

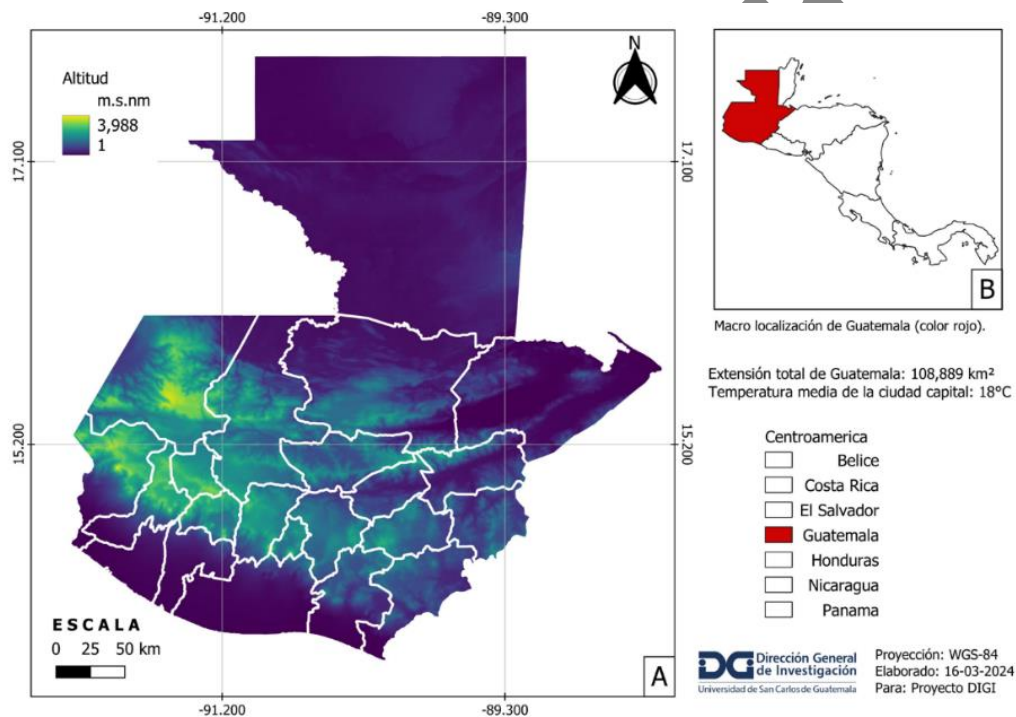
Impacto del cambio climático en la transmisión del Dengue para  
Guatemala- Centroamérica.

Silvia Zúñiga Veliz, J. Araque Pérez, J. Hernandez, Leticia Castillo-Signor, Edgar Santos De Tejada , Anoop Ambikan & Ujjwal Neogi

Parte 1- Figuras

Figuras y Tablas

**Figura 1.**Área de influencia del estudio, A) Guatemala y sus departamentos seccionados para toma de muestras B) Países de Centroamérica (color blanco) en color Rojo se observa Guatemala (Macro localización).



Nota: (Elaboración propia, DEM en base a USGS-Earth Explorer)

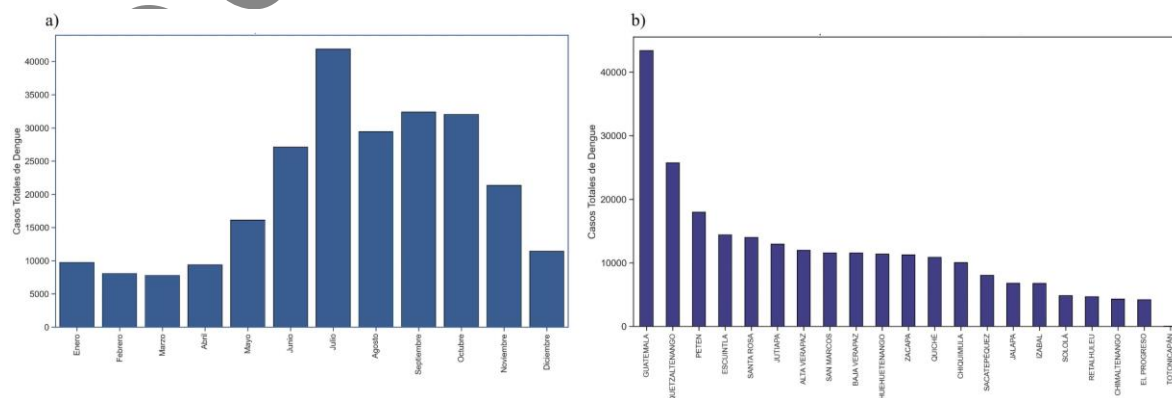
Tabla 1.  
Variables bioclimáticas asignadas para la modelación, tomados de WorldClim.org.

