KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. TABLE OF CONTENTS MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	Page
ACCOUNTANT'S COMPLIATION REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
BALANCE SHEET	2 - 3
STATEMENT OF INCOME	4
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	5
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	6
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7 - 18
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	19
SCHEDULE I - COST OF SALES	20
SCHEDULE II - GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	21

LaQuerreAudi certified public accountants

Independent Accountant's Compilation Report

To the Board of Directors Kelyniam Global, Inc. Collinsville, CT

Management is responsible for the accompanying financial statements of Kelyniam Global, Inc., (a Corporation), which comprise the balance sheet as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the three months then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have performed a compilation engagement in accordance with Statements in Standards for Accounting and Review Services promulgated by the Accounting and Review Services Committee of the AICPA. We did not audit or review the financial statements nor were we required to perform any procedures to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by management. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any form of assurance on these financial statements.

The supplementary information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management. The supplementary information was not subject to our compilation engagement. We do not express an opinion, a conclusion, nor provide any assurance on such information.

Respectfully,

LaQuerre Audi, LLC

LaQuerre Audi, LLC Certified Public Accountants Plainville, CT 06062

May 6, 2025

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

ASSETS

	2025		2024	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	181,826	\$	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	,	327,787		397,622
Inventory		41,923		46,670
Prepaid expenses		473		2,363
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	:	552,009		446,655
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT				
Manufacturing equipment	,	270,954		569,049
Computer equipment		28,074		91,588
Furniture and fixtures		8,043		8,043
Leasehold improvements	,	323,162		323,162
		630,233		991,842
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(409,563)		(644,589)
TOTAL PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT		220,670		347,253
OTHER ASSETS				
Operating lease - right-of-use asset		93,390		127,350
Intangible assets, net		22,698		11,816
Security deposit		8,000		8,000
Deferred income tax asset		831,500		597,400
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS		955,588		744,566
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,	728,267	\$	1,538,474

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	2025		2024	
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Line of credit	\$	189,845	\$ 80,718	
Accounts payable		131,963	220,372	
Accrued expenses		334,133	126,619	
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		33,960	33,960	
Current portion of officer loan		26,433	44,685	
Current portion of note payable		13,065	 13,545	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		729,399	 519,899	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Operating lease liabilities, less current portion		59,430	93,390	
Note payable, less current portion		218,366	 214,051	
TOTAL LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		277,796	 307,441	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,007,195	 827,340	
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Common stock \$.001 par value, 60,000,000 shares authorized, 49,718,430 shares issued and outstanding in 2025;				
29,923,145 shares issued and outstanding in 2024;		49,718	29,973	
Additional paid in-capital		4,047,543	2,885,428	
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)		(3,362,384)	(2,190,462)	
Treasury stock, at cost (237,583 shares in 2025 and 2024)		(13,805)	 (13,805)	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		721,072	 711,134	
TOTAL LIABILITIES & STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	1,728,267	\$ 1,538,474	

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025	2024
Sales	\$ 624,910	\$ 957,447
Cost of Sales	154,420	213,728
Gross Profit	470,490	743,719
General and Administrative Expenses	611,046	620,120
Income (Loss) from operations	 (140,556)	 123,599
Other Income (Expenses)		
Stock-based compensation	-	(3,000)
Interest income	166	-
Interest expense	(15,351)	(14,324)
	(15,185)	(17,324)
Income (Loss) Before Provision (Benefit) for Income Taxes	(155,741)	106,275
Provision (Benefit) for Income Tax	7,600	17,900
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (163,341)	\$ 88,375

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 29,923	\$ 2,882,478	\$ (2,278,837)	\$ (13,805)	\$ 619,759
Issuance of new shares	50	2,950	-	-	3,000
Net income			88,375		88,375
Balance, March 31, 2024	\$ 29,973	\$ 2,885,428	\$ (2,190,462)	\$ (13,805)	\$ 711,134
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$ 49,718	\$ 4,047,543	\$ (3,199,043)	\$ (13,805)	\$ 884,413
Net loss			(163,341)		(163,341)
Balance, March 31, 2025	\$ 49,718	\$ 4,047,543	\$ (3,362,384)	\$ (13,805)	\$ 721,072

