The background of the image is a close-up, dimly lit scene. On the left, a small white candle is lit, with a bright yellow flame. It sits in a simple glass holder. To the right of the candle is an open book, likely a Bible, with its pages visible. The pages are aged and have some text on them, though it's not clearly legible. The overall lighting is warm and focused on the candle and the book. The title text is overlaid in the center of the image.

NEHEMIAH THE BUILDER, LESSON 2

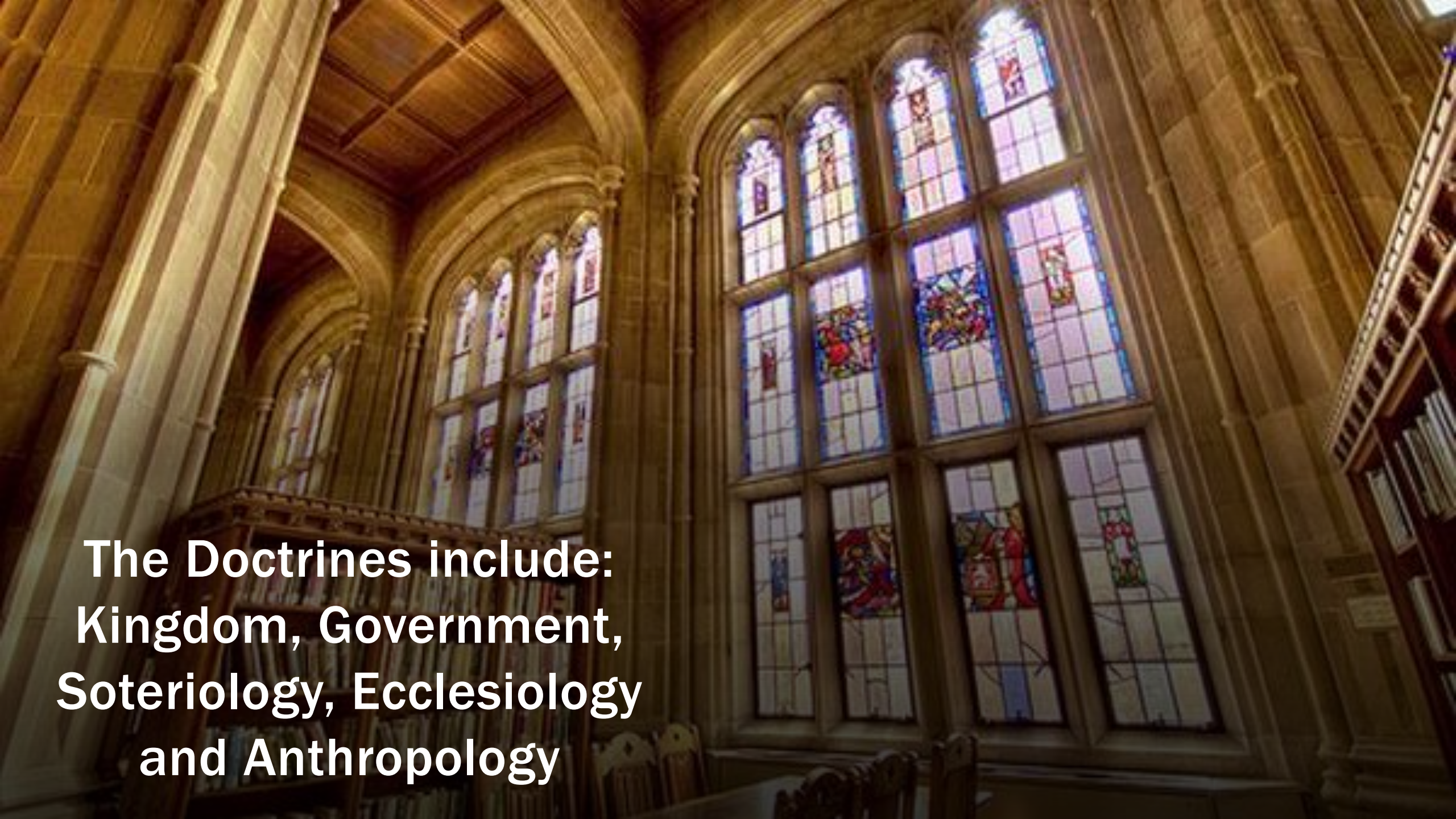
**A Bible Webinar by
Bishop Andy C. Lewter**



Last week we focused on
telling the story of
Nehemiah



This week we look at what
Christian doctrines come
from the story of Nehemiah

The image shows the interior of a Gothic church. The architecture features high, pointed arches and a wooden ceiling with a cross-hatch pattern. Large, multi-paned stained glass windows are visible, depicting various religious scenes and figures. The walls are made of light-colored stone. In the foreground, there are wooden pews and a wooden railing. The overall atmosphere is solemn and historic.

**The Doctrines include:
Kingdom, Government,
Soteriology, Ecclesiology
and Anthropology**



The Doctrine of the Kingdom



We the People of the United States, in order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

Article I

Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.


Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

No Person shall be a Representative who shall not have attained to the Age of twenty five Years, and been seven Years a Citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives and direct Taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union, according to their respective Numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole Number of free Persons, including Indians bound to Service for a Term of Years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other Persons. The actual Enumeration shall be made within three Years after the first Meeting of the Congress of the United States, and within each subsequent Term of Years as the Congress may direct. But no Representative shall sit, unless he shall, when elected, have seven Years been a Citizen of the United States, and, when elected, be seven Years an Inhabitant of that State in which he shall be chosen.

**The Doctrine of
"Righteous
Government"**

Photo Illustration

A person's hands are silhouetted against a bright, hazy sky. The hands are reaching upwards, with fingers slightly spread. In the center of the frame, a small, dark cross is visible against the bright light. The overall atmosphere is one of hope and spiritual aspiration.

The Doctrine of Soteriology



The Doctrine of
Anthropology

A photograph of the interior of a church. In the foreground, several rows of dark wooden pews are visible, receding into the distance. To the left, a large, colorful stained glass window with geometric and figurative designs allows bright light into the space, casting a rainbow-like glow on the pews. Further back, more stained glass windows are visible, and the church's architecture, including stone walls and a distant altar area, is partially seen in the shadows.

The Doctrine of Ecclesiology



**Thank You for
Watching**