water pressure: Pictures







Windows: Pictures









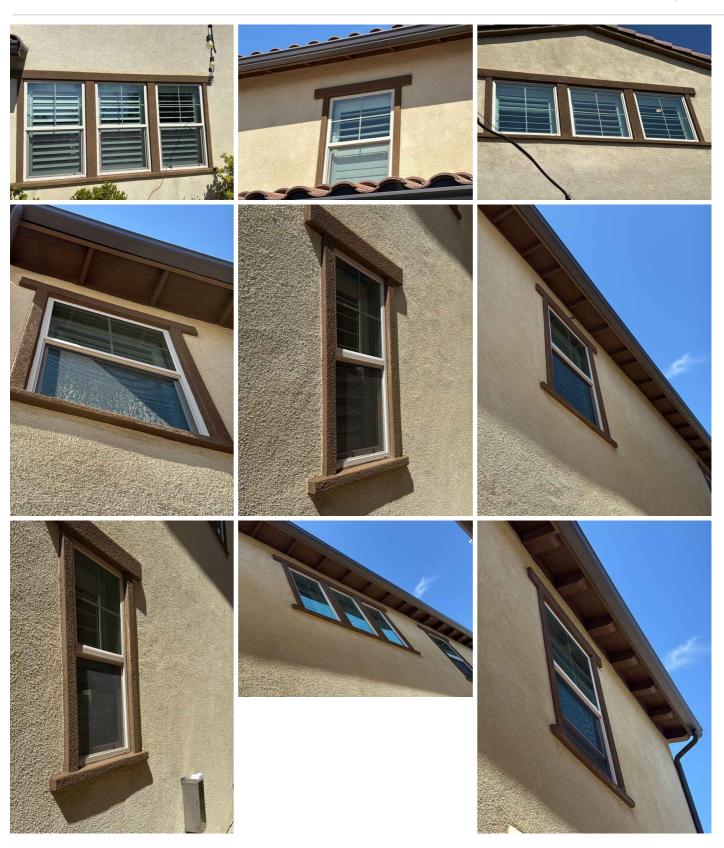












Outdoor BBQ Island: Pictures









Observations

3.1.1 Siding & Trim

CRACKING - MINOR



Siding showed cracking in one or more places. This is a result of temperature changes, and typical as homes with stucco age. Recommend monitoring.

Recommendation

Contact a stucco repair contractor







North North North

3.1.2 Siding & Trim

NEEDS PAINT



Recommend repainting to prevent deterioration.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified painting contractor.













Front

Northwest

Northwest

3.2.1 Foundation

STUCCO MISSING ON WEEP SCREED



Recommend patch and repair

Recommendation

Contact a stucco repair contractor



Fast

3.6.1 Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls



VEGETATION TOO CLOSE TO HOUSE

Vegetation too close to house recommend approximately 6 inches separation to combat from moisture intrusion, pests and insects

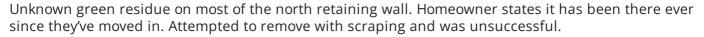
Recommendation

Contact a qualified landscaping contractor



3.6.2 Vegetation, Grading, Drainage & Retaining Walls

UNKNOWN GREEN RESIDUE



Recommendation

Recommended DIY Project





3.7.1 Decks, Balconies, Porches & Steps



CRACKS IN STUCCO UNDER PATIO

Cracks in ceiling of patio structure. Possible settling crack. Recommend qualified professional.

Recommendation

Contact a stucco repair contractor



3.11.1 Outdoor BBQ Island

BBQ IGNITER INOPERABLE

The right burner igniter inoperable however will manually light. Rotisserie burner igniter inoperable however will manually light.

Recommendation

Contact a handyman or DIY project







4: ELECTRICAL

Information

Service Entrance Conductors: Electrical Service Conductors Below Ground, Unknown Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Main Panel Location
North
Right



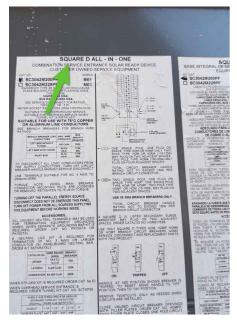
Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Type

Circuit Breaker

Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Capacity
200 AMP



Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Panel Manufacturer Square D



Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses: Wiring Method Romex

Pictures

Pictures

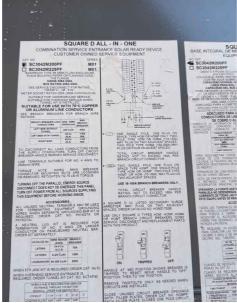






Northeast



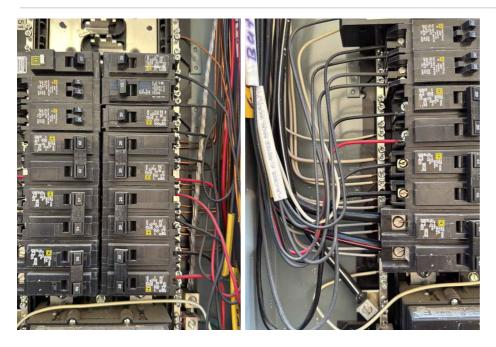












Main & Subpanels, Service & Grounding, Main Overcurrent Device: Sub Panel Location Garage







