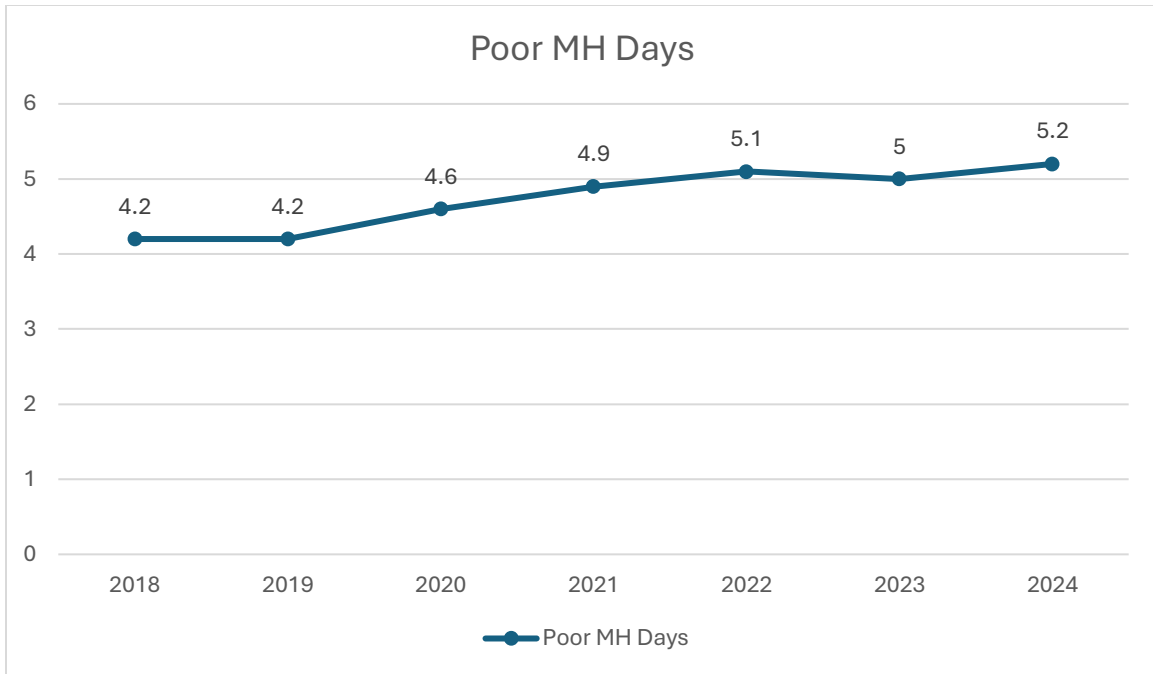


Perry County Data Review

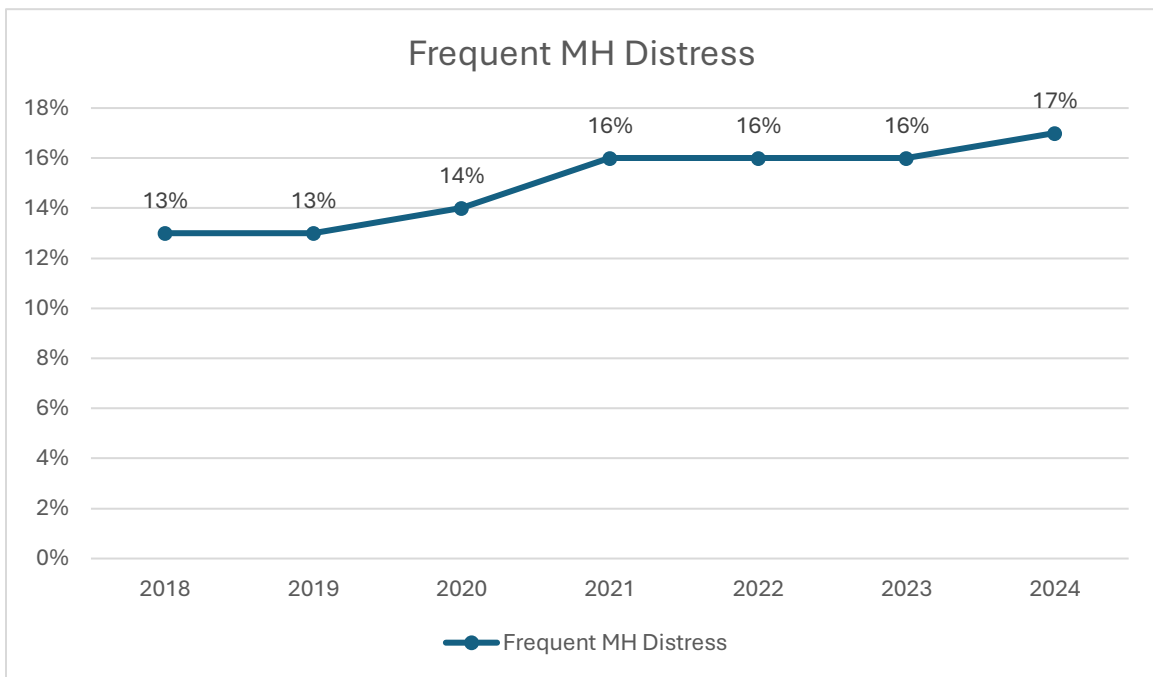
2018-2024

Presented by Safe Haven REC

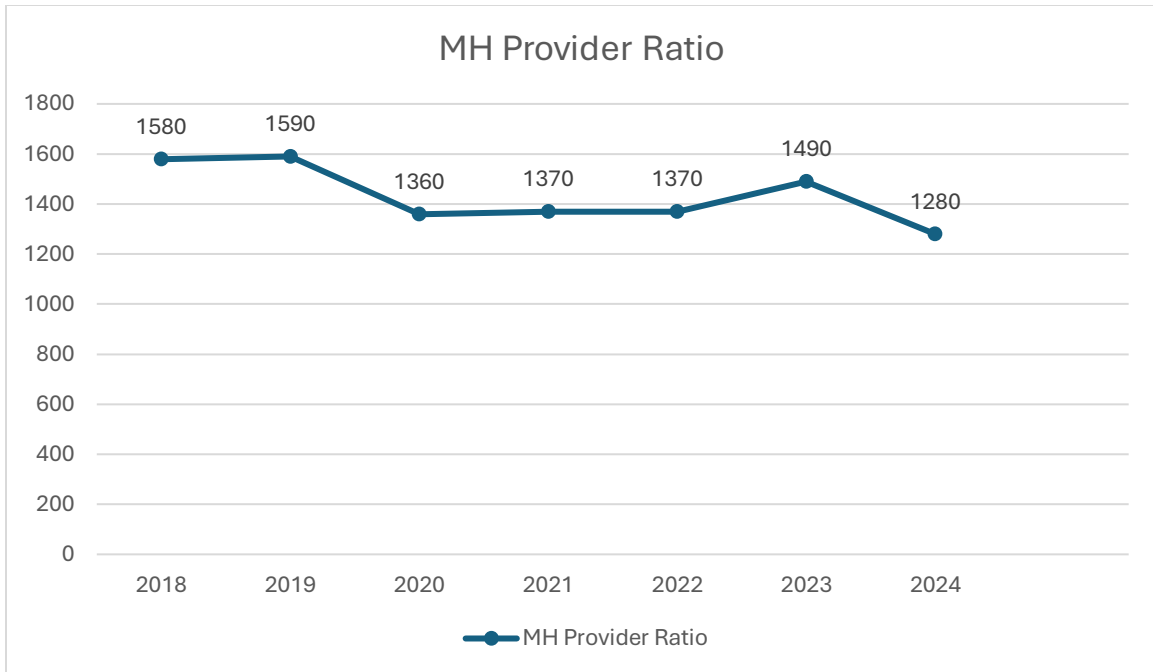