| Código | Significancia del código de cada variable |
|--------|-------------------------------------------|
| Bio1   | Temperatura media anual                   |

| Código | Significancia del código de cada variable                                                                     |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Bio2   | Rango diurno promedio (promedio mensual de la diferencia entre la temperatura máxima y la temperatura mínima) |
| Bio3   | Isotermicidad ( $\text{Bio2/Bio7} \times 100$ )                                                               |
| Bio4   | Estacionalidad de la temperatura (desviación estándar $\times 100$ )                                          |
| Bio5   | Temperatura máxima del mes más cálido                                                                         |
| Bio6   | Temperatura mínima del mes más frío                                                                           |
| Bio7   | Rango anual de temperatura (BIO5-BIO6)                                                                        |
| Bio8   | Temperatura media del trimestre más húmedo                                                                    |
| Bio9   | Temperatura media del trimestre más seco                                                                      |
| Bio10  | Temperatura media del trimestre más cálido                                                                    |
| Bio11  | Temperatura media del trimestre más frío                                                                      |
| Bio12  | Precipitación anual                                                                                           |
| Bio13  | Precipitación del mes más lluvioso                                                                            |
| Bio14  | Precipitación del mes más seco                                                                                |
| Bio15  | Estacionalidad de la precipitación (coeficiente de variación)                                                 |
| Bio16  | Precipitación del trimestre más lluvioso                                                                      |
| Bio17  | Precipitación del trimestre más seco                                                                          |
| Bio18  | Precipitación del trimestre más cálido                                                                        |
| Bio19  | Precipitación del trimestre más frío                                                                          |
| ELV    | Elevación/ Altura (m)                                                                                         |

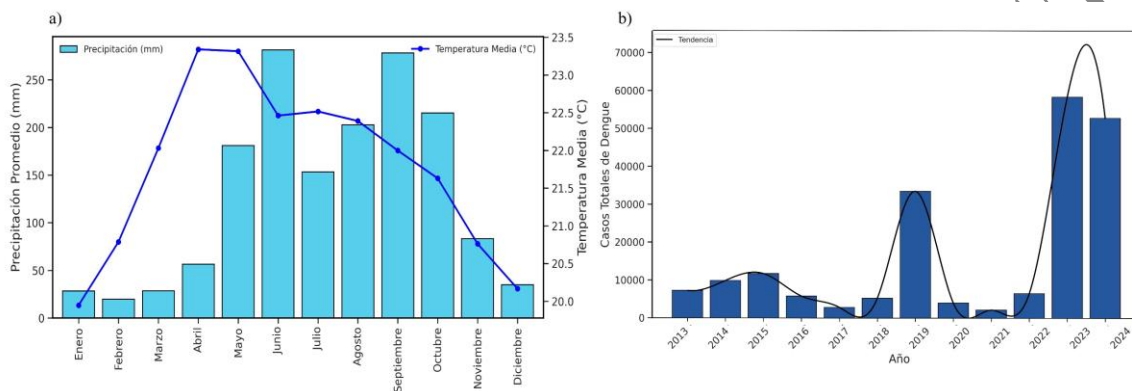
**Figura 2.**

Datos generales sobre tendencia de casos de Dengue en Guatemala. a) Distribución de casos reportados por departamento; b) Meses con mayor número o incidencia de casos de Dengue.



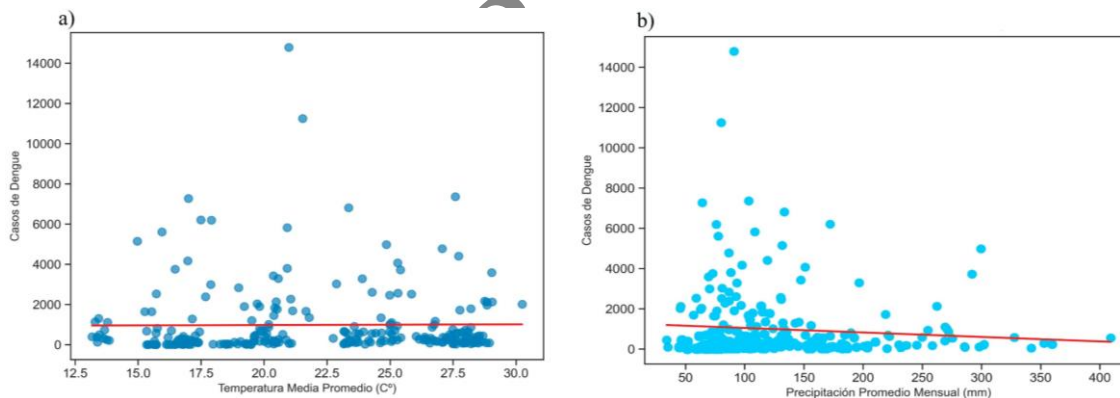
**Figura 3.**

Eventos temporales durante el crecimiento del dengue para Guatemala, a) tendencia de la precipitación y temperatura mensual desde 2012 al 2024. b) Aumento de casos de Dengue por año.



