Task Number: 2012-037

Article Title: "I am 100% certain of my conclusion" (But should the jury be certain?)

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Article's Subject Matter:

• Discussion on the importance of using clear, precise language in court to express opinions on fingerprint comparisons and not to state opinions as incontrovertible facts.

Key Points in Article

- NAS report cautions against using a phrase such as "100% certain" with respect to conclusions
 resulting from fingerprint comparisons as personal opinion does not equate to scientific
 certainty.
- Layman's understanding of scientific exploration:
 - 1. Research a question.
 - 2. Deduce a reasonable answer from data collected.
 - 3. Share results with peers.
 - 4. Others try to challenge the answer.
- Science rarely provides an absolute answer so if fingerprint examiners claim their opinions are 100% certain then they appear unscientific.
- Jurors and judges are laypeople with little, if any, scientific knowledge and they will accept phrases at face value without having the level of understanding enjoyed by experts.
 - o "Fingerprint comparison science has a zero error rate" could mean "Fingerprint conclusions are never wrong".
 - o "Fingerprints are unique" could mean "It is a proven fact that every fingerprint is different".
 - "I am 100% certain of my conclusion" could mean "I am an expert, and I'm telling you that this conclusion is a fact and cannot possibly be wrong"
- In truth, fingerprint examiners offer an opinion to the court which is not a fact and sometimes they can be wrong.
- Fingerprint examiners must use clear and precise language when expressing their opinion.
 - o OK to say you are certain if you qualify the statement.
 - o Talk about your personal level of confidence in the conclusion.
 - o Talk about the work involved in reaching your conclusion.
- Don't imply your opinion is fact.