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025		2024	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net income (loss)	\$	(163,341)	\$	88,375
Adjustments needed to reconcile net income to				
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Stock-based compensation		-		3,000
Accrued interest		311		-
Depreciation		3,096		11,982
Amortization		601		285
(Increase) Decrease in operating assets				
(Increase) Decrease in accounts receivable		57,781		51,193
(Increase) Decrease in inventory		(7,135)		(443)
(Increase) Decrease in prepaid expenses		820		396
(Increase) Decrease in deferred income taxes		5,500		13,500
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable		(3,633)		(30,224)
Increase (Decrease) in accrued expenses		3,854		(3,730)
Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		(102,146)		134,334
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net borrowings on line of credit		133,886		(78,326)
Principal payments on note payable		(2,997)		(3,109)
Net repayments to officer		-		(61,965)
Net Cash Provided by (Used In) Financing Activities		130,889		(143,400)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		28,743		(9,066)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		153,083		9,066
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	181,826	\$	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Kelyniam Global, Inc. ("the Company"), organized under the laws of the State of Nevada, specializes in the rapid production of custom prosthetic cranial implants utilizing computer-aided design and computer aided manufacturing of advanced medical grade polymers. The Company develops, manufactures, and distributes custom cranial implants for patients requiring the reconstruction of cranial and certain facial structures. The Company works directly with surgeons, health systems and payors to improve clinical and cost-of-care outcomes. The Company has additional products and categories in various stages of development and commercialization.

The Company's business operations consist solely of regulatory approvals, manufacturing operations and distribution to customers and markets entirely in the United States.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Revenue Recognition

Revenue from the sale of implantable products is generally recognized at an amount that reflects the expected consideration at the point-in-time the hospital customer obtains control of the product, which is defined as when the product is delivered and accepted, or upon shipment to a third-party distribution customer assuming control of the products.

Significant judgments – contracts with multiple performance obligations

Generally, each customer order represents a separate contract. Customer orders may include promises to transfer multiple performance obligations. A performance obligation is a promise in a contract with a customer to transfer products or services that are distinct. Generally, each specific product or service ordered is considered distinct and therefore, considered a separate performance obligation.

The Company allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation on a relative standalone selling price ("SSP") basis. The SSP is the price at which the Company would sell a promised product or service separately to a customer. Judgement is required to determine the SSP for each distinct performance obligation.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company determines SSP by considering its overall pricing objectives and market conditions on a customer basis. Significant pricing practices taken into consideration include the Company's discounting practices, price lists, historical sales and contract prices. As the Company's go-to-market strategies evolve, the Company may modify its pricing practices in the future, which could result in changes to SSP. In certain cases, the Company is able to establish SSP based on observable prices of products or services sold separately in comparable circumstances to similar customers. The Company uses a single amount to estimate SSP when it has observable prices.

The transaction price for each contract with a customer is generally fixed. Amounts that have been invoiced are recorded in accounts receivable and revenue, when control to customers has occurred.

The Company has determined that it qualifies for the practical expedient to expense incremental costs of obtaining a contract as incurred in the period that the goods or services are transferred to the customer as this treatment is consistent with the incremental costs incurred.

Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Credit Risk

The Company considers all investments with the original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents. The Company did not exceed the insured limit as of March 31, 2025 and 2024.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at fair value and are recorded as current assets. Uncollectible account balances are written-off when management determines the probability to collection is remote. The Company does not require collateral in providing credit. The allowance for doubtful accounts reflects the best estimate of probable losses determined principally on the basis of historical experience and specific allowances for known troubled accounts. All accounts or portions thereof that are deemed to be uncollectible or that require an excessive collection cost are written off to the allowance for doubtful accounts. No allowance for doubtful accounts was deemed necessary at March 31, 2025 and 2024.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventory

Inventory, consisting primarily of supplies, is stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out basis) or market value (net realizable value).