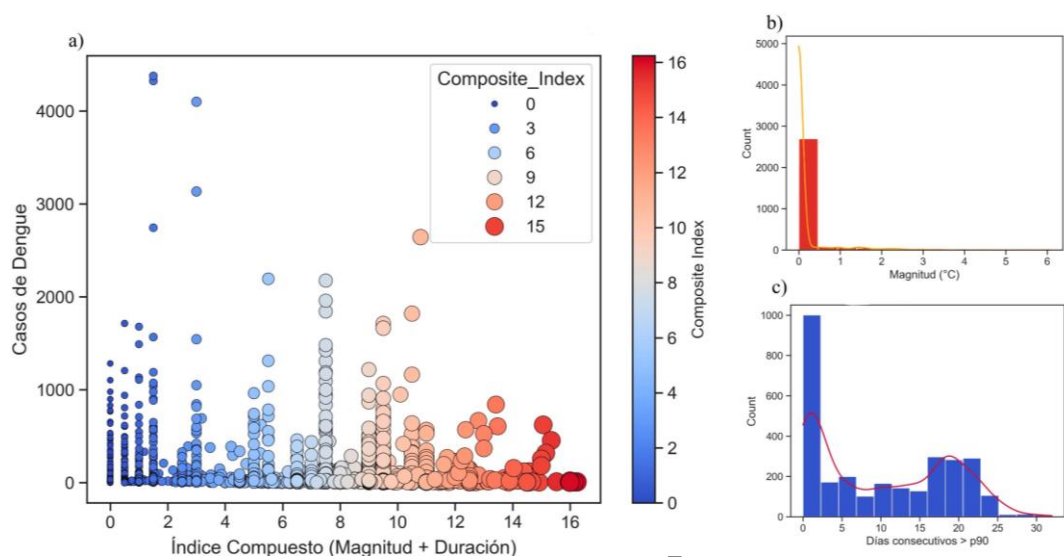
**Figura 4.**

Rangos observados de mayores casos de dengue según temperatura y precipitación.



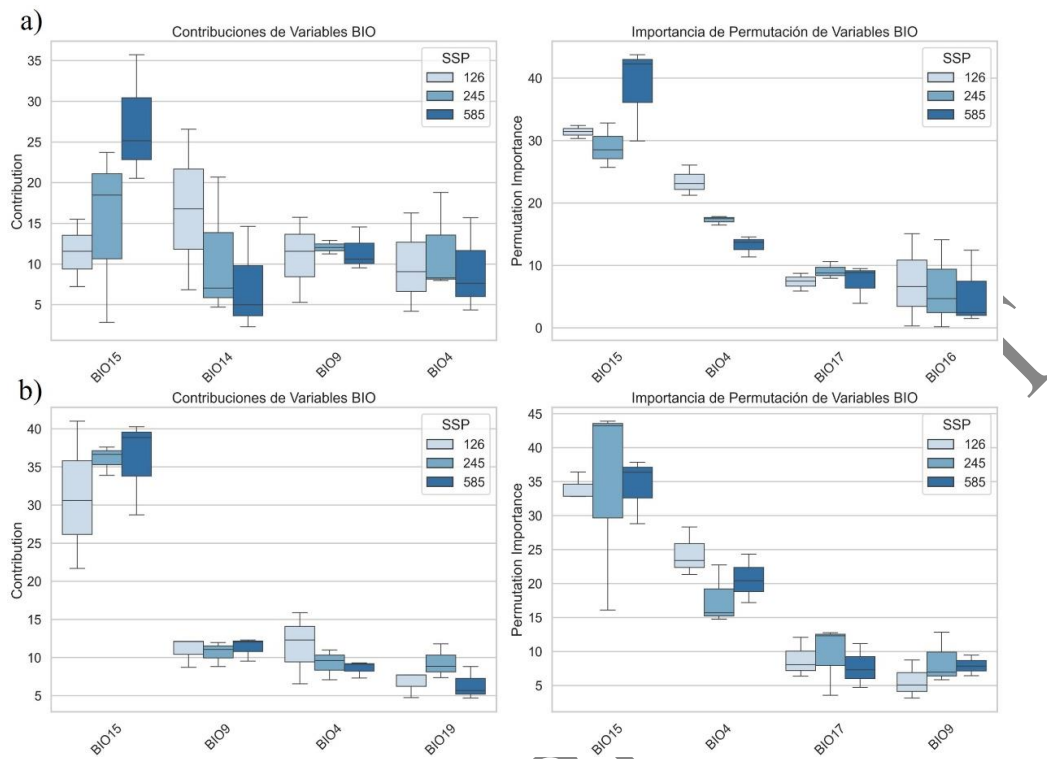
**Figura 5.**

Relación entre olas de calor, precipitación y casos de Dengue: (a) Índice compuesto y precipitación, (b) Distribución de magnitud de calor, (c) Duración de eventos climáticos.