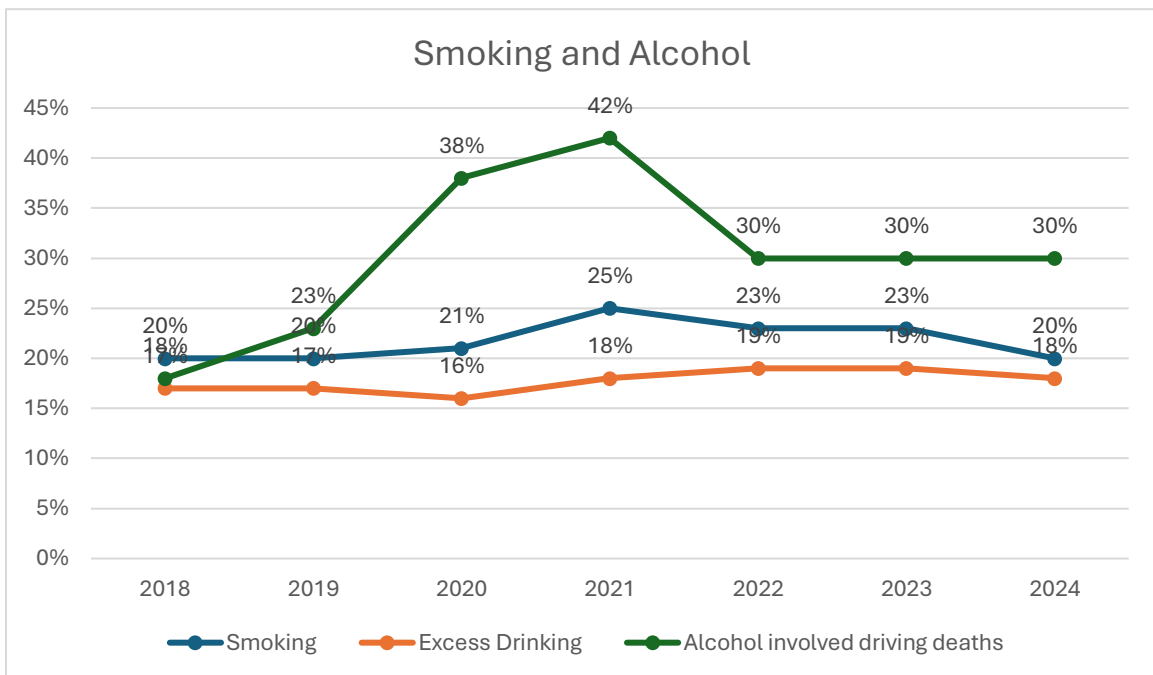
The number of mental health days per 30 days that were considered poor by the survey taker. The number of poor mental health days has increased from 4.2 per 30 days to 5.2 per 30 days.



The percent of people that reported having frequent mental health distress. This percentage has increased from 13% in 2018 to 17% in 2024.