Branch Wiring Circuits, Breakers & Fuses: Branch Wire 15 and 20 AMPCopper



5: HEATING, VENTILATION, AIR CONDITIONING

Information

Cooling Equipment: Energy

Source/Type

Central Air Conditioner

Heating Equipment: Heat Type

Forced Air

Cooling Equipment: Location

Exterior South

Heating Equipment: Energy

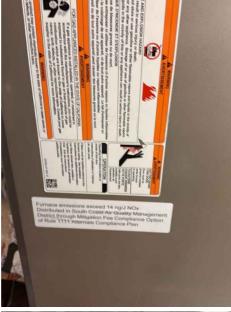
Source

Gas

Pictures

Heater in attic, condensor on south side of house























Cooling Equipment: Brand Manufactured 9/2017

Carrier

Manufactured 9/2017

















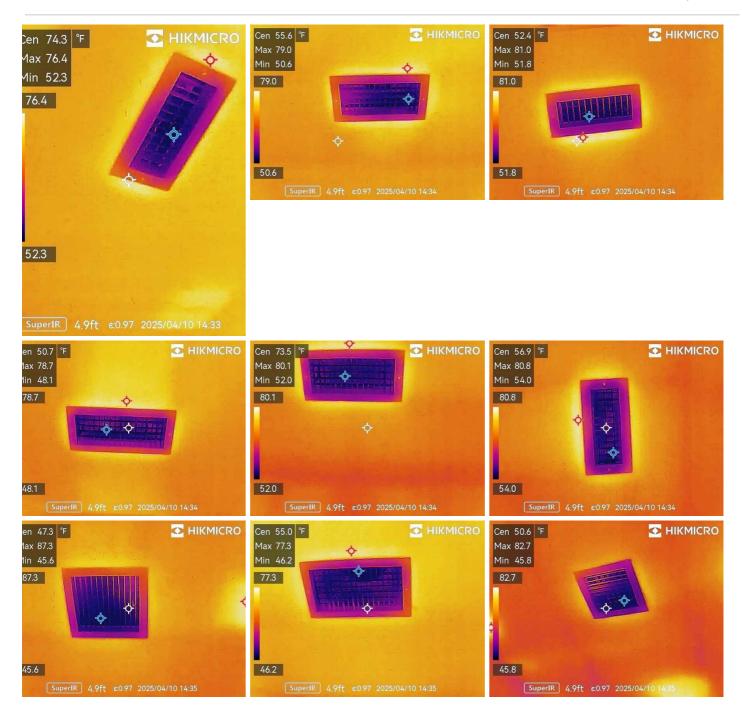












Cooling Equipment: SEER Rating

Unknown SEER

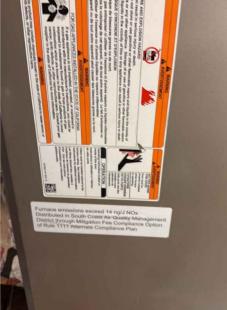
Modern standards call for at least 13 SEER rating for new install.

Read more on energy efficient air conditioning at Energy.gov.

Heating Equipment: Brand Manufactured 8/2017

Carrier



























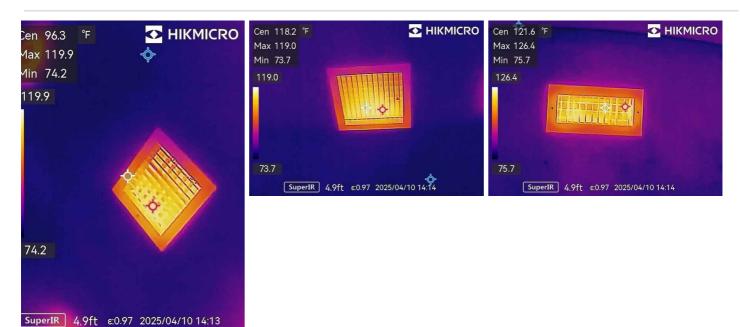












Heating Equipment: AFUE Rating

80

AFUE (Annual fuel utilization efficiency) is a metric used to measure furnace efficiency in converting fuel to energy. A higher AFUE rating means greater energy efficiency. 90% or higher meets the Department of Energy's Energy Star program standard.