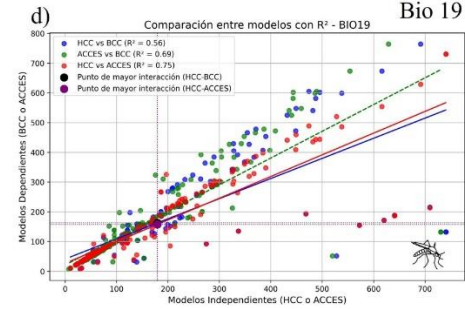
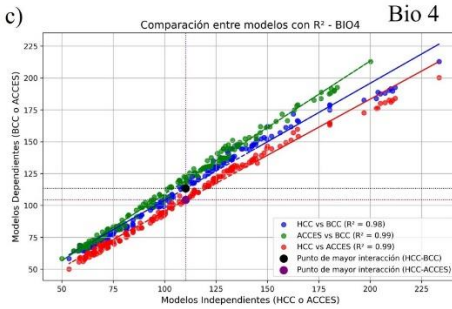
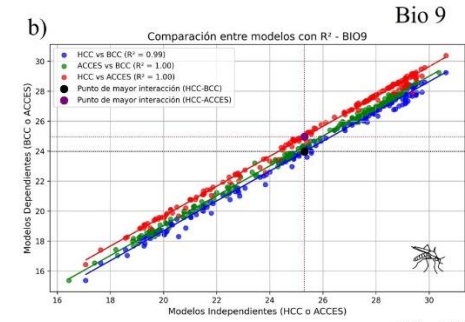
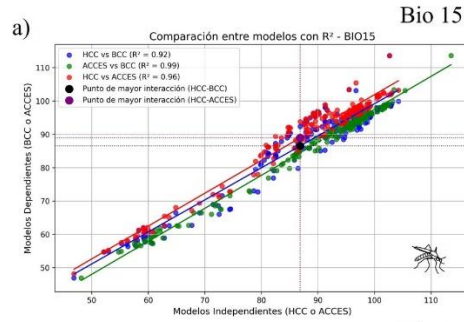
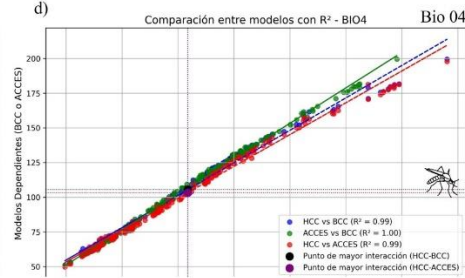
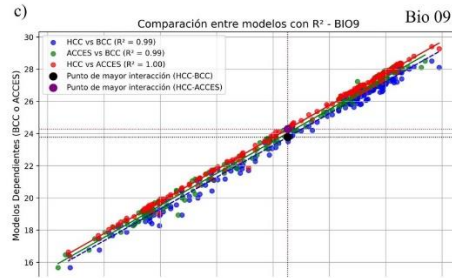
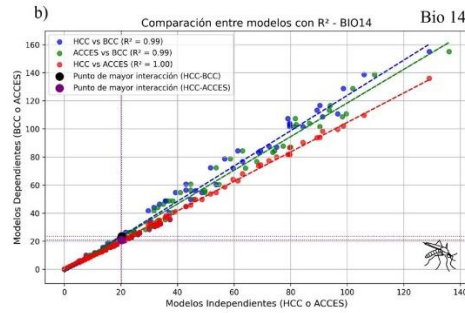
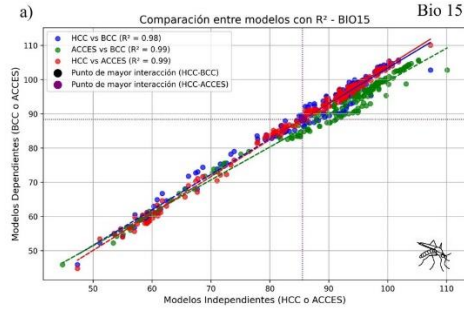
**Figura 6.**

Distribución contribuciones y permutación de las 4 variables más influyentes para *Aedes Aegypti* , a) Representa 2021-2040 b) 2041-2060 para los tres modelos utilizados y 3 escenarios.



**Figura 7.**

Correlaciones entre modelos CMIP6 utilizados para determinar la distribución de los alcances de los nichos ecológicos de la especie *Aedes aegypti* (2040-2060).