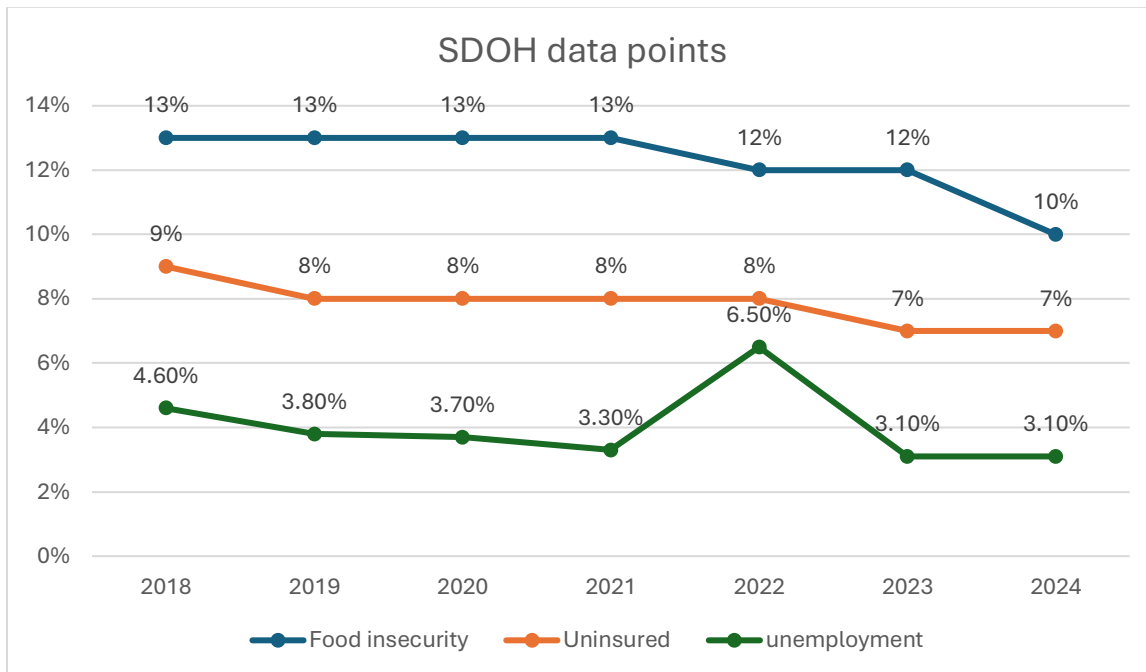


The number of patients to every one mental health provider in the county. The average in Indiana is 550:1. There has been a decrease from 1580:1 in 2018 to 1280:1 in 2024. An improvement in the area but still quite high above the state average.

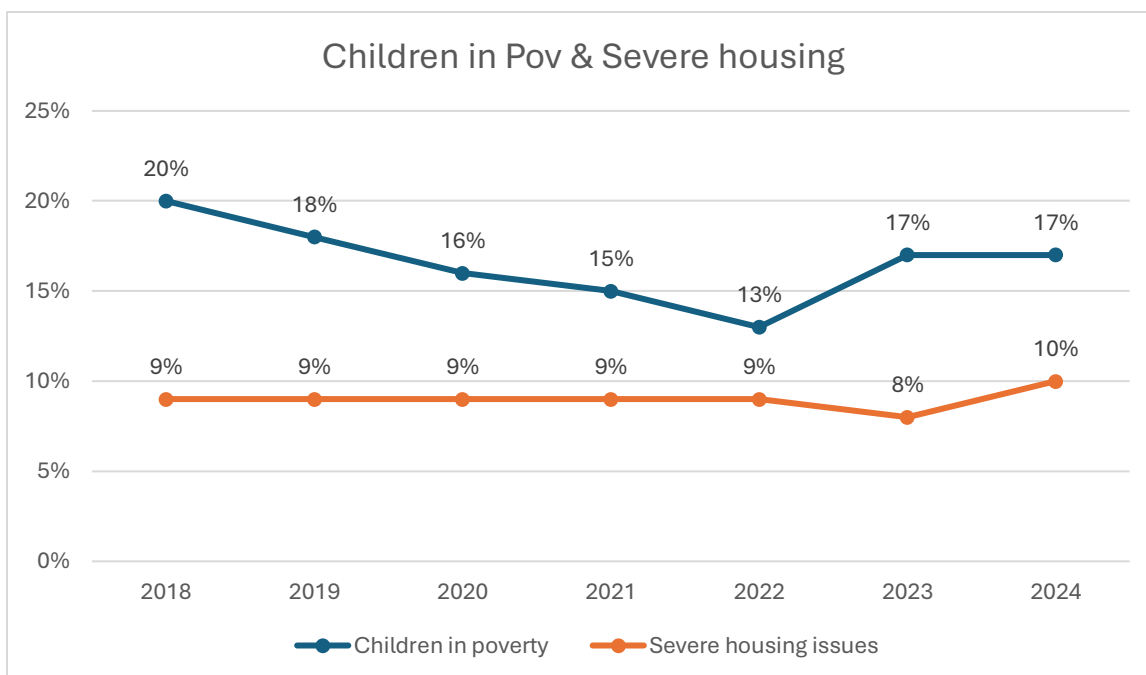


Smoking rates are the same in 2024 as in 2018. There was a spike after COVID in 2020 but those rates have decreased back to baseline. Excessive drinking rates has stayed about the