6: FOUNDATION AND STRUCTURE

Information

Inspection Method

Visual

Floor Structure: MaterialConcrete, Post tension slab



Floor Structure: Sub-floor

Inaccessible

Floor Structure:

Basement/Crawlspace Floor None

Floor Structure: Pictures





Wall Structure: Pictures







Ceiling Structure: Pictures

















7: GARAGE

Information

GFCI: Pictures



Garage Door: TypeSectional

Garage Door: Pictures



Garage Door: Vehicle Door1 sectional roll up door.

Garage Door: MaterialInsulated, Wood Composite

Pictures

















Floor: Pictures







Ceiling: Pictures

Pictures





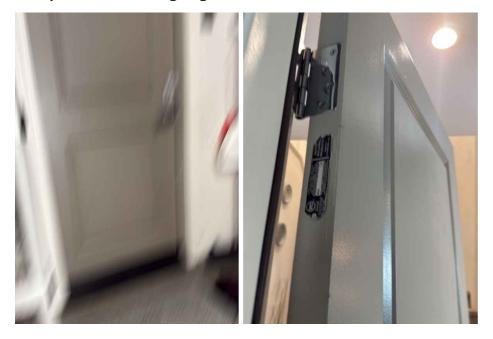
Walls & Firewalls: Pictures







Occupant Door (From garage to inside of home): Pictures



Garage Door Opener: Pictures











Observations

7.6.1 Garage Door

AUTO REVERSE SENSOR NOT WORKING



The auto reverse sensor was not responding at time of inspection. This is a safety hazard to children and pets. Recommend a qualified garage door contractor evaluate and repair/replace.

Recommendation

Contact a qualified garage door contractor.



8: KITCHEN

Information

Range/Oven/Cooktop: Range/Oven Energy Source Gas Range/Oven/Cooktop: Range/Oven Brand Whirlpool