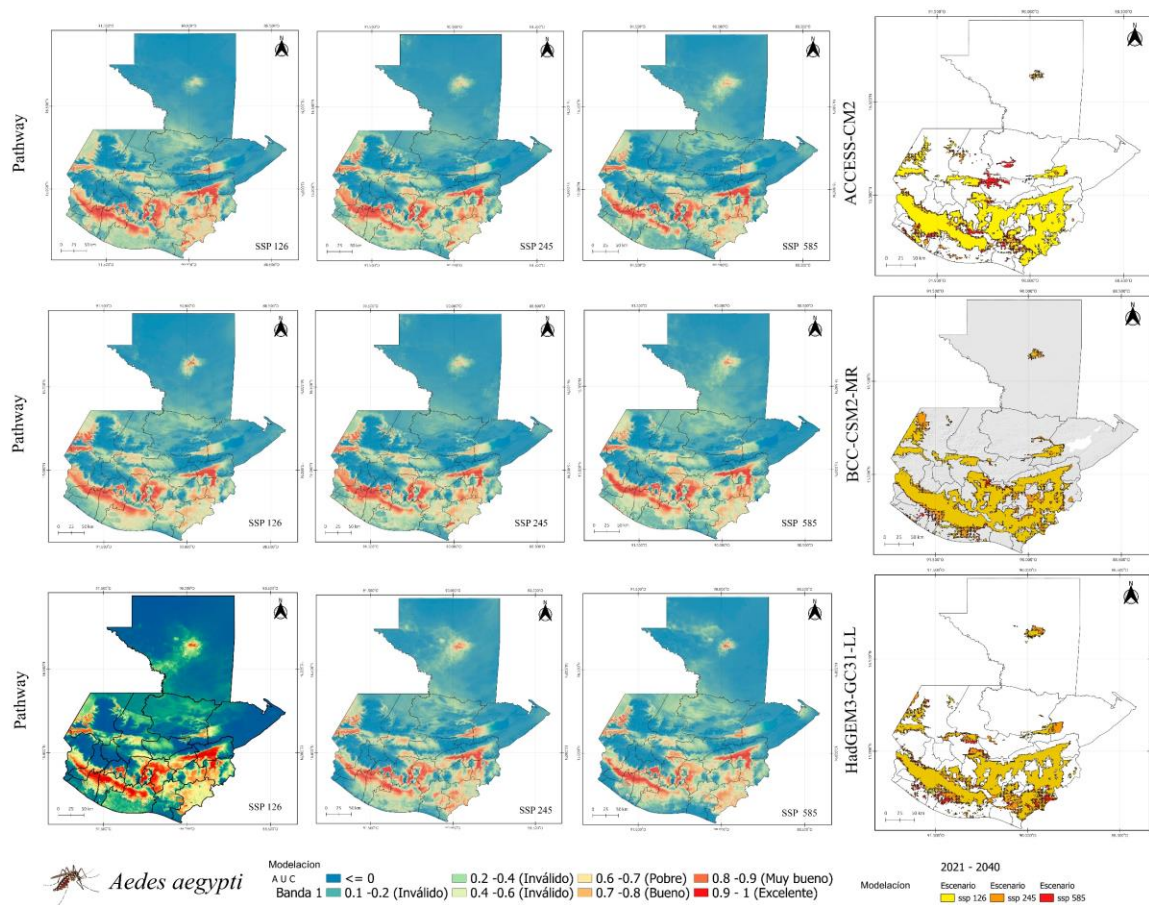


Modelos 2021 -2040

Modelos 2041 -2060

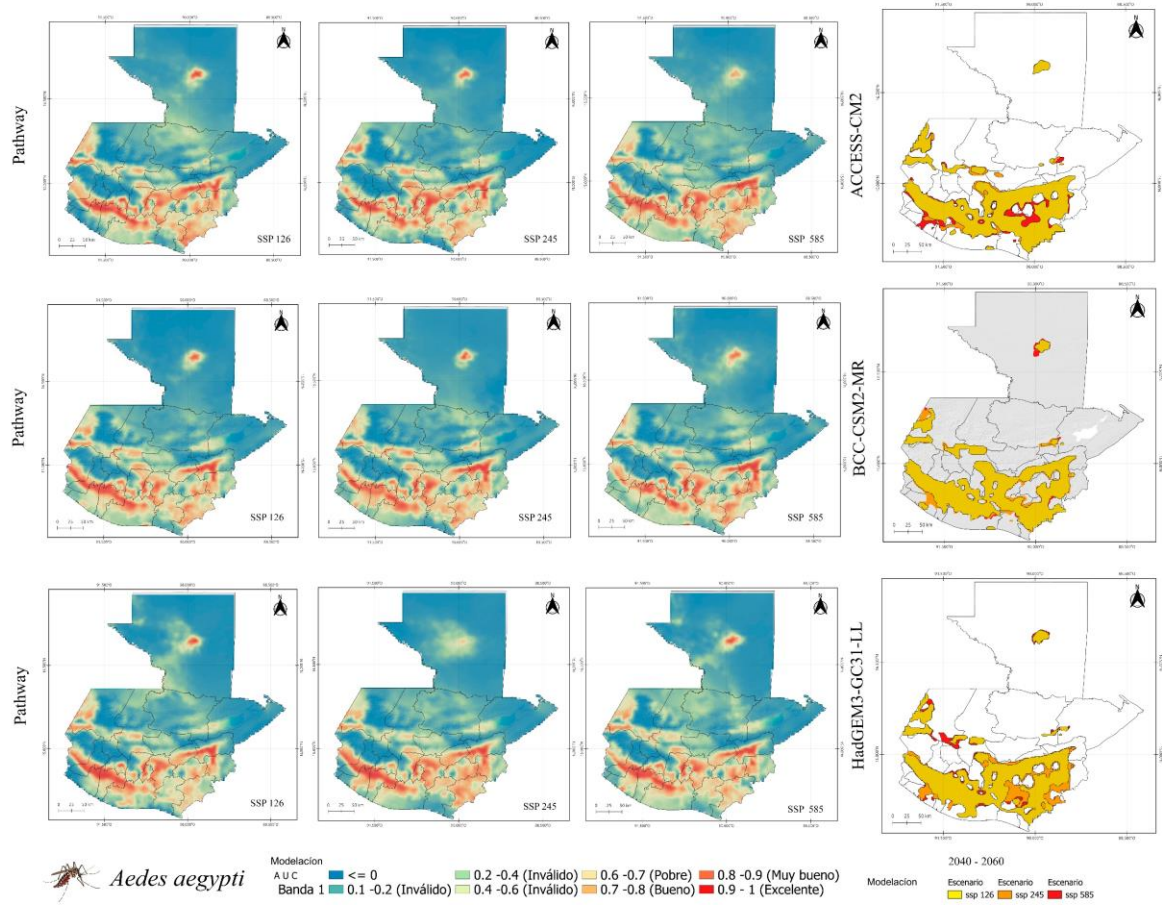
**Figura 8.**

Modelación en base a escenarios climáticos de circulación general para *Aedes aegypti* (2021-2040).



