Screening and Early Detection:

• Follow cancer screening guidelines:

Regular mammograms can help detect breast cancer early, when it's easier to treat.

Know your family history:

If you have a family history of breast cancer, discuss your risk with your doctor and consider genetic testing.

Breast self-examination:

Regularly check your breasts for any changes, such as lumps, bumps, or changes in the skin.

Clinical breast examination:

Have your breasts examined by a healthcare professional during regular checkups.