Property and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided using straight-line methods for financial reporting purposes. Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Manufacturing equipment	7 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 – 7 years
Leasehold improvements	15 - 39 years

The cost and related accumulated depreciation of equipment and furniture sold, retired or otherwise disposed of are removed from the related asset accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations for the period in which the transaction occurred.

Expenditures for major renewals or improvements that extend the useful lives of equipment and furniture are capitalized. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$3,096 and \$11,982, respectively.

Leases

The Company calculates operating lease liabilities with a risk-free discount rate, using a comparable period with the lease term. All lease and non-lease components are combined for all leases. Lease payments for leases with a term of 12 months or less are expensed on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease with no lease asset or liability recognized.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company has a number of financial instruments and none are held for trading purposes. The Company estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments as of March 31, 2025 and 2024 does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheets. The Company used available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies to determine the estimated fair value amounts. Considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value and, accordingly, the estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange (See Note 11).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred. Advertising expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$5,435 and \$16,478, respectively.

Shipping and Handling Costs

All shipping and handling costs billed to customers are recognized in sales. Shipping and handling costs are charged to expense as incurred and included in cost of sales on the accompanying statement of income. Shipping and handling costs incurred for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$5,484 and \$14,590, respectively.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related to differences between financial statement and taxable income arising primarily from future benefits for net operating loss carryovers for tax purposes.

The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled.

There are no uncertain positions that would require recognition in the financial statements. If the Company were to incur an income tax liability in the future, interest on any income tax liability would be reported as interest expense and penalties and income tax would be reported as income tax expense. Management's conclusions regarding uncertain tax positions may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon ongoing analysis of or changes in tax laws, regulations and interpretations therefore as well as other factors.

Lease Arrangements

Annual rentals pertaining to the real estate lease, which convey merely the right to use property, are charged to current operations.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated subsequent events through May 6, 2025, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Officer Loan Payable

Loan payable represent amounts due to a former officer/director. The outstanding balance of the loan as of March 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$26,433 and \$44,685, respectively. The amount is not subject to a specific repayment schedule at a rate of interest of 4.75%.

NOTE 3 – INVENTORY

Inventory consists of supplies on hand in the amount of \$41,923 and \$46,670 as of March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

NOTE 4 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of the following as of March 31, 2025 and 2024:

	<u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>
Loan origination costs	\$ 25,401	\$	13,063
Less: Accumulated amortization	 (2,703)		(1,247)
Net Intangibles	\$ 22,698	<u>\$</u>	11,816

Amortization expense amounted to \$601 and \$285 for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

Following is a schedule of future amortization expense:

PERIOD ENDING	
MARCH 31,	
2026	\$ 2,404
2027	2,404
2028	2,404
2029	2,404
2030	2,404
Thereafter	 10,678
	\$ 22,698

NOTE 5 – LINE OF CREDIT

The Company has a \$230,000 revolving line of credit with Westfield Bank, secured by the assets of the Company. The balance on the line at March 31, 2025 was \$189,845 at the rate of interest of 8.50%. The balance on the line at March 31, 2024 was \$80,718 at the rate of interest of 9.50%. The balance as of March 31, 2025 includes accrued interest of \$311.

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

	<u>2024</u>
73,567	\$ 76,779
34,919	36,931
22,945 231,431 13,065)	113,886 \$ 227,596 (13,545) \$ 214,051
1	<u>22,945</u> 31,431

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

PERIOD ENDING	
MARCH 31,	<u>AMOUNT</u>
2026	\$ 13,065
2027	14,971
2028	17,157
2029	19,662
2030	22,534
Thereafter	144,042
	\$ 231,431

In recognition of the origination and guarantee of the above notes, the Company entered into an agreement in 2024 and beyond whereby a guarantee fee of 4.25% will be paid on the average of the beginning and ending balances of the above three loans. For the three months ended March 31, 2025, \$2,343 was recorded as interest expense.

NOTE 7 – DESCRIPTION OF LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The following summarizes the line items in the balance sheet, which include amounts for operating leases as of March 31, 2025 and 2024.