Garbage Disposal: Pictures



Pictures









Dishwasher: BrandWhirlpool







Refrigerator: Brand

Samsung



Range/Oven/Cooktop: Pictures















Range/Oven/Cooktop: Exhaust Hood Type









Range/Oven/Cooktop: Microwave







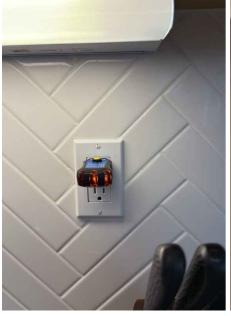
Window: Pictures







GFCI: Pictures





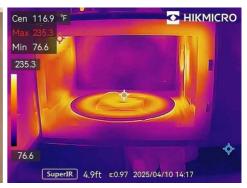


Built-in Microwave: Pictures

Whirlpool







Fixtures & Plumbing: Pictures









9: LIVING ROOM/DINING ROOM/LOFT

Information

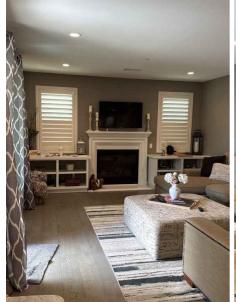
Doors: General

Pictures



Windows: Window ManufacturerUnknown

Pictures







Living Room

Living Room

Living Room







Living Room

Living Room

Loft







Loft

Dining Room

Windows: Window Type

Single-hung







Living Room

Living Room

Living Room







Dining Room

Living Room

Floors: Floor Coverings

Tile, Carpet







Living Room

Living Room

Loft



Loft

Walls: Wall MaterialPlaster, Wood















Ceilings: Ceiling Material

Plaster

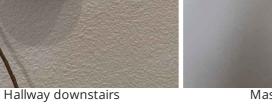






Thermostat Controls: Pictures







Master Bedroom

Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: General

Pictures











GFCI/AFCI/Receptacles: General



10: MASTER BEDROOM

Information

Windows: Window Type

Single-hung

Ceilings: Ceiling Material

Plaster

Windows: Window Manufacturer Walls: Wall Material Unknown

Receptacle: Pictures

Plaster

Smoke Detectors: Pictures





General: Pictures









Doors: Pictures





Main door

Windows: Pictures



Floors: Floor Coverings

Carpet



Walls: Pictures

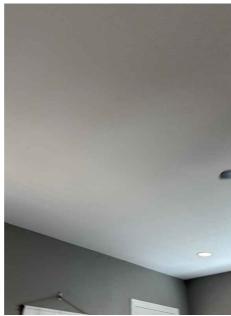


Ceilings: Pictures



Lighting Fixtures & Switches : Pictures









11: MASTER BATHROOM

Information

GFCI & AFCI: Pictures



Water Supply, Distribution
Systems & Fixtures: Water Supply
Material

Pex

Windows: Pictures



General: Pictures









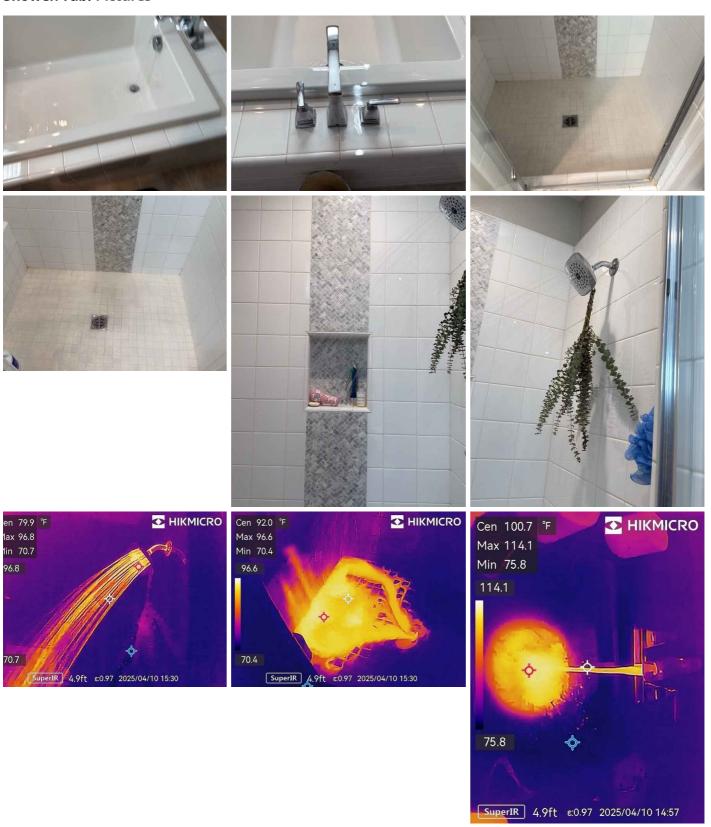
Toilet: Pictures







Shower/Tub: Pictures



Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Pictures









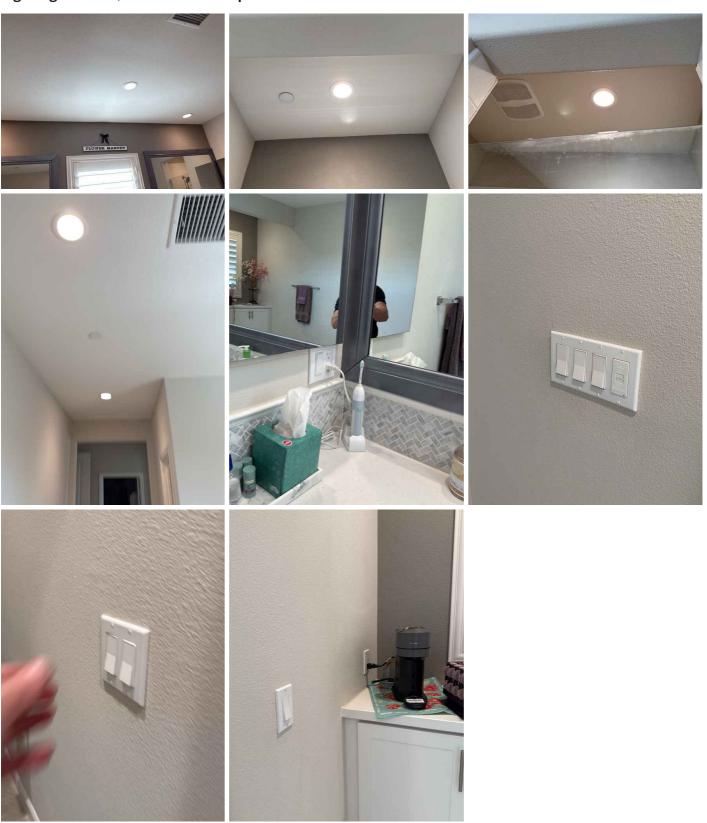


Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Distribution Material Pex





Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: Pictures



12: BEDROOM 2

Information

Windows: Window Type

Single-hung

Walls: Wall Material

Receptacle: Pictures

Plaster

Windows: Window Manufacturer Floors: Floor Coverings Unknown

Ceilings: Pictures



Smoke Detectors: Pictures





Carpet

Ceilings: Ceiling Material

Plaster

General: Pictures

Downstairs



Doors: Pictures



Windows: Pictures



Floors: Pictures



Walls: Pictures



Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: Pictures







13: BATHROOM 2

Information

GFCI & AFCI: Pictures



Water Supply, Distribution
Systems & Fixtures: Distribution
Material
Hose, Pex

Water Supply, Distribution
Systems & Fixtures: Water Supply
Material
Pex

General: Pictures





Toilet: Pictures



Shower/Tub: Pictures



Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Pictures

Pictures







Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: Pictures





Observations

13.3.1 Shower/Tub

GROUT CRACKING

Recommending re-grouting. Recommend handyman or DIY.