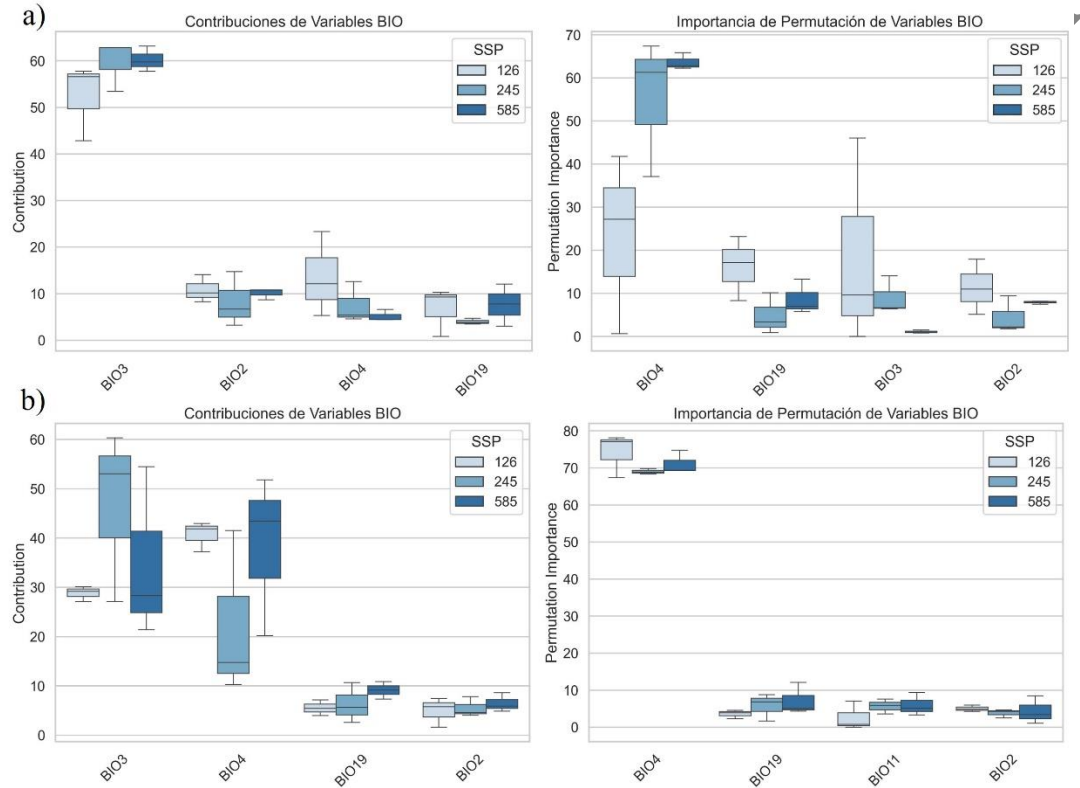
**Figura 9.**

Modelación en base a escenarios climáticos de circulación general para *Aedes aegypti* (2040-2060).