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Operating lease – right-of-use asset	\$ 93,390	<u>\$ 127,350</u>
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	33,960	33,960
Operating lease liabilities	59,430	93,390
Total operating lease liabilities	<u>\$ 93,390</u>	<u>\$ 127,350</u>

The following summarizes the components of operating lease expenses that are included in the Statement of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

		<u>2024</u>		
Cost of Sales	\$	4,352	\$	6,318
General and Administrative Expenses		4,352		6,318
Operating lease cost	\$	8,704	\$	12,636

NOTE 7 – DESCRIPTION OF LEASING ARRANGEMENTS (Continued)

The following summarizes the cash flow information related to operating leases for the three months ended March 31, 2025 and 2024.

	<u>2025</u>		<u>2024</u>	
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:				
Operating cash flows for operating leases	\$	8,704	\$	12,636
Lease assets obtained in exchange for lease liabilities:		00.000	•	407.070
Operating leases	\$	93,390	\$	127,350

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments required under the lease agreement.

PERIOD ENDING	
MARCH 31,	
2026	\$ 33,960
2027	33,960
2028	 25,470
	\$ 93,390

NOTE 8 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common Stock

As of March 31, 2025, the authorized capital stock of the Company was 60,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 49,718,430 shares are outstanding at March 31, 2025.

As of March 31, 2024, the authorized capital stock of the Company was 60,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 29,923,145 shares outstanding at March 31, 2024.

The Company awarded an employee 150,000 shares of stock which will vest over 3 years upon the anniversary of the employee's service at the Company. The first 50,000 shares award was provided in February 2024 at \$0.06 per share for a total amount of \$3,000. The Company has chosen to use the cash or intrinsic method of accounting to account for this single award of shares in 2024 and 2025.

NOTE 8 – STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Treasury Stock

The Company is authorized to repurchase shares of its common stock in the open market or through negotiated transactions, at such times and at such prices as management may decide.

NOTE 9 – INCOME TAXES

The provisions for income taxes consist of the following at March 31, 2025:

	<u>FE</u>	FEDERAL		STATE	TOTAL		
Current Taxes	\$	1,100	\$	1,000	\$ 2,100		
Deferred Tax (Benefit)		4,000		1,500	 5,500		
Net	\$	5,100	\$	2,500	\$ 7,600		

The provisions for income taxes consist of the following at March 31, 2024:

	FEDERAL			STATE	TOTAL		
Current Taxes	\$	2,300	\$	2,100	\$	4,400	
Deferred Tax (Benefit)		9,700		3,800		13,500	
Net	<u>\$</u>	12,000	<u>\$</u>	5,900	<u>\$</u>	17,900	

The deferred taxes result from the following:

- 1) The use of the accrual basis of accounting for financial purposes versus the cash basis of accounting for tax purposes.
- 2) Net operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income.
- 3) The use of straight-line depreciation methods for financial reporting purposes versus accelerated depreciation methods for tax purposes.

NOTE 9 – INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The Company's deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at March 31, 2025 and 2024 consist of the following:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Deferred tax assets	\$ 831,500	\$ 597,400
Deferred tax liabilities	 <u>-</u>	
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$ 831,500	\$ 597,400

Included in the accompanying balance sheet at March 31, 2025 and 2024, as follows:

	<u>2025</u>			<u>2024</u>	
Long-term deferred tax asset	\$	831,500	\$	597,400	

The Company has approximately \$3.1 million loss carryforwards for both federal and state that may be used to offset against future taxable income. If not used, the carryforwards will begin to expire in December, 2030.

The Company files tax returns in U.S. federal jurisdiction, as well as in the State of Connecticut. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal and state income tax examinations by tax authorities for the years before 2017.

NOTE 10 – RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company maintains a 401(k) plan for full-time employees defined as an employee whose schedule services exceed 1,000 hours during a calendar year. Newly hired employees are eligible to participate in the plan after six months of service. The Company's matching contribution to its' 401(k) plan during the three months ended March 31, 2025 was \$3,222. The Company's matching contribution to its' 401(k) plan during the three months ended March 31, 2024 was \$2,670.