Recommendation

Contact a handyman or DIY project





14: BEDROOM 3

Information

Windows: Window TypeSingle-hung

Windows: Window Manufacturer Ceilings: Pictures

Unknown



Ceilings: Ceiling MaterialPlaster

Lighting Fixtures & Switches: Pictures



Receptacle: Pictures



Smoke Detectors: Pictures

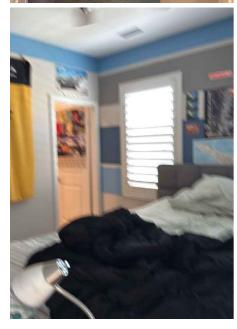


General: Pictures





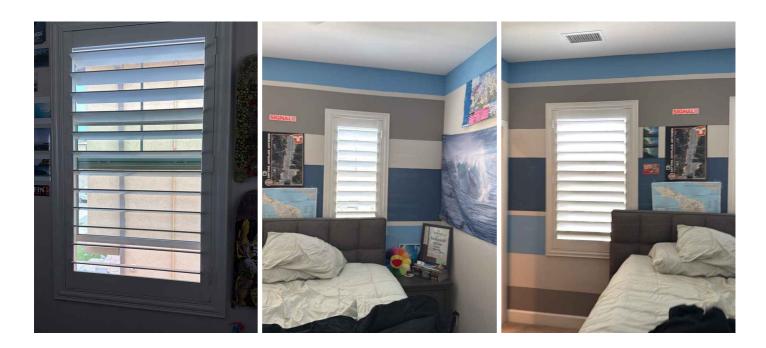




Doors: Pictures



Windows: Pictures

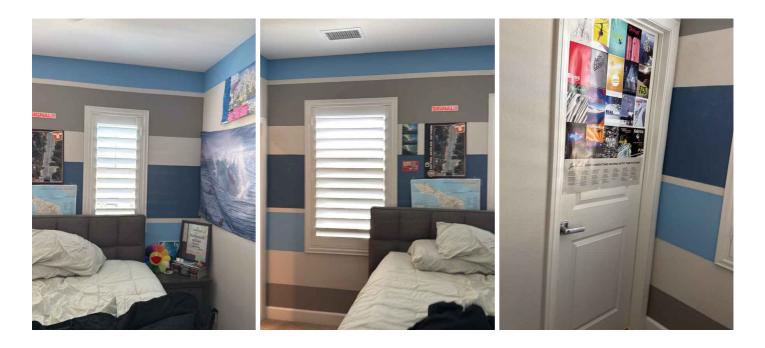


Floors: Floor Coverings

Carpet



Walls: Pictures



15: BATHROOM 3

Information

GFCI & AFCI: Pictures



Water Supply, Distribution
Systems & Fixtures: Water Supply

Material Pex

General: Pictures





Toilet: Pictures







Shower/Tub: Pictures











Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Pictures







Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Distribution Material

Pex





Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: Pictures







Windows: Pictures





16: BEDROOM 4

Information

Windows: Window TypeSingle-hung



Ceilings: Ceiling Material
Plaster

Windows: Window Manufacturer Ceilings: Pictures
Unknown



Receptacle: Pictures



Smoke Detectors: Pictures



General: Pictures

Office







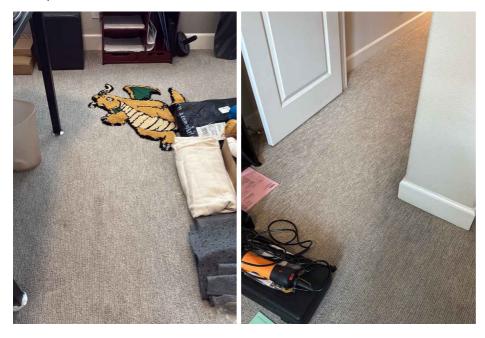
Doors: Pictures





Floors: Floor Coverings

Carpet



Walls: Wall Material Plaster



Lighting Fixtures & Switches : Pictures



17: BATHROOM 4

Information

Water Supply, Distribution
Systems & Fixtures: Water Supply

Material Pex

Pictures



Toilet: Pictures







Shower/Tub: Pictures









GFCI & AFCI: Pictures





Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Pictures







Water Supply, Distribution Systems & Fixtures: Distribution Material Pex





Lighting Fixtures, Switches & Receptacles: Pictures



18: LAUNDRY ROOM, UTILITY SHUTOFF LOCATION

Information

Water Source

Public

Dryer Power Source 110 Volt



Dryer VentMetal (Flex)



Flooring Insulation

None

Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Power Source/Type Gas, Tankless Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems:
Drain Size

Unknown

Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Capacity Tankless gallons Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems: Material Unknown

Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Location

Garage

Filters

Garage

Whole house conditioner











Garage

Pictures





Attic access

Main Water Shut-off Device: Location

East







Main water shutoff

Main water shutoff





Water pressure at 65 psi

Exhaust Systems: Exhaust Fans

Fan Only







Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents: Manufacturer

Rheem

I recommend flushing & servicing your water heater tank annually for optimal performance. Water temperature should be set to at least 120 degrees F to kill microbes and no higher than 130 degrees F to prevent scalding.