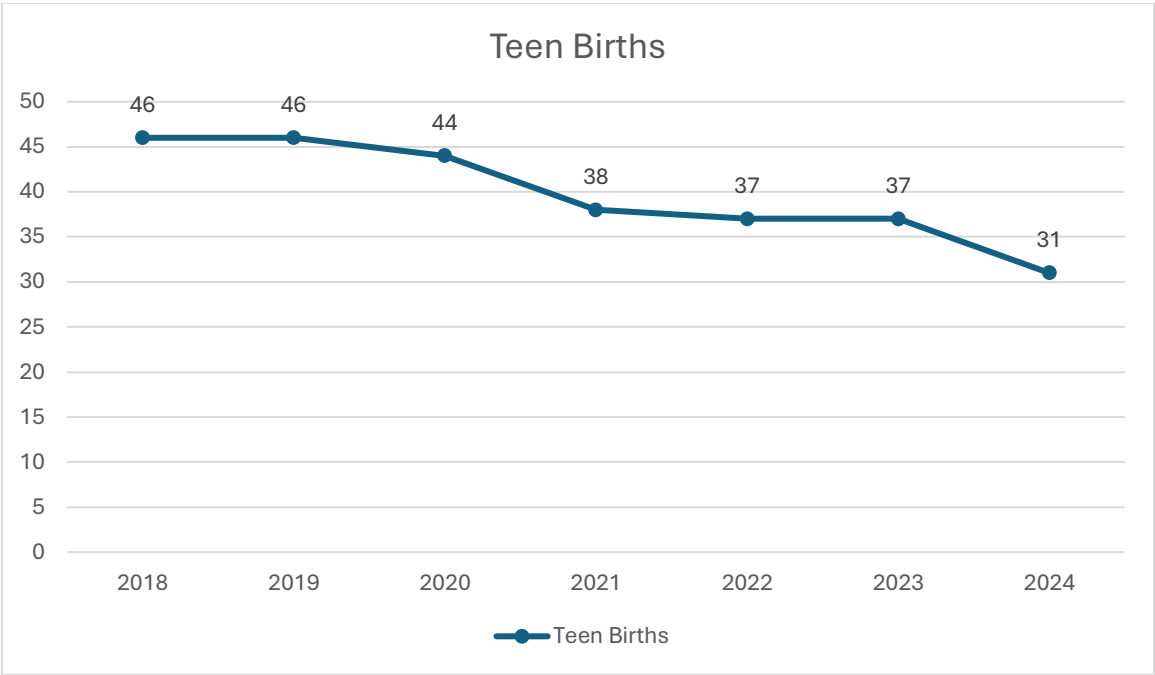
same with 17% in 2018 and 18% in 2024. Alcohol related driving deaths have increased significantly from 18% in 2018 to 30% in 2024 with a sharp spike in 2021 after COVID.



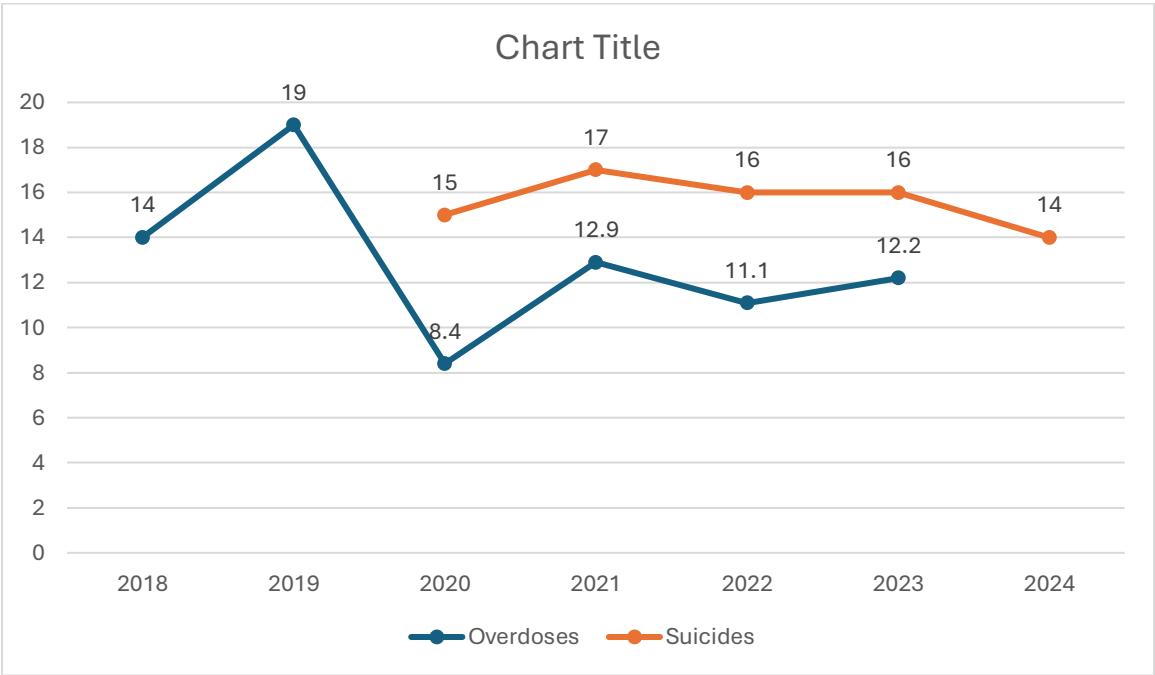
Food Insecurity rates decrease from 2018 to 2024 by 3%. There was a slight decrease in uninsured population from 9% to 7%. There has been a decrease in unemployment rate from 4.6% to 3.1%, after a spike post COVID to 6.5%.