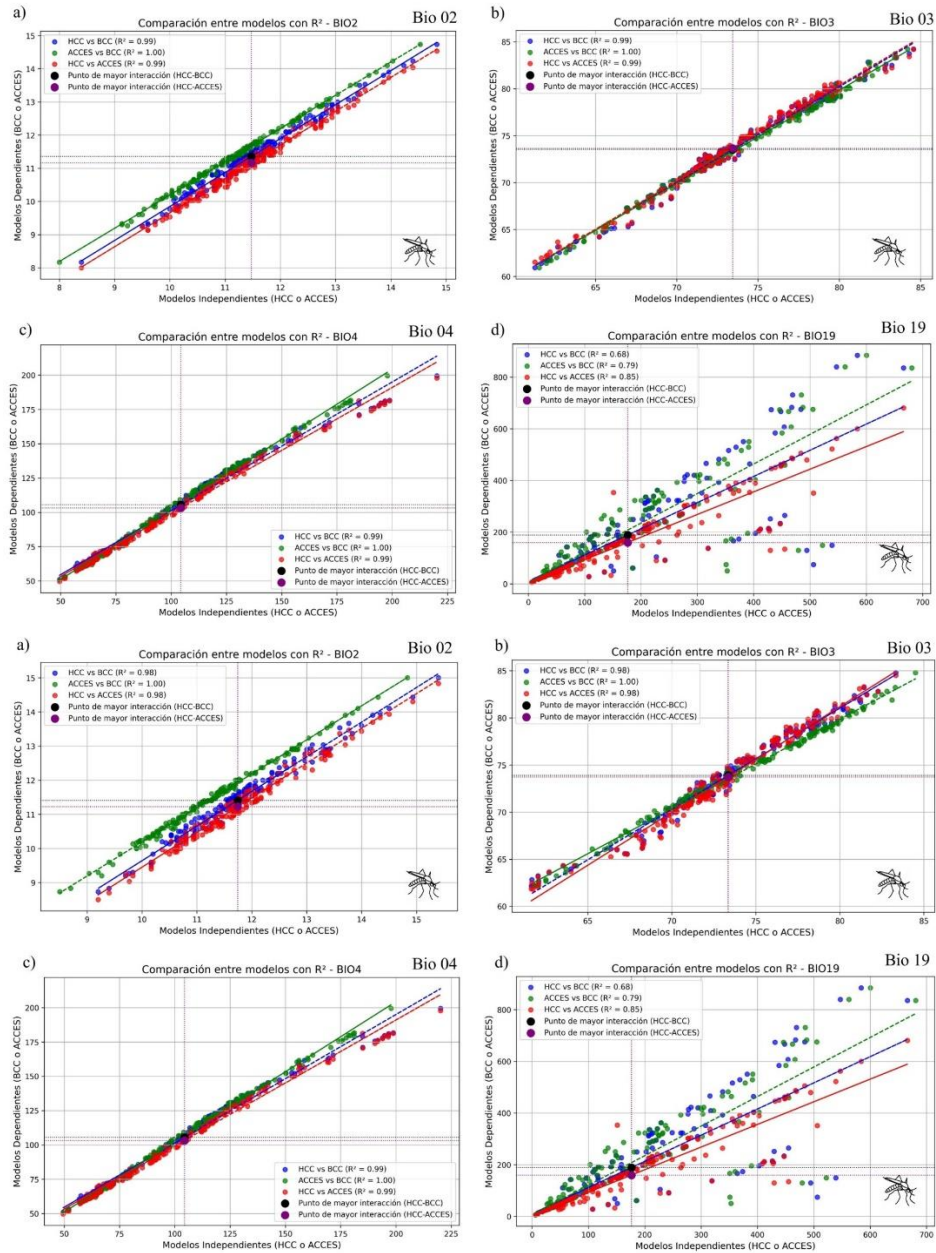
**Figura 10.**

Distribución contribuciones y permutación de las 4 variables más influyentes para *Aedes albopictus*,  
a) Representa 2021-2040 b) 2041-2060 para los tres modelos utilizados y 3 escenarios.



**Figura 11.**

Correlaciones entre modelos CMIP6 utilizados para determinar la distribución de los alcances de los nichos ecológicos de la especie *Aedes aegypti* (2040-2060).