Here is a nice maintenance guide from Lowe's to help.











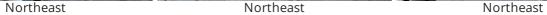
Fuel Storage & Distribution Systems: Main Gas Shut-off Location

Gas Meter











Shutoff

Fire sprinkler system: Pictures

The pressure gauge should read between 50 psi and 100 psi. If the gauge reads either very low or no pressure at all, you should contact a licensed sprinkler contractor about repair.







Garage Inspector test in drain valve

Observations

18.4.1 Hot Water Systems, Controls, Flues & Vents



WATER TEMPERATURE TO LOW

Water temperature should be set to at least 120 degrees F to kill microbes and no higher than 130 degrees F to prevent scalding.



19: MISC. INTERIOR(FIREPLACE, STAIRWAYS, CABINETS, COUNTERTOPS)

Information

Countertops & Cabinets: Countertop Material

Quartz, Corian, Unknown

Smoke Detectors: Pictures

Gas/LP Firelogs & Fireplaces: Type

Electric



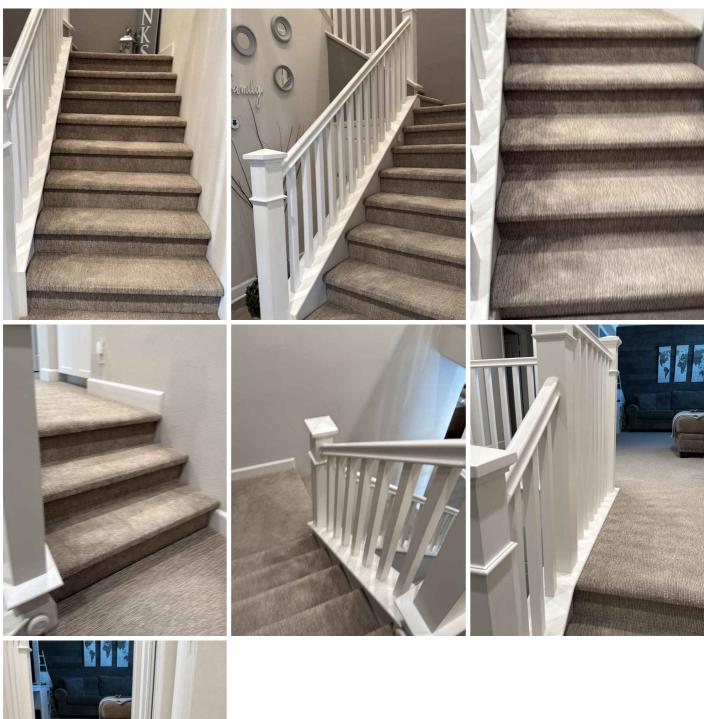


Carbon monoxide detector: Pictures

Not pictured however confirmed dual smoke and CO detectors in downstairs and upstairs hallways.

Steps, Stairways & Railings: Pictures

Pictures





Countertops & Cabinets: Pictures





Countertops & Cabinets: Cabinetry

Laminate

























Gas/LP Firelogs & Fireplaces: Pictures







20: ATTIC

Information

Attic Insulation: Insulation Type

Blown

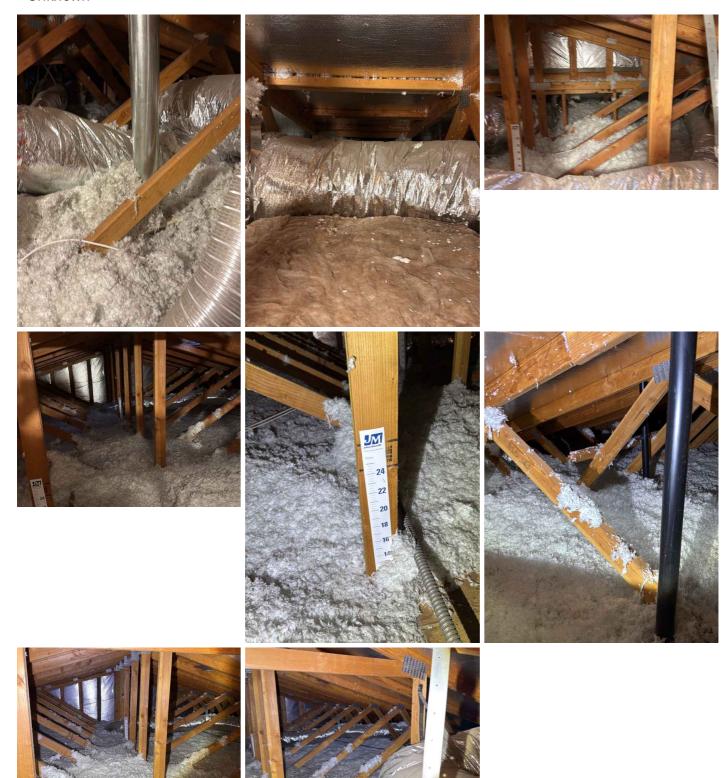
Distribution System: Configuration Central