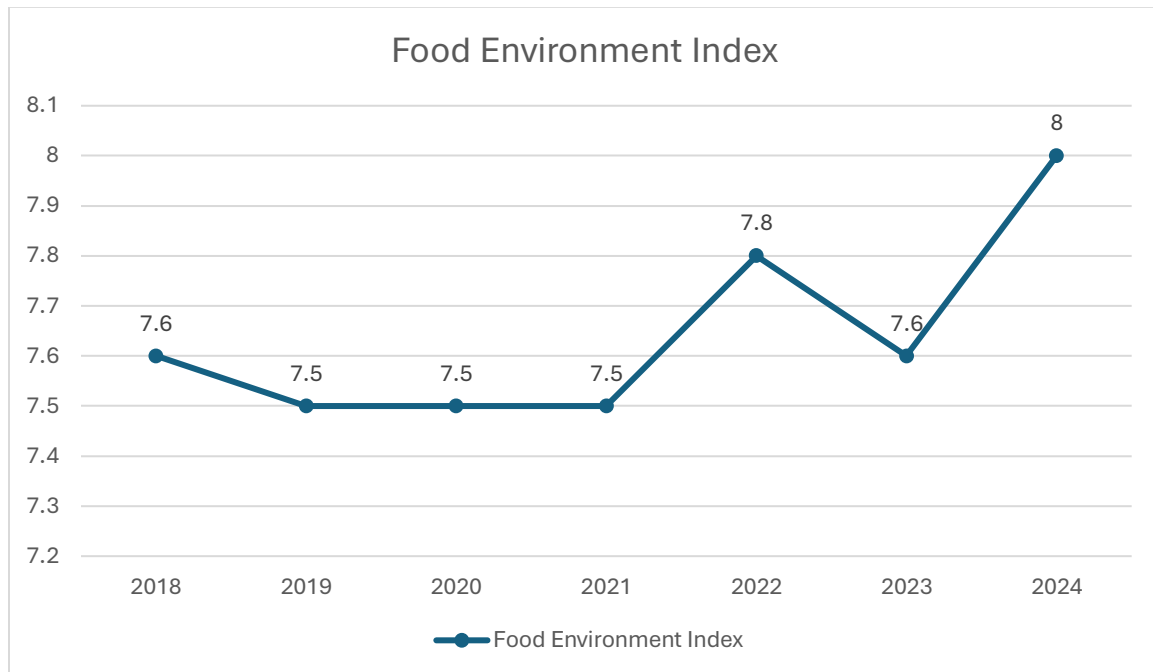
Children living in Poverty has decreased from 20% to 17%. People reporting severe housing issues has increased from 9% to 10%.



The yearly rate of teen births has decreased from 46 to 31 since 2018.



Overdose death data shows there has been a decrease from 2018 to 2023. Suicide rate has remained nearly the same from 2020 to 2024.



The food environment index shows improvement from 7.6 to 8.0.

Overall data shows improvement in some areas, stagnancy in other areas, and worsening in still some other areas.

Perry County stakeholders can use this data to inform future decisions and future focuses on various areas of substance abuse, mental health, and social determinants of health that impact substance abuse and mental illness rates.