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

FASB 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (FASB ASC 820) established a framework for identifying and measuring fair value. FASB ASC 820 provides a fair value hierarchy, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets, and is expected to be applied to fair value measurements of derivative contracts that are subject to mark to market accounting and other assets and liabilities reported at fair value.

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

FASB ASC 820 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity specific measurement, and establishes a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between assumptions based on market data obtained from independent sources and those based on the entity's own assumptions. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to fair value measurements into three levels:

Level 1- measurements utilize unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the entity had the ability to access. These consist primarily of listed equity securities, exchange traded fixed income, derivatives and certain U.S. government treasury securities.

Level 2- measurements include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, and other observable inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals. These consist primarily of non-exchange traded derivatives such as swaps, forward contracts of options and most fixed income securities.

Level 3- measurements use unobservable inputs for assets and liabilities, are based on the best information available and might include the entity's own data. In some valuations, the inputs used may fall into different levels of hierarchy. In these cases, the financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. These consist mainly of assets and liabilities valued through an internal modeling process.

The following section describes the valuation methodologies used by the Company to measure different financial instruments at fair value, including an indication of the level in the fair value hierarchy in which each instrument is generally classified. Where appropriate, the description includes the details of the valuation models, the key inputs to those models, and significant assumptions.

Available-for-sale and Held-to-maturity securities- The Company uses quoted market prices to determine fair value for these classes of securities. These financial assets consist of exchange traded fixed income and equity securities, and are classified in Level 1 of the financial hierarchy.

NOTE 11 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following table presents information about the Company's respective assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2025 including the fair value measurements and the level of inputs used in determining those fair values:

Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Equity Securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fixed Income				
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>

Transfers between Level 1 and 2 generally relate to whether a market becomes active or inactive. Transfers between Levels 2 and 3 generally relate to whether, for various reasons, significant inputs become observable or unobservable. During the three months ended March 31, 2025, there were no significant transfers into and out of each level of the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

NOTE 12 – SUPPLEMENTARY ANALYTICAL DATA

The Company uses the indirect method when presenting its cash flows from operating activities in the Statements of Cash Flows, therefore, the Company is required to disclose the following supplementary information:

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	
Interest paid	\$ 12,697	\$ 13,739	

During 2024, the Company issued 50,000 shares of common stock, in the amount of \$3,000, in a noncash arrangement, as described in Note 8.

NOTE 13 – CONCENTRATIONS

Two customers represented 23% of accounts receivable at March 31, 2025 and one customer represented 10% of sales revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2025.

Two customers represented 27% of accounts receivable at March 31, 2024 and one customer represented 11% of sales revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. SCHEDULE I - COST OF SALES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025		2024	
Depreciation	\$	625	\$	7,537
Direct labor		50,033		50,337
Payroll taxes		3,977		4,541
Raw materials		87,447		128,107
Rent		4,352		6,318
Shipping, freight and delivery		5,484		14,590
Utilities		2,502		2,298
Total Cost of Sales	\$	154,420	\$	213,728

KELYNIAM GLOBAL, INC. SCHEDULE II - GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2025 AND 2024

	2025		2024	
Advertising	\$	5,435	\$	16,478
Amortization	Ψ	601	Ψ	285
Bank and credit card fees		7,903		14,134
Commissions		212,033		324,336
Depreciation		2,471		4,445
Donations		10,000		-
Equipment rental		205		205
Insurance		46,001		41,577
License and registration		8,389		2,245
Officer's compensation		66,103		19,790
Office expenses		17,585		8,387
Payroll service		1,373		1,226
Payroll taxes		16,408		10,257
Pension		3,222		2,670
Professional fees		34,847		14,564
Property and other taxes		719		787
Regulatory fees		20,806		8,049
Rent		4,352		6,318
Repairs and maintenance		6,714		5,445
Salaries and wages		115,715		93,911
Seminars		325		1,190
Software support		-		396
Telephone		2,394		2,139
Travel and entertainment		17,313		24,973
Utilities		3,348		3,110
Web services		6,784		13,203
Total General and Administrative Expenses	\$	611,046	\$	620,120