Access: General Laundry room Pictures



Attic Insulation: R-value

Unknown



Distribution System: Ductwork

Insulated









Ventilation: Ventilation Type

Roof vents



Roof Structure: General



STANDARDS OF PRACTICE

Inspection Details

Roof

I. The inspector shall inspect from ground level or the eaves: A. the roof-covering materials; B. the gutters; C. the downspouts; D. the vents, flashing, skylights, chimney, and other roof penetrations; and E. the general structure of the roof from the readily accessible panels, doors or stairs. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of roof-covering materials. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. observed indications of active roof leaks. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. walk on any roof surface. B. predict the service life expectancy. C. inspect underground downspout diverter drainage pipes. D. remove snow, ice, debris or other conditions that prohibit the observation of the roof surfaces. E. move insulation. F. inspect antennae, satellite dishes, lightning arresters, de-icing equipment, or similar attachments. G. walk on any roof areas that appear, in the inspectors opinion, to be unsafe. H. walk on any roof areas if doing so might, in the inspector's opinion, cause damage. I. perform a water test. J. warrant or certify the roof. K. confirm proper fastening or installation of any roof-covering material.

Exterior

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the exterior wall-covering materials, flashing and trim; B. all exterior doors; C. adjacent walkways and driveways; D. stairs, steps, stoops, stairways and ramps; E. porches, patios, decks, balconies and carports; F. railings, guards and handrails; G. the eaves, soffits and fascia; H. a representative number of windows; and I. vegetation, surface drainage, retaining walls and grading of the property, where they may adversely affect the structure due to moisture intrusion. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of exterior wall-covering materials. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. any improper spacing between intermediate balusters, spindles and rails. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect or operate screens, storm windows, shutters, awnings, fences, outbuildings, or exterior accent lighting. B. inspect items that are not visible or readily accessible from the ground, including window and door flashing. C. inspect or identify geological, geotechnical, hydrological or soil conditions. D. inspect recreational facilities or playground equipment. E. inspect seawalls, breakwalls or docks. F. inspect erosion-control or earth-stabilization measures. G. inspect for safety-type glass. H. inspect underground utilities. I. inspect underground items. J. inspect wells or springs. K. inspect solar, wind or geothermal systems. L. inspect swimming pools or spas. M. inspect wastewater treatment systems, septic systems or cesspools. N. inspect irrigation or sprinkler systems. O. inspect drainfields or dry wells. P. determine the integrity of multiple-pane window glazing or thermal window seals.

Electrical

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the service drop; B. the overhead service conductors and attachment point; C. the service head, gooseneck and drip loops; D. the service mast, service conduit and raceway; E. the electric meter and base; F. service-entrance conductors; G. the main service disconnect; H. panelboards and over-current protection devices (circuit breakers and fuses); I. service grounding and bonding; J. a representative number of switches, lighting fixtures and receptacles, including receptacles observed and deemed to be arc-fault circuit interrupter (AFCI)-protected using the AFCI test button, where possible; K. all ground-fault circuit interrupter receptacles and circuit breakers observed and deemed to be GFCIs using a GFCI tester, where possible; and L. smoke and carbon-monoxide detectors. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the main service disconnect's amperage rating, if labeled; and B. the type of wiring observed. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. deficiencies in the integrity of the serviceentrance conductors insulation, drip loop, and vertical clearances from grade and roofs; B. any unused circuit-breaker panel opening that was not filled; C. the presence of solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring, if readily visible; D. any tested receptacle in which power was not present, polarity was incorrect, the cover was not in place, the GFCI devices were not properly installed or did not operate properly, evidence of arcing or excessive heat, and where the receptacle was not grounded or was not secured to the wall; and E. the absence of smoke detectors. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. insert any tool, probe or device into the main panelboard, sub-panels, distribution panelboards, or electrical fixtures. B. operate electrical systems that are shut down. C. remove panelboard cabinet covers or dead fronts. D. operate or re-set over-current protection devices or overload devices. E. operate or test smoke or carbon-monoxide detectors or alarms F. inspect, operate or test any security, fire or alarms systems or components, or other warning or signaling systems. G. measure or determine the amperage or voltage of the main service equipment, if not visibly labeled. H. inspect ancillary wiring or remote-control devices. I. activate any electrical systems or branch circuits that are not energized. J. inspect low-voltage systems, electrical de-icing tapes, swimming pool wiring, or any timecontrolled devices. K. verify the service ground. L. inspect private or emergency electrical supply sources, including, but not limited to: generators, windmills, photovoltaic solar collectors, or battery or electrical storage facility. M. inspect spark or lightning arrestors. N. inspect or test de-icing equipment. O. conduct voltage-drop calculations. P. determine the accuracy of labeling. Q. inspect exterior lighting.