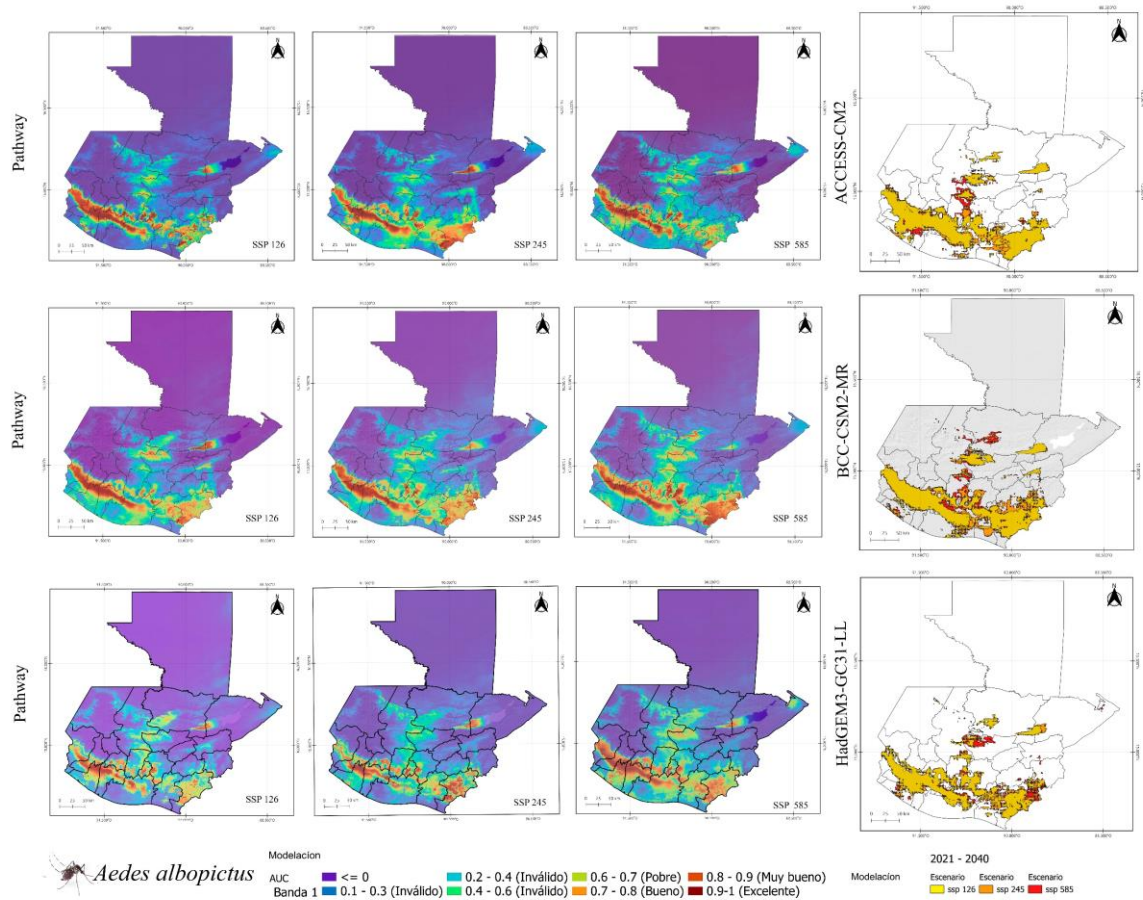


Modelos 2021-2040

Modelos 2041-2060

**Figura 12.**

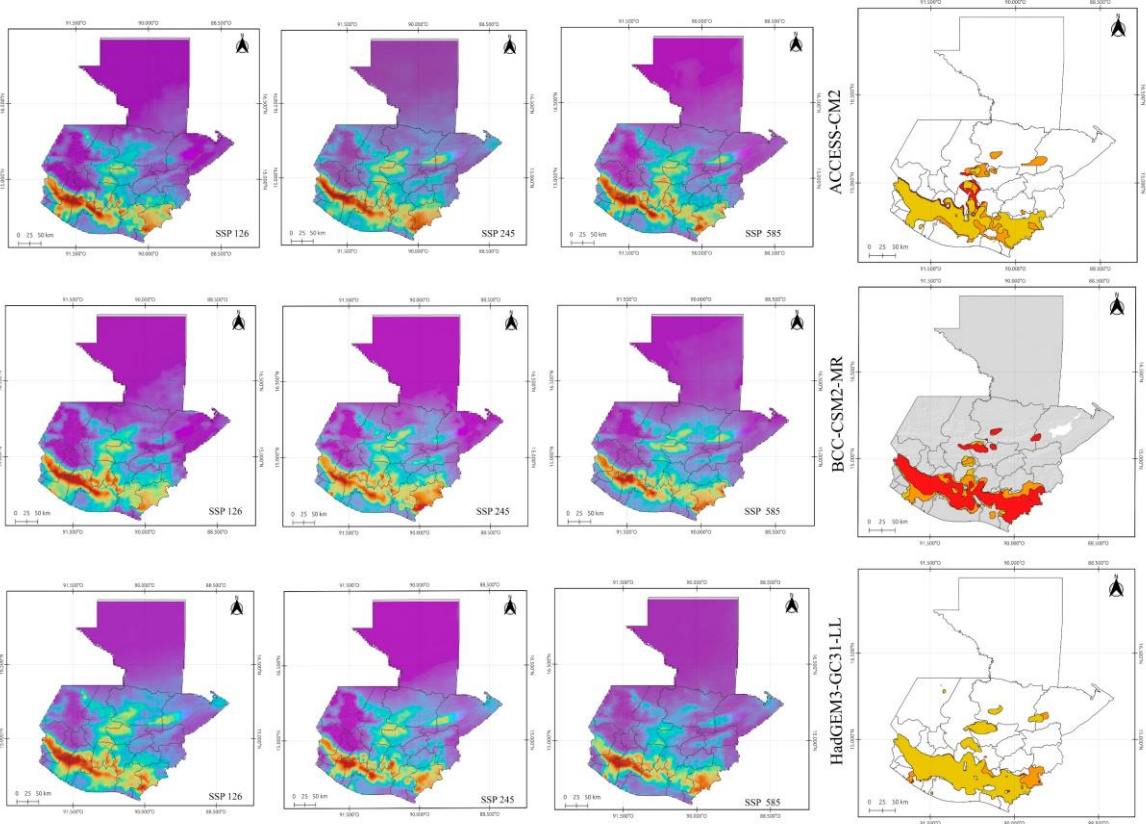
Modelación en base a escenarios climáticos de circulación general para *Aedes albopictus*(2021-2040).



**Figura 13.**

Modelación en base a escenarios climáticos de circulación general para *Aedes albopictus*(2041-2060).

Pathway



*Aedes albopictus*

Modelacion

AUC

Banda 1

0.2 - 0.4 (Inválido) 0.6 - 0.7 (Pobre) 0.8 - 0.9 (Muy bueno)  
 0.1 - 0.3 (Inválido) 0.4 - 0.6 (Inválido) 0.7 - 0.8 (Bueno) 0.9 - 1 (Excelente)

Modelacion

2040 - 2060

Escenario Escenario Escenario  
 ssp 126 ssp 245 ssp 585

NO COPIAR

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