Foundation and Structure

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. the foundation; B. the basement; C. the crawlspace; and D. structural components. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of foundation; and B. the location of the access to the under-floor space. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. observed indications of wood in contact with or near soil; B. observed indications of active water penetration; C. observed indications of possible foundation movement, such as sheetrock

cracks, brick cracks, out-of-square door frames, and unlevel floors; and D. any observed cutting, notching and boring of framing members that may, in the inspector's opinion, present a structural or safety concern. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. enter any crawlspace that is not readily accessible, or where entry could cause damage or pose a hazard to him/herself. B. move stored items or debris. C. operate sump pumps with inaccessible floats. D. identify the size, spacing, span or location or determine the adequacy of foundation bolting, bracing, joists, joist spans or support systems. E. provide any engineering or architectural service. F. report on the adequacy of any structural system or component.

Kitchen

10.1 The inspector shall inspect: F. installed ovens, ranges, surface cooking appliances, microwave ovens, dishwashing machines, and food waste grinders by using normal operating controls to activate the primary function. 10.2 The inspector is NOT required to inspect: G. installed and free-standing kitchen and laundry appliances not listed in Section 10.1.F. H. appliance thermostats including their calibration, adequacy of heating elements, self cleaning oven cycles, indicator lights, door seals, timers, clocks, timed features, and other specialized features of the appliance. I. operate, or con rm the operation of every control and feature of an inspected appliance.

Misc. Interior(Fireplace, Stairways, Cabinets, Countertops)

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. a representative number of doors and windows by opening and closing them; B. floors, walls and ceilings; C. stairs, steps, landings, stairways and ramps; D. railings, guards and handrails; and E. garage vehicle doors and the operation of garage vehicle door openers, using normal operating controls. II. The inspector shall describe: A. a garage vehicle door as manually-operated or installed with a garage door opener. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. improper spacing between intermediate balusters, spindles and rails for steps, stairways, guards and railings; B. photo-electric safety sensors that did not operate properly; and C. any window that was obviously fogged or displayed other evidence of broken seals. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. inspect paint, wallpaper, window treatments or finish treatments. B. inspect floor coverings or carpeting. C. inspect central vacuum systems. D. inspect for safety glazing. E. inspect security systems or components. F. evaluate the fastening of islands, countertops, cabinets, sink tops or fixtures. G. move furniture, stored items, or any coverings, such as carpets or rugs, in order to inspect the concealed floor structure. H. move suspended-ceiling tiles. I. inspect or move any household appliances. J. inspect or operate equipment housed in the garage, except as otherwise noted. K. verify or certify the proper operation of any pressure-activated auto-reverse or related safety feature of a garage door. L. operate or evaluate any security bar release and opening mechanisms, whether interior or exterior, including their compliance with local, state or federal standards. M. operate any system, appliance or component that requires the use of special keys, codes, combinations or devices. N. operate or evaluate self-cleaning oven cycles, tilt guards/latches, or signal lights. O. inspect microwave ovens or test leakage from microwave ovens. P. operate or examine any sauna, steamgenerating equipment, kiln, toaster, ice maker, coffee maker, can opener, bread warmer, blender, instant hot-water dispenser, or other small, ancillary appliances or devices. Q. inspect elevators. R. inspect remote controls. S. inspect appliances. T. inspect items not permanently installed. U. discover firewall compromises. V. inspect pools, spas or fountains. W. determine the adequacy of whirlpool or spa jets, water force, or bubble effects. X. determine the structural integrity or leakage of pools or spas.

Attic

I. The inspector shall inspect: A. insulation in unfinished spaces, including attics, crawlspaces and foundation areas; B. ventilation of unfinished spaces, including attics, crawlspaces and foundation areas; and C. mechanical exhaust systems in the kitchen, bathrooms and laundry area. II. The inspector shall describe: A. the type of insulation observed; and B. the approximate average depth of insulation observed at the unfinished attic floor area or roof structure. III. The inspector shall report as in need of correction: A. the general absence of insulation or ventilation in unfinished spaces. IV. The inspector is not required to: A. enter the attic or any unfinished spaces that are not readily accessible, or where entry could cause damage or, in the inspector's opinion, pose a safety hazard. B. move, touch or disturb insulation. C. move, touch or disturb vapor retarders. D. break or otherwise damage the surface finish or weather seal on or around access panels or covers. E. identify the composition or R-value of insulation material. F. activate thermostatically operated fans. G. determine the types of materials used in insulation or wrapping of pipes, ducts, jackets, boilers or wiring. H. determine the adequacy of ventilation.